No. 165. An act relating to hunting coyotes with dogs.

(S.281)

It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:

Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. §§ 5008 and 5009 are added to read:

§ 5008. HUNTING COYOTE WITH AID OF DOGS; PERMIT

(a) No person shall pursue coyote with the aid of dogs, either for training or taking purposes, without a permit issued by the Commissioner.

(1) The Commissioner may deny any permit at the Commissioner's discretion. The Commissioner shall not issue more than 100 permits annually.

(2) The number of permits that the Commissioner issues to nonresidents in any given year shall not exceed 10 percent of the number of permits issued to residents in the preceding year. The Commissioner shall establish a process and standards for determining which nonresidents are to receive a permit, including who will receive a permit if there are more nonresident applicants than nonresident permits.

(3) A nonresident may train dogs to pursue coyote only while the training season is in effect in the nonresident's home state and subject to the requirements of this part and rules adopted under this part.

(b)(1) The Commissioner shall issue permits under this section to a resident for a fee of \$50.00.

(2) The application fee for a nonresident permit issued under this section shall be \$10.00, and the fee for a nonresident permit issued under this section shall be \$200.00 for a successful applicant.

<u>§ 5009. PURSUING COYOTE WITH AID OF DOGS; LANDOWNER</u> PERMISSION

(a) A person shall not release a dog onto land posted in accordance with section 5201 of this title for the purpose of pursuing coyote with the aid of dogs unless the dog owner or handler of the hunting dog has obtained a courtesy permission card from the landowner or landowner's agent allowing the pursuit of coyote with the aid of dogs on the land.

(b) A person shall not release onto land a dog for the purpose of pursuing coyote with the aid of dogs if in the previous 365 days a dog had been previously found on the land, and the dog owner, a handler of the dog, or a person participating in the hunt has been personally informed by law enforcement that hunting dogs are not permitted on the property.

(c)(1) For a first offense, a person who violates this section shall have committed a minor fish and wildlife violation and shall be assessed a five-point violation under subdivision 4502(b)(1) of this title.

(2) For a second or subsequent violation of this section, a person shall be assessed a 10-point violation under subdivision 4502(b)(2) of this title and shall be fined under section 4515 of this title.

Sec. 2. MORATORIUM ON HUNTING COYOTE WITH AID OF DOGS

(a) A person shall not pursue coyote with the aid of dogs, either for the training of dogs or for the taking of coyote, except that a person may pursue coyote with the aid of dogs in defense of a person or property if the person pursuing coyote with the aid of dogs:

(1) is the landowner; or

(2) has obtained a courtesy permission card from the landowner or landowner's agent allowing the release of a dog onto the land for the purpose of pursuing coyote with the aid of dogs.

(b) This section shall be repealed on the effective date of the Fish and Wildlife Board rules required by Sec. 3 of this act.

Sec. 3. FISH AND WILDLIFE BOARD RULES; PURSUING COYOTE

WITH THE AID OF DOGS

(a) The General Assembly through the rules required under this section intends to reduce conflicts between landowners and persons pursuing coyote with the aid of dogs by reducing the frequency that dogs or persons pursuing coyote enter onto land that is posted against hunting or land where pursuit of coyote with dogs is not authorized. In addition, the General Assembly intends that the rules required under this section support the humane taking of coyote, the management of the population in concert with sound ecological principles, and the development of reasonable and effective means of control. No. 165 2022

(b) The Fish and Wildlife Board shall adopt a rule regarding the pursuit of coyote with the aid of dogs, either for the training of dogs or for the taking of coyote. The rule shall include at least the following provisions:

(1) a limit on the number of dogs that may be used to pursue coyote;

(2) a prohibition on the substitution of any new dog for another dog during pursuit of a coyote;

(3) the legal method of taking coyote pursued with the aid of dogs, such as rifle, muzzle loader, crossbow, or bow and arrow;

(4) a definition of control to minimize the risk that dogs pursuing

coyote:

(A) enter onto land that is posted against hunting;

(B) enter onto land where pursuit of coyote with dogs is not

authorized;

(C) harass or harm people or domestic animals; and

(D) cause other unintentional damages to people or property;

(5) provisions to encourage persons pursuing coyote with the aid of dogs

to seek landowner permission before entering or releasing dogs onto land that

is not posted in accordance with 10 V.S.A. § 5201; and

(6) required reporting of every coyote killed during pursuit with the aid of dogs.

(c) The Board shall consider whether to include within the rule required by this section provisions related to seasonal restrictions and baiting.

(d) As used in this section, "harass" means to annoy a person or domestic animal to such an extent as to significantly disrupt normal behavioral patterns. Sec. 4. 13 V.S.A. § 4010 is amended to read:

§ 4010. GUN SUPPRESSORS

(a) As used in this section:

(1) "Gun suppressor" means any device for silencing, muffling, or diminishing the report of a portable firearm, including any combination of parts, designed or redesigned, and intended for use in assembling or fabricating a gun suppressor, and any part intended only for use in such assembly or fabrication.

(2) "Sport shooting range" shall have the same meaning as used in10 V.S.A. § 5227(a).

(b) A person shall not manufacture, make, or import a gun suppressor, except for:

(1) a licensed manufacturer, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921, who is registered as a manufacturer pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 5802;

(2) a licensed importer, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921, who is registered as an importer pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 5802; or

(3) a person who makes a gun suppressor in compliance with the requirements of 26 U.S.C. § 5822.

(c) A person shall not use a gun suppressor in the State, except for use by:

(1) a Level III certified law enforcement officer or Department of Fish and Wildlife employee in connection with his or her the officer's or <u>employee's</u> duties and responsibilities and in accordance with the policies and procedures of that officer's or employee's agency or department;

(2) the Vermont National Guard in connection with its duties and responsibilities;

(3) a licensed manufacturer or a licensed importer, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921, who is also registered as a manufacturer or an importer pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 5802, who in the ordinary course of his or her the <u>manufacturer's or importer's</u> business as a manufacturer or as an importer tests the operation of the gun suppressor; or

(4) a person lawfully using a sport shooting range; or

(5) a person taking game as authorized under 10 V.S.A. § 4701.

(d)(1) A person who violates subsection (b) of this section shall be fined not less than \$500.00 for each offense.

(2) A person who violates subsection (c) of this section shall be fined\$50.00 for each offense.

Sec. 5. 10 V.S.A. § 4701 is amended to read:

§ 4701. USE OF GUN, BOW AND ARROW, AND CROSSBOW; LEGAL

DAY; DOGS

(a) Unless otherwise provided by statute, a person shall not take game except with:

(1) a gun fired at arm's length;

(2) a bow and arrow; or

(3) a crossbow as authorized by the rules of the Board.

(b) A person shall not take game between one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour before sunrise unless otherwise provided by statute or by the rules of the Board.

(c) A person may take game and fur-bearing animals during the open season therefor, with the aid of a dog, unless otherwise prohibited by statute or by the rules of the Board.

(d) A person taking game with a gun may possess, carry, or use a gun suppressor in the act of taking game.

Sec. 6. 10 V.S.A. § 4704 is amended to read:

§ 4704. USE OF MACHINE GUNS, AND AUTOLOADING RIFLES, AND

GUN SUPPRESSORS

(a) A person engaged in hunting for wild animals shall not use, carry, or have in his or her the person's possession:

- (1) a machine gun of any kind or description; or
- (2) an autoloading rifle with a magazine capacity of over six cartridges,

except a .22 caliber rifle using rim fire cartridges; or

(3) a gun suppressor.

(b) As used in this section, "gun suppressor" means any device for

silencing, muffling, or diminishing the report of a portable firearm, including

any combination of parts, designed or redesigned, and intended for use in assembling or fabricating a gun suppressor, and any part intended only for use in such assembly or fabrication. [Repealed.]

Sec. 7. 10 V.S.A. § 4001 is amended to read:

§ 4001. DEFINITIONS

Words and phrases used in this part, unless otherwise provided, shall be construed to mean as follows:

* * *

(9) Game: game birds or game quadrupeds, or both.

(10) Game birds: quail, partridge, woodcock, pheasant, plover of any kind, Wilson snipe, other shore birds, rail, coot, gallinule, wild ducks, wild geese, and wild turkey.

* * *

(15) Wild animals or wildlife: all animals, including birds, fish, amphibians, and reptiles, other than domestic animals, domestic fowl, or domestic pets.

* * *

(23) Take and taking: pursuing, shooting, hunting, killing, capturing, trapping, snaring, and netting fish, birds, and quadrupeds and all lesser acts, such as disturbing, harrying, worrying, or wounding or placing, setting, drawing, or using any net or other device commonly used to take fish or wild animals, whether they result in the taking or not; and shall include every

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attempt to take and every act of assistance to every other person in taking or attempting to take fish or wild animals, provided that when taking is allowed by law, reference is had to taking by lawful means and in a lawful manner.

* * *

(41) Gun suppressor: any device for muffling or diminishing the report of a portable firearm, including any combination of parts, designed or redesigned, and intended for use in assembling or fabricating a gun suppressor, and any part intended only for use in such assembly or fabrication. Sec. 8. 13 V.S.A. § 4010(c) is amended to read:

(c) A person shall not use a gun suppressor in the State, except for use by:

* * *

(3) a licensed manufacturer or a licensed importer, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921, who is also registered as a manufacturer or an importer pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 5802, who in the ordinary course of the manufacturer's or importer's business as a manufacturer or as an importer tests the operation of the gun suppressor; <u>or</u>

(4) a person lawfully using a sport shooting range; or

(5) a person taking game as authorized under 10 V.S.A. § 4701.Sec. 9. 10 V.S.A. § 4701(d) is amended to read:

(d) A person taking game with a gun may possess, carry, or use a gun suppressor in the act of taking game. [Repealed.]

Sec. 10. 10 V.S.A. § 4704 is amended to read:

§ 4704. USE OF MACHINE GUNS AND, AUTOLOADING RIFLES, AND

GUN SUPPRESSORS

(a) A person engaged in hunting for wild animals shall not use, carry, or

have in the person's possession:

- (1) a machine gun of any kind or description; or
- (2) an autoloading rifle with a magazine capacity of over six cartridges,

except a .22 caliber rifle using rim fire cartridges; or

(3) a gun suppressor.

Sec. 11. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Sec. 3 (Fish and Wildlife Board rules) shall take effect on passage.

(b) Secs. 2 (moratorium on hunting coyote with aid of dogs) and 4–7 (gun suppressors) shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

(c) Sec. 1 (permit requirement and prohibition on pursuing coyote with aid of dogs) shall take effect on the effective date of the Fish and Wildlife Board rules required under Sec. 3 of this act.

(d) Secs. 8–10 (repeal of authority to use gun suppressors while hunting) shall take effect on July 1, 2024.

Date Governor signed bill: June 1, 2022