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general, how often does the board and commission meet? Provide specific information on how often the LEPCs generally meet either monthly or quarterly and each LEPC is responsible with ensuring compliance with Vermont Statutes Annotated, 1 V.S.A. §310, §311, §312, §313, and §314 (collectively known as the Open provide the names of members of the board or commission, their term length and expiration, their appointi All LEPCs generally elect their officers annually.

LEPC 1: Al Barber, Chair

LEPC 2: No officers

LEPC 3: Kevin McAllister, Chair

LEPC 4: Judy Dunn, Chair

LEPC 5: Katina Johnson, Chair

LEPC 6: Erik, Rosenbauer, Chair

LEPC 7: Keith Squires, Chair

LEPC 8: Matthew Fraley, Chair

LEPC 9: Richard Fisher, Co-Chair, Bryce Allen, Co-Chair

LEPC 10: Phil Marquette, Chair

LEPC 11: Vacant, Chair

LEPC 12: Bruce Martin, Chair, Mark Belisle, Vice Chair

LEPC 13: Ben Ingalls, Chair

vide an overview of the board or commission's purpose.

The purpose of LEPC(s) is defined in 20 V.S.A. § 32:

Local emergency planning committees; creation; duties

(a) Local emergency planning committees shall be appointed by the state emergency response commission.

(b) Local emergency planning committees should include representatives from the following: fire departments; local and regional emergency medical services; local, county, and state law enforcement; media; transportation; regional planning commissions; hospitals; industry; the national guard; the department of health district office; an animal rescue organization; and may include any other interested public or private individual or organization.

(c) A local emergency planning committee shall perform all the following duties:

(1) Carry out all the requirements of a committee pursuant to EPCRA, including preparing a local emergency planning committee response plan. The plan shall be coordinated with the state emergency operations plan and may be expanded to address all hazards and all phases of emergency management. At a minimum, the local emergency planning committee response plan shall include the following:

(A) Identifies facilities and transportation routes of extremely hazardous substances.

(B) Describes emergency response procedures, including those identified in facility plans.

(C) Designates a local emergency planning committee coordinator and facility coordinators to implement the plan.

(D) Outlines emergency notification procedures.

(E) Describes how to determine the probable affected area and population by releases of hazardous substances

What purpose is still needed? What would happen if the board or commission no longer fulfilled that purpose?

Planning for hazardous materials and chemical releases (among other hazards) in the community is needed at the local level. How well is the board or commission performing in executing that purpose? What evidence can you provide?

Each LEPC has different planning capabilities depending on the expertise of each LEPC's active membership.

What purpose is still needed, can State government be more effective and efficient if the purpose was executed at the local level?

Planning for hazardous materials and chemical releases will always be more effective and efficient at the local level.

What purpose is still needed, do any of your board or commission's functions overlap or duplicate those of another agency?

Drafting and validating LEPC Plans is not a function that overlaps with or duplicates the responsibilities of another agency.

Does the board or commission's enabling law continue to correctly reflect the purpose and activities of the LEPC(s)?

The current enabling statute (20 V.S.A. § 32) clearly and correctly defines the purpose and activities of the LEPC(s).

Provide a list of the board and commission's last fiscal year expenditures including staffing costs. How are they used?

Again, similar to the SERC financials Rhonda Camley would be able to report out on specific balances of each LEPC.

What are the board or commission required by law to prepare any reports or studies for the Legislature, the Governor, or the public?

Each LEPC is required by 20 V.S.A. § 32 to draft and approve an LEPC Plan annually.

How would you measure the performance of the board or commission?

First responders and local emergency management directors (EMDs) know their roles and the limitations of their (c)

board or commission has met in the past two fiscal years. Provide information on where agen

local level. If there were no LEPCs bringing planning capability to bear as it relates to these specific haza

el as that is where local planning expertise resides. State support for such local planning efforts will also
another State board or commission or federal or State agency? If so, is your board or commissic
State board or commission or federal or State agency, however that is not to say that LEPC Plans are ty

ior, or any State agency or officer? If so, have those reports or studies been produced? Does tl

capabilities to respond to and recover from hazardous materials and chemical releases in their commun

fills the capability gap would need to be addressed by local first responders with support from state par

pically complimentary with the goals and plans of federal and State partners such as the EPA and Vermo

tners such as VEM, VHMRT, and VDH to name but a few.