#### RIVER CORRIDOR LANGUAGE -S.237

#### • S.237- Sec. 12- 24 VSA § 2793e Neighborhood Development Areas

• (5) The proposed neighborhood development area consists of those portions of the neighborhood planning area that are appropriate for new and infill housing<sub>7</sub> excluding identified flood hazard and fluvial erosion areas, except those areas containing preexisting development and areas suitable for infill development as defined in section 29-201 of the Vermont Flood Hazard Area and River Corridor Rule. In determining what areas are most suitable for new and infill housing, the municipality shall balance local goals for future land use, the availability of land for housing within the neighborhood planning area, and the smart growth principles. Based on those considerations, the municipality shall select an area for neighborhood development area designation that:

• (A) Avoids or that minimizes to the extent feasible the inclusion of "important natural resources" as defined in subdivision 2791(14) of this title and flood hazard areas and river corridors. If an "important natural resource" is included within a proposed neighborhood development area, the applicant shall identify the resource, explain why the resource was included, describe any anticipated disturbance to such resource, and describe why the disturbance cannot be avoided or minimized. If the neighborhood development area includes flood hazard areas or river corridors, the local bylaws must contain provisions consistent with the Agency of Natural Resources rules required under 10 V.S.A. § 754(a) to ensure that new infill development within a neighborhood development area occurs outside the floodway, new development is elevated or floodproofed at least two feet above Base Flood Elevation, or otherwise reasonably safe from flooding, and will not cause or contribute to fluvial erosion hazards within the river corridor. If the neighborhood development areas or river corridors, local bylaws shall also contain provisions to protect river corridors outside of the neighborhood development area consistent with the Agency of Natural Resources model river corridor bylaws.

## RIVER CORRIDOR LANGUAGE -S.237

- S.237- Sec. 13- 32 VSA § 5930aa Downtown and Village Center Tax Credit Program
- extends the tax credits to NDAs
- Also adds new type of project that is eligible: qualified flood mitigation project

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(6) "Qualified Flood Mitigation Project" means any combination of structural and nonstructural • changes to a building located within an area subject to the River Corridor Rule or within the flood hazard area as mapped by the Federal Emergency Management Agency that reduces or eliminates flood damage to the building or its contents. The project shall comply with the municipality's adopted flood hazard and river corridor bylaw, if applicable, and a certificate of completion shall be submitted by a registered engineer, architect, qualified contractor, or qualified local official to the State Board. Improvements to qualified buildings listed, or eligible for listing, in the State or National Register of Historic Places shall be consistent with Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation, as determined by the Vermont Division for Historic Preservation.

## ACT 250 RIVER CORRIDOR LANGUAGE-H.926

- Changes Act 250 definitions of "floodway" to "flood hazard area" and "floodway fringe" to "river corridor"
- Match ANR language in 10 VSA 752
- Those definitions are used in Criterion 1 (D)

(D) Floodways Flood hazard areas; river corridors. A permit will be granted whenever it is demonstrated by the applicant that, in addition to all other applicable criteria:

(i) the development or subdivision of lands within a floodway flood hazard area or river corridor will not restrict or divert the flow of flood waters, <u>cause or contribute to fluvial erosion</u>, and endanger the health, safety, and welfare of the public or of riparian owners during flooding; and

(ii) the development or subdivision of lands within a floodway fringe will not significantly increase the peak discharge of the river or stream within or downstream from the area of development and endanger the health, safety, or welfare of the public or riparian owners during flooding.