1	TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:
2	The Committee on Government Operations to which was referred Senate
3	Bill No. 54 entitled "An act relating to the regulation of cannabis" respectfully
4	reports that it has considered the same and recommends that the House propose
5	to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting
6	clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
7	* * * Title Redesignation * * *
8	Sec. 1. Title 7 of the V.S.A. is redesignated to read:
9	7. ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES, CANNABIS, AND TOBACCO
10	* * * Cannabis Generally; Cannabis Control Board * * *
11	Sec. 2. 7 V.S.A. chapter 31 is added to read:
12	CHAPTER 31. CANNABIS
13	Subchapter 1. General Provisions
14	§ 831. DEFINITIONS
15	As used in this chapter:
16	(1) "Board" means the Cannabis Control Board.
17	(2)(A) "Cannabis" means all parts of the plant Cannabis sativa L.,
18	except as provided by subdivision (B) of this subdivision (2), whether growing
19	or harvested, and includes:
20	(i) the seeds of the plant;
21	(ii) the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and

1	(iii) any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or
2	preparation of the plant, its seeds, or resin.
3	(B) "Cannabis" does not include:
4	(i) the mature stalks of the plant and fiber produced from the
5	stalks;
6	(ii) oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant;
7	(iii) any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or
8	preparation of the mature stalks, fiber, oil, or cake;
9	(iv) the sterilized seed of the plant that is incapable of
10	germination; or
11	(v) hemp or hemp products, as defined in 6 V.S.A. § 562.
12	(3) "Cannabis product" means concentrated cannabis and a product that
13	is composed of cannabis and other ingredients and is intended for use or
14	consumption, including an edible product, ointment, and tincture. Cannabis
15	product shall include a vaporizer cartridge containing cannabis oil that is
16	intended for use with a battery-powered device.
17	(4) "Chair" means the chair of the Cannabis Control Board.
18	(5) "Criminal history record" shall have the same meaning as in
19	20 V.S.A. § 2056a(a).
20	(6) "Public place" means any street, alley, park, sidewalk, public
21	building other than individual dwellings, any place of public accommodation

1	as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 4501, and any place where the use or possession of a
2	lighted tobacco product, tobacco product, or tobacco substitute is prohibited by
3	law pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 37.
4	§ 832. CANNABIS POSSESSED UNLAWFULLY SUBJECT TO
5	SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE
6	Cannabis possessed unlawfully in violation of this title may be seized by
7	law enforcement and is subject to forfeiture.
8	§ 833. CONSUMPTION OF CANNABIS IN A PUBLIC PLACE
9	No person shall consume cannabis in a public place unless specifically
10	authorized by law. Violations shall be punished in accordance with 18 V.S.A.
11	<u>§ 4230a.</u>
12	Subchapter 2. Cannabis Control Board
13	§ 841. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD; APPOINTMENT
14	(a) When a vacancy occurs on the Cannabis Control Board, the Governor
15	shall make a public announcement about the vacancy. The Governor shall
16	submit at least 10 names of potential nominees to the Cannabis Control Board
17	Nominating Committee for review.
18	(b) The Committee shall review the candidates to determine which
19	candidates are well-qualified for appointment to the Board and shall

1	(c) The Governor shall appoint a chair and four members of the Board from
2	the list of well-qualified candidates sent to the Governor by the Committee.
3	(d) The names of candidates shall be confidential.
4	§ 842. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD NOMINATING COMMITTEE
5	(a) Creation. The Cannabis Control Board Nominating Committee is
6	created for the purpose of assessing the qualifications of applicants for
7	appointment to the Cannabis Control Board in accordance with section 841 of
8	this title.
9	(b) Members. The Committee shall consist of seven members who shall be
10	selected as follows:
11	(1) The Governor shall appoint three members from the Executive
12	Branch.
13	(2) The Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint two
14	members from the House of Representatives.
15	(3) The Senate Committee on Committees shall appoint two members
16	from the Senate.
17	(c) Duties. When the Governor submits the names of candidates for
18	appointment to the Cannabis Control Board in accordance with section 841 of
19	this title, the Committee shall review candidates to determine which candidates
20	are well-qualified for the Board and submit those names to the Governor.

I	(d) Terms. The members of the Committee shall serve for terms of two
2	years. The appointments shall be between June 1 and July 1 of each even-
3	numbered year, except to fill a vacancy. Members shall serve until their
4	successors are appointed. Members shall serve not more than three
5	consecutive terms in any capacity. A legislative member who is appointed as a
6	member of the Committee shall retain the position for the term for which he or
7	she was appointed to the Committee even if the member is subsequently not
8	reelected to the General Assembly during the member's term on the
9	Committee.
10	(e) Chair. The members shall elect their own chair.
11	(f) Quorum. A quorum of the Committee shall consist of four members.
12	(g) Staff and services. The Committee is authorized to use the staff and
13	services of appropriate State agencies and departments as necessary to conduct
14	investigations of applicants.
15	(h) Confidentiality. Except as provided in subsection (i) of this section,
16	proceedings of the Committee, including the names of candidates considered
17	by the Committee and information about any candidate submitted by the
18	Governor, shall be confidential. The provisions of 1 V.S.A. 317(e) (expiration
19	of Public Records Act exemptions) shall not apply to the exemptions or
20	confidentiality provisions in this subsection.
21	(i) Public information. The following shall be public:

1	(1) operating procedures of the Committee;
2	(2) standard application forms and any other forms used by the
3	Committee, provided they do not contain personal information about a
4	candidate or confidential proceedings;
5	(3) all proceedings of the Committee prior to the Board's receipt of the
6	first candidate's completed application; and
7	(4) at the time the Committee sends the names of the candidates to the
8	Governor, the total number of applicants for the vacancies and the total number
9	of candidates sent to the Governor.
10	(j) Reimbursement. Legislative members of the Committee shall be
11	entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement for expenses in
12	accordance with 2 V.S.A. § 406. Compensation and reimbursement shall be
13	paid from the legislative appropriation.
14	§ 843. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD; DUTIES; MEMBERS
15	(a) Creation. There is created within the Executive Branch an independent
16	commission named the Cannabis Control Board for the purpose of safely,
17	equitably, and effectively implementing and administering the laws enabling
18	access to adult-use cannabis in Vermont.
19	(b) Duties. The duties of the Board shall be:
20	(1) rulemaking in accordance with this chapter, chapter 33 of this title,
21	and 3 V.S.A. chapter 25;

1	(2) administration of a program for licensed cannabis establishments,
2	which shall include compliance and enforcement; and
3	(3) submission of an annual budget to the Governor.
4	(c) Membership.
5	(1) The Board shall be composed of a chair and four members appointed
6	by the Governor in accordance with sections 841 and 842 of this title.
7	(2) All Board members shall serve for a term of three years or until a
8	successor is appointed and shall be eligible for reappointment, provided that no
9	member may serve more than three terms.
10	(3) A vacancy created before the expiration of a term shall be filled in
11	the same manner as the original appointment for the unexpired portion of the
12	term. A member appointed to fill a vacancy created before the expiration of a
13	term shall not be deemed to have served a term for the purpose of subdivision
14	(2) of this subsection.
15	(4) A member may be removed only for cause by the remaining
16	members of the Commission in accordance with the Vermont Administrative
17	Procedure Act.
18	(d)(1) Conflicts of interest. No Board member shall, during his or her term
19	or terms on the Board, be an officer of, director of, organizer of, employee of,
20	consultant to, or attorney for any person subject to regulation by the Board.

1	(2) No Board member shall participate in creating or applying any law,
2	rule, or policy or in making any other determination if the Board member,
3	individually or as a fiduciary, or the Board member's spouse, parent, or child
4	wherever residing or any other member of the Board member's family residing
5	in his or her household has an economic interest in the matter before the Board
6	or has any more than a de minimus interest that could be substantially affected
7	by the proceeding.
8	(3) No Board member shall, during his or her term or terms on the
9	Board, solicit, engage in negotiations for, or otherwise discuss future
10	employment or a future business relationship of any kind with any person
11	subject to supervision or regulation by the Board.
12	(4) No Board member may appear before the Board or any other State
13	agency on behalf of a person subject to supervision or regulation by the Board
14	for a period of one year following his or her last day as a member of the
15	Cannabis Control Board.
16	(e) Salaries. The Chair and all members of the Board shall be full-time
17	State employees and shall be exempt from the State classified system. The
18	Chair shall receive compensation equal to two-thirds that of a Superior Court
19	Judge and other members shall receive compensation equal to one-half that of
20	a Superior Court Judge.

1	(f) Executive Director. The Board shall appoint an Executive Director who
2	shall be an attorney with experience in legislative or regulatory matters. The
3	Director shall be a full-time State employee, shall be exempt from the State
4	classified system, and shall serve at the pleasure of the Board. The Director
5	shall be responsible for:
6	(1) supervising and administering the operation and implementation of
7	this chapter and the rules adopted by the Board as directed by the Board;
8	(2) assisting the Board in its duties and administering the licensing
9	requirements of this chapter;
10	(3) acting as Secretary to the Board, but as a nonvoting member of the
11	Board;
12	(4) employing such staff as may be required to carry out the functions of
13	the Board; and
14	(5) preparing an annual budget for submission to the Board.
15	(g) Consultant. The Board is authorized to hire a consultant as needed to
16	assist with its duties under this section.
17	(h) Advisory committee.
18	(1) There is an advisory committee established within the Board that
19	shall be comprised of members with expertise and knowledge relevant to the
20	Board's mission. The advisory committee shall be composed of the following
21	12 members:

1	(A) one member with an expertise in public health appointed by the
2	Governor;
3	(B) the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets or designee;
4	(C) one member with an expertise in laboratory science or toxicology
5	appointed by the Governor;
6	(D) one member with an expertise in systemic social justice and
7	equity issues appointed by the Speaker of the House;
8	(E) one member with an expertise in women and minority-owned
9	business ownership appointed by the Speaker of the House;
10	(F) one member with an expertise in substance misuse prevention
11	appointed by the Senate Committee on Committees;
12	(G) one member with an expertise in the cannabis industry appointed
13	by the Senate Committee on Committees;
14	(H) one member with an expertise in business management or
15	regulatory compliance appointed by the Treasurer;
16	(I) one member with an expertise in municipal issues appointed by
17	the Treasurer;
18	(J) one member with an expertise in public safety appointed by the
19	Attorney General;
20	(K) one member with an expertise in criminal justice reform
21	appointed by the Attorney General; and

1	(L) the Secretary of Natural Resources or designee.
2	(2) Initial appointments to the advisory committee as provided in
3	subdivision (1) of this subsection (h) shall be made on or before December 1,
4	<u>2020.</u>
5	(3) The Board may establish subcommittees within the advisory
6	committee to accomplish its work.
7	(4) Members of the Advisory Committee who are not otherwise
8	compensated by the member's employer for attendance at meetings shall be
9	entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted
10	under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than six meetings annually. These
11	payments shall be made from the Cannabis Regulation Fund.
12	§ 844. AUTHORITY FOR CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECKS
13	The Board shall establish a user agreement with the Vermont Crime
14	Information Center in accordance with 20 V.S.A. chapter 117 for the purpose
15	of obtaining Vermont criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history
16	records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation
17	as required by chapter 33 of this title.
18	§ 845. CANNABIS REGULATION FUND
19	(a) There is established the Cannabis Regulation Fund, which shall be
20	managed in accordance with 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5. The Fund
21	shall be maintained by the Cannabis Control Board.

1	(b) The Fund shall be composed of all application fees, annual license fees.
2	renewal fees, advertising review fees, and civil penalties collected by the
3	Board pursuant to chapter 33 of this title.
4	(c) Monies from the fund shall only be appropriated for the purposes of
5	implementation, administration, and enforcement of this chapter and chapter
6	33 of this title.
7	<u>§ 846. FEES</u>
8	(a) The Board shall have the authority to charge and collect fees as
9	provided by this chapter and chapter 33 of this title.
10	(b) Fees shall be deposited in the Cannabis Regulation Fund.
11	§ 847. APPEALS
12	(a)(1) A party aggrieved by a final decision of the Board may, within
13	30 days of the decision, appeal that decision by filing a notice of appeal with
14	the Executive Director who shall assign the case to an appellate officer.
15	(2)(A) The review shall be conducted on the basis of the record created
16	before the Board.
17	(B) In cases of alleged irregularities in procedure before the Board,
18	not shown in the record, proof on that issue may be taken by the appellate
19	officer.
20	(b) The appellate officer shall not substitute his or her judgment for that of
21	the Board as to the weight of the evidence on questions of fact. The appellate

1	officer may affirm the decision, or may reverse and remand the matter with
2	recommendations if substantial rights of the appellant have been prejudiced
3	because the Board's finding, inferences, conclusions, or decisions are:
4	(1) in violation of constitutional or statutory provisions;
5	(2) in excess of the statutory authority of the Board;
6	(3) made upon unlawful procedure;
7	(4) affected by other error of law;
8	(5) clearly erroneous in view of the evidence on the record as a whole;
9	(6) arbitrary or capricious; or
10	(7) characterized by abuse of discretion or clearly unwarranted exercise
11	of discretion.
12	(c) A party aggrieved by a decision of the appellate officer may appeal to
13	the Supreme Court, which shall review the matter on the basis of the records
14	created before the Board.
15	(d) The Board shall have the authority to contract for the services of an
16	appellate officer.
17	Sec. 3. IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD
18	(a) The Cannabis Control Board, created in Sec. 2 of this act, is established
19	on June 1, 2020.
20	(b) Members of the Board shall be appointed on or before September 1,
21	2020 and terms of members shall officially begin on such date.

1	(c)(1) In order to stagger the terms of the members of the Board, the initial
2	terms of those members shall be as follows:
3	(A) the Chair shall serve for a three-year term;
4	(B) two members shall serve for a two-year term; and
5	(C) two members shall serve for a one-year term.
6	(2) After the expiration of the initial terms set forth in subdivision (1) of
7	this subsection, Board member terms shall be as set forth in 7 V.S.A. § 843.
8	Sec. 4. IMPLEMENTATION OF RULEMAKING BY THE CANNABIS
9	CONTROL BOARD
10	On or before March 1, 2021 the Cannabis Control Board shall initiate
11	rulemaking for cannabis establishments pursuant to chapter 33 of this title as
12	provided in Sec. 7 of this act.
13	Sec. 5. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD REPORT TO THE GENERAL
14	ASSEMBLY; PROPOSAL FOR POSITIONS, FEES, AND
15	APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEARS 2022 AND 2023; LAND
16	USE, ENVIRONMENTAL, ENERGY, AND EFFICIENCY
17	REQUIREMENTS OR STANDARDS; OUTREACH, TRAINING,
18	AND EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS; ONLINE ORDERING AND
19	DELIVERY; ADDITIONAL TYPES OF LICENSES

1	(a) On or before January 15, 2021, the Executive Director of the Cannabis
2	Control Board shall provide recommendations to the General Assembly on the
3	following:
4	(1) Resources necessary for implementation of this act for fiscal years
5	2022 and 2023, including positions and funding. The Board shall consider
6	utilization of current expertise and resources within State government and
7	cooperation with other State departments and agencies where there may be an
8	overlap in duties.
9	(2) Fees to be charged and collected in accordance with the Board's
10	authority pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 847. The recommendations shall be
11	accompanied by information justifying the recommended rate as required by
12	32 V.S.A. § 605(d). The fees submitted in accordance with this subdivision
13	are projected, at a minimum, to equal the cost of application and license fees
14	for marijuana establishments in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts that are
15	collected by the Cannabis Control Commission. The Board may recommend
16	fees that are lower or higher, provided they are designed to provide sufficient
17	funding to meet the duties of the Cannabis Control Board as provided in
18	7 V.S.A. § 843.
19	(A) Application fees, initial annual license fees, and annual license
20	renewal fees for each type of cannabis establishment license as provided in
21	7 V.S.A. § 910: cultivator, product manufacturer, wholesaler, retailer, testing

1	laboratory, and integrated. If the Board establishes tiers within a licensing
2	category, it shall provide a fee recommendation for each tier.
3	(B) Fee for a cannabis establishment identification card as provided
4	<u>in 7 V.S.A. § 884.</u>
5	(C) Fee for advertisement review for a cannabis establishment
6	licensee as provided in 7 V.S.A. § 865.
7	(3) Whether monies expected to be generated by fees identified in
8	subdivision (2) of this subsection are sufficient to support the statutory duties
9	of the Board and whether any portion of the tax established pursuant to
10	32 V.S.A. § 7901 should be allocated to the Cannabis Regulation Fund to
11	ensure these duties are met.
12	(4) Whether monies collected pursuant to a local option tax should be
13	shared with municipalities that host a cannabis establishment that is not a
14	licensed retailer or integrated licensee and, if so, a recommended formula for
15	sharing the revenue.
16	(b) On or before January 15, 2021, the Executive Director of the Cannabis
17	Control Board, after consultation with the Secretary of Natural Resources, the
18	Chair of the Natural Resources Board, and the Secretary of Agriculture, Food
19	and Markets, shall recommend to the General Assembly exemptions, specific
20	criteria, or additional requirements under applicable State or local
21	environmental or land use law for cannabis establishments in the State. The

1	recommendations shall address whether additional groundwater quality
2	requirements or regulations are required for the cultivation of cannabis in order
3	to protect the groundwater resources of the State from overuse. The Executive
4	Director may provide the recommendations based on a tier, type, or category
5	of cannabis cultivation or cannabis establishment.
6	(c) On or before January 15, 2021, the Executive Director of the Cannabis
7	Control Board, after consultation with the Commissioner of Public Service and
8	the Chair of the Public Utility Commission, shall recommend to the General
9	Assembly energy or efficiency requirements or standards for the operation of
10	cannabis establishments in the State. The recommendations shall include:
11	(1) recommended building energy standards for cannabis establishments
12	if different from existing commercial building standards;
13	(2) recommended energy audits for cannabis establishments, including
14	the recommended frequency of audits and who should perform the audits; and
15	(3) energy efficiency and conservation measures applicable to cannabis
16	establishments.
17	(d) In making the recommendations required under subsections (b) and (c)
18	of this section, the Executive Director of the Cannabis Control Board shall
19	recommend the permits, licenses, or standards that a licensed cannabis
20	cultivator or cannabis product manufacturer shall demonstrate, as a condition

1	of licensure, or as a condition for licensure renewal if such standards are not
2	established prior to initial licensure.
3	(e) On or before March 1, 2021, the Executive Director of the Cannabis
4	Control Board shall submit to the General Assembly the Board's
5	recommendation whether licensed cannabis product manufacturers should be
6	considered a food manufacturing establishment or food processor pursuant to
7	18 V.S.A. § 4301(7) for the purpose of licensing and regulation by the
8	Department of Health.
9	(f) On or before November 15, 2021, the Executive Director of the
10	Cannabis Control Board shall submit to the General Assembly:
11	(1) a proposal to work with the Department of Labor, Agency of
12	Commerce and Community Development, the Department of Corrections, and
13	the Director of Racial Equity to develop outreach, training, and employment
14	programs focused on providing economic opportunities to individuals who
15	historically have been disproportionately impacted by cannabis prohibition;
16	(2) a summary of the experience of other jurisdictions with regulated
17	cannabis markets that allow licensed retail cannabis establishments to accept
18	online ordering for in-store pick-up of items and to deliver to customers and
19	the advantages and disadvantages of allowing such services in Vermont;

1	(3) recommendations as to whether the General Assembly should
2	consider adding additional types of cannabis licenses, including a craft
3	cooperative license, delivery license, or special event license;
4	(4) recommendations as to whether cannabis and cannabis products
5	should have a minimum amount of cannabidiol to aid in the prevention of the
6	cannabis-induced psychosis that occurs in some users of cannabis and cannabis
7	products; and
8	(5) recommendations regarding the display and sale of cannabis-related
9	paraphernalia that is sold by persons who are not licensed as a cannabis
10	establishment or a dispensary.
11	Sec. 6. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD; POSITIONS
12	The following new permanent positions are created in the Cannabis Control
13	Board:
14	(1) five full-time, exempt members of the Board;
15	(2) one full-time, exempt Executive Director of the Board; and
16	(3) one full-time, classified Administrative Assistant.
17	Sec. 6a. BUILDINGS AND GENERAL SERVICES; SPACE ALLOCATION
18	The Commissioner of Buildings and General Services shall allocate space
19	for the Cannabis Control Board established in Sec. 2 of this act. This space
20	shall be allocated on or before September 1, 2020.

1	Sec. 6b. APPROPRIATION
2	In fiscal year 2021, \$810,000.00 is appropriated from the Cannabis
3	Regulation Fund to the Cannabis Control Board. This appropriation is made in
4	anticipation of receipts in the Fund.
5	Sec. 6c. CONTINGENT CANNABIS REGULATION FUND DEFICIT
6	OFFSET
7	To the extent that the Cannabis Regulation Fund has a negative balance at
8	the close of the fiscal year 2022, proceeds in that amount from the tax
9	established in 32 V.S.A. § 7901 in fiscal year 2023 shall be deposited into the
10	Cannabis Regulation Fund.
11	Sec. 6d. AUDITOR OF ACCOUNTS REPORT
12	On or before November 15, 2023, the Auditor of Accounts shall report to
13	the General Assembly regarding the organizational structure and membership
14	of the Cannabis Control Board and whether the structure continues to be the
15	most efficient for carrying out the statutory duties of the Board.
16	* * * Cannabis Establishments * * *
17	Sec. 7. 7 V.S.A. chapter 33 is added to read:
18	CHAPTER 33. CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENTS
19	Subchapter 1. General Provisions
20	§ 861. DEFINITIONS
21	As used in this chapter:

1	(1) "Advertise" means the publication or dissemination of an
2	advertisement.
3	(2) "Advertisement" means any written or verbal statement, illustration,
4	or depiction that is calculated to induce sales of cannabis or cannabis products,
5	including any written, printed, graphic, or other material, billboard, sign, or
6	other outdoor display, other periodical literature, publication, or in a radio or
7	television broadcast, the Internet, or in any other media. The term does not
8	include:
9	(A) any label affixed to any cannabis or cannabis product, or any
10	individual covering, carton, or other wrapper of that container that constitutes a
11	part of the labeling under provisions of these standards;
12	(B) any editorial or other reading material, such as a news release, in
13	any periodical or publication or newspaper for the publication of which no
14	money or valuable consideration is paid or promised, directly or indirectly, by
15	any cannabis establishment, and that is not written by or at the direction of the
16	licensee;
17	(C) any educational, instructional, or otherwise noncommercial
18	material that is not intended to induce sales and that does not propose an
19	economic transaction, but that merely provides information to the public in an
20	unbiased manner; or

1	(D) a sign attached to the premises of a cannabis establishment that
2	merely identifies the location of the cannabis establishment.
3	(3) "Affiliate" means a person that directly or indirectly owns or
4	controls, is owned or controlled by, or is under common ownership or control
5	with another person.
6	(4) "Applicant" means a person that applies for a license to operate a
7	cannabis establishment pursuant to this chapter.
8	(5) "Board" means the Cannabis Control Board.
9	(6) "Cannabis" shall have the same meaning as provided in section 831
10	of this title.
11	(7) "Cannabis cultivator" or "cultivator" means a person licensed by the
12	Board to engage in the cultivation of cannabis in accordance with this chapter.
13	(8) "Cannabis establishment" means a cannabis cultivator, wholesaler,
14	product manufacturer, retailer, or testing laboratory licensed by the Board to
15	engage in commercial cannabis activity in accordance with this chapter.
16	(9) "Cannabis product" shall have the same meaning as provided in
17	section 831 of this title.
18	(10) "Cannabis product manufacturer" or "product manufacturer" means
19	a person licensed by the Board to manufacture cannabis products in accordance
20	with this chapter.

1	(11) "Cannabis retailer" or "retailer" means a person licensed by the
2	Board to sell cannabis and cannabis products to adults 21 years of age and
3	older for off-site consumption in accordance with this chapter.
4	(12) "Cannabis testing laboratory" or "testing laboratory" means a
5	person licensed by the Board to test cannabis and cannabis products in
6	accordance with this chapter.
7	(13) "Cannabis wholesaler" or "wholesaler" means a person licensed by
8	the Board to purchase, process, transport, and sell cannabis and cannabis
9	products in accordance with this chapter.
10	(14) "Chair" means the Chair of the Cannabis Control Board.
11	(15) "Characterizing flavor" means a taste or aroma, other than the taste
12	or aroma of cannabis, imparted either prior to or during consumption of a
13	cannabis product. The term includes tastes or aromas relating to any fruit,
14	chocolate, vanilla, honey, maple, candy, cocoa, dessert, alcoholic beverage,
15	mint, menthol, wintergreen, herb or spice, or other food or drink, or to any
16	conceptual flavor that imparts a taste or aroma that is distinguishable from
17	cannabis flavor but may not relate to any particular known flavor.
18	(16) "Child-resistant packaging" means packaging that is designed or
19	constructed to be significantly difficult for children under five years of age to
20	open or obtain a toxic or harmful amount of the substance in the container
21	within a reasonable time and not difficult for normal adults to use properly, but

1	does not mean packaging that all children under five years of age cannot open
2	or obtain a toxic or harmful amount of the substance in the container within a
3	reasonable time.
4	(17) "Controls," "is controlled by," and "under common control" mean
5	the power to direct, or cause the direction or management and policies of a
6	person, whether through the direct or beneficial ownership of voting securities,
7	by contract, or otherwise. A person who directly or beneficially owns
8	10 percent or more equity interest, or the equivalent thereof, of another person
9	shall be deemed to control the person.
10	(18) "Dispensary" means a business organization licensed pursuant to
11	18 V.S.A. chapter 86.
12	(19) "Enclosed, locked facility" means a building, room, greenhouse,
13	outdoor fenced-in area, or other location that is enclosed on all sides and
14	prevents cannabis from easily being viewed by the public. The facility shall be
15	equipped with locks or other security devices that permit access only by:
16	(A) Employees, agents, or owners of the cultivator, all of whom shall
17	be 21 years of age or older.
18	(B) Government employees performing their official duties.
19	(C) Contractors performing labor that does not include cannabis
20	cultivation, packaging, or processing. Contractors shall be accompanied by an

1	employee, agent, or owner of the cultivator when they are in areas where
2	cannabis is being grown, processed, packaged, or stored.
3	(D) Registered employees of other cultivators, members of the
4	media, elected officials, and other individuals 21 years of age or older visiting
5	the facility, provided they are accompanied by an employee, agent, or owner of
6	the cultivator.
7	(20) "Flavored oil cannabis product" means any oil cannabis product
8	that contains an additive to give it a characterizing flavor.
9	(21) "Integrated licensee" means a person licensed by the Board to
10	engage in the activities of a cultivator, wholesaler, product manufacturer,
11	retailer, and testing laboratory in accordance with this chapter.
12	(22) "Municipality" means a town, city, or incorporated village.
13	(23) "Person" shall include any natural person; corporation;
14	municipality; the State of Vermont or any department, agency, or subdivision
15	of the State; and any partnership, unincorporated association, or other legal
16	entity.
17	(24) "Plant canopy" means the square footage dedicated to live plant
18	production and does not include areas such as office space or areas used for the
19	storage of fertilizers, pesticides, or other products.
20	(25) "Principal" means an individual vested with the authority to
21	conduct, manage, or supervise the business affairs of a person, and may

I	include the president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, manager, or similar
2	executive officer of a business; a director of a corporation, nonprofit
3	corporation, or mutual benefit enterprise; a member of a nonprofit corporation,
4	cooperative, or member-managed limited liability company; and a partner of a
5	partnership.
6	(26) "Small cultivator" means a cultivator with a plant canopy or space
7	for cultivating plants for breeding stock of not more than 500 square feet.
8	§ 862. NOT APPLICABLE TO HEMP OR THERAPEUTIC USE OF
9	<u>CANNABIS</u>
10	This chapter applies to the regulation of cannabis establishments by the
11	Board and shall not apply to activities regulated by 6 V.S.A. chapter 34 (hemp)
12	or 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 (therapeutic use of cannabis).
13	§ 863. REGULATION BY LOCAL GOVERNMENT
14	(a)(1) Prior to a cannabis retailer operating within a municipality, the
15	municipality shall affirmatively permit the operation of such retailers by
16	majority vote of those present and voting by Australian ballot at an annual or
17	special meeting warned for that purpose.
18	(2) A vote to permit the operation of a licensed cannabis retailer within
19	the municipality shall remain in effect until rescinded by majority vote of those
20	present and voting by Australian ballot at a subsequent annual or special
21	meeting warned for that purpose. A rescission of the permission to operate a

1	licensed cannabis retailer within the municipality under this subdivision shall
2	not apply to a licensed cannabis retailer that is operating within the
3	municipality at the time of the vote.
4	(b) A municipality that hosts a cannabis establishment may establish a
5	cannabis control commission composed of commissioners who may be
6	members of the municipal legislative body. The local cannabis control
7	commission may issue and administer local control licenses under this
8	subsection for cannabis establishments within the municipality. The
9	commissioners may condition the issuance of a local control license upon
10	compliance with any bylaw adopted pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 4414 or
11	ordinances regulating signs or public nuisances adopted pursuant to 24 V.S.A.
12	§ 2291. The commission may suspend or revoke a local control license for a
13	violation of any condition placed upon the license. The Board shall adopt rules
14	relating to a municipality's issuance of a local control license in accordance
15	with this subsection and the local commissioners shall administer the rules
16	furnished to them by the Board as necessary to carry out the purposes of this
17	section.
18	(c) Prior to issuing a license to a cannabis establishment under this chapter,
19	the Board shall ensure that the applicant has obtained a local control license
20	from the municipality, if required.

1	(d) A municipality shall not:
2	(1) prohibit the operation of a cannabis establishment within the
3	municipality through an ordinance adopted pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 2291 or a
4	bylaw adopted pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 4414;
5	(2) condition the operation of a cannabis establishment, or the issuance
6	or renewal of a municipal permit to operate a cannabis establishment, on any
7	basis other than the conditions in subsection (b) of this section; and
8	(3) exceed the authority granted to it by law to regulate a cannabis
9	establishment.
10	§ 864. ADVERTISING
11	(a) "Advertise" and "advertisement" have the same meaning as in
12	section 831 of this title.
13	(b) A cannabis establishment advertisement shall not contain any statemen
14	or illustration that:
15	(1) is deceptive, false or misleading;
16	(2) promotes overconsumption;
17	(3) represents that the use of cannabis has curative effects;
18	(4) offers a prize, award, or inducement for purchasing cannabis or a
19	cannabis product, except that price discounts are allowed;
20	(5) offers free samples of cannabis or cannabis products;

1	(6) depicts a person under 21 years of age consuming cannabis or
2	cannabis products; or
3	(7) is designed to be or has the effect of being particularly appealing to
4	persons under 21 years of age.
5	(c) Cannabis establishments shall not advertise their products via any
6	medium unless the licensee can show that not more than 15 percent of the
7	audience is reasonably expected to be under 21 years of age.
8	(d) All advertisements shall contain health warnings adopted by rule by the
9	Board in consultation with the Department of Health.
10	(e) All advertisements shall be submitted to the Board on a form or in a
11	format prescribed by the Board, prior to the dissemination of the
12	advertisement. The Board may:
13	(1) require a specific disclosure be made in the advertisement in a clear
14	and conspicuous manner if the Board determines that the advertisement would
15	be false or misleading without such a disclosure; or
16	(2) require changes that are necessary to protect the public health,
17	safety, and welfare or consistent with dispensing information for the product
18	under review.
19	(f) The Board may charge and collect fees for review of advertisements.

1	§ 865.	EDUCATION

- (a) A licensee shall complete an enforcement seminar every three years
 conducted by the Board. A license shall not be renewed unless the records of
 the Board show that the licensee has complied with the terms of this
 subsection.
 (b) A licensee shall ensure that each employee involved in the sale of
 cannabis or cannabis products to the public completes a training program
- 8 approved by the Board prior to selling cannabis or cannabis products and at 9 least once every 24 months thereafter. The training shall include information 10 about the health effects of the use of cannabis and cannabis products. A licensee shall keep a written record of the type and date of training for each 11 12 employee, which shall be signed by each employee. A licensee may comply 13 with this requirement by conducting its own training program on its premises, 14 using information and materials furnished by the Board. A licensee who fails 15 to comply with the requirements of this section shall be subject to a suspension 16 of not less than one day of the license issued under this chapter.

17 § 866. YOUTH

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19

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(a) A cannabis establishment licensed pursuant to this chapter shall not dispense or sell cannabis to a person under 21 years of age or employ a person under 21 years of age. The Board may assess civil penalties against or suspend

1	or revoke the license of a cannabis establishment that dispenses or sells
2	cannabis or cannabis products to a person under 21 years of age.
3	(b) A cannabis establishment shall not permit a person under 21 years of
4	age to enter a building or enclosure on the premises where cannabis is located.
5	This subsection shall not apply to a registered patient visiting a dispensary
6	even if that dispensary is located in a building that is located on the same
7	premises of a cannabis establishment.
8	(c) In accordance with section 864 of this title, advertising by a cannabis
9	establishment shall not depict a person under 21 years of age consuming
10	cannabis or cannabis products or be designed to be or has the effect of being
11	particularly appealing to persons under 21 years of age. Cannabis
12	establishments shall not advertise their products via any medium unless the
13	licensee can show that not more than 15 percent of the audience is reasonably
14	expected to be under 21 years of age.
15	(d) The Board, in consultation with the Department of Health, shall adopt
16	rules in accordance with section 881 of this title to:
17	(1) prohibit cannabis products or the packaging of such products that are
18	designed to make the product more appealing to persons under 21 years of age;
19	(2) prohibit the packaging of cannabis that is designed to make the
20	product more appealing to persons under 21 years of age;

1	(3) require that cannabis products sold by licensed retailers and
2	integrated licensees are contained in child-resistant packaging; and
3	(4) require that cannabis and cannabis products sold by licensed retailers
4	and integrated licensees are packaged with labels that clearly indicate that the
5	contents of the package contain cannabis and should be kept away from
6	persons under 21 years of age.
7	§ 867. STANDARD SYMBOL FOR CANNABIS
8	The Board shall create a standard symbol that shall be used on all cannabis
9	and cannabis products sold by a licensed cannabis retailer to indicate that the
10	contents of a package contain cannabis.
11	§ 868. PROHIBITED PRODUCTS
12	(a) The following are prohibited products and may not be cultivated,
13	produced or sold pursuant to a license issued under this chapter:
14	(1) cannabis flower with greater than 30 percent tetrahydrocannabinol;
15	(2) solid concentrate cannabis products with greater than 60 percent
16	tetrahydrocannabinol;
17	(3) oil cannabis products except for those that are sold prepackaged for
18	use with battery-powered devices;
19	(4) flavored oil cannabis products sold prepackaged for use with battery-
20	powered devices and any cannabis flower that contains characterizing flavor
21	that is not naturally occurring in the cannabis;

1	(5) cannabis products that contain delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol and
2	nicotine or alcoholic beverages; and
3	(6) any cannabis or cannabis products that are designed to make the
4	product more appealing to persons under 21 years of age.
5	§ 869. CULTIVATION OF CANNABIS; ENVIRONMENTAL AND LAND
6	<u>USE STANDARDS</u>
7	(a) A cannabis establishment shall not be regulated as "farming" under the
8	Required Agricultural Practices, 6 V.S.A. chapter 215, or other State law, and
9	cannabis produced from cultivation shall not be considered an agricultural
10	product or agricultural crop for the purposes of 32 V.S.A. chapter 124,
11	32 V.S.A. § 9741, or other relevant State law.
12	(b) The cultivation, processing, and manufacturing of cannabis regulated
13	under this chapter shall comply with all applicable State, federal, and local
14	environmental, energy, or public health law, unless otherwise provided under
15	this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter.
16	(c) A cannabis establishment regulated under this chapter shall be subject
17	to regulation under 24 V.S.A. chapter 117 as authorized by this chapter.
18	(d)(1) The cultivation, processing, and manufacturing of cannabis regulated
19	under this chapter shall comply with the following sections of the Required
20	Agricultural Practices:

1	(A) section 6, regarding conditions, restriction, and operating
2	standards;
3	(B) section 8, regarding groundwater quality and groundwater quality
4	investigations; and
5	(C) section 12, regarding subsurface tile drainage.
6	(2) Application of or compliance with the Required Agricultural
7	Practices under subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not be construed to
8	provide a presumption of compliance with or exemption to any applicable
9	State, federal, and local environmental, energy, public health, or land use law
10	required under subsections (b) and (c) of this section.
11	Subchapter 2. Administration
12	§ 881. RULEMAKING; CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENTS
13	(a) The Board shall adopt rules to implement and administer this chapter in
14	accordance with subdivisions (1)–(7) of this subsection.
15	(1) Rules concerning any cannabis establishment shall include:
16	(A) the form and content of license and renewal applications;
17	(B) qualifications for licensure that are directly and demonstrably
18	related to the operation of a cannabis establishment, including:
19	(i) a requirement to submit an operating plan, which shall include
20	information concerning:

1	(I) the type of business organization; the identity of its
2	controlling owners and principals; and the identity of the controlling owners
3	and principals of its affiliates; and
4	(II) the sources, amount, and nature of its capital, assets, and
5	financing; the identity of its financiers; and the identity of the controlling
6	owners and principals of its financiers;
7	(ii) a requirement to file an amendment to its operating plan in the
8	event of a significant change in organization, operation, or financing; and
9	(iii) the requirement for a fingerprint-based criminal history record
10	check and regulatory record check pursuant to section 883 of this title;
11	(C) oversight requirements, including provisions to ensure that a
12	licensed establishment complies with State and federal regulatory requirements
13	governing insurance, securities, workers' compensation, unemployment
14	insurance, and occupational health and safety;
15	(D) inspection requirements;
16	(E) records to be kept by licensees and the required availability of the
17	records;
18	(F) employment and training requirements;
19	(G) security requirements, including any appropriate lighting,
20	physical security, video, and alarm requirements;
21	(H) restrictions on advertising, marketing, and signage;

1	(I) health and safety requirements;
2	(J) regulation of additives to cannabis and cannabis products,
3	including those that are toxic or designed to make the product more addictive,
4	more appealing to persons under 21 years of age, or to mislead consumers;
5	(K) procedures for seed-to-sale traceability of cannabis, including
6	any requirements for tracking software;
7	(L) regulation of the storage and transportation of cannabis;
8	(M) sanitary requirements;
9	(N) procedures for the renewal of a license, which shall allow
10	renewal applications to be submitted up to 90 days prior to the expiration of
11	the cannabis establishment's license;
12	(O) procedures for suspension and revocation of a license;
13	(P) requirements for banking and financial transactions, including
14	provisions to ensure that the Board, the Department of Financial Regulation,
15	and financial institutions have access to relevant information concerning
16	licensed establishments to comply with State and federal regulatory
17	requirements;
18	(Q) disclosure or eligibility requirements for a financier, its owners
19	and principals, and its affiliates, which may include:
20	(i) requirements to disclose information to a licensed
21	establishment, the Board, or the Department of Financial Regulation;

1	(ii) a minimum age requirement and a requirement to conduct a
2	background check for natural persons;
3	(iii) requirements to ensure that a financier complies with
4	applicable State and federal laws governing financial institutions, licensed
5	lenders, and other financial service providers; and
6	(iv) any other requirements, conditions, or limitations on the type
7	or amount of loans or capital investments made by a financier or its affiliates,
8	which the Board, in consultation with the Department of Financial Regulation,
9	determines is necessary to protect the public health, safety, and general
10	welfare; and
11	(R) policies and procedures for conducting outreach and promoting
12	participation in the regulated cannabis market by diverse groups of individuals
13	including those who have been disproportionately harmed by cannabis
14	prohibition.
15	(2)(A) Rules concerning cultivators shall include:
16	(i) creation of a tiered system of licensing based on the plant
17	canopy size of the cultivation operation or plant count for breeding stock;
18	(ii) pesticides or classes of pesticides that may not be used by
19	<u>cultivators;</u>
20	(iii) standards for indoor cultivation of cannabis;

1	(iv) procedures and standards for testing cannabis for
2	contaminants, potency, and quality assurance and control;
3	(v) labeling requirements for cannabis sold to retailers and
4	integrated licensee that include health warnings developed in consultation with
5	the Department of Health;
6	(vi) regulation of visits to the establishments, including the
7	number of visitors allowed at any one time and record keeping concerning
8	visitors; and
9	(vii) facility inspection requirements and procedures.
10	(B) The Board shall consider the different needs and risks of small
11	cultivators when adopting rules and shall make an exception or
12	accommodation to such rules for cultivators of this size where appropriate.
13	(3) Rules concerning product manufacturers shall include:
14	(A) requirements that a single package of a cannabis product shall
15	not contain more than 100 milligrams of THC, except in the case of:
16	(i) cannabis products that are not consumable, including topical
17	preparations; and
18	(ii) cannabis products sold to a dispensary pursuant to 18 V.S.A.
19	chapter 86 and regulations issued pursuant to that chapter;

1	(B) requirements that cannabis products are labeled in a manner that
2	states the number of servings of tetrahydrocannabinol in the product, measured
3	in servings of a maximum of five milligrams per serving, except:
4	(i) cannabis products that are not consumable, including topical
5	preparations; and
6	(ii) cannabis products sold to a dispensary pursuant to 18 V.S.A.
7	chapter 86 and regulations issued pursuant to that chapter;
8	(C) requirements that cannabis products are labeled with a date the
9	product was manufactured, the date the product is best used by, the ingredients
10	contained in the product, information on the length of time it typically takes for
11	products to take effect, and health warnings developed in consultation with the
12	Department of Health;
13	(D) requirements that a cannabis product is clearly identifiable with a
14	standard symbol adopted by the Board indicating that it contains cannabis;
15	(E) procedures and standards for testing cannabis products for
16	contaminants, potency, and quality assurance and control;
17	(F) requirements for opaque, child-resistant packaging; and
18	(G) a prohibition on:
19	(i) products or packaging that are designed to make the product
20	more appealing to persons under 21 years of age; and

1	(ii) the inclusion of nicotine or alcoholic beverages in a cannabis
2	product.
3	(4) Rules concerning wholesalers shall include any provisions the Board
4	has not addressed in subdivision (a)(1) of this section that are appropriate for
5	safe regulation of wholesalers in accordance with this chapter.
6	(5) Rules concerning retailers shall include:
7	(A) requirements for proper verification of age of customers;
8	(B) restrictions that cannabis shall be stored behind a counter or other
9	barrier to ensure a customer does not have direct access to the cannabis;
10	(C) requirements that if the retailer sells hemp or hemp products, the
11	hemp and hemp products are clearly labeled as such and displayed separately
12	from cannabis and cannabis products;
13	(D) requirements for opaque, child-resistant packaging of cannabis
14	and cannabis products at point of sale to customer; and
15	(E) facility inspection requirements and procedures.
16	(6) Rules concerning testing laboratories shall include:
17	(A) procedures and standards for testing cannabis and cannabis
18	products for contaminants, potency, and quality assurance and control;
19	(B) reporting requirements, including requirements for chain-of-
20	custody record keeping; and

1	(C) procedures for destruction of all cannabis and cannabis products
2	samples.
3	(7) Rules concerning integrated licensees shall include the provisions
4	provided in subdivisions (a)(1)–(6) of this section and any additional
5	provisions the Board deems appropriate for safe regulation of integrated
6	licensees in accordance with this chapter.
7	(b) The Board shall consult with other State agencies and departments as
8	necessary in the development and adoption of rules where there is shared
9	expertise and duties.
10	§ 882. SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION OF LICENSES; CIVIL
11	<u>PENALTIES</u>
12	(a) The Board shall have the authority to suspend or revoke a cannabis
13	establishment license for violations of this chapter in accordance with rules
14	adopted pursuant to this chapter.
15	(b) The Board shall have authority to issue civil citations for violations of
16	this chapter in accordance with rules adopted pursuant to this chapter. Any
17	proposed rule under this section shall include the full, minimum, and waiver
18	penalty amounts for each violation.
19	§ 883. CRIMINAL BACKGROUND RECORD CHECKS; APPLICANTS
20	(a) The Board shall obtain from the Vermont Crime Information Center a
21	copy of a license applicant's fingerprint-based Vermont criminal history

1	records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from
2	the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
3	(b) The Board shall adopt rules that set forth standards for determining
4	whether an applicant should be denied a cannabis establishment license
5	because of his or her criminal history record based on factors that demonstrate
6	whether the applicant presently poses a threat to public safety or the proper
7	functioning of the regulated market. Nonviolent drug offenses shall not
8	automatically disqualify an applicant.
9	§ 884. CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENT IDENTIFICATION CARD
10	(a) Every owner, principal, and employee of a cannabis establishment shall
11	obtain an identification card issued by the Board.
12	(b)(1) Prior to issuing the identification card, the Board shall obtain from
13	the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of the person's Vermont
14	fingerprint-based criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history
15	records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
16	(2) The Board shall adopt rules that set forth standards for determining
17	whether a person should be denied a cannabis establishment identification card
18	because of his or her criminal history record based on factors that demonstrate
19	whether the applicant presently poses a threat to public safety or the proper
20	functioning of the regulated market. Nonviolent drug offenses shall not
21	automatically disqualify an applicant.

1	(c) Once an identification card application has been submitted, a person
2	may serve as an employee of a cannabis establishment pending the background
3	check, provided the person is supervised in his or her duties by someone who
4	is a cardholder. The Board shall issue a temporary permit to the person for this
5	purpose, which shall expire upon the issuance of the identification card or
6	disqualification of the person in accordance with this section.
7	(d) An identification card shall expire one year after its issuance or upon
8	the expiration of the cannabis establishment's license, whichever occurs first.
9	Subchapter 3. Licenses
10	§ 901. GENERAL PROVISIONS
11	(a) Except as otherwise permitted by law, a person shall not engage in the
12	cultivation, preparation, processing, packaging, transportation, testing, or sale
13	of cannabis or cannabis products without obtaining a license from the Board.
14	(b) All licenses shall be valid for one year and expire at midnight on the
15	eve of the anniversary of the date the license was issued. A licensee may apply
16	to renew the license annually.
17	(c) Applications for licenses and renewals shall be submitted on forms
18	provided by the Board and shall be accompanied by the fees provided for in
19	section 909 of this title.
20	(d)(1) There shall be six types of licenses available:
21	(A) a cultivator license;

1	(B) a wholesaler license;
2	(C) a product manufacturer license;
3	(D) a retailer license;
4	(E) a testing laboratory license; and
5	(F) an integrated license.
6	(2)(A) The Board shall develop tiers for:
7	(i) cultivator licenses based on the plant canopy size of the
8	cultivation operation or plant count for breeding stock.
9	(ii) retailer licenses.
10	(B) The Board may develop tiers for other types of licenses.
11	(3)(A) Except as provided in subdivision (3)(B) of this subsection (d),
12	an applicant and its affiliates may obtain a maximum of one type of each type
13	of license as provided in subdivision (d)(1)(A)–(E) of this title. Each license
14	shall permit only one location of the establishment.
15	(B) An applicant and its affiliates that are a dispensary registered
16	pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 may obtain one integrated license provided in
17	subdivision (d)(1)(F) of this title or a maximum of one of each type of license
18	provided in subdivision (d)(1)(A)–(E) of this title. An integrated licensee may
19	not hold a separate cultivator, wholesaler, product manufacturer, retailer, or
20	testing laboratory license. An integrated license shall permit only one location

1	for each of the types of activities permitted by the license: cultivation,
2	wholesale operations, product manufacturing, retail sales, and testing.
3	(e) A dispensary that obtains a retailer license or an integrated license
4	pursuant to this chapter shall maintain the dispensary and retail operations in a
5	manner that protects patient and caregiver privacy in accordance with rules
6	adopted by the Board.
7	(f) Each licensee shall obtain and maintain commercial general liability
8	insurance in accordance with rules adopted by the Board. Failure to provide
9	proof of insurance to the Board, as required, may result in revocation of the
10	license.
11	(g) All licenses may be renewed according to procedures adopted through
12	rulemaking by the Board.
13	(h)(1) The following records shall be exempt from public inspection and
14	copying under the Public Records Act and shall be confidential:
15	(A) any record in an application for a license relating to security,
16	public safety, transportation, or trade secrets, including information provided
17	in an operating plan pursuant to subdivision 881(a)(1)(B) of this title; and
18	(B) any licensee record relating to security, public safety,
19	transportation, trade secrets, or employees.

1	(2) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 317(e), the Public Records Act
2	exemption created in this subsection shall continue in effect and shall not be
3	repealed through operation of 1 V.S.A. § 317(e).
4	§ 902. LICENSE QUALIFICATIONS AND APPLICATION PROCESS
5	(a) An applicant, principal of an applicant, and person who owns or
6	controls an applicant, who is a natural person:
7	(1) shall be 21 years of age or older; and
8	(2) shall consent to the release of his or her criminal and administrative
9	history records.
10	(b) As part of the application process, each applicant shall submit, in a
11	format prescribed by the Board, an operating plan. The Board shall adopt rules
12	regarding the required components of an application for each type of license.
13	(c) The Board shall obtain a fingerprint-based Vermont criminal history
14	record, an out-of-state criminal history record, a criminal history record from
15	the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and any regulatory records relating to the
16	operation of a business in this State or any other jurisdiction for each of the
17	following who is a natural person:
18	(1) the applicant;
19	(2) each proposed principal; and
20	(3) each individual who would control the business.

I	(d) An applicant who is denied a license may appeal the Board's
2	determination in accordance with section 847 of this title.
3	§ 903. PRIORITIES; BUSINESS AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE
4	(a) The Board shall issue licenses pursuant to this chapter as determined
5	according to a system of priorities adopted by rule by the Board. The system
6	of priorities shall require consideration of criteria, including:
7	(1) whether the applicants have an existing medical cannabis dispensary
8	license in good standing;
9	(2) whether the applicants would foster social justice and equity in the
10	cannabis industry by being a minority or women-owned business;
11	(3) whether the applicants propose specific plans to recruit, hire, and
12	implement a development ladder for minorities, women, or individuals who
13	have historically been disproportionately impacted by cannabis prohibition;
14	(4) whether applicants propose specific plans to pay employees a living
15	wage and offer benefits;
16	(5) whether the project incorporates principles of environmental
17	resiliency or sustainability, including energy efficiency; and
18	(6) the geographic distribution of cannabis establishments based on
19	population and market needs.
20	(b) The Agency of Commerce and Community Development, in
21	collaboration with the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets, shall provide

1	business and technical assistance to Vermont applicants with priority for
2	services based on criteria adopted by the Board in accordance with subsection
3	(a) of this section.
4	§ 904. CULTIVATOR LICENSE
5	(a) A cultivator licensed under this chapter may cultivate, process, package,
6	label, transport, test, and sell cannabis to a licensed wholesaler, product
7	manufacturer, retailer, integrated licensee, and dispensary.
8	(b) Cultivation of cannabis shall occur only in an enclosed, locked facility.
9	(c) Representative samples of each lot or batch of cannabis intended for
10	human consumption shall be tested for safety and potency in accordance with
11	rules adopted by the Board.
12	(d) Each cultivator shall create packaging for its cannabis.
13	(1) Packaging shall include:
14	(A) The name and registration number of the cultivator.
15	(B) The strain and variety of cannabis contained.
16	(C) The potency of the cannabis represented by the amount of
17	tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol in milligrams total and per serving.
18	(D) A "produced on" date reflecting the date that the cultivator
19	finished producing the cannabis.
20	(E) Appropriate warnings as prescribed by the Board in rule.

1	(F) Any additional requirements contained in rules adopted by the
2	Board in accordance with this chapter. Rules shall take into consideration that
3	different labeling requirements may be appropriate depending on whether the
4	cannabis is sold to a wholesaler, product manufacturer, or retailer.
5	(2) Packaging shall not be designed to appeal to persons under 21 years
6	of age.
7	(e)(1) Only unadulterated cannabis shall be offered for sale. If, upon
8	inspection, the Board finds any violative pesticide residue or other
9	contaminants of concern, the Board shall order the cannabis, either
10	individually or in blocks, to be:
11	(A) put on stop-sale;
12	(B) treated in a particular manner; or
13	(C) destroyed according to the Board's instructions.
14	(2) Cannabis ordered destroyed or placed on stop-sale shall be clearly
15	separable from salable cannabis. Any order shall be confirmed in writing
16	within seven days. The order shall include the reason for action, a description
17	of the cannabis affected, and any recommended treatment.
18	(3) A person may appeal an order issued pursuant to this section within
19	15 days after receiving the order. The appeal shall be made in writing and in
20	accordance with section 847 of this title and shall clearly identify the cannabis
21	affected and the basis for the appeal.

1	§ 904a. SMALL CULTIVATORS
2	(a) It is the intent of the General Assembly to move as much of the illegal
3	cannabis market as possible into the regulated market for the purposes of
4	consumer protection and public safety. It is also the intent of the General
5	Assembly to encourage participation in the regulated cannabis market by
6	small, local farmers. In furtherance of these goals, the Board shall consider
7	policies to promote small cultivators as defined in section 861 of this title.
8	(b) The application for small cultivator licenses shall be prioritized over
9	larger cultivation licenses during the initial application period.
10	(c) In accordance with subdivision 881(a)(2)(B) of this chapter, the Board
11	shall consider the different needs and risks of small cultivators when adopting
12	rules and shall make an exception or accommodation to such rules for
13	cultivators of this size where appropriate.
14	(d) Upon licensing, a small cultivator may sell cannabis to a licensed
15	dispensary at any time, for sale to patients and caregivers pursuant to the
16	dispensary license or to the public pursuant to an integrated license, including
17	the time period before retail sales are permitted for licensed cannabis retailers
18	§ 905. WHOLESALER LICENSE

A wholesaler licensed under this chapter may:

19

1	(1) purchase cannabis from a licensed cultivator and integrated licensee,
2	and cannabis products from a licensed product manufacturer, integrated
3	licensee, and dispensary; and
4	(2) transport, process, package, and sell cannabis and cannabis products
5	to a licensed product manufacturer, retailer, integrated licensee, and
6	dispensary.
7	§ 906. PRODUCT MANUFACTURER LICENSE
8	A product manufacturer licensed under this chapter may:
9	(1) purchase cannabis from a licensed cultivator, wholesalers, or
10	integrated licensee, and cannabis products from a licensed wholesaler, product
11	manufacturer, integrated licensee, and dispensary;
12	(2) use cannabis and cannabis products to produce cannabis products;
13	<u>and</u>
14	(3) transport, process, package, and sell cannabis products to a licensed
15	wholesaler, product manufacturer, retailer, integrated licensee, and dispensary.
16	§ 907. RETAILER LICENSE
17	(a) A retailer licensed under this chapter may:
18	(1) purchase cannabis from a licensed cultivator, wholesaler, or
19	integrated licensee, and cannabis products from a licensed wholesaler, product
20	manufacturer, integrated licensee, and dispensary; and

1	(2) transport, possess, and sell cannabis and cannabis products to the
2	public for consumption off the registered premises.
3	(b) In a single transaction, a retailer may provide one ounce of cannabis or
4	the equivalent in cannabis products, or a combination thereof, to a person 21
5	years of age or older upon verification of a valid government-issued
6	photograph identification card.
7	(c)(1) Packaging shall include:
8	(A) the strain and variety of cannabis contained;
9	(B) the potency of the cannabis represented by the amount of
10	tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol in milligrams total and per serving;
11	(C) a "produced on" date reflecting the date that the cultivator
12	finished producing the cannabis;
13	(D) appropriate warnings as prescribed by the Board in rule; and
14	(E) any additional requirements contained in rules adopted by the
15	Board in accordance with this chapter.
16	(2) Packaging shall not be designed to appeal to persons under 21 years
17	of age.
18	(d) A retailer shall display a safety information flyer at the point of
19	purchase and offer a customer a copy of the flyer with each purchase. A
20	retailer shall inform the customer that if the customer elects not to receive the
21	flyer, the information contained in the flyer is available on the website for the

1	Board. The flyer shall be developed by the Board in consultation with the
2	Department of Health, posted on the Board's website, and supplied to the
3	retailer free of charge. At a minimum, the flyer or flyers shall contain
4	information concerning the methods for administering cannabis, the amount of
5	time it may take for cannabis products to take effect, the risks of driving under
6	the influence of cannabis, the potential health risks of cannabis use, the
7	symptoms of problematic usage, how to receive help for cannabis abuse, and a
8	warning that cannabis possession is illegal under federal law.
9	(e) Internet ordering and delivery of cannabis to customers are prohibited.
10	§ 908. TESTING LABORATORY LICENSE
11	(a) A testing laboratory licensed under this chapter may acquire, possess,
12	analyze, test, and transport cannabis and cannabis products obtained from a
13	licensed cannabis establishment, dispensary, or a member of the public.
14	(b) Testing may address the following:
15	(1) residual solvents;
16	(2) poisons or toxins;
17	(3) harmful chemicals;
18	(4) dangerous molds, mildew, or filth;
19	(5) harmful microbials, such as E. coli or salmonella;
20	(6) pesticides; and
21	(7) tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol potency.

1	(c) A testing laboratory shall have a written procedural manual made
2	available to employees to follow meeting the minimum standards set forth in
3	rules detailing the performance of all methods employed by the facility used to
4	test the analytes it reports.
5	(d) In accordance with rules adopted pursuant to this chapter, a testing
6	laboratory shall establish a protocol for recording the chain of custody of all
7	cannabis samples.
8	(e) A testing laboratory shall establish, monitor, and document the ongoing
9	review of a quality assurance program that is sufficient to identify problems in
10	the laboratory systems when they occur.
11	(f) A cannabis establishment that is subject to testing requirements under
12	this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter shall have its cannabis or
13	cannabis products tested by an independent licensed testing laboratory and not
14	a licensed testing laboratory owned or controlled by the license holder of the
15	cannabis establishment.
16	§ 909. INTEGRATED LICENSE
17	(a) An integrated license shall allow the licensee to engage in the activities
18	of a cultivator, wholesaler, product manufacturer, retailer, and testing
19	laboratory as provided in sections 904–908 of this title.
20	(b) An integrated license is only available to an applicant and its affiliates
21	that hold a dispensary registration pursuant 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 on July 1,

2021. There shall be nor more than five total integrated licenses, one for each
registered dispensary. Upon compliance with all application procedures and
requirements, the Board shall issue an integrated license to the applicant. The
licensee shall have the right to renew the license in accordance with rules
adopted by the Board.
<u>§ 910. FEES</u>
(a) The Board shall charge and collect license application fees, initial
annual license fees, and annual license renewal fees for each type of cannabis
establishment license under this chapter. Fees shall be due and payable at the
time of license application, annual license, or renewal.
(b) Fees shall be deposited in the Cannabis Regulation Fund.
Sec. 8. IMPLEMENTATION OF LICENSING CANNABIS
ESTABLISHMENTS
(a)(1) The cannabis plant, cannabis product, and useable cannabis
possession limits for a registered dispensary set forth in 18 V.S.A. chapter 86
shall no longer apply on and after September 1, 2021. A dispensary shall be
permitted to cultivate cannabis and manufacture cannabis products for the
purpose of transferring or selling such products to an integrated licensee on or
after January 15, 2022 and engaging in the activities permitted by 7 V.S.A.
chapter 33.

1	(2) On or before January 15, 2022, the Board shall begin accepting
2	applications for integrated licenses.
3	(3) On or before February 15, 2022, the Board shall begin issuing
4	integrated licenses to qualified applicants. An integrated licensee may begin
5	selling cannabis and cannabis products transferred or purchased from a
6	dispensary immediately.
7	(b)(1) On or before January 15, 2022, the Board shall begin accepting
8	applications for small cultivator licenses and testing laboratories. The initial
9	application period shall remain open for 30 days. The Board may reopen the
10	application process for any period of time at its discretion.
11	(2) On or before February 15, 2022, the Board shall begin issuing small
12	cultivator and testing laboratories licenses to qualified applicants. Upon
13	licensing, small cultivators shall be permitted to sell cannabis to an integrated
14	licensee and a dispensary licensed pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 prior to
15	other types of cannabis establishment licensees beginning operations.
16	(c)(1) On or before February 15, 2022, the Board shall begin accepting
17	applications for all cultivator licenses. The initial application period shall
18	remain open for 30 days. The Board may reopen the application process for
19	any period of time at its discretion.
20	(2) On or before April 1, 2022, the Board shall begin issuing all
21	cultivator licenses to qualified applicants.

1	(d)(1) On or before April 1, 2022, the Board shall begin accepting
2	applications for product manufacturer licenses and wholesaler licenses. The
3	initial application period shall remain open for 30 days. The Board may
4	reopen the application process for any period of time at its discretion.
5	(2) On or before May 15, 2022, the Board shall begin issuing product
6	manufacturer and wholesaler licenses to qualified applicants.
7	(e)(1) On or before June 1, 2022, the Board shall begin accepting
8	applications for retailer licenses. The initial application period shall remain
9	open for 30 days. The Board may reopen the application process for any
10	period of time at its discretion.
11	(2) On or before July 15, 2022, the Board shall begin issuing retailer
12	licenses to qualified applicants and sales of cannabis and cannabis products by
13	licensed retailers to the public shall be allowed immediately.
14	* * * Medical Cannabis Registry * * *
15	Sec. 9. [Deleted.]
16	Sec. 10. [Deleted.]
17	Sec. 11. [Deleted.]

1	* * * Medical Cannabis Dispensaries * * *
2	Sec. 12. [Deleted.]
3	Sec. 13. [Deleted.]
4	* * * Creation of Excise and Local Option Tax * * *
5	Sec. 14. 32 V.S.A. chapter 207 is added to read:
6	CHAPTER 207. CANNABIS TAXES
7	§ 7900. DEFINITIONS
8	As used in this chapter:
9	(1) "Cannabis" has the same meaning as in 7 V.S.A. § 831.
10	(2) "Cannabis cultivator" has the same meaning as in 7 V.S.A. § 861.
11	(3) "Cannabis product" has the same meaning as in 7 V.S.A. § 831.
12	(4) "Cannabis product manufacturer" has the same meaning as in
13	7 V.S.A. § 831.
14	(5) "Cannabis retailer" has the same meaning as in 7 V.S.A. § 861.
15	(6) "Cannabis wholesaler" has the same meaning as in 7 V.S.A. § 861.
16	(7) "Integrated licensee" has the same meaning as in 7 V.S.A. § 861.
17	(8) "Retail sale" or "sold at retail" means any sale, lease, or rental for
18	any purpose other than for resale by a cannabis retailer or integrated licensee.
19	(9) "Sales price" has the same meaning as in section 9701 of this title.

1	§ 7901. CANNABIS EXCISE TAX
2	(a) There is imposed a cannabis excise tax equal to 16 percent of the sales
3	price of each retail sale in this State of cannabis and cannabis products,
4	including food or beverages.
5	(b) The tax imposed by this section shall be paid by the purchaser to the
6	retailer or integrated licensee. Each retailer or integrated licensee shall collect
7	from the purchaser the full amount of the tax payable on each taxable sale.
8	(c) The tax imposed by this section is separate from and in addition to the
9	cannabis local option tax authorized under section 7902 of this title. The tax
10	imposed by this section shall not be part of the sales price to which the
11	cannabis local option tax applies. The cannabis excise tax shall be separately
12	itemized from the cannabis local option tax on the receipt provided to the
13	purchaser.
14	(d) The following sales shall be exempt from the tax imposed under this
15	section:
16	(1) sales under any circumstances in which the State is without power to
17	impose the tax;
18	(2) sales made by any dispensary as authorized under 18 V.S.A.
19	chapter 86, provided that the cannabis or cannabis product is sold only to
20	registered qualifying patients directly or through their registered caregivers;
21	<u>and</u>

1	(3) sales from a cannabis cultivator, cannabis product manufacturer,
2	cannabis wholesaler, or integrated licensee to a cannabis product manufacturer
3	cannabis retailer, cannabis wholesaler, or integrated licensee.
4	§ 7902. CANNABIS LOCAL OPTION TAX
5	(a) Notwithstanding 24 V.S.A. § 138, any municipality may collect a
6	cannabis local option tax of two percent of the sales price on each retail sale in
7	the municipality of cannabis and cannabis products, including food and
8	beverages.
9	(b) The cannabis local option tax may be adopted by a municipality that:
10	(1) does not currently prohibit the retail sale of cannabis and cannabis
11	products within the municipality; and
12	(2) provided notice of the imposition and the amount to the Department
13	of Taxes at least 90 days prior to the first day of the tax quarter when the
14	cannabis local option tax will be collected.
15	(c) The tax imposed by this section shall be paid by the purchaser to the
16	retailer or integrated licensee. Each retailer or integrated licensee shall collect
17	from the purchaser the full amount of the tax payable on each taxable sale.
18	(d) The tax imposed by this section is separate from and in addition to the
19	cannabis excise tax authorized under section 7901 of this title. The tax
20	imposed by this section shall not be part of the sales price to which the

1	cannabis excise tax applies. The cannabis local option tax shall be separately
2	itemized from the cannabis excise tax on the receipt provided to the purchaser.
3	(e) The following sales shall be exempt from the tax imposed under this
4	section:
5	(1) sales under any circumstances in which the State is without power to
6	impose the tax;
7	(2) sales made by any dispensary as authorized under 18 V.S.A. chapter
8	86, provided that the cannabis or cannabis product is sold only to registered
9	qualifying patients directly or through their registered caregivers; and
10	(3) sales from a cannabis cultivator, cannabis product manufacturer,
11	cannabis wholesaler, or integrated licensee to a cannabis product manufacturer,
12	cannabis retailer, cannabis wholesaler, or integrated licensee.
13	(f) Any tax imposed under the authority of this section shall be collected
14	and administered by the Department of Taxes, in accordance with State law
15	governing the cannabis excise and cannabis local option taxes imposed under
16	chapter 207 of this title, and provided to the municipality in which they were
17	collected on a quarterly basis after reduction for the costs of administration and
18	collection. A tax imposed under this section shall be collected using a
19	destination basis for taxation. A per-return fee of \$5.96 shall be assessed to
20	compensate the Department for the costs of administration and collection,

I	which shall be paid by the municipality. The fee shall be subject to the
2	provisions of section 605 of this title.
3	(g) As used in this section, "municipality" means a city, town, or
4	incorporated village.
5	(h) Nothing in this section shall affect the validity of any existing provision
6	of law or municipal charter authorizing a municipality to impose a local option
7	tax on anything not subject to the cannabis local option tax.
8	§ 7903. LIABILITY FOR TAXES
9	(a) Any tax collected in accordance with this chapter shall be deemed to be
10	held by the retailer or integrated licensee in trust for the State of Vermont.
11	Any tax collected under this chapter shall be accounted for separately so as
12	clearly to indicate the amount of tax collected and that the same are the
13	property of the State of Vermont.
14	(b) Every retailer or integrated licensee required to collect and remit tax
15	under this chapter to the Commissioner shall be personally and individually
16	liable for the amount of such tax together with such interest and penalty as has
17	accrued under the provisions of section 3202 of this title. If the retailer or
18	integrated licensee is a corporation or other entity, the personal liability shall
19	extend to any officer or agent of the corporation or entity who as an officer or
20	agent of the same has the authority to collect and remit tax to the
21	Commissioner of Taxes as required in this chapter.

(c) A retailer or integrated licensee snall have the same rights in collecting	
tax from his or her purchaser or regarding nonpayment of tax by the purchaser	•
as if the tax or taxes were a part of the purchase price of cannabis or cannabis	
products and payable at the same time; provided, however, if the retailer or	
integrated licensee required to collect tax has failed to remit any portion of the	<u> </u>
tax or taxes to the Commissioner of Taxes, the Commissioner of Taxes shall be	<u>e</u>
notified of any action or proceeding brought by the retailer or integrated	
licensee to collect tax and shall have the right to intervene in such action or	
proceeding.	
(d) A retailer or integrated licensee required to collect tax may also refund	
or credit to the purchaser any tax erroneously, illegally, or unconstitutionally	
collected. No cause of action that may exist under State law shall accrue	
against the retailer or integrated licensee for tax collected unless the purchaser	• •
has provided written notice to a retailer or integrated licensee and the retailer	
or integrated licensee has had 60 days to respond.	
§ 7904. RETURNS; RECORDS	
(a) Any retailer or integrated licensee required to collect tax imposed by	
this chapter shall, on or before the 25th day of every month, return to the	
Department of Taxes, under oath of a person with legal authority to bind the	
retailer or integrated licensee, a statement containing its name and place of	
business, the total amount of sales subject to the cannabis excise tax and	

1	cannabis local option tax, if applicable, made in the preceding month, and any
2	information required by the Department of Taxes, along with the total tax due.
3	The Commissioner of Taxes may require that returns be submitted
4	electronically and may prohibit the remittance in cash of taxes collected.
5	(b) Every retailer and integrated licensee shall maintain, for not less than
6	three years, accurate records showing all transactions subject to tax liability
7	under this chapter. The records are subject to inspection by the Department of
8	Taxes at all reasonable times during normal business hours.
9	§ 7905. BUNDLED TRANSACTIONS
10	(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, a retail sale of a
11	bundled transaction that includes cannabis or a cannabis product is subject to
12	the cannabis excise tax and cannabis local option tax, where applicable,
13	imposed by this chapter on the entire selling price of the bundled transaction.
14	If there is a conflict with the bundling transaction provisions applicable to
15	another tax type, this section shall apply.
16	(b) If the selling price is attributable to products that are taxable and
17	products that are not taxable under this chapter, the portion of the price
18	attributable to the products that are nontaxable are subject to the tax imposed
19	by this chapter unless the retailer or integrated licensee can identify by
20	reasonable and verifiable standards the portion that is not subject to tax from
21	its books and records that are kept in the regular course of business, and any

1	discounts applied to the bundle must be attributed to the products that are
2	nontaxable under this chapter.
3	(c) As used in this section, "bundled transaction" means:
4	(1) the retail sale of two or more products where the products are
5	otherwise distinct and identifiable, are sold for one nonitemized price, and at
6	least one of the products is or contains cannabis; or
7	(2) cannabis or a cannabis product that is provided free of charge with
8	the required purchase of another product.
9	<u>§ 7906. LICENSE</u>
10	(a) Any retailer or integrated licensee required to collect tax imposed by
11	this chapter must apply for and receive a cannabis retail tax license from the
12	Commissioner for each place of business within the State where he or she sells
13	cannabis or cannabis products prior to commencing business. The
14	Commissioner shall issue without charge a license, or licenses, empowering
15	the retailer or integrated licensee to collect the cannabis excise tax and
16	cannabis local option tax, where applicable, provided that a retailer or
17	integrated licensee's application is properly submitted and the retailer or
18	integrated licensee is otherwise in compliance with applicable laws, rules, and
19	provisions.
20	(b) Each cannabis retail tax license shall state the place of business to
21	which it is applicable and be prominently displayed in the place of business.

1	The licenses shall be nonassignable and nontransferable and shall be
2	surrendered to the Commissioner immediately upon the registrant ceasing to
3	do business in the place named. A cannabis retail tax license shall be separate
4	and in addition to any licenses required by sections 9271 (meals and rooms
5	tax) and 9707 (sales and use tax) of this title.
6	(c) The Cannabis Control Board may require the Commissioner of Taxes to
7	suspend or revoke the tax licenses issued under this section for any retailer or
8	integrated licensee that fails to comply with 7 V.S.A. chapter 33 or any rules
9	adopted by the Board.
10	§ 7907. ADMINISTRATION OF CANNABIS TAXES
11	(a) The Commissioner of Taxes shall administer and enforce this chapter
12	and the tax. The Commissioner may adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter
13	25 to carry out such administration and enforcement.
14	(b) To the extent not inconsistent with this chapter, the provisions for the
15	assessment, collection, enforcement, and appeals of the sales and use tax in
16	chapter 233 of this title shall apply to the taxes imposed by this chapter.
17	§ 7908. STATUTORY PURPOSES
18	(a) The statutory purpose of the exemptions for cannabis and cannabis
19	products sold by any dispensary as authorized under 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 in
20	subdivisions 7901(d)(2) and 7902(e)(2) of this title is to lower the cost of

1	medical products in order to support the health and welfare of Vermont
2	residents.
3	(b) The statutory purpose of the exemption for nonretail sales in 7901(d)(3)
4	and 7902(e)(3) of this title is to avoid taxation when purchased cannabis or
5	cannabis product is intended to be incorporated into a new cannabis product.
6	§ 7909. ADDITIONAL TAXES DO NOT APPLY
7	The cannabis excise tax and cannabis local option tax are the only taxes that
8	apply to a retail sale of cannabis or cannabis product in this State.
9	Sec. 14a. 32 V.S.A. § 3102(d)(3) is amended to read:
10	(3) to any person who inquires, provided that the information is limited
11	to whether a person is registered to collect Vermont income withholding, sales
12	and use, or meals and rooms, or cannabis excise tax; whether a person is in
13	good standing with respect to the payment of these taxes; whether a person is
14	authorized to buy or sell property free of tax; or whether a person holds a valid
15	license under chapter 205 or 239 of this title or 10 V.S.A. § 1942;
16	* * * Sales Tax Exemption * * *
17	Sec. 15. 32 V.S.A. § 9701(31) is amended to read:
18	(31) "Food and food ingredients" means substances, whether in liquid,
19	concentrated, solid, frozen, dried, or dehydrated form, that are sold for
20	ingestion or chewing by humans and are consumed for their taste or nutritional
21	value. "Food and food ingredients" does not include alcoholic beverages,

1	tobacco, cannabis and cannabis products as defined under 7 V.S.A. § 831, or
2	soft drinks.
3	Sec. 16. 32 V.S.A. § 9741(53) is added to read:
4	(53) Cannabis and cannabis products as defined under 7 V.S.A. § 831.
5	* * * Tax Expenditure * * *
6	Sec. 17. 32 V.S.A. § 9706(mm) is added to read:
7	(mm) The statutory purpose of the exemption for cannabis and cannabis
8	products as defined under 7 V.S.A. § 831 in subdivision 9741(53) of this title
9	is to lower the cost of medical products sold by any dispensary as authorized
10	under 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 in order to support the health and welfare of
11	Vermont residents and avoid having both the sales tax and the cannabis excise
12	and cannabis local option taxes apply to cannabis and cannabis products that
13	are not sold as a medical product.
14	* * * Meals and Rooms Tax * * *
15	Sec. 17a. 32 V.S.A. § 9202(10) is amended to read:
16	(10) "Taxable meal" means:
17	* * *
18	(D) "Taxable meal" shall not include:
19	(i) Food or beverage, other than that taxable under subdivision
20	(10)(C) of this section, that is a grocery-type item furnished for take-out: whole
21	pies or cakes, loaves of bread; single-serving bakery items sold in quantities of

1	three or more; delicatessen and nonprepackaged candy sales by weight or
2	measure, except party platters; whole uncooked pizzas; pint or larger closed
3	containers of ice cream or frozen confection; eight ounce or larger containers
4	of salad dressings or sauces; maple syrup; quart or larger containers of cider or
5	milk.
6	* * *
7	(iii) Cannabis or cannabis products as defined under 7 V.S.A.
8	<u>§ 831.</u>
9	Sec. 17b. 32 V.S.A. § 9201(n) is added to read:
10	(n) The statutory purpose for the exemption for cannabis and cannabis
11	products as defined under 7 V.S.A. § 831 in subdivision 9202(10)(D)(iii) of
12	this title is to avoid having both the meals and rooms tax and the cannabis
13	excise tax apply to edible cannabis products.
14	* * * Income Tax Deduction * * *
15	Sec. 18. 32 V.S.A. § 5811 is amended to read:
16	§ 5811. DEFINITIONS
17	The following definitions shall apply throughout this chapter unless the
18	context requires otherwise:
19	* * *
20	(18) "Vermont net income" means, for any taxable year and for any
21	corporate taxpayer:

1	(A) the taxable income of the taxpayer for that taxable year under the
2	laws of the United States, without regard to 26 U.S.C. § 168(k) of the Internal
3	Revenue Code, and excluding income which under the laws of the United
4	States is exempt from taxation by the states:
5	* * *
6	(ii) decreased by:
7	(I) the "gross-up of dividends" required by the federal Internal
8	Revenue Code to be taken into taxable income in connection with the
9	taxpayer's election of the foreign tax credit; and
10	(II) the amount of income which results from the required
11	reduction in salaries and wages expense for corporations claiming the Targeted
12	Job or WIN credits; and
13	(III) any federal deduction that the taxpayer would have been
14	allowed for the cultivation, testing, processing, or sale of cannabis or cannabis
15	products as authorized under 7 V.S.A. chapter 33 or 18 V.S.A. chapter 86, but
16	for 26 U.S.C. § 280E.
17	* * *
18	(21) "Taxable income" means, in the case of an individual, federal
19	adjusted gross income determined without regard to 26 U.S.C. § 168(k) and:
20	* * *

1	(C) Decreased by the following exemptions and deductions:
2	* * *
3	(iii) an additional deduction of \$1,000.00 for each federal
4	deduction under 26 U.S.C. § 63(f) that the taxpayer qualified for and received;
5	and
6	(iv) the dollar amounts of the personal exemption allowed under
7	subdivision (i) of this subdivision (21)(C), the standard deduction allowed
8	under subdivision (ii) of this subdivision (21)(C), and the additional deduction
9	allowed under subdivision (iii) of this subdivision (21)(C) shall be adjusted
10	annually for inflation by the Commissioner of Taxes beginning with taxable
11	year 2018 by using the Consumer Price Index and the same methodology as
12	used for adjustments under 26 U.S.C. § 1(f)(3); provided, however, that as
13	used in this subdivision, "consumer price index" means the last Consumer
14	Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the U.S. Department of
15	Labor; and
16	(v) any federal deduction that the taxpayer would have been
17	allowed for the cultivation, testing, processing, or sale of cannabis or cannabis
18	products as authorized under 7 V.S.A. chapter 33 or 18 V.S.A. chapter 86, but
19	for 26 U.S.C. § 280E.
20	* * *

1	* * * Substance Misuse Prevention Fund * * *
2	Sec. 18a. 18 V.S.A. chapter 94 is amended to read:
3	CHAPTER 94. DIVISION OF ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE
4	PROGRAMS SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER
5	* * *
6	§ 4810. SUBSTANCE MISUSE PREVENTION FUND
7	(a) The Substance Misuse Prevention Fund is established pursuant to 32
8	V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5 for the purpose of funding substance misuse
9	prevention programming and for necessary costs incurred in administering the
10	Fund. The Fund shall be administered by the Commissioner of Health or
11	designee.
12	(b) The Fund shall consist of revenues derived from any funds that may be
13	dedicated by the General Assembly.
14	(c) All balances remaining at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried
15	forward and remain in the Fund.
16	(d) The Commissioner of Finance and Management may draw warrants for
17	disbursements from this Fund in anticipation of receipts.
18	Sec. 18b. 18 V.S.A. § 4810 is amended to read:
19	§ 4810. SUBSTANCE MISUSE PREVENTION FUND
20	(a) The Substance Misuse Prevention Fund is established pursuant to
21	32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5 for the purpose of funding substance misuse

1	prevention programming and for necessary costs incurred in administering the
2	Fund. The Fund shall be administered by the Commissioner of Health or
3	designee.
4	(b) The Fund shall consist of revenues derived from:
5	(1) 30 percent of the revenues raised by the cannabis excise tax imposed
6	by 32 V.S.A. § 7901, but not more than \$6 million per fiscal year; and
7	(2) any other funds that may be dedicated by the General Assembly.
8	(c) All balances remaining at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried
9	forward and remain in the Fund.
10	(d) The Commissioner of Finance and Management may draw warrants for
11	disbursements from this Fund in anticipation of receipts.
12	* * * Impaired Driving * * *
13	Sec. 18c. 20 V.S.A. § 2358(f) is added to read:
14	(f) The criteria for all minimum training standards under this section shall
15	include Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement training as
16	approved by the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council. On or before
17	December 31, 2021, law enforcement officers shall receive a minimum of
18	16 hours of training as required by this subsection.
19	Sec. 18d. 23 V.S.A. § 1200 is amended to read:
20	§ 1200. DEFINITIONS
21	As used in this subchapter:

1	* * *
2	(3) "Evidentiary test" means a breath, saliva, or blood test which that
3	indicates the person's alcohol concentration or the presence of other drug and
4	which that is intended to be introduced as evidence.
5	* * *
6	Sec. 18e. 23 V.S.A. § 1201 is amended to read:
7	§ 1201. OPERATING VEHICLE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF
8	ALCOHOL OR OTHER SUBSTANCE; CRIMINAL REFUSAL;
9	ENHANCED PENALTY FOR BAC OF 0.16 OR MORE
10	(a) A person shall not operate, attempt to operate, or be in actual physical
11	control of any vehicle on a highway:
12	(1) when the person's alcohol concentration is:
13	(A) 0.08 or more; or
14	(B) 0.02 or more if the person is operating a school bus as defined in
15	subdivision 4(34) of this title; or
16	(C) 0.04 or more if the person is operating a commercial vehicle as
17	defined in subdivision 4103(4) of this title; or
18	(2) when the person is under the influence of alcohol; or
19	(3) when the person is under the influence of any other drug or under the
20	combined influence of alcohol and any other drug; or

1	(4) when the person's alcohol concentration is 0.04 or more if the person
2	is operating a commercial motor vehicle as defined in subdivision 4103(4) of
3	this title.
4	(b) A person who has previously been convicted of a violation of this
5	section shall not operate, attempt to operate, or be in actual physical control of
6	any vehicle on a highway and refuse a law enforcement officer's reasonable
7	request under the circumstances for an evidentiary test where the officer had
8	reasonable grounds to believe the person was in violation of subsection (a) of
9	this section.
10	(c) A person shall not operate, attempt to operate, or be in actual physical
11	control of any vehicle on a highway and be involved in an accident or collision
12	resulting in serious bodily injury or death to another and refuse a law
13	enforcement officer's reasonable request under the circumstances for an
14	evidentiary test where the officer has reasonable grounds to believe the person
15	has any amount of alcohol or drugs in the his or her system.
16	* * *
17	(i) Evidence of the results of a standardized field sobriety test conducted by
18	a law enforcement officer trained in Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving
19	Enforcement or a certified Drug Recognition Expert's systematic evaluation of

observable signs and symptoms of a person charged with a violation of this

1	section snail be presumptively admissible at trial to demonstrate whether or not
2	the person was operating under the influence in violation of this section.
3	Sec. 18f. 23 V.S.A. § 1202 is amended to read:
4	§ 1202. CONSENT TO TAKING OF TESTS TO DETERMINE BLOOD
5	ALCOHOL CONTENT OR PRESENCE OF OTHER DRUG
6	(a)(1) Implied consent. Every person who operates, attempts to operate, or
7	is in actual physical control of any vehicle on a highway in this State is deemed
8	to have given consent to an evidentiary test of that person's breath for the
9	purpose of determining the person's alcohol concentration or the presence of
10	other drug in the blood. The test shall be administered at the direction of a law
11	enforcement officer.
12	(2) Blood test. If breath testing equipment is not reasonably available or
13	if the officer has reason to believe that the person is unable to give a sufficient
14	sample of breath for testing or if the law enforcement officer has reasonable
15	grounds to believe that the person is under the influence of a drug other than
16	alcohol, the person is deemed to have given consent to the taking of an
17	evidentiary sample of blood. If in the officer's opinion the person is incapable
18	of decision or unconscious or dead, it is deemed that the person's consent is
19	given and a sample of blood shall be taken. A blood test sought pursuant to
20	this subdivision (2) shall be obtained pursuant to subsection (f) of this section.

- (3) Saliva test. If the law enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the person is under the influence of a drug other than alcohol, or under the combined influence of alcohol and a drug, the person is deemed to have given consent to providing of an evidentiary sample of saliva. A saliva test sought pursuant to this subdivision (3) shall be obtained pursuant to subsection (f) of this section. Any saliva test administered under this section shall be used only for the limited purpose of detecting the presence of a drug in the person's body and shall not be used to extract DNA information.
- (4) Evidentiary test. The evidentiary test shall be required of a person when a law enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the person was operating, attempting to operate, or in actual physical control of a vehicle in violation of section 1201 of this title.
- (4)(5) Fatal collision or incident resulting in serious bodily injury. The evidentiary test shall also be required if the person is the surviving operator of a motor vehicle involved in a fatal incident or collision or an incident or collision resulting in serious bodily injury and the law enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the person has any amount of alcohol or other drug in his or her system.
- (b) A refusal to take a breath test may be introduced as evidence in a criminal proceeding.

(c) A person who is requested by a law enforcement officer to submit to an
evidentiary test or tests has a right as limited in this subsection to consult an
attorney before deciding whether or not to submit to such a test or tests. The
person must decide whether or not to submit to the evidentiary test or tests
within a reasonable time and not later than 30 minutes after the time of the
initial attempt to contact the attorney. The person must make a decision about
whether to submit to the test or tests at the expiration of the 30 minutes,
regardless of whether a consultation took place.

- (d) At the time a test is requested, the person shall be informed of the following statutory information:
- (1) Vermont law authorizes a law enforcement officer to request a test to determine whether the person is under the influence of alcohol or other drug.
- (2) If the officer's request is reasonable and testing is refused, the person's license or privilege to operate will be suspended for at least six months.
- (3) If a test is taken and the results indicate that the person is under the influence of alcohol or other drug, the person will be subject to criminal charges and the person's license or privilege to operate will be suspended for at least 90 days.
- (4) A person who is requested by a law enforcement officer to submit to an evidentiary test or tests has the limited right to consult an attorney before

- deciding whether or not to submit to such a test or tests. The person must decide whether or not to submit to the evidentiary test or tests within a reasonable time and no later than 30 minutes from the time of the initial attempt to contact the attorney, regardless of whether a consultation took place. The person also has the right to have additional tests made by someone of the person's own choosing at the person's own expense. The person shall also be informed of the location of one or more facilities available for drawing blood.
- (5) A person who is requested by a law enforcement officer to submit to an evidentiary test administered with an infrared breath-testing instrument may elect to have a second infrared test administered immediately after receiving the results of the first test.
- (6) If the person refuses to take an evidentiary test, the refusal may be offered into evidence against the person at trial, whether or not a search warrant is sought. The person may be charged with the crime of criminal refusal if the person:
- (A) has previously been convicted of a violation of section 1201 of this title; or
- (B) is involved in an accident or collision resulting in serious bodily injury or death to another, in which case the court may issue a search warrant and order the person to submit to a blood test, the results of which may be offered into evidence against the person at trial.

* * *

(f)(1) If a blood test is sought from a person pursuant to subdivision (a)(2) of this section, or if a person who has been involved in an accident or collision resulting in serious bodily injury or death to another refuses an evidentiary test, a law enforcement officer may apply for a search warrant pursuant to Rule 41 of the Vermont Rules of Criminal Procedure to obtain a sample of blood for an evidentiary test. If Pursuant to subdivision (d)(6) of this section, if a blood sample is obtained by search warrant, the fact of the refusal may still be introduced in evidence, in addition to the results of the evidentiary test. Once a law enforcement official begins the application process for a search warrant, the law enforcement official is not obligated to discontinue the process even if the person later agrees to provide an evidentiary breath sample. The limitation created by Rule 41(g) of the Vermont Rules of Criminal Procedure regarding blood specimens shall not apply to search warrants authorized by this section.

(2) If an evidentiary saliva test is sought from a person pursuant to subdivision (a)(3) of this section, a law enforcement officer may apply for a search warrant pursuant Rule 41 of the Vermont Rules of Criminal Procedure to obtain a sample of saliva for the evidentiary test. Pursuant to subdivision (d)(6) of this section, if a saliva sample is obtained by search warrant, the fact of the refusal may still be introduced in evidence, in addition to the results of the evidentiary test.

1	(g) The Defender General shall provide statewide 24-hour coverage seven
2	days a week to assure ensure that adequate legal services are available to
3	persons entitled to consult an attorney under this section.
4	Sec. 18g. 23 V.S.A. § 1203 is amended to read:
5	§ 1203. ADMINISTRATION OF TESTS; RETENTION OF TEST AND
6	VIDEOTAPE
7	(a) A breath test shall be administered only by a person who has been
8	certified by the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council to operate the
9	breath testing equipment being employed. In any proceeding under this
10	subchapter, a person's testimony that he or she is certified to operate the breath
11	testing equipment employed shall be prima facie evidence of that fact.
12	(b)(1) Only a physician, licensed nurse, medical technician, physician
13	assistant, medical technologist, or laboratory assistant, intermediate or
14	advanced emergency medical technician, or paramedic acting at the request of
15	a law enforcement officer may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining
16	the presence of alcohol or other another drug. This limitation does Any
17	withdrawal of blood shall not be taken at roadside. These limitations do not
18	apply to the taking of a breath sample. A medical facility or business may not
19	charge more than \$75.00 for services rendered when an individual is brought to
20	a facility for the sole purpose of an evidentiary blood sample or when an

- emergency medical technician or paramedic draws an evidentiary blood
 sample.
 - (2) A saliva sample may be obtained by a person authorized by the

 Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council to collect a saliva sample for the

 purpose of evidentiary testing to determine the presence of a drug. Any saliva

 sample obtained pursuant to this section shall not be taken at roadside.
 - (c) When a breath test which is intended to be introduced in evidence is taken with a crimper device or when blood or saliva is withdrawn at an officer's request, a sufficient amount of breath saliva or blood, as the case may be, shall be taken to enable the person to have made an independent analysis of the sample, and shall be held for at least 45 days from the date the sample was taken. At any time during that period the person may direct that the sample be sent to an independent laboratory of the person's choosing for an independent analysis. The Department of Public Safety shall adopt rules providing for the security of the sample. At no time shall the defendant or any agent of the defendant have access to the sample. A preserved sample of breath shall not be required when an infrared breath-testing instrument is used. A person tested with an infrared breath-testing instrument shall have the option of having a second infrared test administered immediately after receiving the results of the first test.

(d) In the case of a breath, saliva, or blood test administered using an infrared breath testing instrument, the test shall be analyzed in compliance with rules adopted by the Department of Public Safety. The analyses shall be retained by the State. A sample is adequate if the infrared breath testing instrument analyzes the sample and does not indicate the sample is deficient.

Analysis An analysis of the person's breath saliva or blood which that is available to that person for independent analysis shall be considered valid when performed according to methods approved by the Department of Public Safety. The analysis performed by the State shall be considered valid when performed according to a method or methods selected by the Department of Public Safety. The Department of Public Safety shall use rule making procedures to select its method or methods. Failure of a person to provide an adequate breath or saliva sample constitutes a refusal.

- (e) [Repealed.]
- (f) When a law enforcement officer has reason to believe that a person may be violating or has violated section 1201 of this title, the officer may request the person to provide a sample of breath for a preliminary screening test using a device approved by the Commissioner of Public Safety for this purpose. The person shall not have the right to consult an attorney prior to submitting to this preliminary breath alcohol screening test. The results of this preliminary screening test may be used for the purpose of deciding whether an arrest

- should be made and whether to request an evidentiary test and shall not be used in any court proceeding except on those issues. Following the screening, test additional tests may be required of the operator pursuant to the provisions of section 1202 of this title.
 - (g) The Office of the Chief Medical Examiner shall report in writing to the Department of Motor Vehicles the death of any person as the result of an accident involving a vehicle and the circumstances of such accident within five days of such death.
 - (h) A Vermont law enforcement officer shall have a right to request a breath, saliva or blood sample in an adjoining state or country under this section unless prohibited by the law of the other state or country. If the law in an adjoining state or country does not prohibit an officer acting under this section from taking a breath, saliva, or blood sample in its jurisdiction, evidence of such sample shall not be excluded in the courts of this State solely on the basis that the test was taken outside the State.
 - (i) The Commissioner of Public Safety shall adopt emergency rules relating to the operation, maintenance, and use of preliminary alcohol screening devices for use by law enforcement officers in enforcing the provisions of this title. The commissioner Commissioner shall consider relevant standards of the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration in adopting such rules. Any preliminary alcohol screening device authorized for use under this title shall be

urine, or saliva must be presented.

1	on the qualified products list of the National Highway Traffic Safety
2	Administration.
3	* * *
4	Sec. 18h. 23 V.S.A. § 1203a(b) is amended to read:
5	(b) Arrangements for a blood test shall be made by the person submitting to
6	the evidentiary breath or saliva test, by the person's attorney, or by some other
7	person acting on the person's behalf unless the person is detained in custody
8	after administration of the evidentiary test and upon completion of processing,
9	in which case the law enforcement officer having custody of the person shall
10	make arrangements for administration of the blood test upon demand but at the
11	person's own expense.
12	Sec. 18i. 23 V.S.A. § 1204 is amended to read:
13	§ 1204. PERMISSIVE INFERENCES
14	* * *
15	(b) The foregoing provisions shall not be construed as limiting the
16	introduction of any other competent evidence bearing upon the question
17	whether the person was under the influence of alcohol or under the combined
18	influence of alcohol and another drug, nor shall they be construed as requiring
19	that evidence of the amount of alcohol or drug in the person's blood, breath,

1	Sec. 18j. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY; DRUG RECOGNITION
2	EXPERTS; REPORT
3	On or before January 15, 2021, the Department of Public Safety shall report
4	to the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary and on Government
5	Operations on how to:
6	(1) achieve geographic equity in Drug Recognition Expert availability to
7	conduct roadside evaluations of drivers suspected of violating 23 V.S.A.
8	§ 1201 across Vermont; and
9	(2) whether to expand the availability of the Drug Recognition Expert
10	program beyond law enforcement officers to other public safety officials to the
11	extent authorized by the national qualification standards of the International
12	Association of Chiefs of Police and the National Highway Traffic Safety
13	Administration.
14	Sec. 18k. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY; NATIONAL HIGHWAY
15	TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION APPROVED SALIVA
16	TESTING DEVICE; REPORT
17	Upon the National Traffic Highway Safety Association identifying a
18	threshold level of concentration of a psychoactive metabolite of cannabis in a
19	person's bloodstream to establish impairment and approving a chemical testing
20	device for roadside use capable of demonstrating such a threshold level of
21	concentration of such psychoactive metabolite of cannabis in a person's

1	system, the Department of Public Safety shall report to the House and Senate
2	Committees on Judiciary and on Government Operations on a proposal to
3	implement the use of such a device to evaluate individuals suspected of
4	operating under the influence of marijuana in violation of 23 V.S.A. § 1201.
5	* * * Safety Belts * * *
6	Sec. 181. 23 V.S.A. § 1259 is amended to read:
7	§ 1259. SAFETY BELTS; PERSONS AGE 18 <u>YEARS OF AGE</u> OR OVER
8	* * *
9	(e) This section may be enforced only if a law enforcement officer has
10	detained the operator of a motor vehicle for another suspected traffic violation
11	An operator shall not be subject to the penalty established in this section unles
12	the operator is required to pay a penalty for the primary violation. [Repealed.]
13	(f) The penalty for violation of this section shall be as follows:
14	(1) \$25.00 \$0.00 for a first violation;
15	(2) \$50.00 \$25.00 for a second violation;
16	(3) \$50.00 for a third violation; and
17	(4) \$100.00 for third fourth and subsequent violations.
18	Sec. 18m. REPORTING BY THE VERMONT CRIMINAL JUSTICE
19	TRAINING COUNCIL
20	The Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council, in consultation with law
21	enforcement agencies, shall submit a written report to the House and Senate

1	Committees on Transportation and on Judiciary on or before the 15th day of
2	January in 2022, 2023, and 2024 containing, for the prior State fiscal year:
3	(1) the total number of traffic stops broken out by race of the driver
4	involved in the traffic stop; and
5	(2) the following information for all traffic stops involving safety belts
6	not worn by persons 18 years of age or over:
7	(A) the age, gender, and race of the driver involved in the traffic stop;
8	(B) the reason for the traffic stop;
9	(C) the type of search conducted, if any;
10	(D) the evidence located, if any;
11	(E) the outcome of the traffic stop, including whether:
12	(i) a written warning was issued,
13	(ii) a citation for a civil ticket was issued;
14	(iii) a citation or arrest for a misdemeanor or a felony occurred; or
15	(iv) no subsequent action was taken;
16	(F) summary data broken out by age, gender, race, and outcome of
17	the traffic stop where the reason for the stop was the primary enforcement of a
18	person 18 years of age or over not wearing a safety belt; and
19	(G) summary data broken out by age, gender, race, and outcome of
20	the traffic stop where the reason for the stop was for any reason other than the

1	primary enforcement of a person 18 years of age or over not wearing a safety
2	belt.
3	* * * Miscellaneous Cannabis Provisions * * *
4	Sec. 18n. 6 V.S.A. § 567 is amended to read:
5	§ 567. AGENCY OF AGRICULTURE, FOOD AND MARKETS; TESTING
6	(a) The Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall establish a cannabis
7	quality control program for the following purposes:
8	(1) to develop potency and contaminant testing protocols for hemp, and
9	hemp-infused products, cannabis, and cannabis products as defined in 7 V.S.A.
10	<u>§ 831</u> ;
11	(2) to verify cannabinoid label guarantees of hemp, and hemp-infused
12	products, cannabis, and cannabis products as defined in 7 V.S.A. § 831;
13	(3) to test for pesticides, solvents, heavy metals, mycotoxins, and
14	bacterial and fungal contaminants in hemp, and hemp-infused products,
15	cannabis, and cannabis products as defined in 7 V.S.A. § 831; and
16	(4) to certify testing laboratories that can offer the services in
17	subdivisions (2) and (3) of this section.
18	(b) For purposes of this section, a laboratory operating under a dispensary
19	registration pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 that offers the services in
20	subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection (a) of this section on July 1, 2020 shall
21	be deemed certified by the Agency.

1	(c) The cost of a test of a product produced at a registered dispensary shall
2	be paid by the Department of Public Safety.
3	Sec. 19. 18 V.S.A. § 4230a(a)(2)(A) is amended to read:
4	(2)(A) A person shall not consume marijuana cannabis in a public place.
5	"Public place" means any street, alley, park, sidewalk, public building other
6	than individual dwellings, any place of public accommodation as defined in 9
7	V.S.A. § 4501, and any place where the use or possession of a lighted tobacco
8	product, tobacco product, or tobacco substitute as defined in 7 V.S.A. § 1001 is
9	prohibited by law has the same meaning as provided by 7 V.S.A. § 831.
10	Sec. 20. 18 V.S.A. § 4230 is amended to read:
11	§ 4230. MARIJUANA CANNABIS
12	* * *
13	(b) Selling or dispensing.
14	(1) A person knowingly and unlawfully selling marijuana cannabis or
15	hashish shall be imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than
16	\$10,000.00, or both.
17	(2) A person knowingly and unlawfully selling or dispensing more than
18	one ounce of marijuana cannabis or five grams or more of hashish shall be
19	imprisoned not more than five years or fined not more than \$100,000.00, or
20	both.

1	(3) A person knowingly and unlawfully selling or dispensing one pound		
2	or more of marijuana cannabis or 2.8 ounces or more of hashish shall be		
3	imprisoned not more than 15 years or fined not more than \$500,000.00, or		
4	both.		
5	(4) A person 21 years of age or older may dispense one ounce or less of		
6	cannabis or five grams or less of hashish to another person who is 21 years of		
7	age or older provided that the dispensing is not advertised or promoted to the		
8	public.		
9	Sec. 21. STATUTORY REVISION AUTHORITY		
10	When preparing the Vermont Statutes Annotated for publication, the Office		
11	of Legislative Council shall replace "marijuana" with "cannabis" throughout		
12	the statutes as needed for consistency with this act, provided the		
13	revisions have no other effect on the meaning of the affected statutes.		
14	* * * Effective Dates * * *		
15	Sec. 22. EFFECTIVE DATES		
16	(a) This section and Secs. 2 (cannabis chapter), 3 (implementation of the		
17	Cannabis Control Board), 18c (Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving		
18	Enforcement training), 18j (drug recognition experts report), 18n (Agency of		
19	Agriculture, Food and Markets; testing), 20 (cannabis dispensing), and 21		
20	(statutory revision authority) shall take effect on passage.		

1	(b) Secs. 1 (Title 7 redesignation), 4 (implementation of rulemaking by the		
2	Cannabis Control Board, 5 (Cannabis Control Board; fees), 6 (creation of		
3	Board positions), 6a (space allocation), 6b (appropriation), 7 (cannabis		
4	establishments chapter), 8 (implementation of licensing of cannabis		
5	establishments), 18a (Substance Misuse Prevention Fund), 18i (permissive		
6	inference), 18k (National Highway Traffic safety Administration-approved		
7	saliva testing device), 18l (seat belts) and 19 (public place definition) shall take		
8	effect July 1, 2020.		
9	(c) Secs. 14 (creation of excise and local option tax), 14a (tax license		
10	disclosure), 15 (sales tax exemption), 16 (tax exemption), 17 (tax expenditure),		
11	17a (meals and rooms tax), 17b (meals and rooms tax expenditure), 18 (income		
12	tax deduction), 18b (Substance Misuse Prevention Fund), 18d (definition of		
13	evidentiary test), 18e (operating vehicle under the influence of alcohol or other		
14	substance), 18f (consent to taking of tests to determine blood alcohol content		
15	or presence of other drug), 18g (administration of tests), 18h (independent		
16	testing of evidentiary sample) and 18m (reporting by the Vermont Criminal		
17	Justice Training Council) shall take effect January 1, 2022.		
18	(d) Secs. 6c and 6d shall take effect on July 1, 2022.		

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1	(Committee vote:)	
2		
3		Representative
4		FOR THE COMMITTEE