# Medical Expenses Deduction: Research And Ideas

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# Who would benefit from a medical deduction as written in S.126?

 By income, the impact hits across the income distribution, with slightly higher benefits for those with between \$70,000 and \$150,000 in AGI

Tax Summary of Reintroducing Medical Deduction (S.126)						
			Percent of Total		Change in	
		Number of	Tax Returns	Average Tax	Effective Tax	Total Tax Impact
Adjusted Gross	s Income	Returns Impacted	Impacted	Decrease	Rates	(Millions)
-Infinity	\$20,000	204	0.40%	-\$112.19	0.13%	-\$0.02
\$20,000	\$30,000	390	1.06%	-\$189.27	-0.01%	-\$0.07
\$30,000	\$40,000	457	1.27%	-\$245.57	-0.01%	-\$0.11
\$40,000	\$50,000	483	1.61%	-\$303.59	-0.01%	-\$0.14
\$50,000	\$60,000	500	2.08%	-\$469.22	-0.02%	-\$0.22
\$60,000	\$70,000	482	2.45%	-\$600.76	-0.02%	-\$0.28
\$70,000	\$80,000	463	2.77%	-\$669.04	-0.03%	-\$0.29
\$80,000	\$100,000	691	2.52%	-\$893.74	-0.03%	-\$0.59
\$100,000	\$125,000	678	2.78%	-\$1,089.62	-0.03%	-\$0.70
\$125,000	\$150,000	450	3.07%	-\$1,318.96	-0.03%	-\$0.56
\$150,000	\$200,000	413	2.85%	-\$1,134.79	-0.02%	-\$0.45
\$200,000	\$300,000	244	2.50%	-\$1,894.78	-0.02%	-\$0.44
\$300,000 Infinity	y	131	1.41%	-\$3,266.99	-0.01%	-\$0.41
Total		5,586		-\$805.29	-0.02%	-\$4.3

Assumes 10% AGI floor on deduction for medical expenses

### Catastrophic vs. Continuing Care

- The medical expenses deduction is used for numerous purposes.
- How much of it is used for continuing care facilities and how much of it is used for catastrophic, non-continuing care?
- Caveat: difficult to discern exactly.
  - The data is not broken out on the return

S.126 Tax Cuts for Residents					
Town	Total Tax Cut (millions)	Percent of Total	Number of Returns	Percent of Total Returns	
Shelburne	-\$0.52	12.6%	378	6.11%	
South Burlington	-\$0.21	5.1%	263	4.25%	
Burlington	-\$0.21	5.0%	317	5.13%	
Middlebury	-\$0.16	4.0%	144	2.33%	
Manchester	-\$0.11	2.7%	116	1.88%	
Brattleboro	-\$0.10	2.4%	148	2.39%	
Hartford	-\$0.10	2.3%	144	2.33%	
Bennington	-\$0.09	2.2%	161	2.60%	
Dorset	-\$0.09	2.2%	57	0.92%	
Woodstock	-\$0.09	2.1%	102	1.65%	
Essex Junction	-\$0.08	2.0%	116	1.88%	
Montpelier	-\$0.08	1.8%	90	1.46%	
Colchester	-\$0.07	1.8%	123	1.99%	
Stowe	-\$0.07	1.6%	96	1.55%	
Rutland City	-\$0.06	1.5%	124	2.01%	
All Others	-\$2.09	50.7%	3330		
Total Tax Change	-\$4.11		•		
Total Tax Change Non-Residents	-\$0.29				

### Catastrophic vs Continuing Care

• \$2.64 of \$4.1 million (64%) is used by taxpayers over the age of 65.

S.126 Tax Cuts for Residents Age 65+			
Town	Total Tax Cut (millions)	Percent of Total	
SHELBURNE	-\$0.42	16.0%	
BURLINGTON	-\$0.15	5.6%	
SOUTH BURLINGTON	-\$0.14	5.5%	
MIDDLEBURY	-\$0.12	4.4%	
DORSET	-\$0.08	3.0%	
BRATTLEBORO	-\$0.08	2.9%	
MANCHESTER	-\$0.07	2.6%	
WOODSTOCK	-\$0.07	2.5%	
BENNINGTON	-\$0.06	2.3%	
ESSEX JUNCTION	-\$0.06	2.2%	
HARTFORD	-\$0.05	2.1%	
MONTPELIER	-\$0.05	2.0%	
STOWE	-\$0.04	1.6%	
RUTLAND CITY	-\$0.04	1.6%	
COLCHESTER	-\$0.04	1.5%	
All Others	-\$1.17	44.2%	
Total Tax Change	-\$2.64		

### Catastrophic vs. Continuing Care

77% of tax benefits would go to those over the age of 60

S.126 Tax Cuts for Residents by Age			
Age Group	Total Tax Cut (millions)		
18-30	-\$0.07		
31-40	-\$0.20		
41-50	-\$0.25		
51-60	-\$0.44		
61-70	-\$1.25		
71-80	-\$1.04		
81-90	-\$0.60		
90+	-\$0.25		
Total	-\$4.10		

 Conclusion: Though anyone with medical expenses would benefit, it appears as though those in continuing care/long term care communities would benefit the most

#### Potential Options for a Medical Deduction

Note: only S.126 has been discussed in committee

Proposal	Cost (in Millions)
Allow a full deduction (S.126)	-\$4.3
Cap a medical deduction at \$20,000	-\$2.7
Cap a medical deduction at \$15,000	-\$2.3
Charitable Tax Credit for Medical expenses or Charitable giving	-\$2.2
Only allow Med Deduction in excess of VT Standard Deduction	-\$3.0
Only allow Med Deduction in excess of VT SD and Personal Exemptions	-\$2.3

#### Potential Offsets/Pay-Fors

 ATTENTION: none of the following ideas has been proposed by any legislator.

Possible Offsets		Revenue Raised (millions)
Set top income tax rate to 8.925% (from 8.75%)		\$4.6
Set income tax rates for highest two brackets to 7.75% and 8.85% (from 7.6% and 8.75%)		\$4.2
End the Social Security deduction		\$4.4
Raise Estate Tax Exemption to only \$3.25 million by January 2020 (relative to House)		\$0 in FY20, 1.9m in FY21, \$4.0 in FY22
New Property Transfer Tax rate on transfers above \$500,000. Rate of:		
	1.50%	\$1.4
	1.65%	\$2.3
	1.75%	\$3.0
	1.85%	\$3.5
	2.00%	\$4.4
Capital Gains Exclusion: 30% exclusion, \$350k cap, and \$5,000 exclusion goes to \$4000		\$1.2