Clean Water Initiative 2019 Performance Report

To: House Committee

on Natural

Resources, Fish,

and Wildlife

From: Emily Bird

Vermont Department

of Environmental

Conservation (DEC)

On: May 5, 2020















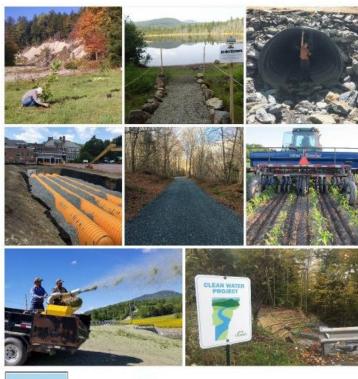






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AGENCY OF NATURAL RESOURCES
AGENCY OF TRANSPORTATION

VERMONT CLEAN WATER INITIATIVE 2019 PERFORMANCE REPORT







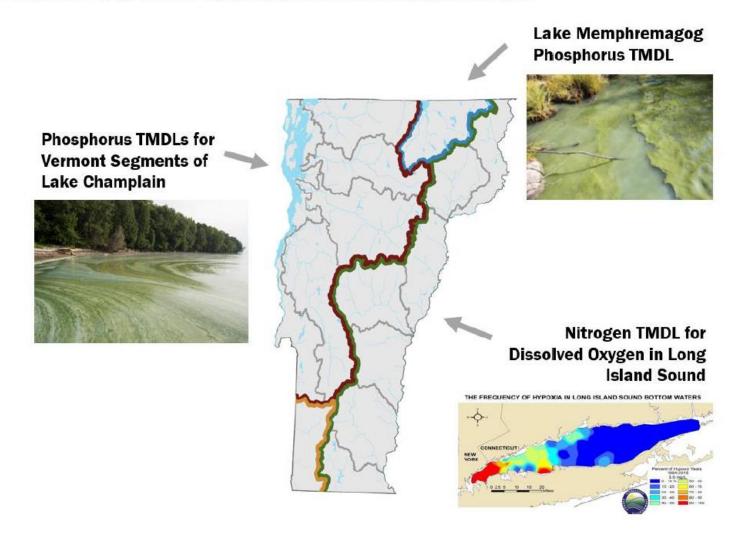
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What is a Clean Water Project?

Additional Benefits Land Use Clean Water Project Objectives and Example Project Images Supports Clean Water Act compliance Addresses runoff and soil erosion Cost-effective from farm production areas and Leverages federal funds farm fields Supports agricultural economy AGRICULTURE Addresses stormwater runoff from Supports Clean Water Act compliance developed lands, such as parking Increases flood resilience lots, sidewalks, and rooftops May enhance aesthetic appeal DEVELOPED LANDS Supports Clean Water Act compliance Restores functions of "natural Cost-effective infrastructure"-river channels, Increases flood resilience floodplains, lakeshores, and Improves habitat wetlands **Enhances recreation** NATURAL RESOURCES Supports Clean Water Act compliance Cost-effective Addresses stormwater runoff from Increases flood resilience roads Leverages federal funds Reduces future road maintenance costs ROADS Decreases nutrients (phosphorus Protects public health and safety and nitrogen) through enhanced Supports Clean Water Act compliance wastewater treatment and Leverages federal funds addresses aging infrastructure WASTEWATER

What is a "Total Maximum Daily Load?"

Figure 2. Vermont's large TMDLs that require nutrient pollutant reductions



Report Scope Types of Measures Reported



Investment measures of how State of Vermont invests in clean water projects from planning to design and implementation



Project output measures that quantify the results of state-funded clean water projects



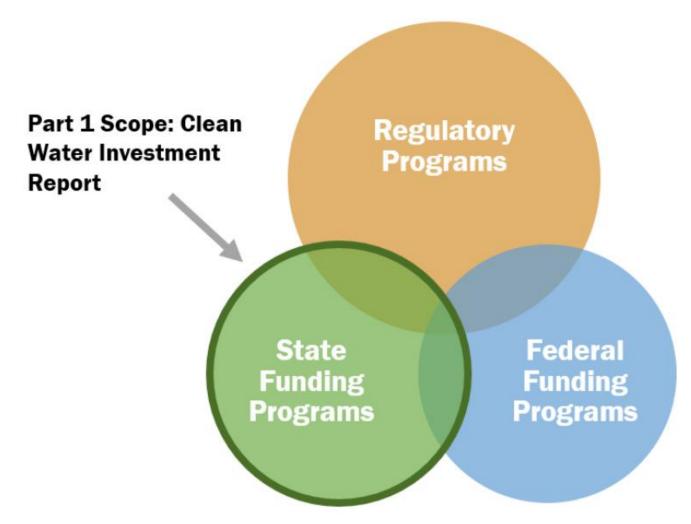
Education measures on outreach and technical assistance to support, identify, and develop clean water projects



Pollutant reduction measures of estimated nutrient load reductions achieved by clean water projects

Report Scope Part 1: Vermont Clean Water Investment Report

Target Audience: Vermont State Legislature

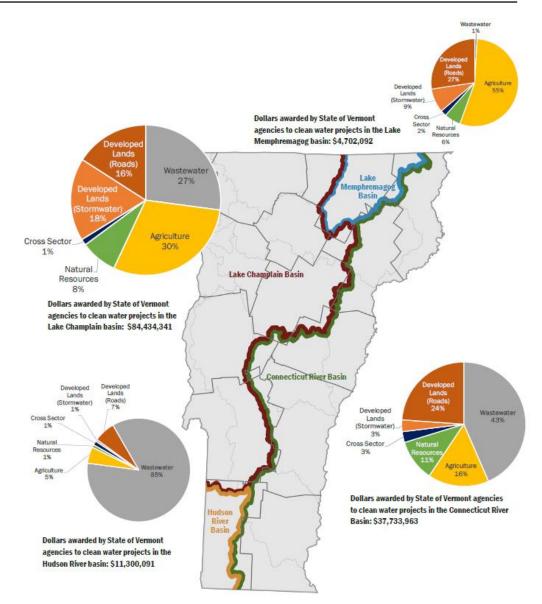


Vermont's Clean Water Investments



\$138 million

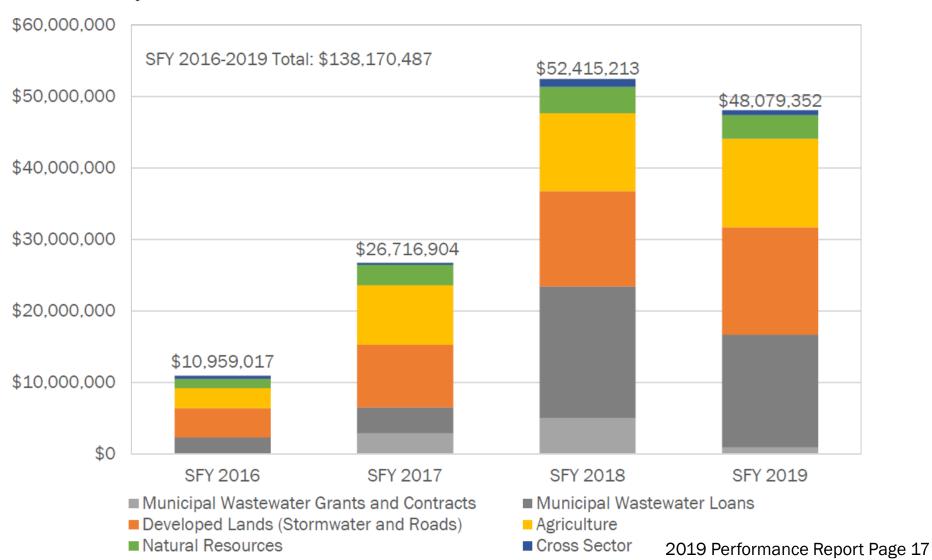
Awarded by State of Vermont agencies to clean water projects, SFY 2016-2019



Vermont's Clean Water Investments



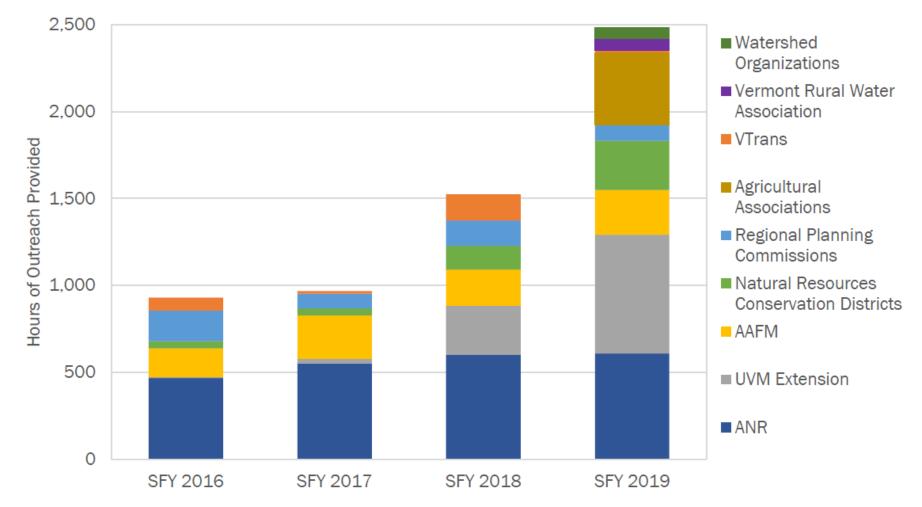
Figure 7. Total dollars awarded to clean water projects through State of Vermont agencies, SFY 2016-2019 by land use sector⁵



Vermont's Clean Water Education

Figure 10. Total hours of education provided to participants of State of Vermont clean water outreach events (i.e., workshops, trainings, and public/stakeholder meetings), SFY 2016-2019 by outreaching organization/organization category





Results of Vermont's Clean Water Investments

U	C

DEVELOPED LANDS AND ROADS PROJECT OUTPUTS	2016	2017	2018	2019	TOTAL
Acres of existing impervious surface treated by stormwater practices	0.2	87	28	107	222
Miles of municipal road drainage and erosion control improvements	1	12	68	88	169
Number of municipal road drainage and stream culverts replaced	-	106	137	254	497
Cubic yards of Class IV road gully erosion remediated	-	-	260	33	293
Cubic yards of catch basin outlet erosion remediated	-	-	1	784	785
Acres stabilized through use of hydroseeder/mulcher equipment per year	-	-	19	98	117

Figure 29. Before (left) and after (right) installation of stone-lined drainage ditches, removal of high road shoulders and replacement of drainage culverts along Dorset Hill Road by the Town of Dorset in partnership with Bennington County Regional Commission funded through the Municipal Roads Grants-in-Aid Program

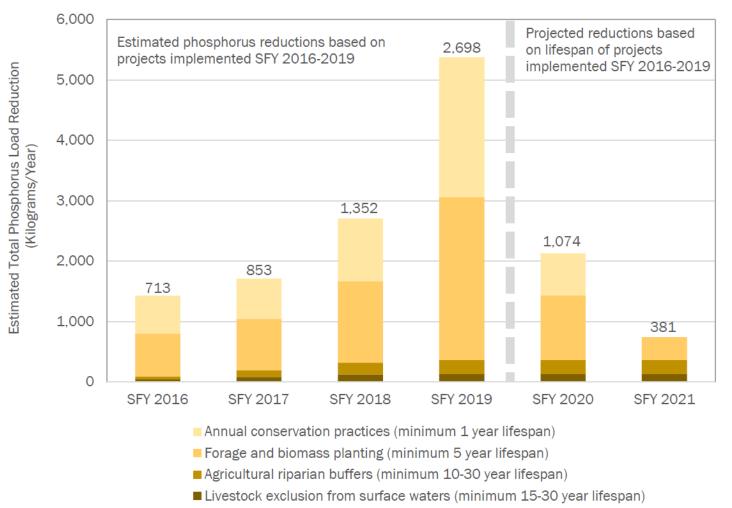




Results of Vermont's Clean Water Investments

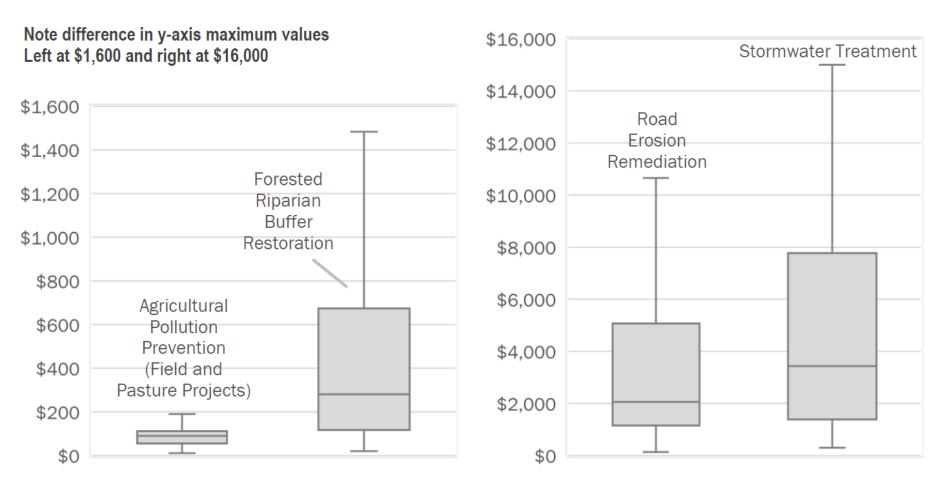


Figure 22. Annual estimated total phosphorus load reduction (kilograms per year) achieved by state-funded agricultural pollution prevention projects implemented SFY 2016-2019 (projected reductions are based on lifespan of projects completed SFY 2016-2019)



Cost Effectiveness of State Clean Water Investments

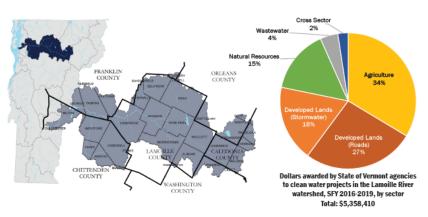
Figure 36. Estimated cost per kilogram of total phosphorus load reduced, based on clean water projects funded through State of Vermont agencies with estimated total phosphorus load reductions completed SFY 2016-2019 (project costs include local match/in-kind and federal match where reported)



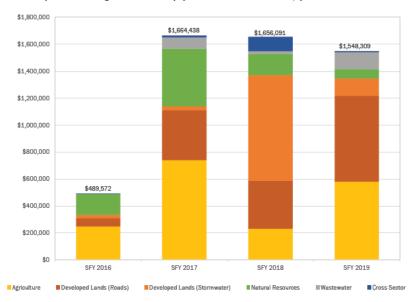
Watershed Summaries (Appendix A)

Lamoille River Watershed Investments





Dollars awarded by State of Vermont agencies to clean water projects in the Lamoille River watershed, by sector and State Fiscal Year.



Lamoille River Watershed Results



Results of clean water projects funded by State of Vermont agencies completed, SFY 2016-2019, by sector, in the Lamoille River watershed. Note: Does not include results of projects funded, but not yet completed. The Lamoille River Tactical Basin Plan is due for an interim report card as part of the Lake Champlain Progress Report this reporting period. Refer to Part 2 "Lake Champlain Progress Report and Appendix B "Interim Lake Champlain TMDL Progress Report for Lamoille River" of this report for more information.



Acres of agricultural land treated by conservation practices	189	87	182	840	1,298
Acres of agricultural land treated by forest and grass buffers	-	14	100	-	114
Acres of pasture with livestock excluded from surface waters	-	9	27	-	36
Number of barnyard and production area practices installed	12	29	2	2	45
Acres of water quality protections within newly conserved agricultural lands	-	-	42	-	42
Estimated acres of agricultural land treated through equipment	-	153	2	104	259
AGRICULTURE POLLUTANT REDUCTION	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Total phosphorus load reduction (kilograms per year)	29.6	34.3	86.9	243.0	



	NATURAL RESOURCES PROJECT OUTPUTS	2016	2017	2018	2019	TOTAL
	Acres of forested riparian buffer restored	1	1	0.9	8	11
	Acres of riparian corridor conserved and restored through easements	21	35	35	-	91
	Acres of floodplain restored	-	-	0.3	-	0.3
	Acres of lakeshore restored	-	-	-	-	-
	Stream miles reconnected for stream equilibrium/fish passage	-	-	-	-	-
CES	Acres of wetland conserved and restored through easements	-	-	-	-	-
	Acres of forestland conserved with water quality protections	-	15	15	-	30
	Miles of forest road drainage and erosion control improvements	-	-	-	0.8	1
	Number of stream crossings improved	-	-	-	2	2
	Square feet of eroding gully remediated	-	-	-	27	27
	NATURAL RESOURCES POLLUTANT REDUCTION	2016	2017	2018	2019	
	Total phosphorus load reduction (kilograms per year)	0.5	2.7	6.2	6.8	









	WASTEWATER PROJECT OUTPUTS	2016	2017	2018	2019	TOTAL
	Number of combined sewer overflow abatements completed	-	-	-	-	-
	Number of sewer extensions completed	-	-	-	-	-
1,	Number of wastewater collection systems refurbished	-	-	-	-	-
	Number of wastewater treatment facility refurbished	-	-	-	-	-
	Number of wastewater treatment facility upgrades completed	-	-	-	-	-

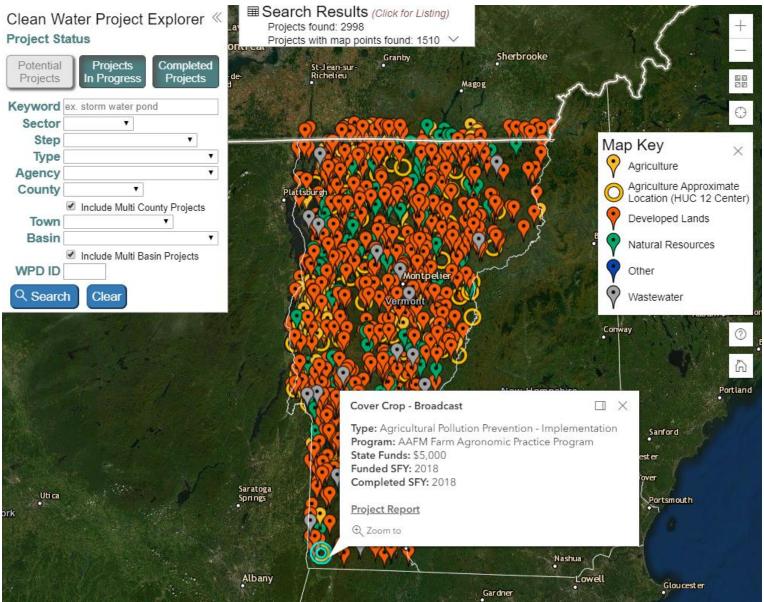
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Online Clean Water Projects Explorer



https://dec.vermont.gov/water-investment/cwi/projects

Report Scope Part 2: Lake Champlain Progress Report

Target Audience: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Part 2 Scope: Lake Champlain Progress Report

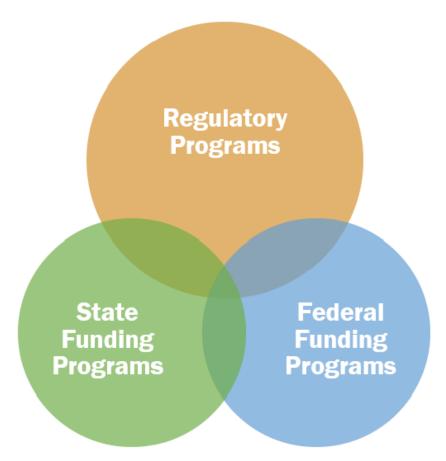
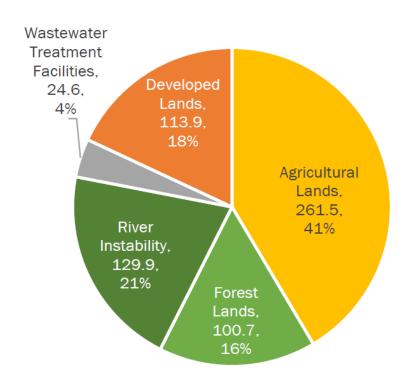
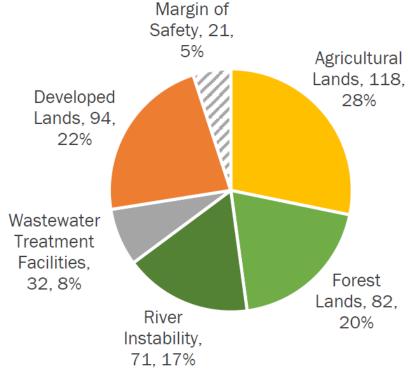


Figure 37. Lake Champlain TMDL baseline (left) and target (right) total phosphorus load in metric tons per year (requires a total reduction of 212.4 metric tons per year)¹²

Baseline total phosphorus load to Lake Champlain (average of 2001-2010): 631 metric tons per year Target total phosphorus load to Lake Champlain: 418 metric tons per year





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Figure 39. Annual <u>estimated</u> total phosphorus load reduction (metric tons per year) achieved by clean water projects that support implementation of the Lake Champlain TMDL completed SFY 2016-2019, by federal funding, state funding, and regulatory programs (top) and land use sector (bottom)¹⁴

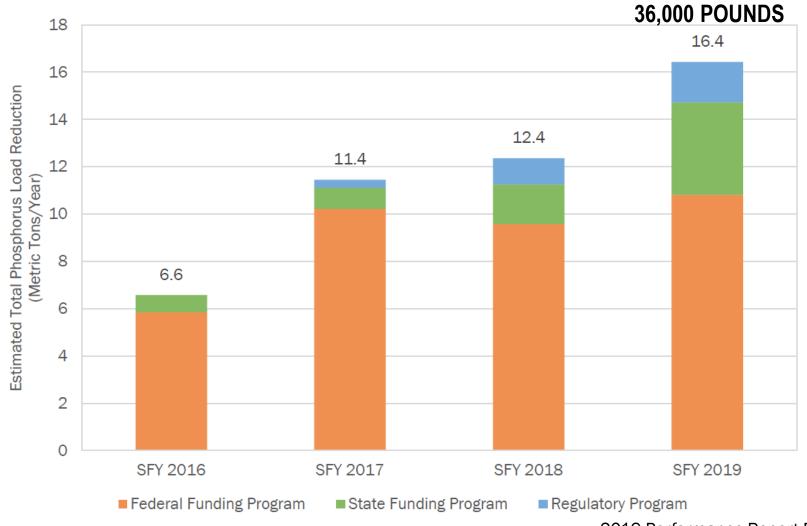


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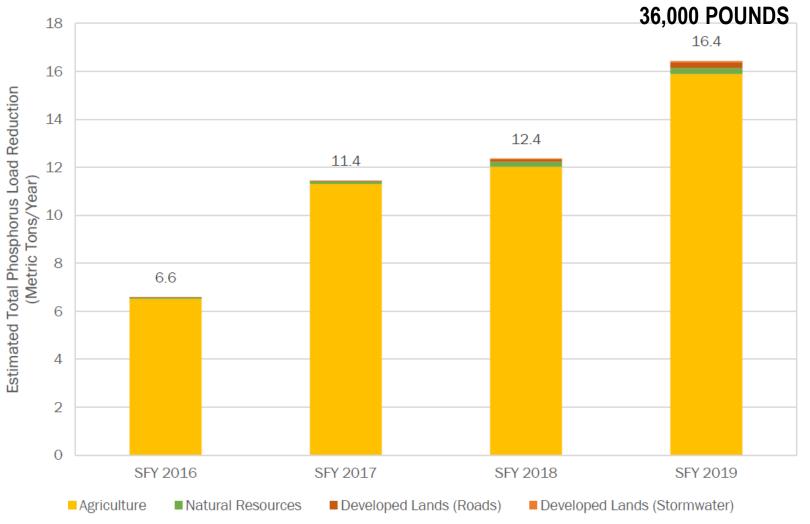
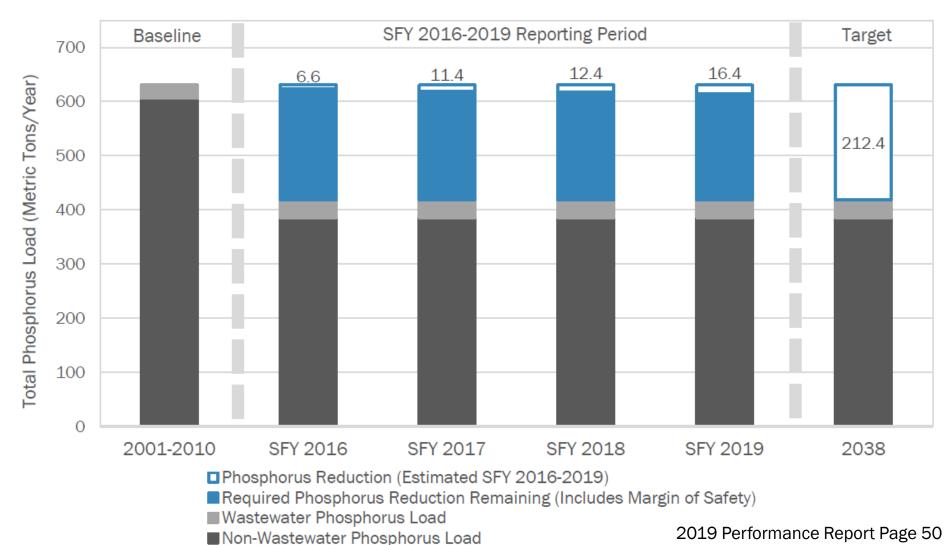
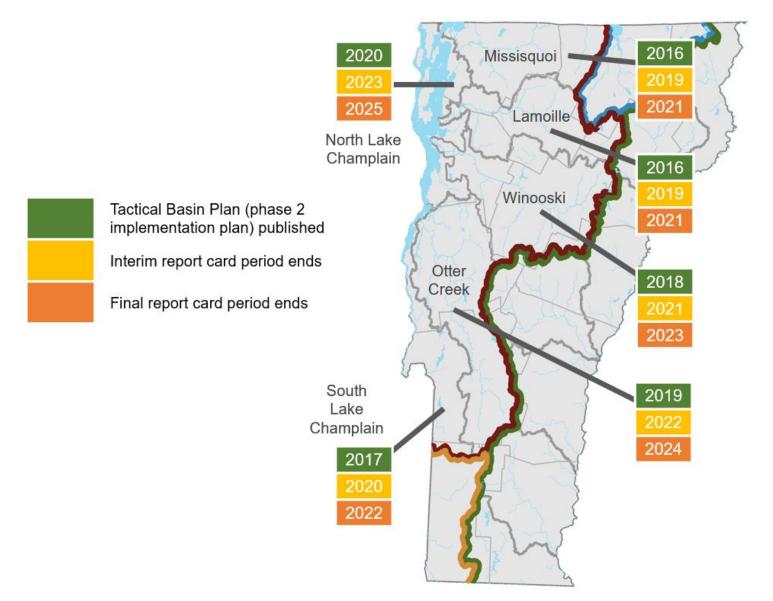


Figure 40. Lake Champlain TMDL total phosphorus load baseline (2001-2010), quantified estimated total phosphorus load reductions achieved through federal funding, state funding, and regulatory programs (SFY 2016-2019 reporting period), and target phosphorus load (2038) in metric tons per year¹⁵







UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION I

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EPA's Lake Champlain TMDL Interim Report Card for the Lamoille and Missisquoi Tactical Basin Plans

https://dec.vermont.gov/watershed/restoring/ champlain April 14, 2020

Peter Walke, Commissioner Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation 1 National Life Drive, Main 2 Montpelier VT 05620-3522

Re: Lake Champlain TMDL Implementation Interim Report Card for the Lamoille and Missisquoi Tactical Basin Plans

Dear Commissioner Walke:

Thank you for your progress report on Lake Champlain TMDL implementation, the "Vermont Clean Water Initiative 2019 Performance Report," dated January 15, 2020. The well-documented and comprehensive report has given EPA a solid basis for evaluating Vermont's progress towards completion of the work described in the Accountability Framework section of the 2016 TMDL document.

When EPA issued the TMDL in 2016, we committed to periodically evaluating Vermont's progress with respect to completion of several sets of milestones. We have evaluated the state's progress on the Phase 1 milestones on several occasions in the past, and we will be providing a final Phase 1 report card in a separate communication. The purpose of this letter is to evaluate the state's progress on the Phase 2 milestones – a mid-cycle review of implementation progress for the Lamoille and Missisquoi Tactical Basin Plans.

The tactical basin plans (also referred to as Phase 2 plans) have a five-year implementation cycle, and the TMDL Accountability Framework indicates that at the mid-way point of the five-year cycle, EPA will provide an interim assessment of state progress toward implementation goals for each plan. As a result of our review, EPA concludes that the state is on track towards accomplishing most of the five-year actions identified in the implementation tables for both Phase 2 plans. The basis for this conclusion is explained below.

To assess state progress in implementing the Lamoille River and Missisquoi River Tactical Basin Plans, we focused our review on Appendices B and C of the state's performance report. At the end of the five-year cycle, EPA is committed to issuing a final report card for each basin,

For more information:

Vermont Clean Water Initiative reports and online tools: https://dec.vermont.gov/water-investment/cwi/projects

Lake Champlain accountability and report cards: https://dec.vermont.gov/watershed/restoring/champlain

Contact: Emily Bird, Clean Water Initiative Program Manager emily.bird@vermont.gov, 802-490-4083