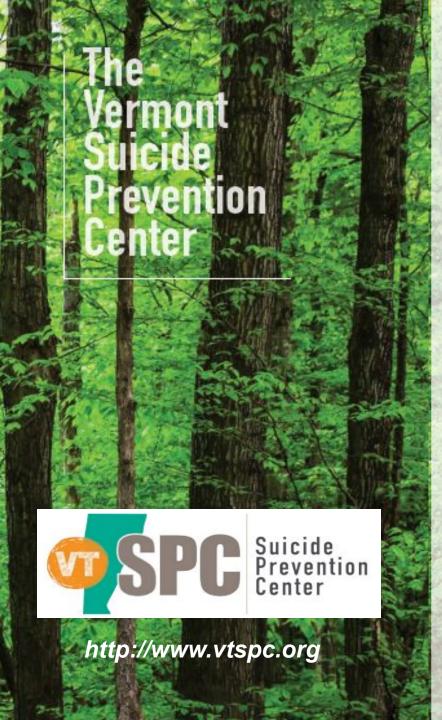


www.healthandlearning.org

Contact Us

JoEllen Tarallo, Ed.D., MCHES
E.D., Center for Health and Learning
Director, VT Suicide Prevention Center
JoEllen@healthandlearning.org
Brattleboro, VT 05301
802-384-5671





http://www.vtspc.org

Mission:

To create health promoting communities in which schools, Institutions of Higher Education, public and private agencies and people of all ages have the knowledge, attitudes, skills and resources to reduce the risk for suicide.

Purpose:

To support state-wide suicide prevention efforts and help local communities implement the recommendations of the Vermont Suicide Prevention Platform using data-driven evidence-based practices.



Department of Mental Health

Agency of Human Services



Vermont Suicide Prevention Coalition Members & **Organizations**

Vermont Suicide Prevention Center

Vermont Veteran's Outreach

American Foundation for Suicide Prevention, Vermont Chapter

Washington County Mental Health Youth in Transition

Brattleboro Retreat

Brattleboro Union High School

Survivors of Suicide Loss

Burlington College

Twinfield Union School

Burlington Housing Authority

The Vermont Center for the Prevention and Treatment of Sexual

Cathedral Square- Support And Services at Home (SASH)

Abuse

Center for Health and Learning

Union Institute & University

Clara Martin Center

United Counseling Services

Joanna Cole, Advocate and former Vermont Representative

University of Vermont

Copeland Center for Wellness and Recovery Counseling Service of Addison County, Inc.

University of Vermont, College of Medicine

Department of Vermont Health Access

University of Vermont, Department of Pediatrics

University of Vermont, Center for Health and Well Being

Good Neighbor Health Clinic

University of Vermont Medical Center US Department of Veterans Affairs, WRJ

Gun SenseVT

Vermont 2-1-1, United Way

Hardwick Area Community Justice Center

Vermont Agency of Education

Hartford High School

Vermont Agency of Human Services

Health Care & Rehabilitation Services

Vermont Army National Guard

Howard Center

Vermont Association for Mental Health and Addiction Recovery

Hundred Acre Homestead Johnson State College

VAMH-Friends of Recovery VT

Lamoille County Mental Health Services

Vermont Association of Business Industry and Rehabilitation

LISTEN Community Services

Vermont Blueprint for Health Vermont Care Partners

National Alliance on Mental Illness- VT National Center for Campus Public Safety

Vermont Child Health Improvement Program

New England Culinary Institute

Vermont Council of Developmental and Mental Health Services

Northeast Kingdom Human Services Northern New England Poison Center Vermont Department of Children and Families

Northwestern Counseling & Support Services

Vermont Department of Corrections

Norwich University

Vermont Department of Disabilities, Aging and Independent Living

Vermont Department of Health

Outright VT Pathways Vermont VDH Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs VDH Division of Maternal and Child Health

Pathways Vermont Support Line **Rutland Mental Health Services**

Vermont Department of Mental Health Vermont Federation of Families for Children's Mental Health

Spring Lake Ranch

Vermont National Guard Military Family Services

Vermont Military, Family, and Community Network

Vermont Psychiatric Association

Faces of Vermont Lost to Suicide



SENSITIVE USE OF LANGUAGE

Terms that perpetuate stigma or misinformation about suicide are strongly discouraged.

Those who have lost a loved one to suicide are suicide survivors.

Those who have lived through a suicide attempt are **suicide attempt survivors**.

PLEASE USE:

- Death by suicide
- Took his or her own life
- Died of suicide
- · Killed him- or herself
- Suicide death

PLEASE AVOID:

- Committed suicide (because it implies that suicide is a sin or a crime)
- A completed suicide
- A successful suicide
- Failed suicide attempt

Suicide Deaths in Vermont and the United States¹

<u>US 2017</u>

- 47,173 deaths (14/100,000)
- 10th leading cause
- -Males ~3 times more likely to die by suicide than females
- -Firearms involved with approx. 50% of deaths

VT 2017

- -112 deaths (18.5/100,000)
- -8th leading cause
- -Males ~4 times more likely to die by suicide than females
- -Firearms involved with approx. 55% of deaths

1. Source: CDC WISQARS, all rates age adjusted.

NCHS Data Brief ■ No. 355 ■ January 2020

Mortality in the United States, 2018

Jiaquan Xu, M.D., Sherry L. Murphy, B.S., Kenneth D. Kochanek, M.A., and Elizabeth Arias, Ph.D.

Key findings

Data from the National Vital Statistics System

- Life expectancy for the U.S. population in 2018 was 78.7 years, an increase of 0.1 year from 2017.
- The age-adjusted death rate decreased by 1.1% from

This report presents final 2018 U.S. mortality data on deaths and death rates by demographic and medical characteristics. These data provide information on mortality patterns among U.S. residents by variables such as sex, age, race and Hispanic origin, and cause of death. Life expectancy estimates, 10 leading causes of death, age-specific death rates, and 10 leading causes of infant death were analyzed by comparing 2018 and 2017 final data (1).

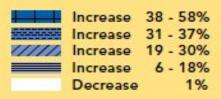
How long can we expect to live?

In 2018, life expectancy at birth was 78.7 years for the total U.S. population—an increase of 0.1 year from 78.6 years in 2017 (Figure 1). For males, life



Suicide rates increased in almost every state.

Suicide rates rose across the US from 1999 to 2016.



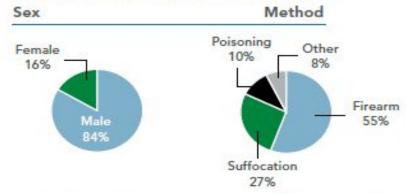
SOURCE: CDC's National Vital Statistics System; CDC Vital Signs, June 2018.



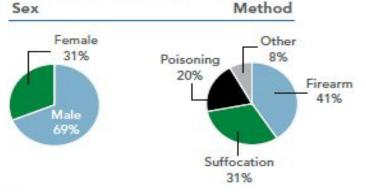
Differences exist among those with and without mental health conditions.

People without known mental health conditions were more likely to be male and to die by firearm.

No known mental health conditions

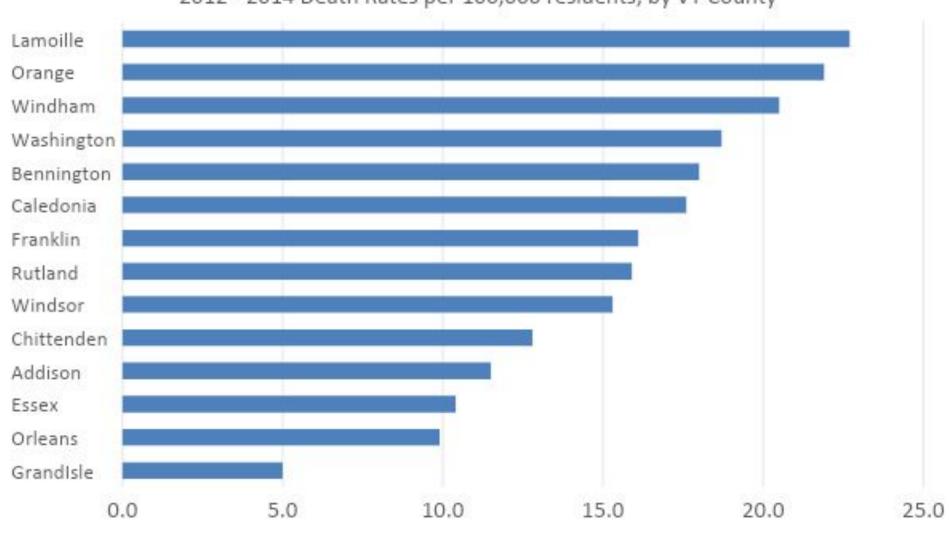


Known mental health conditions

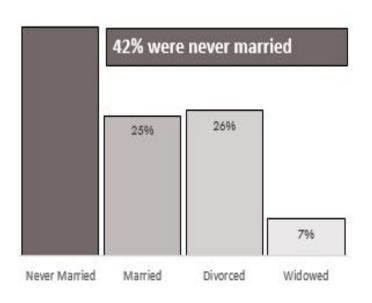


Vermont Suicide Deaths Vary with Geography and Demographics

2012 - 2014 Death Rates per 100,000 residents, by VT County



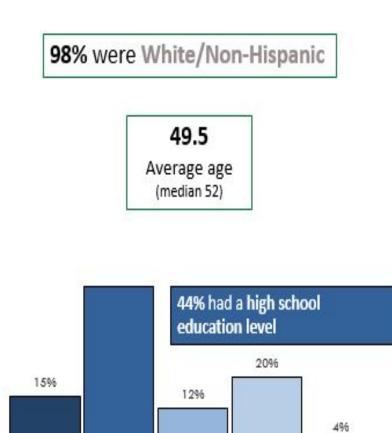
Suicide Deaths in Vermont (2015-2016)



48% had a diagnosis of depression

32% had been receiving mental health treatment

14% had evidence of recent release from institution



Less than high High School Some College Undergraduate

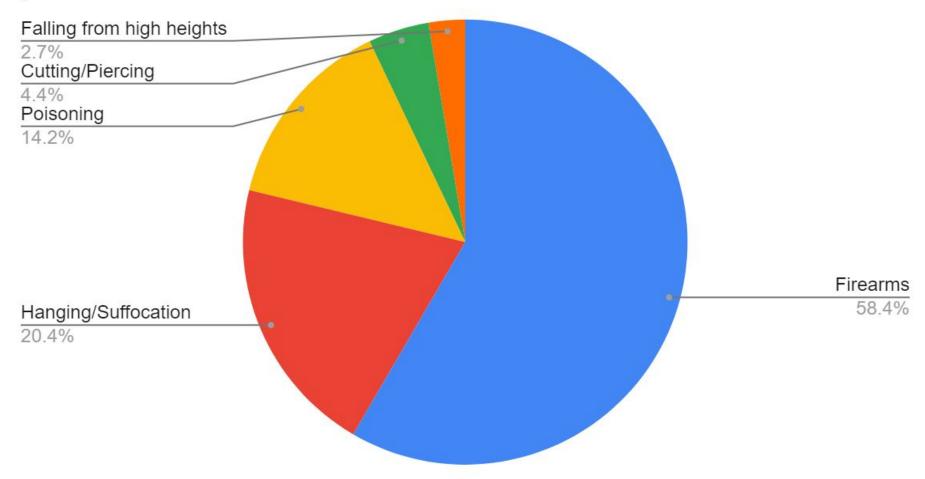
school

Graduate

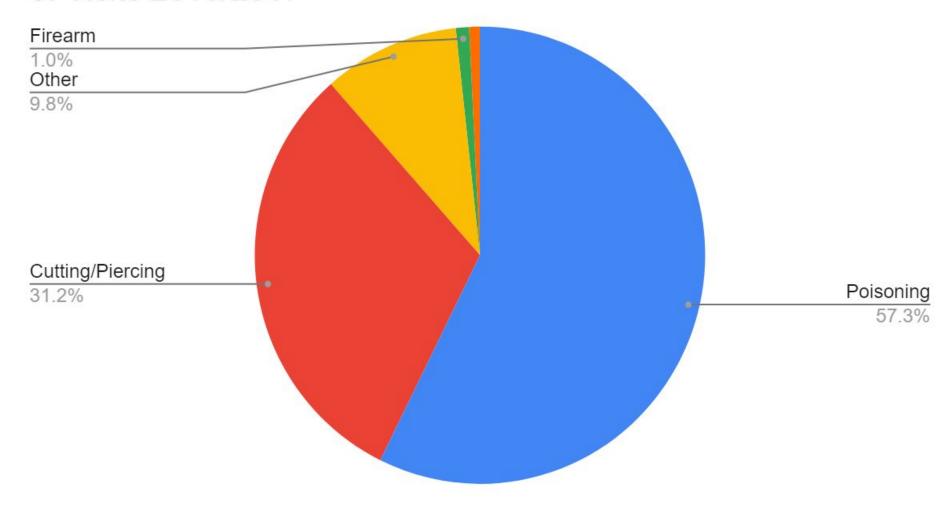
Degree

Degree

Leading causes of suicide with average number of deaths per year 2016/2017



Leading Cause of Intentional Self-Harm with Average Number of Visits 2016/2017



Populations at Higher Risk



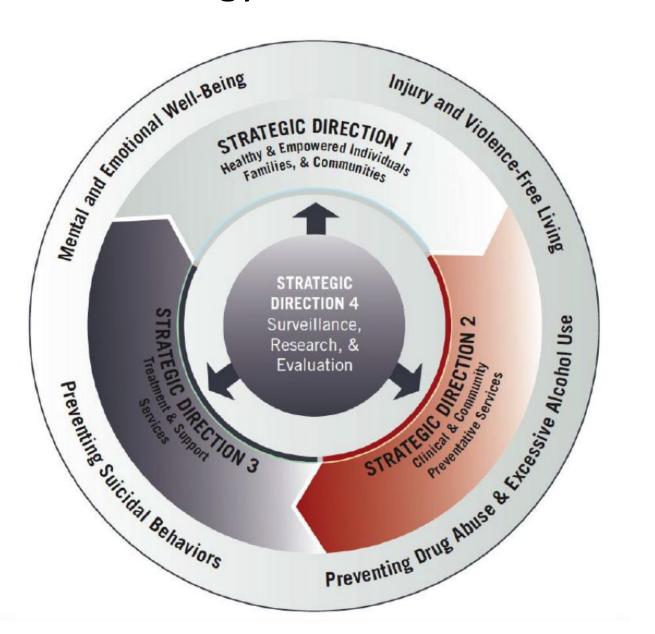


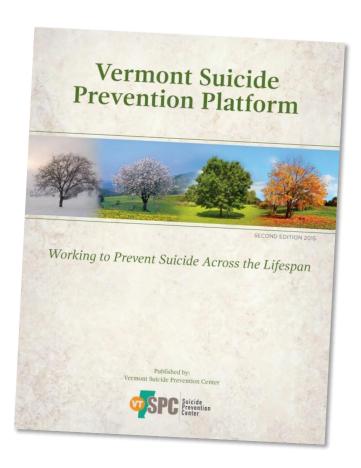
- Run-away, Homeless, Disenfranchised
- High risk substance use
- Co-occurring mental health disorders
- Prior suicide exposure in family
- LGBTQ
- Disabilities
- Veterans
- Native, indigenous, and refugee populations
- Domestic Violence





National Strategy for Suicide Prevention





Eleven Goals

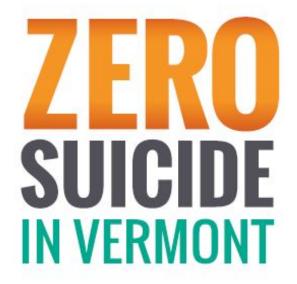
Goal #7

Promote suicide prevention, screening, intervention, and treatment as core components of health care services with effective clinical and professional practices.

www.vtspc.org>VermontSuicidePrevention

No. 34. An act relating to evaluation of suicide profiles. (H.184) 2018

- It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont: Evaluation of Suicide Profiles
- ☐ On or before January 15, 2020 report to the legislature...the Agency's recommendations and action plans



ZERO SUICIDE is a commitment to suicide prevention in health and mental health care systems and is also a specific set of strategies and tools.

THREE CENTRAL FACETS OF ZERO SUICIDE





WHAT PROFESSIONALS CAN DO TO SUPPORT ZERO SUICIDE

- LEAD: Make an explicit commitment to reduce deaths.
- TRAIN: Develop a competent, confident, and caring workforce.
- **IDENTIFY AND ASSESS** patients for suicide risk.
- **ENGAGE** patients at risk for suicide in a care plan.
- TREAT suicidal thoughts and behaviors directly.
- FOLLOW patients through every transition in care.

SYSTEMATIC SUICIDE CARE

Bridging the Gaps SERIOUS INJURY OR (Adapted from the National Action DEATH AVOIDED Alliance for Suicide Prevention, 2010) Continuity of Care: FOLLOW-UP **TREAT** SUICIDAL Calls, after vis-PERSON SUICIDALITY: its, Primary Care, Suicide-specific Emergency Dept., Collaborative Treatment Inpatient SAFETY PLAN SCREEN/ASSESS Put in Place

IMPLEMENTATION OF ZERO SUICIDE

*COLLABORATIVE SAFETY PLANNING and REDUCING ACCESS TO LETHAL MEANS

in all settings, e.g. Emergency Department, Crisis, Community Care, etc. SINGLE STATES

Follow Up & Continuing Supportive Contacts

IN PATIENT CALM, CAMS, CBT, DBT

Follow Up and Continuing Supportive Contacts

CALM, CAMS, CBT, DBT

Courseling on Access to Lethal Means, Collaborative Assessment & Management of Suicidality, Cognitive Behavioral Therapy, Dialectical Behavioral Therapy

Follow Up and Continuing Supportive Contacts





SUICIDE ASSESSMENT

(Columbia Suicide Severity Rating Scale - CSSRS)

Follow Up and Continuing Supportive Contacts



EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT SCREENING

(Patient Heath Questionnaire - 9) (Adapted CSSRS)



PRIMARY CARE SCREENING

(Patient Heath Questionnaire - 9) (Adapted CSSRS)

COMMUNITY & WORKFORCE TRAINING:

Umatter, ASIST, MHFA (Umatter Suicide Prevention, Applied Suicide Intervention Support Training, Mental Health First AID)

PEER & SURVIVOR SUPPORT, INVOLVEMENT OF PEOPLE WITH LIVED EXPERIENCE

UMATTER SUICIDE PREVENTION & UNIVERSAL HEALTH PROMOTION STRATEGIES

Need help?

- Talk to a family member, friend, health care provider or faith leader
- Call your local mental health agency or crisis team
- Text the Vermont Crisis Text Line:
 VT to 741741
- Call the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline: 800-273-TALK (8255)

Resources for help can be found at: www.vtspc.org



Crisis Text Line

Free - 24/7 - Confidentia

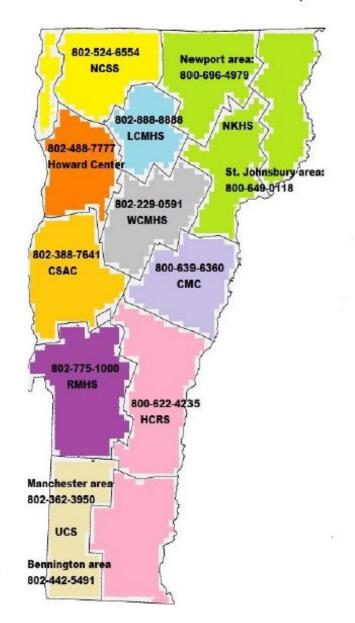








IF YOU OR A LOVED ONE IS EXPERIENCING A MENTAL HEALTH CRISIS AND NEED HELP, CALL YOUR LOCAL 24/7 CRISIS LINE:



Vermont's Community Mental Health Centers

Clara Martin Center [CMC] claramartin.org

Counseling Service of Addison County [CSAC] csac-vt.org

Healthcare and Rehabilitation Services [HCRS] hcrs.org

Howard Center howardcenter.org

Lamoille County Mental Health Services [LMCHS] Lamoille.org

Northeast Kingdom Human Services [NKHS] nkhs.org

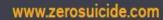
Rutland Mental Health Services [RMHS] Rmhsccn.org

Northwestern Counseling & Support Services [NCSS] ncssinc.org

United Counseling Service of Bennington County [UCS] ucsvt.org

Washington County Mental Health [WCMHS] wcmhs.org

Note: Websites here are for information purposes and not intended as a resource or means of contact during an acute crisis.



ZEROSuicide IN HEALTH AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CARE

ZERO SUICIDE ORGANIZATIONAL SELF-STUDY

Name of Organization		
City, State		
Date Study Completed		
Team members completing	study:	
Name	Role	

Zero Suicide Workforce Development Survey

Section 4. Training and Skills	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Strongly Agree	Don't Know
22. I have received the training I need to engage and assist those with suicidal desire and/or intent.	0	0	0	0	0	0
23. I have the skills to screen and assess a patient/client's suicide risk.	0	0	0	0	0	0
24. I have the skills I need to treat people with suicidal desire and/or intent.	0	0	0	0	0	0
25. I have support/supervision I need to engage and assist people with suicidal desire and/or intent.	0	0	0	0	0	0
26. I am confident in my ability to assess a paitent/client's suicide risk.	0	0	0	0	0	0
27. I am confident in my ability to manage a patient/client's suicidal thoughts and behavior.	0	0	0	0	0	0
28. I am confident in my ability to treat a patient/client's suicidal thoughts and behavior using an evidence-based approach such as DBT or CBT.	0	0	0	0	0	0





Data Elements Worksheet

ZEROSuicide

IN HEALTH AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CARE

www.zerosuicide.com

ZERO SUICIDE DATA ELEMENTS WORKSHEET

Description and Instructions

This worksheet is intended to assist health and behavioral health care organizations in developing a data-driven, quality improvement approach to suicide care. The worksheet:

- Reflects the top areas of measurement that behavioral health care organizations should strive for to maintain fidelity to a comprehensive suicide care model.
- Includes a list of supplemental measures that organizations may want to consider. These measures are clinically significant but may be much harder to measure.

The Data Elements Worksheet should be completed every three months, and an evaluation team should use the findings to determine areas for improvement. The data elements included on the worksheet can be captured in an electronic health record to allow data to be tracked and compared over time.

Please note: The Zero Suicide Initiative is an evolving model. While each individual component of the model reflects best practices in care and treatment, we understand that variations will occur in delivery and setting. However, it is vital to measure organizational practices and patient outcomes and to begin to create a shared understanding of what it takes to reduce suicides for those enrolled in care.

Use the Zero Suicide Data Elements Worksheet in conjunction with the Zero Suicide Organizational Self-Study and your Zero Suicide Work Plan to determine where improvements can be made in care, training, and policies. We recommend that you collect data on items 1–8 below and also offer several supplemental measures for your consideration.

Terminology

Case closed: Cases are considered closed when a person has not had a kept appointment in six months and does not have an appointment scheduled in the future. To count suicide deaths for those enrolled in care, we suggest a rule that uses (1) the case closing date and (2) the time since the last kept appointment. Under such a rule, a suicide would not count if it occurred more than 30 days after a case was closed. But even if a case had been closed fewer than 30 days, or it was still open, the suicide would not be counted if it had been more than 180 days since the last face-to-face contact and there were no pending appointments at the time of the event.

Enrolled in care: A patient enrolled in care is anyone with an open case file, who was admitted as a client, or who has been seen at least once face to face.







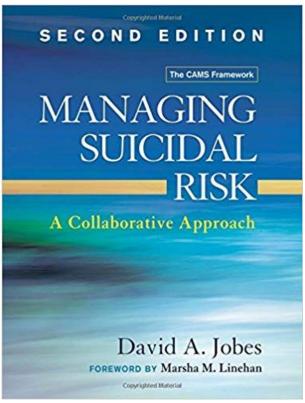
Data Elements Worksheet

Recommended Measures:

	Measure	Numerator	Denominator	%
1	Screening	Number of clients who received a suicide screening during the reporting period	Number of clients enrolled during the reporting period	
2	Assessment	Number of clients who screened positive for suicide risk and had a comprehensive risk assessment (same day as screening) during the reporting period	Number of clients who screened positive for suicide risk during the reporting period	
3	Safety Plan Development	Number of clients with a safety plan developed (same day as screening) during the reporting period	Number of clients who screened and assessed positive for suicide risk during the reporting period	
4	Lethal Means Counseling	Number of clients who screened and assessed positive for suicide risk and were counseled about lethal means (same day as screening) during the reporting period	Number of clients who screened and assessed positive for suicide risk during the reporting period	

Collaborative Safety Planning

Collaborative Assessment for the Management of Suicidality (CAMS)



Dr. David Jobes, Ph.D., ABPP

Https://youtu.be/RaBhgJagYtw

Population Health Goal#2 and Related Quality Measures for the All Payer Model

	Initiation of alcohol and other drug dependence treatment			
	Deaths related to suicide			
	Deaths related to drug overdose			
	Engagement of alcohol and other drug dependence treatment			
	30-day follow-up after discharge from ED for mental health			
	30-day follow-up after discharge from ED for alcohol or other drug			
Population Health Goal #2: Reducing Deaths from	dependence			
Suicide and Drug Overdose	Rate of Growth in number of mental health and substance use-re			
	ED visits			
	# per 10,000 population ages 18-64 receiving Medication Assisted			
	Treatment for opioid dependence			
	Screening for clinical depression & follow-up plan			
	# of queries to Vermont Prescription Monitoring System by Vermont			
	providers (or their delegates) divided by the # of patients for whom a			
	prescriber writes prescription for opioids			

Agency of Human Services DMH, VDH, ADAP, DVHCA, DCF, DOC, etc.

Health Care Improvement

t t

Population Accountable

Health

Care Communities

Livable

Communities



A Gatekeeper is a lay person or professional who recognizes the warning signs of a suicide crisis, knows how to respond, and how to get help.

Umatter QPR MHFA — YOUTH and ADULT



Umatter®

A comprehensive school and community approach to suicide prevention

- Umatter® for Schools
- Umatter[®] for Communities
- Umatter® for Youth and Young Adults
- Umatter® Public Information







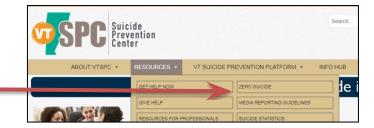
You matter because you may need help.
You matter because you may be in a position to help.



Vermont Suicide Prevention Center



☐ www.vtspc.org>Zero Suicide

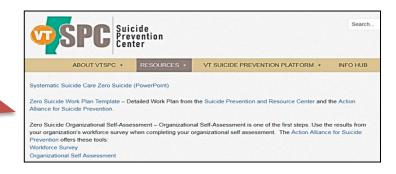


Scroll down to:

- ☐ Tools and Resources to Support Zero Suicide including:
 - Zero Suicide Organizational Self-Assessment
 - Zero Suicide Workforce Development Survey

Contact us! info@healthandlearning.org

www.vtspc.org





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