The Senate was called to order by the President.

Devotional Exercises

Devotional exercises were conducted by the Reverend Diane Nancekivell of Middlebury.

Bills Referred to Committee on Finance

Senate bills of the following titles, appearing on the Calendar for notice, and affecting the revenue of the state, under the rule were severally referred to the Committee on Finance:

S. 220. An act relating to educating specified professionals on the State’s energy goals.

S. 233. An act relating to uniform licensing standards.

Joint Resolution Placed on Calendar

J.R.S. 45.

Joint Senate resolution of the following title was offered, read the first time and is as follows:

By Committee of Agriculture,

J.R.S. 45. Joint resolution urging Congress to reassess the federal definition of hemp in order to allow the product to contain up to one percent delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol (THC).

Whereas, under the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018, also known as the 2018 Farm Bill, hemp was removed from the list of controlled substances and production was therefore legalized throughout the United States, and

Whereas, a variety of products can be made from hemp through the use of its fiber, seed, seed oil, or floral extracts. Hemp can be found in products such as paper, fabric, auto parts, animal bedding, body care products, and essential oils, and

Whereas, cannabidiol (CBD) is a chemical compound of Cannabis sativa, bearing little to no psychoactive effects, and is being evaluated for its role as a food additive or health supplement, and
Whereas, economic forecasts predict that the total collective market in CBD sales in the United States will be between $15 billion to $20 billion annually by 2025, and

Whereas, in 2019, the Vermont Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets approved 983 permits to grow or process hemp on 8,880 acres in Vermont, and

Whereas, hemp was grown in every county of the State in 2019, and

Whereas, cultivators and processors of hemp in Vermont have invested millions of dollars to purchase the equipment and resources necessary to successfully produce hemp and hemp products, and

Whereas, the development and growth of the hemp industry in Vermont is critical to improving the health and vitality of the rural economy of the State; and

Whereas, the federal government defines hemp in the 2018 Farm Bill as “the plant Cannabis sativa L. and any part of that plant, including the seeds thereof and all derivatives, extracts, cannabinoids, isomers, acids, salts, and salts of isomers, whether growing or not, with a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol level of not more than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis,” and

Whereas, hemp farmers and processors encourage Congress to reassess the definition of hemp as referenced in the 2018 Farm Bill and increase the farm production values to one percent tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) in order to allow hemp farmers to increase yield potential per acre and profitability for all hemp grown in the State, and

Whereas, increasing yield potential per acre equates to increased profit potential for Vermont’s farm families and hemp processors, now therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives:

That the General Assembly urges Congress to revise the current definition of hemp found in the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018, increasing the THC threshold from 0.3 percent to 1.0 percent, and be it further

Resolved: That the Secretary of State be directed to send a copy of this resolution to the Vermont Congressional Delegation, the President Pro Tempore and Secretary of the U.S. Senate, and the Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives.

Thereupon, under the rules, the joint resolution was placed on the Calendar for notice the next legislative day.
Joint Senate Resolutions Adopted on the Part of the Senate

Joint Senate resolution of the following title was offered, read and adopted on the part of the Senate, and is as follows:

By Senator Ashe,

J.R.S. 46. Joint resolution relating to interim adjournment.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives:

That when the two Houses adjourn on Friday, March 13, 2020, it be to meet again no later than Tuesday, March 24, 2020.

Joint Senate resolution of the following title was offered, read and adopted on the part of the Senate, and is as follows:

By Senator Ashe,

J.R.S. 47. Joint resolution to postpone the Joint Assembly to vote on the retention of five Superior Judges and one Environmental Judge.

Whereas, the Joint Assembly to vote on the retention of five Superior Judges and one Environmental Judge pursuant to J.R.S. 43 is scheduled for Thursday, March 19, 2020; and

Whereas, the General Assembly has adopted J.R.S. 46 relating to Interim Adjournment until March 24, 2020; and

Whereas, Interim Adjournment requires the General Assembly defer action on the retention of judges to a subsequent Joint Assembly, now therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives:

That the two Houses postpone the Joint Assembly scheduled for Thursday, March 19, 2020 and that the two Houses meet in Joint Assembly on Thursday, March 26, 2020, at ten o’clock and thirty minutes in the forenoon to vote on the retention of five Superior Judges and one Environmental Judge. In case the vote to retain said Judges shall not be made on that day, the two Houses shall meet in Joint Assembly at ten o’clock and thirty minutes in the forenoon on each succeeding day, Saturdays and Sundays excepted, and proceed until the above is completed.

Bills Referred

House bills of the following titles were severally read the first time and referred:
H. 215.
An act relating to the Office of the Child Advocate.
To the Committee on Health and Welfare.

H. 438.
An act relating to the Board of Medical Practice and the licensure of physicians and podiatrists.
To the Committee on Government Operations.

H. 552.
An act relating to the Vermont Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Pollution Control Revolving Fund.
To the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy.

H. 650.
An act relating to boards and commissions.
To the Committee on Government Operations.

H. 723.
An act relating to telehealth.
To the Committee on Health and Welfare.

H. 728.
An act relating to the miscellaneous changes affecting the duties of the Department of Vermont Health Access.
To the Committee on Health and Welfare.

H. 754.
An act relating to restructuring and reorganizing General Assembly staff offices.
To the Committee on Rules.

H. 794.
An act relating to limiting liability for agritourism.
To the Committee on Judiciary.

H. 936.
An act relating to sexual exploitation of children.
To the Committee on Judiciary.
Bills Passed

Senate bills of the following titles were severally read the third time and passed:

S. 180. An act relating to prohibiting the use and application of the pesticide chlorpyrifos.

S. 187. An act relating to transient occupancy for health care treatment and recovery.

Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered

S. 191.

Senator Cummings, for the Committee on Finance, to which was referred Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to tax increment financing districts.

Reported recommending that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. TAX INCREMENT FINANCING; RESOLUTION ON THE USE OF DEBT PROCEEDS TO PAY FOR DEBT SERVICE

In 2019, the State Auditor of Accounts performed and reported on required reviews and audits of tax increment financing districts. One of the issues raised in the reporting was whether it is permissible for a tax increment financing district to use debt proceeds to meet debt service obligations. The General Assembly seeks to address this issue and clarify tax increment financing laws for the future. Accordingly, the General Assembly shall not assess penalties on any tax increment financing district that used debt proceeds to pay for debt service during the period from January 1, 2006 to June 30, 2020 and considers this a final resolution of the issue.

Sec. 2. 24 V.S.A. § 1891 is amended to read:

§ 1891. DEFINITIONS

When used in this subchapter:

* * *

(4) “Improvements” means the installation, new construction, or reconstruction of infrastructure that will serve a public purpose and fulfill the purpose of tax increment financing districts as stated in section 1893 of this subchapter, including utilities, transportation, public facilities and amenities, land and property acquisition and demolition, and site preparation. “Improvements” also means the funding of debt service interest payments for a period of up to five years, beginning on the date in which the first debt is incurred.
“Financing” means debt incurred, including principal, interest, and any fees or charges directly related to that debt, or other instruments or borrowing used by a municipality to pay for improvements in a tax increment financing district, only if authorized by the legal voters of the municipality in accordance with section 1894 of this subchapter. Payment for the cost of district improvements and related costs may also include direct payment by the municipality using the district increment. However, such payment is also subject to a vote by the legal voters of the municipality in accordance with section 1894 of this subchapter and, if not included in the tax increment financing plan approved under subsection 1894(d) of this subchapter, is also considered a substantial change and subject to the review process provided by subdivision 1901(2)(B) of this subchapter. If interfund loans within the municipality are used as the method of financing, no interest shall be charged. Bond anticipation notes may be used as a method of financing and may qualify as a district’s first incurrence of debt. A municipality that uses a bond anticipation note during the fourth year or tenth year that a district may incur debt pursuant to section 1894 of this title shall incur all permanent financing not more than one year after issuing the bond anticipation note.

Sec. 3. 24 V.S.A. § 1895 is amended to read:

§ 1895. ORIGINAL TAXABLE VALUE

(a) Certification. As of the date the district is created, the lister or assessor for the municipality shall certify the original taxable value and shall certify to the legislative body in each year thereafter during the life of the district the amount by which the total valuation as determined in accordance with 32 V.S.A. chapter 129 of all taxable real property located within the tax increment financing district has increased or decreased relative to the original taxable value.

(b) Boundary of the district. Any parcel within a district shall be located wholly within the boundaries of a district. No adjustments to the boundary of a district are permitted after the approval of a tax increment financing district plan as described in section 1894 of this title.

Sec. 4. 32 V.S.A. § 5404a is amended to read:

§ 5404a. TAX STABILIZATION AGREEMENTS; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICTS

(a) A tax agreement or exemption shall affect the education property tax grand list of the municipality in which the property subject to the agreement is located if the agreement or exemption is:
(b)(1) An agreement affecting the education property tax grand list defined under subsection (a) of this section shall reduce the municipality’s education property tax liability under this chapter for the duration of the agreement or exemption without extension or renewal, and for a maximum of 10 years. A municipality’s property tax liability under this chapter shall be reduced by any difference between the amount of the education property taxes collected on the subject property and the amount of education property taxes that would have been collected on such property if its fair market value were taxed at the equalized nonhomestead rate for the tax year.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a municipality has entered into an agreement that reduces the municipality’s education property tax liability under this chapter and the municipality establishes a tax increment financing district under 24 V.S.A. chapter 53, subchapter 5, the municipality’s municipal and education tax increment shall be calculated based on the assessed value of the properties in the municipality’s grand list and not on the stabilized value.

(f) A municipality that establishes a tax increment financing district under 24 V.S.A. chapter 53, subchapter 5 shall collect all property taxes on properties contained within the district and apply not more than 70 percent of the State education property tax increment, and not less than 85 percent of the municipal property tax increment, to repayment of financing of the improvements and related costs for up to 20 years pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 1894, if approved by the Vermont Economic Progress Council pursuant to this section, subject to the following:

(4) In any year that the assessed valuation of real property in a district decreases in comparison to the original taxable value of the real property in a district, a municipality shall pay the amount equal to the tax calculated based on the original taxable value to the Education Fund.

Sec. 5. 32 V.S.A. § 5404a is amended to read:

§ 5404a. TAX STABILIZATION AGREEMENTS; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICTS
(h) To approve utilization of incremental revenues pursuant to subsection (f) of this section, the Vermont Economic Progress Council shall do all the following:

* * *

(4) Project criteria. Determine that the proposed development within a tax increment financing district will accomplish at least three of the following five criteria:

(A) The development within the tax increment financing district clearly requires substantial public investment over and above the normal municipal operating or bonded debt expenditures.

(B) The development includes new or rehabilitated affordable housing, as defined in 24 V.S.A. § 4303.

(C) The project will affect the remediation and redevelopment of a brownfield located within the district. In the case of a brownfield, the Vermont Economic Progress Council is authorized to adopt rules pursuant to subsection (j) of this section to clarify what is a reasonable improvement, as defined in 24 V.S.A. § 1891, to remediate and stimulate the development or redevelopment in the district. As used in this section, “brownfield” means an area in which a hazardous substance, pollutant, or contaminant is or may be present, and that situation is likely to complicate the expansion, development, redevelopment, or reuse of the property.

* * *

Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2020, except that Sec. 3 shall take effect on July 1, 2021.

And that when so amended the bill ought to pass.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, the recommendation of amendment was agreed to, and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered

S. 226.

Senator Perchlik, for the Committee on Education, to which was referred Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to statewide public school employee health benefits.

Reported recommending that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
Sec. 1. 16 V.S.A. § 2101 is amended to read:

§ 2101. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) “Participating employee” means a school employee who is eligible for and has elected to receive health benefit coverage through a school employer.

(2) “School employee” means:

(A) includes the following individuals:

(i) an individual employed by a supervisory union or school district employer as a teacher or administrator as defined in section 1981 of this title; or
(ii) a municipal school employee as defined in 21 V.S.A. § 1722;
(iii) an individual employed as a supervisor as defined in 21 V.S.A. § 1502;
(iv) a confidential employee as defined in 21 V.S.A. § 1722;
(v) a certified employee of a school employer; and
(vi) any other permanent employee of a school employer not covered by subdivisions (i)-(v) of this subdivision (2); and

(B) notwithstanding subdivision (A) of this subdivision (2), excludes individuals who serve in the role of superintendent.

(3) “School employer” means a supervisory union or school district as those terms are defined in section 11 of this title.

Sec. 2. 16 V.S.A. § 2102 is amended to read:

§ 2102. COMMISSION ON PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEE HEALTH BENEFITS CREATED

(a) Commission created. There is created an independent commission to be called the Commission on Public School Employee Health Benefits (Commission) to determine, in accordance with section 2103 of this chapter, the amounts of the premiums and out-of-pocket expenses for school employee health benefits that shall be borne by school employers and by participating employees.

(b) Composition and appointment.
The Commission shall have 10 members, of whom five shall be representatives of school employees and five shall be representatives of school employers.

(2)(A) The representatives of school employees shall be appointed as follows:

(i) four members appointed by the labor organization representing the greatest number of teachers, administrators, and municipal school employees in this State; and

(ii) one member appointed by the labor organization representing the second-greatest number of teachers, administrators, and municipal school employees in this State.

(B) The five representatives of school employers shall be appointed by the organization representing the majority of the public school boards in this State.

(C) The appointing authorities shall select appointees who have an understanding of health care and employer-employee relations and who demonstrate a willingness to work collaboratively.

(D) The term of each member of the Commission shall be six years, provided that of the members first appointed by the labor organization described in subdivision (A)(i) of this subdivision (2), one appointee shall serve a term of two years and one appointee shall serve a term of four years, and of the members first appointed by the organization representing the majority of the public school boards in this State, one appointee shall serve a term of two years and one appointee shall serve a term of four years.

(3) In the event of a vacancy, the appointing authority of the member whose seat becomes vacant shall appoint a successor to serve out the remainder of the member’s term.

(c) Chairs. The Commission shall be chaired jointly by one member selected biennially by the representatives of school employees and one member selected biennially by the representatives of school employers.

(d) Removal of Commission members. Members of the Commission may be removed by the Commission only for cause and may be removed by the appointing authority of the member without cause. The Commission shall adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 to define the basis and process for removal.

(e) Decisions. All decisions of the Commission shall require the votes of a majority of the representatives of school employees and a majority of the representatives of school employers.
(f) Compensation. Commission members shall be entitled to receive per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than 10 meetings per year.

(g) Release time. A school district that employs a member of the Commission, or an alternate member of the Commission under subsection (j) of this section, who represents school employees or school employers shall grant the Commission member time off as necessary for the member to attend meetings of the Commission.

(h) Staffing and expenses. The Commission may hire staff as it deems necessary to carry out its duties under this chapter. Compensation for Commission staff and administrative expenses of the Commission shall be shared equally by school employers and school employees. The representatives of school employers and the representatives of school employees shall equitably apportion their share of the costs of compensation and administrative expenses among their members.

(i) Rulemaking. The Commission may adopt rules or procedures, or both, pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 as needed to carry out its duties under this chapter.

(j) Alternate members. Four alternate members may be appointed to the Commission who, if appointed, shall be entitled to attend all negotiating sessions of the Commission. Up to two alternate members may be appointed by representatives of school employees and up to two alternate members may be appointed by representatives of school employers. The term of each alternate member, if appointed, shall be six years. In the event of a vacancy, the appointing authority of the alternate member whose seat becomes vacant shall appoint a successor to serve out the remainder of the alternate member’s term. Alternate members may be removed by the Commission only for cause and may be removed by the appointing authority of the alternate member without cause.

(k) Appropriations. The sum of $17,500.00 is appropriated to the Commission from the General Fund for fiscal year 2021 for per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses for members of the Commission. The Commission shall request the Governor to include in the Governor’s annual budget request the same amount for the same purpose. Any unused appropriation in any year shall revert to the General Fund.

Sec. 3. 16 V.S.A. § 2103 is amended to read:

§ 2103. DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION

(a) The Commission shall determine the percentage of the premium for individual, two-person, parent-child, and family coverage under a health
benefit plan that shall be borne by each school employer and the percentage that shall be borne by participating employees.

(1) The premium responsibility percentages shall remain in effect for the entire plan year.

(2) Each school employer shall be responsible for paying, on behalf of all of its participating school employees, the applicable percentages of premium costs as determined by the Commission.

(3) The premium responsibility percentages for each plan tier shall be the same for all participating employees.

(b)(1) The Commission shall determine the amount of school participating employees’ out-of-pocket expenses for which the school employer and the school participating employees shall be responsible, and whether school employers shall establish a health reimbursement arrangement, a health savings account, both, or neither, for their participating employees.

(2) The Commission also shall determine the extent to which the employer or employee shall bear first dollar responsibility for out-of-pocket expenses if using a health reimbursement arrangement and whether the balance in a participating employee’s health reimbursement arrangement shall roll over from year to year.

(3) The school employers’ and school participating employees’ responsibilities for out-of-pocket expenses for each plan tier shall be the same for all participating employees.

(c) The Commission may make recommendations regarding health benefit plan design to any intermunicipal insurance association that offers health benefit plans to entities providing educational services pursuant to 24 V.S.A. chapter 121, subchapter 6.

(d) The Commission shall not make any determinations regarding school employer or school participating employee responsibilities with respect to stand-alone vision or dental benefits.

(e) The Commission may negotiate a State-wide grievance procedure for disputes concerning public school employee health benefits.

Sec. 4. 16 V.S.A. § 2104 is amended to read:

§ 2104. NEGOTIATION; TIME TO BEGIN; GOOD FAITH; WRITTEN AGREEMENT

(a)(1) The Commission shall commence negotiation of the matters set forth in subsections 2103(a) and (b) of this chapter not later than April 1 of the year before the existing agreement pursuant to this section is set to expire. On or
before October 1 of the year prior to commencement of bargaining, the Commission shall request from the parties any data and information that it anticipates needing for the negotiation, in a common format, and, on or before February 1 of the year of bargaining, the parties shall submit to the Commission the information requested.

(2) The Commission shall meet together at reasonable times at the call of the Chairs and shall negotiate in good faith on all matters set forth in subsections 2103(a) and (b) of this chapter.

(3)(A) The Commission shall select a person to serve as a fact finder to assist it in resolving any matters remaining in dispute in the event that the Commission is unable to reach an agreement by August 1. The fact finder shall be selected by a vote of a majority of the representatives of school employees and of a majority of the representatives of school employers. If the Commission cannot agree on a fact finder by April 5, the American Arbitration Association shall be asked to appoint the fact finder.

(B)(i) The Commission shall mutually agree on an arbitrator by April 5 to decide all matters remaining in dispute if it is unable to reach an agreement within 30 days after receiving the fact finder’s report.

(ii) If the Commission is unable to mutually agree on an arbitrator, it shall form a three-member panel of arbitrators to be selected as follows:

(I) One arbitrator shall be selected by the representatives of school employees from a list prepared by the American Arbitration Association.

(II) One arbitrator shall be selected by the representatives of school employers from a list prepared by the American Arbitration Association.

(III) The Commission shall request the services of the American Arbitration Association for the appointment of the third arbitrator.

(b)(1) The Commission shall enter into a written agreement incorporating all matters agreed to in negotiation.

(2) The terms of the agreement shall be incorporated by reference into all collective bargaining agreements for school employees.

(c) The term of each agreement shall be negotiated by the Commission but shall not be less than two years.
Sec. 5. 16 V.S.A. § 2105 is amended to read:

§ 2105. DISPUTE RESOLUTION

(a)(1) If the Commission is unable to reach agreement by August 1, the Commission shall meet with the fact finder selected pursuant to section 2104 of this chapter not later than August 15.

(2) The fact finder may schedule and hold additional meetings with the Commission as necessary. The Commission shall furnish the fact finder with all records, papers, and information in its possession pertaining to any matter remaining in dispute.

(3) The fact finder shall, before issuing his or her decision, attempt to mediate the matters remaining in dispute.

(4) If the mediation fails to produce an agreement, the fact finder shall, on or before September 15, submit a written report to the Commission recommending a reasonable basis for the settlement of the matters remaining in dispute.

(b)(1) If the Commission is unable to resolve all matters remaining in dispute within 30 days after receiving the fact finder’s report, the Commission shall submit the matters remaining in dispute to the arbitrator or arbitrators selected pursuant to section 2104 of this chapter for resolution.

(2) The representatives of school employees and the representatives of school employers shall submit to the arbitrator or arbitrators their last best offer on all issues remaining in dispute prior to the arbitration hearing. The arbitrator or arbitrators shall select one of the last best offers without amendment, submitted by the parties prior to the arbitration hearing in its entirety without amendment. The parties shall not be permitted to modify their last best offers post-hearing. Prior to the issuance of the arbitrator’s decision, nothing shall prohibit the parties from settling the matters in dispute.

(3)(A) The arbitrator or arbitrators shall hold a hearing on or before November 15 at which the Commission members shall submit all relevant evidence, documents, and written material, including a cost estimate for the term of the proposal with a breakdown of costs borne by employers and costs borne by employees, and each member may submit oral or written testimony in support of his or her position on any undecided issue that is subject to arbitration.

(B) In reaching a decision, the arbitrator or arbitrators shall give weight to the evidence, documents, written material, and arguments presented, as well as the following factors:

(i) the interests and welfare of the public;
(ii) the financial ability of the Education Fund and school districts across the State to pay for the costs of health care benefits and coverage;

(iii) comparisons of the health care benefits of school employees with the health care benefits of similar employees in the public and private sectors in Vermont;

(iv) the average consumer prices for goods and services commonly known as the cost of living; and

(v) prior and existing health care benefits and coverage for school employees.

(4) The arbitrator or arbitrators shall issue their written decision within 30 days after the hearing, explaining in appropriate detail the rationale for selecting the last best offer. The decision of the arbitrator or arbitrators shall be final and binding upon the Commission and all school employees and school employers. The decision shall not be subject to ratification.

(5) Upon the petition of a Commission member within not more than 15 days following the arbitration decision, a Superior Court shall vacate the decision if:

(A) it was procured by corruption, fraud, or other undue means;
(B) there was evident partiality or prejudicial misconduct by the arbitrator or arbitrators;
(C) the arbitrator or arbitrators exceeded their power or rendered a decision requiring a person to commit an act or engage in conduct prohibited by law; or

(D) there is an absence of substantial evidence on the record as a whole to support the decision.

(6) At any time prior to the issuance of a decision by the arbitrator or arbitrators, the Commission may notify the arbitrator or arbitrators of any additional issues on which a majority of the representatives of school employees and of the representatives of school employers have reached agreement.

(7) If any provision of this subsection is inconsistent with any other provision of law governing arbitration, this subsection shall govern.

(c) The arbitrator or arbitrators shall have the authority to address complaints that either party has engaged in or is engaging in unfair bargaining practices, including a refusal to bargain in good faith. If the arbitrator or arbitrators find upon a preponderance of the evidence that a party has engaged in or is engaging in any unfair bargaining practice, the arbitrator or arbitrators
may include in the decision a remedy for the unfair bargaining practice that is consistent with the provisions of 21 V.S.A. § 1727(d).

Sec. 6. 16 V.S.A. § 2106 is amended to read:

§ 2106. STRIKES AND CONTRACT IMPOSITION PROHIBITED

(a) School employees and the representatives of school employees shall be prohibited from engaging in a strike, as defined by 21 V.S.A. § 1722(16), in relation to the negotiation of an agreement pursuant to this chapter.

(b) The representatives of school employers shall be prohibited from imposing the terms of the agreement that is subject to this chapter.

Sec. 7. 16 V.S.A. § 2107 is amended to read:

§ 2107. RATIFICATION OF AGREEMENT

(a) The representatives of school employers and the representatives of school employees shall each develop procedures by which their members shall ratify the agreement entered into by the Commission pursuant to this chapter within 30 days after the date of the agreement; provided, however, that if the agreement is determined by arbitration pursuant to subsection 2105(b) of this chapter, the agreement shall not be subject to ratification.

(b) In the event that either the school employers or school employees, or both, fail to ratify the agreement, the following provisions shall apply:

(1) If the Commission has not engaged in mediated fact-finding pursuant to subsection 2105(a) of this chapter during the current negotiation cycle, the Commission shall meet with the fact finder pursuant to the provisions of that subsection to settle all matters remaining in dispute. If the Commission is able to reach a new agreement, that agreement shall be submitted to the bargaining units for ratification. If, after mediated fact-finding, the Commission is unable to reach a new agreement, the Commission shall proceed to arbitration pursuant to subsection 2105(b) of this chapter.

(2) If the Commission has already engaged in mediated fact-finding pursuant to subsection 2105(a) of this chapter during the current negotiation cycle, the Commission shall proceed to arbitration pursuant to subsection 2105(b) of this chapter.

Sec. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

And that when so amended the bill ought to pass.

Senator McCormack, for the Committee on Appropriations, to which the bill was referred, reported that they have considered the same and recommend
that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Education with the following amendments thereto:

First: In Sec. 2, 16 V.S.A. § 2102 (Commission on Public School Employee Health Benefits Created), by striking out subsection (k) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subsection (k) to read as follows:

(k) Funding. The Commission shall request the Governor to include in the Governor’s annual budget a minimum of $17,500.00 appropriated to the Agency of Education for per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses for members of the Commission. Any unencumbered appropriation shall revert to the General Fund in the year following the conclusion of an agreement under subdivision 2104(b)(1) of this title.

Second: By adding a new section to be numbered Sec. 2a to read as follows:

Sec. 2a. APPROPRIATION

The sum of $17,500.00 is appropriated to the Agency of Education from the General Fund for fiscal year 2021 for per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses for members of the Commission.

And that when so amended the bill ought to pass.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, the recommendation of amendment of the Committee on Education was amended as recommended by the Committee on Appropriations.

Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Education, as amended?, Senator Baruth moved to amend the report of the Committee Education, as amended, by striking out Secs. 6 and 7 in their entireties and renumbering the remaining section to be numerically correct.

Which was agreed to.

Thereupon, the pending question, Shall the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Education, as amended?, was decided in the affirmative.

Thereupon, third reading of the bill was ordered.

Senate Concurrent Resolution

The following joint concurrent resolution, having been placed on the consent calendar on the preceding legislative day, and no Senator having requested floor consideration as provided by the Joint Rules of the Senate and House of Representatives, was adopted on the part of the Senate:
By Senators Campion and Sears,
By Reps. Morrissey and others,

S.C.R. 19.

Senate concurrent resolution honoring Susan Andrews for her leadership of Greater Bennington Interfaith Community Services.

House Concurrent Resolutions

The following joint concurrent resolutions having been placed on the consent calendar on the preceding legislative day, and no Senator having requested floor consideration as provided by the Joint Rules of the Senate and House of Representatives, were severally adopted in concurrence:

By Reps. Cina and others,

H.C.R. 287.

House concurrent resolution designating Thursday, March 19, 2020 as Social Work Advocacy Day at the State House.

By Reps. Wood and Noyes,

H.C.R. 288.

House concurrent resolution congratulating the Central Vermont Council on Aging on its 40th anniversary.

By Reps. Burditt and others,

By Senators Collamore, Hooker and McNeil,

H.C.R. 289.

House concurrent resolution in memory of Anthony Ernest Morgan of West Rutland.

By the House Committee on General, Housing, and Military Affairs,

H.C.R. 290.

House concurrent resolution recognizing April as the Month of the Military Child in Vermont.

By Rep. O'Brien,

By Senators Clarkson, MacDonald, McCormack and Nitka,

H.C.R. 291.

House concurrent resolution in memory of former Representative and Royalton Town Moderator David M. Ainsworth.
By Reps. Smith and others,

**H.C.R. 292.**

House concurrent resolution congratulating the University of Vermont Extension and WCAX-TV on the 65th anniversary of the Across the Fence television program.

By Reps. Potter and others,

By Senators Ashe, Brock and MacDonald,

**H.C.R. 293.**

House concurrent resolution honoring the U.S. Navy submarine Vermont (SSN 792), its Pre-Commissioning Unit, and its Commissioning Committee.

By Reps. Morrissey and others,

By Senators Campion and Sears,

**H.C.R. 294.**

House concurrent resolution honoring Don Myers on his half-century membership in the Bennington Fire Department.

By Rep. Noyes,

**H.C.R. 295.**

House concurrent resolution designating Wednesday, March 18, 2020 as Alzheimer’s Awareness Day at the State House.

By Reps. Durfee and James,

**H.C.R. 296.**

House concurrent resolution honoring former Representative Alice Miller of Shaftsbury on her receipt of the 2020 Vermont Higher Education Excellence Award.

**Message from the House No. 31**

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Alona Tate, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has passed House bills of the following titles:

**H. 424.** An act relating to the Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children.
H. 562. An act relating to the definition of agricultural land for the purposes of use value appraisals.

H. 643. An act relating to banking and insurance.

H. 663. An act relating to expanding access to contraceptives.

H. 683. An act relating to prohibiting incidental take of migratory birds.

H. 734. An act relating to prohibiting certain provisions in dental insurance contracts with dentists.

H. 788. An act relating to technical corrections for the 2020 legislative session.

H. 795. An act relating to increasing hospital price transparency.

H. 837. An act relating to enhanced life estate deeds.

H. 901. An act relating to expanding access to adult technical education equipment funding.

In the passage of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The House has considered a bill originating in the Senate of the following title:

S. 326. An act relating to the State Advisory Panel on Special Education.

And has passed the same in concurrence.

Message from the House No. 32

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Alona Tate, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has passed House bills of the following titles:


H. 558. An act relating to exempting the Victims Compensation Board from the Open Meeting Law.

H. 578. An act relating to operator’s license and privilege to operate suspensions and proof of financial responsibility.

H. 750. An act relating to creating a National Guard provost marshal.

H. 769. An act relating to veteran status inquiries on program and service intake forms.
In the passage of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

**Message from the House No. 33**

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Alona Tate, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has passed House bill of the following title:

**H. 681.** An act relating to employer registration for unemployment insurance and amendments to the unemployment laws to address the COVID-19 outbreak.

In the passage of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The House has considered joint resolutions originating in the Senate of the following titles:

**J.R.S. 46.** Joint resolution relating to interim adjournment.

**J.R.S. 47.** Joint resolution to postpone the Joint Assembly to vote on the retention of five Superior Judges and one Environmental Judge.

And has adopted the same in concurrence.

**Adjournment**

On motion of Senator Ashe, the Senate adjourned, to reconvene on Tuesday, March 24, 2020, at nine o’clock and thirty minutes in the forenoon pursuant to J.R.S. 46.