Journal of the House

Tuesday, March 10, 2020

At ten o'clock in the forenoon the Speaker called the House to order.

Devotional Exercises

Devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. Matthew Tape, Chester Baptist Church, Chester, VT.

Pledge of Allegiance

Page Sophia Sevi of Northfield led the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Message from Governor

A message was received from His Excellency, the Governor, by Ms. Brittney L. Wilson, Secretary of Civil and Military Affairs, as follows:

Madam Speaker:

I am directed by the Governor to inform the House of Representatives that on the 4th day of March, 2020, he signed a bill originating in the House of the following title:

H. 760  An act relating to fiscal year 2020 budget adjustments

Governor's message #4

Message from the Senate No. 23

A message was received from the Senate by Mr. Marshall, its Assistant Secretary, as follows:

Madam Speaker:

I am directed to inform the House that:

The Senate has on its part passed Senate bill of the following title:

S. 336.  An act relating to establishing standards for the sale of hemp seed.

In the passage of which the concurrence of the House is requested.

The Senate has on its part adopted joint resolution of the following title:

J.R.S. 44. Joint resolution relating to weekend adjournment.

In the adoption of which the concurrence of the House is requested.
The Governor has informed the Senate that on the Fifth day of March, 2020, he approved and signed a bill originating in the Senate of the following title:

**S. 110.** An act relating to data privacy and consumer protection.

**House Bills Introduced**

House bills of the following titles were severally introduced, read the first time and referred to committee or placed on the Calendar as follows:

**H. 937**

By Reps. Christie of Hartford, Chesnut-Tangerman of Middletown Springs, Cina of Burlington, Coffey of Guilford, Colburn of Burlington, Colston of Winooski, Cordes of Lincoln, Dolan of Waitsfield, Gannon of Wilmington, James of Manchester, LaLonde of South Burlington, Lippert of Hinesburg and Redmond of Essex,

House bill, entitled

An act relating to supporting the work of the Executive Director of Racial Equity;

To the committee on Government Operations.

**H. 938**

By Rep. Rogers of Waterville,

House bill, entitled

An act relating to an incremental approach to health insurance coverage for augmentative speech devices;

To the committee on Health Care.

**H. 939**

By Rep. Rogers of Waterville,

House bill, entitled

An act relating to prohibiting gifts to legislators from lobbying entities;

To the committee on Government Operations.

**Bill Referred to Committee on Ways and Means**

**H. 209**

House bill, entitled

An act relating to ending the suspension of State aid for school construction projects
Appearing on the Calendar, affecting the revenue of the state, under rule 35(a), was referred to the committee on Ways and Means.

**Bill Referred to Committee on Ways and Means**

**H. 668**

House bill, entitled

An act relating to evidence-based structured literacy instruction for students in kindergarten–grade 3 and students with dyslexia and to teacher preparation programs

Appearing on the Calendar, affecting the revenue of the state, under rule 35(a), was referred to the committee on Ways and Means.

**Bill Referred to Committee on Appropriations**

**H. 742**

House bill, entitled

An act relating to grants for emergency medical personnel training

Appearing on the Calendar, carrying an appropriation, under rule 35(a), was referred to the committee on Appropriations.

**Bill Referred to Committee on Appropriations**

**H. 775**

House bill, entitled

An act relating to creating the State Youth Council

Appearing on the Calendar, carrying an appropriation, under rule 35(a), was referred to the committee on Appropriations.

**Bill Referred to Committee on Appropriations**

**H. 901**

House bill, entitled

An act relating to expanding access to adult technical education equipment funding

Appearing on the Calendar, carrying an appropriation, under rule 35(a), was referred to the committee on Appropriations.
Joint Resolution Adopted in Concurrence

J.R.S. 43

By Senator Nitka,

**J.R.S. 43.** Joint resolution providing for a Joint Assembly to vote on the retention of five Superior Judges and one Environmental Judge.

**Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives:**

That the two Houses meet in Joint Assembly on Thursday, March 19, 2020, at ten o’clock and thirty minutes in the forenoon to vote on the retention of five Superior Judges and one Environmental Judge. In case the vote to retain said Judges shall not be made on that day, the two Houses shall meet in Joint Assembly at ten o’clock and thirty minutes in the forenoon on each succeeding day, Saturdays and Sundays excepted, and proceed until the above is completed.

Was taken up, read and adopted in concurrence.

**Senate Proposal of Amendment Concurred in**

H. 550

The Senate proposed to the House to amend House bill, entitled
An act relating to unclaimed property

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill as follows:

**First:** In Sec. 2. 27 V.S.A. § 1461(5) after the word “a” by inserting payroll card or and by striking out “other than amounts held on a payroll card, but”

**Second:** In Sec. 2. 27 V.S.A §1461(11) by striking out “including” and inserting in lieu thereof other than and by striking out the word “on” and inserting in lieu thereof the word “in

**Third:** In Sec. 2. 27 V.S.A. § 1462(a) after “years after” by inserting the later of

**Fourth:** In Sec. 2. 27 V.S.A. §1462(a)(1) by striking out “the later of”

**Fifth:** In Sec. 2. 27 V.S.A. §1462(a)(2)(A) by striking out “70.5” and inserting in lieu thereof 72

**Sixth:** In Sec. 2. 27 V.S.A. § 1469(b)(4) after “is held,” by inserting or in another account of the owner’s held by the same business association or financial organization.

**Seventh:** By striking out Sec. 3, effective date, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 3 to read as follows:
Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on January 1, 2021.

Which proposal of amendment was considered and concurred in.

Third Reading; Bill Passed

H. 635

House bill, entitled
An act relating to regulation of long-term care facilities
Was taken up, read the third time and passed.

Third Reading; Bill Passed

H. 741

House bill, entitled
An act relating to criminal record checks on contractors working in State-owned or -leased facilities
Was taken up, read the third time and passed.

Second Reading; Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered

H. 215

Rep. Redmond of Essex, for the committee on Human Services, to which had been referred House bill, entitled
An act relating to the Office of the Child Advocate
Reported in favor of its passage when amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. ASSESSMENT AND RECOMMENDATION; OFFICE OF THE CHILD ADVOCATE

(a) The Joint Legislative Child Protection Oversight Committee established pursuant to 2015 Acts and Resolves No. 60, Sec. 23, as amended by 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 207, Sec. 2, shall assess the need for an Office of the Child Advocate in Vermont and explore models adopted by other states to achieve the same. In conducting its assessment and formulating a recommendation, the Committee shall specifically consider:

(1) the scope of an Office of the Child Advocate, including whether the Office would provide systems-wide oversight or review individual complaints, or both;
(2) the degree of independence with which the Office would operate and in which State agency it would be embedded, if any;

(3) the relationship of the Office to the Department for Children and Families’ Family Services Division, other government entities with existing child protection responsibilities, and current complaint processes;

(4) the composition of the staff and reporting structure within the Office;

(5) the manner of appointing and confirming a Child Advocate and the composition of any advisory board to the Child Advocate; and

(6) access to confidential data held by the Department for Children and Families and the ability of the Child Advocate to speak directly to a child without the permission of a parent or guardian.

(b) In conducting its assessment, the Committee shall consult with:

(1) the Department for Children and Families;

(2) a representative of the Vermont Foster and Adoptive Family Association;

(3) a representative of Vermont Kin as Parents;

(4) at least one person who was previously in foster care in Vermont;

(5) one or more parents of origin who have experienced Vermont’s child protection system and had their parental rights terminated;

(6) one or more parents of origin who have experienced Vermont’s child protection system and have been reunited with their child or children;

(7) a representative of Vermont’s Judicial Branch;

(8) a guardian ad litem;

(9) the Defender General or designee;

(10) a representative of the Vermont Citizen’s Advisory Board; and

(11) any other person or entity from whom the Committee chooses to receive testimony.

(c) The Committee shall provide an opportunity for the public to provide feedback to the Committee on the creation and structure of an Office of the Child Advocate in Vermont.

(d) On or before December 1, 2020, the Committee shall submit any proposed draft legislation to the General Assembly that shall reflect the
findings and recommendations of the Committee’s assessment conducted pursuant to this section.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

The bill, having appeared on the Calendar one day for Notice, was taken up, read the second time, report of the committee on Human Services agreed to and third reading ordered.

Second Reading; Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered

H. 438

Rep. Durfee of Shaftsbury, for the committee on Health Care, to which had been referred House bill, entitled An act relating to the Board of Medical Practice and the licensure of physicians and podiatrists

Reported in favor of its passage when amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Board of Medical Practice and Physician Licensure * * *

Sec. 1. 26 V.S.A. chapter 23 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 23. MEDICINE

§ 1311. DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of As used in this chapter:

(1) “Practice of medicine” means:

(A) using the designation “Doctor,” “Doctor of Medicine,” “Physician,” “Dr.,” “M.D.,” or any combination thereof in the conduct of any occupation or profession pertaining to the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of human disease or condition unless the designation additionally contains the description of another branch of the healing arts for which one holds a valid license in Vermont;

(B) advertising, holding out to the public, or representing in any manner that one is authorized to practice medicine in the jurisdiction;

(C) offering or undertaking to prescribe, order, give, or administer any drug or medicine for the use of any other person;

(D) offering or undertaking to prevent, diagnose, correct, or treat in any manner or by any means, methods, or devices any disease, illness, pain,
wound, fracture, infirmity, defect, or abnormal physical or mental condition of any person, including the management of all aspects of pregnancy, labor and delivery, and parturient postpartum care;

(E) offering or undertaking to perform any surgical operation upon any person;

(F) rendering a written or otherwise documented medical opinion concerning the diagnosis or treatment of a patient or the actual rendering of treatment to a patient within the State by a physician located outside the State as a result of the transmission of individual patient data by electronic or other means from within the State to the physician or his or her agent; or

(G) rendering a determination of medical necessity or a decision affecting the diagnosis or treatment of a patient.

(2) “Board” means the State Board of Medical Practice established under section 1351 of this title.

(3) “License” means license to practice medicine and surgery in the State as defined in subchapter 3 of this chapter. “Licensee” includes any individual licensed or certified by the Board.

(4) “Medical director” means, for purposes of this chapter, a physician who is Board-certified or Board-eligible in his or her field of specialty, as determined by the American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS), and who is charged by a health maintenance organization with responsibility for overseeing all clinical activities of the plan in this State, or his or her designee.

(5) “Health maintenance organization,” as used in this section, shall have the same meaning as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 9402(9).

(6) “Members” means members of the Board.

(7) “Secretary” means the secretary of the Board.

* * *

§ 1313. EXEMPTIONS

(a) The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to the following:

(1) A health care professional licensed or certified by the Office of Professional Regulation when that person is practicing within the scope of his or her profession.

(2) A member of the U.S. Armed Forces or National Guard carrying out official military duties, including a National Guard member in state active duty status, or to any person giving aid, assistance, or relief in emergency or accident cases, pending the arrival of a regularly licensed physician.
(3) A nonresident physician coming into this State to consult or using telecommunications to consult with a duly licensed practitioner herein;

(4) A duly licensed physician in another state, in Canada, or in another nation as approved by the Board, who is visiting a medical school or a teaching hospital in this State to receive or conduct medical instruction for a period not to exceed three months, provided the practice is limited to that instruction and is under the supervision of a physician licensed by the Board;

(5) A physician who is duly licensed and in good standing in another state, territory, or jurisdiction of the United States or in Canada if the physician is employed as or formally designated as the team physician by an athletic team visiting Vermont for a specific sporting event and the physician limits the practice of medicine in this State to medical treatment of the members, coaches, and staff of the sports team employing or designating the physician.

(6) A student who is enrolled in an accredited educational program that leads to the issuance of a degree that would satisfy the educational requirement for a profession licensed or certified by the Board, who is engaged in an organized clinical training program, and who engages in acts constituting the practice of medicine while under the supervision of a Vermont-licensed or Vermont-certified health care professional who is qualified to supervise any acts by the student that constitute the practice of medicine. This exemption does not apply to postgraduate trainees who are required to obtain a training license.

§ 1317. UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT TO BE REPORTED TO BOARD

(a) Required reporters. Any hospital, clinic, community mental health center, or other health care institution in which a licensee performs professional services shall report to the Board, along with supporting information and evidence, any reportable disciplinary action taken by it or its staff that significantly limits the licensee’s privilege to practice or leads to suspension or expulsion from the institution, a nonrenewal of medical staff membership, or the restrictions of privileges at a hospital taken in lieu of, or in settlement of, a pending disciplinary case related to unprofessional conduct as defined in sections 1354 and 1398 of this title. The Commissioner of Health shall forward any such information or evidence he or she receives immediately to the Board. The report shall be made within 10 days of the date such disciplinary action was taken, and, in the case of disciplinary action taken against a licensee based on the provision of mental health services, a copy of the report shall also be sent to the Commissioner of Mental Health and the
Commissioner of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living. This section shall not apply to cases of resignation or separation from service for reasons unrelated to disciplinary action.

(b) Within 30 days of any judgment or settlements involving a claim of professional negligence by a licensee, any insurer of the licensee shall report the information to the Commissioner of Health and, to the extent the claim relates to the provision of mental health services, to the Commissioner of Mental Health.

Definition of reportable disciplinary action. A reportable disciplinary action is an action based on one or more of the following:

1. Acts or omissions of a licensee that relate to the licensee’s fitness or competence to practice medicine under the license held.

2. Acts or omissions of the licensee that constitute a violation of a law or rule that relates in any way to the practice of medicine.

3. Acts or omissions of the licensee that occur in the course of practice and result in one or more of the following:

   A. Resignation, leave of absence, termination, or nonrenewal of an employment relationship or contract. This includes a licensee’s own initiation of such action following notification to the licensee by the reporter that the reporter or an affiliated entity is conducting an investigation or inquiry regarding an event that, assuming the accuracy of the information or allegation, is likely to result in reportable disciplinary action. The reporter or affiliated entity shall complete the investigation or inquiry even if the licensee initiates a resignation, leave of absence, termination, or nonrenewal, and shall make a report to the Board if the investigation results in a finding of a reportable disciplinary action. Resignations and leaves of absence that are entirely voluntary by the licensee, and terminations and nonrenewals of employment or contract by a required reporter that are not related to acts or omissions of the licensee, are not reportable disciplinary actions.

   B. Revocation, suspension, restriction, relinquishment, or nonrenewal of a right or privilege. This includes a licensee’s own initiation of such action following notification to the licensee by the reporter that the reporter or an affiliated entity is conducting an investigation or inquiry regarding an event that, assuming the accuracy of the information or allegation, is likely to result in reportable disciplinary action. The reporter or affiliated entity shall complete the investigation or inquiry even if the licensee initiates a resignation, leave of absence, termination, or nonrenewal, and shall make a report to the Board if the investigation results in a finding of a reportable disciplinary action. Relinquishments of privileges that are entirely
voluntary by the licensee, and revocations, nonrenewals, or other limitations on privileges by a required reporter that are not related to acts or omissions of the licensee, are not reportable disciplinary actions.

(C) Written discipline that constitutes a censure, reprimand, or admonition, if it is the second or subsequent censure, reprimand, or admonition within a 12-month period for the same or related acts or omissions that previously resulted in written censure, reprimand, or admonition. The same or related acts or omissions includes similar behavior or behavior involving the same parties, or both. Oral censure, oral reprimand, and oral admonition are not considered reportable disciplinary actions, and notation of an oral censure, oral reprimand, or oral admonition in a personnel or supervisor’s file does not transform the action from oral to written.

(D) Fine or any other form of monetary penalty imposed as a form of discipline.

(E) Required education, remedial counseling, or monitoring that is imposed as a result of a completed, contested disciplinary process. This includes recommendation or referral for services from the Vermont Practitioner Recovery Network established pursuant to section 1401a of this chapter, or from an employer wellness program or similar program, as a result of a completed, contested disciplinary process.

(c) Timing of reports. A required report of reportable disciplinary action under subsection (b) of this section shall be made within 30 days following the date on which the disciplinary action was taken or upon completion of an investigation or inquiry pursuant to subdivision (b)(3)(A) or (B) of this section.

(d) Mental health services. If reportable disciplinary action is reported to the Board based on a licensee’s provision of mental health services, the Commissioner of Health shall forward the report to the Commissioners of Mental Health and of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living. Except as provided in section 1368 of this title, information provided to the Department of Health, the Department of Mental Health, or the Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living under this section shall be confidential unless the Department of Health decides to treat the report as a complaint, in which case, the provisions of section 1318 of this title shall apply.

(e) Limitation on liability. A person who acts in good faith in accordance with the provisions of this section shall not be liable for damages in any civil action based on the fact that a report was made.

(f) Violations. A person reporter who violates this section shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than $5,000.00, provided that a reporter
who employs or grants privileges to five or more Board licensees and who violates this section shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than $10,000.00.

* * *

Subchapter 2. Board of Medical Practice

§ 1351. BOARD OF MEDICAL PRACTICE

(a) The Board of Medical Practice is created. The Board shall be composed of 17 members, nine of whom shall be licensed physicians, one of whom shall be a physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 31 of this title, one of whom shall be a podiatrist licensed pursuant to chapter 7 of this title, and six of whom shall be persons not associated with the medical field. The Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint the members of the Board. Appointments shall be for a term of five years, except that a vacancy occurring during a term shall be filled by an appointment by the Governor for the unexpired term. No member shall be appointed to more than two consecutive full terms, but a member appointed for less than a full term, (originally or to fill a vacancy) may serve two full terms in addition to such part of a full term, and a former member shall again be eligible for appointment after a lapse of one or more years. Any member of the Board may be removed by the Governor at any time. The Board shall elect from its members a chair, vice chair, and secretary who shall serve for one year and until their successors are appointed and qualified. The Board shall meet upon the call of the Chair or the Commissioner of Health, or at such other times and places as the Board may determine. Except as otherwise provided in section 1360 sections 1372, 1373, and 1374 of this title, nine members of the Board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The affirmative vote of the majority of the members present and voting shall be required to carry any motion or resolution, to adopt any rule, to pass any measure, or to authorize any decision or order of the Board.

* * *

§ 1353. POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE BOARD

The Board shall have the following powers and duties to:

(1) License and certify health professionals pursuant to this title.

(2) Investigate all complaints and charges of unprofessional conduct against any holder of a license or certificate, or any medical practitioner practicing pursuant to section 1313 of this title, and to hold hearings to determine whether such charges are substantiated or unsubstantiated. The Board may employ or contract with one or more hearing officers to schedule,
oversee prehearing processes, preside over hearings, and assist with the preparation of reports and decisions.

(3) Issue subpoenas and administer oaths in connection with any investigations, hearings, or disciplinary proceedings held under this chapter. Any individual or entity served with a subpoena issued by the Board shall comply notwithstanding the patient’s privilege established in 12 V.S.A. § 1612.

(4) Take or cause depositions to be taken as needed in any investigation, hearing, or proceeding.

* * *

(8) Obtain, at the Board’s discretion, from the Vermont Crime Information Center a Vermont criminal history record, an out-of-state criminal history record, and a criminal history record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation, for any applicant, licensee, or holder of certification. The Board may also inquire of Interpol for any information on criminal history records of an applicant, licensee, or holder of certification. Each applicant, licensee, or holder of certification shall consent to the release of criminal history records to the Board on forms substantially similar to the release forms developed in accordance with 20 V.S.A. § 2056c. When the Board obtains a criminal history record, it shall promptly provide a copy of the record to the applicant, licensee, or holder of certification and inform him or her of the right to appeal the accuracy and completeness of the record pursuant to rules adopted by the Vermont Crime Information Center. When fingerprinting is required pursuant to this subdivision, the applicant, licensee, or holder of certification shall bear all costs associated with fingerprinting. The Board shall comply with all laws regulating the release of criminal history records and the protection of individual privacy.

(A) Inquire into the criminal history backgrounds of applicants for licensure and for biennial license renewal for all professionals licensed or certified by the Board. In obtaining these background checks:

(i) the Board may inquire directly of the Vermont Crime Information Center, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the National Crime Information Center, and other holders of official criminal record information, and may arrange for these inquiries to be made by a commercial service;

(ii) the Board may require the background checks to be fingerprint-supported, and fingerprints obtained for that purpose may be retained on file by the Board, by holders of official criminal record information, or by a service acting on behalf of the Board, and used to notify
the Board of information added to the criminal background history of Board licensees in the future; and

(iii) the Board shall notify applicants subject to background checks that the check is required, that fingerprints will be retained on file, and that criminal convictions are not an absolute bar to licensure, and shall provide applicants and licensees with such other information as may be required by federal law or regulation.

(B) An applicant or licensee shall bear any cost of obtaining a required criminal history background check.

(C) The Board shall comply with all laws regulating the release of criminal history records and the protection of individual privacy.

(D) No person shall confirm the existence or nonexistence of criminal history record information to any person who would not be eligible to receive the information pursuant to this chapter. As used in this subdivision, “criminal history record” is as defined has the same meaning as in 20 V.S.A. § 2056a.

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§ 1354. UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

(a) The Board shall find that any one of the following, or any combination of the following, whether the conduct at issue was committed within or outside the State, constitutes unprofessional conduct:

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(23) revocation of a license to practice medicine or surgery in, or other disciplinary sanction, by another jurisdiction on one or more of the grounds specified in this section;

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(27) failure to comply with provisions of federal or State statutes or regulations, or the statutes or rules of this or any other state, governing the practice of medicine or surgery;

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§ 1355. COMPLAINTS; HEARING COMMITTEE

(a) Any person, firm, corporation, or public officer may submit a written complaint to the Board alleging any person practicing medicine in the State committed unprofessional conduct, specifying the grounds therefor. The Board shall initiate an investigation of the physician when a complaint is received or may act on its own initiative without having received a complaint.
The Chair shall designate four members, including one public member, to serve as a committee to hear or investigate and report upon such charges.

(b) The Chair may designate a hearing committee constituting less than a quorum of the Board, to conduct hearings that would otherwise be heard by the Board. A hearing committee shall consist of at least one physician member of the Board and one public member of the Board. No member of the hearing committee shall have been a member of the investigative committee that reviewed the matter at the investigative stage. When the Board is unable to assign one or more members to investigate a complaint or serve on a hearing committee by reason of disqualification, resignation, vacancy, or necessary absence, the Commissioner may, at the request of the Board, appoint ad hoc members to serve on the investigation or the hearing for that matter only. When a hearing is conducted by a hearing committee, the committee shall report its findings and conclusions to the Board, within 60 days of the conclusion of the hearing unless the Board grants an extension. The Board may take additional evidence and may accept, reject, or modify the findings and conclusions of the Committee. Judgment on the findings shall be rendered by the Board. Nothing herein is intended to limit the discretion of the Board to determine whether a matter will proceed to a hearing committee under this subsection or by a quorum of the Board.

(c) A person or organization shall not be liable in a civil action for damages resulting from the good faith reporting of information to the Board about alleged incompetent, unprofessional, or unlawful conduct of a licensee.

(d) The hearing committee may close portions of hearings to the public if the hearing committee deems it appropriate in order to protect the confidentiality of an individual or for medical and other protected health information pertaining to any identifiable person that is otherwise confidential by State or federal law.

(e) In any proceeding under this section that addresses an applicant’s or licensee’s alleged sexual misconduct, evidence of the sexual history of the victim of the alleged sexual misconduct shall not be subject to discovery nor be admitted into evidence. Neither opinion evidence nor evidence of the reputation of the victim’s sexual conduct shall be admitted. At the request of the victim, the hearing committee may close portions of hearings to the public if the Board deems it appropriate in order to protect the identity of the victim and the confidentiality of his or her medical records. [Repealed.]

§ 1356. SPECIFICATION OF CHARGES

If the Board or committee determines that a hearing is warranted, the Secretary shall prepare a specification of the charge or charges of
unprofessional conduct made against a medical practitioner, a copy of which shall be served upon the person complained against, together with a notice of the hearing, as provided in section 1357 of this title. [Repealed.]

§ 1357. TIME AND NOTICE OF HEARING

The time of hearing shall be fixed by the Secretary as soon as convenient, but not earlier than 30 days after service of the charge upon the person complained against. The Secretary shall issue a notice of hearing of the charges, which notice shall specify the time and place of hearing and shall notify the person complained against that he or she may file with the Secretary a written response within 20 days of the date of service. The notice shall also notify the person complained against that a stenographic record of the proceeding will be kept, that he or she will have the opportunity to appear personally and to have counsel present, with the right to produce witnesses and evidence in his or her own behalf, to cross-examine witnesses testifying against him or her and to examine such documentary evidence as may be produced against him or her. [Repealed.]

§ 1358. SUBPOENAS; CONTEMPT

Subpoenas may be issued by the Board to compel the attendance of witnesses at any investigation or hearing. The Board shall issue subpoenas at the request and on the behalf of the person complained against. [Repealed.]

§ 1359. REPORT OF HEARING

Within 30 days after holding a hearing under the provisions of section 1357 of this title, the committee shall make a written report of its findings of fact and its recommendations, and the same shall be forthwith transmitted to the Secretary, with a transcript of the evidence. [Repealed.]

§ 1360. HEARING BEFORE BOARD

(a) If the Board deems it necessary, the Board may, after further notice to the person complained against, take testimony at a hearing before the Board, conducted as provided for hearings before the hearing committee. In any event, whether the Board makes its determination on the findings of the hearing committee, on the findings of the committee as supplemented by a second hearing before the Board, or on its own findings, the Board shall determine the charge or charges upon the merits on the basis of the evidence in the record before it. Five members of the Board, including at least one public member, shall constitute a quorum for purposes of this section.

(b) Members of the committee designated under section 1355 of this title to investigate the complaint shall not sit with the Board when it conducts hearings under this section.
(c) In any proceeding under this section that addresses an applicant's or licensee's alleged sexual misconduct, evidence of the sexual history of the victim of the alleged sexual misconduct shall neither be subject to discovery nor be admitted into evidence. Neither opinion evidence of nor evidence of the reputation of the victim's sexual conduct shall be admitted. At the request of the victim, the hearing committee may close portions of hearings to the public if the Board deems it appropriate to close portions of the hearing in order to protect the identity of the victim and the confidentiality of his or her medical records.

(d) The Board may close portions of hearings to the public if the Board deems it appropriate in order to protect the confidentiality of an individual or for medical and other protected health information pertaining to any identifiable person that is otherwise confidential by State or federal law. [Repealed.]

§ 1361. DECISION AND ORDER

(a) If a majority of the members of the Board vote in favor of finding the person complained against guilty of unprofessional conduct as specified in the charges, or any of them, the Board shall prepare written findings of fact, conclusions, and order, a copy of which shall be served upon the person complained against.

(b) In such order, the Board may reprimand the person complained against, as it deems appropriate; condition, limit, suspend, or revoke the license, certificate, or practice of the person complained against; or take such other action relating to discipline or practice as the Board determines is proper, including imposing an administrative penalty not to exceed $1,000.00 for each act that constitutes an unprofessional conduct violation. Any money received from the imposition of an administrative penalty imposed under this subsection shall be deposited into the Board of Medical Practice Regulatory Fee Fund for the purpose of providing education and training for Board members and licensees. The Commissioner shall detail in the annual report receipts and expenses from money received under this subsection.

(c) If the person complained against is found not guilty, or the proceedings against him or her are dismissed, the Board shall forthwith order a dismissal of the charges and the exoneration of the person complained against.

(d) Any order issued under this section shall be in full force and effect until further order of the Board or a court of competent jurisdiction. [Repealed.]

* * *
§ 1365. NOTICE OF CONVICTION OF CRIME; INTERIM SUSPENSION OF LICENSE

(a) The Board shall treat a certified copy of the judgment notice of conviction of a crime for which a licensee may be disciplined under section 1354 of this title as an unprofessional conduct complaint. The record of a certified copy of the judgment of conviction shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the conviction occurred. If a person licensed under this chapter is convicted of a crime by a court in this State, the clerk of the court shall within 10 days of such conviction transmit a certified copy of the judgment of conviction to the Board.

* * *

§ 1366. OUT-OF-STATE DISCIPLINE; INTERIM SUSPENSION OF LICENSE

(a) The Board shall treat a certified copy of an order revoking or suspending the license of a person licensed to practice medicine or surgery in another jurisdiction on grounds for which a licensee may be disciplined under subdivision 1354(a)(23) of this title as an unprofessional conduct complaint. The record of a certified copy of the order of revocation or suspension shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the revocation or suspension occurred.

(b) The Board shall treat a certified copy as an unprofessional conduct complaint any notice of a statement of a licensing entity in another jurisdiction that verifies that a person licensed to practice medicine or surgery in that jurisdiction failed to renew, surrendered, or otherwise terminated his or her license during, or prior to initiation of, proceedings to revoke or suspend his or her license as an unprofessional conduct complaint. The record of the statement shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that such termination occurred.

(c) Upon receipt of the certified copy of an order or statement referred to in subsection (a) or (b) of this section, the Board shall follow the procedures for interim suspension set forth in subsection 1365(b) of this title chapter.

(d) The sole issue to be determined at the disciplinary hearing on a complaint filed under subsection (a) of this section shall be the nature of the disciplinary action to be taken by the Board.

* * *

§ 1370. COMPLAINTS; INVESTIGATIVE COMMITTEE
(a)(1) Any individual, organization, or public officer may submit a written complaint to the Board alleging that any individual practicing medicine in the State committed unprofessional conduct or that an individual practiced without being licensed in violation of section 1314 of this chapter. The complaint shall specify the grounds on which the allegations of unprofessional conduct are based.

(2) A person or organization shall not be liable in a civil action for damages resulting from the good faith reporting of information to the Board about alleged incompetent, unprofessional, or unlawful conduct of a licensee.

(b)(1) The Board shall initiate an investigation of the individual complained against whenever a complaint is received. The Board may also act on its own initiative without having received a complaint.

(2) The Executive Director shall designate three or more members, including at least one public member, to serve as an investigative committee to investigate and report to the Board its findings regarding the complaint and whether an evidentiary hearing is warranted. If there is an insufficient number of members to investigate a complaint by reason of disqualification, resignation, vacancy, or necessary absence, the Commissioner of Health may, at the request of the Board, appoint ad hoc members to serve on the investigative committee for that matter only.

(3) If the investigative committee determines that an evidentiary hearing is warranted, the Executive Director shall prepare a specification of the charge or charges of unprofessional conduct made against the individual licensed by the Board, a copy of which shall be served upon subject of the charge or charges, together with the notice of hearing set forth in subsection 1372(b) of this chapter.

§ 1371. ACCESS TO DOCUMENTS; DISCOVERY

(a)(1) A licensee who is notified that a specification of one or more charges of unprofessional conduct have been made against the individual in accordance with subdivision 1370(b)(3) of this chapter shall be entitled to inspect and copy all information in the possession of the Department of Health pertaining to the licensee, except:

(A) investigatory files that have not resulted in charges of unprofessional conduct;

(B) materials that constitute attorney work product; and

(C) any other document or information that the Board has an obligation to protect from disclosure.
The Executive Director shall notify the licensee of the right to inspect and copy information as provided in subsection 1372(b) of this chapter.

(b) A licensee who is notified that a specification of one or more charges of unprofessional conduct have been made against the individual in accordance with subdivision 1370(b)(3) of this chapter shall be entitled to produce fact witnesses, expert witnesses, and evidence on the licensee’s own behalf, to cross-examine witnesses testifying against the licensee, and to engage in other methods of discovery as set forth by order of the Board or its hearing officer.

(c) A licensee who is notified that a specification of one or more charges of unprofessional conduct have been made against the individual in accordance with subdivision 1370(b)(3) of this chapter shall be entitled to request to depose witnesses by motion to the Board or its hearing officer. Any deposition so ordered shall be subject to:

1. the provisions of section 1376 of this chapter, relating to confidentiality and the inadmissibility of certain evidence;
2. limitations or conditions necessary to protect witnesses who are minors or who are adults subject to a guardianship or conservatorship; and
3. such other reasonable limitations as the Board or its hearing officer may provide in the interests of justice and consistent with the provisions of 3 V.S.A. § 810, relating to rules of evidence and official notice in contested cases.

§ 1372. HEARING PANEL

(a) Composition of hearing panel.

(1) The Executive Director may designate a hearing panel constituting less than a quorum of the Board to conduct hearings that would otherwise be heard by the full Board. A hearing panel shall consist of at least three members, including at least one physician member of the Board and at least one public member of the Board. No member of the hearing panel shall have been a member of the investigative committee that reviewed the matter at the investigative stage. A party may move to disqualify a member of a hearing panel due to a conflict of interest.

(2) If there is an insufficient number of members to serve on a hearing panel by reason of disqualification, resignation, vacancy, or necessary absence, the Commissioner of Health may, at the request of the Board, appoint ad hoc members to serve on the hearing panel for that matter only.

(b) Time and notice of hearing.
(1) The Executive Director or a hearing officer shall set a time for the evidentiary hearing as soon as convenient following the determination by the investigative committee that an evidentiary hearing is warranted, subject to the discovery needs of the parties as established in any prehearing or discovery conference or in any orders regulating discovery and depositions, or both, but no earlier than 30 days after service of the charge upon the individual complained against. A party may file motions to extend the time of the hearing for good cause.

(2) The Executive Director shall issue a notice of the evidentiary hearing on the charges, which notice shall specify the time and place of the hearing and shall notify the individual complained against that he or she may file with the Executive Director a written response within 20 days of the date of service. The notice shall also notify the individual complained against that a record of the proceeding will be kept, that he or she will have the right to inspect and copy information as set forth in section 1371 of this chapter, and that he or she will have the opportunity to appear personally and to have counsel present, with the right to produce witnesses and evidence on his or her own behalf, to cross-examine witnesses testifying against him or her, and to examine such documentary evidence as may be produced against him or her.

(c) Hearing panel report. Within 60 days after holding an evidentiary hearing under this section, unless the Board grants an extension, the hearing panel shall provide a written report of its findings of fact and its recommendations to the full Board, with a transcript of the evidence.

§ 1373. HEARING BEFORE THE BOARD

(a) If the Board deems it necessary, following receipt of the report of the hearing panel pursuant to section 1372 of this chapter and after further notice to the individual complained against, the Board may take additional evidence at a hearing before the Board, which shall be conducted according to the same process as provided for the hearing panel.

(b)(1) Five members of the Board, including at least one physician member and at least one public member, shall constitute a quorum for purposes of this section.

(2) Members of the investigative committee designated pursuant to section 1370 of this chapter shall not sit with the Board when it conducts hearings under this section.

§ 1374. DECISION AND ORDER

(a) Regardless of whether the Board makes its determination on the findings of the hearing panel pursuant to section 1372 of this chapter alone, on the findings of the hearing panel as supplemented by a hearing before the
Board pursuant to section 1373 of this chapter, or on its own findings, the Board shall render its decision on the merits of the charge or charges on the basis of the evidence in the record before it.

(b)(1) If a majority of the members of the Board present and voting find that the individual complained against committed unprofessional conduct as specified in one or more of the charges, the Board shall prepare written findings of fact, conclusions, and an order, copies of which shall be served upon the individual complained against.

(2)(A) In its order, the Board may do one or more of the following:

   (i) reprimand the individual complained against;
   (ii) condition, limit, suspend, or revoke the license, certificate, or practice of the individual complained against; or
   (iii) take such other action relating to discipline or practice as the Board determines appropriate, including imposing an administrative penalty of not more than $1,000.00 for each act that constitutes an unprofessional conduct violation.

   (B) Any monies received from the imposition of an administrative penalty imposed pursuant to this subdivision (2) shall be deposited into the Board of Medical Practice Regulatory Fee Fund for the purpose of providing education and training for Board members and licensees. The Commissioner of Health’s accounting under section 1351 of this chapter shall detail the receipts of administrative penalties and the purposes for which such monies were used.

   (c) If the Board finds the individual complained against not guilty of the charge or charges, or the charges against the individual are dismissed, the Board shall promptly order a dismissal of the charges and issue a statement that the charges were not proved.

   (d) Any order issued by the Board under this section shall be in full force and effect until further order of the Board or of a court of competent jurisdiction.

§ 1375. SUBPOENAS; CONTEMPT

   (a) The Board may issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses at any investigation or hearing.
   (b) The Board shall issue subpoenas on behalf of the individual complained against at the request of such person.

§ 1376. CONFIDENTIALITY; INADMISSIBILITY OF CERTAIN
EVIDENCE

(a) A hearing panel or the Board, or both, may close portions of a hearing or hearings to the public if the panel or Board deems it appropriate in order to protect the confidentiality of an individual or for medical and other protected health information pertaining to any identifiable person that is otherwise confidential under State or federal law.

(b) In any proceeding under section 1372 or 1373 of this chapter that addresses an applicant’s or licensee’s alleged sexual misconduct, evidence of the sexual history of a victim of the alleged sexual misconduct shall neither be subject to discovery nor be admitted into evidence. Neither opinion evidence nor evidence of the reputation of a victim’s sexual conduct shall be admitted. At the request of a victim, a hearing panel or the Board may close portions of hearings to the public if the panel or Board deems it appropriate in order to protect the identity of a victim and the confidentiality of his or her medical records.

§ 1377. NONDISCIPLINARY FINANCIAL PENALTY

(a) For violations of statutes and Board rules of an administrative nature, the Board may, in its sole discretion, elect to offer a licensee the opportunity to pay a nondisciplinary financial penalty of not more than $250.00 for each instance of noncompliance. If the licensee accepts the offer and submits the required payment, the matter shall be considered to be closed in lieu of investigating the failure to comply with the rule or statute as unprofessional conduct.

(b) A matter closed by payment of a nondisciplinary financial penalty shall not be considered to be a disciplinary action, and the matter shall remain confidential in the manner of dismissed charges in accordance with section 1318 of this chapter.

(c) The Board shall not be required to offer the option of a nondisciplinary financial penalty in any particular case and may elect to process any matter as a disciplinary action.

Subchapter 3. Licenses

§ 1391. QUALIFICATIONS FOR MEDICAL LICENSURE

(a) Upon payment of an examination fee, a person who has attained the age of majority, and is of good moral character, who is a graduate of a legally chartered college or university authorized to confer degrees in medicine and surgery, which is recognized by the Board, shall be entitled to examination. Evidence of good moral character and competence in being able to communicate in reading, writing, and speaking the English language, shall be
presented from the chief of service and two other active physician staff members at the hospital where the person was last affiliated. In the discretion of the Board, evidence from different sources may be presented.

Basic requirements.

(1) An applicant for physician licensure as a medical doctor shall meet each of the requirements set forth in subdivisions (2)(A) through (D) of this subsection. A requirement may be met either by satisfying the requirement on its own terms or by qualifying for an exception established in this chapter or by the Board by rule.

(2) An applicant shall submit evidence of identity acceptable to the Board as set forth by rule and shall establish that the applicant:

(A) is at least 18 years of age;
(B) has completed high school, or the equivalent, and at least two years of undergraduate postsecondary school;
(C) has graduated from a medical school accredited by an organization that is acceptable to the Board, or from a medical school that has been approved by the Board by rule, with a degree of doctor of medicine or an equivalent as may be determined by the Board; and
(D) is of sound moral character and professional competence as evidenced by:
   (i) references submitted in accordance with rules adopted by the Board;
   (ii) a personal interview, as may be required in the discretion of the Board; and
   (iii) the applicant’s entire personal history, as established by information about the applicant’s academic, licensing examination, employment, professional credentialing, professional certification, professional regulation, civil litigation, and criminal records submitted by the applicant or otherwise obtained by the Board in the application process.

(b) If a person successfully completes the examination, he or she may then apply for licensure to practice medicine in the State of Vermont. In addition, each applicant may be interviewed by a Board member.

Postgraduate training requirements.

(1) A graduate of a U.S. or Canadian medical school accredited by a body that is acceptable to the Board shall submit evidence of the successful completion of at least two years of postgraduate training in a U.S. or Canadian
program accredited by an organization that is acceptable to the Board and that meets such other requirements as the Board may establish by rule.

(2) A graduate of a Board-approved medical school outside the United States or Canada shall submit evidence of success of completing at least three years of postgraduate training in a U.S. or Canadian program accredited by an organization that is acceptable to the Board and that meets such other requirements as the Board may establish by rule.

(c) Students who have completed the studies of anatomy, physiology, chemistry, and histology may be examined after presenting a certificate from the secretary of the college or university in which they are pursuing their studies that they have completed the work of the second year. The fee that shall accompany such certificate shall be half of that for the final examination and shall be credited to the student as a part of the whole fee when he or she takes his or her final examination, which examination shall not include the subjects in which such student was found qualified by such previous examination.

Examination. An applicant shall satisfy the Board’s requirements for medical licensing examination as established by the Board by rule. The Board may identify which examinations are accepted, set passing standards, and set limits on time and numbers of attempts for exams. The Board may establish by rule exceptions or alternative means to meet examination requirements.

(d) In its discretion, the Board may refuse applicants who are graduates of foreign universities or medical schools unless their credentials have first been passed upon and approved by the educational council for foreign medical graduates ECFMG certificate. A graduate of a medical school outside the United States or Canada shall also submit evidence of certification by the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates unless the individual qualifies for licensure as a Fifth Pathway applicant, as established by the Board by rule.

(e) An applicant for limited temporary license, who shall furnish the Board with satisfactory proof that he or she has attained the age of majority, is of good moral character, is a graduate of a legally chartered medical school of this country or of a foreign country that is recognized by the Board and which has power to grant degrees in medicine, that all other eligibility requirements for house officer status have been met, and that he or she has been appointed an intern, resident, fellow, or medical officer in a licensed hospital or in a clinic that is affiliated with a licensed hospital, or in any hospital or institution maintained by the State, or in any clinic or outpatient clinic affiliated with or maintained by the State, may upon the payment of the required fee, be granted
a limited temporary license by the Board as a hospital medical officer for a period of up to 54 weeks and such license may be renewed or reissued, upon payment of the fee, for the period of the applicant’s postgraduate training, internship, or fellowship program. Such limited temporary license shall entitle the said applicant to practice medicine only in the hospital or other institution designated on his or her certificate of limited temporary license and in clinics or outpatient clinics operated by or affiliated with such designated hospital or institution and only if such applicant is under the direct supervision and control of a licensed physician. Such licensed physician shall be legally responsible and liable for all negligent or wrongful acts or omissions of the limited temporary licensee and shall file with the Board the name and address both of himself or herself and the limited temporary licensee and the name of such hospital or other institution. Such limited temporary license shall be revoked upon the death or legal incompetency of the licensed physician or, upon ten days written notice, by withdrawal of his or her filing by such licensed physician. The limited temporary licensee shall at all times exercise the same standard of care and skill as a licensed physician, practicing in the same specialty, in the State of Vermont. Termination of appointment as intern, resident, fellow, or medical officer of such designated hospital or institution shall operate as a revocation of such limited temporary license. An application for limited temporary license shall not be subject to subsection 1391(d) of this title.

Current medical practice. An applicant for licensure shall have actively engaged in the practice of medicine, as defined by section 1311 of this chapter, within three years prior to the date on which the application for licensure becomes complete. In its discretion, the Board may license an applicant who does not meet this practice requirement but who agrees to such conditions as the Board may reasonably require to verify or confirm the applicant’s readiness to reenter the practice of medicine.

(f) License by faculty appointment.

(1) The Board may issue a license without examination to a reputable physician who is a resident of a foreign country and who furnishes to the Board satisfactory proof of appointment to the faculty of a medical college in Vermont that is accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME). The Board may establish additional conditions and requirements by rule for this type of license.

(2) An applicant for a license pursuant to this subsection shall furnish to the Board satisfactory proof that the applicant is at least 18 years of age, has good moral character, is licensed to practice medicine in the applicant’s country of residence, and has been appointed to the faculty of an LCME-
accredited medical college located in Vermont. The application shall include detailed information concerning the nature and term of the appointment, the method by which the applicant’s performance will be monitored and evaluated, and any other information the Board may require by rule.

(3) A license issued pursuant to this subsection shall be for a period not to exceed the term of the faculty appointment and may, in the Board’s discretion, be for a shorter period.

(4) A license issued pursuant to this subsection shall expire automatically upon termination for any reason of the licensee’s faculty appointment.

§ 1392. LIMITED TEMPORARY LICENSE FOR POSTGRADUATE TRAINING

(a) Qualifications for limited training license.

(1) An applicant for a limited training license to practice medicine in a postgraduate training program shall meet each of requirements set forth in subdivisions (2)(A) through (E) of this subsection. A requirement may be met either by satisfying the requirement on its own terms or by qualifying for an exception established in this chapter or by the Board by rule.

(2) An applicant shall submit evidence of identity acceptable to the Board and shall establish that the applicant:

(A) is at least 18 years of age;

(B) has graduated from a medical school accredited by an organization that is acceptable to the Board, or from a medical school that has been approved by the Board by rule;

(C) has been accepted to participate in a postgraduate medical training program accredited by a body approved by the Board by rule;

(D) is of sound moral character and professional competence as evidenced by the applicant’s entire personal history, as established by information about the applicant’s academic, licensing examination, employment, professional credentialing, professional certification, professional regulation, civil litigation, and criminal records submitted by the applicant or otherwise obtained by the Board in the application process; and

(E) will be practicing in a program under the supervision of a Vermont-licensed physician who has acknowledged in writing:

(i) the responsibility to ensure that the program operates in accordance with the requirements of the accrediting body; and
(ii) the responsibility to ensure that physicians in training practice only under the close supervision and control of Vermont-licensed physicians.

(b) Terms of limited training license.

(1) A limited training license shall be issued for the period of a “training year,” which shall run from July 1 through June 30. All limited training licenses shall expire at 12:00 midnight on July 1, regardless of when issued, unless the holder leaves the program before that date, in which case the license expires upon the holder leaving the program. The Board may issue a limited training license up to 90 days prior to the beginning of a training year.

(2) A limited training license shall be renewed annually for each licensee who intends to continue to practice in a training program, in accordance with such requirements as the Board may provide by rule.

(3) A limited training license authorizes the holder to practice only within the approved training program and only at sites that are part of the hospital or other facility hosting the training program, along with such other locations as may be formally designated as a training site of the program.

(4) A limited training license shall become invalid 14 days after the supervising physician described in subdivision (a)(2)(E) of this subsection stops supervising the program for any reason, unless documentation of a new supervising physician is filed with the Board prior to the expiration of the 14-day period.

(5) A physician practicing under a limited training license is subject to the provisions of section 1354 of this chapter.

§ 1393. EXAMINATIONS

The examinations shall be wholly or partly in writing, in the English language, and shall be of a practical character, sufficiently strict to test the qualifications of the applicant. In its discretion the Board may use multiple choice style examinations provided by the National Board of Medical Examiners or by the Federation of State Medical Boards, or as determined by rule. The examination shall embrace the general subjects of anatomy, physiology, chemistry, pathology, bacteriology, hygiene, practice of medicine, surgery, obstetrics, gynecology, materia medica, therapeutics, and legal medicine. The subjects covered by the National Board of Medical Examiners examination shall be considered to have met the requirements of this section. If the applicant passes the examination approved by the Board and meets the other standards for licensure, he or she will qualify for licensure. [Repealed.]

§ 1394. REEXAMINATIONS
A person failing an examination may be reexamined. The limitation on the number of reexaminations shall be determined by the Board, by rule. The fee for reexamination shall be as required by subsection 1391(a) of this title. [Repealed.]

§ 1395. LICENSE WITHOUT EXAMINATION

(a) Without examination, the Board may, upon payment of the required fee, issue a license to a reputable physician who personally appears and presents a certified copy of a certificate of registration or a license issued to him or her in a jurisdiction whose requirements for registration are deemed by the Board as equivalent to those of this State, providing that such jurisdiction grants the same reciprocity to a Vermont physician or by the National Board of Medical Examiners.

(b) Without examination, the Board may issue a license to a reputable physician who is a resident of a foreign country and who shall furnish the Board with satisfactory proof that he or she has been appointed to the faculty of a medical college accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) and located within the State of Vermont. An applicant for a license under this subsection shall furnish the Board with satisfactory proof that he or she has attained the age of majority, is of good moral character, is licensed to practice medicine in his or her country of residence, and that he or she has been appointed to the faculty of an LCME accredited medical college located within the State of Vermont. The information submitted to the Board concerning the applicant’s faculty appointment shall include detailed information concerning the nature and term of the appointment and the method by which the performance of the applicant will be monitored and evaluated. A license issued under this subsection shall be for a period no longer than the term of the applicant’s faculty appointment and may, in the discretion of the Board, be for a shorter period. A license issued under this subsection shall expire automatically upon termination for any reason of the licensee’s faculty appointment. [Repealed.]

§ 1396. REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO PRACTICE

(a) The standard of requirements for admission to practice in this State, under section 1395 of this title, shall be as follows:

(1) Academic: Preliminary requirements to be a high school education or its equivalent, such as would admit the student to a recognized university, and a two years’ course of study in a college of arts and sciences.

(2) Medical: Be a graduate of a medical college approved by the Board or approved by an accrediting body satisfactory to the Board.
(3) Postgraduate training: Have completed at least a one-year hospital program of postgraduate training approved by the Board or approved by an accrediting body satisfactory to the Board.

(4) Moral: Shall present letters of reference as to moral character and professional competence from the chief of service and two other active physician staff members at the hospital where he or she was last affiliated. In the discretion of the Board, letters from different sources may be presented.

(5) Language: Shall demonstrate competence in reading, writing, and speaking the English language.

(6) Examination: The examination in writing shall have embraced 13 subjects of 90 questions, viz.: anatomy, physiology, chemistry, pathology, bacteriology, hygiene, practice of medicine, surgery, obstetrics, gynecology, materia medica, therapeutic, and legal medicine. The grade achieved in each subject must have been at least 75 percent, and a license shall not be recognized when a lower rating was obtained.

(7) Practice: Shall have practiced medicine within the last three years as defined in section 1311 of this title or shall comply with the requirements for updating knowledge and skills as defined by Board rules.

(b) In cases it deems appropriate, the Board may waive the requirements of subdivisions (a)(1) and (2) of this section for an applicant who is a graduate of a medical college that is neither approved by the Board nor by an accrediting body satisfactory to the Board. As a condition of granting a waiver, the Board may require that the applicant complete up to three years of postgraduate training satisfactory to the Board. A waiver granted under this section shall be in writing and shall include a statement of the Board reasons for granting the waiver. [Repealed.]

* * *

§ 1398. REFUSAL OR REVOCATION OF LICENSES

(a) The Board may refuse to issue the licenses provided for in section 1391 of this title to persons a license or certificate to an applicant who applies to be licensed or certified under this chapter and who, by false or fraudulent representations, have has obtained or sought to obtain practice in their the profession, or by false or fraudulent representations of their profession in practice, have has obtained or sought to obtain money or any other thing of value, or who assume names a name other than their the applicant’s own for the purpose of misleading others, or for any other immoral, unprofessional, or dishonorable conduct. However, a
(b) A license or certificate shall not be suspended, except as provided in section 1365 or 1366 of this chapter; revoked; or refused until the holder or applicant;

(1) is given a hearing before the Board using the same procedures as a hearing on disciplinary matters as set forth in sections 1372 through 1376 of this chapter;

(2) is offered and declines or fails to attend a hearing; or

(3) agrees to the action.

(c) In the event of a revocation, the holder of any license or certificate so revoked shall forthwith promptly relinquish the same license or certificate to the Secretary of the Board.

* * *

Sec. 2. INVESTIGATIVE PROCEDURES

On or before July 1, 2020, the Board of Medical Practice shall post on its website an operations manual, covering topics including procedures for initiating investigations, procedures for notifying licensees of investigations, and standards for investigators’ visiting practices. The Board shall inform licensees that the operations manual has been posted and is available for review and comment.

* * * Licensure of Podiatrists * * *

Sec. 3. 26 V.S.A. § 371 is amended to read:

§ 371. ELIGIBILITY

To be eligible for licensure as a podiatrist, an applicant must:

* * *

(4) successfully complete all required steps of the examinations given by the National Board of Podiatry Podiatric Medical Examiners, as set forth by the Board by rule; and

* * *

Sec. 4. 26 V.S.A. § 373(b) is amended to read:

(b) A license that has lapsed for up to 364 days may be reinstated on payment of a renewal fee and a late renewal penalty. A license that has lapsed for one year or longer may be reinstated upon payment of the reinstatement fee and completion of the reinstatement application as set forth by the Board by rule. The applicant shall not be required to pay renewal fees during periods when the license was lapsed. However, if such license remains lapsed for a
period of three years or longer, the Board may, after notice and an opportunity for hearing, require reexamination as a condition or other conditions of renewal.

Sec. 5. 26 V.S.A. § 373(b) is amended to read:

(b) A license that has lapsed for up to 364 days may be reinstated on payment of a renewal fee and a late renewal penalty. A license that has lapsed for one year or longer may be reinstated upon payment of the reinstatement fee and completion of the reinstatement application as set forth by the Board by rule. The applicant shall not be required to pay renewal fees during periods when the license was lapsed. However, if such license remains lapsed for a period of three years or longer, the Board may, after notice and an opportunity for hearing, require reexamination or other conditions of renewal require the licensee to update his or her knowledge and skills as defined by Board rules.

*** Addition of Board of Medical Practice to Description of Professional Licensing Boards Entitled to Inspect Prescription Records ***

Sec. 6. 18 V.S.A. § 4211 is amended to read:

§ 4211. RECORDS CONFIDENTIAL

Prescriptions, orders, and records required by this chapter, and stocks of regulated drugs, shall be open for inspection only to federal or state officers or their specifically authorized agent whose duty it is to enforce the federal drug laws or this chapter, or to authorized agents of professional licensing boards, as that term is defined under 3 V.S.A. chapter 5, or authorized agents of the Board of Medical Practice. No person having knowledge by virtue of his or her office of any such prescription, order, or record shall divulge such knowledge, except in connection with a prosecution, or proceeding before the Board of Health, Board of Pharmacy, Board of Medical Practice, or another licensing or registration board, to which prosecution or proceeding the person to whom such prescriptions, orders, or records relate is a party.

*** Effective Dates ***

Sec. 7. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) Sec. 1 (26 V.S.A. chapter 23) shall take effect on July 1, 2020, except that 26 V.S.A. § 1377 (nondisciplinary financial penalty) shall take effect upon the Board’s adoption of a rule setting forth the schedule of statutory and rule violations and penalties.

(b) Secs. 2 (investigative procedures), 3 (26 V.S.A. § 371), 4 (26 V.S.A. § 373(b)), 6 (18 V.S.A. § 4211), and this section shall take effect on July 1, 2020.
(c) Sec. 5 (26 V.S.A. § 373(b)) shall take effect 60 days after the Board’s adoption of a maintenance of licensure rule for podiatrists in accordance with 2011 Acts and Resolves No. 61, Sec. 10.

The bill, having appeared on the Calendar one day for Notice, was taken up, read the second time, report of the committee on Health Care agreed to and third reading ordered.

Second Reading; Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered

H. 552

Rep. Coffey of Guilford, for the committee on Corrections and Institutions, to which had been referred House bill, entitled

An act relating to the Vermont Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Pollution Control Revolving Fund

Reported in favor of its passage when amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 24 V.S.A. § 4753 is amended to read:

§ 4753. REVOLVING LOAN FUNDS; AUTHORITY TO SPEND; REPORT

(a) There is hereby established a series of special funds to be known as:

(1) The Vermont Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Pollution Control Revolving Fund, which shall be used, consistent with federal law, to provide loans for planning and construction of clean water projects, including acquisitions of project-related easements, land, options to purchase land, and temporary or permanent rights-of-way, and for implementing related management programs.

* * *

(b)(1) Each of such funds shall be established and held separate and apart from any other funds or monies of the State and shall be used and administered exclusively for the purpose of this chapter with the exception of transferring funds from the Vermont Drinking Water Planning Loan Fund and the Vermont Drinking Water Source Protection Fund to the Vermont Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Drinking Water State Revolving Fund, and from the Vermont Pollution Control Revolving Fund to the Vermont Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Pollution Control Revolving Fund, when authorized by the Secretary.

(2) These funds shall be administered by the Bond Bank on behalf of the State, except that:
(A) the Vermont EPA Drinking Water State Revolving Fund shall be administered by VEDA concerning loans to privately owned public water systems under subdivisions (a)(3) and (5) of this section in accordance with subchapter 3 of this chapter;

(B) the Vermont Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Pollution Control Revolving Fund shall be administered by VEDA concerning loans to private entities for clean water projects in accordance with subchapter 4 of this chapter; and

(C) the Vermont Wastewater and Potable Water Revolving Loan Fund may be administered by a community development financial institution, as that term is defined in 12 U.S.C. § 4702, that is contracted with by the State for the purpose of providing loans to individuals for failed wastewater systems and potable water supplies under subdivision (a)(10) of this section in accordance with section 4763b of this chapter.

(3) The funds shall be invested in the same manner as permitted for investment of funds belonging to the State or held in the Treasury.

(4) The funds shall consist of the following:

(A) such sums as may be appropriated or transferred thereto from time to time by the General Assembly, the State Emergency Board, or the Joint Fiscal Committee during such times as the General Assembly is not in session;

(B) principal and interest received from the repayment of loans made from each of such funds;

(C) capitalization grants and awards made to the State by the United States of America for any of the purposes for which such funds have been established;

(D) interest earned from the investment of fund balances;

(E) private gifts, bequests, and donations made to the State for any of the purposes for which such funds have been established; and

(F) other funds from any public or private source intended for use for any of the purposes for which such funds have been established.

* * *

Sec. 2. 24 V.S.A. § 4755 is amended to read:

§ 4755. LOAN; LOAN AGREEMENTS; GENERAL PROVISIONS

(a) Except as provided by subsection (c) of this section, the Bond Bank may make loans to a municipality on behalf of the State for one or more of the
purposes set forth in section 4754 of this chapter. Each of the loans shall be made subject to the following conditions and limitations:

* * *

(4) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, municipal legislative bodies may execute notes and incur debt on behalf of municipalities:

(A) with voter approval at a duly warned meeting, for amounts less than $75,000.00;

(B) by increasing previously approved bond authorizations by up to $75,000.00 to cover unanticipated project costs or the cost of directly and functionally related enhancements; or

(C) without voter approval for a natural resources project under the sponsorship program, as defined in section 4752 of this title, provided that:

(i) the amount of the debt incurred does not exceed an amount to be forgiven or cancelled upon the completion of the project; and

(ii) the municipality obtains voter approval for the paired water pollution abatement and control facilities project under the sponsorship program, pursuant to the requirements set forth in chapter 53 of this title; or

(D) without voter approval for municipal clean water and public water supply system projects receiving loan forgiveness, provided that the amount of debt incurred does not exceed the amount to be forgiven or cancelled upon completion of the project.

* * *

Sec. 3. 24 V.S.A. § 4763c is amended to read:

§ 4763c. LOANS TO MUNICIPALITIES FOR MUNICIPAL PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS

(a) The Secretary may certify to the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank established by section 4571 of this title the award of a loan to a municipality to assist with a public water supply system project, when the Secretary finds that:

* * *

(b) The certification by the Secretary shall specify the interest rate, and indicate which of the following loan conditions concerning construction loans apply:

(1) The term shall not exceed 30 years, and the annual interest rate, plus the administrative fee, shall be no more than three percent or less than zero percent, except that when the applicant municipality is disadvantaged as
defined by subdivision 4752(12)(A) of this title, the term shall not exceed 40 years. When the applicant municipality is disadvantaged as defined in subdivision 4752(12), the annual interest rate, plus the administrative fee, shall be no not less than minus three percent.

**  **

Sec. 4. 24 V.S.A. § 4765 is amended to read:

§ 4765. APPLICATION FOR LOANS TO MUNICIPALITIES

**  **

Sec. 5. 24 V.S.A. § 4771 is amended to read:

§ 4771. CONDITIONS OF LOAN AGREEMENT

(a) VEDA may make loans to applicants on behalf of the State for one or more of the purposes set forth in subsection 4770(b) of this title. Each such loan shall be made subject to the following conditions:

(1) The loan shall be evidenced by a note payable over a term not to exceed 20 30 years. Repayment shall commence no not later than one year after completion of the project for which loan funds have been applied.

**  **

(5)(A) Notwithstanding subdivision (4) of this subsection, a privately owned nonprofit community type system may qualify for a 30-year 40-year loan term at an interest rate, plus administrative fee, to be established by the Secretary of Natural Resources that shall be no not more than three percent or less than minus three percent, provided that the applicant system meets the income level and annual household user cost requirements of a disadvantaged municipality as defined in 10 V.S.A. § 1571(9)(A) subdivision 4752(12)(A) of this title, and at least 80 percent of the residential units served by the water system is continuously occupied by local residents and at least 80 percent of the water produced is for residential use.

**  **

Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

The bill, having appeared on the Calendar one day for Notice, was taken up, read the second time, report of the committee on Corrections and Institutions agreed to and third reading ordered.
Rep. Houghton of Essex, for the committee on Health Care, to which had been referred House bill, entitled

An act relating to health insurance coverage for store-and-forward telemedicine

Reported in favor of its passage when amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. TELEHEALTH EXPANSION; LEGISLATIVE INTENT

It is the intent of the General Assembly to increase Vermonters’ access to health care services through an expansion of telehealth services without increasing social isolation or supplanting the role of local, community-based health care providers throughout rural Vermont.

Sec. 2. 8 V.S.A. § 4100k is amended to read:

§ 4100k. COVERAGE OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES DELIVERED THROUGH TELEMEDICINE AND BY STORE-AND-FORWARD MEANS

(a)(1) All health insurance plans in this State shall provide coverage for health care services and dental services delivered through telemedicine by a health care provider at a distant site to a patient at an originating site to the same extent that the plan would cover the services if they were provided through in-person consultation.

(2)(A) A health insurance plan shall provide the same reimbursement rate for services billed using equivalent procedure codes and modifiers, subject to the terms of the health insurance plan and provider contract, regardless of whether the service was provided through an in-person visit with the health care provider or through telemedicine.

(B) The provisions of subdivision (A) of this subdivision (2) shall not apply to services provided pursuant to the health insurance plan’s contract with a third-party telemedicine vendor to provide health care or dental services.

(b) A health insurance plan may charge a deductible, co-payment, or coinsurance for a health care service or dental service provided through telemedicine so as long as it does not exceed the deductible, co-payment, or coinsurance applicable to an in-person consultation.
(c) A health insurance plan may limit coverage to health care providers in the plan’s network. A health insurance plan shall not impose limitations on the number of telemedicine consultations a covered person may receive that exceed limitations otherwise placed on in-person covered services.

(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a health insurance plan from providing coverage for only those services that are medically necessary and are clinically appropriate for delivery through telemedicine, subject to the terms and conditions of the covered person’s policy.

(e) A health insurance plan may reimburse for teleophthalmology or teledermatology provided by store and forward means and may require the distant site health care provider to document the reason the services are being provided by store and forward means.

(1) A health insurance plan shall reimburse for health care services and dental services delivered by store-and-forward means.

(2) A health insurance plan shall not impose more than one cost-sharing requirement on a patient for receipt of health care services or dental services delivered by store-and-forward means. If the services would require cost-sharing under the terms of the patient’s health insurance plan, the plan may impose the cost-sharing requirement on the services of the originating site health care provider or of the distant site health care provider, but not both.

(f) A health insurer shall not construe a patient’s receipt of services delivered through telemedicine or by store-and-forward means as limiting in any way the patient’s ability to receive additional covered in-person services from the same or a different health care provider for diagnosis or treatment of the same condition.

(g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a health insurance plan to reimburse the distant site health care provider if the distant site health care provider has insufficient information to render an opinion.

(h) In order to facilitate the use of telemedicine in treating substance use disorder, when the originating site is a health care facility, health insurers and the Department of Vermont Health Access shall ensure that the health care provider at the distant site and the health care facility at the originating site are both reimbursed for the services rendered, unless the health care providers at both the distant and originating sites are employed by the same entity.

(i) As used in this subchapter:

* * *

(2) “Health insurance plan” means any health insurance policy or health benefit plan offered by a health insurer, as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 9402, as well
as a stand-alone dental plan or policy or other dental insurance plan offered by a dental insurer, and Medicaid and any other public health care assistance program offered or administered by the State or by any subdivision or instrumentality of the State. The term does not include policies or plans providing coverage for a specified disease or other limited benefit coverage.

*(4)* “Health care provider” means a person, partnership, or corporation, other than a facility or institution, that is licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized by law to provide professional health care services, including dental services, in this State to an individual during that individual’s medical care, treatment, or confinement.

***(5)***

(6) “Store and forward” means an asynchronous transmission of medical information, such as one or more video clips, audio clips, still images, x-rays, magnetic resonance imaging scans, electrocardiograms, electroencephalograms, or laboratory results, sent over a secure connection that complies with the requirements of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104–191 to be reviewed at a later date by a health care provider at a distant site who is trained in the relevant specialty and by which. In store and forward, the health care provider at the distant site reviews the medical information without the patient present in real time and communicates a care plan or treatment recommendation back to the patient or referring provider, or both.

(7) “Telemedicine” means the delivery of health care services, including dental services, such as diagnosis, consultation, or treatment through the use of live interactive audio and video over a secure connection that complies with the requirements of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191. Telemedicine does not include the use of audio-only telephone, e-mail, or facsimile.

Sec. 3. 18 V.S.A. § 9361 is amended to read:

§ 9361. HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS DELIVERING HEALTH CARE SERVICES THROUGH TELEMEDICINE OR BY STORE AND FORWARD STORE-AND-FORWARD MEANS

**(c)(1)** A health care provider delivering health care services or dental services through telemedicine shall obtain and document a patient’s oral or
written informed consent for the use of telemedicine technology prior to delivering services to the patient.

(A) The informed consent for telemedicine services shall be provided in accordance with Vermont and national policies and guidelines on the appropriate use of telemedicine within the provider’s profession and shall include, in language that patients can easily understand:

(i) an explanation of the opportunities and limitations of delivering health care services or dental services through telemedicine;

(ii) informing the patient of the presence of any other individual who will be participating in or observing the patient’s consultation with the provider at the distant site and obtaining the patient’s permission for the participation or observation; and

(iii) assurance that all services the health care provider delivers to the patient through telemedicine will be delivered over a secure connection that complies with the requirements of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191.

* * *

c) A patient receiving teleophthalmology or teledermatology by store and forward means shall be informed of the right to receive a consultation with the distant site health care provider and shall receive a consultation with the distant site health care provider upon request. If requested, the consultation with the distant site health care provider may occur either at the time of the initial consultation or within a reasonable period of time following the patient’s notification of the results of the initial consultation. Receiving teledermatology or teleophthalmology by store and forward means

(1) A patient receiving health care services or dental services by store-and-forward means shall be informed of the patient’s right to refuse to receive services in this manner and to request services in an alternative format, such as through real-time telemedicine services or an in-person visit.

(2) Receipt of services by store-and-forward means shall not preclude a patient from receiving real-time real-time telemedicine or face-to-face services or an in-person visit with the distant site health care provider at a future date.

(3) Originating site health care providers involved in the store-and-forward store-and-forward process shall obtain informed consent from the patient as described in subsection (c) of this section.

Sec. 4. TELEMEDICINE REIMBURSEMENT; SUNSET
8 V.S.A. § 4100k(a)(2) (telemedicine reimbursement) is repealed on January 1, 2026.

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on January 1, 2021.

and that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: “An act relating to telehealth”

Having appeared on the Calendar one day for notice, was taken up and read the second time.

Pending the question, Shall the bill be amended as recommended by the committee on Health Care? Reps. Houghton of Essex, Christensen of Weathersfield, Cina of Burlington, Cordes of Lincoln, Donahue of Northfield, Durfee of Shaftsbury, Lippert of Hinesburg, Page of Newport City, Reed of Braintree, Rogers of Waterville and Smith of Derby moved to amend the report of the committee on Health Care as follows:

First: In Sec. 2, 8 V.S.A. § 4100k, by redesignating subsection (i) to be subsection (j) and by inserting a new subsection (i) to read as follows:

(i) The Commissioner may require a health insurance plan to provide coverage and reimbursement for health care services delivered by audio-only telephone, by e-mail, by facsimile, or by a combination of these to the same extent as coverage and reimbursement are required for telemedicine under this section on a temporary basis, not to exceed 180 days, by emergency rule if the Commissioner deems it necessary in order to protect the public health.

Second: By striking out Sec. 5, effective date, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof two new sections to be Secs. 5 and 6 to read as follows:

Sec. 5. DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL REGULATION; STORE AND FORWARD; EMERGENCY RULEMAKING AUTHORITY

The Commissioner of Financial Regulation may require a health insurance plan to reimburse for health care services and dental services delivered by store-and-forward means to the extent practicable prior to January 1, 2021 by emergency rule if the Commissioner deems it necessary in order to protect the public health.

Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage, except that in Sec. 2, 8 V.S.A. § 4100k(e) (coverage of health care services delivered by store-and-forward means) shall take effect on January 1, 2021.
Which was agreed to. Thereupon the report of the committee on Health Care, as amended, was agreed to and third reading ordered.

**Second Reading; Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered**

**H. 754**

**Rep. Donahue of Northfield,** for the committee on Rules, to which had been referred House bill, entitled

An act relating to restructuring and reorganizing General Assembly staff offices

Reported in favor of its passage when amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

*** Sergeant at Arms ***

Sec. 1. 2 V.S.A. chapter 3 is amended to read:

**CHAPTER 3. SERGEANT AT ARMS**

***

§ 62. LEGISLATIVE DUTIES

(a) The Sergeant at Arms shall:

(1) execute orders of either house, the Joint Legislative Management Committee, the Committee on Joint Rules, or the House or Senate Committee on Rules;

***

(d) The Sergeant at Arms and employees of the Sergeant at Arms shall seek guidance from and operate in accordance with policies adopted by the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

§ 63. SALARY

(a) The salary for a newly elected Sergeant at Arms shall be set by the Joint Rules Committee and annually thereafter, this compensation shall be adjusted in accordance with any annual increase provided for legislative employees, unless otherwise determined by the Joint Rules Committee.

(b) [Repealed.]

§ 64. EMPLOYMENT OF ASSISTANTS; CAPITOL POLICE; TRAINING; UNIFORMS AND EQUIPMENT

(a) The Sergeant at Arms may, subject to the rules of the General Assembly, employ such employees as may be needed to carry out the Sergeant
at Arms’ duties. These may include assistants, custodians, doorkeepers, guides, messengers, mail and room assignment clerks, security guards, and pages, and other staff as needed to carry out the Sergeant at Arms’ duties, except that requests for new, permanent positions shall be subject to the approval of the Joint Legislative Management Committee. Compensation for such employees shall be determined by the Joint Rules Committee, except that prior to the beginning of any legislative session, compensation for a person who fills the same temporary position that he or she filled during the preceding session and, in the case of a person newly employed to fill a temporary position, the rate of compensation shall be established initially by the Sergeant at Arms at a rate not to exceed the rate established for the person who held that position during the preceding legislative session. Persons employed under this section shall be paid in the same manner as members of the General Assembly. The Commissioner of Finance and Management shall issue his or her warrant in payment of compensation approved under this section.

(b) All individuals employed by the Sergeant at Arms shall be subject to the personnel policies adopted by the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

(c) The provisions of 3 V.S.A. chapter 13 (classification of State personnel) shall not apply to employees of the Sergeant at Arms unless this exception is partially or wholly waived by the Joint Rules Committee consistent with the rules of the General Assembly. Any waiver may subsequently be rescinded in whole or in part Joint Legislative Management Committee.

* * *

§ 68. BUDGET

The Sergeant at Arms shall propose a budget for the Office of Sergeant at Arms to the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

* * *

§ 70. CAPITOL POLICE DEPARTMENT

* * *

(d) Strategic plan. The Sergeant at Arms, in consultation with the Chief, shall prepare, maintain, and update, at least biennially, a strategic plan for the Capitol Police Department, which shall be subject to review and approval by the Joint Legislative Management Committee.
Sec. 2. 2 V.S.A. chapter 13 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 13. OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES COUNSEL

Subchapter 4 1. Legislative Council Office of Legislative Counsel

§ 401. CREATION AND PURPOSE

A Legislative Council The Office of Legislative Counsel is created as a permanent agency to serve the General Assembly with a professional staff and secretarial nonpartisan legislative drafting, research, and other professional legal and editorial services.

§ 402. MEMBERSHIP DIRECTOR AND CHIEF COUNSEL; EMPLOYEES

(a) The Legislative Council shall consist of:

(1) The President Pro Tempore of the Senate and three members of the Senate appointed by the President.

(2) The Speaker of the House and three members of the House appointed by the Speaker.

(b) Members shall serve a term of two years or until their successors are appointed. The term of a member shall end upon his or her ceasing to be a member of the General Assembly.

(c) Interim vacancies may be filled by appointment by the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House in the same manner as in subsection (a) of this section.

(d) The members shall be appointed from the political parties in the general proportion to the membership of each party in each house.

(e) Appointments shall be made biennially at the same time as standing committees.

(a) The Joint Legislative Management Committee shall employ an individual to be the Director and Chief Counsel of the Office of Legislative Counsel. The Committee may conduct the hiring process itself or it may delegate this duty to a special hiring committee comprising an equal number of members from the House and Senate, not all of whom shall be from the same political party; however, the Joint Legislative Management Committee shall make the final hiring decision.

(b)(1) The Director and Chief Counsel shall employ legal, editorial, and other professional staff as needed to carry out the duties of the Office of Legislative Counsel, except that requests for new, permanent positions shall be subject to the approval of the Joint Legislative Management Committee.
(2) All individuals employed by the Office of Legislative Counsel shall be subject to the personnel policies adopted by the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

(3) The provisions of 3 V.S.A. chapter 13 (classification of State personnel) shall not apply to employees of the Office of Legislative Counsel.

§ 403. ORGANIZATION; EXPENSES FUNCTIONS; CONFIDENTIALITY

(a) The Legislative Council shall meet immediately following the appointment of its membership to elect a chair and a vice chair and to organize and conduct its business. The members of the Council shall adopt rules for the organization of the Council and the operation of its personnel. The Council may meet as often as it deems necessary, and a majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Meetings may be called by the Chair or by a majority of the members.

(b) The Legislative Council shall employ such professional and secretarial staff as are required to carry out its functions and fix their compensation. 3 V.S.A. chapter 13 shall not apply to employees of the Council unless this exception is partially or wholly waived by the Council.

(c) After July 1, 1972, all of the expenses of the Legislative Council shall be charged to the legislative appropriation, and the Council shall prepare a detailed Legislative Council budget generally in the format of departmental budgets.

(a) The Office of Legislative Counsel shall provide legal services to the General Assembly and its staff, including:

(1) drafting bills, resolutions, amendments, and other legal documents;

(2) providing legal research and analysis in relation to current or anticipated legislative matters;

(3) providing policy analysis of current or anticipated legislative matters;

(4) maintaining a reference library;

(5) maintaining confidential documents and other confidential materials provided to or generated by the Office in the course of business;

(6) providing contracting and other legal services to the Joint Legislative Management Committee and other legislative offices; and

(7) furnishing such other information and legal assistance with respect to legislative matters as may be required by a member, member-elect, committee or similar entity of the General Assembly, a chamber of the General
Assembly, or the General Assembly as a whole, in the performance of its duties.

(b)(1) All requests for legal assistance, information, and advice from the Office of Legislative Counsel, all information received in connection with research or drafting, and all confidential materials provided to or generated by the Office shall remain confidential unless the party requesting or providing the information or material designates that it is not confidential.

(2) Recordings and minutes of committee meetings, bills and amendments that have been approved for printing or introduction, and material appearing in the journals or calendars of either house are official documents and materials and shall not be confidential under this subsection.

(d) The Legislative Council shall have its offices in the State House.

(e) For attending a meeting of the Legislative Council when he or she is not receiving compensation as a member of the General Assembly, a member of the Legislative Council shall be entitled to the same per diem compensation and reimbursement for necessary expenses as provided members of standing committees under 2 V.S.A. § 406.

§ 404. FUNCTIONS BUDGET

(a) The Legislative Council shall direct, supervise, and coordinate the work of its staff and secretaries.

(b) The Legislative Council shall:

(1) furnish research services in relation to legislative problems;

(2) furnish drafting services for bills, resolutions, and amendments;

(3) establish and maintain a reference library;

(4) furnish such other information and legal assistance respecting legislative matters as may be required by a committee of either house, a joint committee of the General Assembly, or a member-elect of the General Assembly;

(5) appoint one or more persons to serve as staff for a standing committee of either house or any group of standing committees of the House and Senate;

(6) except when the General Assembly is in session and upon the request of any person, provide him or her, on a weekly basis, with a list of all public hearings or meetings scheduled by a council, committee, subcommittee, commission, or study committee of the General Assembly or any cancellations of hearings or meetings thereof previously scheduled;
(7) Keep minutes of its meetings and shall maintain a file thereof.

(c) All requests for legal assistance, information, and advice and all information received in connection with research or drafting shall be confidential unless the party requesting or giving the information designates in the request that it is not confidential. Transcripts and minutes of committee meetings, including written testimony submitted to the committee, bills or amendments that have been released or approved for printing or introduction, and material appearing in the journals or calendars of either house are official documents and shall not be confidential under this subsection.

The Director and Chief Counsel shall propose a budget for the Office of Legislative Counsel to the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

§ 405. INTERGOVERNMENTAL COOPERATION

For the purposes of carrying out its duties, the Legislative Council and its staff Office of Legislative Counsel shall have access to and the right to copy any public record of all executive, administrative, and judicial departments of the State, except income and franchise tax returns and other documents classified as confidential by law.

* * *

Subchapter § 2. Statutory Revision

§ 421. LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL; STATUTORY PUBLICATION AND REVISION DUTIES

(a) The Legislative Council Office of Legislative Counsel shall continuously maintain and update a formal topical revision of existing permanent statutory law to be known as the Vermont Statutes Annotated. The topical revision shall be arranged in a systematic and annotated form that is consolidated into the smallest practical number of volumes and indexes.

(b) The Legislative Council Office of Legislative Counsel, on behalf of the State of Vermont, shall hold the copyright to the Vermont Statutes Annotated.

§ 422. CONTRACT FOR PREPARATION OF VERMONT STATUTES ANNOTATED

(a) The Legislative Council Office of Legislative Counsel shall contract with a competent legal publisher to revise and publish the Vermont Statutes Annotated.

(b) The contract for publishing the Vermont Statutes Annotated shall provide for the annual editing and publishing of cumulative pocket part supplements after each biennial and adjourned legislative session for the
duration of the contract. The cumulative pocket part supplements shall include all the codified laws that were enacted during the concluded biennial or adjourned session of the General Assembly, and during any special session that has occurred since the last annual publication. Each edition of the cumulative pocket part supplements to the Vermont Statutes Annotated shall include all annotations of constructions of the Vermont Supreme Court of the State of Vermont and all federal courts of the United States, available at the closing date of each edition of the pocket parts.

(c) The contracted publisher shall, as provided in the contract, or as statutorily directed by the General Assembly, publish replacement volumes of existing titles, or separate volumes of new titles, of the Vermont Statutes Annotated.

§ 423. ACCEPTANCE AS EVIDENCE OF LAW

(a) The Legislative Council Office of Legislative Counsel shall require the contracted publisher to deliver the cumulative pocket parts and separate supplements to the Vermont Statutes Annotated prior to the convening of the next session of the General Assembly, which shall include a certificate of authenticity that the Legislative Council Office of Legislative Counsel shall issue. The certificate shall entitle the statutes contained in the cumulative pocket parts and separate supplements to admission in all the courts of Vermont as prima facie evidence of the law, and may be cited as “V.S.A.”

(b) The Legislative Council Office of Legislative Counsel shall require the contracted publisher to deliver new and replacement volumes of the Vermont Statutes Annotated with a certificate of authenticity that the Legislative Council Office of Legislative Counsel shall issue. The certificate shall entitle the statutes contained in the new and replacement volumes to admission in all the courts of Vermont as prima facie evidence of the law, and may be cited as “V.S.A.”

(c) A certificate of authority issued by the Statutory Revision Commission pursuant to the authority of the former 1 V.S.A. § 4 shall continue to entitle a cumulative pocket part and separate supplement, or a new and replacement volume, for which it was issued to admission in all the courts of Vermont as prima facie evidence of the law and may be cited as “V.S.A.”

(d) The Vermont Statutes Annotated may be cited as “V.S.A.”

§ 424. LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL; REVISION AUTHORITY

In preparing an individual act for codification in the Vermont Statutes Annotated or publication in the Acts and Resolves, the Legislative Council
Office of Legislative Counsel may not alter the sense, meaning, or effect of any act of the General Assembly, but it may:

** § 425. STATUTORY DATABASES **

(a) The Legislative Council Office of Legislative Counsel, in collaboration with the Office of Legislative Information Technology, shall maintain computerized databases of the Vermont Statutes Annotated, which shall be posted on the General Assembly’s website. The databases shall include the enactment history of a codified statutory section, but shall not maintain the revisor’s notes, the judicial annotations added by the publisher, or the Acts and Resolves. The Legislative Council shall post these databases on the website of the Vermont General Assembly.

§ 426. ANNUAL STATUTORY REVISION LEGISLATION

Annually, by on or before February 1, the Legislative Council Office of Legislative Counsel may prepare and submit to the General Assembly a bill that proposes recommendations of any additions, repeals, or amendments to the existing statutes.

* * * Joint Legislative Management Committee * * *

Sec. 3. 2 V.S.A. chapter 14 is redesignated and amended to read:

CHAPTER 14 2. JOINT LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

§ 451 41. CREATION OF COMMITTEE; PURPOSE

(a) Creation. There is created the Joint Legislative Management Committee. The Committee shall provide general oversight and management across the offices of the General Assembly and shall coordinate the operations of the Office of Legislative Operations in its delivery of shared administrative services to the legislative offices and the Legislature General Assembly.

(b) Membership. The Committee shall be composed of the following members:

(1) four members of the House, which shall include representatives of the Legislative Council Committee, representation from the Joint Fiscal Committee, and the House Rules Committee, and shall consist of:

(A) the Speaker of the House; and

(B) three members of the House appointed by the Speaker, not all from the same political party; and
(2) four members of the Senate, which shall include representatives of the Legislative Council Committee, representation from the Joint Fiscal Committee, and the Senate Rules Committee, and shall consist of:

(A) the President Pro Tempore; and

(B) three members of the Senate appointed by the Committee on Committees, not all from the same political party.

(c) Appointments and terms.

(1) Appointments shall be made biennially at the same time as standing committees.

(2) Members shall serve a term of two years or until their successors are appointed. The term of a member shall end upon his or her ceasing to be a member of the General Assembly.

(d) Interim vacancies may be filled by appointment by the Committee on Committees or the Speaker of the House in the same manner as in subsection (b) of this section.

(e) Initial appointments shall be made upon passage of this act, with initial terms concluding at the time new appointments to the Committee are made in January 2021.

(f) Subsequent appointments shall be made biennially at the same time as standing committees.

(g) Meetings. The Committee shall meet immediately following the appointment of its membership to elect a chair and a vice chair and to organize and conduct its business. The Committee may meet as often as it deems necessary and a majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Meetings may be called by the Chair or by a majority of the members.

(h) Compensation; reimbursement. For attending a meeting of the Committee when he or she is not receiving compensation as a member of the General Assembly, a member of the Committee shall be entitled to the same per diem compensation and reimbursement for necessary expenses as provided members of standing committees under section 406 23 of this title.

§ 42. OVERSIGHT AND MANAGEMENT FUNCTIONS

(a) The Joint Legislative Management Committee shall:

(1) prepare a proposed budget for the Legislative Branch that includes a budget for each legislative office;
(2) approve requests for new, permanent positions in staff offices as appropriate, for inclusion in the proposed Legislative Branch budget;

(3) approve the reallocation of existing positions among staff offices, as appropriate;

(4) approve and adopt policies that apply across the Legislative Branch, including compensation and benefits plans, personnel policies, and policies relating to information technology; and

(5) attend to other relevant management and oversight matters.

(b) The Joint Legislative Management Committee shall have access to legal, financial, administrative, information technology, and other services from legislative offices as needed to serve the needs of the Legislative Branch.

Sec. 4. JOINT LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE;

CONCLUSION OF INITIAL TERMS

The terms of the members appointed to the Joint Legislative Management Committee in 2019 shall conclude in January 2021 at the time the new appointments to the Committee are made.

* * * Joint Fiscal Office * * *

Sec. 5. 2 V.S.A. chapter 15 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 15. JOINT FISCAL COMMITTEE; JOINT FISCAL OFFICE

Subchapter 1. Joint Fiscal Committee

§ 501. CREATION OF COMMITTEE; PURPOSE

(a) There is created a Joint Fiscal Committee whose membership shall be appointed on or before January 15 of each biennial session of the General Assembly. The Committee shall consist of five Representatives and five Senators as follows:

(1) The Chair of the House Committee on Appropriations;

(2) The Chair of the House Committee on Ways and Means;

(3) The Chair of the Senate Committee on Appropriations;

(4) The Chair of the Senate Committee on Finance;

(5) Two members of the House, one from each major not both from the same political party, appointed by the Speaker of the House;

(6) Two members of the Senate, one from each major not both from the same political party, appointed by the Committee on Committees; and
(7) One member of the Senate to be appointed by the Committee on Committees and one member of the House to be appointed by the Speaker.

(b) The Joint Fiscal Committee shall meet immediately following the appointment of its membership to organize and conduct its business. The Committee shall elect a chair, vice chair, and clerk and shall adopt rules of procedure. The Committee may meet at any time at the call of the Chair or a majority of the members of the Committee. A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.

(c) For attendance at a meeting when the General Assembly is not in session, members of the Joint Fiscal Committee shall be entitled to the same per diem compensation and reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses as provided members of standing committees under section 406 23 of this title.

§ 502. EMPLOYEES; RULES; BUDGET

(a) The Joint Fiscal Committee shall meet immediately following the appointment of its membership to organize and conduct its business. The Joint Fiscal Committee shall adopt rules for the operation of its personnel.

(b) The Joint Fiscal Committee shall employ such professional and secretarial staff as are required to carry out its functions and fix their compensation.

(1) 3 V.S.A. chapter 13, shall not apply to employees of the Joint Fiscal Committee unless this exception is partially or wholly waived by the Joint Fiscal Committee.

(2) All requests for assistance, information, and advice and all information received in connection with fiscal research or related drafting shall be confidential unless the party requesting or giving the information designates in the request that it is not confidential. Documents, transcripts, and minutes of committee meetings, including written testimony submitted to a committee, fiscal notes and summaries which have been released or approved for printing or introduction, and material appearing in the journals or calendars of either house are official documents and shall not be confidential under this subsection.

(c) The Joint Fiscal Committee shall prepare a budget. [Repealed.]

§ 503. FUNCTIONS

(a) The Joint Fiscal Committee shall direct, supervise, and coordinate the work of its staff and secretaries.

(b) The Joint Fiscal Committee shall:
§ 504. INTERGOVERNMENTAL COOPERATION

For the purposes of carrying out its duties, the Joint Fiscal Committee and its staff shall have access to and the right to copy any public record of all executive, administrative, and judicial Departments of the State, except income and franchise tax returns and other documents classified as confidential by law. [Repealed.]

* * *

Subchapter 2. Joint Fiscal Office

§ 521. CREATION AND PURPOSE

The Joint Fiscal Office is created as a permanent agency to provide the General Assembly with services relating to the fiscal operations of the State, including revenues, budgeting, and expenditures.

§ 522. CHIEF FISCAL OFFICER; EMPLOYEES

(a)(1) The Joint Fiscal Committee shall employ an individual to be the Chief Fiscal Officer of the Joint Fiscal Office.

(2) The Chief Fiscal Officer shall employ fiscal, research, and other professional staff as needed to carry out the duties of the Joint Fiscal Office, except that requests for new, permanent positions shall be subject to the approval of the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

(b) All individuals employed by the Joint Fiscal Office shall be subject to the personnel policies adopted by the Joint Legislative Management Committee.
(c) The provisions of 3 V.S.A. chapter 13 (classification of State personnel) shall not apply to employees of the Joint Fiscal Office unless this exception is partially or wholly waived by the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

§ 523. FUNCTIONS; CONFIDENTIALITY

(a) The Joint Fiscal Office shall furnish:

(1) nonpartisan research and administrative services of a fiscal nature to the Joint Fiscal Committee and, at the direction of the Joint Fiscal Committee, to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations, the Senate Committee on Finance, the House Committee on Ways and Means, the House and Senate Committees on Transportation, the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions, and the Senate Committee on Institutions;

(2) nonpartisan research and administrative services of a fiscal nature to other legislative committees and members of the General Assembly, to the extent practicable; and

(3) fiscal and budget assistance to the Joint Legislative Management Committee and to the other legislative offices.

(b)(1) All requests for assistance, information, and advice from the Joint Fiscal Office, all information received in connection with fiscal research or related drafting, and all confidential materials provided to or generated by the Joint Fiscal Office shall remain confidential unless the party requesting or providing the information designates that it is not confidential.

(2) Recordings and minutes of committee meetings and material appearing in the journals or calendars of either house are official documents and materials and shall not be confidential under this subsection.

§ 524. BUDGET

The Chief Fiscal Officer shall propose a budget for the Joint Fiscal Office to the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

§ 525. INTERGOVERNMENTAL COOPERATION

For the purposes of carrying out its duties, the Joint Fiscal Office shall have access to and the right to copy any public record of all executive, administrative, and judicial Departments of the State, except income and franchise tax returns and other documents classified as confidential by law unless permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 3102.

* * * Office of Human Resources * * *

Sec. 6. 2 V.S.A. chapter 14 is added to read:

CHAPTER 14. OFFICE OF HUMAN RESOURCES
§ 461. CREATION AND PURPOSE

The Office of Human Resources is created as a permanent agency to service the members and employees of the General Assembly with nonpartisan human resources services.

§ 462. DIRECTOR; EMPLOYEES

(a) The Joint Legislative Management Committee shall employ an individual with experience and expertise in human resources management to be the Director of Human Resources. The Committee may conduct the hiring process itself or may delegate this duty to a special hiring committee comprising an equal number of members from the House and Senate, not all of whom shall be from the same political party; however, the Joint Legislative Management Committee shall make the final hiring decision.

(b)(1) The Director of Human Resources shall employ human resources and other professional staff as needed to carry out the duties of the Office of Human Resources, except that requests for new, permanent positions shall be subject to the approval of the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

(2) All individuals employed by the Office of Human Resources shall be subject to the personnel policies adopted by the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

(3) The provisions of 3 V.S.A. chapter 13 (classification of State personnel) shall not apply to employees of the Office of Human Resources.

§ 463. FUNCTIONS

The Office of Human Resources shall provide human resources services to members of the General Assembly and legislative employees, including:

(1) developing, in consultation with the heads of the other legislative offices, compensation and benefits plans and personnel policies for legislative offices and employees for Joint Legislative Management Committee approval and providing advice, guidance, and technical assistance in the administration of these plans and policies;

(2) providing training on topics such as the prevention of harassment and discrimination, implicit bias, time management, and other workplace issues;

(3) providing job recruitment services to other legislative offices;

(4) providing performance evaluation services to other legislative offices;
(5) providing advice and guidance to legislative employees, supervisors, and members of the General Assembly regarding labor and employment laws, policies, and practices;

(6) coordinating legislative internship opportunities, including registering legislative interns and developing and implementing internship policies and procedures; and

(7) developing processes for investigating and resolving disputes and other interpersonal issues involving members of the General Assembly or legislative employees, or both;

(8) investigating and resolving, and providing guidance and assistance with investigating and resolving, employee disputes and other personnel matters; and

(9) providing guidance and assistance with investigating and resolving conflicts involving members of the General Assembly.

§ 464. BUDGET

The Director of Human Resources shall propose a budget for the Office of Human Resources to the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

§ 465. INTERGOVERNMENT COOPERATION

For the purposes of carrying out its duties, the Office of Human Resources shall have access to and the right to copy any public record of all executive, administrative, and judicial departments of the State, except income and franchise tax returns and other documents classified as confidential by law.

* * * Office of Legislative Operations * * *

Sec. 7. 2 V.S.A. chapter 16 is added to read:

CHAPTER 16. OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE OPERATIONS

§ 551. CREATION AND PURPOSE

The Office of Legislative Operations is created as a permanent agency to serve the members and employees of the General Assembly with nonpartisan operational, financial, committee support, and other administrative services and to support the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

§ 552. DIRECTOR; EMPLOYEES

(a) The Joint Legislative Management Committee shall employ an individual with experience and expertise in administration or management to be the Director of Legislative Operations. The Committee may conduct the hiring process itself or it may delegate this duty to a special hiring committee comprising an equal number of members from the House and Senate, not all of
whom shall be from the same political party; however, the Joint Legislative Management Committee shall make the final hiring decision.

(b)(1) The Director of Legislative Operations shall employ administrative, committee services, and other professional staff as needed to carry out the duties of the Office of Legislative Operations, except that requests for new, permanent positions shall be subject to the approval of the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

(2) All individuals employed by the Office of Legislative Operations shall be subject to the personnel policies adopted by the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

(3) The provisions of 3 V.S.A. chapter 13 (classification of State personnel) shall not apply to employees of the Office of Legislative Operations.

§ 553. FUNCTIONS

The Office of Legislative Operations shall provide:

(1) administrative support to the Joint Legislative Management Committee;

(2) administrative support to other standing and interim legislative committees;

(3) payroll, billing, and expense reimbursement services to members of the General Assembly and, as needed, to other legislative offices and legislative employees; and

(4) other administrative and operational services as needed to support members of the General Assembly, legislative offices, and legislative employees.

§ 554. BUDGET

The Director of Legislative Operations shall propose a budget for the Office of Legislative Operations to the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

§ 555. INTERGOVERNMENTAL COOPERATION

For the purposes of carrying out its duties, the Office of Legislative Operations shall have access to and the right to copy any public record of all executive, administrative, and judicial departments of the State, except income and franchise tax returns and other documents classified as confidential by law.
Sec. 8. 2 V.S.A. chapter 21 is added to read:

CHAPTER 21. OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

§ 701. CREATION AND PURPOSE

The Office of Legislative Information Technology is created as a permanent agency to serve the members and employees of the General Assembly with information technology resources and nonpartisan technology-related services.

§ 702. DIRECTOR; EMPLOYEES

(a) The Joint Legislative Management Committee shall employ an individual with experience and expertise in information technology to be the Director of Legislative Information Technology. The Committee may conduct the hiring process itself or it may delegate this duty to a special hiring committee comprising an equal number of members from the House and Senate, not all of whom shall be from the same political party; however, the Joint Legislative Management Committee shall make the final hiring decision.

(b) (1) The Director shall employ additional information technology staff as needed to carry out the duties of the Office of Legislative Information Technology, except that requests for new, permanent positions shall be subject to the approval of the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

(2) All individuals employed by the Office of Legislative Information Technology shall be subject to the personnel policies adopted by the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

(3) The provisions of 3 V.S.A. chapter 13 (classification of State personnel) shall not apply to employees of the Office of Legislative Information Technology unless this exception is partially or wholly waived by the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

§ 703. FUNCTIONS

The Office of Legislative Information Technology shall:

(1) design, support, and maintain the General Assembly’s information systems;

(2) provide hardware, software, and customer support to members and employees of the General Assembly to enable them to fulfill their professional responsibilities; and
ensure that legislative records created, received, stored, or transmitted using information technology are maintained in accordance with the General Assembly’s recordkeeping requirements.

§ 704. STRATEGIC PLAN FOR LEGISLATIVE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

(a) The Director of Legislative Information Technology shall prepare, maintain, and update, at least biennially, a long-range strategic plan for information technology operations and services in the Legislative Branch.

(b) In preparing the plan, the Director or designee shall consult with members of the Joint Information Technology Oversight Committee, other members of the General Assembly, and employees of other legislative staff offices. In addition, the Director or designee may also consult with the State Archivist, representatives of the Executive and Judicial Branches, and members of the public.

(c) The strategic plan shall be subject to review and approval by the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

§ 705. BUDGET

The Director of Legislative Information Technology shall propose a budget for the Office of Legislative Information Technology to the Joint Legislative Management Committee.

Sec. 9. 2 V.S.A. § 614 is amended to read:

§ 614. JOINT INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

(a) Creation. There is created the Joint Information Technology Oversight Committee to oversee investments in and use of information technology in Vermont and to provide periodic advice on legislative information technology issues.

(c) Powers and duties.

(1) The Committee shall oversee, evaluate, and make recommendations on the following:

(4)(A) the State’s current deployment, management, and oversight of information technology in the furtherance of State governmental activities, including data processing systems, telecommunications networks, and related technologies, particularly with regard to issues of compatibility among existing and proposed technologies;
(2)(B) issues related to the storage of, maintenance of, access to, privacy of, and restrictions on use of computerized records;

(3)(C) issues of public policy related to the development and promotion of the private, commercial, and nonprofit information infrastructure in the State, its relationship to the State government information infrastructure, and its integration with national and international information networks; and

(4)(D) cybersecurity.

(2) The Committee may provide advice to the Director of Legislative Information Technology and the Joint Legislative Management Committee as appropriate regarding matters related to legislative information technology.

(d) Assistance. The Committee shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Office of Legislative Council Counsel, the Office of Legislative Operations, and the Joint Fiscal Office.

* * *

(f) Reimbursement. For attendance at meetings during adjournment of the General Assembly, members of the Committee shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to section 406 23 of this title.

* * * Redesignations * * *

Sec. 10. 29 V.S.A. chapter 6 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 6. CAPITOL COMPLEX COMMISSION

Subchapter 1. Capitol Complex Commission

§ 181. PURPOSE

* * *

Subchapter 2. Capitol Complex; Parking

* * *

Sec. 11. REDESIGNATIONS

(a) 2 V.S.A. § 71 (parking) is redesignated as 29 V.S.A. § 191 in 29 V.S.A. chapter 6, subchapter 2.

(b) 2 V.S.A. § 406 (standing committees; authority to meet; out-of-state business) is redesignated as 2 V.S.A. § 23.

(c) 2 V.S.A. § 505 (basic needs budget and livable wage; report) is redesignated as 2 V.S.A. § 526.
(d) 2 V.S.A. § 754 (contracts for Internet service) is redesignated as 2 V.S.A. § 705.

*** Conforming Revisions ***

Sec. 12. CONFORMING REVISIONS

When preparing the cumulative supplements and replacement volumes of the Vermont Statutes Annotated for publication, the Office of Legislative Counsel shall make the following revisions to these supplements and volumes as needed for consistency with this act, as long as the revisions have no other effect on the meaning of the affected statutes:

(1) replace “Legislative Council” and “Office of Legislative Council” with “Legislative Counsel” and “Office of Legislative Counsel” as appropriate;

(2) replace references to 2 V.S.A. § 406 (standing committees; authority to meet; out-of-state business) with 2 V.S.A. § 23 to reflect the redesignation of 2 V.S.A. § 406 pursuant to Sec. 11(b) of this act; and

(3) replace references to 2 V.S.A. § 505 (basic needs budget and livable wage; report) with 2 V.S.A. § 526 to reflect the redesignation of 2 V.S.A. § 505 pursuant to Sec. 11(c) of this act.

Sec. 13. 2 V.S.A. § 21(c) is amended to read:

(c) Official documents, as defined in subsection 404(c) subdivision 403(b)(2) of this title, shall be admissible under V.R.C.P. 44.

Sec. 14. 2 V.S.A. § 693(a) is amended to read:

(a) The Committee shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Legislative Council Office of Legislative Counsel, the Office of Legislative Operations, and the Joint Fiscal Office.

Sec. 15. 2 V.S.A. § 801(f) is amended to read:

(f) The professional and clerical services of the Joint Fiscal Office, the Office of Legislative Operations, and the Office of Legislative Council shall be available to the Committee.

Sec. 16. 2 V.S.A. § 970(f) is amended to read:

(f) The staff services of the Joint Fiscal Office, the Office of Legislative Operations, and the Office of the Legislative Council shall be available to the Committee.

Sec. 17. 3 V.S.A. § 23(e) is amended to read:

(e) Staff services. The Commission shall be entitled to staff services of the Agency of Commerce and Community Development, the Legislative Council
Office of Legislative Counsel, the Office of Legislative Operations, and the Joint Fiscal Committee Office.

Sec. 18. 3 V.S.A. § 268(d) is amended to read:

(d) Assistance. The Commission shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Office of Legislative Counsel, the Office of Legislative Operations, the Joint Fiscal Office, and the Agency of Administration.

Sec. 19. 3 V.S.A. § 311(a) is amended to read:

(a) The classified service to which this chapter shall apply shall include all positions and categories of employment by the State, except as otherwise provided by law, and except the following:

(1) The State Legislature General Assembly and its employees and other officers elected by popular vote or by vote of the Legislature General Assembly and persons appointed to fill vacancies in elective offices.

(2) Members of boards and commissions and heads of departments or agencies appointed by the Governor, or with his or her approval.

(3) One principal or executive assistant, one deputy to the head of a department or agency, one private secretary, and one executive director for each board or commission or head of a department or agency elected or appointed by the Governor or Legislative Council General Assembly. However, nothing contained herein in this subdivision shall be construed so as to prevent a board, commission, or director or head of a department or agency from designating a classified employee to perform the duties of a principal assistant, deputy, executive director, or private secretary.

Sec. 20. 3 V.S.A. § 817(b) is amended to read:

(b) The Committee shall meet as necessary for the prompt discharge of its duties and may use the staff and services of the Legislative Council Office of Legislative Counsel and the Office of Legislative Operations. The Committee shall adopt rules to govern its operation and organization. A quorum of the Committee shall consist of five members. For attendance at a meeting when the General Assembly is not in session, members of the Legislative Committee on Administrative Rules shall be entitled to the same per diem compensation and reimbursement for necessary expenses as provided members of standing committees under 2 V.S.A. § 406 23.

Sec. 21. 4 V.S.A. § 4(d) is amended to read:
(d) The Court Administrator shall notify the Secretary of State whenever a Justice is appointed and takes the oath of office after September 1 of the year preceding the expiration of the term of office to which the Justice has succeeded thereby resulting in automatic notification of an intention to continue in office. Whenever a Justice files a declaration under subsection (c) of this section, or notification occurs automatically, the Secretary of State shall notify the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House, the Office of Legislative Counsel, and the Legislative Council Office of Legislative Operations forthwith.

Sec. 22. 4 V.S.A. § 71(c) is amended to read:

(c) The Court Administrator shall notify the Secretary of State whenever a Superior judge is appointed and takes the oath of office after September 1 of the year preceding the expiration of the term of office to which the judge has succeeded, thereby resulting in automatic notification of an intention to continue in office. Whenever a Superior judge files a declaration under subsection (b) of this section or notification occurs automatically, the Secretary of State shall notify the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House, the Office of Legislative Counsel, and the Legislative Council Office of Legislative Operations forthwith.

Sec. 23. 4 V.S.A. § 461(c)(3) is amended to read:

(3) The Court Administrator shall notify the Secretary of State whenever a magistrate is appointed and takes the oath of office after September 1 of the year preceding the expiration of the term of office to which the magistrate has succeeded, thereby resulting in automatic notification of an intention to continue in office. Whenever a magistrate files a declaration under subsection (a) of this section or when notification occurs automatically, the Secretary of State shall notify the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House, the Office of Legislative Counsel, and the Legislative Council Office of Legislative Operations forthwith.

Sec. 24. 4 V.S.A. § 601(f) is amended to read:

(f) The Board is authorized to use the staff and services of appropriate State agencies and departments as necessary to conduct investigations of applicants. The Office of Legislative Counsel shall assist the Board for the purpose of rulemaking.

Sec. 25. 4 V.S.A. § 607(c) is amended to read:

(c) The Committee may use the staff and services of the Legislative Council Office of Legislative Counsel and the Office of Legislative Operations to, in addition to other duties, obtain information on the performance of a
judge or Justice by soliciting comments from members of the Vermont Bar and the public.

Sec. 26. 12 V.S.A. § 3(b) is amended to read:

(b) The Committee shall meet as necessary for the prompt discharge of its duties and may use the staff and services of the Legislative Council Office of Legislative Counsel and the Office of Legislative Operations. The Committee shall adopt rules to govern its operation and organization. A quorum of the Committee shall consist of five members. For attendance at a meeting when the General Assembly is not in session, members of the Legislative Committee on Judicial Rules shall be entitled to the same per diem compensation and reimbursement for necessary expenses as provided members of standing committees under 2 V.S.A. § 406 23.

Sec. 27. 16 V.S.A. § 2905(e) is amended to read:

(e) The legislative and higher education staff shall provide support to the Council as appropriate to accomplish its tasks. Primary administrative support shall be provided by the Office of Legislative Council Operations.

Sec. 28. 19 V.S.A. § 12(b) is amended to read:

(b) The Committee shall meet during adjournment for official duties. Meetings shall be convened by the Chair and when practicable shall be coordinated with the regular meetings of the Joint Fiscal Committee. Members shall be entitled to compensation and reimbursement pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 406 23. The Committee shall have the assistance of the staff of the Office of Legislative Council Counsel, the Office of Legislative Operations, and the Joint Fiscal Office.

Sec. 29. 29 V.S.A. § 1160(c) is amended to read:

(c) Five copies of the permanent journals of the Senate and of the House of Representatives of each biennial and adjourned session shall be distributed to the Legislative Council and to the Secretary of State. One copy of the permanent journals of the Senate and of the House of Representatives of each biennial and adjourned session shall be distributed to the Office of Legislative Counsel.

Sec. 30. 32 V.S.A. § 1052(b)(3) is amended to read:

(3) Absences. If a member is absent for reasons other than sickness or legislative business for one or more entire days while the House in which the member sits is in session, the member shall notify the Legislative Council staff Office of Legislative Operations of that absence, and expenses received shall not include the amount which the legislator specifies was not incurred during the period of that absence.
Sec. 31. 33 V.S.A. § 1901a(b) is amended to read:

(b) The Secretary of Human Services or his or her designee and the Commissioner of Finance and Management shall provide quarterly to the Joint Fiscal Committee and the Legislative Council such information and analysis as the Committee and the Council reasonably determines is necessary to assist the General Assembly in the preparation of the Medicaid budget.

Sec. 32. CONTINUATION OF EXISTING RULES AND POLICIES

The Joint Legislative Management Committee shall continue to apply the rules and policies of the Joint Rules Committee, the Legislative Council Committee, the Joint Fiscal Committee, and the Legislative Information Technology Committee that are in effect on the effective date of this act and that govern the operations of the respective legislative offices until the Joint Legislative Management Committee’s adoption of rules and policies to govern the operations of those offices in accordance with the provisions of this act.

Sec. 33. REPEAL

2 V.S.A. chapter 22 (Legislative Information Technology Committee) is repealed.

Sec. 34. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

The bill, having appeared on the Calendar one day for Notice, was taken up, read the second time, report of the committee on Rules agreed to and third reading ordered.

Second Reading; Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered

H. 794

Rep. Strong of Albany, for the committee on Agriculture and Forestry, to which had been referred House bill, entitled

An act relating to limiting liability for agritourism

Reported in favor of its passage when amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 12 V.S.A. chapter 212 is added to read:
CHAPTER 212. LIMITATION ON LIABILITY FOR AGRITOURISM ACTIVITY

§ 5871. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

1. “Agritourism activity” means an interactive or passive activity that is:
   i. carried out with or without payment to an agritourism host on a farm regulated under 6 V.S.A. chapter 215, related to farming, food production, historic tradition, or nature watching; or
   ii. conducted by an agritourism host for the education, entertainment, or recreation of participants.

2. “Agritourism activity” includes a farming activity; the viewing of a historic, cultural, or natural attraction; a pick-your-own activity; nature watching; and an activity involving an animal exhibition at an agricultural fair.

3. “Agritourism activity” does not include a roadside farm stand or operation exclusively devoted to the sale of merchandise or food at retail.

4. “Agritourism host” means a person who provides the facilities and equipment necessary to participate in an agritourism activity.

5. “Farm” means a parcel or parcels of land owned, leased, or managed by a person and devoted primarily to farming that meets the threshold criteria established by the Required Agricultural Practices.

6. “Farming” has the same meaning as in 10 V.S.A. § 6001.

7. “Inherent risk” means any danger or condition that is an integral part of, or arises from, an agritourism activity, including:
   A. the propensity of a wild animal or domestic animal to behave in ways that may result in injury or death to persons on or near the wild animal or domestic animal;
   B. a hazard such as a surface or subsurface condition;
   C. a natural condition of land, vegetation, or waters;
   D. the ordinary dangers of structures or equipment used in farming;
   and
   E. the potential of a participant to act in a negligent way that may contribute to injury or death to the participant or others, such as failing to follow safety procedures or failing to act with reasonable caution while engaging in an agritourism activity.
(6) “Participant” means any person who is invited onto the farm for the purpose of participating in an agritourism activity.

§ 5872. LIMITATION ON DUTY TO PROTECT

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, an agritourism host shall not have a legal duty to protect a participant from the inherent risks of an agritourism activity and shall not be liable for injury to or death of a participant resulting from the inherent risks of an agritourism activity, provided that the agritourism host posts the warning required under section 5873 of this title.

(b) Nothing in subsection (a) of this section shall limit the liability of an agritourism host who:

(1) commits a negligent act or omission concerning the safety of a participant that proximately causes injury or death to the participant;

(2) has actual knowledge of:

(A) a dangerous condition on the land, facilities, or equipment used in the activity, or

(B) the dangerous propensity of an animal used in the activity, which proximately causes injury or death to the participant, and does not make that danger known to the participant;

(3) intentionally injures a participant; or

(4) commits any other act, error, or omission that constitutes willful or wanton misconduct, negligence, or criminal conduct that proximately causes injury or death to the participant.

(c) Any limitation on liability afforded by this section to an agritourism host is in addition to any other limitations on liability otherwise provided by law.

§ 5873. WARNING NOTICE; POSTING; CONTRACTS

(a) To qualify for the limitation on liability under section 5872 of this title:

(1) an agritourism host shall post and maintain a sign in a clearly visible location at or near the main entrance to each agritourism activity and in black letters at least one inch in height containing the warning notice specified in subsection (b) of this section; and

(2) every written contract entered into between an agritourism host and a participant for goods or services related to an agritourism activity shall contain in clearly visible print the warning notice specified in subsection (b) of this section.
(b) The warning notice required under subsection (a) of this section shall read: “WARNING: Under Vermont law, an agritourism host is not liable for the injury or death of a participant in an agritourism activity resulting from the inherent risk of the agritourism activity. Inherent risks include the risk of animals, weather, land conditions, and the potential for you as a participant to act in a negligent way that may contribute to your own injury or death. You are assuming the risk of participating in this agritourism activity.”

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

The bill, having appeared on the Calendar one day for Notice, was taken up, read the second time, report of the committee on Agriculture and Forestry agreed to and third reading ordered.

Favorable Report; Second Reading;
Third Reading Ordered

H. 728

Rep. Page of Newport City, for the committee on Health Care, to which had been referred House bill, entitled

An act relating to the miscellaneous changes affecting the duties of the Department of Vermont Health Access

Reported in favor of its passage. The bill, having appeared on the Calendar one day for notice, was taken up, read the second time and third reading ordered.

Adjournment

At twelve o'clock and five minutes in the afternoon, on motion of Rep. McCoy of Poultey, the House adjourned until tomorrow at one o'clock in the afternoon.