TUESDAY, JUNE 9, 2020
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ACTION CALENDAR
UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF JANUARY 7, 2020
GOVERNOR'S VETOES

S. 37.

An act relating to medical monitoring.

Pending question (to be voted by call of the roll): Shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the Governor's refusal to approve the bill? (Two-thirds of the members present required to override the Governor's veto.)

(For text of veto message, see Senate Calendar for January 7, 2020, page 1.)

S. 169.

An act relating to firearms procedures.

Pending question (to be voted by call of the roll): Shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the Governor's refusal to approve the bill? (Two-thirds of the members present required to override the Governor's veto.)

(For text of veto message, see Senate Calendar for January 7, 2020, page 9.)

UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF MARCH 12, 2020
Second Reading
Favorable
S. 287.

An act relating to the contractual rights of members of the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement System.

Pending Question: Shall the bill be read the third time?

UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF MARCH 17, 2020
Second Reading
Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment
S. 265.

An act relating to the use of food residuals for farming.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Pollina for the Committee on Agriculture.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- 5251 -
Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. § 6001 is amended to read:

§ 6001. DEFINITIONS

In this chapter:

* * *  

(3)(A) “Development” means each of the following:

* * *  

(D) The word “development” does not include:

(i) The construction of improvements for farming, logging, or forestry purposes below the elevation of 2,500 feet.

* * *  

(vii) The construction of improvements below the elevation of 2,500 feet for the onsite storage, preparation, and sale of compost, provided that one of the following applies:

* * *  

(III) The compost is principally used on the farm where it was produced.

* * *  

(22) “Farming” means:

(A) the cultivation or other use of land for growing food, fiber, Christmas trees, maple sap, or horticultural and orchard crops; or

(B) the raising, feeding, or management of livestock, poultry, fish, or bees; or

(C) the operation of greenhouses; or

(D) the production of maple syrup; or

(E) the on-site storage, preparation, and sale of agricultural products principally produced on the farm; or

(F) the on-site storage, preparation, production, and sale of fuel or power from agricultural products or wastes principally produced on the farm; or

(G) the raising, feeding, or management of four or more equines owned or boarded by the farmer, including training, showing, and providing instruction and lessons in riding, training, and the management of equines;
(H) the importation of up to 2,000 cubic yards per year or less of food residuals or food processing residuals onto a farm for the production of compost, provided that:

(i) the compost is principally used on the farm where it is produced; or

(ii) the compost is produced on a small farm that raises or manages poultry.

***

(38) “Farm” means, for the purposes of subdivision (22)(H) of this section, a parcel or parcels of land owned, leased, or managed by a person and devoted primarily to farming that meets the threshold criteria as established under the Required Agricultural Practices.

(39) “Food processing residuals” means the remaining organic material from a food processing plant and may include whey and other dairy, cheese making, and ice cream residuals or residuals from any food manufacturing process excluding livestock or poultry slaughtering and rendering operations. “Food processing residuals” does not include food residuals from markets, groceries, or restaurants.

(40) “Food residuals” has the same meaning as in section 6602 of this title.

(41) “Principally used” means, for the purposes of subdivision (3)(D)(vii)(III) or (22)(H) of this section, that more than 50 percent, either by volume or weight, of the compost produced on the farm is physically and permanently incorporated into the native soils on the farm as a soil enhancement and is not removed or sold at any time thereafter.

(42) “Small farm” has the same meaning as in 6 V.S.A. § 4871.
(b) the raising, feeding, or management of livestock, poultry, fish, or bees; or

(c) the operation of greenhouses; or

(d) the production of maple syrup; or

(e) the on-site storage, preparation, and sale of agricultural products principally produced on the farm; or

(f) the on-site storage, preparation, production, and sale of fuel or power from agricultural products or wastes principally produced on the farm; or

(g) the raising, feeding, or management of four or more equines owned or boarded by the farmer, including training, showing, and providing instruction and lessons in riding, training, and the management of equines; or

(h) the importation of up to 2,000 cubic yards per year or less of food residuals or food processing residuals onto a farm for the production of compost, provided that:

(i) the compost is principally used on the farm where it is produced; or

(ii) the compost is produced on a small farm that raises or manages poultry.

* * *

2.44 "Food residual" means source separated and uncontaminated material that is derived from processing or discarding of food and that is recyclable, in a manner consistent with 10 V.S.A. § 6605k. Food residual may include preconsumer and postconsumer food scraps. "Food residual" does not mean meat and meat-related products when the food residuals are composted by a resident on site.

2.45 "Principally used" means that more than 50 percent, either by volume or weight, of the compost produced on the farm is physically and permanently incorporated into the native soils on the farm as a soil enhancement and is not removed or sold at any time thereafter.

Sec. 3. 6 V.S.A. chapter 218 is added to read:

CHAPTER 218. AGRICULTURAL RESIDUALS MANAGEMENT

§ 5131. PURPOSE

The purpose of this chapter is to establish a program for the management of residual wastes generated, imported to, or managed on a farm for farming in Vermont.
§ 5132. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) “Agency” means the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets.

(2) “Compost” means a stable humus-like material produced by the controlled biological decomposition of organic matter through active management, but shall not mean sewage, septage, or materials derived from sewage or septage.

(3) “Farm” means a parcel or parcels of land owned, leased, or managed by a person and devoted primarily to farming that meets the threshold criteria for regulation under the Required Agricultural Practices.

(4) “Farming” has the same meaning as in 10 V.S.A. § 6001(22).

(5) “Food processing residuals” means the remaining organic material from a food processing plant and may include whey and other dairy, cheese making, and ice cream residuals or residuals from any food manufacturing process excluding livestock or poultry slaughtering and rendering operations. “Food processing residuals” do not include food residuals from markets, groceries, or restaurants.

(6) “Food residuals” means source separated and uncontaminated material that is derived from processing or discarding of food and that is recyclable or compostable. “Food residuals” may include preconsumer and postconsumer food scraps. “Food residuals” include meat and meat-related products when the disposition of the products is managed on a farm.

(7) “Secretary” means the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets.

(8) “Source separation” has the same meaning as in 10 V.S.A. § 6602.

§ 5133. FOOD RESIDUALS; RULEMAKING

(a) The Secretary shall regulate the importation of food residuals or food processing residuals onto a farm.

(b)(1) The Secretary shall adopt by rule requirements for the management of food residuals and food processing residuals on a farm. The rules may include requirements regarding:

(A) the proper composting of food residuals or food processing residuals;

(B) destruction of pathogens in food residuals, food processing residuals, or compost:
(C) prevention of public health threat from food residuals, food processing residuals, or compost;

(D) protection of natural resources or the environment; and

(E) prevention of objectionable odors, noise, vectors, or other nuisance conditions.

(2) The Secretary may adopt the rules required by this section as part of the Required Agricultural Practices or as independent rules under this chapter.

(c) A farm producing compost under 10 V.S.A. § 6001(22)(H) shall be regulated under this chapter and shall not require a certification or other approval from the Agency of Natural Resources under 10 V.S.A. chapter 159.

Sec. 4. 10 V.S.A. § 6605 is amended to read:

§ 6605. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY CERTIFICATION

(a)(1) No person shall construct, substantially alter, or operate any solid waste management facility without first obtaining certification from the Secretary for such facility, site, or activity, except for sludge or septage treatment or storage facilities located within the fenced area of a domestic wastewater treatment plant permitted under chapter 47 of this title. This exemption for sludge or septage treatment or storage facilities shall exist only if:

* * *

(2) Certification shall be valid for a period not to exceed 10 years.

* * *

(n) A farm producing compost under subdivision 6001(22)(H) is exempt from the requirements of this section.

Sec. 5. 10 V.S.A. § 6605h is amended to read:

§ 6605h. COMPOSTING REGISTRATION

Notwithstanding sections 6605, 6605f, and 6611 of this title, the Secretary may, by rule, authorize a person engaged in the production or management of compost at a small scale composting facility to register with the Secretary instead of obtaining a facility certification under section 6605 or 6605c of this title. This section shall not apply to a farm producing compost under subdivision 6001(22)(H).
Sec. 6. 10 V.S.A. § 6605j is amended to read:

§ 6605j. ACCEPTED COMPOSTING PRACTICES

(a) The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets, shall adopt by rule, pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25, and shall implement and enforce accepted composting practices for the management of composting in the State. These accepted composting practices shall address:

(1) standards for the construction, alteration, or operation of a composting facility;

(2) standards for facility operation, including acceptable quantities of product or inputs, vector management, odors, noise, traffic, litter control, contaminant management, operator training and qualifications, recordkeeping, and reporting;

(3) standards for siting of composting facilities, including siting and operation of compost storage areas, compost bagging areas, and roads and parking areas;

(4) standards for the composting process, including rotation, management of compost piles, compost pile size, and monitoring of compost operations;

(5) standards for management of runoff from compost facilities, including liquids management from the feedstock area, active composting areas, curing area, and compost storage area; the use of swales or stormwater management around or within a compost facility; vegetative buffer requirements; and run-off management from tipping areas;

(6) specified areas of the State unsuitable for the siting of commercial composting that utilizes post-consumer food residuals or animal mortalities, such as designated downtowns, village centers, village growth areas, or areas of existing residential density; and

(7) definitions of “small-scale composting facility,” “medium-scale composting facility,” and “de minimis composting exempt from regulation.”

(b) A person operating a small scale composting facility or operating a composting facility on a farm who follows the accepted composting practices shall not be required to obtain a discharge permit under section 1263 or 1264 of this title, a solid waste facility certification under chapter 159 of this title, or an air emissions permit under chapter 23 of this title unless a permit is required by federal law or the Secretary of Natural Resources determines that a permit is necessary to protect public health or the environment.
(c) The Secretary of Natural Resources shall coordinate with the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets in implementing and enforcing the accepted composting practices. The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets and the Secretary of Natural Resources may, after opportunity for public review and comment, develop a memorandum of understanding for implementation and enforcement of the accepted composting practices. [Repealed.]

(d) The Secretary shall not regulate under this section a farm producing compost under subdivision 6001(22)(H).

Sec. 7. APPLICATION OF SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT RULE

Prior to adoption of rules under 6 V.S.A. § 5133, the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall require a person producing compost on a farm under subdivision 6001(22)(H) to comply with Sections 6–1101 through 6–1110 of the Agency of Natural Resources’ Vermont Solid Waste Management Rules. After adoption of rules under 6 V.S.A. § 5133, Sections 6-1101 through 6-1110 of the Agency of Natural Resources’ Vermont Solid Waste Management Rules shall not apply to a person producing compost on a farm under subdivision 6001(22)(H).

Sec. 8. UPDATE ON IMPLEMENTATION OF IMPORT OF FOOD RESIDUALS ONTO FARM FOR COMPOSTING

On or before January 15, 2022, the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets and the Secretary of Natural Resources shall consult and present or submit testimony to the Senate Committee on Agriculture and the House Committee on Agriculture and Forestry regarding the import of food residuals onto farms for the purpose of compost production.

Sec. 9. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF MARCH 24, 2020

Third Reading

S. 191.

An act relating to tax increment financing districts.
UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF MARCH 27, 2020
Committee Resolution for Second Reading

J.R.S. 45.

Joint resolution urging Congress to reassess the federal definition of hemp in order to allow the product to contain up to one percent delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol (THC).

By the Committee on Agriculture. (Senator Star for the Committee.)

Text of Resolution:

Whereas, under the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018, also known as the 2018 Farm Bill, hemp was removed from the list of controlled substances and production was therefore legalized throughout the United States, and

Whereas, a variety of products can be made from hemp through the use of its fiber, seed, seed oil, or floral extracts. Hemp can be found in products such as paper, fabric, auto parts, animal bedding, body care products, and essential oils, and

Whereas, cannabidiol (CBD) is a chemical compound of Cannabis sativa, bearing little to no psychoactive effects, and is being evaluated for its role as a food additive or health supplement, and

Whereas, economic forecasts predict that the total collective market in CBD sales in the United States will be between $15 billion to $20 billion annually by 2025, and

Whereas, in 2019, the Vermont Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets approved 983 permits to grow or process hemp on 8,880 acres in Vermont, and

Whereas, hemp was grown in every county of the State in 2019, and

Whereas, cultivators and processors of hemp in Vermont have invested millions of dollars to purchase the equipment and resources necessary to successfully produce hemp and hemp products, and

Whereas, the development and growth of the hemp industry in Vermont is critical to improving the health and vitality of the rural economy of the State; and

Whereas, the federal government defines hemp in the 2018 Farm Bill as “the plant Cannabis sativa L. and any part of that plant, including the seeds thereof and all derivatives, extracts, cannabinoids, isomers, acids, salts, and salts of isomers, whether growing or not, with a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol level of not more than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis,” and

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Whereas, hemp farmers and processors encourage Congress to reassess the definition of hemp as referenced in the 2018 Farm Bill and increase the farm production values to one percent tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) in order to allow hemp farmers to increase yield potential per acre and profitability for all hemp grown in the State, and

Whereas, increasing yield potential per acre equates to increased profit potential for Vermont’s farm families and hemp processors, now therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives:

That the General Assembly urges Congress to revise the current definition of hemp found in the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018, increasing the THC threshold from 0.3 percent to 1.0 percent, and be it further

Resolved: That the Secretary of State be directed to send a copy of this resolution to the Vermont Congressional Delegation, the President Pro Tempore and Secretary of the U.S. Senate, and the Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives.

Second Reading

Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment

S. 218.

An act relating to the Department of Mental Health’s Ten-Year Plan.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Westman for the Committee on Health and Welfare.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. MENTAL HEALTH INTEGRATION COUNCIL; REPORT

(a) Creation. There is created the Mental Health Integration Council for the purpose of helping to ensure that all sectors of the health care system actively participate in the State’s principles for mental health integration established pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 7251(4) and (8) and as envisioned in the Department of Mental Health’s 2020 report “Vision 2030: A 10-Year Plan for an Integrated and Holistic System of Care.”

(b) Membership.

(1) The Council shall be composed of the following members:

(A) the Commissioner of Mental Health or designee;

(B) the Commissioner of Health or designee;
(C) the Commissioner of Vermont Health Access or designee;
(D) the Commissioner for Children and Families or designee;
(E) the Commissioner of Corrections or designee;
(F) the Commissioner of Financial Regulation or designee;
(G) the executive director of the Green Mountain Care Board or designee;
(H) the Secretary of Education or designee;
(I) a representative, appointed by the Vermont Medical Society;
(J) a representative, appointed by the Vermont Association for Hospitals and Health Systems;
(K) a representative, appointed by Vermont Care Partners;
(L) a representative, appointed by the Vermont Association of Mental Health and Addiction Recovery;
(M) a representative, appointed by Bi-State Primary Care;
(N) a representative, appointed by the University of Vermont Medical School;
(O) the chief executive officer of OneCare Vermont or designee;
(P) the Health Care Advocate established pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 9602;
(Q) the Mental Health Care Ombudsman established pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 7259;
(R) a representative, appointed by the insurance plan with the largest number of covered lives in Vermont;
(S) two persons who have received mental health services in Vermont, appointed by Vermont Psychiatric Survivors, including one person who has delivered peer services;
(T) one family member of a person who has received mental health services, appointed by the Vermont chapter of National Alliance on Mental Illness; and
(U) one family member of a child who has received mental health services, appointed by the Vermont Federation of Families for Children’s Mental Health.
(2) The Council may create subcommittees comprising the Council’s members for the purpose of carrying out the Council’s charge.

e) Powers and duties. The Council shall address the integration of mental health in the health care system including:

(1) identifying obstacles to the full integration of mental health into a holistic health care system and identifying means of overcoming those barriers;

(2) helping to ensure the implementation of existing law to establish full integration within each member of the Council’s area of expertise;

(3) establishing commitments from non-state entities to adopt practices and implementation tools that further integration;

(4) proposing legislation where current statute is either inadequate to achieve full integration or where it creates barriers to achieving the principles of integration; and

(5) fulfilling any other duties the Council deems necessary to achieve its objectives.

d) Assistance. The Council shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of Department of Mental Health.

e) Report.

(1) On or before December 15, 2021, the Commissioners of Mental Health and of Health shall report on the Council’s progress to the Joint Health Reform Oversight Committee.

(2) On or before January 15, 2023, the Council shall submit a final written report to the House Committee on Health Care and to the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare with its findings and any recommendations for legislative action, including a recommendation as to whether the term of the Council should be extended.

f) Meetings.

(1) The Commissioner of Mental Health shall call the first meeting of the Council.

(2) The Commissioner of Mental Health shall serve as chair. The Commissioner of Health shall serve as vice chair.

(3) The Council shall meet bimonthly between July 1, 2020 and January 1, 2023.

(g) Compensation and reimbursement. Members of the Council shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than eight meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the Department of Mental Health.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Kitchel for the Committee on Appropriations.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Health and Welfare with the following amendments thereto:

First: In Sec. 1, subsection (b), by striking out subdivision (1) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subdivision (1) to read as follows:

(1) The Council shall be composed of the following members:

(A) the Commissioner of Mental Health or designee;
(B) the Commissioner of Health or designee;
(C) the Commissioner of Vermont Health Access or designee;
(D) the Commissioner for Children and Families or designee;
(E) the Commissioner of Corrections or designee;
(F) the Commissioner of Financial Regulation or designee;
(G) the Director of Health Care Reform or designee;
(H) the Executive Director of the Green Mountain Care Board or designee;
(I) the Secretary of Education or designee;
(J) a representative, appointed by the Vermont Medical Society;
(K) a representative, appointed by the Vermont Association for Hospitals and Health Systems;
(L) a representative, appointed by Vermont Care Partners;
(M) a representative, appointed by the Vermont Association of Mental Health and Addiction Recovery;
(N) a representative, appointed by Bi-State Primary Care;
(O) a representative, appointed by the University of Vermont Medical School;

(P) the Chief Executive Officer of OneCare Vermont or designee;

(Q) the Health Care Advocate established pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 9602;

(R) the Mental Health Care Ombudsman established pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 7259;

(S) a representative, appointed by the insurance plan with the largest number of covered lives in Vermont;

(T) two persons who have received mental health services in Vermont, appointed by Vermont Psychiatric Survivors, including one person who has delivered peer services;

(U) one family member of a person who has received mental health services, appointed by the Vermont chapter of National Alliance on Mental Illness; and

(V) one family member of a child who has received mental health services, appointed by the Vermont Federation of Families for Children’s Mental Health.

Second: In Sec. 1, subsection (f), subdivision (2), in the second sentence, by striking the word “Health” and inserting in lieu thereof the words Vermont Health Access

And that after passage of the bill the title be amended to read:

An act relating to establishing the Mental Health Integration Council.

(Committee vote: 5-1-1)

S. 241.

An act relating to motor vehicle manufacturers that sell directly to consumers.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Perchlik for the Committee on Transportation.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- 5264 -
Sec. 1. STUDY ON DIRECT-TO-CONSUMER MOTOR VEHICLE SALES; REPORT

(a) The Agency of Transportation, in consultation with the Attorney General’s Office, the Department of Financial Regulation, a manufacturer that engages in direct-to-consumer motor vehicle sales to Vermont consumers, and the Vermont Vehicle and Automotive Distributors Association, shall conduct a study and, on or before December 15, 2020, file a written report on the findings of its study, sources reviewed, and recommendations regarding the regulation of direct-to-consumer motor vehicle sales with the Senate Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and on Transportation and the House Committees on Commerce and Economic Development and on Transportation.

(b) The report shall, at a minimum, include a review of:

(1) all Vermont consumer protection laws and regulations that currently apply when a consumer purchases a motor vehicle from a dealer registered pursuant to 23 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 4, whether those consumer protections currently apply to direct-to-consumer motor vehicle sales, and, if not, whether those consumer protections should apply to direct-to-consumer motor vehicle sales;

(2) how consumers currently obtain financing in direct-to-consumer motor vehicle sales and any proposals that would better protect Vermont consumers who engage in direct-to-consumer motor vehicle sales;

(3) how consumers are currently taxed in direct-to-consumer motor vehicle sales and whether there are steps the State can take to maximize the collection of taxes owed on direct-to-consumer motor vehicle sales where the vehicles are operated in Vermont;

(4) any enforcement issues related to direct-to-consumer motor vehicle sales;

(5) what reasons, if any, exist to prohibit manufacturers engaged in direct-to-consumer motor vehicle sales from owning, operating, or controlling a motor vehicle warranty or service facility in the State and a recommendation on whether a sales center should be required if a manufacturer engaged in direct-to-consumer motor vehicle sales is permitted to own, operate, or control a motor vehicle warranty or service facility in the State;

(6) laws, rules, and best practices from other jurisdictions and any model legislation related to the regulation of direct-to-consumer motor vehicle sales; and
(7) how any proposed amendments to Vermont law regulating direct-to-consumer motor vehicle sales will affect dealers registered pursuant to 23 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 4; franchisors and franchisees, as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 4085; and other persons who are selling motor vehicles to Vermonters.

(c) As used in this section “direct-to-consumer motor vehicle sales” means sales made by:

(1) motor vehicle manufacturers that sell or lease vehicles they manufacture directly to Vermont consumers and not through dealers registered pursuant to 23 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 4; or

(2) other persons that sell or lease new or used motor vehicles directly to Vermont consumers and not through Vermont licensed dealers registered pursuant to 23 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 4 on websites such as Carvana, Vroom, and TrueCar.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 4-0-1)

S. 252.

An act relating to stem cell therapies not approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Westman for the Committee on Health and Welfare.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 18 V.S.A. chapter 87 is added to read:

CHAPTER 87. STEM CELL PRODUCTS

§ 4501. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) “Health care practitioner” means an individual licensed by the Board of Medical Practice or by a board attached to the Office of Professional Regulation to provide professional health care services in this State.

(2) “Stem cell products” has the same meaning as “human cells, tissues, or cellular or tissue-based products” in 21 C.F.R. § 1271.3, as in effect on January 1, 2020, and applies to both homologous and nonhomologous use. The term also includes homologous use of minimally manipulated cell or
tissue products, as those terms are defined in 21 C.F.R. § 1271.3, as in effect on January 1, 2020, when used or proposed for use in one or more applications not approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

§ 4502. UNAPPROVED STEM CELL PRODUCTS; NOTICE; DISCLOSURE

(a) Notice.

(1) A health care practitioner who administers one or more stem cell products that are not approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration shall provide each patient with the following written notice prior to administering any such product to the patient for the first time:

“THIS NOTICE MUST BE PROVIDED TO YOU UNDER VERMONT LAW. This health care practitioner administers one or more stem cell products that have not been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. You are encouraged to consult with your primary care provider prior to having an unapproved stem cell product administered to you.”

(2)(A) The written notice required by subdivision (1) of this subsection shall:

(i) be at least 8.5 by 11 inches and printed in not less than 40-point type; and

(ii) include information on methods for filing a complaint with the applicable licensing authority and for making a consumer inquiry.

(B) The health care practitioner shall also prominently display the written notice required by subdivision (1) of this subsection, along with the information required to be included by subdivision (A)(ii) of this subdivision (2), at the entrance and in an area visible to patients in the health care practitioner’s office.

(b) Disclosure.

(1) A health care practitioner who administers stem cell products that are not approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration shall provide a disclosure form to a patient for the patient’s signature prior to each administration of an unapproved stem cell product.

(2) The disclosure form shall state, in language that the patient could reasonably be expected to understand, the stem cell product’s U.S. Food and Drug Administration approval status.

(3) The health care practitioner shall retain in the patient’s medical record a copy of each disclosure form signed and dated by the patient.
(c) Advertisements. A health care practitioner shall include the notice set forth in subdivision (a)(1) of this section in any advertisements relating to the use of stem cell products that are not approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. In print advertisements, the notice shall be clearly legible and in a font size not smaller than the largest font size used in the advertisement. For all other forms of advertisements, the notice shall either be clearly legible in a font size not smaller than the largest font size used in the advertisement or clearly spoken.

(d) Nonapplicability. The provisions of this section shall not apply to the following:

(1) a health care practitioner who has obtained approval or clearance for an investigational new drug or device from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration for the use of stem cell products; or

(2) a health care practitioner who administers a stem cell product pursuant to an employment or other contract to administer stem cell products on behalf of or under the auspices of an institution certified by the Foundation for the Accreditation of Cellular Therapy, the National Institutes of Health Blood and Marrow Transplant Clinical Trials Network, or AABB, formerly known as the American Association of Blood Banks.

(e) Violations. A violation of this section constitutes unprofessional conduct under 3 V.S.A. § 129a and 26 V.S.A. § 1354.

Sec. 2. 3 V.S.A. § 129a is amended to read:

§ 129a. UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

(a) In addition to any other provision of law, the following conduct by a licensee constitutes unprofessional conduct. When that conduct is by an applicant or person who later becomes an applicant, it may constitute grounds for denial of a license or other disciplinary action. Any one of the following items or any combination of items, whether the conduct at issue was committed within or outside the State, shall constitute unprofessional conduct:

* * *

(27) For a health care practitioner, failing to comply with one or more of the notice, disclosure, or advertising requirements in 18 V.S.A. § 4502 for administering stem cell products not approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

* * *
Sec. 3. 26 V.S.A. § 1354 is amended to read:

§ 1354. UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

(a) The Board shall find that any one of the following, or any combination of the following, whether the conduct at issue was committed within or outside the State, constitutes unprofessional conduct:

* * *

(39) use of the services of a physician assistant by a physician in a manner that is inconsistent with the provisions of chapter 31 of this title; or

(40) use of conversion therapy as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 8351 on a client younger than 18 years of age; or

(41) failure to comply with one or more of the notice, disclosure, or advertising requirements in 18 V.S.A. § 4502 for administering stem cell products not approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

* * *

Sec. 4. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH; ADVANCE DIRECTIVES; RULEMAKING

The Department of Health shall amend its rules on advance directives to further clarify the scope of experimental treatments to which an agent may and may not provide consent on behalf of a principal. The Department’s amended rules shall take effect not later than January 1, 2021.

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to administering stem cell products not approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

S. 254.

An act relating to union organizing.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Sirotkin for the Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
Sec. 1. 3 V.S.A. § 941 is amended to read:

§ 941. UNIT DETERMINATION, CERTIFICATION, AND REPRESENTATION

* * *

(c) A petition may be filed with the Board, in accordance with procedures prescribed by the Board:

(1) By an employee or group of employees, or any individual or employee organization purporting to act in their behalf, alleging by filing a petition or petitions bearing signatures of not less than 30 percent of the employees, that they wish to form a bargaining unit and be represented for collective bargaining, or that the individual or employee organization currently certified as bargaining agent is no longer supported by at least 51 percent of the employees in the bargaining unit, or that they are now included in an approved bargaining unit and wish to form a separate bargaining unit under Board criteria for purposes of collective bargaining.

(2)(A)(i) An employee or group of employees, or any individual or employee organization purporting to act in their behalf, that is seeking to determine interest in the formation of a bargaining unit or representation for collective bargaining may petition the employer and the Board for a list of the employees in the proposed bargaining unit.

(ii) An employee or group of employees, or any person purporting to act on their behalf, that is seeking to demonstrate that the individual or employee organization currently certified as bargaining agent is no longer supported by at least 51 percent of the employees in the bargaining unit shall not be entitled to obtain a list of the employees in the proposed bargaining unit pursuant to this subdivision (c)(2).

(B) Within two business days after receiving the petition, the employer shall file with the Board and the employee or group of employees, or the individual or employee organization purporting to act in their behalf, a list of the names and job titles of the employees in the proposed bargaining unit. To the extent possible, the list of employees shall be in alphabetical order by last name and provided in electronic format.

(d)(1) The Board, a Board member thereof, or a person or persons designated by the Board shall investigate the petition, and do one of the following:
(A) Determine that a sufficient showing of interest has been made by the petition.

(B)(i) If it finds reasonable cause to believe that a question of unit determination or representation exists, an appropriate hearing shall be scheduled before the Board upon due notice. The Board shall schedule a hearing to be held before the Board not more than eight days after the petition was filed with the Board unless:

(I) the parties named in the petition mutually agree to extend the time for the hearing; or

(II) the Board determines that the time for the hearing must be extended due to an insufficient number of Board members being available to hold a hearing or the Executive Director of the Board is unavailable due to leave.

(ii)(I) Once scheduled, the date of the hearing shall not be subject to change except for good cause as determined by the Board. Upon request, the results of the investigation shall be made available by the Board to the petitioners and all intervenors, if any, including the duly certified bargaining representative prior to giving notice of hearing. Written notice of the hearing shall be mailed by certified mail to the parties named in the petition not less than seven calendar days before the hearing.

(II) The time for a hearing shall not be extended pursuant to subdivisions (d)(1)(B)(i)(I) or (II) of this section for more than an additional 30 days.

(iii) Hearing procedure and notification of the results of the hearing shall be in accordance with rules prescribed by the Board, except that the parties shall not be permitted to submit briefs to the Board after the conclusion of the hearing unless the parties mutually agree to do so and the Board consents.

(iv) The Board shall issue its decision not more than two business days after the hearing or 10 days after the petition was submitted, whichever is later.

(C) dismiss the petition, based upon the If the Board finds an absence of substantive evidence, it shall dismiss the petition.

(2) Upon request, the results of the investigation shall be made available by the Board to the petitioners and all intervenors, if any, including the duly certified bargaining representative as soon as practicable after the investigation is completed.
Whenever, as a result of a petition and an appropriate or hearing, the Board finds substantial interest among employees in forming a bargaining unit or being represent for purposes of collective bargaining, a secret ballot election shall be conducted by the Board to be taken in such manner as to show not more than 21 days after the petition is filed.

(B) The time to conduct the election may be extended by:

(i) mutual agreement of the parties; or
(ii) the Board due to a lack of staff available to conduct the election or other circumstances that make it impracticable for the Board to conduct the election within 21 days after the petition is filed.

(C) The Board shall not hold a hearing to resolve any disputes related to the membership of the bargaining unit until after the election unless the parties mutually agree to extend the time for the election for the purpose of resolving those issues.

(2) The election shall be conducted so that it shows separately the wishes of the employees in the voting group involved as to the determination of the collective bargaining unit, including the right not to be organized. In order for a collective bargaining unit to be recognized and certified by the Board, there must be upon a majority vote cast by those employees voting.

(3)(A) Unless the employer and labor organization agree to a longer period, the employer shall file with the Board and the labor organization that will be named on the ballot a list of the employees in the bargaining unit within two business days after:

(i) the Board determines that substantial interest exists and a secret ballot election shall be conducted; or
(ii) the parties stipulate to the composition of the bargaining unit.

(B) The list shall include, as appropriate, each employee’s name, work location, shift, job classification, and contact information. As used in this subdivision (2), “contact information” includes an employee’s home address, personal e-mail address, and home and personal cellular telephone numbers.

(C) To the extent possible, the list of employees shall be in alphabetical order by last name and provided in electronic format.

(D) The list shall be kept confidential by the employer and the labor organization and shall be exempt from copying and inspection under the Public Records Act.
(E) Failure to file the list within the time required pursuant to subdivision (A) of this subdivision (2) shall be grounds for the Board to set aside the results of the election if an objection is filed within the time required pursuant to the Board’s rules.

***

(g)(1) In determining the representation of State employees in a collective bargaining unit, the Board shall conduct a secret ballot of the employees not more than 21 days after the petition is filed with the Board, unless the time to conduct the election is extended pursuant to subdivision (e)(1)(B) of this section, and certify the results to the interested parties and to the State employer. The original ballot shall be so prepared as to permit a vote against representation by anyone named on the ballot. No representative will be certified with less than a majority of the votes cast.

***

Sec. 2. 16 V.S.A. § 1992 is amended to read:

§ 1992. REFERENDUM PROCEDURE FOR REPRESENTATION

(a)(1) An organization purporting to represent a majority of all of the teachers or administrators employed by the school board may be recognized by the school board without the necessity of a referendum upon the submission of a petition bearing the valid signatures of a majority of the teachers or administrators employed by that school board. Within 15 days after receiving the petition the school board shall notify the teachers or administrators of the school district in writing of its intention to either require or waive a secret ballot referendum. If the school board gives notice of its intention to waive a referendum and recognize an organization, 10 percent of the teachers or administrators employed by the school board may submit a petition within 15 days thereafter, objecting to the granting or of recognition without a referendum, in which event a secret ballot referendum shall be held in the district for the purpose of choosing an exclusive representative according to the guidelines for referendum contained in this legislation as provided pursuant to the provisions of this section.

(2)(A)(i) An organization seeking to represent the teachers or administrators employed by a school board may petition the school board and the Vermont Labor Relations Board for a list of the teachers or administrators in the proposed bargaining unit.

(ii) An organization or group of teachers or administrators, or any person purporting to act on their behalf, that is seeking to demonstrate that the teachers’ or administrators’ organization that is currently the exclusive
representative of the teachers or administrators is no longer supported by a majority of the teachers or administrators employed by that school board shall not be entitled to obtain a list of the employees in the proposed bargaining unit pursuant to this subdivision (a)(2).

(B) Within two business days after receiving the petition, the school board shall file with the Vermont Labor Relations Board and the organization a list of the names and job titles of the teachers or administrators in the proposed bargaining unit. To the extent possible, the list of employees shall be in alphabetical order by last name and provided in electronic format.

* * *

(c)(1)(A) A secret ballot referendum shall be held any time that not more than 21 days after 20 percent of the teachers or administrators employed by the school board present a petition requesting a referendum on the matter of representation, except during a period of prior recognition, as hereinbefore provided pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

(B) The parties may mutually agree to extend the time to hold the election set forth in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (1).

(C) Any organization interested in representing teachers or administrators in the school district shall have the right to appear on the ballot by submitting a petition supported by ten percent or more of the teachers or administrators in the school district.

(2)(A) Unless the school board and the organization agree to a longer period, within two business days after the petition is presented, the school board shall file with the organization that will be named on the ballot a list of the teachers or administrators in the bargaining unit.

(B) The list shall include, as appropriate, each teacher’s or administrator’s name, work location, job classification, and contact information. As used in this subdivision (2), “contact information” includes a teacher’s or administrator’s home address, personal e-mail address, and home and personal cellular telephone numbers.

(C) To the extent possible, the list of teachers or administrators shall be in alphabetical order by last name and provided in electronic format.

(D) The list shall be kept confidential by the school board and the organization and shall be exempt from copying and inspection under the Public Records Act.
(E) Failure to file the list within the time required pursuant to subdivision (A) of this subdivision (2) shall be an unfair labor practice and grounds for the Vermont Labor Relations Board to set aside the results of the referendum if an unfair labor practice charge is filed not more than 10 business days after the referendum.

* * *

Sec. 3. 21 V.S.A. § 1724 is amended to read:

§ 1724. CERTIFICATION PROCEDURE

(a)(1) A petition may be filed with the Board, in accordance with regulations prescribed rules adopted by the Board:

(1)(A) By an employee or group of employees, or any individual or employee organization purporting to act in their behalf, alleging that not less than 30 percent of the employees, wish to form a bargaining unit and be represented for collective bargaining, or assert that the individual or employee organization currently certified as bargaining agent is no longer supported by at least 51 percent of the employees in the bargaining unit, or that not less than 51 percent of the employees now included in an approved bargaining unit wish to form a separate bargaining unit under Board criteria for purposes of collective bargaining.

(2)(B) By the employer alleging that the presently certified bargaining unit is no longer appropriate under Board criteria.

(2)(A)(i) An employee or group of employees, or any individual or employee organization purporting to act in their behalf, that is seeking to determine interest in the formation of a bargaining unit or representation for collective bargaining may petition the employer and the Board for a list of the employees in the proposed bargaining unit.

(ii) An employee or group of employees, or any person purporting to act on their behalf, that is seeking to demonstrate that the individual or employee organization currently certified as bargaining agent is no longer supported by at least 51 percent of the employees in the bargaining unit shall not be entitled to obtain a list of the employees in the proposed bargaining unit pursuant to this subdivision (a)(2).

(B) Within two business days after receiving the petition, the employer shall file with the Board and the employee or group of employees, or the individual or employee organization purporting to act in their behalf, a list of the names and job titles of the employees in the proposed bargaining unit. To the extent possible, the list of employees shall be in alphabetical order by last name and provided in electronic format.
(b)(1) The Board, a Board member thereof, or a person or persons  
    designated by the Board shall investigate the petition, and do one of the  
    following:

    (A) Determine that a sufficient showing of interest has been made by  
        the petition.

    (B)(i) If it finds reasonable cause to believe that a question of unit  
        determination or representation exists, an appropriate hearing shall  
        be scheduled before the Board upon due notice. Written notice of the  
        hearing shall be mailed by certified mail to the parties named in the  
        petition not less than 14 calendar days before the hearing, the Board  
        shall schedule a hearing to be held before the Board not more than  
        eight days after the petition was filed with the Board unless:

        (I) the parties named in the petition mutually agree to extend the  
            time for the hearing; or

        (II) the Board determines that the time for the hearing must be  
            extended due to an insufficient number of Board members being  
            available to hold a hearing or the Executive Director of the Board  
            is unavailable due to leave.

        (ii)(I) Once scheduled, the date of the hearing shall not be subject  
            to change except for good cause as determined by the Board.

        (II) The time for a hearing shall not be extended pursuant to  
            subdivisions (d)(1)(B)(i)(I) or (II) of this section for more than an  
            additional 30 days.

        (iii) Hearing procedure and notification of the results thereof of  
            the hearing shall be in accordance with rules prescribed adopted by  
            the Board or, except that the parties shall not be permitted to submit  
            briefs to the Board after the conclusion of the hearing unless the  
            parties mutually agree to do so and the Board consents.

        (iv) The Board shall issue its decision not more than two business  
            days after the hearing or 10 days after the petition was submitted,  
            whichever is later.

    (2)(C) dismiss the petition, based upon the If the Board finds an absence of  
        substantive evidence it shall dismiss the petition.

    (2) Upon request, the results of the investigation shall be made available  
        by the Board to the petitioners and all intervenors, if any, including the  
        duly certified bargaining representative as soon as practicable after the  
        investigation is completed.
(e)(1)(A) In determining the representation of municipal employees in a collective bargaining unit, the Board shall conduct an election by secret ballot of the employees and certify the results to the interested parties and to the employer. The election shall be held not more than 21 days after the petition is filed with the Board.

(B) The time to conduct the election may be extended by:

(i) mutual agreement of the parties; or

(ii) the Board due to a lack of staff available to conduct the election or other circumstances that make it impracticable for the Board to conduct the election within 21 days after the petition is filed.

(C) The Board shall not hold a hearing to resolve any disputes related to the membership of the bargaining unit until after the election unless the parties mutually agree to extend the time for the election for the purpose of resolving those issues.

(2) The original ballot shall be so prepared as to permit a vote against representation by anyone named on the ballot. No representative will be certified with less than a 51 percent affirmative vote of all votes cast. In the case where it is asserted that the certified bargaining agent is no longer supported by at least 51 percent of the employees in the bargaining unit and there is no attempt to seek the election of another employee organization or individual as bargaining representative, there shall be at least 51 percent negative vote of all votes cast to decertify the existing bargaining agent.

(A) Unless the employer and the individual or labor organization seeking to represent the bargaining unit agree to a longer period, the employer shall file with the Board and the individual or labor organization that will be named on the ballot a list of the employees in the bargaining unit within two business days after:

(i) the Board determines that substantial interest exists and a secret ballot election shall be conducted; or

(ii) the parties stipulate to the composition of the bargaining unit.

(B) The list shall include, as appropriate, each employee’s name, work location, shift, job classification, and contact information. As used in this subdivision (2), “contact information” includes an employee’s home address, personal e-mail address, and home and personal cellular telephone numbers.
(C) To the extent possible, the list of employees shall be in alphabetical order by last name and provided in electronic format.

(D) The list shall be kept confidential by the employer and the individual or labor organization seeking to represent the bargaining unit and shall be exempt from copying and inspection under the Public Records Act.

(E) Failure to file the list within the time required pursuant to subdivision (A) of this subdivision (2) shall be grounds for the Board to set aside the results of the election if an objection is filed within the time required pursuant to the Board’s rules.

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** ** Automatic Membership Dues Deduction ** **

Sec. 4. 3 V.S.A. § 903 is amended to read:

§ 903. EMPLOYEES’ RIGHTS AND DUTIES; PROHIBITED ACTS

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(e) Employees who are members of the employee organization shall have the right to automatic membership dues deductions. Upon receipt of a signed authorization to commence automatic membership dues deductions from an employee, the employer shall, as soon as practicable and in any event, no later than 30 calendar days after receiving the authorization, commence withholding from the employee’s wages the amount of membership dues certified by the employee organization. The employer shall transmit the amount withheld to the employee organization on the same day as the employee is paid. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require a member of an employee organization to participate in automatic dues deduction.

Sec. 5. 3 V.S.A. § 1012 is amended to read:

§ 1012. EMPLOYEES’ RIGHTS AND DUTIES; PROHIBITED ACTS

***

(e) Employees who are members of the employee organization shall have the right to automatic membership dues deductions. Upon receipt of a signed authorization to commence automatic membership dues deductions from an employee, the employer shall, as soon as practicable and in any event, no later than 30 calendar days after receiving the authorization, commence withholding from the employee’s wages the amount of membership dues certified by the employee organization. The employer shall transmit the amount withheld to the employee organization on the same day as the employee is paid. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require a member of an employee organization to participate in automatic dues deduction.
Sec. 6. 16 V.S.A. § 1982 is amended to read:

§ 1982. RIGHTS

* * *

(f) A teacher or administrator who is a member of the teachers’ or administrators’ organization shall have the right to automatic membership dues deductions. Upon receipt of a signed authorization to commence automatic membership dues deductions from a teacher or administrator, the school board shall, as soon as practicable and in any event, no later than 30 calendar days after receiving the authorization, commence withholding from the teacher’s or administrator’s wages the amount of membership dues certified by the teachers’ or administrators’ organization. The school board shall transmit the amount withheld to the teachers’ or administrators’ organization on the same day as the teacher or administrator is paid. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require a member of a teachers’ or administrators’ organization to participate in automatic dues deduction.

Sec. 7. 21 V.S.A. § 1645 is added to read:

§ 1645. AUTOMATIC MEMBERSHIP DUES DEDUCTION

Independent direct support providers who are members of the labor organization shall have the right to automatic membership dues deductions. Upon receipt of a signed authorization to commence automatic membership dues deductions from an independent direct support provider, the State shall, as soon as practicable and in any event, no later than 30 calendar days after receiving the authorization, commence withholding from the independent direct support provider’s wages the amount of membership dues certified by the labor organization. The State shall transmit the amount withheld to the labor organization on the same day as the independent direct support provider is paid. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a member of a labor organization to participate in automatic dues deduction.

Sec. 8. 21 V.S.A. § 1737 is added to read:

§ 1737. AUTOMATIC MEMBERSHIP DUES DEDUCTION

Employees who are members of the employee organization shall have the right to automatic membership dues deductions. Upon receipt of a signed authorization to commence automatic membership dues deductions from an employee, the employer shall, as soon as practicable and in any event, no later than 30 calendar days after receiving the authorization, commence withholding from the employee’s wages the amount of membership dues certified by the employee organization. The employer shall transmit the amount withheld to the employee organization on the same day as the employee is paid. Nothing
in this section shall be construed to require a member of an employee organization to participate in automatic dues deduction.

Sec. 9. 33 V.S.A. § 3618 is added to read:

§ 3618. AUTOMATIC MEMBERSHIP DUES DEDUCTION

Early care and education providers who are members of the labor organization shall have the right to automatic membership dues deductions. Upon receipt of a signed authorization to commence automatic membership dues deductions from an early care and education provider, the State shall, as soon as practicable and in any event, no later than 30 calendar days after receiving the authorization, commence withholding from the subsidies paid to the early care and education provider the amount of membership dues certified by the labor organization. The State shall transmit the amount withheld to the labor organization on the same day as the subsidies are paid to the early care and education provider. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a member of a labor organization to participate in automatic dues deduction.

* * * Access to Employees in Bargaining Unit * * *

Sec. 10. 3 V.S.A. § 909 is added to read:

§ 909. ACCESS TO NEW EMPLOYEES IN BARGAINING UNIT

(a) An employer shall provide the employee organization that is the exclusive representative of the employees in a bargaining unit with an opportunity to meet with each newly hired employee in the bargaining unit to present information about the employee organization.

(b)(1) The meeting shall occur during the new employee’s orientation or, if the employer does not conduct an orientation for newly hired employees, within 30 calendar days from the date on which the employee was hired.

(2) If the meeting is not held during the new employee’s orientation, it shall be held during the new employee’s regular work hours and at his or her regular worksite or a location mutually agreed to by the employer and the employee organization.

(3) The employee organization shall be permitted to meet with the employee for not less than 60 minutes.

(4) The employee shall be paid for attending the meeting at his or her regular rate of pay.

(c)(1) Within 10 days after hiring a new employee in a bargaining unit, the employer shall provide the employee organization with his or her name, job title, worksite location, work telephone number and e-mail address, home
address, personal e-mail address, home and personal cellular telephone numbers, and date of hire.

(2) The employee’s home address, personal e-mail address, and home and personal cellular telephone numbers shall be kept confidential by the employer and the employee organization and shall be exempt from copying and inspection under the Public Records Act.

(d) The employer shall provide the employee organization with not less than 10 days’ notice of an orientation for newly hired employees in a bargaining unit.

Sec. 11. 3 V.S.A. § 1022 is added to read:

§ 1022. ACCESS TO NEW EMPLOYEES IN BARGAINING UNIT

(a) An employer shall provide the employee organization that is the exclusive representative of the employees in a bargaining unit with an opportunity to meet with each newly hired employee in the bargaining unit to present information about the employee organization.

(b)(1) The meeting shall occur during the new employee’s orientation or, if the employer does not conduct an orientation for newly hired employees, within 30 calendar days from the date on which the employee was hired.

(2) If the meeting is not held during the new employee’s orientation, it shall be held during the new employee’s regular work hours and at his or her regular worksite or a location mutually agreed to by the employer and the employee organization.

(3) The employee organization shall be permitted to meet with the employee for not less than 60 minutes.

(4) The employee shall be paid for attending the meeting at his or her regular rate of pay.

(c)(1) Within 10 days after hiring a new employee in a bargaining unit, the employer shall provide the employee organization with his or her name, job title, worksite location, work telephone number and e-mail address, home address, personal e-mail address, home and personal cellular telephone numbers, and date of hire.

(2) The employee’s home address, personal e-mail address, and home and personal cellular telephone numbers shall be kept confidential by the employer and the employee organization and shall be exempt from copying and inspection under the Public Records Act.
(d) The employer shall provide the employee organization with not less than 10 days’ notice of an orientation for newly hired employees in a bargaining unit.

Sec. 12. 16 V.S.A. 1984 is added to read:

§ 1984. ACCESS TO NEW TEACHERS OR ADMINISTRATORS IN BARGAINING UNIT

(a) A school board shall provide a teachers’ or administrators’ organization that is the exclusive representative of the teachers or administrators in a bargaining unit with an opportunity to meet with each newly hired teacher or administrator in the bargaining unit to present information about the teachers’ or administrators’ organization.

(b)(1) The meeting shall occur during the new teacher’s or administrator’s orientation or, if the school board does not conduct an orientation for newly hired teachers or administrators, within 30 calendar days from the date on which the teacher or administrator was hired.

(2) If the meeting is not held during the new teacher’s or administrator’s orientation, it shall be held during the new teacher’s or administrator’s regular work hours and at his or her regular worksite or a location mutually agreed to by the school board and the teacher’s or administrator’s organization.

(3) The employee organization shall be permitted to meet with the employee for not less than 60 minutes.

(4) The teacher or administrator shall be paid for attending the meeting at his or her regular rate of pay.

(c)(1) Within 10 days after hiring a new teacher or administrator, the school board shall provide the teacher’s or administrator’s organization, as appropriate, with his or her name, job title, worksite location, work telephone number and e-mail address, home address, personal e-mail address, home and personal cellular telephone numbers, and date of hire.

(2) The teacher’s or administrator’s home address, personal e-mail address, and home and personal cellular telephone numbers shall be kept confidential by the employer and the teacher’s or administrator’s organization and shall be exempt from copying and inspection under the Public Records Act.

(d) The school board shall provide the teacher’s or administrator’s organization with not less than 10 days’ notice of an orientation for newly hired teachers or administrators in its bargaining unit.
Sec. 13. 21 V.S.A. § 1738 is added to read:

§ 1738. ACCESS TO NEW EMPLOYEES IN BARGAINING UNIT

(a) An employer shall provide the employee organization that is the exclusive representative of the employees in a bargaining unit with an opportunity to meet with each newly hired employee in the bargaining unit to present information about the employee organization.

(b)(1) The meeting shall occur during the new employee’s orientation or, if the employer does not conduct an orientation for newly hired employees, within 30 calendar days from the date on which the employee was hired.

(2) If the meeting is not held during the new employee’s orientation, it shall be held during the new employee’s regular work hours and at his or her regular worksite or a location mutually agreed to by the employer and the employee organization.

(3) The employee organization shall be permitted to meet with the employee for not less than 60 minutes.

(4) The employee shall be paid for attending the meeting at his or her regular rate of pay.

(c)(1) Within 10 days after hiring a new employee in a bargaining unit, the employer shall provide the employee organization with his or her name, job title, worksite location, work telephone number and e-mail address, home address, personal e-mail address, home and personal cellular telephone numbers, and date of hire.

(2) The employee’s home address, personal e-mail address, and home and personal cellular telephone numbers shall be kept confidential by the employer and the employee organization and shall be exempt from copying and inspection under the Public Records Act.

(d) The employer shall provide the employee organization with not less than 10 days’ notice of an orientation for newly hired employees in a bargaining unit.

*** Effective Date ***

Sec. 14. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)
S. 285.

An act relating to the State House Artwork and Portrait Project Committee.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Benning for the Committee on Institutions.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 2 V.S.A. § 651 is amended to read:
§ 651. LEGISLATIVE ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON THE STATE HOUSE
(a) The Legislative Advisory Committee on the State House is created.
   * * *
(d) The Committee shall meet at the State House at least one time during the months of July and December when the General Assembly is in session and at least one time when the General Assembly is not in session or at the call of the Chair. The Commissioner of Buildings and General Services shall keep minutes of the meetings and maintain a file thereof.
(e) The Committee shall have the assistance of the Office of Legislative Council.

Sec. 2. 2 V.S.A. § 653 is amended to read:
§ 653. FUNCTIONS
(a)(1) The Legislative Advisory Committee on the State House shall be consulted on all activities relating to the acquisition and care of paintings and historic artifacts and furnishings, and the refurbishing, renovation, preservation, and expansion of the building and its interior.
(2) The Legislative Advisory Committee on the State House shall develop a plan for the acquisition or commission of artwork for the State House collection that represents Vermont’s diverse people and history, including diversity of gender, race, ethnicity, sexuality, and disability status.
   * * *
Sec. 3. STATE HOUSE ARTWORK AND PORTRAIT PROJECT; LEGISLATIVE ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON THE STATE HOUSE; REPORT
(a) Intent. It is the intent of the General Assembly:
(1) to expand the State House artwork and portrait collection to represent the diverse stories of those who have significantly contributed to Vermont’s history;

(2) to give special consideration to the State House as a place of employment for a diverse workforce and as an institution of public education for students and members of the general public; and

(3) that the State have a policy of including diverse leadership stories that reflect all of Vermont’s history when acquiring or commissioning artistic representation for the State House art collection.

(b) Policy. It is the policy of the General Assembly that the State House art collection shall reflect:

(1) those who have served as leaders and have significantly contributed to the history of Vermont;

(2) those whose service relates to the State or the Abenaki Nation, the civil rights of Vermonters, the legislative process, or the operation of the State House;

(3) stories of significance to a community, a tribe, or historical moments that demonstrate the diverse nature of Vermont’s people and history; or

(4) the natural landscapes and environmental features of the State of Vermont.

(c) Plan. Pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 653, the Legislative Advisory Committee on the State House, in consultation with the State Curator, shall develop a plan for the acquisition or commission of artwork for the State House collection that incorporates the intent and policies described in subsections (a) and (b) of this section.

(d) Recommendations. The Committee, in consultation with the public and relevant experts, including Vermont historians, artists, and diverse community leaders, shall research and recommend significant historical Vermont leadership stories that warrant artistic inclusion in the State House art collection using the intent and policies described in subsections (a) and (b) of this section.

(e) Report. On or before December 15, 2020, the Committee shall submit a written report to the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Institutions with the plan and recommendations described in this section and any recommendations for legislative action.
Sec. 4. 29 V.S.A. § 154a is amended to read:

§ 154a. STATE CURATOR

(a) Creation. The position of State Curator is created within the Department of Buildings and General Services.

(b) Duties. The State Curator’s responsibilities shall include:

(1) oversight of the general historic preservation of the State House, including maintaining the historical integrity of the State House and works of art in the State House;

(2) interpretation of the State House to the visiting public through exhibits, publications, and tours; and

(3) acquisition, management, and care of State collections of art and historic furnishings, provided that any works of art for the State House are acquired pursuant to the requirements of 2 V.S.A. § 653(a).

(c) Acquisition policy. In coordination with the Legislative Advisory Committee on the State House, and in accordance with the plan developed pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 653, the State Curator shall adopt an acquisition policy that ensures that the acquisition of art for the State House reflects a diversity of artistic media and artists, the natural history of the State, and the diversity of the people and stories of Vermont throughout the history of the State.

(d) Interpretive plan. In coordination with the Friends of the Vermont State House and the Vermont Historical Society, the State Curator shall create an interpretive plan that tells the stories of the State House art collection through accessible written, multimedia, and oral means. The plan shall include appropriate and inclusive training of State House volunteers and staff.

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

Reported favorably by Senator McCormack for the Committee on Appropriations.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Institutions and when so amended ought to pass.

(Committee vote: 6-0-1)
S. 297.

An act relating to the Agency of Health Care Administration.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Lyons for the Committee on Health and Welfare.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. AGENCY OF HUMAN SERVICES REORGANIZATION; WORKING GROUP; REPORT

(a) Creation. There is created a working group to develop proposals for reorganizing the Agency of Human Services.

(b) Membership. The working group shall be composed of the following members:

(1) the Secretary of Human Services or designee;

(2) the commissioner of each department within the Agency of Human Services or their designees; and

(3) other interested stakeholders.

(c) Powers and duties. The working group shall consider options for reorganizing, restructuring, or reconfiguring the Agency of Human Services and its departments to best serve Vermonters, including consideration of the following:

(1) whether the Agency of Human Services should be divided into two or more agencies, and if so, how they should be organized;

(2) whether the Agency of Human Services should be divided as follows:

(A) an Agency of Human Services, comprising the Department of Corrections; the Department for Children and Families; the Department of Independent Living, which would provide services to Vermonters who are elders and to individuals with disabilities; and the Human Services Board; and

(B) an Agency of Health Care Administration comprising the Departments of Health Access, of Mental Health and Substance Misuse, of Long-Term Care, and of Public Health; the Health Care Board; and the Vermont Health Benefit Exchange;

(3) how to improve collaboration, integration, and alignment of services across agencies and departments to deliver services built around the needs of individuals and families; and
(4) how to minimize any confusion or disruption that may result from implementing the recommended changes.

(d) Assistance. The working group shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Agency of Human Services.

(e) Report. On or before January 15, 2021, the working group shall provide its findings and recommendations to the General Assembly and the Governor.

(f) Meetings.

(1) The Secretary of Human Services or designee shall call the first meeting of the working group to occur on or before July 1, 2020.

(2) The working group shall select a chair from among its members at the first meeting.

(3) A majority of the working group’s membership shall constitute a quorum.

(4) The working group shall cease to exist on January 15, 2021.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to reorganizing the Agency of Human Services.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Clarkson for the Committee on Government Operations.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. AGENCY OF HUMAN SERVICES ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE; WORKING GROUP; REPORT

(a) Creation. There is created a working group to evaluate the organizational structure of the Agency of Human Services and to recommend any appropriate modifications to that structure.

(b) Membership. The working group shall be composed of the following members:

(1) the Secretary of Human Services or designee:
(2) the commissioner of each department within the Agency of Human Services or their designees; and

(3) three employees of the Agency of Human Services, appointed by the President of the Vermont State Employees Association.

(c) Powers and duties. The working group, in consultation with interested stakeholders, shall consider options for reorganizing, restructuring, or reconfiguring the Agency of Human Services and its departments to best serve Vermonters, including consideration of the following:

(1) whether the Agency of Human Services should be divided into two or more agencies, and if so, how they should be organized;

(2) how to improve collaboration, integration, and alignment of services across agencies and departments to deliver services built around the needs of individuals and families; and

(3) how to minimize any confusion or disruption that may result from implementing the recommended changes.

(d) Assistance. The working group shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Agency of Human Services.

(e) Report. On or before January 15, 2021, the working group shall provide its findings and recommendations to the General Assembly and the Governor.

(f) Meetings.

(1) The Secretary of Human Services or designee shall call the first meeting of the working group to occur on or before July 1, 2020.

(2) The working group shall select a chair from among its members at the first meeting.

(3) A majority of the working group’s membership shall constitute a quorum.

(4) All of the working group’s meetings shall be open to the public and all meeting dates, times, and locations shall be posted on the General Assembly’s website.

(5) The working group shall cease to exist on January 15, 2021.
Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.
And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:
An act relating to the organizational structure of the Agency of Human Services.

(Committee vote: 4-1-0)

UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF JUNE 4, 2020
Third Reading
H. 750.
An act relating to creating a National Guard provost marshal.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF JUNE 5, 2020
Third Reading
H. 254.
An act relating to adequate shelter for livestock.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF JUNE 8, 2020
Second Reading
Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment
S. 227.
An act relating to the provision of personal care products by lodging establishments.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Bray for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Single-use Products * * *

Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. chapter 159, subchapter 5 is amended to read:
Subchapter 5. Single-Use Carryout Bags; Expanded Polystyrene Food Service Products; Single-use Plastic Straws; and Single-use Plastic Stirrers Products

§ 6691. DEFINITIONS
As used in this subchapter:

(1) “Agency” means the Agency of Natural Resources.

* * *

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(6) “Plastic” means a synthetic material made from linking monomers through a chemical reaction to create a polymer chain that can be molded or extruded at high heat into various solid forms that retain their defined shapes during their life cycle and after disposal, including material derived from either petroleum or a biologically based polymer, such as corn or other plant sources. “Plastic” includes all materials identified with resin identification codes 1 to 7.

(7) “Point of sale” means a check-out stand, cash register, or other point of departure from a store or food service establishment, including the location where remotely ordered food or products are delivered to a purchaser.

* * *

(10) “Secretary” means the Secretary of Natural Resources.

* * *

(14) “Single-use product” or “single use” means a product that is generally recognized by the public as an item to be discarded after one use.

* * *

(16) “Lodging establishment” has the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 4301.

(17) “Personal care product” means a product intended to be applied to or used on the human body in the shower or bath or on any part of the human body, including shampoo, hair conditioner, moisturizer, toothpaste, and bath soap.

(18) “Small container” means a container made of glass, plastic, or other material with less than six-ounce capacity that is intended to be nonreusable by the end user.

* * *

§ 6701. PERSONAL CARE PRODUCTS; SMALL CONTAINER; LODGING ESTABLISHMENTS

(a) The purpose of this section is to encourage lodging establishments to use bulk dispensers of personal care products to reduce waste and lower operating costs while still providing products for the health and safety of guests.

(b) A lodging establishment shall not provide a personal care product in a small container in a sleeping room accommodation, in a space within the sleeping room accommodation, or within a bathroom used by the public or guests beginning on:
(1) January 1, 2023, for a lodging establishment with more than 50 rooms; and

(2) January 1, 2024, for a lodging establishment with 50 rooms or fewer.

(c) A lodging establishment may provide a personal care product in a small container to a person at no cost, upon request, at a place other than a sleeping room accommodation, a space within the sleeping room accommodation, or within a bathroom used by the public or guests.

(d) A lodging establishment that violates the requirements of this section shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than $300.00. Upon a second or subsequent violation, the lodging establishment shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than $500.00. A violation of this section shall be enforceable in the Judicial Bureau pursuant to the provisions of 4 V.S.A. chapter 29 in an action that may be brought by the Department of Health or the Agency of Natural Resources.

(e) Beginning on July 1, 2023, the requirements of this section preempt and supersede municipal bylaws regulating personal care products. A violation of this subsection is enforceable in the same manner as preemption under section 6699 of this title.

Sec. 2. 4 V.S.A. § 1102 is amended to read:

§ 1102. JUDICIAL BUREAU; JURISDICTION

(a) The Judicial Bureau is created within the Judicial Branch under the supervision of the Supreme Court.

(b) The Judicial Bureau shall have jurisdiction of the following matters:

* * *

(6) Violations of 24 V.S.A. § 2201, relating to littering, burning of solid waste, and illegal dumping.

* * *

(30) Violations of 10 V.S.A. § 6701, relating to the provision by lodging establishments of personal use products in small plastic bottles.

(c) The Judicial Bureau shall not have jurisdiction over municipal parking violations.

(d) Three hearing officers appointed by the Court Administrator shall determine waiver penalties to be imposed for violations within the Judicial Bureau’s jurisdiction, except municipalities shall adopt full and waiver penalties.
penalties for civil ordinance violations pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 1979. For purposes of municipal violations, the issuing law enforcement officer shall indicate the appropriate full and waiver penalty on the complaint.

*** Extended Producer Responsibility Report ***

Sec. 3. REPORT ON EXTENDED PRODUCER RESPONSIBILITY FOR PACKAGING AND PRINTED MATERIALS

(a) The Office of Legislative Council, after consultation with the Chair of the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy, the Chair of the House Committee on Natural Resources and Energy, the Solid Waste Division of the Department of Environmental Conservation, solid waste management entities, representatives of businesses, and other interested parties, shall draft legislation that would establish requirements under statute for an extended producer responsibility program in the State for packaging and printed material. The draft legislation shall consider inclusion of the following:

(1) A definition of packaging to include, at a minimum, material used to market, contain, wrap, protect, and deliver consumer goods, including food and beverages, personal care products, general consumer goods, and food service ware.

(2) A definition of printed material to include at a minimum newsprint and inserts, magazines and catalogues, direct mail, office paper, and telephone directories.

(3) A definition of a producer of a product that clearly identifies the manufacturer ultimately financially responsible for collection and recycling or disposal of packaging and printed material.

(4) Exemptions for small producers and for product packaging that is already covered under the Vermont beverage container redemption law and Vermont’s other extended producer responsibility statutes.

(5) A definition of covered entities that includes at a minimum all generators of printed material and packaging in the State.

(6) Provisions for the establishment of a nonprofit stewardship organization or organizations of producers of packaging and printed material and how to set, collect, and track fees for producers based on what they sell into the State and how the fees will be used to support the State’s recycling programs including payment of:

(A) 100 percent of the cost of collection, transport, and recycling of packaging and printed material that is readily recyclable and sold into the State;
(B) the costs of waste reduction and recycling education; and

(C) the cost of recycling infrastructure.

(7) A requirement that fees established by a stewardship organization encourage packaging design that reduces its environmental impact by assessing higher fees for packaging and printed material sold into the State that are more harmful to the environment and lower fees for those that cause less environmental harm. The environmental considerations that the Secretary may address include recyclability of a product, recycled content in a product, greenhouse gas emissions from production of a product, and the toxicity of a product.

(8) Provisions of a stewardship plan to be submitted by a stewardship organization describing how producers will provide for the collection, transportation, and recycling of packaging and printed material using existing infrastructure.

(9) Requirements for a stewardship organization to submit data obtained from producers to the State including data regarding the amount of packaging and printed material sold into the State, recovery rates of recyclables, fees collected, and the entire cost of the program so that:

(A) there is transparency and accountability in assessing the success of the program;

(B) there is consistency with internationally accepted standards; and

(C) there is sufficient information to evaluate the effectiveness of the program.

(10) Performance goals to be set at or above existing recycling recovery rates, with penalties if the goals are not met.

(11) Convenience provisions that at a minimum meet the convenience requirements of 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 148.

(12) A recommended goal for the percentage reduction in the amount of waste generated State-wide from single-use products. The recommendation shall be based on review of similar percentage reduction goals in other states, such as the California goal of reducing the amount of waste generated from single-use products by 75 percent by 2030.

(13) A recommended goal for the percentage of post-consumer recycled content in packaging, including recommendations for the reduction of plastic packaging. The recommendation shall be based on similar percentage goals for post-consumer content in other states, such as the Washington state goal of reducing plastic packaging 20 percent by 2025.

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(14) Roles and responsibilities of the Agency of Natural Resources.

(15) A method by which producers can protect themselves against producers that fail to register with a program. These methods may include a private right of action, requirements that online retailers of packaging be responsible for paying into a fund in support of the program if the products they sell are from producers who are not part of the stewardship program, or other methods to ensure fairness and full compliance.

(16) A recommended method for coordinating among other northeastern states an extended producer responsibility program or other provisions for the management and disposition of packaging and printed material.

(b) The draft legislation required under subsection (a) of this section shall not include proposed changes to the beverage container redemption law under 10 V.S.A. chapter 53.

(c) On or before January 15, 2021, the Office of Legislative Council shall submit the draft legislation required by this section to the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy and the House Committee on Natural Resources, Fish, and Wildlife.

** ** Beverage Container Redemption ** **

Sec. 4. 10 V.S.A. § 1522 is amended to read:

§ 1522. BEVERAGE CONTAINERS; DEPOSIT

(a) Except with respect to beverage containers that contain liquor, a deposit of not less than five cents shall be paid by the consumer on each beverage container sold at the retail level and refunded to the consumer upon return of the empty beverage container. With respect to beverage containers of volume greater than 50 ml. that contain liquor, a deposit of 15 cents shall be paid by the consumer on each beverage container sold at the retail level and refunded to the consumer upon return of the empty beverage container. The difference between liquor bottle deposits collected and refunds made is hereby retained by the Liquor Control Enterprise Fund for administration of this subsection.

(b) A retailer or a person operating a redemption center who redeems beverage containers shall be reimbursed by the manufacturer or distributor of such the beverage containers in an amount that is three and one-half cents per container for containers of beverage brands that are part of a commingling program and four five cents per container for containers of beverage brands that are not part of a commingling program.

** **
Sec. 5. Subsection 10-109(b) of the Agency of Natural Resources’ Environmental Protection Regulations for the Deposit for Beverage Containers is amended to read:

(b) Any commingling agreement shall contain, at a minimum, the following criteria:

(1) The agreement shall include pick up of commingled beverage containers from:

(A) at least 30 percent of the beverage containers redeemed in the state of Vermont; or
(B) as otherwise approved by the Secretary.

Sec. 6. 10 V.S.A. § 7581(10) is amended to read:

(10) “Primary battery” means a nonrechargeable battery weighing two kilograms or less, including alkaline, carbon-zinc, and lithium metal batteries. “Primary battery” shall not mean:

(A) a battery intended for industrial, business to business, warranty or maintenance services, or nonpersonal use;
(B) a battery that is sold in a computer, computer monitor, computer peripheral, printer, television, or device containing a cathode ray tube;
(C) a battery that is not easily removable or is not intended to be removed from a consumer product; and
(D) a battery that is sold or used in a medical device, as that term is defined in the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. § 321(h), as may be amended, provided that the medical device is not designed and marketed for sale or resale principally to consumers for personal use.

Sec. 7. 10 V.S.A. § 7584 is amended to read:

§ 7584. PRIMARY BATTERY STEWARDSHIP PLAN

(a) Primary battery stewardship plan required. On or before June 1, 2015, each producer selling, offering for sale, distributing, or offering for promotional purposes a primary battery in the State shall individually or as part of a primary battery stewardship organization submit a primary battery stewardship plan to the Secretary for review.

(b) Primary battery stewardship plan; minimum requirements. Each primary battery stewardship plan shall include, at a minimum, all of the following elements:

* * *
(6) Education and outreach.

(A) A primary battery stewardship plan shall include an education and outreach program. The education and outreach program may include mass media advertising in radio or television broadcasts or newspaper publications of general circulation in the State, retail displays, articles in trade and other journals and publications, and other public educational efforts. The education and outreach program shall describe the outreach procedures that will be used to provide notice of the program to businesses, municipalities, certified solid waste management facilities, retailers, wholesalers, and haulers. At a minimum, the education and outreach program shall notify the public of the following:

(A)(i) that there is a free collection program for all primary batteries; and

(B)(ii) the location of collection points and how to access the collection program.

(B) In the event that a producer or primary battery stewardship organization does not meet the annual collection rate performance goal established under subdivision (8) of this subsection, the Secretary may require the producer or battery stewardship organization to conduct more outreach, provide additional educational materials, or improve collection accessibility.

* * *

(8) Performance goal; collection rate. A primary battery stewardship plan shall include a collection rate performance goal for the primary batteries subject to the plan. The collection rate includes the estimated total weight of primary batteries that will be sold or offered for sale in the State by the producer or the producers participating in the primary battery stewardship plan.

* * *

Sec. 8. 10 V.S.A. § 6621a(a) is amended to read:

(a) In accordance with the following schedule, no person shall knowingly dispose of the following materials in solid waste or in landfills:

(1) Lead-acid batteries Batteries, after July 1, 1990 2020.”
Sec. 9. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

Reported favorably by Senator Campion for the Committee on Finance.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy and when so amended ought to pass.

(Committee vote: 6-1-0)

Amendment to the recommendation of amendment of the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy to S. 227 to be offered by Senators Bray, Campion, MacDonald, Parent and Rodgers

Senators Bray, Campion, MacDonald, Parent and Rodgers move to amend the recommendation of amendment of the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy by striking out Sec. 9 (Effective Date) and its reader assistance heading in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

** Universal Recycling Variance Authority **

Sec. 9. VARIANCE OF UNIVERSAL RECYCLING REQUIREMENTS; COVID-19

(a) A solid waste management facility or commercial hauler may apply to the Secretary of Natural Resources to issue a variance to one or more of the following requirements as a result of a declared state of emergency under 20 V.S.A. chapter 1 due to the COVID-19 coronavirus:

(1) the requirement for a solid waste management facility to collect mandated recyclables, leaf and yard residuals and wood waste, and food residuals separate from solid waste under 10 V.S.A. § 6605(j);

(2) the requirement for a commercial hauler to offer to collect mandated recyclables and food residuals separate from solid waste under 10 V.S.A. § 6607a(g)(1); and

(3) the prohibition under 10 V.S.A. § 6621a on the landfill disposal by a solid waste management facility of mandated recyclables, leaf and yard residuals and wood waste, or food residuals.

(b) The Secretary may grant a variance under this section upon a finding that:

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(1) the proposed variance will not endanger human health or safety;

(2) compliance with the requirement would produce serious hardship to the applicant without equal or greater benefits to the public; and

(3) the inability to comply with the requirement or the difficulty in complying with the requirement is attributable to the COVID-19 coronavirus, including personnel shortages during the declared state of emergency due to illness or contractors or laboratories not operating due to not being designated as critical during the declared state of emergency.

(c) The Secretary of Natural Resources shall include the following in any variance issued under this section:

(1) a requirement that the solid waste management facility or commercial hauler comply with the relevant requirement for which a variance is sought to the maximum extent feasible in light of hardship posed by the COVID-19 coronavirus; and

(2) if compliance with the relevant requirement is not possible, the authority of the Secretary of Natural Resources to impose conditions that require an applicant to return to compliance as soon as practicable or according to a schedule of compliance issued by the Secretary.

(d) Prior to issuing a variance under subsection (a), the Secretary of Natural Resources shall conduct public notice and comment according to the requirements of 10 V.S.A. § 7716 (Type 5). Decisions made by the Secretary of Natural Resources under this section shall be reviewable by the Environmental Division of the Superior Court under 10 V.S.A. chapter 220.

(e) A variance issued under subsection (a) of this section shall be issued for not more than 60 days and, upon request of the solid waste management facility or commercial hauler, may be renewed in the same manner as an original application for a variance under this section.

(f) If the Secretary of Natural Resources grants a variance under this section, the Secretary shall notify the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy and the House Committee on Natural Resources, Fish and Wildlife of the issued variance and shall include a copy of the variance with the notice.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 10. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Sec. 9 (universal recycling variance authority) shall take effect on passage.

(b) All other sections shall take effect on July 1, 2020.
Favorable with Proposal of Amendment
H. 936.

An act relating to sexual exploitation of children.

Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator Sears for the Committee on Judiciary.

The Committee recommends that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill as follows:

First: In Sec. 1, 13 V.S.A. chapter 64, in section 2821, by striking out subdivision (2) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(2) “Sexual conduct” means any of the following:

(A) any conduct involving contact between the penis and the vulva, the penis and the penis, the penis and the anus, the mouth and the penis, the mouth and the anus, the vulva and the vulva, or the mouth and the vulva;

(B) any intrusion, however slight, by any part of a person’s body or any object into the genital or anal opening of another with the intent of arousing, appealing to, or gratifying the lust, passions, or sexual desire of any person;

(C) any intentional touching, not through the clothing, of the genitals, anus, or breasts of another with the intent of arousing, appealing to, or gratifying the lust, passions, or sexual desire of any person;

(D) masturbation;

(E) bestiality; or

(F) sadomasochistic abuse for sexual purposes.

Second: In Sec. 1, 13 V.S.A. chapter 64, in section 2821, by adding a subdivision (6) to read as follows:

(6) “Peer-to-peer network” means a network in which two or more computers or devices share files without requiring a separate server computer or server software.

Third: By inserting a new Sec. 2 to read as follows:

Sec. 2. LEGISLATIVE PROPOSAL

The Attorney General, in collaboration with the Defender General and the Department of State’s Attorneys and Sheriffs, shall examine the issue of simulated sexual conduct by, with, or on a child under 16 years of age as it relates to child sexual abuse material for the purpose of developing a clear,
narrowly tailored legislative proposal that prohibits such conduct while ensuring that a substantial amount of constitutionally protected speech is not inadvertently swept into the purview of the statute. The Attorney General shall submit the recommendation not later than November 1, 2020 to the Joint Legislative Committee on Justice Oversight.

Fourth: By renumbering Sec. 2, effective date, to be Sec. 3, and by striking out “July 1, 2020” and inserting in lieu thereof passage

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)
(No House amendments.)

NEW BUSINESS

Second Reading

Favorable

H. 635.

An act relating to regulation of long-term care facilities.

Reported favorably by Senator McCormack for the Committee on Health and Welfare.

(Committee vote: 4-0-1)
(For House amendments, see House Journal of February 28, 2020, page 565-566.)

Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment

S. 219.

An act relating to requiring law enforcement to comply with race data reporting requirements in order to receive State grant funding.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Sears for the Committee on Appropriations.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 3 V.S.A. § 2222 is amended to read:

§ 2222. POWERS AND DUTIES; BUDGET AND REPORT

* * *

(k) The Secretary of Administration, or the Secretary’s designee, shall review all grants from an agency of the State to a local law enforcement agency or constable, and all such grants shall be subject to the approval of the
Secretary or Secretary’s designee. The Secretary or Secretary’s designee shall approve the grant only if the law enforcement agency or constable has complied with the race data reporting requirements set forth in 20 V.S.A. § 2366(e) within six months prior to the Secretary’s or designee’s review.

Sec. 2. SECRETARY OF ADMINISTRATION; NOTICE TO LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES

On or before July 1, 2020, the Secretary of Administration shall issue a notice to all Vermont law enforcement agencies and constables that the provisions of 33 V.S.A. § 2222(k) become effective on January 1, 2021, and that, beginning on that date, State grant funding for law enforcement shall be contingent on the agency or constable complying the requirements of 20 V.S.A. § 2366(e).

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) Sec. 1 of this act shall take effect on January 1, 2021.

(b) The remaining sections shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 7-0-0)

S. 224.

An act relating to evidence-based structured literacy instruction for students in kindergarten–grade 3 and students with dyslexia and to teacher preparation programs.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Ingram for the Committee on Education.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Postsecondary Educational Institutions; Closing * * *

Sec. 1. 16 V.S.A. § 175 is amended to read:

§ 175. POSTSECONDARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS; CLOSING

(a)(1) The Association of Vermont Independent Colleges (AVIC) shall maintain a memorandum of understanding with each covered college, which are its member colleges and each college that was a member of AVIC within the prior year, under which each covered college agrees to:

(A) upon the request of AVIC, properly administer the student academic records of a covered college that fails to comply with the requirements of this subsection; and
(B) contribute on an equitable basis and in a manner determined in the sole discretion of AVIC to the costs of another covered college or other entity selected by AVIC, maintaining the records of a covered college that fails to comply with the requirements of this subsection.

(2)(A) If an institution of higher education is placed on probation by its accrediting agency, the institution shall:

   (i) not later than five business days after learning that it has been placed on probation, inform the Secretary of Education of its status, and

   (ii) not later than 60 days after being placed on probation, submit an academic record plan for students to the Secretary for approval.

(B) The academic record plan shall include an agreement with an institution of higher education or other entity to act as a repository for the institution’s records, with funds set aside, if necessary, for the permanent maintenance of the academic records.

(C) If the Secretary does not approve the plan, the State may take action under subsections (d) and (e) of this section.

(3) When an institution of higher education, whether or not chartered in this State, proposes to discontinue the regular course of instruction, either permanently or for a temporary period other than a customary vacation period, the institution shall:

   (1)(A) promptly inform the State Board Secretary;

   (2)(B) prepare the academic record of each current and former student in a form satisfactory to the State Board Secretary and including interpretive information required by the Board Secretary; and

   (3)(C) deliver the records to a person designated by the State Board Secretary to act as permanent repository for the institution’s records, together with the reasonable cost of entering and maintaining the records.

   (b) Persons acting as a repository may microfilm records received under this section.

   (c) Students and former students of the discontinuing institution shall be entitled to verified copies of their academic records upon payment of a reasonable fee.

   (d) When an institution of higher education is unable or unwilling to comply substantially with the record preparation and delivery requirements of subsection (a) of this section, the State Board Secretary shall bring an action in
Superior Court to compel compliance with this section, and may in a proper case obtain temporary custody of the records.

(e) When an institution of higher education is unable or unwilling to comply with the requirements of subsection (a) of this section, the State Board Secretary may expend State funds necessary to ensure the proper storage and availability of the institution’s records. The Attorney General shall then seek recovery under this subsection, in the name of the State, of all of the State’s incurred costs and expenses, including attorney’s fees, arising from the failure to comply. Claims under this subsection shall be a lien on all the property of a defaulting institution, until all claims under this subsection are satisfied. The lien shall take effect from the date of filing notice thereof in the records of the town or towns where property of the defaulting institution is located.

(f) The State Board shall adopt rules under this section for its proper administration. The rules may include provisions for preparing and maintaining transferred records. Persons acting as a repository of records are bound only by maintenance provisions to which they agreed before receiving transferred records.

(g) The Association of Vermont Independent Colleges (AVIC) shall maintain a memorandum of understanding with each of its member colleges under which each member college agrees to:

(1) upon the request of AVIC, properly administer the student records of a member college that fails to comply with the requirements of subsection (a) of this section; and

(2) contribute on an equitable basis and in a manner determined in the sole discretion of AVIC to the costs of another AVIC member or other entity selected by AVIC maintaining the records of a member college that fails to comply with the requirements of subsection (a) of this section.

Sec. 2. TRANSITION

On or before August 1, 2020, the Association of Vermont Independent Colleges (AVIC) shall amend its memorandum of understanding with its member colleges under 16 V.S.A. § 175 to require that each member college that terminates its membership with AVIC continue to comply with the terms of the memorandum for a period of one year after the date of termination.
Sec. 3. 16 V.S.A. § 12 is amended to read:

§ 12. OATH

A superintendent, a principal or teacher in a public school of the State, a professor, instructor, or teacher who will be employed by a university or college in the State that is supported in whole or in part by public funds, or a headmaster or teacher who will be employed by an independent school or other educational institution accepted by the Agency as furnishing equivalent education, before entering upon the discharge of his or her duties, shall subscribe to an oath or affirmation to support the U.S. Constitution, the Vermont Constitution, and all State and federal laws; provided, however, that an oath shall not be required of any person who is a citizen of a foreign country. [Repealed.]

Sec. 4. 16 V.S.A. § 4015 is amended to read:

§ 4015. SMALL SCHOOL SUPPORT

(a) In As used in this section:

(2) “Enrollment” means the number of students who are enrolled in a school operated by the district on October 1. A student shall be counted as one whether the student is enrolled as a full-time or part-time student. Students enrolled in prekindergarten programs shall not be counted.

Sec. 5. 16 V.S.A. § 136 is amended to read:

§ 136. WELLNESS PROGRAM; ADVISORY COUNCIL ON WELLNESS AND COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH

(a) As used in this section:

(5) “Wellness program” means a program that includes comprehensive health education as defined in section 131 of this title, fitness, and nutrition.

(b) The Secretary, with the approval of the State Board, shall establish an Advisory Council on Wellness and Comprehensive Health that shall include at least three members with expertise in health services, health education, or
health policy associated with the health services field. The members shall serve without compensation but shall receive their actual expenses incurred in connection with their duties relating to wellness and comprehensive health programs. The Council shall assist the Agency to plan, coordinate, and encourage wellness and comprehensive health programs in the public schools and shall meet not less than twice a year.

(c) The Secretary shall collaborate with other agencies and councils working on childhood wellness to:

(1) Supervise the preparation of appropriate nutrition and fitness wellness program curricula for use in the public schools, promote programs for the preparation of teachers to teach these curricula, and assist in the development of wellness programs.

* * *

(5) Create a process for schools to share with the Department of Health any data collected about the height and weight of students in kindergarten through grade six. The Commissioner of Health may report any data compiled under this subdivision on a countywide basis. Any reporting of data must protect the privacy of individual students and the identity of participating schools.

* * *

Sec. 6. SCHOOL WELLNESS POLICY

On or before January 15, 2021, the Agency of Education, in collaboration with the Advisory Council on Wellness and Comprehensive Health created under 16 V.S.A. § 136, shall update and distribute to school districts a model wellness program policy, using the expanded definition of “wellness program” under 16 V.S.A. § 136, as amended by this act, that shall:

(1) be in compliance with all relevant State and federal laws; and

(2) reflect nationally accepted best practices for comprehensive health education and school wellness policies, such as guidance from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention’s Whole School, Whole Community, Whole Child Model.

* * * Electoral Functions; Unified Union School District * * *

Sec. 7. ELECTIONS; UNIFIED UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the election of a director to the board of a unified union school district who is to serve on the board after the expiration of the term for an initial director shall be held at the
unified union school district’s annual meeting unless otherwise provided in the district’s articles of agreement.

(b) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, if a vacancy occurs on the board of a unified union school district, and the vacancy is in a seat that is allocated to a specific town, the clerk of the unified union school district shall immediately notify the selectboard of the town. Within 30 days after the receipt of that notice, the unified union school district board, in consultation with the selectboard, shall appoint a person who is otherwise eligible to serve as a member of the unified union school district board to fill the vacancy until an election is held at an annual or special meeting, unless otherwise provided in accordance with the unified union school district’s articles of agreement.

(c) This section is repealed on July 1, 2021.

Sec. 8. ELECTORAL FUNCTIONS; UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT; MEMBER DISTRICT THAT IS ALSO A UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT

(a) If a union elementary or union high school district has a member district that is also a union school district, then the legislative body or appropriate officer of each city, town, or incorporated village within the member union school district shall perform electoral functions on behalf of the union elementary or union high school district, including accepting nominations, warning meetings, and conducting elections and the voting process on other matters, when those functions are ordinarily performed by and in member town districts on behalf of a union school district.

(b) This section is repealed on July 1, 2021.

* * * Menstrual Hygiene Products * * *

Sec. 9. 16 V.S.A. § 1432 is added to read:

§ 1432. MENSTRUAL HYGIENE PRODUCTS

(a) By enacting this statute, the General Assembly intends to ensure that a female student attending a public school or an approved independent school has access to menstrual hygiene products at no cost and without the embarrassment of having to request them.

(b) A school district and an approved independent school shall make menstrual hygiene products available at no cost in a majority of gender-neutral bathrooms and bathrooms designated for females that are generally used by females in any of grades five through 12 in each school within the district or under the jurisdiction of the board of the independent school. The school
district or independent school, in consultation with the school nurse who provides services to the school, shall determine which of the gender-neutral bathrooms and bathrooms designated for females to stock with menstrual hygiene products and which brands to use.

(c) School districts and approved independent schools shall bear the cost of supplying menstrual hygiene products and may seek grants or partner with a nonprofit or community-based organization to fulfill this obligation.

**Special Education; Technical Changes**

Sec. 10. 16 V.S.A. § 2961 is amended to read:

§ 2961. CENSUS GRANT

(a) As used in this section:

**3**

(3) “Long-term membership” of a supervisory union in any school year means the average of the supervisory union’s average daily membership over the most recent three school years for which data are available.

(4) “Uniform base amount” means an amount determined by:

(A) dividing an amount:

(i) equal to the average State appropriation for fiscal years 2018, 2019, and 2020 for special education under sections 2961 (standard mainstream block grants), 2963 (special education expenditures reimbursement), and 2963a (exceptional circumstances) of this title; and

(ii) increased by the annual change in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA) Implicit Price Deflator for State and Local Government Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment as reported by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; by

(B) the statewide average daily membership for prekindergarten through grade 12 for the 2019–2020 school year long-term membership.

**4**

(d)(1)(A) For fiscal year 2021, the amount of the census grant for a supervisory union shall be:

(i) the average amount it received for fiscal years 2017, 2018, and 2019 from the State for special education under sections 2961 (standard mainstream block grants), 2963 (special education expenditures reimbursement), and 2963a (exceptional circumstances) of this title; increased by
(ii) the annual change in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA) Implicit Price Deflator for State and Local Government Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment as reported by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

(B) The amount determined under subdivision (A) of this subdivision

(1) shall be divided by the supervisory union’s long-term membership, to determine the base amount of the census grant, which is the amount of the census grant calculated on a per student basis.

(2) For fiscal year 2025 2026 and subsequent fiscal years, the amount of the census grant for a supervisory union shall be the uniform base amount multiplied by the supervisory union’s long-term membership.

(3) For fiscal years 2022, 2023, and 2024 2023, 2024, and 2025, the amount of the census grant for a supervisory union shall be determined by multiplying the supervisory union’s long-term membership by a base amount established under this subdivision. The base amounts for each supervisory union for fiscal years 2022, 2023, and 2024 2023, 2024, and 2025 shall move gradually the supervisory union’s fiscal year 2024 2022 base amount to the fiscal year 2025 2026 uniform base amount by prorating the change between the supervisory union’s fiscal year 2024 2022 base amount and the fiscal year 2025 2026 uniform base amount over this three-fiscal-year period.

Sec. 11. 16 V.S.A. § 2967 is amended to read:

§ 2967. AID PROJECTION

(a) On or before December 15, the Secretary shall publish an estimate, by each supervisory union, of its anticipated State special education expenditures funding under this chapter for the ensuing school year.

(b) As used in this section, State special education expenditures funding shall include:

(1) costs funds eligible for grants and reimbursements under sections 2961 and 2962 of this title;

(2) costs funds for services for persons who are visually impaired;

(3) costs funds for persons who are deaf or hard of hearing;

(4) costs funds for the interdisciplinary team program;

(5) funds expended for training and programs to meet the needs of students with emotional or behavioral challenges under subsection 2969(c) of this title; and

(6) funds expended for training under subsection 2969(d) of this title.
Sec. 12. 16 V.S.A. § 2975 is amended to read:

§ 2975. UNUSUAL SPECIAL EDUCATION COSTS; FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

The Secretary may use up to two percent of the funds appropriated for allowable special education expenditures, as that term is defined in State Board of Education rules, to directly assist supervisory unions with special education expenditures of an unusual or unexpected nature funds for allowable special education expenditures, as defined in State Board of Education rules, to directly assist supervisory unions with special education expenditures of an unusual or unexpected nature. These funds shall be appropriated in the amount of two percent times the Census Grant as defined in section 2961 of this title. The Secretary’s decision regarding a supervisory union’s eligibility for and amount of assistance shall be final.

Sec. 13. 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 173, Sec. 17 is amended to read:

Sec. 17. TRANSITION

(a) Notwithstanding the requirement under 16 V.S.A. § 2964 for a supervisory union to submit a service plan to the Secretary of Education, a supervisory union shall not be required to submit a service plan for fiscal year 2021 2022.

(b) On or before November 1, 2019 2020, a supervisory union shall submit to the Secretary such information as required:

(1) by the Secretary to estimate the supervisory union’s projected fiscal year 2021 2022 extraordinary special education reimbursement under Sec. 5 of this act; and

(2) for IDEA reporting in a format specified by the Secretary.

(c) The Agency of Education shall assist supervisory unions as they transition to the census-based funding model in satisfying their maintenance of effort requirements under federal law.

Sec. 14. 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 173, Sec. 18 is amended to read:

Sec. 18. TRANSITION FOR ALLOWABLE SPECIAL EDUCATION COSTS

* * *

(b) This section is repealed on July 1, 2020 2021.
Sec. 15. GENDER BALANCE; UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT AND VERMONT STATE COLLEGES BOARDS

(a) The Board of Trustees of the University of Vermont (UVM) currently is composed of an overwhelming majority of men, with 20 men and five women. The Board of Trustees of the Vermont State Colleges (VSC) currently has gender balance on its Board.

(b) The State goal is to have the UVM Board achieve gender balance by 2025 and maintain it thereafter and the VSC Board maintain gender balance. Gender balance means, for the UVM Board, that the 25 member Board is composed of 12 or 13 members who identify as women and for the VSC Board, that the 15 member Board is composed of seven or eight members who identify as women. The UVM self-perpetuating Board members have an obligation to address the Board’s gender imbalance in their appointment of trustees.

(c) Given that the UVM and VSC Boards have four categories of trustees, which include those appointed by the Governor, those appointed by the General Assembly, and those appointed by the self-perpetuating trustees, as well as student trustees, it is also incumbent on the Legislative and Executive Branches to undertake efforts to further the State goal in achieving and maintaining gender balance on these Boards.

(d) On or before January 31, 2021 and annually thereafter, as part of their annual budget presentations to the General Assembly, UVM and VSC shall provide, at a minimum, the most recent five years of information on the gender composition of their respective Boards of Trustees. This information shall include the appointing entity, initial appointment date, and length of service and shall summarize recruitment and replacement strategies employed for recently expired and imminently expiring Trustee positions.

* * * Proficiency-based Education; Appropriation * * *

Sec. 16. PROFICIENCY BASED EDUCATION; APPROPRIATION

(a) To support school districts in the implementation of proficiency-based education, the Agency of Education provides funding for projects that focus on school and systems-based proficiency efforts that are designed to:

(1) develop consistent frameworks, particularly for grading and reporting but also for instructional practices and coordinated curricula; and

(2) ensure all students graduate career and college ready.
(b) The sum of $400,000.00 is appropriated to the Agency of Education from the Education Fund for fiscal year 2021 to support school districts that have faced challenges in the implementation of proficiency-based education, particularly with respect to grading and reporting.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 17. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on passage, except that Secs. 10–12 shall take effect on July 1, 2021, and school districts and approved independent schools shall comply with the requirements of Sec. 9 of this act for the 2021–2022 school year and thereafter.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to making miscellaneous changes to education laws.

(Committee vote: 6-0-0)

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator McCormack for the Committee on Appropriations.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Postsecondary Educational Institutions; Closing * * *

Sec. 1. 16 V.S.A. § 175 is amended to read:

§ 175. POSTSECONDARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS; CLOSING

(a)(1) The Association of Vermont Independent Colleges (AVIC) shall maintain a memorandum of understanding with each covered college, which are its member colleges and each college that was a member of AVIC within the prior year, under which each covered college agrees to:

(A) upon the request of AVIC, properly administer the student academic records of a covered college that fails to comply with the requirements of this subsection; and

(B) contribute on an equitable basis and in a manner determined in the sole discretion of AVIC to the costs of another covered college or other entity selected by AVIC, maintaining the records of a covered college that fails to comply with the requirements of this subsection.

(2)(A) If an institution of higher education is placed on probation by its accrediting agency, the institution shall:

(i) not later than five business days after learning that it has been placed on probation, inform the Secretary of Education of its status, and
(ii) not later than 60 days after being placed on probation, submit an academic record plan for students to the Secretary for approval.

(B) The academic record plan shall include an agreement with an institution of higher education or other entity to act as a repository for the institution’s records, with funds set aside, if necessary, for the permanent maintenance of the academic records.

(C) If the Secretary does not approve the plan, the State may take action under subsections (d) and (e) of this section.

(3) When an institution of higher education, whether or not chartered in this State, proposes to discontinue the regular course of instruction, either permanently or for a temporary period other than a customary vacation period, the institution shall:

(1)(A) promptly inform the State Board Secretary;

(2)(B) prepare the academic record of each current and former student in a form satisfactory to the State Board Secretary and including interpretive information required by the Board Secretary; and

(3)(C) deliver the records to a person designated by the State Board Secretary to act as permanent repository for the institution’s records, together with the reasonable cost of entering and maintaining the records.

(b) Persons acting as a repository may microfilm records received under this section.

(c) Students and former students of the discontinuing institution shall be entitled to verified copies of their academic records upon payment of a reasonable fee.

(d) When an institution of higher education is unable or unwilling to comply substantially with the record preparation and delivery requirements of subsection (a) of this section, the State Board Secretary shall bring an action in Superior Court to compel compliance with this section, and may in a proper case obtain temporary custody of the records.

(e) When an institution of higher education is unable or unwilling to comply with the requirements of subsection (a) of this section, the State Board Secretary may expend State funds necessary to ensure the proper storage and availability of the institution’s records. The Attorney General shall then seek recovery under this subsection, in the name of the State, of all of the State’s incurred costs and expenses, including attorney’s fees, arising from the failure to comply. Claims under this subsection shall be a lien on all the property of a defaulting institution, until all claims under this subsection are satisfied. The
lien shall take effect from the date of filing notice thereof in the records of the town or towns where property of the defaulting institution is located.

(f) The State Board shall adopt rules under this section for its proper administration. The rules may include provisions for preparing and maintaining transferred records. Persons acting as a repository of records are bound only by maintenance provisions to which they agreed before receiving transferred records.

(g) The Association of Vermont Independent Colleges (AVIC) shall maintain a memorandum of understanding with each of its member colleges under which each member college agrees to:

(1) upon the request of AVIC, properly administer the student records of a member college that fails to comply with the requirements of subsection (a) of this section; and

(2) contribute on an equitable basis and in a manner determined in the sole discretion of AVIC to the costs of another AVIC member or other entity selected by AVIC maintaining the records of a member college that fails to comply with the requirements of subsection (a) of this section.

Sec. 2. TRANSITION

On or before August 1, 2020, the Association of Vermont Independent Colleges (AVIC) shall amend its memorandum of understanding with its member colleges under 16 V.S.A. § 175 to require that each member college that terminates its membership with AVIC continue to comply with the terms of the memorandum for a period of one year after the date of termination.

*** Oath; Repeal ***

Sec. 3. 16 V.S.A. § 12 is amended to read:

§ 12. OATH

A superintendent, a principal or teacher in a public school of the State, a professor, instructor, or teacher who will be employed by a university or college in the State that is supported in whole or in part by public funds, or a headmaster or teacher who will be employed by an independent school or other educational institution accepted by the Agency as furnishing equivalent education, before entering upon the discharge of his or her duties, shall subscribe to an oath or affirmation to support the U.S. Constitution, the Vermont Constitution, and all State and federal laws; provided, however, that an oath shall not be required of any person who is a citizen of a foreign country. [Repealed.]
**Small School Support**

Sec. 4 16 V.S.A. § 4015 is amended to read:

§ 4015. SMALL SCHOOL SUPPORT

(a) In As used in this section:

**Electoral Functions; Union School Districts**

Sec. 5. ELECTORAL FUNCTIONS; UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT;
MEMBER DISTRICT THAT IS ALSO A UNION SCHOOL
DISTRICT

(a) If a union elementary or union high school district has a member
district that is also a union school district, then the legislative body or
appropriate officer of each city, town, or incorporated village within the
member union school district shall perform electoral functions on behalf of the
union elementary or union high school district, including accepting
nominations, warning meetings, and conducting elections and the voting
process on other matters, when those functions are ordinarily performed by
and in member town districts on behalf of a union school district.

(b) This section is repealed on July 1, 2021.

**Gender Balance; UVM and VSC Boards**

Sec. 6. GENDER BALANCE; UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT AND
VERMONT STATE COLLEGES BOARDS

(a) The Board of Trustees of the University of Vermont (UVM) currently is
composed of an overwhelming majority of men, with 20 men and five women.
The Board of Trustees of the Vermont State Colleges (VSC) currently has
gender balance on its Board.

(b) The State goal is to have the UVM Board achieve gender balance by
2025 and maintain it thereafter and the VSC Board maintain gender balance.
Gender balance means, for the UVM Board, that the 25 member Board is
composed of 12 or 13 members who identify as women and for the VSC
Board, that the 15 member Board is composed of seven or eight members who
identify as women. The UVM self-perpetuating Board members have an obligation to address the Board’s gender imbalance in their election of trustees.

(c) Given that the UVM and VSC Boards have four categories of trustees, which include those appointed by the Governor, those elected by the General Assembly, and those elected by the self-perpetuating trustees, as well as student trustees, it is also incumbent on the Legislative and Executive Branches to undertake efforts to further the State goal in achieving and maintaining gender balance on these Boards.

(d) On or before January 31, 2021 and annually thereafter, as part of their annual budget presentations to the General Assembly, UVM and VSC shall provide, at a minimum, the most recent five years of information on the gender composition of their respective Boards of Trustees. This information shall include the appointing entity, initial appointment date, and length of service and shall summarize recruitment and replacement strategies employed for recently expired and imminently expiring Trustee positions.

*** Effective Date ***

Sec. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to making miscellaneous changes to education laws.

(Committee vote: 7-0-0)

Amendment to the recommendation of amendment of the Committee on Appropriations to S. 224 to be offered by Senator Sears

Senator Sears moves to amend the recommendation of amendment of the Committee on Appropriations by striking out Sec. 6 in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 6. 16 V.S.A. App. chapter 1, § 1-2 is amended to read:

§ 1-2. BOARD OF TRUSTEES; MEMBERSHIP, TERMS OF SERVICE; PRESIDING CHAIR

The Board of Trustees of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College shall be composed of 25 members, whose term of office shall be six years, except as to those who are members ex officio and to those who are student members. Three members shall be appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Senate. During the legislative session of 1955, the Governor shall appoint one member for a term of two years, one member for a term of four years, and one member for a term of six years and it shall be the duty of
the Governor during the session of the Legislature prior to expiration of the
term of office of any of the members to appoint for the term of six years a
successor to the member whose term is expiring. The terms of office of the
Trustees shall expire on the last day of February in the respective years of
expiration, and the terms of office of their successors shall thereafter begin on
March 1 and expire on the last day of February.

Nine members shall be those who have been heretofore elected by the
Legislature as members of the Board of Trustees of the University of Vermont
and State Agricultural College, and whose terms have not expired, and their
successors, and it shall be the duty of the Legislature at its session during
which the terms of office of any class of the members expire to elect three
successor members for terms of six years. The terms shall commence on
March 1 in the year of election. The nine Trustees and their successors shall
also constitute the Board of Trustees of the Vermont Agricultural College.

No member of the Vermont General Assembly shall serve as a member of
the Board of Trustees of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural
College. If a sitting member of the Board is elected and chooses to serve in
the Vermont General Assembly, he or she shall resign his or her Board
membership prior to taking the oath of office to serve in the General
Assembly.

* * *

Sec. 7. 2 V.S.A. § 10 is amended to read:

§ 10. ELECTION OF STATE AND JUDICIAL OFFICERS

(a) At 10 o’clock and 30 minutes, forenoon, on the seventh Thursday after
their biennial meeting and organization, the Senate and House of
Representatives shall meet in joint assembly and proceed therein to elect the
State officers, except judicial officers, whose election by the Constitution and
laws devolves in the first instance upon them in joint assembly, including the
Sergeant at Arms, and the Adjutant and Inspector General, and legislative
trustees of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College. In case
election of all such officers shall not be made on that day, they shall meet in
joint assembly at 10 o’clock and 30 minutes, forenoon, on each succeeding
day, Saturdays and Sundays excepted, and proceed in such election, until all
such officers are elected.

* * *
Sec. 8. TRANSITION

The term of any current legislative member of the Board of Trustees of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College shall expire on July 1, 2020.

Sec. 9. GENDER BALANCE; UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT AND VERMONT STATE COLLEGES BOARDS

(a) The Board of Trustees of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College (UVM) currently is composed of an overwhelming majority of men, with 20 men and five women. The Board of Trustees of the Vermont State Colleges (VSC) currently has gender balance on its Board.

(b) The State goal is to have the UVM Board achieve gender balance by 2025 and maintain it thereafter and the VSC Board maintain gender balance. The number of Trustees on the UVM Board shall be reduced on July 1, 2020 from 25 to 16 under this act. Gender balance means, for the UVM Board, that the 16-member Board is composed of eight members who identify as women and for the VSC Board, that the 15-member Board is composed of seven or eight members who identify as women. The UVM self-perpetuating Board members have an obligation to address the Board’s gender imbalance in their election of trustees.

(c) Given that the UVM Board includes those appointed by the Governor and the VSC Board includes those appointed by the Governor and the General Assembly, it is also incumbent on the Executive and Legislative Branches to undertake efforts to further the State goal in achieving and maintaining gender balance on these Boards.

(d) On or before January 31, 2021 and annually thereafter, as part of their annual budget presentations to the General Assembly, UVM and VSC shall provide, at a minimum, the most recent five years of information on the gender composition of their respective Boards of Trustees. This information shall include the appointing entity, initial appointment date, and length of service and shall summarize recruitment and replacement strategies employed for recently expired and imminently expiring Trustee positions.

And the remaining section be renumbered to be numerically correct.
NOTICE CALENDAR
Second Reading
Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment
S. 124.
An act relating to miscellaneous law enforcement amendments.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator White for the Committee on Government Operations.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council * * *

Sec. 1. 20 V.S.A. § 2351 is amended to read:
§ 2351. CREATION AND PURPOSE OF COUNCIL

* * *

(b) The Council is created to encourage and assist municipalities, counties, and governmental agencies of this State in their efforts to improve the quality of law enforcement and citizen protection by maintaining a uniform standard of recruitment, recruit and in-service training for law enforcement officers.

* * *

Sec. 2. 20 V.S.A. § 2352 is amended to read:
§ 2352. COUNCIL MEMBERSHIP

(a)(1) The Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council shall consist of:

(A) the Commissioners of Public Safety, of Corrections, of Motor Vehicles, and of Fish and Wildlife, and of Mental Health;

(B) the Attorney General;

(C) the Executive Director of the Department of State’s Attorneys and Sheriffs;

(D) a member of the Vermont Troopers’ Association or its successor entity, elected by its membership;

(E) a member of the Vermont Police Association, elected by its membership; and

(F) five additional members appointed by the Governor.

(i) The Governor’s appointees shall provide broad representation of all aspects of law enforcement and the public in Vermont on the Council.

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(ii) The Governor shall solicit recommendations for appointment from the Vermont State’s Attorneys Association, the Vermont State’s Sheriffs Association, the Vermont Police Chiefs Association, and the Vermont Constables Association a member of the Chiefs of Police Association of Vermont, appointed by the President of the Association;

(G) a member of the Vermont Sheriffs’ Association, appointed by the President of the Association;

(H) a law enforcement officer appointed by the President of the Vermont State Employees Association;

(I) an employee of the Vermont League of Cities and Towns, appointed by the Executive Director of the League;

(J) an employee of the Vermont Center for Crime Victim Services, appointed by the Executive Director of the Center; and

(K) three public members who shall not be law enforcement officers or have a spouse, parent, child, or sibling who is a law enforcement officer, current legislators, or otherwise be employed in the criminal justice system, one of whom shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House, one of whom shall be appointed by the Senate Committee on Committees, and one of whom shall be appointed by the Governor.

(2) A member’s term shall be three years.

* * *

(c) The public members of the Council set forth in subdivision (a)(1)(K) of this section shall be entitled to receive no per diem compensation for their services, but the other members of the Council shall not be entitled to such compensation; provided, however, that all members of the Council shall be allowed their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. Per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses under this subsection shall be made as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 from monies appropriated to the Council.

* * *

Sec. 3. TRANSITIONAL PROVISION TO ADDRESS NEW COUNCIL MEMBERSHIP

Any existing member of the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council who will serve on the Council under its new membership as set forth in Sec. 2 of this act may serve the remainder of his or her term in effect immediately prior to the effective date of Sec. 2.
Sec. 4. 20 V.S.A. § 2355 is amended to read:

§ 2355. COUNCIL POWERS AND DUTIES
(a) The Council shall adopt rules with respect to:
(1) the approval, or revocation thereof, of law enforcement officer training schools and off-site training programs, which shall include rules to identify and implement alternate routes to certification aside from the training provided at the Vermont Police Academy;

(b)(1) The Council shall conduct and administer training schools and offer courses of instruction for law enforcement officers and other criminal justice personnel. The Council shall offer courses of instruction for law enforcement officers in different areas of the State and shall strive to offer nonovernight courses whenever possible.
(2) The Council may also offer the basic officer’s course for pre-service preservice students and educational outreach courses for the public, including firearms safety and use of force.

Sec. 5. 20 V.S.A. § 2358 is amended to read:

§ 2358. MINIMUM TRAINING STANDARDS; DEFINITIONS

(b) The Council shall offer or approve basic training and annual in-service training for each of the following three levels of law enforcement officer certification in accordance with the scope of practice for each level, and shall determine by rule the scope of practice for each level in accordance with the provisions of this section:
(1) Level I certification.
(2) Level II certification.
(3) Level III certification.

(c)(1) All programs required by this section shall be approved by the Council.
(2) The Council shall structure its programs so that on and after July 1, 2021, a Level II certified officer may use portfolio experiential learning or College Level Examination Program (CLEP) testing in order to transition to Level III certification, without such an officer needing to restart the certification process.

(3) Completion of a program shall be established by a certificate to that effect signed by the Executive Director of the Council.

* * *

Sec. 6. COUNCIL; REPORT ON CHANGES IN TRAINING OPTIONS; RULE ADOPTION DEADLINE

(a) Report. On or before January 15, 2021, the Executive Director of the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council shall report to the Senate and House Committees on Government Operations regarding the Council’s:

(1) plan to replace some of its overnight law enforcement training requirements at the Robert H. Wood, Jr. Criminal Justice and Fire Service Training Center of Vermont (the Police Academy) with nonovernight training in other areas of the State, in accordance with 20 V.S.A. § 2355(b)(1) in Sec. 4 of this act; and

(2) changes in the structure of its programs to enable a law enforcement officer to transition from Level II to Level III certification as required by 20 V.S.A. § 2358(c)(2) in Sec. 5 of this act.

(b) Rules. On or before July 1, 2023, the Council shall finally adopt the rules regarding alternate routes to certification required by 20 V.S.A. § 2355(a)(1) in Sec. 4 of this act, unless that deadline is extended by the Legislative Committee on Administrative Rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 843(c).

Sec. 7. 20 V.S.A. § 2361 is amended to read:

§ 2361. ADDITIONAL TRAINING

(a) Nothing in this chapter prohibits any State law enforcement agency, department, or office or any municipality or county of the State from providing additional training beyond basic training to its personnel where no certification is requested of or required by the Council or its Executive Director.

(b) The head of a State agency, department, or office, a municipality’s chief of police, or a sheriff executive officer of a law enforcement agency may seek certification from the Council for any in-service training he or she, or his or her designee may provide to his or her employees law enforcement officers of his or her agency or of another agency, or both.
Sec. 8. 20 V.S.A. § 2362a is amended to read:

§ 2362a. POTENTIAL HIRING AGENCY; DUTY TO CONTACT CURRENT OR FORMER AGENCY

(a)(1) Prior to hiring a law enforcement officer who is no longer employed at his or her last law enforcement agency, the executive officer of a potential hiring law enforcement agency shall:

(A) require that officer to execute a written waiver that explicitly authorizes the officer’s:

(i) current law enforcement agency employer to disclose its analysis of the officer’s performance at that agency, if the officer is still employed at that agency; or

(ii) last law enforcement agency employer to disclose the reason that officer is no longer employed by that agency, if the officer is not currently employed at an agency; and

(B) contact that former agency to determine that reason obtain that disclosure and provide to that agency a copy of that written waiver.

(2) An officer who refuses to execute the written waiver shall not be hired by the potential hiring agency.

(b)(1)(A) If that current or former agency is a law enforcement agency in this State, the executive officer of that current or former agency or designee shall disclose to the potential hiring agency in writing its analysis of the officer’s performance at that agency or the reason the officer is no longer employed by the former agency, as applicable.

(B) The executive officer or designee shall send a copy of the disclosure to the officer at the same time he or she sends it to the potential hiring agency.

(2) Such a current or former agency shall be immune from liability for its disclosure described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, unless such disclosure would constitute intentional misrepresentation or gross negligence.

* * *
Sec. 9. LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY; DUTY TO DISCLOSE

The requirement of a current law enforcement agency to disclose its analysis of its law enforcement officer’s performance at the agency as set forth in 20 V.S.A. § 2362a in Sec. 8 of this act shall not apply if there is a binding nondisclosure agreement prohibiting that disclosure that was executed prior to the effective date of that section.

Sec. 10. 20 V.S.A. chapter 151 (Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council), subchapter 2 is amended to read:

Subchapter 2. Unprofessional Conduct

§ 2401. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

(1) “Category A conduct” means:

(A) a felony.

(B) A misdemeanor that is committed while on duty and did not involve the legitimate performance of duty.

(C) Any of the following misdemeanors, if committed off duty:

(i) simple assault, second offense;
(ii) domestic assault;
(iii) false reports and statements;
(iv) driving under the influence, second offense;
(v) violation of a relief from abuse order or of a condition of release;
(vi) stalking;
(vii) false pretenses;
(viii) voyeurism;
(ix) prostitution or soliciting prostitution;
(x) distribution of a regulated substance;
(xi) simple assault on a law enforcement officer; or
(xii) possession of a regulated substance, second offense.

(2) “Category B conduct” means gross professional misconduct amounting to actions on duty or under color of authority, or both, that involve willful failure to comply with a State-required policy or substantial deviation
from professional conduct as defined by the law enforcement agency’s policy or if not defined by the agency’s policy, then as defined by Council policy, such as and shall include:

(A) sexual harassment involving physical contact or misuse of position;
(B) misuse of official position for personal or economic gain;
(C) excessive use of force under color of authority, second first offense;
(D) biased enforcement; or
(E) use of electronic criminal records database for personal, political, or economic gain.

* * *
§ 2403. LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES; DUTY TO REPORT
(a)(1) The executive officer of a law enforcement agency or the chair of the agency’s civilian review board shall report to the Council within 10 business days if any of the following occur in regard to a law enforcement officer of the agency:

(A) Category (A).

(i) There is a finding of probable cause by a court that the officer committed Category A conduct.

(ii) There is any decision or findings of fact or verdict regarding allegations that the officer committed Category A conduct, including a judicial decision and any appeal therefrom.

(B) Category B.

(i) The agency receives a credible complaint against the officer that, if deemed credible by the executive officer of the agency as a result of a valid investigation, alleges that the officer committed Category B conduct.

(ii) The agency receives or issues any of the following:

(I) a report or findings of a valid investigation finding that the officer committed Category B conduct; or

(II) any decision or findings, including findings of fact or verdict, regarding allegations that the officer committed Category B conduct, including a hearing officer decision, arbitration, administrative decision, or judicial decision, and any appeal therefrom.
(C) Termination. The agency terminates the officer for Category A or Category B conduct.

(D) Resignation. The officer resigns from the agency while under investigation for unprofessional conduct.

(2) As part of his or her report, the executive officer of the agency or the chair of the civilian review board shall provide to the Council a copy of any relevant documents associated with the report, including any findings, decision, and the agency’s investigative report.

(b) The Executive Director of the Council shall report to the Attorney General and the State’s Attorney of jurisdiction any allegations that an officer committed Category A conduct.

***

*** Vermont Crime Information Center ***

Sec. 11. 20 V.S.A. § 2053 is amended to read:

§ 2053. COOPERATION WITH OTHER AGENCIES

(a) The center shall cooperate with other state departments and agencies, municipal police departments, sheriffs and other law enforcement officers in this state and with federal and international law enforcement agencies to develop and carry on a uniform and complete state, interstate, national, and international system of records of criminal activities commission of crimes and information.

(b)(1) All state departments and agencies, municipal police departments, sheriffs and other law enforcement officers shall cooperate with and assist the center in the establishment of a complete and uniform system of records relating to the commission of crimes, arrests, convictions, imprisonment, probation, parole, fingerprints, photographs, stolen property, and other matters relating to the identification and records of persons who have or who are alleged to have committed a crime, or who are missing persons, or who are fugitives from justice.

(2) In order to meet the requirements of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the Center shall establish and provide training on a uniform list of definitions to be used in entering data into a law enforcement agency’s system of records, and every law enforcement officer shall use those definitions when entering data into his or her agency’s system.
Sec. 12. LEAB; REPEAL FOR RECODIFICATION

24 V.S.A. § 1939 (Law Enforcement Advisory Board) is repealed.

Sec. 13. 20 V.S.A. § 1818 is added to read:

§ 1818. LAW ENFORCEMENT ADVISORY BOARD

(a) The Law Enforcement Advisory Board is created within the Department of Public Safety to advise the Commissioner of Public Safety, the Governor, and the General Assembly on issues involving the cooperation and coordination of all agencies that exercise law enforcement responsibilities. The Board shall review any matter that affects more than one law enforcement agency. The Board shall comprise the following members:

(1) the Commissioner of Public Safety;

(2) the Director of the Vermont State Police;

(3) the Director of the Enforcement Division of the Department of Fish and Wildlife;

(4) the Director of the Enforcement and Safety Division of the Department of Motor Vehicles;

(5) the Chief of the Capitol Police Department;

(6) the Director of the Vermont Criminal Justice Services Division;

(7) a member of the Chiefs of Police Association of Vermont, appointed by the President of the Association;

(8) a member of the Vermont Sheriffs’ Association, appointed by the President of the Association;

(9) a representative of the Vermont League of Cities and Towns, appointed by the Executive Director of the League;

(10) a member of the Vermont Police Association, appointed by the President of the Association;

(11) the Attorney General or designee;

(12) a State’s Attorney appointed by the Executive Director of the Department of State’s Attorneys and Sheriffs;

(13) the U.S. Attorney or designee;

(14) the Executive Director of the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council;
(15) the Defender General or designee;

(16) one representative of the Vermont Troopers’ Association or its successor entity, elected by its membership;

(17) a member of the Vermont Constables Association, appointed by the President of the Association; and

(18) a law enforcement officer, appointed by the President of the Vermont State Employees Association.

(b) The Board shall elect a chair and a vice chair, which positions shall rotate among the various member representatives. Each member shall serve a term of two years. The Board shall meet at the call of the Chair. A quorum shall consist of 10 members, and decisions of the Board shall require the approval of a majority of those members present and voting.

(c) The Board shall undertake an ongoing formal review process of law enforcement policies and practices with a goal of developing a comprehensive approach to providing the best services to Vermonters, given monies available. The Board shall also provide educational resources to Vermonters about public safety challenges in the State.

(d)(1) The Board shall meet not fewer than six times a year to develop policies and recommendations for law enforcement priority needs, including retirement benefits, recruitment of officers, training, homeland security issues, dispatching, and comprehensive drug enforcement.

(2) The Board shall present its findings and recommendations in brief summary form to the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary and on Government Operations annually on or before January 15.

Sec. 14. LEAB; RECODIFICATION DIRECTIVE

(a) 24 V.S.A. § 1939 is recodified as 20 V.S.A. § 1818. During statutory revision, the Office of Legislative Council shall revise accordingly any references to 24 V.S.A. § 1939 in the Vermont Statutes Annotated.

(b) Any references in session law and adopted rules to 24 V.S.A. § 1939 as previously codified shall be deemed to refer to 20 V.S.A. § 1818.

Sec. 15. LEAB; 2021 REPORT ON MUNICIPAL ACCESS TO LAW ENFORCEMENT SERVICES

As part of its annual report in the year 2021, the Law Enforcement Advisory Board shall specifically recommend ways that towns can increase access to law enforcement services.
Sec. 16. 20 V.S.A. chapter 113 (Commissioner and Members), subchapter 1 is amended to read:


§ 1871. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY, COMMISSIONER

(a) The Department of Public Safety, created by 3 V.S.A. § 212, shall include a Commissioner of Public Safety.

(b) The head of the Department shall be a Commissioner of Public Safety, who shall be a citizen of the United States and shall be selected on the basis of training, experience and qualifications. The Commissioner shall be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, for a term of six years.

(i) The Commissioner of Public Safety may enter into contractual arrangements to perform dispatching functions for State, municipal, or other emergency services, establishing charges sufficient to recover the costs of dispatching. Dispatch positions which are fully funded under such contracts may be authorized under the provisions of 32 V.S.A. § 5(b). The Commissioner shall adopt rules that set forth the rates for dispatch functions performed under this subsection.

(j) Charges collected under subsections (e), (f), and (i) of this section shall be credited to the Vermont Law Telecommunications Special Fund and shall be available to the Department to offset the costs of providing the services.

§ 1873. REMOVAL OF COMMISSIONER

During his or her term of office, the governor may remove the commissioner upon charges preferred in writing and after hearing, which shall be a public hearing if the commissioner requests the same, upon the following grounds:

(1) Incompetency amounting to failure to perform his or her official duties competently;

(2) Misconduct in office which shall be construed to include:
(a) failure to be of good behavior;
(b) participation, directly or indirectly, in a political campaign, rally, caucus or other political gathering, other than to vote. [Repealed.]

§ 1875. RADIO COMMUNICATION SYSTEM

(a) The commissioner Commissioner shall establish a communication system as will best enable the department Department to carry out the purposes of this chapter. This shall include a radio set furnished, on written request, to the sheriff and state’s attorney State’s Attorney of each county on a memorandum receipt.

(b)(1) The commissioner Commissioner may charge to all users of telecommunications services managed, maintained, or operated by the department Department for the benefit of the users a proportionate share of the actual cost of providing the services and products inclusive of administrative costs.

(2) Such charges shall be based on a pro rata allocation of the actual costs of services or products, determined in an equitable manner, which shall be representative of services provided to or system usage by individual units of government, including state State, local, and federal agencies or private nonprofit entities.

(3) Such charges shall be credited to the Vermont communication system special fund Law Telecommunications Special Fund and shall be available to the department Department to offset the costs of providing the services.

Sec. 17. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY; DISPATCH RULES; ADOPTION AND APPLICATION

The Department of Public Safety shall finally adopt the rules regarding dispatch rates required by 20 V.S.A. § 1871(i) set forth in Sec. 16 of this act on or before July 1, 2021, unless that deadline is extended by the Legislative Committee on Administrative Rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 843(c). These rules shall provide a minimum of three years following final adoption before the dispatch rates set forth in the rules are imposed.
**Emergency Medical Services**

Sec. 18. 24 V.S.A. chapter 71 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 71. AMBULANCE SERVICES
Subchapter 1. Emergency Medical Services Districts

§ 2651. DEFINITIONS
As used in this chapter:

* * *

(14) “State Board” means the State Board of Health. [Repealed.]

* * *

§ 2652. CREATION OF DISTRICTS

The State Board Department of Health may divide the State into emergency medical services districts, the number, size, and boundaries of which shall be determined by the Board Department in the interest of affording adequate and efficient emergency medical services throughout the State.

* * *

§ 2654. RECORDING DETERMINATION OF DISTRICTS

The State Board Department of Health shall cause to be recorded in the office of the Secretary of State a certificate containing its determination of emergency medical services districts.

* * *

§ 2656. DUTIES AND POWERS OF OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

(a) The board of directors shall have full power to manage, control, and supervise the conduct of the district and to exercise in the name of the district all powers and functions belonging to the district, subject to such laws or regulations rules as may be applicable.

* * *

§ 2657. PURPOSES AND POWERS OF EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES DISTRICTS

(a) It shall be the function of each emergency medical services district to foster and coordinate emergency medical services within the district, in the interest of affording adequate ambulance services within the district. Each emergency medical services district shall have powers that include the power to:

* * *

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(6) monitor the provision of emergency medical services within the district and make recommendations to the State Board Department of Health regarding licensure, relicensure, and removal or suspension of licensure for ambulance vehicles, ambulance services, and first responder services;

* * *

(b) Two or more contiguous emergency medical services districts by a majority vote of the district board in each of the districts concerned may change the mutual boundaries of their emergency medical services districts. The district boards shall report all changes in district boundaries to the State Board Department of Health.

* * *

Subchapter 2. Licensing Operation of Affiliated Agencies

§ 2681. LICENSE REQUIRED; AMBULANCE LICENSE REQUIREMENT

(a) A person furnishing ambulance services or first responder services shall obtain a license to furnish services under this subchapter.

(b)(1) In order to obtain and maintain a license, an ambulance service shall be required to provide its services in a manner that does not discriminate on the basis of income, funding source, or severity of health needs, in order to ensure access to ambulance services within the licensee’s service area.

(2) The Department of Health shall adopt rules in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection.

§ 2682. POWERS OF STATE BOARD THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

(a) The State Board Department of Health shall administer this subchapter and shall have power to:

* * *

§ 2683. TERM OF LICENSE

Full licenses shall be issued on forms to be prescribed by the State Board Department of Health for a period of three years beginning on January 1, or for the balance of any such three-year period. Temporary, conditional, or provisional licenses may also be issued by the Board Department.

* * *

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Sec. 19. 18 V.S.A. § 9405 is amended to read:

§ 9405. STATE HEALTH IMPROVEMENT PLAN; HEALTH RESOURCE ALLOCATION PLAN

* * *

(b) The Green Mountain Care Board, in consultation with the Secretary of Human Services or designee, shall publish on its website the Health Resource Allocation Plan identifying Vermont’s critical health needs, goods, services, and resources, which shall be used to inform the Board’s regulatory processes, cost containment and statewide quality of care efforts, health care payment and delivery system reform initiatives, and any allocation of health resources within the State. The Plan shall identify Vermont residents’ needs for health care services, programs, and facilities; the resources available and the additional resources that would be required to realistically meet those needs and to make access to those services, programs, and facilities affordable for consumers; and the priorities for addressing those needs on a statewide basis. The Board may expand the Plan to include resources, needs, and priorities related to the social determinants of health. The Plan shall be revised periodically, but not less frequently than once every four years.

1. In developing the Plan, the Board shall:
   (A) consider the principles in section 9371 of this title, as well as the purposes enumerated in sections 9401 and 9431 of this title;
   (B) identify priorities using information from:
       (i) the State Health Improvement Plan;
       (ii) emergency medical services resources and needs identified by the EMS Advisory Committee in accordance with subsection 909(f) of this title;
       (iii) the community health needs assessments required by section 9405a of this title;
   (iv) available health care workforce information;
   (v) materials provided to the Board through its other regulatory processes, including hospital budget review, oversight of accountable care organizations, issuance and denial of certificates of need, and health insurance rate review; and
   (vi) the public input process set forth in this section;
   (C) use existing data sources to identify and analyze the gaps between the supply of health resources and the health needs of Vermont
residents and to identify utilization trends to determine areas of underutilization and overutilization; and

(D) consider the cost impacts of fulfilling any gaps between the supply of health resources and the health needs of Vermont residents.

* * *

Sec. 20. 18 V.S.A. chapter 17 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 17. EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES

* * *

§ 903. AUTHORIZATION FOR PROVISION OF EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, including provisions of 26 V.S.A. chapter 23, persons who are affiliated with an affiliated agency and licensed to provide emergency medical treatment pursuant to the requirements of this chapter and the rules adopted under it are hereby authorized to provide such care without further certification, registration, or licensing.

* * *

§ 904. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

(a) In order to carry out the purposes and responsibilities of this chapter, the Department of Health may contract for the provision of specific services.

(b) The Secretary of Human Services, upon the recommendation of the Commissioner of Health, may issue adopt rules to carry out the purposes and responsibilities of this chapter.

* * *

§ 906. EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES DIVISION; RESPONSIBILITIES

To implement the policy of section 901 of this chapter, the Department of Health shall be responsible for:

(1) Developing and implementing minimum standards for training emergency medical personnel in basic life support and advanced life support, and licensing emergency medical personnel according to their level of training and competence. The Department shall establish by rule at least three levels of emergency medical personnel instructors and the education required for each level.
(7) Assisting hospitals in the development of programs which will improve the quality of in-hospital services for persons requiring emergency medical care treatment.

***

(9) Establishing requirements for the collection of data by emergency medical personnel and hospitals as may be necessary to evaluate emergency medical care treatment.

(10) Establishing, by rule, license levels for emergency medical personnel. The Commissioner shall use the guidelines established by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) in the U.S. Department of Transportation as a standard or other comparable standards, except that a felony conviction shall not necessarily disqualify an applicant. The rules shall also provide that:

***

(B) An individual licensed by the Commissioner as an emergency medical technician, advanced emergency medical technician, or a paramedic who is affiliated with an affiliated agency, shall be able to practice fully within the scope of practice for such level of licensure as defined by NHTSA’s National EMS Scope of Practice Model consistent with the license level of the affiliated agency, and subject to the medical direction of the emergency medical services district medical advisor.

(C)(i) Unless otherwise provided under this section, an individual seeking any level of licensure shall be required to pass an examination approved by the Commissioner for that level of licensure except that any psychomotor skills testing for emergency medical responder, or emergency medical technician licensure shall be accomplished either by the demonstration of those skills competencies as part of the education required for that license level as approved by the Department or by the National Registry of Emergency Medical Technicians’ psychomotor examination.

(ii) Written and practical examinations shall not be required for relicensure; however, to maintain licensure, all individuals shall complete a specified number of hours of continuing education as established by rule by the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall ensure that continuing education classes are available online and provided on a regional basis to accommodate the needs of volunteers and part-time individuals, including those in rural areas of the State.

***
(E) An applicant who has served as a hospital corpsman or a medic in the U.S. Armed Forces, or who is licensed as a registered nurse or a physician assistant shall be granted a permanent waiver of the training requirements to become a licensed emergency medical technician, an advanced emergency medical technician, or a paramedic, provided the applicant passes the applicable examination approved by the Commissioner for that level of licensure and is affiliated with an affiliated agency.

(F) An applicant who is registered on the National Registry of Emergency Medical Technicians as an emergency medical technician, an advanced emergency medical technician, or a paramedic shall be granted licensure as a Vermont emergency medical technician, an advanced emergency medical technician, or a paramedic without the need for further testing, provided he or she is affiliated with an affiliated agency or is serving as a medic with the Vermont National Guard.

(11) In addition to the licenses established under subdivision (10) of this section, the Department shall establish by rule an entry-level certification for Vermont EMS first responders.

§ 906b. TRANSITIONAL PROVISION; CERTIFICATION TO LICENSURE

Every person certified as an emergency medical provider shall have his or her certification converted to the comparable level of licensure. Until such time as the Department of Health issues licenses in lieu of certificates, each certified emergency medical provider shall have the right to practice in accordance with his or her level of certification. [Repealed.]

§ 906d. RENEWAL REQUIREMENTS; SUNSET REVIEW

(a) Not less than once every five years, the Department shall review emergency medical personnel continuing education and other continuing competency requirements. The review results shall be in writing and address the following:

(1) the renewal requirements of the profession;

(2) the renewal requirements in other jurisdictions, particularly in the Northeast region;

(3) the cost of the renewal requirements for emergency medical personnel; and
(4) an analysis of the utility and effectiveness of the renewal requirements with respect to public protection.

(2) The Department shall amend its rules or propose any necessary statutory amendments to revise any emergency medical personnel continuing education and other continuing competency requirements that are not necessary for the protection of the public health, safety, or welfare.

* * *

§ 909. EMS ADVISORY COMMITTEE; EMS EDUCATION COUNCIL

(a) The Commissioner shall establish the Emergency Medical Services Advisory Committee to advise on matters relating to the delivery of emergency medical services (EMS) in Vermont.

* * *

(e) Annually, on or before January 1, the Committee shall report on the EMS system to the House Committees on Government Operations, on Commerce and Economic Development, and on Human Services and to the Senate Committees on Government Operations, on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs, and on Health and Welfare. The Committee’s reports shall include information on the following:

* * *

(6) the nature and costs of dispatch services for EMS providers throughout the State, including the annual number of mutual aid calls to an emergency medical service area that come from outside that area, and suggestions for improvement;

* * *

(f) In addition to its report set forth in subsection (e) of this section, the Committee shall identify EMS resources and needs in each EMS district and provide that information to the Green Mountain Care Board to inform the Board’s periodic revisions to the Health Resource Allocation Plan developed pursuant to subsection 9405(b) of this title.

(g) The Committee shall establish from among its members the EMS Education Council, which may:

(1) sponsor training and education programs required for emergency medical personnel licensure in accordance with the Department of Health’s required standards for that training and education; and

(2) provide advice to the Department of Health regarding the standards for emergency medical personnel licensure and any recommendations for changes to those standards.
Sec. 21. 32 V.S.A. § 8557 is amended to read:

§ 8557. VERMONT FIRE SERVICE TRAINING COUNCIL

(a)(1) Sums for the expenses of the operation of training facilities and curriculum of the Vermont Fire Service Training Council not to exceed $1,200,000.00 per year shall be paid to the Fire Safety Special Fund created by 20 V.S.A. § 3157 by insurance companies, writing fire, homeowners multiple peril, allied lines, farm owners multiple peril, commercial multiple peril (fire and allied lines), private passenger and commercial auto, and inland marine policies on property and persons situated within the State of Vermont within 30 days after notice from the Commissioner of Financial Regulation of such estimated expenses. Captive companies shall be excluded from the effect of this section.

* * *

(4) An amount not less than $150,000.00 shall be specifically allocated to the Emergency Medical Services Special Fund established under 18 V.S.A. § 908 for the provision of training programs for certified Vermont EMS first responders and licensed emergency medical responders, emergency medical technicians, advanced emergency medical technicians, and paramedics.

* * *

Sec. 22. TRANSITIONAL EMS PROVISIONS

(a) Rules. Except as otherwise provided in this act, on or before July 1, 2021, the Department of Health shall finally adopt or amend the rules required by this act, unless that deadline is extended by the Legislative Committee on Administrative Rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 843(c).

(b) Ambulance service licenses. The requirements for initial ambulance service licensure and renewal set forth in 24 V.S.A. § 2681(b) in Sec. 18 of this act shall apply to initial ambulance service license and renewal applicants on and after July 1, 2021 or on and after the effective date of the Department of Health rules adopted pursuant to that section and subsection (a) of this section, whichever date is later.

(c) Existing EMS Instructor/Coordinator licensees. Any person who is licensed as an EMS Instructor/Coordinator under the Department of Health’s Emergency Medical Service Rules in effect immediately prior to the effective date of the rules establishing the new levels of instructor licenses as required by 18 V.S.A. § 906(1) in Sec. 20 of this act shall be deemed to be licensed at the level that is consistent with the scope of practice of the new license levels.

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(d) Development of Vermont EMS First Responder certification. The Department of Health shall consult with the EMS Advisory Committee, the University of Vermont’s Initiative for Rural Emergency Medical Services, and any other relevant stakeholders in developing the new Vermont EMS First Responder certification required by 18 V.S.A. § 906(11) in Sec. 20 of this act so that certification is established on or before July 1, 2021.

(e) Sunset review of renewal requirements. Pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 906d (renewal requirements; sunset review) set forth in Sec. 20 this act, the Department of Health shall conduct its first sunset review in conjunction with its rulemaking required by this act and thereafter propose any necessary statutory amendments in accordance with that section.

*** Public Safety Planning ***

Sec. 23. 20 V.S.A. § 6 is amended to read:

§ 6. LOCAL ORGANIZATION FOR EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT; TOWN AND CITY PUBLIC SAFETY PLANS

(a) Each town and city of this state is hereby authorized and directed to establish a local organization for emergency management in accordance with the State Emergency Management Plan and program.

(1)(A) Except in a town that has a town manager in accordance with chapter 37 of Title 24 V.S.A. chapter 37, the executive officer or legislative branch of the town or city is authorized to appoint a town or city emergency management director who shall have direct responsibility for the organization, administration, and coordination of the local organization for emergency management, subject to the direction and control of the executive officer or legislative branch.

(B) If the town or city that has not adopted the town manager form of government and the executive officer or legislative branch of the town or city has not appointed an emergency management director, the executive officer or legislative branch shall be the town or city emergency management director.

(2) The town or city emergency management director may appoint an emergency management coordinator and other staff as necessary to accomplish the purposes of this chapter.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (d) of this section, each local organization for emergency management shall perform emergency management functions within the territorial limits of the town or city within which it is organized, and, in addition, shall conduct such functions outside of the territorial limits as may be required pursuant to the provisions of this
chapter and in accordance with such regulations as the Governor may prescribe.

(c) Each local organization shall participate in the development of an all-hazards plan with the local emergency planning committee and the public safety district.

(d)(1) Each local organization shall annually notify the local emergency planning committee on forms provided by the State Emergency Response Commission of its capacity to perform emergency functions in response to an all-hazards incident.

(2) Each local organization shall perform the emergency functions indicated on the most recently submitted form in response to an all-hazards incident.

(e) Each town and city legislative body shall adopt a public safety plan in accordance with this subsection that describes how the town or city will address the regular law enforcement, fire, emergency medical service, and dispatch resources, needs, scarcities, costs, and problems within the municipality unrelated to an all-hazards incident, which may include partnering with one or more other municipalities or entities to address those issues.

(1) Concurrently with its annual notification required under subsection (d) of this section, each local organization shall analyze the law enforcement, fire, emergency medical service, and dispatch resources, needs, scarcities, costs, and problems within the municipality and report that information to its legislative body.

(2) After receipt of that information, the legislative body:

(A) shall solicit and accept public comment on the current public safety plan;

(B) may consult with the municipal and regional planning commission, neighboring local organizations, and any other relevant law enforcement, fire, and emergency medical service entities in order to determine how those services may be provided and shared on a regional basis;

(C) shall propose any revisions to the current public safety plan that the legislative body deems necessary, and in that case, shall provide public notice of those proposed revisions and hold at least one public hearing on those proposed revisions not less than 30 days after the public notice of them; and

(D) shall finally adopt any revisions to the current public safety plan.
Sec. 24. TRANSITIONAL PROVISION; INITIAL PUBLIC SAFETY PLAN

Each town and city shall undertake the process to adopt a public safety plan as set forth in Sec. 23 of this act so that every town and city has adopted such a plan on or before July 1, 2023.

Sec. 25. AGENCY OF COMMERCE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT; REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSIONS; PUBLIC SAFETY PLANNING GRANTS

(a) Appropriation. The sum of $100,000.00 is appropriated to the Agency of Commerce and Community Development in fiscal year 2021 for three public safety planning grants described in subsection (b) of this section. The Agency shall award the grants in accordance with its procedure established under the Vermont Community Development Act.

(b) Public safety planning grants.

(1) Public safety planning grants are created for the purpose of fostering regional public safety planning.

(2) A regional organization, such as a regional planning commission, union municipal district, joint survey committee, or other qualified organization may apply to the Agency for a public safety planning grant for the purpose of planning the integration, consolidation, or regionalization of public safety functions within the organization’s jurisdiction. A grant shall be for a maximum of three years and shall not exceed $35,000.00, and shall be provided to grantees in different geographic regions of the State.

(3) A grantee shall be required to report annually on or before January 15 to the Senate and House Committees on Government Operations and on Appropriations regarding its planning process and expected result. Each report shall specifically provide data on and analyze the potential costs and savings of regional consolidation of public safety functions.

(4) As used in this section:

(A)(i) “Planning” means hiring personnel or contracting for services to determine the feasibility of or to establish the procedure to implement, or both, the integration, consolidation, or regionalization of public safety functions.

(ii) “Planning” does not mean implementing such integration, consolidation, or regionalization.

(B) “Public safety functions” means fire, police, emergency medical services, and dispatching services.
Sec. 26. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2020
And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to governmental structures protecting the public health, safety, and welfare.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

CONFIRMATIONS

The following appointments will be considered by the Senate, as a group, under suspension of the Rules, as moved by the President pro tempore, for confirmation together and without debate, by consent thereby given by the Senate. However, upon request of any senator, any appointment may be singled out and acted upon separately by the Senate, with consideration given to the report of the Committee to which the appointment was referred, and with full debate; and further, all appointments for the positions of Secretaries of Agencies, Commissioners of Departments, Judges, Magistrates, and members of the Public Utility Commission shall be fully and separately acted upon.

Craig Bolio of Winooski – Commissioner, Department of Taxes – By Sen. Cummings for the Committee on Finance. (01/21/20)

Sabina Brochu of Williston - Member, State Board of Education - By Sen. Ingram for the Committee on Education. (01/24/20)

Kyle Courtois of Georgia - Member, State Board of Education - By Sen. Perchlik for the Committee on Education. (01/24/20)

Margaret Tandoh of South Burlington – Member, Board of Medical Practice – By Sen. McCormack for the Committee on Health and Welfare. (02/11/20)

Holly Morehouse of Burlington – Member, Children and Family Council for Prevention Programs – By Sen. Lyons for the Committee on Health and Welfare. (02/12/20)

Susan Hayward of Middlesex – Member, Capitol Complex Commission – By Sen. Benning for the Committee on Institutions. (02/14/20)

Heather Shouldice – Member, Capitol Complex Commission – By Sen. Benning for the Committee on Institutions. (02/14/20)
Dorinne Dorfman – Member, Children and Family Council for Prevention Programs – Sen. Cummings for the Committee on Health and Welfare. (02/25/20)

Richard Bernstein of Jericho – Member, Board of Medical Practice – Sen. Ingram for the Committee on Health and Welfare. (03/10/20)

Dawn Philibert of Williston – Member, State Board of Health – Sen. Ingram for the Committee on Health and Welfare. (03/10/20)

FOR INFORMATION ONLY

Text of bill is as follows:

An act relating to creating emergency economic recovery grants

It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:

Sec. 1. DEFINITIONS

As used in this act:


(2) “Eligible business” means:

(A) The business is a nonpublic, private organization that:

(i) is domiciled or has its primary place of business in Vermont; and

(ii) has one or more employees in Vermont.

(B) The business is:

(i) organized and operated on a for-profit basis, including a sole proprietor, partnership, limited liability company, business corporation, cooperative, or mutual benefit enterprise; or

(ii) organized and operated on a nonprofit or low-profit basis, including a mutual benefit corporation, public benefit corporation, and a low-profit limited liability company.

(C) The business was in operation on or before February 15, 2020.

(D) The business:

(i) is open for business at the time of application; or

(ii) is closed for business due to the COVID-19 public health emergency but has a good-faith plan for reopening.
(3) “Eligible use” means a use of grant funds permitted under the CARES Act to assist a business in addressing the costs of business interruption due to the COVID-19 public health emergency.

Sec. 2. CORONAVIRUS EMERGENCY ECONOMIC RECOVERY GRANTS; DEPARTMENT OF TAXES

(a) Authorization; appropriation. Of the funds available in the Coronavirus Relief Fund, the amount of $50,000,000.00 is appropriated to the Department of Taxes to provide grants to eligible businesses pursuant to this section, in coordination with the Agency of Commerce and Community Development.

(b) Requirements for grant applicants. An eligible business may apply for a grant for an eligible use if:

(1) The business is:

(A) a vendor registered to collect sales and use tax pursuant to 32 V.S.A. chapter 233; or

(B) is an operator registered to collect meals and rooms tax pursuant to 32 V.S.A. chapter 225, but this does not include operators who are only operators because they conduct business as a booking agent under 32 V.S.A. chapter 225.

(2) The business files its sales and use or meals and room taxes on a monthly or quarterly basis.

(3) The business experienced a 75 percent or greater reduction in taxable sales in any one-month period from March 1, 2020 to September 1, 2020 as compared to the same one-month period from March 1, 2019 to September 1, 2019.

(c) Grant amount; terms.

(1) The Department shall establish a formula for determining the amount of grant awards, which shall include a maximum grant amount.

(2) The Department shall consider whether and by how much grant awards should be adjusted based on whether an applicant has received financial assistance from other sources.

Sec. 3. CORONAVIRUS EMERGENCY ECONOMIC RECOVERY GRANTS; AGENCY OF COMMERCE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

(a) Authorization; appropriation.
(1) Of the funds available in the Coronavirus Relief Fund, the amount of $20,000,000.00 is appropriated to the Agency of Commerce and Community Development to provide grants to eligible businesses pursuant to this section in coordination with the Department of Taxes.

(2) The Agency shall identify local, regional, and State economic development organizations with whom it may partner to most efficiently distribute grants under the Program, which may include the Vermont Economic Development Authority, regional development corporations, community action agencies, and private institutions.

(b) Requirements for grant applicants. An eligible business may apply for a grant for an eligible use if the business experienced a 75 percent or greater reduction in revenue in any one-month period from March 1, 2020 to September 1, 2020 as compared to the same one-month period from March 1, 2019 to September 1, 2019.

(c) Grant amount; terms.

(1) The Agency shall establish a formula for determining the amount of grant awards, which shall include a maximum grant amount.

(2) The Agency shall consider whether and by how much grant awards should be adjusted based on whether an applicant has received financial assistance from other sources.

Sec. 4. GUIDELINES; REPORTING

(a) Guidelines. Not later than ten days after the effective date of this act, the Department of Taxes and the Agency of Commerce and Community Development shall publish guidelines governing the implementation of their respective programs, which at minimum shall:

(1) establish application and award procedures;

(2) establish standards to determine whether a business has its primary place of business in Vermont;

(3) establish standards for eligible uses of grant funds;

(4) establish standards governing the amount of grant awards:

(A) to ensure the equitable distribution of funds among regions and among business types, sizes, and sectors; and

(B) to ensure that grants are based on need and will have a meaningful impact on the business’s continued viability;
(5) establish procedures to ensure that grant awards comply with the requirements of the CARES Act and that the State maintains adequate records to demonstrate compliance with the Act;

(6) establish procedures to prevent, detect, and mitigate fraud, waste, error, and abuse; and

(7) establish procedures to ensure that grant applicants are in compliance with State and federal employment and labor laws.

(b) Reporting. The Agency and Department shall:

(1) provide weekly updates and information concerning grant guidelines, awards, and implementation to the committees of jurisdiction of the General Assembly; and

(2) submit a report to the General Assembly on or before August 15, 2020 detailing the implementation of this section, including specific information concerning the amount and identity of grant recipients, which shall be publicly available.

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

Text of recommendation of amendment is as follows:

Senators Sirotkin, Balint, Brock, Clarkson and Hooker move to amend the bill as follows:

First: In Sec. 2, coronavirus emergency economic grants, in subsection (b)(3), by striking out the words “taxable sales” and inserting in lieu thereof the words total sales

Second: In Sec. 4, guidelines; reporting, by inserting a subsection (c) to read as follows:

(c) In the event the federal Department of the Treasury determines that an expenditure of funds made available from the CARES Act was not necessary or otherwise impermissible under the Act, the Agency and the Department shall hold harmless any grant recipient that accepted grant funds in good faith reliance on the State concerning the business’s eligibility for, or use of, the grant award.
Third: By redesignating Sec. 5, effective date, to be Sec. 6 and inserting a new Sec. 5 to read as follows:

Sec. 5. HOUSING; HOMELESSNESS; APPROPRIATION

(a) The amount of $23,000,000.00 is appropriated from the Coronavirus Relief Fund to the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board, which funding the Board shall use, in part through grants to nonprofit housing partners and service organizations, for housing and facilities necessary to provide safe shelter and assistance for persons who are, or are at risk of, experiencing homelessness, in order to mitigate COVID-19 effects and enable compliance with COVID-19 public health precautions.

(b) The Board shall adopt guidelines governing the use of the funds to:

1. establish application and award procedures for grant recipients;
2. establish standards for the amount and eligible use of grant funds; and
3. establish procedures to ensure that grant awards comply with the requirements of the CARES Act and that the State maintains adequate records to demonstrate compliance with the Act.