# Senate Calendar

FRIDAY, APRIL 26, 2019

# SENATE CONVENES AT: 12:15 P.M.

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#### ORDERS OF THE DAY

#### **ACTION CALENDAR**

### **UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF TUESDAY, APRIL 23, 2019**

#### **House Proposal of Amendment**

S. 49

An act relating to the regulation of polyfluoroalkyl substances in drinking and surface waters.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

#### Sec. 1. FINDINGS

#### The General Assembly finds that:

- (1) Perfluoroalkyl, polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS), and other perfluorochemicals are a large group of human-made chemicals that have been used in industry and consumer products worldwide since the 1950s.
- (2) PFAS may enter the environment from numerous industrial or commercial sources, including when emitted during a manufacturing process, from the disposal of goods containing PFAS, or from leachate from landfills.
- (3) Many PFAS do not readily break down and persist in the environment for a very long time, especially in water, and, consequently, PFAS can be found in many bodies of water and in the blood of humans and wildlife.
- (4) The Vermont Department of Health has adopted a health advisory level for certain PFAS of 20 parts per trillion.
- (5) The Vermont Water Supply Rule provides that the Secretary of Natural Resources may adopt a Vermont Department of Health advisory level as a maximum contaminant level for a substance.
- (6) The Agency of Natural Resources (ANR) has adopted the 20 parts per trillion level as part of ANR's Remediation of Contaminated Properties Rule and Groundwater Protection Rule and Strategy, but not as part of the Vermont Water Supply Rule or the Vermont Water Quality Standards.
- (7) To prevent further contamination of State water, and to reduce the potential harmful effects of PFAS on human health and the environment, the State of Vermont should:

- (A) require the Agency of Natural Resources to adopt by rule maximum contaminant level or levels for PFAS under the Vermont Water Supply Rule;
- (B) prior to adoption by rule of maximum contaminant level or levels for PFAS, require public water systems to monitor for certain PFAS chemicals and respond appropriately when results indicate levels of PFAS in excess of the Vermont Department of Health advisory level;
- (C) require the Agency of Natural Resource to adopt surface water quality standards for certain PFAS chemicals; and
- (D) authorize the Agency of Natural Resources to require any permitted facility to monitor for any release of a chemical that exceeds a health advisory issued by the Vermont Department of Health.

# Sec. 2. INTERIM DRINKING WATER STANDARD; TESTING; PER AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES

#### (a) As used in this section:

- (1) "Perfluoroalkyl, polyfluoroalkyl substances" or "PFAS substances" means perfluoroalkyl substances and polyfluoroalkyl substances that are detectable using standard analytical methods established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, including regulated PFAS contaminants.
- (2) "Regulated PFAS contaminants" means perfluorooctanoic acid, perfluorooctane sulfonic acid, perfluorohexane sulfonic acid, perfluorononanoic acid, and perfluoroheptanoic acid.
- (b) On or before December 1, 2019, all public community water systems and all nontransient, noncommunity water systems shall conduct monitoring for the maximum number of PFAS substances detectable from standard laboratory methods.
- (c) After completion of initial monitoring under subsection (b), a public community water system or a nontransient, noncommunity water system shall conduct continued monitoring for the presence of regulated PFAS contaminants in drinking water supplied by the system as follows until adoption of the rules required under subsection 3(a) of this act:
- (1) If initial monitoring results detect the presence of any regulated PFAS contaminants individually or in combination at or above the Vermont Department of Health advisory level of 20 parts per trillion, the public water system shall conduct continued quarterly monitoring.
- (2) If initial monitoring results detect the presence of any regulated PFAS contaminants individually or in combination at or above the reporting

level of two parts per trillion but below the Vermont Department of Health advisory level of 20 parts per trillion, the public water system shall conduct continued monitoring annually.

- (3) If initial monitoring results detect the presence of any regulated PFAS contaminants below the reporting level of two parts per trillion, the public water system shall conduct continued monitoring every three years.
- (d) If monitoring results under subsections (b) or (c) of this section confirm the presence of any regulated PFAS contaminants individually or in combination in excess of the Vermont Department of Health advisory level of 20 parts per trillion, the Agency of Natural Resources shall:
- (1) direct the public water system to implement treatment or other remedy to reduce the levels of regulated PFAS contaminants in the drinking water of the public water system below the Vermont Department of Health advisory level; and
- (2) direct the public water system to issue a "do not drink" notice to all users of the public water system until the treatment under subdivision (1) of this subsection is completed.
- (e) The Secretary may enforce the requirements of this section under 10 V.S.A. chapter 201. A person may appeal the acts or decisions of the Secretary of Natural Resources under this section under 10 V.S.A. chapter 220.
- Sec. 3. DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION WATER SUPPLY RULE; MAXIMUM CONTAMINANT LEVEL FOR PER AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES; STANDARD FOR PER AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES; CLASS OR SUBCLASSES
- (a) On or before February 1, 2020, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall file under 3 V.S.A. § 841 a final proposed rule with the Secretary of State and the Legislative Committee on Administrative Rules establishing under the Department of Environmental Conservation's Water Supply Rule a maximum contaminant level (MCL) for perfluorooctanoic acid, perfluorooctane sulfonic acid, perfluorohexane sulfonic acid, perfluorononanoic acid, and perfluoroheptanoic acid. The Secretary shall use the Vermont Department of Health's health advisory level for perfluorooctanoic acid, perfluorooctane sulfonic acid, perfluorohexane sulfonic acid, perfluorononanoic acid, and perfluoroheptanoic acid as the initial basis for developing the MCL under this subsection and may propose adjustments or variances from the advisory level based on scientific evidence, industry standards, or public input.

- (b) On or before August 1, 2020, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall initiate a public notice and comment process by publishing an advance notice of proposed rulemaking regarding the regulation under the Department of Environmental Conservation's Water Supply Rule of per and polyfluoroalkyl (PFAS) compounds as a class or subclasses.
- (c) On or before March 1, 2021, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall either:
- (1) file a proposed rule with the Secretary of State regarding the regulation of PFAS compounds under the Department of Environmental Conservation's Water Supply Rule as a class or subclasses; or
- (2) publish a notice of decision not to regulate PFAS compounds as a class or subclasses under the Department of Environmental Conservation's Water Supply Rule that includes, at a minimum, an identification of all legal, technical, or other impediments to regulating PFAS compounds as a class or subclasses and a detailed response to all public comments received.
- (d) If the Secretary of Natural Resources proposes a rule pursuant to subsection (c), on or before December 31, 2021, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall file a final rule with the Secretary of State regarding the regulation of PFAS compounds as a class or subclasses under the Department of Environmental Conservation's Water Supply Rule.

# Sec. 4. REPEAL; INTERIM DRINKING WATER MONITORING; PFAS CONTAMINANTS

Sec. 2 (interim drinking water monitoring; PFAS contaminants) shall be repealed on the effective date of the rules required under Sec. 3(a) of this act.

# Sec. 5. VERMONT WATER QUALITY STANDARDS; PER AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES

- (a) On or before January 15, 2020, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall publish a plan for public review and comment for adoption of surface water quality standards for per and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) that shall include, at a minimum, a proposal for standards for:
- (1) perfluorooctanoic acid; perfluorooctane sulfonic acid; perfluorohexane sulfonic acid; perfluorononanoic acid; and perfluoroheptanoic acid; and
- (2) the PFAS class of compounds or subgroups of the PFAS class of compounds.
- (b) On or before January 1, 2024, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall file a final rule with the Secretary of State to adopt surface water quality

standards for, at a minimum, perfluorooctanoic acid, perfluorooctane sulfonic acid, perfluorohexane sulfonic acid, perfluorononanoic acid, and perfluoroheptanoic acid.

# Sec. 6. INVESTIGATION OF POTENTIAL SOURCES OF PER AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES CONTAMINATION

On or before June 1, 2019, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall publish a plan for public review and comment to complete a statewide investigation of potential sources of per and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) contamination. As part of this investigation, the Secretary shall conduct a pilot project at public water systems to evaluate PFAS that are not quantified by standard laboratory methods using a total oxidizable precursor assay or other applicable analytical method to evaluate total PFAS. The Secretary of Natural Resources shall initiate implementation of the plan not later than July 1, 2019.

Sec. 7. 3 V.S.A. § 2810 is added to read:

#### § 2810. INTERIM ENVIRONMENTAL MEDIA STANDARDS

The Secretary of Natural Resources may require any entity permitted by the Agency of Natural Resources to monitor the operation of a facility, discharge, emission, or release for any constituent for which the Department of Health has established a health advisory. The Secretary may impose conditions on a permitted entity based on the health advisory if the Secretary determines that the operation of the facility, discharge, emission, or release may result in an imminent and substantial endangerment to human health or the natural environment. The authority granted to the Secretary under this section shall last not longer than two years from the date the health advisory was adopted.

Sec. 8. 10 V.S.A. § 8003 is amended to read:

### § 8003. APPLICABILITY

(a) The Secretary may take action under this chapter to enforce the following statutes and rules, permits, assurances, or orders implementing the following statutes, and the Board may take such action with respect to subdivision (10) of this subsection:

- (28) 30 V.S.A. § 255, relating to regional coordination to reduce greenhouse gases; and
  - (29) 10 V.S.A. § 1420, relating to abandoned vessels; and
- (30) 3 V.S.A. § 2810, relating to interim environmental media standards.

Sec. 9. 10 V.S.A. § 8503 is amended to read:

#### § 8503. APPLICABILITY

(a) This chapter shall govern all appeals of an act or decision of the Secretary, excluding enforcement actions under chapters 201 and 211 of this title and rulemaking, under the following authorities and under the rules adopted under those authorities:

\* \* \*

- (2) 29 V.S.A. chapter 11 (management of lakes and ponds).
- (3) 24 V.S.A. chapter 61, subchapter 10 (relating to salvage yards).
- (4) 3 V.S.A. § 2810 (interim environmental media standards).

\* \* \*

#### Sec. 10. ENVIRONMENTAL MEDIA STANDARDS; GUIDANCE; PLAN

- (a) On or before January 1, 2020, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall publish a guidance document for public review and comment that sets forth detailed practices for implementation by the Secretary of Natural Resources of interim environmental media standards authority under 3 V.S.A. § 2810.
- (b) On or before January 1, 2020, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall publish for public review and comment a plan to collect data for contaminants in drinking water from public community water systems and all nontransient noncommunity water systems for which a health advisory has been established but no maximum contaminant level has been adopted.

# Sec. 11. AGENCY OF NATURAL RESOURCES CONTAMINANTS OF EMERGING CONCERN PILOT PROJECT

On or before January 15, 2020, the Agency of Natural Resources shall submit to the House Committees on Natural Resources, Fish, and Wildlife and on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committees on Natural Resources and Energy and on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs a report regarding the management at landfills of leachate containing contaminants of emerging concern (CECs). The report shall include:

- (1) the findings of the leachate treatment evaluation conducted at any landfill in Vermont;
- (2) the Agency of Natural Resources' assessment of the results of landfill leachate evaluations; and

(3) the Agency of Natural Resources' recommendations for treatment of CECs in leachate from landfills, including whether the State should establish a pilot project to test methods for testing or managing CECs in landfill leachate.

#### Sec. 12. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

#### **NEW BUSINESS**

### **Third Reading**

H. 133.

An act relating to miscellaneous energy subjects.

H. 275.

An act relating to the Farm-to-Plate Investment Program.

H. 511.

An act relating to criminal statutes of limitations.

# Proposal of amendment to H. 511 to be offered by Senators Pearson, Balint, Bray, Clarkson, Hardy and Ingram before Third Reading

Senators Pearson, Balint, Bray, Clarkson, Hardy and Ingram move to amend the Senate proposal of amendment by striking out Sec. 1 in its entirety and inserting a new Sec. 1 to read as follows:

Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 44501 is amended to read:

#### § 4501. LIMITATION OF PROSECUTIONS FOR CERTAIN CRIMES

- (a) Prosecutions for aggravated sexual assault, aggravated sexual assault of a child, sexual assault, human trafficking, aggravated human trafficking, murder, <u>manslaughter</u>, arson causing death, and kidnapping may be commenced at any time after the commission of the offense.
- (b) Prosecutions for manslaughter, lewd and lascivious conduct, sexual abuse of a vulnerable adult <u>under subsection 1379(a) of this title, maiming,</u> grand larceny, robbery, burglary, embezzlement, forgery, bribery offenses, false claims, fraud under 33 V.S.A. § 141(d), and felony tax offenses shall be commenced within six years after the commission of the offense, and not after.
- (c) Prosecutions for any of the following offenses shall be commenced within 40 years after the commission of the offense, and not after:
- (1) lewd and lascivious conduct alleged to have been committed against a child under 18 years of age;

- (2) sexual exploitation of a minor as defined in subsection 3258(c) of this title;
  - (3) lewd or lascivious conduct with a child;
  - (4) sexual exploitation of children under chapter 64 of this title; and
- (5) manslaughter alleged to have been committed against a child under 18 years of age;
- (6) sexual abuse of a vulnerable adult under subsection 1379(b) of this title; and
  - (7) first degree aggravated domestic assault.
- (d) Prosecutions for arson shall be commenced within 11 years after the commission of the offense, and not after.
- (e) Prosecutions for other felonies and for misdemeanors shall be commenced within three years after the commission of the offense, and not after.

#### H. 526.

An act relating to town clerk recording fees and town restoration and preservation reserve funds.

#### NOTICE CALENDAR

#### **Second Reading**

#### **Favorable**

#### H. 26.

An act relating to restricting retail and Internet sales of electronic cigarettes, liquid nicotine, and tobacco paraphernalia in Vermont.

Reported favorably by Senator Hooker for the Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

(For House amendments, see House Journal of March 12, 2019, page 385)

### **Favorable with Proposal of Amendment**

H. 16.

An act relating to boards and commissions.

# Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator White for the Committee on Government Operations.

The Committee recommends that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- \* \* \* Vermont State Archives and Records Administration; State Boards and Commissions Registry \* \* \*
- Sec. 1. 3 V.S.A. § 116a is amended to read:

# § 116a. MAINTENANCE OF INVENTORY OF STATE BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS REGISTRY

- (a)(1) The Secretary of State Vermont State Archives and Records Administration shall maintain and make available on his or her official its website an inventory a registry of the State boards and commissions, and shall update that inventory registry when changes are made that affect the information provided in the inventory registry.
- (2)(A) The <u>inventory registry</u> shall include the names of the members of each State board and commission, their term length and expiration, and their appointing authority.
- (B) Each State board and commission shall be responsible for providing to the Secretary of State Vermont State Archives and Records Administration this inventory registry information and any updates to it in a manner prescribed by the State Archivist.
- (3) The registry shall track the dates of the initial creation of State boards and commissions created by State law and of any amendments to those laws for the purpose of the intended five-year expiration of those State boards and commissions described in subsection (b) of this section.
- (b)(1) It is the intent of the General Assembly that, except for State boards and commissions required by interstate compact and except as otherwise provided by law, a State board or commission created by State law shall cease to exist after five years from the date of its initial creation, five years from the last date that the statutory or session law containing the State board or commission was amended, or on January 1, 2025, whichever date is latest.

- (2)(A) In each biennial session beginning in the year 2025, the Office of Legislative Council, in consultation with the Vermont State Archives and Records Administration and based on the registry's date tracking described in subdivision (a)(3) of this section, shall prepare for the General Assembly's review a list of the State boards and commissions subject to expiration under this subsection.
- (B) A State board or commission shall only expire pursuant to legislative enactment.
- (c) As used in this section, "State boards and commissions board or commission" means a professional or occupational licensing boards board or commissions commission, advisory boards board or commissions commission, appeals boards board, promotional boards board, interstate boards board, supervisory boards and councils board or council, and or any other boards or commissions of the State similar entity that:
- (1) is created by State law, by federal law and contains State appointees, or by executive order;
  - (2) is established as or is attached to an Executive Branch entity;
  - (3) has statewide jurisdiction or carries out a State function; and
- (4) is not composed of members appointed exclusively by regional, county, or municipal entities.
- Sec. 2. 2018 (Sp. Sess.) Acts and Resolves No. 2, Sec. 15 is amended to read:

#### Sec. 15. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2018, except that Sec. 12, 3 V.S.A. § 116a (Secretary of State VSARA; maintenance of inventory of State boards and commissions registry), shall take effect on January 1, 2019 2023.

# Sec. 3. VERMONT STATE ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION; POSITION

- (a) There is created within the Secretary of State's Vermont State Archives and Records Administration one new permanent classified Registry Administrator to create and maintain the registry described in 3 V.S.A. § 116a.
- (b) Any funding necessary to support the position created in subsection (a) of this section shall be derived from the Secretary of State Services Fund, with no General Fund dollars.
  - \* \* \* Standard Per Diem and Expense Reimbursement \* \* \*
- Sec. 4. 32 V.S.A. § 1010 is amended to read:

#### § 1010. MEMBERS OF CERTAIN BOARDS

- (a) Except for those members serving ex officio or otherwise regularly employed by the State, the compensation of the members of the following Boards boards shall be entitled to receive \$50.00 in per diem compensation:
  - (1) Board of Bar Examiners
  - (2) Board of Libraries
  - (3) Vermont Milk Commission
  - (4) Board of Education
  - (5) State Board of Health
  - (6) Emergency Board
  - (7) Board of Liquor and Lottery
  - (8) Human Services Board
  - (9) State Fish and Wildlife Board
  - (10) State Board of Mental Health
  - (11) Vermont Employment Security Board
  - (12) Capitol Complex Commission
  - (13) Natural Gas and Oil Resources Board
  - (14) Transportation Board
  - (15) Vermont Veterans' Home Board of Trustees
  - (16) Advisory Council on Historic Preservation
  - (17) The Electricians' Licensing Board
  - (18) Offender Work Programs Board
  - (19) Emergency Personnel Survivors Benefit Review Board
  - (20) Community High School of Vermont Board
- (b)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, members of professional or occupational licensing boards or commissions, advisory boards or commissions, appeals boards, promotional boards, interstate boards, supervisory boards and councils, or any other boards, or commissions, or similar entities that are not listed in subsection (a) of this section but are otherwise entitled by act of the General Assembly to receive per diem compensation, shall be entitled to receive per diem compensation in the amount of \$50.00 per day for each day devoted to official duties. This

subsection shall not reduce the amount of per diem compensation heretofore provided by act of the General Assembly to members of boards or commissions entitled to receive more than \$50.00 per day.

- (2) "Per diem" means the amount of compensation to which a member of a statutory board or commission is entitled for:
- (1)(A) attendance at a regular or special meeting of such board or commission or any committee thereof; or
- (2)(B) performance of other duties directly related to the efficient conduct of necessary board business as assigned and approved by the chairperson, provided that payment for such duties shall be at the per diem rate prorated for actual time spent performing duties. Proration shall be calculated based on an eight-hour day. Under no circumstances shall the daily payment exceed the per diem amount.
- (c) The members of the boards and departments commissions, including those members serving ex officio or otherwise regularly employed by the State, shall be entitled to receive their actual and necessary expenses when away from home or office upon their official duties.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, a member shall not be entitled to receive State per diem compensation for any meeting or other official duty for which specific compensation is provided by another source.
- (e) The Governor may authorize per diem compensation and expense reimbursement in accordance with this section for members of boards and commissions, including temporary study commissions, created by Executive Order.
- (f) Members of the Parole Board shall be entitled to receive \$100.00 per diem for each day of official duties together with reimbursement of reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.
  - \* \* \* Travel Information Council \* \* \*
- Sec. 5. 10 V.S.A. § 484 is amended to read:
- § 484. TRAVEL INFORMATION COUNCIL; CREATION, MEMBERSHIP, TERMS
- (a) The Travel Information Council is created to administer the provisions of this chapter.
- (1) The Agency of Transportation shall be responsible for the administration and maintenance of the official business directional sign

program, information plazas, and other tourist information facilities deemed appropriate by the Council.

- (2) The Agency of Commerce and Community Development shall be responsible for the collection and distribution of travel information, as deemed appropriate by the Council.
- (b)(1) The Travel Information Council may make adopt rules, consistent with this chapter relating to the determination of locations for official business directional signs and to all other matters necessary and appropriate to the administration of this chapter. In making adopting those rules it shall give consideration to the adequacy of information provided by highway directional signs and the preservation of scenic and aesthetic values and shall consult with the Agency of Transportation as to matters of highway safety.
- (2) It shall determine whether official business directional signs at a particular location shall be displayed in tiers or upon panels.
- (3) It shall advise the Agency of Commerce and Community Development on policies and matters pertaining to collection and distribution of tourist information
- (c)(1) The Travel Information Council shall have seven members, comprising the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development or designee, who shall chair the council Council, and six appointed members as follows: one representing the lodging industry, one the restaurant industry, one the recreation industry, one the Agency of Transportation, one the general public, and one agriculture.
- (2) The six appointed members shall be appointed by the Governor with the <u>advice and</u> consent of the Senate with the <u>six initially appointed members</u> appointed as of the effective date of this chapter, with three initial members appointed for one year terms, and three for two year terms. Three appointed <u>in two-year staggered terms so that three</u> members <u>shall be are</u> appointed <u>biennially thereafter annually</u>. The members are eligible for reappointment.
- (3) Members of the Council shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010, which shall be paid by the Agency of Transportation.
- (d)(1) The Travel Information Council shall designate, in each State transportation district, a person to represent business, a person to represent the public, and a person to represent the district planning or development agencies as a committee to act for it in those districts in considering applications for signs and the location thereof.

- (2) The members of the committee shall serve at the pleasure of the Council, and a majority of a committee shall constitute a quorum for the conduct of any business.
- (3) A person aggrieved by a decision of a committee may ask for and shall be granted a hearing before the Travel Information Council and may appeal on questions of law to the Superior Court under V.R.C.P. 74 from a decision of the Council.
  - \* \* \* Travel and Recreation Council \* \* \*
- Sec. 6. 10 V.S.A. § 652 is amended to read:

### § 652. TRAVEL AND RECREATION COUNCIL; MEMBERSHIP

- (a) A travel and recreation council The Travel and Recreation Council is created. It shall comprise the following members:
- (1) the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development, or designee;
  - (2) the Secretary of Natural Resources, or designee,
  - (3) the Secretary of Transportation, or designee,
  - (4) the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets, or designee,
  - (5) the Commissioner of Tourism and Marketing, or designee; and
  - (6) ten members from the private sector appointed by the Governor.
- (b)(1) The ten members appointed by the Governor shall serve a term of three years, beginning July 1, or the unexpired portion thereof. For the initial appointments, the Governor shall appoint three for one year, four for two years, and three for three years.
- (2) When appointing members, the Governor shall consider persons who have understanding of the travel and recreation industry and who will adequately represent the various interests in the State.
  - (c) The Council shall elect its chair annually from among its members.
- (d) The Council shall meet at least quarterly at the call of the chair Chair or the agency secretary.
- (e) Members of the Council shall <u>be entitled to receive per diem</u> compensation and reimbursement <u>for of expenses in accordance with as permitted under</u> 32 V.S.A. § 1010, which shall be paid by the Agency of Commerce and Community Development.

- \* \* \* Vermont Community Development Board \* \* \*
- Sec. 7. 10 V.S.A. § 685 is amended to read:

#### § 685. THE VERMONT COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BOARD

- (a) There shall be <u>is</u> created within the Agency of Commerce and Community Development the Vermont Community Development Board consisting of nine members who shall be residents of the State.
- (b)(1) The members shall be appointed by the Governor for a term of three years, or for the unexpired portion thereof. For the initial appointments, the Governor shall appoint three for one year, three for two years, and three for three years.
- (2) In the appointment of the members, consideration shall be given to the selection of such persons as shall adequately represent the interests of various sections of the State and the principal beneficiaries of the program.
- (c) The Chair shall be appointed annually by the Governor from among the members
- (d) Members of the Board shall be compensated at the rate of \$30.00 per day for time spent in the performance of their duties, and they shall be reimbursed for necessary expenses incurred therein entitled to receive per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010, which shall be paid by the Agency.
- (e) No person who receives a significant portion of his or her income directly or indirectly from the community development activities governed by this subchapter shall be a member of the Board.
- (f) The Agency shall provide staff assistance and administrative support to the Board.
- (g) Prior to January 15 of each year, the Board shall submit a report of its activities and grants for the preceding year to the Governor and General Assembly.
  - \* \* \* State and Regional Economic Development and Planning Services Oversight Panel \* \* \*

Sec. 8. REPEAL

2010 Acts and Resolves No. 146, Sec. G.6 (State and Regional Economic Development and Planning Services; Oversight Panel) is repealed.

\* \* \* Development Cabinet \* \* \*

Sec. 9. 3 V.S.A. § 2293 is amended to read:

#### § 2293. DEVELOPMENT CABINET

(a) Legislative purpose. The General Assembly deems it prudent to establish a permanent and formal mechanism to assure collaboration and consultation among State agencies and departments, in order to support and encourage Vermont's economic development, while at the same time conserving and promoting Vermont's traditional settlement patterns, its working and rural landscape, its strong communities, and its healthy environment, all in a manner set forth in this section.

#### (b) Development Cabinet.

- (1) A Development Cabinet is created, to consist of the Secretaries of the Agencies of Administration, of Agriculture, Food and Markets, of Commerce and Community Development, of Education, of Natural Resources, and of Transportation. The Governor or the Governor's designee shall chair the Development Cabinet.
- (2) The Development Cabinet shall advise the Governor on how best to implement the purposes of this section, and shall recommend changes as appropriate to improve implementation of those purposes.
- (3) The Development Cabinet may establish interagency work groups to support its mission, drawing membership from any agency or department of State government. Any interagency work groups established under this subsection shall evaluate, test the feasibility of, and suggest alternatives to economic development proposals, including proposals for public-private partnerships, submitted to them for consideration. The Development Cabinet shall refer to appropriate interagency workgroups any economic development proposal that has a significant impact on the inventory or use of State land or buildings.
- (c) Implementation. All State agencies that have programs or take actions affecting land use, including those identified under 3 V.S.A. chapter 67, shall, through or in conjunction with the members of the Development Cabinet:
  - (1) Support conservation of working lands and open spaces.
- (2) Strengthen agricultural and forest product economies, and encourage the diversification of these industries.
- (3) Develop and implement plans to educate the public by encouraging discussion at the local level about the impacts of poorly designed growth, and support local efforts to enhance and encourage development and economic growth in the State's existing towns and villages.

- (4) Administer tax credits, loans, and grants for water, sewer, housing, schools, transportation, and other community or industrial infrastructure, in a manner consistent with the purposes of this section.
- (5) To the extent possible, endeavor to make the expenditure of State appropriations consistent with the purposes of this section.
- (6) Encourage development in, and work to revitalize, land and buildings in existing village and urban centers, including "brownfields," housing stock, and vacant or underutilized development zones. Each agency is to set meaningful and quantifiable benchmarks.
- (7) Encourage communities to approve settlement patterns based on maintaining the State's compact villages, open spaces, working landscapes, and rural countryside.
- (8) Encourage relatively intensive residential development close to resources such as schools, shops, and community centers and make infrastructure investments to support this pattern.
- (9) Support recreational opportunities that build on Vermont's outstanding natural resources, and encourage public access for activities such as boating, hiking, fishing, skiing, hunting, and snowmobiling. Support and work collaboratively to make possible sound development and well-planned growth in existing recreational infrastructure.
- (10) Provide means and opportunity for downtown housing for mixed social and income groups in each community.

#### (11) [Repealed.]

- (12) Encourage timely and efficient processing of permit applications affecting land use, including 10 V.S.A. chapter 151 and the subdivision regulations adopted under 18 V.S.A. § 1218, in order to encourage the development of affordable housing and small business expansion, while protecting Vermont's natural resources.
- (13) Participate in creating a long-term economic development plan, including making available the members of any agency or department of State government as necessary and appropriate to support the mission of an interagency work group established under subsection (b) of this section.

#### (d) Interagency work group.

(1) Pursuant to the recommendations of the Oversight Panel on Economic Development created in 2010 Acts and Resolves No. 146, Sec. G6, the Development Cabinet shall create an interagency work group as provided in subsection (b) of this section with the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development serving as its chair.

- (2) The mission of the work group shall be to develop a long-term economic development plan for the State, which shall identify goals and recommend actions to be taken over 10 years, and which shall be consistent with the four principles of economic development identified in 10 V.S.A. § 3 and the relevant population-level outcomes for economic development set forth in 3 V.S.A. § 2311.
  - (e) Long-term economic development plan.
- (1) On or before January 15, 2014, and every two years thereafter, the Development Cabinet or its work group shall complete a long-term economic development plan as required under subsection (d) of this section and recommend it to the Governor.
- (2) Commencing with the plan due on or before January 15, 2016, the Development Cabinet or its work group may elect only to prepare and recommend to the Governor an update of the long-term economic development plan.
- (3) Administrative support for the economic development planning efforts of the Development Cabinet or its work group shall be provided by the Agency of Commerce and Community Development.
- (f) Limitations. This Cabinet is strictly an information gathering and coordinating cabinet and confers no additional enforcement powers. [Repealed.]
  - \* \* \* Commission on International Trade and State Sovereignty \* \* \*
- Sec. 10. 3 V.S.A. § 23 is amended to read:

### § 23. THE COMMISSION ON INTERNATIONAL TRADE

- (a) Definitions. For the purposes of this section: "International Trade Agreement" means a trade agreement between the federal government and a foreign country. International Trade Agreement does not include a trade agreement between the State and a foreign country to which the federal government is not a party.
- (b) Membership. There is created a Commission on International Trade and State Sovereignty consisting of:
- (1) the Chair of the House Committee on Commerce or his or her designee;

- (2) the Chair of the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs or his or her designee;
- (3) a representative of a nonprofit environmental organization, appointed by the Governor from a list provided by the Vermont Natural Resources Council;
- (4) a representative of organized labor, appointed by the Governor from a list provided by Vermont AFL-CIO, Vermont NEA, and the Vermont State Employees' Association;
- (5) the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development or his or her designee;
  - (6) the Attorney General or his or her designee;
- (7) a representative of an exporting Vermont business, appointed by the Governor:
- (8) a representative of a Vermont business actively involved in international trade, appointed by the Governor;
- (9) the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets or his or her designee; and
- (10) a representative of a Vermont chamber of commerce, appointed by the Governor.

#### (c) Powers and duties.

- (1) The Commission shall conduct an annual assessment of the legal and economic impacts of International Trade Agreements on State and local laws, State sovereignty, and the business environment.
- (2) It shall provide a mechanism for citizens and legislators to voice their concerns, which it shall use to make policy recommendations to the General Assembly, to the Governor, to Vermont's congressional delegation, or to the trade representatives of the United States government. Recommendations shall be designed to protect Vermont's job and business environment, and State sovereignty from any negative impacts of trade agreements.
- (3) It may recommend legislation or preferred practices and shall work with interested groups in other states to develop means to resolve the conflicting goals and tension inherent in the relationship between international trade and State sovereignty.
- (4) As provided for in 9 V.S.A. chapter 111A, the Commission shall consider and develop formal recommendations with respect to how the State

should best respond to challenges and opportunities posed by a particular International Agreement.

- (d) Reporting. The Commission shall submit an annual report, which shall be prepared by the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development, to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development, the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs, the Governor, and Vermont's congressional delegation. The report shall contain information acquired pursuant to activities carried out under subsection (c) of this section. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this subsection.
- (e) Staff services. The Commission shall be entitled to staff services of the Agency of Commerce and Community Development, the Legislative Council, and the Joint Fiscal Committee.
- (f) Per diem. For attendance at a meeting when the General Assembly is not in session, legislative members of the Commission shall be entitled to the same per diem compensation and reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses as provided members of Standing Committees under 2 V.S.A. § 406. Except for members employed by the State, members of the Commission shall be entitled to the same per diem compensation as provided under 32 V.S.A. § 1010(a) and mileage reimbursement as provided under 32 V.S.A. § 1267. [Repealed.]

\* \* \* Film and New Media Advisory Board \* \* \*

Sec. 11. 3 V.S.A. § 2471d is amended to read:

#### § 2471d. VERMONT FILM AND NEW MEDIA ADVISORY BOARD

The Secretary of Commerce and Community Development shall appoint a Film and New Media Advisory Board to make recommendations to the Secretary on promoting Vermont as a location for commercial film and television production and facilitating the participation of local individuals and companies in such productions. The primary function of the Advisory Board is to recommend to the Secretary strategies to link Vermonters employed in the film and new media, video, or other creative arts, to economic opportunities in their trades in Vermont. [Repealed.]

\* \* \* Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation \* \* \*

Sec. 12. 10 V.S.A. chapter 12, subchapter 6 is amended to read:

Subchapter 6. Family Farm Assistance

§ 271. PURPOSES

It is the intention of the General Assembly in enacting this subchapter to provide a limited source of loan funds to family farmers or prospective family farmers under terms and conditions that will reduce their investment costs to an extent that offers them a reasonable chance to succeed. [Repealed.]

#### § 272. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

- (1) "Authority" means the Vermont Economic Development Authority.
- (2) "Family farmer" means a person who is a resident of this State and who is, or will become, engaged in farming on his or her own behalf managing and operating the farm on a full-time basis and whose net worth (including his or her dependents and spouse) does not exceed \$150,000.00.
- (3) "Farming" shall mean the cultivation of land or other uses of land for the production of food, fiber, horticultural, orchard, or forest crops, or the raising of livestock, poultry, equines, fish, or bees. Farming also includes the storage, preparation, retail sale, and transportation of agricultural commodities accessory to the cultivation or use of such land.
- (4) "Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation" means the nonprofit quasipublic corporation for which articles of association have been filed with the Secretary of State on April 26, 1935. [Repealed.]

### § 273. FARMERS LOAN PROGRAM; ELIGIBILITY; APPLICATION

- (a) The Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation shall establish a family farm assistance loan program to: strengthen existing farms, encourage diversification and innovative farming techniques, increase energy efficiency and reduce energy consumption, and assist beginning farmers to start new farms, provided that beginning farmers will not produce commodities that are already in surplus.
  - (b) In order to be eligible an applicant shall be:
    - (1) a family farmer who is a resident of this State;
- (2) an owner or prospective purchaser of agricultural land in the State or depreciable farm machinery, equipment, or livestock to be used in the State;
- (3) a person of sufficient education, training, or experience in the type of farming for which the applicant requests the loan;
- (4) an operator or proposed operator of a farm for whom the loan reduces investment costs to an extent that offers him or her a reasonable chance to succeed;

- (5) a credit-worthy person under such standards as the Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation may, in its discretion, establish; and
- (6) in compliance with the requirements of subdivisions 262(2) through (4) and subdivisions (6) through (10) of this title. For purposes of this subchapter, the terms "eligible facility" and "facility" as used in section 262 shall be defined to include all farming operations.
- (c) Applicants for the family farmer assistance loan program under this subchapter shall apply to the Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation, which shall review proposed farm projects, and the applicant's qualifications and grant loans under the provisions of this subchapter, subject to such reasonable terms and conditions as the Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation deems appropriate.
- (d) Any person who obtains a loan under this subchapter shall not be eligible for loan assistance under subchapter 5 of this chapter during the period in which the subchapter 6 loan is outstanding.
- (e) All meetings of the Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation board of directors that concern the family farm assistance program shall be subject to 1 V.S.A. chapter 5, subchapter 5. [Repealed.]

### § 274. LOAN TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- (a) Within the limits of funds available, the Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation may make loans to eligible applicants upon such terms and conditions as may reasonably be expected to be fulfilled by the applicant. In no event shall the total principal obligation of all Vermont Economic Development authority loans granted under this subchapter to any family farmer exceed \$50,000.00.
- (b) The Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation shall require the farmer to execute a note, loan agreement, security agreement, mortgage, or other evidence of indebtedness in favor of the Authority sufficient to protect reasonably the security of the mortgage or secured loan. All payments shall be made to the Authority for the use of section 234 of this title. The Vermont Economic Development Authority shall service all loans made by the Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation under this subchapter. In the event of default by a loan recipient under this subchapter, the Authority shall consult with the Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation prior to commencing any collection or foreclosure action. [Repealed.]

#### § 275. **FUNDING**

In fiscal year 1986, the Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation, in its discretion, may loan up to \$400,000.00 of the Vermont Jobs Fund established by section 234 of this title for the purposes of this subchapter. Depending on

its assessment of the progress of the family farm assistance program, the General Assembly may adjust the loan limits from those established for fiscal year 1986 and may establish appropriate loan limits in fiscal years 1987 and 1988. [Repealed.]

#### § 277. PERSONNEL AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT

- (a) The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets, with the consent of the Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation, may use a portion of the funds provided under section 275 of this title, not to exceed \$20,000.00 in any fiscal year, to contract for assistance in reviewing loan applications, making recommendations to the board, reviewing compliance with loan conditions, and carrying out such other activities as the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets may direct.
- (b) The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets may provide the Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation with additional personnel and other support as he or she deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this subchapter. [Repealed.]
  - \* \* \* State Natural Resources Conservation Council Board of Adjustment \* \* \*

Sec. 13. 10 V.S.A. chapter 31, subchapter 1 is amended to read:

Subchapter 1. Conservation, Development, and Use of Natural Resources

\* \* \*

# § 731. FAILURE TO OBSERVE LAND-USE ORDINANCE; CONFERENCES

- (a) In the event that the supervisors of a district find that the provisions of a land-use ordinance adopted according to the provisions of this chapter are not being observed on particular lands, and that such nonobservance tends substantially to increase erosion on such lands and substantially interferes with the prevention or control of erosion or conservation of natural resources on other lands within the district, the supervisors may summon the owner of the land to appear before them to discuss the failure of the owner to observe the regulations, and to perform particular work, operations, or avoidances as required by ordinance of the district, when the nonobservance tends substantially to increase erosion on the lands and substantially interferes with the prevention or control of erosion or conservation of natural resources on other lands within the district
- (b) By conference thus convoked, the supervisors and the owner of land not observing the ordinance adopted by the district, shall together make and

sign a finding as to the issues which that are involved in the failure of the owner to observe the ordinance of the district.

- (c)(1) Upon the basis of such findings and if, after conference, it appears to the supervisors that there are great practical difficulties or unnecessary hardship involved in the full observance of the ordinance of the district, the supervisor supervisors shall endeavor to work out a program with the owner, as shall be acceptable to the owner and shall enable the owner to comply with the ordinance.
- (2)(A) Alternatively, upon the basis of their findings, the supervisors may authorize such variance from the ordinances in their application to the lands of the owner who has not complied with the ordinance of the district, when such variance will relieve practical difficulties or unnecessary hardship to that owner and when such variance is not contrary to public interest and is in accordance with the purpose of land use regulations.
- (B) The supervisors may request the landowner not complying with an ordinance to sign a stipulation setting forth the conditions agreed upon by the landowner and supervisors so that the practical difficulties or unnecessary hardship may be overcome and the work proceed by the consent of such landowner upon the land.
- (d) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed so as to make ineffective any remedies available under the laws of the State.
- § 732. NONCOMPLIANCE; REFERENCE TO BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT; COMPOSITION OF BOARD; TERMS, COMPENSATION, CONDUCT
- (a) When by conference the supervisors and the landowner not complying with the ordinances of the district are unable to agree on the conditions under which compliance may be effected, the supervisors shall refer the matter to a board of adjustment which shall be appointed by the State Council upon request of the supervisors.
- (b) The board of adjustment shall consist of three members appointed for a term of one year. The board shall elect its own chair. Vacancies in the board of adjustment shall be filled in the same manner as original appointments. The members of the board shall receive compensation for their services at a rate not to exceed the per diem rate as defined by 32 V.S.A. § 1010(b) in addition to expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties. The State Council shall pay the necessary administrative and other expenses of operation incurred by the board upon vouchers signed by the chair of the board. The board shall adopt rules to govern its procedure, which rules shall be in accordance with the

provisions of this chapter and with the provisions of any recommendations made by the State Council. Any two members of the board shall constitute a quorum. The chair, or in the chair's absence such other member of the board as the chair may designate to serve as acting chair, may administer oaths and compel the attendance of witnesses. All meetings of the board shall be open to the public. The board shall keep an accurate record of its proceedings, and shall file all documents and memoranda of proceedings with the state council, when each grievance has been adjusted. [Repealed.]

#### § 733. POWERS OF BOARD

Upon the basis of such inquiry as it deems it necessary to conduct, and upon the basis of findings resulting therefrom, the board of adjustment shall have authority by order to authorize such variance from the ordinances in their application to the lands of the owner who has not complied with the ordinance of the district, when such variance will relieve practical difficulties or unnecessary hardship to such owner and when such variance is not contrary to public interest and is in accordance with the purpose of land-use regulations. The board of adjustment may request the landowner not complying with an ordinance to sign a stipulation setting forth the conditions agreed upon by the landowner and supervisors so that the practical difficulties or unnecessary hardship may be overcome and work proceed by the consent of such landowner upon his land. However, nothing in this chapter shall be construed so as to make ineffective any remedies available under the laws of the state. [Repealed.]

#### § 734. SUPERVISORS MAY PETITION SUPERIOR COURT, WHEN

If a landowner does not sign such stipulation, the supervisors may petition the Superior Court to require such landowner to bring his or her land into conformity with the ordinance, and the Court court shall order such relief as it may deem necessary in the interest of public health, safety, and welfare. However, no landowner shall by ordinance or otherwise be required to pay any money or perform any act that shall not be for the protection of his or her own land nor shall he or she be required to pay any money, perform any act, or carry out any practice that shall not be in just proportion to the benefits that he or she will receive and further provided that he or she shall not be required to pay any money, perform any act, or carry out any practice that shall not be deemed to be necessary for the public good.

\* \* \* Pesticide Advisory Council \* \* \*

Sec. 14. 6 V.S.A. § 1102 is amended to read:

#### § 1102. PESTICIDE ADVISORY COUNCIL ESTABLISHED

\* \* \*

(d) The functions of the Council are:

\* \* \*

- (6) To recommend targets with respect to the State goal of achieving an overall reduction in the use of pesticides consistent with sound pest or vegetative management practices and to issue an annual report to the General Assembly, detailing measure the State's progress in reaching those targets and attaining that goal. The targets should be designed to enable evaluation of multiple measures of pesticide usage, use patterns, and associated risks. Targets should take into consideration at a minimum the following:
  - (A) reducing the amount of acreage where pesticides are used;
  - (B) reducing the risks associated with the use of pesticides;
- (C) increasing the acreage managed by means of integrated pest management techniques;
- (D) decreasing, within each level of comparable risk, the quantity of pesticides applied per acre; and
- (E) making recommendations regarding the implementation of other management practices that result in decreased pesticide use.

\* \* \*

\* \* \* Vermont Milk Commission \* \* \*

Sec. 15. 6 V.S.A. § 2937 is amended to read:

#### § 2937. ANNUAL PERIODIC REPORT

The Commission shall <u>may</u> report <u>annually as needed</u> on its activities to the House and Senate Committees on Agriculture on or <u>before January 15</u>, <u>beginning in 2009</u>.

\* \* \* Sustainable Agriculture Council \* \* \*

Sec. 16. 6 V.S.A. § 4701 is amended to read:

# § 4701. SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE RESEARCH AND EDUCATION PROGRAM

(a) The purpose of this section is to promote research and education that will encourage the development and use of economically and ecologically sound sustainable agriculture practices such as organic methods, biological control, integrated pest management, soil improvement, cultivation, harvesting

and irrigation techniques, and transportation and marketing innovations, through:

- (1) The the control of pests and diseases of agricultural importance through alternatives that reduce or eliminate the use of pesticides and petrochemicals.;
- (2) The the production, processing, and distribution of food and fiber in ways that consider the interactions among soils, plants, water, air, animals, tillage, machinery, labor, energy, and transportation to enhance the viability of agricultural soils, public health, and resource conservation-;
- (3) The the expansion of marketing opportunities and promotion of products produced through the practice of sustainable agriculture which that will encourage the purchase of Vermont grown foods and promote regional food security-; and
- (4) The the coordination of research and education activities on sustainable agriculture among private and public agencies and individuals within Vermont.
- (b) A Sustainable Agriculture Council is established, to be chaired by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets. The Council shall include the Secretary of Education and representatives, appointed by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets, of the College of Agriculture at the University of Vermont, University of Vermont Extension, Vermont Technical College and farm organizations, and a representative of the low input sustainable agriculture program of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The Council shall meet on call of the Secretary and shall make recommendations regarding:
- (1) Goals and priorities for ongoing public and private research of particular relevance to Vermont agriculture, and for the coordination of research and demonstration projects on sustainable agriculture.
- (2) The dissemination of research results, the identification of future research needs and other useful information on sustainable agriculture.
- (3) The use of State-owned lands, participating farmer managed land, and land owned by the University of Vermont and State Colleges System for continuing research on sustainable agriculture practices.
- (4) Techniques for financing the integration of sustainable agriculture practices into farming operations.
- (5) The teaching of sustainable agriculture practices in schools at the elementary, secondary, and postsecondary levels. [Repealed.]

- (c) The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets is authorized to apply for, accept, and make use of grants from public and private sources to achieve the objectives of this section, in accordance with the provisions of 32 V.S.A. § 5. In awarding grants, preference shall be given to individuals, especially farmers, conducting on-farm research.
- (d) By January 15, annually, the Council shall prepare a report for distribution to participating organizations and the public summarizing developments in sustainable agriculture in Vermont and nationally. The report shall also make recommendations for future activities that will promote the objectives of this section. [Repealed.]
  - \* \* \* Vermont Transportation Authority \* \* \*

Sec. 17. REPEAL

29 V.S.A. chapter 16 (Vermont Transportation Authority) is repealed.

\* \* \* Capitol Complex Commission \* \* \*

Sec. 18. 29 V.S.A. § 182 is amended to read:

#### § 182. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

- (2) "Capitol complex commission Complex Commission" means a commission consisting of five seven members.
- (A) Four members shall be appointed by the governor Governor, with the advice and consent of the senate Senate, for a term of three years. One member shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House, and one member shall be appointed by the Senate Committee on Committees, each for a term of two years. The fifth seventh member shall be appointed by the Montpelier eity council City Council for a term of two years.
- (B) The chair Chair of the capitol complex commission Capitol Complex Commission shall be designated by the governor Governor.
- (C) No more Not fewer than two members of the commission Commission shall be residents of the city City of Montpelier, and no a member may shall not be an exempt employee of the state State of Vermont or a State legislator.
- (D) The commissioner of buildings and general services Commissioner of Buildings and General Services shall be the executive secretary of the board Commission and shall have no vote.

#### \* \* \* Vermont Enhanced 911 Board \* \* \*

# Sec. 19. VERMONT ENHANCED 911 BOARD; SECRETARY OF ADMINISTRATION; REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

- (a) On or before January 15, 2020, the Secretary of Administration shall report to the Senate Committee on Government Operations and the House Committee on Energy and Technology with a recommendation regarding to which agency or department the Vermont Enhanced 911 Board shall report beginning in Fiscal Year 2021.
- (b) In formulating the recommendation required by this section, the Secretary shall receive input from the State and local agencies and departments impacted by any changes.
  - \* \* \* Artificial Intelligence Task Force \* \* \*
- Sec. 20. 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 137, Sec. 1 is amended to read:
  - Sec. 1. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE TASK FORCE; REPORT

\* \* \*

(e) Meetings.

\* \* \*

(3) The Task Force shall meet not more than 10 15 times and, except that this limitation on meetings shall not apply to any public hearing the Task Force holds for the purpose of obtaining public testimony regarding artificial intelligence. The Task Force shall cease to exist on June 30, 2019 January 15, 2020.

\* \* \*

(h) Reports. On or before February 15, 2019, the Task Force shall submit an update to the Senate Committee on Government Operations and the House Committee on Energy and Technology. On or before June 30, 2019 January 15, 2020, the Task Force shall submit a final report to the Senate Committee on Government Operations and the House Committee on Energy and Technology that shall include:

\* \* \* Contract Negotiations \* \* \*

Sec. 21. 3 V.S.A. § 925 is amended to read:

§ 925. MEDIATION; FACT FINDING

- (i)(1) If In the case of the Vermont State Colleges or the University of Vermont, if the dispute remains unresolved 20 days after transmittal of findings and recommendations to the parties or within a time frame mutually agreed upon by the parties that may be no more than an additional 30 days, each party shall submit as a single package its last best offer on all disputed issues to the Board. Each party's last best offer shall be filed with the Board under seal and shall be unsealed and placed in the public record only when both parties' last best offers are filed with the Board. The Board shall hold one or more hearings. Within 30 days of the certifications, the Board shall select between the last best offers of the parties, considered in its their entirety without amendment.
- (2) In the case of the State of Vermont or the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs, if the dispute remains unresolved 20 days after transmittal of findings and recommendations to the parties or within a time frame mutually agreed upon by the parties that may be no more than an additional 30 days, each party shall submit as a single package its last best offer on all disputed issues to the Board, or upon the request of either party, to an arbitrator mutually agreed upon by the parties. If the parties cannot agree on an arbitrator, the American Arbitration Association shall appoint a neutral third party to act as arbitrator. Each party's last best offer shall be filed with the Board or the arbitrator under seal and shall be unsealed and placed in the public record only when both parties' last best offers are filed with the Board or the arbitrator. The Board or the arbitrator shall hold one or more hearings. Within 30 days of the certifications, the Board or the arbitrator shall select between the last best offers of the parties, considered in their entirety without amendment.
  - (j) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (i) of this section<sub>5</sub>:
- (1) In the case of the Vermont State Colleges or the University of Vermont, should the Board find the last best offers of both parties unreasonable and likely to produce undesirable results, or likely to result in a long-lasting negative impact upon the parties' collective bargaining relationship, then the Board may select the recommendation of the fact finder under subsection (g) of this section as to those disputed issues submitted to the Board in the last best offers.

- (2) In the case of the State of Vermont or the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs, should the Board or the arbitrator find the last best offers of both parties unreasonable and likely to produce undesirable results, or likely to result in a long-lasting negative impact upon the parties' collective bargaining relationship, then the Board or the arbitrator may select the recommendation of the fact finder under subsection (g) of this section as to those disputed issues submitted to the Board or the arbitrator in the last best offers.
- (k)(1) In the case of the State of Vermont or the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs, the decision of the Board shall be final, and the terms of the chosen agreement shall be binding on each party, subject to appropriations in accordance with subsection 982(d) of this title. In the case of the University of Vermont or the Vermont State Colleges, the decision of the Board shall be final and binding on each party.
- (2) In the case of the State of Vermont or the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs, the decision of the Board or the arbitrator shall be final, and the terms of the chosen agreement shall be binding on each party, subject to appropriations in accordance with subsection 982(d) of this title.
- (1) Nothing herein shall be construed to permit <u>an arbitrator or</u> the Board to issue an order under subsection (i) of this section binding upon the parties that is in conflict with any statute or any rule or regulation that is not bargainable.

#### Sec. 22. 21 V.S.A. § 1733 is amended to read:

#### § 1733. ARBITRATION

(a)(1) Nothing herein in this chapter shall prevent the legislative body of a municipal employer and the exclusive bargaining agent from voluntarily submitting a contract impasse to final and binding arbitration or for the municipality by a referendum vote from adopting binding arbitration procedures, in the following form:

The arbitrator shall have the power to determine all issues in dispute involving wages, hours, and conditions of employment as defined by this chapter 21 V.S.A. chapter 22.

(2)(A) Notwithstanding any provision of subdivision (1) of this section, if an impasse continues between the legislative body of a municipal employer and the exclusive bargaining agent for municipal public safety employees for 20 days after a fact finder has made its report public under subsection 1732(e) of this title, the legislative body of the municipal employer and the exclusive bargaining agent for the municipal public safety employees shall submit the

contract impasse to final and binding arbitration pursuant to the provisions of this section.

- (B) Notwithstanding section 1732 of this chapter to the contrary, after the mediator has certified to the Commissioner of Labor that the impasse continues, the legislative body of a municipal employer and the exclusive bargaining agent for municipal public safety employees may agree to proceed directly to final and binding arbitration pursuant to the provisions of this section without first submitting the dispute to fact finding pursuant to section 1732 of this chapter.
- (C) The provisions of this subdivision (2) shall not apply to negotiations between the legislative body of a municipal employer and the exclusive bargaining agent for a bargaining unit that includes both municipal public safety employees and other municipal employees.

\* \* \*

Sec. 23. 21 V.S.A. § 1722 is amended to read:

### § 1722. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

\* \* \*

- (22) "Municipal public safety employee" means a municipal employee who is:
  - (A) a firefighter as defined in 20 V.S.A. § 3151(3);
- (B) an ambulance service, emergency medical personnel, or first responder service as defined in 24 V.S.A. § 2651; or
- (C) a law enforcement officer who has been certified by the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council pursuant to 20 V.S.A. § 2358.

#### Sec. 24. APPLICATION

Secs. 21-23 of this act (contract negotiations) shall apply to contract negotiations that begin on or after July 1, 2019.

\* \* \* Effective Date \* \* \*

#### Sec. 25. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2019.

(For House amendments, see House Journal for January 31, 2019, pages 99-101 and February 1, 2019, page 108)

An act relating to eligibility for farm-to-school grant assistance.

### Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator Hardy for the Committee on Agriculture.

The Committee recommends that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 6 V.S.A. § 4721 is amended to read:

## § 4721. LOCAL FOODS GRANT PROGRAM

- (a) There is created in the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets the Rozo McLaughlin Farm-to-School Program to execute, administer, and award local grants for the purpose of helping Vermont schools develop farm-to-school programs that will sustain relationships with local farmers and producers, enrich the educational experience of students, improve the health of Vermont children, and enhance Vermont's agricultural economy.
- (b) A school, a school district, a consortium of schools, a consortium of school districts, or <u>a</u> registered or licensed child care <u>providers provider</u>, or <u>an organization administering or assisting the development of farm-to-school programs</u> may apply to the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets for a grant award to:
- (1) fund equipment, resources, training, and materials that will help to increase use of local foods in child nutrition programs;
- (2) fund items, including local food products, gardening supplies, field trips to farms, gleaning on farms, and stipends to visiting farmers, that will help educators to use hands-on educational techniques to teach children about nutrition and farm-to-school connections;
- (3) fund professional development and technical assistance, in partnership with the Agency of Education and farm-to-school technical service providers, to help teachers, child nutrition personnel, <u>organizations</u> administering or assisting the development of farm-to-school programs, and members of the farm-to-school community educate students about nutrition and farm-to-school connections and assist schools and licensed or registered child care providers in developing a farm-to-school program; and
- (4) fund technical assistance or support strategies to increase participation in federal child nutrition programs that increase the viability of sustainable meal programs.

- (c) The Secretaries of Agriculture, Food and Markets and of Education and the Commissioner of Health, in consultation with farmers, child nutrition staff, educators, <u>organizations administering or assisting the development of farm-to-school programs</u>, and farm-to-school technical service providers jointly shall adopt procedures relating to the content of the grant application and the criteria for making awards.
- (d) The Secretary shall determine that there is significant interest in the school community before making an award and shall give priority consideration to schools, school districts, and registered or licensed child care providers that are developing farm-to-school connections and education, that indicate a willingness to make changes to their child nutrition programs to increase student access and participation, and that are making progress toward the implementation of the Vermont School Wellness Policy Guidelines developed by the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets, the Agency of Education, and the Department of Health, updated in June 2015 or of the successor of these guidelines.
- (e) No award shall be greater than \$15,000.00 20 percent of the total annual amount available for granting except that a grant award to the following entities may, at the discretion of the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets, exceed the cap:
  - (1) Farm-to-School service providers; or
- (2) school districts or consortiums of school districts that completed merger under 2010 Acts and Resolves No. 153, 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 156, or 2015 Acts and Resolves No. 46 on or before July 1, 2019, provided that the grant is used for the purpose of expanding Farm-to-School projects to additional schools within the new school district.
- Sec. 2. 6 V.S.A. § 4722 is amended to read:

# § 4722. FARM ASSISTANCE; SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE, FOOD AND MARKETS

- (a) The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall work with existing programs and organizations to develop and implement educational opportunities for farmers to help them increase their markets through selling their products to schools, registered or licensed child care providers, and State government agencies that operate or participate in child nutrition programs.
- (b) The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall work with distributors that sell products to schools, registered or licensed child care providers, and State government agencies to increase the availability of local products. The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall consult and

cooperate with the Secretary of Education when working with distributors to schools under this subsection.

### Sec. 3. 6 V.S.A. § 4724(b) is amended to read:

- (b) The duties of the Food Systems Administrator shall include:
- (1) working with institutions, schools, the Agency of Education, registered or licensed child care providers, distributors, producers, commercial markets, and others to create matchmaking opportunities that increase the number of Vermont institutions that purchase foods grown or produced in Vermont;

\* \* \*

# Sec. 4. 16 V.S.A. § 1264 is amended to read:

#### § 1264. FOOD PROGRAM

- (a)(1) Each school board operating a public school shall cause to operate within the school district a food program that makes available a school lunch, as provided in the National School Lunch Act as amended, and a school breakfast, as provided in the National Child Nutrition Act as amended, to each attending student every school day.
- (2) Each school board operating a public school shall offer a summer snack or meals program funded by the Summer Food Service program or the National School Lunch Program for participants in a summer educational or recreational program or camp if:
- (A) at least 50 percent of the students in a school in the district were eligible for free or reduced-price meals under subdivision (1) of this subsection for at least one month in the preceding academic year;
- (B) the district operates or funds the summer educational or recreational program or camp; and
- (C) the summer educational or recreational program or camp is offered 15 or more hours per week.
- (b) In the event of an emergency, the school board may apply to the Secretary for a temporary waiver of the requirements in subsection (a) of this section. The Secretary shall grant the requested waiver if he or she finds that it is unduly difficult for the school district to provide a school lunch, breakfast, or summer meals program, or any combination of the three, and if he or she finds that the school district and supervisory union have exercised due diligence to avoid the emergency situation that gives rise to the need for the requested waiver. In no event shall the waiver extend for a period to exceed

20 school days or, in the case of a summer meals program, the remainder of the summer vacation.

- (c) The State shall be responsible for the student share of the cost of breakfasts provided to all students eligible for a reduced-price breakfast under the federal school breakfast program and for the student share of the cost of lunches provided to all students eligible for a reduced-price lunch under the federal school lunch program.
- (d) It is a goal of the State that by the year 2022 school boards operating a school lunch, breakfast, or summer meals program shall purchase at least 20 percent of all food for those programs from local producers.
- (e)(1) On or before December 31, 2020, and annually thereafter, a school board operating a school lunch, breakfast, or summer meals program shall submit to the Agency of Education an estimate of the percentage of foods that were produced locally that are purchased for those programs and a summary of how the school board defined food purchased locally for the purposes of these purchases.
- (2) On or before January 31, 2021, and annually thereafter, the Agency of Education shall submit to the Senate Committees on Agriculture and on Education and the House Committees on Agriculture and Forestry and on Education in an aggregated form the information received from school boards regarding the percentage of foods produced within the State that are purchased as part of a school lunch, breakfast, or summer meals program. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) regarding expiration of required reports shall not apply to the report required by this subdivision.

### Sec. 5. 16 V.S.A. § 559 is amended to read:

#### § 559. PUBLIC BIDS

- (a) When the cost exceeds \$15,000.00. A school board or supervisory union board shall publicly advertise or invite three or more bids from persons deemed capable of providing items or services if costs are in excess of \$15,000.00 for any of the following:
- (1) the construction, purchase, lease, or improvement of any school building;
- (2) the purchase or lease of any item or items required for supply, equipment, maintenance, repair, or transportation of students; or
  - (3) a contract for transportation, maintenance, or repair services.

- (c) Contract award.
- (1) A contract for any such item or service to be obtained pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be awarded to one of the three lowest responsible bids conforming to specifications, with consideration being given to quantities involved, time required for delivery, purpose for which required, competency and responsibility of bidder, and his or her ability to render satisfactory service. A board shall have the right to reject any or all bids.

\* \* \*

(e) Application of this section. Any contract entered into or purchase made in violation of the provisions of this section shall be void; provided, however, that:

\* \* \*

(4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a school board from awarding a school nutrition contract after using any method of bidding or requests for proposals permitted under federal law for award of the contract. Notwithstanding the monetary amount in subsection (a) of this section for which a school board is required to advertise publicly or invite three or more bids or requests for proposal, a school board is required to publicly advertise or invite three or more bids or requests for proposal for purchases made from the nonprofit school food service account for purchases in excess of the federal simplified acquisition threshold when purchasing food or in excess of \$25,000.00 when purchasing nonfood items, unless a municipality sets a lower threshold for purchases from the nonprofit school food service account.

\* \* \*

# Sec. 6. NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM; FREE AND REDUCED LUNCH; INCREASED QUALIFIED PARTICIPANTS

- (a) It is the goal of the General Assembly that the State attempt to identify as many families as possible in the State who are qualified to receive free and reduced lunches under the National School Lunch Program.
- (b)(1) The Department of Taxes shall consult with the Agency of Education and the Department for Children and Families regarding whether existing tax data in the possession of the Department, including earned income tax credit data, can be used to:
- (A) maximize enrollment in State and federal assistance programs; and

- (B) increase enrollment in State and federal assistance programs that may be used to directly certify families in the State as qualified to receive free and reduced lunches under the National School Lunch Program.
- (2) If the Department of Taxes determines that tax data may be used to directly certify families as qualified to receive free and reduced lunches, the Agency of Education shall apply to the U.S. Department of Agriculture for a waiver to use the relevant tax data to directly certify qualified families in the State.
- (3) On or before January 15, 2020, the Department of Taxes shall submit to the Senate Committees on Agriculture and on Education and the House Committees on Agriculture and Forestry and on Education a report regarding the status of State efforts under subdivision (1) of this subsection to directly certify families as qualified to receive free and reduced lunches.

# Sec. 7. APPROPRIATIONS; SCHOOL NUTRITION PROGRAMS

In addition to any other funds appropriated to the Agency of Education in fiscal year 2020, there is appropriated from the General Fund to the Agency of Education:

- (1) \$45,000.00 for the purpose of increasing the State match payment to schools participating in the National School Lunch Program;
- (2) \$15,000.00 for the purpose of increasing the State match payment to schools participating in the National School Breakfast Program; and
- (3) \$15,000.00 for the purpose of increasing the State match payments to schools participating in the National Summer Food Service Program.

#### Sec. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2019.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

(For House amendments, see House Journal for February 20, 2019, page 205)

# Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator Starr for the Committee on Appropriations.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Agriculture with the following amendments thereto:

By striking out Sec. 7 in its entirety.

And by renumbering the remaining section to be numerically correct.

(Committee vote: 7-0-0)

#### H. 104.

An act relating to professions and occupations regulated by the Office of Professional Regulation.

# Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator Clarkson for the Committee on Government Operations.

The Committee recommends that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

\* \* \* Office of Professional Regulation \* \* \*

Sec. 1. 3 V.S.A. § 121 is amended to read:

#### § 121. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

- (1) "Director" means the Director of the Office of Professional Regulation.
- (2) "Licensing board" or "board" refers to the boards, commissions, and professions listed in section 122 of this <u>title subchapter</u> and, in the case of disciplinary matters or denials of licensure, either an administrative law officer appointed under subsection 129(j) of this <u>title subchapter</u> or the Director in advisor professions. Notwithstanding statutory language to the contrary, this subchapter shall apply to all those boards.
- (3)(A) "License" includes <u>any</u> certification or, registration or a, permit, commission, or other official authorization to undertake a regulated activity.
- (B) "Licensee" includes registrants and holders of certificates or permits any person to whom a license has been issued by a board or the Director.
  - (4) "Office" means the Office of Professional Regulation.

Sec. 2. 3 V.S.A. § 122 is amended to read:

### § 122. OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL REGULATION

The Office of Professional Regulation is created within the Office of the Secretary of State. The Office shall have a director who shall be appointed by the Secretary of State and shall be an exempt employee. The following boards or professions are attached to the Office of Professional Regulation:

\* \* \*

(17) Board of Radiologic Technology

(29) Board of Real Estate Appraisers

\* \* \*

# (48) Notaries Public

Sec. 3. 3 V.S.A. § 127 is amended to read:

#### § 127. UNAUTHORIZED PRACTICE

- (a) When the Office receives a complaint of unauthorized practice, the Director shall refer the complaint to Office investigators and prosecutors.
- (b)(1) A person practicing a regulated profession without authority or an employer permitting such practice may, upon the complaint of the Attorney General or a State's Attorney or an attorney assigned by the Office of Professional Regulation, be enjoined therefrom by the Superior Court where the violation occurred or the Washington County Superior Court and may be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$1,000.00 \$5,000.00.
- (2)(A) The Attorney General or an attorney assigned by the Office of Professional Regulation may elect to bring an action seeking only a civil penalty of not more than \$1,000.00 \$2,500.00 for practicing or permitting the practice of a regulated profession without authority before the board having regulatory authority over the profession or before an administrative law officer.
- (B) Hearings shall be conducted in the same manner as disciplinary hearings.
- (3)(A) A civil penalty imposed by a board or administrative law officer under this subsection (b) shall be deposited in the Professional Regulatory Fee Fund established in section 124 of this chapter for the purpose of providing education and training for board members and advisor appointees.
- (B) The Director shall detail in the annual report receipts and expenses from these civil penalties.
- (c) In addition to other provisions of law, unauthorized practice shall be punishable by a fine of not more than \$5,000.00 or imprisonment for not more than one year, or both. Prosecution may occur upon the complaint of the Attorney General or a State's Attorney or an attorney assigned by the Office of Professional Regulation under this section and shall not act as a bar to civil or administrative proceedings involving the same conduct.

#### Sec. 4. 3 V.S.A. § 129a is amended to read:

# § 129a. UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

(a) In addition to any other provision of law, the following conduct by a licensee constitutes unprofessional conduct. When that conduct is by an applicant or person who later becomes an applicant, it may constitute grounds for denial of a license or other disciplinary action. Any one of the following items or any combination of items, whether the conduct at issue was committed within or outside the State, shall constitute unprofessional conduct:

\* \* \*

(26) Sexually harassing or exploiting a patient, client, or consumer, or doing so to a coworker in a manner that threatens the health, safety, or welfare of patients, clients, or consumers; failing to maintain professional boundaries; or violating a patient, client, or consumer's reasonable expectation of privacy.

\* \* \*

- (d)(1) After hearing, and upon a finding of unprofessional conduct, a board or an administrative law officer may take disciplinary action against a licensee or applicant, including imposing an administrative penalty not to exceed \$1,000.00 \$5,000.00 for each unprofessional conduct violation.
- (2)(A) Any money received under this subsection shall be deposited in the Professional Regulatory Fee Fund established in section 124 of this title chapter for the purpose of providing education and training for board members and advisor appointees.
- (B) The Director shall detail in the annual report receipts and expenses from money received under this subsection.

\* \* \*

# Sec. 5. 3 V.S.A. § 129b is amended to read:

#### § 129b. BOARD MEMBER AND ADVISOR APPOINTMENTS

- (g) For advisor professions, advisors:
- (1) Advisors shall be appointed by the Secretary of State and shall serve at the pleasure of the Secretary of State. Advisor appointments shall be subject to the same conditions as those for board members under this section.
- (2) The Office shall warn and conduct an open meeting including advisors, program staff, and interested members of the public:

- (A) at least once per year for each profession with 500 or fewer active licensees; and
- (B) at least twice per year for each profession with more than 500 active licensees.
- Sec. 6. 3 V.S.A. § 135 is amended to read:

# § 135. UNIFORM STANDARD FOR RENEWAL FOLLOWING EXTENDED ABSENCE

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, when an applicant seeks to renew an expired or lapsed license after fewer than five years of absence from practice, readiness to practice shall be inferred from completion of any continuing education that would have been required if the applicant had maintained continuous licensure, or by any less burdensome showing set forth in administrative rules specific to the profession or permitted by the Director.

\* \* \*

# Sec. 7. PROFESSIONAL REGULATION; ANALYSIS OF STATE REGULATORY STRUCTURES

#### (a) Findings.

- (1) The General Assembly finds that multiple State agencies regulate a variety of professions and occupations, resulting in professional regulatory structures that vary throughout the State.
- (2) The General Assembly further finds that the State should review whether transferring the regulation of certain professions and occupations to a different State agency would enhance the effectiveness of those professional regulatory structures, including by improving public protection and customer service, reducing unnecessary barriers to licensure, and increasing efficiencies in the staffing, information technology, and other necessary costs associated with professional regulation.
- (b) Office of Professional Regulation, Agency of Administration, and other specified agencies; analysis and report.
- (1) The Office of Professional Regulation and the Agency of Education, the Agency of Human Services, the Agency of Natural Resources, the Department of Public Safety, and the Department of Health shall collaborate in analyzing the professions and occupations that each of those agencies regulate in order to determine whether the effectiveness of those professional regulatory structures, including the elements of effectiveness described in subdivision (a)(2) of this section, would be enhanced by transferring an agency's professional regulation to a different agency.

- (2) In conducting their analysis, the agencies shall consider the professional regulation reports and other information gathered as a result of 2016 Acts and Resolves No. 156, Secs. 20 and 21.
- (3) The Office of Professional Regulation and the Agency of Administration shall lead this collaboration among all the agencies named in subdivision (1) of this subsection, but are encouraged to seek any available grants from outside resources that may enable the agencies to contract with an independent entity to conduct this analysis.
- (4) On or before January 15, 2020, the independent entity or, if a contract with such an entity was not executed, the Office of Professional Regulation and the Agency of Administration shall report to the House Committees on Government Operations, on Education, on Human Services, on Health, on Natural Resources, Fish, and Wildlife, and on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committees on Government Operations, on Education, on Health and Welfare, on Natural Resources and Energy, and on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs with its findings and any recommendations for legislative action.

# Sec. 8. CREATION OF POSITION WITHIN THE OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL REGULATION; LICENSING

- (a) There is created within the Secretary of State's Office of Professional Regulation one new permanent classified Licensing Administrator position.
- (b) Any funding necessary to support the position created in subsection (a) of this section shall be derived from the Office's Professional Regulatory Fee Fund, with no General Fund Dollars.

\* \* \* Accountants \* \* \*

Sec. 9. 26 V.S.A. chapter 1 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 1. ACCOUNTANTS

Subchapter 1. General Provisions

\* \* \*

# § 13. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

\* \* \*

(4) "Disciplinary action" or "disciplinary cases" includes any action taken by a board against a licensee, registrant, or applicant premised upon a finding of wrongdoing or unprofessional conduct by the licensee or applicant.

It includes all sanctions of any kind, excluding obtaining injunctions, but including issuing warnings, other similar sanctions, and ordering restitution. [Repealed.]

- (5) "Firm" means a sole proprietorship, a corporation, a partnership, association, or any other entity that practices public accountancy.
- (6) "Foreign firm" means a firm not located in the United States, its territories, or possessions. [Repealed.]

\* \* \*

- (14) <u>"Sole proprietorship," when used for the specific purpose of describing the fee category applicable to a firm under this chapter, means a firm that employs only one certified public accountant.</u>
- (15) "State" includes the states of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and other jurisdictions recognized by the National Association of State Boards of Accountancy (NASBA).

\* \* \*

#### § 17. PENALTY

Any person who violates any provision of section 14 of this title chapter shall be subject to the penalties set forth in 3 V.S.A. § 127(c).

\* \* \*

#### Subchapter 3. Licenses

\* \* \*

#### § 74a. FOREIGN REGISTRATION

- (a) A foreign firm licensed or registered in another country seeking to practice temporarily in the state shall register with the board and pay the required fee. The board shall adopt rules prescribing the procedure to be followed in carrying out the registrations. Registrations under this section shall expire three months after issuance. "Firm" is as defined in subdivision 13(5) of this title.
- (b) A foreign firm providing public accounting services in the state of Vermont shall be registered and obtain a firm registration number.
- (c) An accountant qualified for the practice of public accountancy in a foreign country may:
- (1) use a title granted by that country, together with any suitable translation into English of that title, and the name of that country;

(2) temporarily practice public accounting after registering with the board under section 74a of this title. [Repealed.]

\* \* \*

### § 81. OWNERSHIP OF ACCOUNTANT'S WORKING PAPERS

\* \* \*

(d) An accountant or accountancy firm shall have in place a plan for responsible disposition of client records in case of unexpected incapacity or firm dissolution.

\* \* \*

\* \* \* Dental Hygienists \* \* \*

Sec. 10. 26 V.S.A. chapter 12 is amended to read:

# CHAPTER 12. DENTISTS, DENTAL THERAPISTS, DENTAL HYGIENISTS, AND DENTAL ASSISTANTS

\* \* \*

Subchapter 2. Board of Dental Examiners

\* \* \*

### § 582. AUTHORITY OF THE BOARD

In addition to any other provisions of law, the board Board shall have the authority to:

\* \* \*

(3) adopt rules pursuant to the Vermont Administrative Procedure Act as set forth in 3 V.S.A. chapter 25:

\* \* \*

(H) setting guidelines for general supervision of dental hygienists with no less than three years of experience by dentists with no less than three years of experience to, to be known as "public-health hygienists," who may perform tasks in public or private schools or institutions the settings set forth in section 624 of this chapter; and

\* \* \*

Subchapter 4. Dental Hygienists

#### § 624. PRACTICE

- (a) A dental hygienist may perform duties for which the dental hygienist has been qualified by successful completion of the normal curriculum offered by programs of dental hygiene accredited by the American Dental Association or in continuing education courses approved by the Board. A dental hygienist may perform tasks in the office of any licensed dentist consistent with the rules adopted by the Board.
- (b) In public or private schools or institutions, a dental A public-health hygienist, who shall be a dental hygienist with no less fewer than three years of experience, may perform tasks under the general supervision of a licensed dentist with no less than three years of experience as prescribed in out-of-office settings, including residences, schools, nursing home and long-term care facilities, clinics, hospitals, medical facilities, community health centers licensed or approved by the Department of Health, Head Start programs, and any other facilities or programs deemed appropriate by the Department of Health in a manner consistent with guidelines adopted by the Board by rule.

\* \* \* Nursing \* \* \*

Sec. 11. 26 V.S.A. chapter 28 is amended to read:

**CHAPTER 28. NURSING** 

Subchapter 1. General Provisions

\* \* \*

### § 1574. POWERS AND DUTIES

(a) In addition to the powers granted by 3 V.S.A. § 129, the Board shall:

\* \* \*

- (3) Adopt rules setting standards for approval of <u>medication</u> nursing assistant and nursing education programs in Vermont, including all clinical facilities. The Board may require reimbursement for actual and necessary costs incurred for site surveys.
- (4) Adopt rules for medication nursing assistant education and competency evaluation programs and survey and approve those programs that meet the rules. [Repealed.]

# Subchapter 2. Advanced Practice Registered Nurses

\* \* \*

#### § 1613. TRANSITION TO PRACTICE

- (a)(1) Graduates An APRN with fewer than 24 months and 2,400 hours of licensed active advanced nursing practice in an initial role and population focus or fewer than 12 months and 1,600 hours for any additional role and population focus shall have a formal agreement with a collaborating provider as required by board Board rule.
- (2) APRNs An APRN shall have and maintain signed and dated copies of all required collaborative provider agreements as part of the practice guidelines.
- (3) An APRN required to practice with a collaborative provider agreement may not engage in solo practice, except with regard to a role and population focus in which the APRN has met the requirements of this subsection.
- (b) An APRN who satisfies the requirements to engage in solo practice pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall notify the <u>board Board</u> that these requirements have been met.

\* \* \*

\* \* \* Optometrists \* \* \*

Sec. 12. 26 V.S.A. chapter 30 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 30. OPTOMETRY

\* \* \*

#### § 1703. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

- (2) The "practice of optometry" means any one or combination of the following practices:
- (A) The examination of Examining the human eyes and visual system for purposes of:
  - (i) diagnosing refractive and functional ability; or
- (ii) diagnosing the presence of eye and adnexa disease or injury, treating the disease or injury with the appropriate pharmaceutical agents and procedures in accordance with this chapter, and making referrals to the appropriate health care provider when warranted.

- (B) The diagnosis and correction of Diagnosing and correcting anomalies of the refractive and functional ability of the visual system and the enhancement of visual performance including, but not limited to, the following:
- (i) the prescribing and employment of <u>using</u> ophthalmic lenses, prisms, autorefractor or other automatic testing devices, frames, ophthalmic aids, and prosthetic materials as consistent with the health of the eye;
- (ii) the prescribing and  $\underline{\text{employment of }}\underline{\text{employing}}$  contact lenses; and
- (iii) administering visual training, vision therapy, orthoptics, and pleoptics.
- (C) Prescribing appropriate pharmaceutical agents for the diagnosis, management, and treatment of the eye and adnexa.
- (D) Removing superficial foreign bodies from the eye and adnexa; epilating the eyelashes, including by electrolysis; and punctal dilation, lacrimal irrigation, and punctal plugs insertion.
- (E) Managing the following types of glaucoma in patients who are 16 years of age or older:
  - (i) adult primary open angle glaucoma;
  - (ii) exfoliative glaucoma;
  - (iii) pigmentary glaucoma;
  - (iv) low tension glaucoma;
  - (v) inflammatory (uveitic) glaucoma; and
  - (vi) emergency treatment of angle closure glaucoma.
- (3) "Disciplinary action" or "disciplinary cases" includes any action taken by a board against a licensee or applicant premised upon a finding of wrongdoing or unprofessional conduct by the licensee or applicant. It includes all sanctions of any kind, including obtaining injunctions, issuing warnings, reprimands, suspensions, or revocations of licenses, and other similar sanctions and ordering restitution. "Director" means the Director of the Office of Professional Regulation.
  - (4) "Financial interest" means being:
    - (A) a licensed practitioner of optometry; or
- (B) a person who deals in goods and services which that are uniquely related to the practice of optometry; or

- (C) a person who has invested anything of value in a business which that provides optometric services.
- (5) "Contact lenses" means those lenses that are worn for cosmetic, therapeutic, or refractive purposes.

### § 1704. PENALTIES

A person who obtains a license by fraud or misrepresentation or who practices or attempts to practice optometry or hold himself or herself out as being able to do so in this state <u>State</u> without first having obtained the license required by this chapter shall be subject to the penalties provided in 3 V.S.A. § 127(c).

# Subchapter 2. State Board of Optometry Board

#### § 1707. QUALIFICATIONS; TERM OF OFFICE; REMOVAL

- (a) A state board of optometry The State Board of Optometry is created which shall be the continuation of and successor to the state board of examiners in optometry heretofore established by chapter 29 of this title.
- (b) The board Board shall consist of five members, three of whom shall be residents of the state, State who have had at least five years' experience in the practice of optometry in the state, State and are in the active practice of optometry at the time of their appointment; and two members who shall be representatives of the public, who shall be residents of the state State for five years and who shall have no financial interest in the profession other than as a consumer or potential consumer of its services.

#### § 1708. POWERS AND DUTIES

#### (a) The board Board shall:

- (1) Adopt rules under 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 the Vermont Administrative Procedure Act necessary for the performance of its duties, ensuring that at least the following are established by statute or rule:
  - (A) A a definition of the behavior for which a license is required;
- (B) Explanations explanations of appeal and other significant rights given by law to licensees, applicants, and the public; and
- (C) standards for acceptance of continuing education, which may identify mandatory content specific to pharmacology, and management of adverse drug reactions.

#### (b) The board may:

- (1) exercise authority granted under 3 V.S.A. chapter 5.;
- (2) use the administrative services provided by the office of professional regulation under 3 V.S.A. chapter 5;
- (3) Receive legal assistance from the attorney general of the state and from the legal counsel for the director of the office of professional regulation. [Repealed.]
  - (c) The board Board shall not limit the:
    - (1) limit the ownership of optometric practices to licensed optometrists;
- (2) limit the number of offices or sites at which an optometrist may practice; or
- (3) limit the right of optometrists to practice in an association, partnership, corporation, or other lawful entity with anyone.

\* \* \*

# Subchapter 3. Examinations and Licenses

\* \* \*

# § 1715. LICENSURE BY EXAMINATION

- (a) The board Board may grant a license to an applicant who:
  - (1) has attained the age of majority;
- (2) is a graduate of an optometric school or college accredited by a regional or professional accreditation organization approved by the <del>board</del> Board;
- (3) <u>holds a current cardiopulmonary resuscitation certification from the American Red Cross, the Vermont Heart Association, or a comparable source recognized by the Director;</u>
- (4) has successfully completed an examination approved by the board Board; and
  - (4)(5) has paid the fee required by section 1718 of this title chapter.
- (b) A failed examination may be retaken once free of charge and each examination thereafter shall be subject to payment of a fee. [Repealed.]

\* \* \*

# § 1716a. RENEWAL

Licenses shall be renewed every two years upon payment of the required fee, provided that the person applying for renewal completes at least 20

<u>40</u> hours of continuing education, approved by the <u>board Board</u>, during the preceding two-year period and holds a current cardiopulmonary resuscitation <u>certification</u>. If the applicant has a special endorsement for the use of pharmaceutical agents as provided in section 1729 of this title, the applicant shall, during the preceding two-year period, complete at least 40 hours of continuing education, approved by the board, of which at least 20 hours shall be related to the use of therapeutic pharmaceutical agents. The board may specify particular areas of study which must be completed to satisfy the requirements of this section. The board may, by rule, adopt continuing education requirements for those who renew their licenses after less than a full two-year period.

\* \* \*

# Subchapter 4. Unprofessional Conduct and Discipline

### § 1719. UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

- (a) Unprofessional conduct is the conduct prohibited by this section and by 3 V.S.A. § 129a, whether or not taken by a license holder committed by a licensee, an applicant, or a person who later becomes an applicant.
  - (b) Unprofessional conduct means:
- (1) Conduct which that evidences moral unfitness to practice the occupation.
- (2) Any of the following except when reasonably undertaken in an emergency situation in order to protect life, health, or property:
- (A) Practicing or offering to practice beyond the scope permitted by law
- (B) Performing treatments or providing services which that a licensee is not qualified to perform or which that are beyond the scope of the licensee's education, training, capabilities, experience, or scope of practice.
- (C) Performing occupational services which that have not been authorized by the consumer or his or her legal representative.

\* \* \*

# Subchapter 5. Diagnostic Pharmaceutical Agents

\* \* \*

#### § 1727. EXPIRATION DATE

(a) An optometrist shall state the expiration date on the face of every prescription written by that optometrist for contact lenses. The expiration date

shall be one year after the examination date unless a medical or refractive problem affecting vision requires an earlier expiration date.

(b) An optometrist may shall not refuse to give the buyer a copy of the buyer's prescription after the expiration date; however, the copy shall be clearly marked to indicate that it is an expired prescription.

Subchapter 6. Therapeutic Pharmaceutical Agents

# § 1728. USE OF THERAPEUTIC PHARMACEUTICAL AGENTS

- (a) An optometrist licensed under this chapter who possesses the endorsement required under section 1729 of this title, may:
- (1) use and prescribe appropriate pharmaceutical agents for the diagnosis, management, and treatment of the eye and adnexa.
- (2) remove superficial foreign bodies from the eye and adnexa, perform epilation of the eyelashes including electrolysis, punctal dilation, and lacrimal irrigation, and insert punctal plugs.
  - (b) Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed to permit:
- (1) the use of therapeutic ultrasound, the use of injections except for the appropriate emergency stabilization of a patient, or the performance of surgery. "Surgery" means any procedure in which human tissue is cut, penetrated, thermally or electrically cauterized except when performing electrolysis, or otherwise infiltrated by mechanical or laser means in a manner not specifically authorized by this act;
  - (2) the use of lasers for any procedure other than diagnostic testing; or
- (3) a licensee to perform indocyanine green angiography, removal of benign skin lesions involving subcutaneous injections, sub-tenons injections, retrobulbar injections, intraocular injections, ketamine (IM) for an infant's examination under anesthesia, management of skin and conjunctival neoplasms, and botox injections.
- (a)(1) A licensee who employs an oral therapeutic pharmaceutical agent that might prove to have significant systemic adverse reactions or systemic side effects shall, in a manner consistent with Vermont law, ascertain the risk of systemic side effects through either a case history or by communicating with the patient's primary care provider.
- (2) The licensee shall also communicate with the patient's primary care provider, or with a physician skilled in diseases of the eye, when, in the professional judgment of the licensee, it is medically appropriate.

- (3) Any communication shall be noted in the patient's permanent record. The methodology of communication shall be determined by the licensee.
- (b)(1) If a glaucoma patient does not respond to up to three topically administered pharmaceutical agents within a reasonable time, the licensee shall refer the patient to a licensed ophthalmologist.
- (2) A glaucoma patient shall not be treated by an optometrist with more than three topically administered agents at any given time.
- (3) If an oral medication is required to obtain an adequate clinical response in a glaucoma patient, the licensee shall consult with a licensed ophthalmologist as soon as clinically prudent following initiation of the oral medication.
- (4) This subsection shall not require that the licensee transfer care of the patient to the consulting ophthalmologist, but does require that the patient be seen by the consulting ophthalmologist.

#### § 1728a. PERMISSIBLE TREATMENTS; GLAUCOMA TYPES

- (a) A licensee may treat the following types of glaucoma on patients who are 16 years of age or older:
  - (1) adult primary open angle glaucoma;
  - (2) exfoliative glaucoma;
  - (3) pigmentary glaucoma;
  - (4) low tension glaucoma;
  - (5) inflammatory (uveitic) glaucoma; and
  - (6) emergency treatment of angle closure glaucoma.
- (b) This section shall not prohibit a licensee from administering appropriate emergency stabilization treatment to a patient. [Repealed.]

\* \* \*

# § 1728c. USE OF ORAL THERAPEUTIC PHARMACEUTICAL AGENT; COMMUNICATION WITH PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER

A licensee who employs an oral therapeutic pharmaceutical agent that might prove to have significant systemic adverse reactions or systemic side-effects shall, in a manner consistent with Vermont law, ascertain the risk of systemic side effects through either a case history or by communicating with the patient's primary care provider. The licensee shall also communicate with the patient's primary care provider, or with a physician skilled in diseases of

the eye, when in the professional judgment of the licensee, it is medically appropriate. The communication shall be noted in the patient's permanent record. The methodology of communication shall be determined by the licensee. [Repealed.]

# § 1728d. DURATION OF GLAUCOMA TREATMENT WITHOUT REFERRAL

- (a) If a glaucoma patient does not respond to up to three topically administered pharmaceutical agents within a reasonable time, the licensee shall refer the patient to a licensed ophthalmologist. No glaucoma patient shall be treated by an optometrist with more than three topically administered agents at any given time.
- (b) If an oral medication is required to obtain an adequate clinical response, the licensee shall consult with a licensed ophthalmologist as soon as clinically prudent following initiation of the oral medication. This section shall not require that the licensee transfer care of the patient to the consulting ophthalmologist, but does require that the patient be seen by the consulting ophthalmologist. [Repealed.]

# § 1729. ENDORSEMENTS AND REQUIREMENTS

- (a) Upon application, the board shall certify eligible licensees to use and prescribe therapeutic drugs and to perform those procedures authorized by subdivision 1728(a)(2) of this title, if the applicant meets the requirements of section 1715 of this chapter for licensure by examination or meets the requirements of section 1716 of this chapter for licensure by endorsement, and is authorized under the license of another jurisdiction to use therapeutic pharmaceutical agents.
- (b) A licensee certified under this section shall affix current documentation of certification to the license in the manner provided by the board.
- (c) A licensee who is certified to use therapeutic pharmaceutical agents shall demonstrate proof of current cardiopulmonary resuscitation certification as a condition of initial certification and of license renewal. Acceptable courses shall include:
- (1) courses in external cardiopulmonary resuscitation which are approved by the Vermont Heart Association or the American Red Cross; and
- (2) courses which include a review of diseases or conditions which might produce emergencies such as anaphylactic shock, diabetes, heart condition, or epilepsy.
  - (d) A licensee certified to use therapeutic pharmaceutical agents shall, as

part of required continuing education, receive not less than 50 percent of his or her continuing education in the use of pharmaceuticals, including treating possible complications arising from their use, and the treatment of glaucoma. [Repealed.]

### § 1729a. PREREQUISITES TO TREATING GLAUCOMA

A licensee who is already certified to use the apeutic pharmaceutical agents and who graduated from a school of optometry prior to 2003 and is not certified in another jurisdiction having substantially similar prerequisites to treating glaucoma shall, in addition to being certified to use therapeutic pharmaceutical agents, provide to the board verification of successful completion of an 18-hour course and examination offered by the State University of New York State College of Optometry or similar accredited institution. Successful completion shall include passing an examination substantially equivalent to the relevant portions on glaucoma and orals of the examination given to current graduates of optometry school and shall require the same passing grade. The course shall cover the diagnosis and treatment of glaucoma and the use of oral medications and shall be taught by both optometrists and ophthalmologists. In addition, the licensee shall collaborate with an optometrist who has been licensed to treat glaucoma for at least two years or an ophthalmologist regarding his or her current glaucoma patients for six months and at least five new glaucoma patients before treating glaucoma patients independently. These five new glaucoma patients shall be seen at least once by the collaborating glaucoma-licensed optometrist or ophthalmologist. [Repealed.]

# Sec. 13. OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL REGULATION; STUDY OF OPTOMETRIC ADVANCED PROCEDURES

- (a) The Office of Professional Regulation shall conduct a study to evaluate the safety and public health needs of enlarging the scope of practice of optometrists to include advanced procedures. In conducting this study, the Office shall consult with relevant stakeholders, including the Vermont Board of Optometry, the Vermont Optometric Association, the Vermont Board of Medical Practice, the Vermont Department of Health, and the Vermont Ophthalmological Society.
- (b) The study shall evaluate, among other considerations, approaches to advanced procedures in jurisdictions outside Vermont, patient need for access to additional practitioners, effects on patient access to care, effects on patient safety, costs to the health care system, and the existing education and training for optometrists, including the degree to which it addresses training in advanced procedures. The Office shall inquire into the specific clinical

training for both optometrists and ophthalmologists for specific procedures.

(c) On or before January 15, 2020, the Office shall report its findings, including any recommendations for legislative action, to the House Committees on Government Operations and on Health Care and to the Senate Committees on Government Operations and on Health and Welfare.

\* \* \* Pharmacy \* \* \*

Sec. 14. 26 V.S.A. chapter 36 is amended to read:

#### CHAPTER 36. PHARMACY

Subchapter 1. General Provisions

\* \* \*

### § 2022. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

\* \* \*

(7) "Drug outlet" means all pharmacies, wholesalers, manufacturers, and other entities that are engaged in the <u>manufacture</u>, dispensing, delivery, or distribution of prescription drugs.

\* \* \*

- (11)(A) "Manufacturing" means the production, preparation, propagation, conversion, or processing of a drug or device, either directly or indirectly, by extraction from substances of natural origin or independently by means of chemical or biological synthesis.
- (B) "Manufacturing" includes the packaging or repackaging of a drug or device or; the labeling or relabeling of the container of a drug or device for resale by a pharmacy, practitioner, or other person; and virtual manufacturing by an entity that sells its own prescription drug or device without physically possessing the product.

\* \* \*

- (19)(A) "Wholesale distributor" means any person who is engaged in wholesale distribution of prescription drugs, but including virtual distribution by an entity that sells a prescription drug or device without physically possessing the product.
- (B) "Wholesale distributor" does not include any for-hire carrier or person hired solely to transport prescription drugs.

#### Subchapter 2. Board of Pharmacy

# § 2031. CREATION; APPOINTMENT; TERMS; ORGANIZATION

- (a)(1) There is hereby created the Board of Pharmacy to enforce the provisions of this chapter.
- (2) The Board shall consist of seven <u>eight</u> members, five of whom shall be pharmacists licensed under this chapter with five years of experience in the practice of pharmacy in this State. <u>One member shall be a pharmacy technician registered under this chapter.</u> Two members shall be members of the public having no financial interest in the practice of pharmacy.
- (b) Members of the Board shall be appointed by the Governor pursuant to 3 V.S.A. §§ 129b and 2004.

#### § 2032. POWERS; DUTIES; LIMITATIONS

- (a) The Board shall adopt rules necessary for the performance of its duties, including:
  - (1) scope of the practice of pharmacy;
  - (2) qualifications for obtaining licensure;
- (3) explanations of appeal and other rights given to licensees, applicants, and the public; and
  - (4) rules regulating pharmacy technicians; and
- (5) provisions for the inspection of any regulated entity or commercial location where legend drugs are manufactured or kept.

- (c) The Board of Pharmacy shall also have the following responsibilities in regard to medications, drugs, legend devices, and other materials used in this State in the diagnosis, mitigation, and treatment or prevention of injury, illness, and disease:
- (1) The the regulation of the sale at retail and the, compounding, administration, and dispensing of medications, drugs, legend devices, and other materials, including the right to seize any such drugs, legend devices, and other materials found to be detrimental to the public health and welfare by the Board pursuant to an appropriate hearing as required under the Administrative Procedure Act;
- (2) The the specifications of minimum professional and technical equipment, environment, supplies, and procedures for the compounding or dispensing of such medications, drugs, legend devices, and other materials within the practice of pharmacy;

- (3) The the control of the purity and quality of such medications, drugs, legend devices, and other materials within the practice of pharmacy; and
- (4) The the issuance of certificates of registration and licenses of drug outlets; and
- (5) The development of criteria for a standardized tamper-resistant prescription pad that can be used by all health care providers who prescribe drugs. Such criteria shall be developed in consultation with pharmacists, hospitals, nursing homes, physicians and other prescribers, and other affected parties.

\* \* \*

# Subchapter 3. Licensing

\* \* \*

# § 2042b. PHARMACY TECHNICIANS; NONDISCRETIONARY TASKS; SUPERVISION

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a registered pharmacy technician may perform packaging or other nondiscretionary tasks only while assisting and under the supervision and control of a pharmacist.
- (b) This section does not authorize a pharmacy technician to perform packaging or other nondiscretionary tasks without a pharmacist on duty, and without being under the supervision and control of a pharmacist.
- (c) This section does not authorize a pharmacy technician to perform any act requiring the exercise of professional judgment by a pharmacist.
- (d) The Board may adopt rules to specify tasks that a pharmacy technician may perform under the supervision and control of a pharmacist pursuant to subsection (a) of this section. A pharmacy or pharmacist that employs a pharmacy technician to perform tasks specified in subsection (a) shall do so in conformity with the rules adopted by the Board pursuant to this section.

#### (e) [Repealed.]

- (f)(1) A pharmacist on duty shall be directly responsible for the conduct of a pharmacy technician.
- (2) A pharmacist responsible for a pharmacy technician shall be on the premises at all times, or in the case of a remote pharmacy approved by the Board, immediately available by a functioning videoconference link.
- (3) A pharmacist shall verify a prescription before medication is provided to the patient. [Repealed.]

\* \* \*

# Subchapter 5. Registration of Facilities

#### § 2061. REGISTRATION AND LICENSURE

- (a) All drug outlets shall biennially register with the Board of Pharmacy.
- (b) Each drug outlet shall apply for a license in one or more of the following classifications:
  - (1) Retail.
  - (2) Institutional.
  - (3) Manufacturer.
  - (4) Wholesale distributor.
  - (5) Investigative and research projects.
  - (6) Compounding.
  - (7) Outsourcing.
  - (8) Home infusion.
  - (9) Nuclear.
  - (10) Third-party logistics provider.

\* \* \*

# Subchapter 6. Wholesale Distributors and Manufacturers

# § 2067. WHOLESALE <del>DISTRIBUTOR</del> <u>DISTRIBUTORS AND</u> MANUFACTURERS; LICENSURE REQUIRED

(a) A person who is not licensed under this subchapter shall not engage in wholesale distribution or manufacturing in this State.

- (c) The Board may require a separate license for each facility directly or indirectly owned or operated by the same business entity within this State, or for a parent entity with divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliate companies within this State when operations are conducted at more than one location and there exists joint ownership and control among all the entities.
- (d) An agent or employee of any licensed wholesale distributor or manufacturer shall not be required to obtain a license under this subchapter and may lawfully possess pharmaceutical drugs when that agent or employee is acting in the usual course of business or employment.

# § 2068. REQUIREMENTS; APPLICANTS; LICENSES

An applicant shall satisfy the board <u>Board</u> that it has, and licensees shall maintain, the following:

- (1) Acceptable storage and handling conditions plus facilities standards.
- (2) Minimum liability and other insurance as may be required under any applicable federal or state law.
- (3) A security system which that includes after hours, central alarm or comparable entry detection capability, restricted premises access, adequate outside perimeter lighting, comprehensive employment applicant screening, and safeguards against employee theft.
- (4) An electronic, manual, or any other reasonable system of records, describing all wholesale distributor activities governed by this subchapter for the two-year period following disposition of each product, which shall be reasonably accessible, as defined by the board Board by rule, during any inspection authorized by the board Board.
- (5) Officers, directors, managers, and other persons in charge of wholesale drug distribution, <u>manufacture</u>, storage, and handling, who shall at all times demonstrate and maintain their capability to conduct business according to sound financial practices as well as state and federal law.

\* \* \*

- (9) Operations in compliance with all federal requirements applicable to wholesale drug distribution.
- (10)(A) Compliance with standards and procedures which that the board Board shall adopt by rule concerning provisions for initial and periodic on-site inspections, criminal and financial background checks, ongoing monitoring, reciprocity for out-of-state wholesale drug distributors entities inspected by a third party organization recognized by the board Board or inspected and licensed by a state State licensing authority with legal standards for licensure that are comparable to the standards adopted by the board Board pursuant to this subdivision (10), protection of a wholesale drug distributor's proprietary information, and any other requirements consistent with the purposes of this subdivision (10).
- (B) The board Board rules may recognize third party accreditation in satisfaction of some or all of the requirements of this subdivision (10).

# § 2076. INSPECTION POWERS; ACCESS TO WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTOR AND MANUFACTURER RECORDS

- (a) A person authorized by the Board may enter, during normal business hours, all open premises purporting or appearing to be used by a wholesale distributor or manufacturer for purposes of inspection.
- (b)(1) Wholesale distributors <u>and manufacturers</u> may keep records regarding purchase and sales transactions at a central location apart from the principal office of the wholesale distributor or the location at which the drugs were stored and from which they were shipped, provided that such records shall be made available for inspection within two working days of a request by the Board.
- (2) Records may be kept in any form permissible under federal law applicable to prescription drugs record keeping.

\* \* \*

# Sec. 15. OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL REGULATION; EVALUATION OF PHARMACIST PRESCRIBING AUTHORITY

- (a) The Office of Professional Regulation shall evaluate the costs and benefits of incorporating prescribing authority into the scope of practice of licensed pharmacists. This evaluation shall be conducted in consultation with relevant stakeholders and shall include consideration of:
  - (1) approaches to clinical pharmacy in jurisdictions outside Vermont;
- (2) potential impacts on patient safety and on primary and preventive care delivered by other health care professionals;
  - (3) effects on patient access to care; and
  - (4) the appropriate extent, if any, of the prescribing authority.
- (b) On or before January 15, 2020, the Office shall report its findings and any recommendations for legislative action to the House and Senate Committees on Government Operations, the House Committee on Health Care, and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare.
  - \* \* \* Real Estate Brokers and Salespersons \* \* \*

Sec. 16. 26 V.S.A. chapter 41 is amended to read:

# CHAPTER 41. REAL ESTATE BROKERS AND SALESPERSONS

Subchapter 1. General Provisions

#### § 2213. PENALTIES

A person who shall violate any provision of this chapter shall be subject to the penalties provided in 3 V.S.A. § 127(c).

\* \* \*

# Subchapter 3. Licenses

\* \* \*

### § 2292. ELIGIBILITY

\* \* \*

- (b)(1) A license as a real estate salesperson shall be granted to a person who satisfies all of the following:
  - (A)(1) has passed an examination as required by the Commission;
  - (B)(2) is at least 18 years of age;
- (C)(3) has been employed by or become associated with a brokerage firm and that firm's principal broker; and
- (D)(4) has completed a course of instruction, approved by the Commission, of at least 40 hours.
  - (2)(A) An initial salesperson license shall expire 90 days from issuance.
- (B) The license of a salesperson who has provided documentation to the Commission showing successful completion of eight hours of instruction addressing topics specified by the Commission relating to the salesperson's postlicensure practice of the profession shall be renewed without application or fee and remain valid until the end of the biennial licensing period.
- (3) Has been employed by or become associated with a brokerage firm and that firm's principal broker.
- (4) Has completed a course of instruction, approved by the Commission, of at least 40 hours.

\* \* \*

# § 2293. RENEWAL OF LICENSE; EXPIRED LICENSE

(a) Licenses shall be renewed every two years without examination and on payment of the required fees, provided that the person applying for renewal completes at least 24 hours of instruction for brokers and 16 hours of instruction for salespersons, approved by the Commission, during the preceding two-year period. Four hours of this continuing education instruction shall address legislation and other topics specified by the Commission for each renewal period.

- (b)(1) A broker or salesperson applying for reinstatement of a license that has expired shall be assessed both the renewal fee and late renewal penalty established by the Director of the Office of Professional Regulation and shall not be assessed renewal fees for the years during which the license was expired.
- (2) Reinstatement shall not take place until the applicant completes the continuing education required for the previous renewal period.
- (c)(1) If a broker or salesperson's license has expired for greater than five consecutive years, the broker or salesperson shall apply for reinstatement in accordance with the initial licensure requirements as set forth in section 2292 of this chapter, including a course of instruction and examination.
- (2) The Commission may waive the reinstatement requirements based upon licensed practice in another state.
- (d) The Commission may waive or postpone compliance with the instructional requirements of this section in cases of extreme hardship on the part of the licensee. No licensee, however, may receive a postponement or waiver for two successive two-year periods of licensure. The Commission may accept fewer hours of continuing education instruction for renewal of a license on a prorated basis following an initial licensing period of less than two years.

# (e) [Repealed.]

\* \* \*

### § 2296. UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

Unprofessional conduct means the following conduct and In addition to the conduct set forth in 3 V.S.A. § 129a, the following conduct by those regulated under this chapter constitutes unprofessional conduct:

- (1) makes a material misstatement in the application for his or her license;
  - (2) uses dishonest or misleading advertising;
- (3) demonstrates incompetency to act as a real estate broker or salesperson;
- (4) is found by the Commission to be guilty of fraud or fraudulent practices; or is convicted for violating this chapter; or is convicted of forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, or conspiring to defraud:
- (5) commingles commingling money or other property to which the licensee's clients or other persons are entitled with the licensee's own, except

to the extent nominal sums of the licensee's funds may be required to maintain an open trust account;

- (6)(2) fails failing to inform clients, establish trust and escrow accounts, maintain records, and otherwise act in accordance with the provisions of section 2214 of this chapter with respect to all monies received by the licensee as a real estate broker, or as escrow agent, or as the temporary custodian of the funds of others, in a real estate transaction;
- (7)(3) fails failing promptly to segregate any properties received that are to be held for the benefit of others;
- (8) is found by the Commission to have engaged in any act or conduct, whether of the same or different character as that described in this section, that contributes to or demonstrates incompetency or dishonest fraudulent dealings;
- (9)(4) fails failing to fully disclose to a buyer all material facts within the licensee's knowledge concerning the property being sold;
- (10)(5) fails failing to fully disclose to a buyer the existence of an agency relationship between the licensee and the seller.

4 4 4

\* \* \* Opticians \* \* \*

Sec. 17. 26 V.S.A. chapter 47 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 47. OPTICIANS

\* \* \*

# Subchapter 2. Administration

### § 2661. POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE DIRECTOR; DUTIES

- (a) The <u>director Director</u> shall:
  - (1) provide general information to applicants for licensure as opticians;
- (2) explain appeal procedures to opticians and applicants and complaint procedures to the public;
  - (3) administer fees established by law;
- (4) receive applications for licensure, issue licenses, to applicants qualified under this chapter, deny or renew licenses and issue, revoke, suspend, condition, and reinstate licenses as ordered by an administrative law officer;
- (5) refer <del>complaints and</del> disciplinary matters to <u>for adjudication by</u> an administrative law officer;

- (6) conduct or specify examinations and pass upon the qualifications of applicants for reciprocal registration;
- (7) conduct hearings as necessary for the issuance, renewal, or discipline of a license; and
- (8) establish by rule standards of education required of applicants, as well as minimum standards for any school presenting a course for present or future opticians.
- (b) The director <u>Director</u> may, after consultation with the advisor appointees, adopt rules necessary to perform the director's duties under this chapter, including rules governing apprenticeship and continuing education. Rules adopted under this section shall not prohibit lawful advertising, the display of ophthalmic materials or merchandise, limit the place or location where opticians may practice, nor be designed to limit the number of opticians in the State.

\* \* \*

### § 2665. POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE DIRECTOR

#### (a) The Director shall:

- (1) adopt only those rules necessary for the full and efficient performance of its duties;
- (2) conduct examinations and pass upon the qualifications of applicants for reciprocal registration;
- (3) establish standards of education required of applicants for licensing and establish, by appropriate rules, the minimum standards for any school presenting a course for present or future opticians;
- (4) conduct any necessary hearings in connection with the issuance, renewal, suspension, or revocation of a license;

#### (5) [Repealed.]

(6) adopt rules establishing continuing education requirements and approve continuing education programs to assist a licensee in meeting these requirements.

#### (b) The Director shall not:

- (1) adopt any rules prohibiting lawful advertising, the display of ophthalmic materials or merchandise, or limiting the place or location where opticians may practice; or
  - (2) adopt any rules specifically designed to limit the number of

\* \* \*

# Subchapter 3. Licenses

### § 2671. APPLICATIONS

Any person who desires to practice as an optician be licensed under this chapter shall file a written submit an application for a license and the application as specified by the Director, accompanied by payment of the required fee with the office on forms provided by the office. An applicant shall submit satisfactory proof that he or she meets the qualifications under section 2672 of this title chapter.

# § 2672. QUALIFICATIONS

No <u>A</u> person may <u>shall not</u> be <u>examined or licensed under this chapter</u>, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, unless the <u>applicant has attained</u> the <u>age of majority he or she has obtained a high school education or its equivalent and possesses the following qualifications:</u>

#### (1) Education. Has completed:

- (A) Has obtained a high school education or its equivalent and has completed at least a two-year course of study in a school of ophthalmic dispensing approved by the board <u>Director</u> or a school which that is a candidate for accreditation by an accreditation agency approved by the United States Department of Education and by the director Director; or
- (2)(B) Has completed three at least two years of practical training and experience, approved by the director <u>Director</u>, under the supervision of a licensed optician, ophthalmologist, or optometrist; or
- (C) the National Academy of Opticianry Ophthalmic Career Progression Program, including at least one year of practical training and experience, approved by the Director, under the supervision of a licensed optician, ophthalmologist, or optometrist; and
- (2) Examination. Has passed an examination recognized by the Director that shall include assessment of competency in ophthalmic materials; laboratory, practical, and physiological optics; prescription interpretation; dispensing preparation; adjustment of lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, prisms, tinted lenses, and appurtenances; the use of lensometers or equivalent instruments; adjusting instruments; and pupillary and facial measurements.

#### § 2673. EXAMINATION; LICENSES

(a) Examinations for licenses shall be conducted at least once each year

and shall be devised in form and substance to evaluate fairly the applicant's qualifications to practice as a licensed optician. The examination shall include, but not be limited to, ophthalmic materials, laboratory, practical and physiological optics, prescription interpretation, dispensing preparation, adjustment of lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, prisms, tinted lenses, and appurtenances, the use of lensometers or equivalent instruments, adjusting instruments, and pupillary and facial measurements.

(b) Any applicant passing the examination and meeting the requirements established by the director shall be issued a license under this chapter. [Repealed.]

\* \* \*

\* \* \* Radiology \* \* \*

Sec. 18. 26 V.S.A. chapter 51 is amended to read:

#### CHAPTER 51. RADIOLOGY

Subchapter 1. General Provisions

### § 2801. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Board" "Director" means the board of radiologic technology Director of the Office of Professional Regulation.
  - (2) "Practice of radiologic technology" means the practice of:
    - (A) radiography; or
    - (B) nuclear medicine technology; or
    - (C) radiation therapy.
- (3) "Practice of radiography" means the direct application of ionizing radiation to human beings.
- (4) "Practice of nuclear medicine technology" means the act of giving a radioactive substance to a human being or the act of performing associated imaging procedures, or both.
- (5) "Practice of radiation therapy" means the direct application of ionizing radiation to human beings for therapeutic purposes or the act of performing associated imaging procedures, or both.
- (6) "Licensed practitioner" means a person licensed under this title to practice medicine, osteopathy, <u>advanced practice registered nursing</u>, dentistry, podiatry, naturopathic medicine, or chiropractic.

- (7) "Financial interest" means being:
  - (A) a licensed practitioner of radiologic technology; or
- (B) a person who deals in goods and services which that are uniquely related to the practice of radiologic technology; or
- (C) a person who has invested anything of value in a business which that provides radiologic technology services.
- (8) "Unauthorized practice" means conduct prohibited by section 2802 of this <u>title chapter</u> and not exempted by section 2803 of this <u>title chapter</u>.
- (9) "Direct personal supervision" means that the person being supervised remains in the physical presence of the supervisor at all times.
- (10) "General supervision" means that the supervisor is readily available for consultation or intervention on the premises where radiologic technology services are being provided.
- (11) "ARRT" means the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists.
- (12) "NMTCB" means the Nuclear Medicine Technologist Certification Board
  - (13) "Office" means the Office of Professional Regulation.

# § 2802. PROHIBITIONS

- (a) [Repealed.]
- (b) No  $\underline{A}$  person shall <u>not</u> practice radiologic technology unless he or she is licensed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.
- (c) No  $\underline{A}$  person shall <u>not</u> practice radiography without a license for radiography from the board unless exempt under section 2803 of this title chapter.
  - (d) [Repealed.]
- (e) No  $\underline{A}$  person shall <u>not</u> practice nuclear medicine technology without a license for that purpose from the board unless exempt under section 2803 of this title chapter.
- (f) No A person shall <u>not</u> practice radiation therapy technology without a license for that purpose from the board unless exempt under section 2803 of this title chapter.

# § 2803. EXEMPTIONS

The prohibitions in section 2802 of this chapter shall not apply to dentists licensed under chapter 12 of this title and actions within their scope of practice nor to:

(1) Licensed practitioners acting within the scope of practice for their licensed field, provided that their practice acts and rules adopted thereunder make provisions for have been expressly found by the Director, in consultation with advisors appointed under this chapter, to match or surpass the training in radiation safety and proper radiation practices determined in consultation with the Board required by this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter.

\* \* \*

(5) Any of the following when operating dental radiographic equipment to conduct intraoral radiographic examinations under the general supervision of a licensed practitioner; and any of the following when operating dental radiographic equipment to conduct specialized radiographic examinations, including tomographic, cephalometric, or temporomandibular joint examinations, if the person has completed a course in radiography approved by the Board of Dental Examiners and practices under the general supervision of a licensed practitioner:

\* \* \*

(D) a student of dental therapy, dental hygiene, or dental assisting as part of the training program when directly supervised by under the direct supervision of a licensed dentist, licensed dental therapist, licensed dental hygienist, or registered dental assistant.

\* \* \*

(7) Researchers operating bone densitometry equipment for body composition upon successful completion of courses on body composition and radiation safety approved by the Board Director. The Board Director shall not require this coursework to exceed eight hours. The Board Director may consider other exemptions from licensure for bona fide research projects subject to course and examination requirements as deemed necessary for public protection.

# § 2804. COMPETENCY REQUIREMENT OF CERTAIN LICENSED PRACTITIONERS

(a) Unless the requirements of subdivision 2803(1) of this chapter have been satisfied, a physician, as defined in chapter 23 of this title; podiatrist, as defined in chapter 7 of this title; chiropractic physician, as defined in chapter

10 of this title; osteopathic physician, as defined in chapter 33 of this title; or naturopathic physician, as defined in chapter 81 of this title, licensed practitioner shall not apply ionizing radiation to human beings without first having satisfied the Board Director of his or her competency to do so.

#### (b) The Board Director shall:

- (1) consult with the appropriate licensing boards concerning suitable performance standards; and
  - (2) by rule, provide for periodic recertification of competency.
- (c) A person subject to the provisions of this section shall be subject to the fees established under subdivisions 2814(4) and (5) of this chapter.
- (d) This section does not apply to radiologists who are certified or eligible for certification by the American Board of Radiology, nuclear cardiologists who are certified or eligible for certification by the Certification Board of Nuclear Cardiology, or interventional cardiologists and electrophysiologists who are certified or eligible for certification by the American Board of Internal Medicine.

#### § 2805. PENALTY AND ENFORCEMENT

A person found guilty of violating section 2802 or 2804 of this title chapter shall be subject to the penalties provided in 3 V.S.A. § 127(c).

Subchapter 2. Board of Radiologic Technology Administration

# § 2811. BOARD REGULATION OF RADIOLOGIC TECHNOLOGY; DIRECTOR; ADVISOR APPOINTEES

- (a)(1) A board of radiologic technology is created, consisting of six members. The board shall be attached to the office of professional regulation The Director shall administer the provisions of this chapter.
- (2)(A) The Secretary of State shall appoint six persons of suitable qualifications in accordance with this section to advise the Director in matters concerning radiologic technology, radiologic safety, and the optimal administration of this chapter.
- (B) The Secretary shall appoint the advisors for five-year staggered terms. Four of the initial appointments shall be for four-, three-, two-, and one-year terms.
- (3) The Director shall consult the appointed advisors prior to exercising interpretive discretion, adopting or amending rules, and determining any substantial regulatory question presented in the course of administering this chapter.

- (b) One member of the board <u>advisor</u> shall be a member of the public who has no financial interest in radiologic technology other than as a consumer or possible consumer of its services. The public member shall have no financial interest personally or through a spouse.
- (c) One member of the board <u>advisor</u> shall be a radiologist certified by the American Board of Radiology.
- (d) Three members of the board <u>advisors</u> shall be licensed under this chapter, one representing each of the three following primary modalities: radiography; nuclear medicine technology; and radiation therapy.
- (e) One member of the board <u>advisor</u> shall be a representative from the radiological health program of the Vermont <u>department of health</u> <u>Department</u> of Health.
  - (f) Board members shall be appointed by the governor. [Repealed.]

## § 2812. DIRECTOR; POWERS AND DUTIES

- (a) The <u>Board Director</u> shall adopt rules necessary for the <u>performance</u> effective administration of <u>its duties</u> this chapter, including:
- (1) a definition of the practice of radiologic technology, interpreting section 2801 of this title chapter;
- (2) qualifications for obtaining licensure, interpreting sections 2821a and 2821b of this chapter;
- (3) explanations of appeal and other significant rights given to applicants and the public;
  - (4) procedures for disciplinary and reinstatement cases;
  - (5) [Repealed.]
- (6) procedures for mandatory reporting of unsafe radiologic conditions or practices;
  - (7) procedures for continued competency evaluation;
  - (8) procedures for radiation safety;
- (9) procedures for competency standards for license applications and renewals.
  - (b) The Board Director shall:
    - (1) [Repealed.]
- (2) use the administrative and legal services provided by the Office of Professional Regulation under 3 V.S.A. chapter 5; [Repealed.]

- (3) investigate suspected unprofessional conduct;
- (4) periodically determine whether a sufficient supply of good quality radiologic technology services is available in Vermont at a competitive and reasonable price and take suitable action, within the scope of its the Office's powers, to solve or bring public and professional attention to any problem that it finds in this area; and
- (5) as a condition of renewal require that a licensee establish that he or she has completed a minimum of 24 hours of continuing education as approved by the Board, the specific requirements of which may be specified by rule.

## (c) The Board Director may:

- (1) Refer cases of apparent improper radiologic technology practice to any occupational board with authority over the person concerned.
- (2) Investigate suspected cases of unauthorized practice of radiologic technology, and refer any such case to <u>the Office's State prosecuting attorney</u>, the Attorney General, or a State's Attorney for possible prosecution and injunctive relief.

\* \* \*

- (8)(A) Conduct a competency evaluation where radiographic services are performed by licensees and licensed practitioners required to demonstrate competency under section 2804 of this title chapter to ensure that optimum radiologic technology practices are used to minimize patient and occupational radiation dose. The fee required under section 2814 of this title shall not be assessed more than once in any two-year period against any licensed practitioner evaluated under this subdivision.
- (B) The Director of the Office of Professional Regulation may contract with the Department of Health or others to perform evaluations under this subsection subdivision (8).

#### § 2813. BOARD PROCEDURES

- (a) Annually, the board shall meet to elect a chairperson and a secretary.
- (b) Meetings may be called by the chairperson and shall be called upon the request of any other two members.
- (c) Meetings shall be warned and conducted in accordance with 1 V.S.A. chapter 5.
- (d) A majority of the members of the board shall be a quorum for transacting business.

- (e) All action shall be taken upon a majority vote of the members present and voting, unless otherwise provided in 1 V.S.A. chapter 5.
- (f) The provisions of the Vermont Administrative Procedure Act relating to contested cases shall apply to proceedings under this chapter.
- (g) Fees for the service of process and attendance before the board shall be the same as the fees paid sheriffs and witnesses in superior court. [Repealed.]

\* \* \*

## Subchapter 3. Licensing

\* \* \*

## § 2821a. LICENSE FOR PRIMARY MODALITIES; COMMON REQUIREMENTS

The board <u>Director</u> shall recognize and follow the ARRT and the NMTCB primary certification process. The <u>board Director</u> shall issue a license to practice in one of the following three primary modalities to any person who in addition to the other requirements of this section, has reached the age of majority and has completed preliminary education equivalent to at least four years of high school:

(1) Radiography. The board <u>Director</u> shall issue a radiography license to any person who, in addition to meeting the general requirements of this section:

\* \* \*

(2) Nuclear medicine technology. The <u>board Director</u> shall issue a nuclear medicine technology license to any person who, in addition to meeting the general requirements of this section:

\* \* \*

(3) Radiation therapy. The board <u>Director</u> shall issue a radiation therapy license to any person who, in addition to meeting the general requirements of this section:

\* \* \*

## § 2821b. LICENSE FOR POSTPRIMARY MODALITIES

(a) The Board recognizes and follows <u>Director shall recognize and follow</u> the ARRT and NMTCB postprimary certification process for <u>in</u> the following postprimary practice categories: mammography, computed tomography (CT), cardiac-interventional radiography, vascular-interventional radiography, and positron emission tomography (PET).

#### § 2822. PROCEDURE FOR DENIAL OF LICENSE

When the board intends to deny an application for license, it shall send the applicant written notice of its decision by certified mail. The notice shall include a statement of the reasons for the action. Within 30 days of the date that an applicant receives such notice, the applicant may file a petition with the board for review of its preliminary decision. At the hearing, the burden shall be on the applicant to show that a license should be issued. After the hearing, the board shall affirm or reverse its preliminary denial. [Repealed.]

## § 2823. RENEWAL AND PROCEDURE FOR NONRENEWAL

- (a) Each radiographer, nuclear medicine technologist, and radiation therapist licensed to practice by the board shall apply biennially for the renewal of a license. One month prior to the renewal date, the office of professional regulation shall send to each of those licensees a license renewal application form and a notice of the date on which the existing license will expire. The licensee shall file the application for license renewal and pay a renewal fee. In order to be eligible for renewal, an applicant shall document completion of no fewer than 24 hours of board-approved continuing education. Required accumulation of continuing education hours shall begin on the first day of the first full biennial licensing period following initial licensure.
- (b) A person who practices radiography, nuclear medicine technology, or radiation therapy and who fails to renew a license or registration or fails to pay the fees required by this chapter shall be an illegal practitioner and shall forfeit the right to practice until reinstated by the board.
- (c) The board shall adopt rules setting forth qualifications for reinstating lapsed licenses. [Repealed.]

\* \* \*

#### § 2825a. LICENSURE BY ENDORSEMENT

The board <u>Director</u> may grant a license to an applicant who possesses a license in good standing in another state and possesses the applicable ARRT or NMTCB primary and postprimary certifications as set forth in sections 2821a and 2821b of this subchapter, respectively.

#### Subchapter 4. Discipline [Repealed.]

#### § 2831. UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

(a) Unprofessional conduct is the conduct prohibited by this section and by 3 V.S.A. § 129a, whether or not taken by a license holder.

- (b) Conduct by a radiologic technologist which evidences moral unfitness to practice the profession constitutes unprofessional conduct. When that conduct is by an applicant or person who later becomes an applicant, it may constitute grounds for denial of a license.
  - (c) Unprofessional conduct includes the following actions by a licensee:
    - (1) practicing or offering to practice beyond the scope permitted by law;
- (2) accepting and performing responsibilities which the licensee knows or has reason to know that he or she is not competent to perform;
- (3) making any material misrepresentation in the practice of the profession, whether by commission or omission;
- (4) agreeing with any other person or organization, or subscribing to any code of ethics or organizational bylaws, when the intent or primary effect of that agreement, code, or bylaw is to restrict or limit the flow of information concerning alleged or suspected unprofessional conduct to the board. [Repealed.]

## § 2832. DISCIPLINE OF LICENSEES

- (a) The board shall accept oral and written complaints from any member of the public, any licensee, any state or federal agency, or the attorney general. The board may initiate disciplinary action in any complaint against a licensee and may act without having received a complaint.
- (b) The burden of proof shall be on the state to show by a preponderance of the evidence that the licensee has engaged in unprofessional conduct.
- (c) After hearing and upon a finding of unprofessional conduct, the board may:
  - (1) revoke a license;
  - (2) suspend a license; or
  - (3) issue a warning to a licensee.
- (d) Before or after hearing, the board may approve a negotiated agreement between the parties when it is in the best interest of the public health, safety, or welfare to do so. Such an agreement may include, without limitation, any of the following conditions or restrictions which may be in addition to or in lieu of suspension:
  - (1) a requirement that a licensee submit to care or counseling;
- (2) a restriction that a licensee practice only under supervision of a named person or a person with specified credentials;

- (3) a requirement that a licensee participate in continuing education in order to overcome specified practical deficiencies;
- (4) a requirement that the scope of practice permitted be restricted to a specified extent. Such an agreement may be modified by the parties after obtaining the approval of the board.
- (e) An interested party may petition the board for modification of the terms of an order under this section.
- (f) Where a license has been revoked, the board may reinstate the license on terms and conditions it deems proper. [Repealed.]

\* \* \*

## Sec. 19. TRANSITIONAL PROVISION; RADIOLOGIC TECHNOLOGY RULES

On the effective date of Sec. 18 of this act (amending 26 V.S.A. chapter 51 (radiology)), the rules of the Board of Radiologic Technology shall constitute the rules of the Director of the Office of Professional Regulation for the practice of radiologic technology.

\* \* \* Alcohol and Drug Abuse Counselors \* \* \*

Sec. 20. 26 V.S.A. § 3231 is amended to read:

§ 3231. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

\* \* \*

(5) "Practice of alcohol and drug abuse counseling" means the application of methods, including psychotherapy, that assist an individual or group to develop an understanding of alcohol and drug abuse dependency problems or process disorders, and to define goals and plan actions reflecting the individual's or group's interests, abilities, and needs as affected by alcohol and drug abuse dependency problems and comorbid conditions.

\* \* \*

\* \* \* Real Estate Appraisers \* \* \*

Sec. 21. 26 V.S.A. chapter 69 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 69. REAL ESTATE APPRAISERS

Subchapter 1. General Provisions

§ 3311. DEFINITIONS

\* \* \*

- (7) <u>"Board" "Director"</u> means the Board of Real Estate Appraisers established under this chapter <u>Director of the Office of Professional</u> Regulation.
- (8)(A) "Disciplinary action" means any action taken by the Board any regulatory or certifying authority against a licensed real estate appraiser or applicant premised on upon a finding that the person has engaged in unprofessional conduct.
- (B)(i) The term includes all sanctions of any kind, including obtaining injunctions, refusing to grant or renew a license, suspending, revoking, or restricting a license, and issuing warnings.
- (ii) The term does not include monetary civil penalties imposed by a hearing officer in relation to an express finding under 3 V.S.A. § 129(a)(3) that the subject matter does not constitute unprofessional conduct.
  - (9) "Office" means the Office of Professional Regulation.

## § 3312. PROHIBITIONS; PENALTY; EXEMPTION

- (a) Unless licensed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, no  $\underline{a}$  person may shall not:
- (1) <u>Perform perform</u> an appraisal in a federally related transaction when a licensed or certified appraiser is required by the Act.; <u>or</u>
- (2) Use <u>use</u> in connection with his or her name any letters, words, or insignia indicating that he or she is a <u>state</u> <u>State</u> certified or licensed real estate appraiser.
- (b) An individual who violates a provision of subsection (a) of this section shall be subject to the penalties provided in 3 V.S.A. § 127(c).
- (c) A registered appraisal management company shall not be required to be licensed in order to acquire and provide finished appraisals to third parties.

## Subchapter 2. Administration

# § 3313. BOARD REGULATION OF REAL ESTATE APPRAISERS; DIRECTOR; ADVISOR APPOINTEES

- (a)(1) A board of real estate appraisers is established. The board shall consist of six members appointed by the governor pursuant to 3 V.S.A. §§ 129b and 2004 The Director shall administer the provisions of this chapter.
  - (2)(A) The Secretary of State shall appoint six persons of suitable

qualifications in accordance with this section to advise the Director in matters concerning real estate appraisal.

- (B) The Secretary shall appoint the advisors for five-year staggered terms. Four of the initial appointments shall be for four-, three-, two-, and one-year terms.
- (3) The Director shall consult the appointed advisors prior to exercising interpretive discretion, adopting or amending rules, and determining any substantial regulatory question presented in the course of administering this chapter.
- (b) Three members <u>advisors</u> shall be real estate appraisers licensed under this chapter who have been actively engaged in the full-time practice of real estate appraising for five years preceding appointment and have been practicing in Vermont for the two-year period immediately preceding appointment.
- (c) Two members <u>advisors</u> shall be public members who shall have no direct financial interest personally or through a spouse, parent, child, brother, or sister in real estate appraising.
- (d) One member advisor shall be a public member actively engaged in the business of banking, including lending for the purpose of buying real property, or shall be a person who is a consumer of appraisal services in the regular course of his or her business.

## § 3314. BOARD DIRECTOR; POWERS AND DUTIES

- (a) The Board <u>Director</u> shall administer the provisions of this chapter in a manner that conforms in all respects with the requirements of the Act.
- (b) In addition to it's the Director's other powers and duties under this chapter, the Board Director shall:
  - (1) Receive and review applications.
- (2) Collect the registry fee as required by the Act and transmit that fee to the ASC. The registry fee shall be in addition to State licensing and registration fees.
- (3) Annually publish a roster of all licensees and transmit the roster to the ASC as required by the Act.
  - (4) Register appraisal management companies.
- (5) The Board may make Make inquiries it he or she deems necessary into the character, integrity, and reputation of the applicant.

(6) Perform other functions and duties as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter and to comply with the requirements of the Act, including by adopting rules defining and regulating appraisal management companies in a manner consistent with the Act.

## § 3315. RULES

- (a) The Board <u>Director</u> may adopt rules necessary to implement the provisions of this chapter.
- (b) The Board <u>Director</u> shall adopt rules relating to procedures for processing applications, issuing licenses, registering trainees, inspecting records, and instituting and conducting disciplinary proceedings.

## Subchapter 3. Licenses, Certifications, and Registrations

## § 3316. LICENSING AND REGISTRATION FEES

\* \* \*

## § 3317. APPLICATION

An individual who desires to be licensed under this chapter shall apply to submit an application as specified by the board in writing on a form furnished by the board. The application shall be <u>Director</u>, accompanied by payment of the required fee.

#### § 3318. EXAMINATION

The Board <u>Director</u> shall examine applicants for using an AQB-approved qualifying examination for <u>applicable to</u> the credential sought by the applicant.

## § 3319. TEMPORARY PRACTICE

The board <u>Director</u> shall issue a temporary license to an individual, after filing of an application and fee, who is a certified or licensed real estate appraiser in another jurisdiction if all of the following apply:

- (1) The the property to be appraised is part of a federally related transaction for which a licensed or certified appraiser is required by the Act-;
  - (2) The the applicant's business is of a temporary nature.; and
  - (3) The the applicant registers with the board Office.

#### § 3319a. APPRAISER TRAINEE REGISTRATION

(a)(1)(A) A person who has completed a course of instruction approved by the AQB may work as a certified residential or certified general appraiser trainee provided the person is registered with the Board Office.

- (B) An appraiser trainee shall work under the direct supervision of an appraiser who holds either a certified residential or a certified general license in good standing and has held the certified residential or certified general license for at least the minimum number of years required by the AQB.
- (2)(A) An appraiser trainee may perform activities within the scope of practice of the license sought, provided that the supervising appraiser reviews and signs all resulting appraisals.
- (B) The supervising appraiser shall be professionally responsible for such activities performed by the trainee.
- (3) As used in this section subsection, "good standing" means that the appraiser supervisor holds a current, unrestricted license.
  - (b) [Repealed.]
- (c) The Board <u>Director</u> may, in its discretion, give credit for training hours, not exceeding 10 percent of the total hourly experience requirement, for hours worked or training given that does not include or is unrelated to a site inspection.
- (d) Appraiser trainees registered with the Board as of July 1, 2013 and who continue on to satisfy the requirements specified by the AQB may become State licensed appraisers, notwithstanding the elimination of that license category.

#### § 3320. LICENSURE BY RECIPROCITY

The Board <u>Director</u> shall waive all licensing requirements for an appraiser applicant holding a valid certification from another state if:

- (1) the appraiser licensing and certification program of the other state is in compliance with the provisions of the Act; and
- (2) the appraiser applicant holds the valid certification from a state whose requirements for certification or licensing meet or exceed the licensure standards established by this chapter.

\* \* \*

#### § 3321. RENEWALS

\* \* \*

(c) The Board <u>Director</u> may reactivate the license of an individual whose license has lapsed for more than 30 days upon payment of the renewal fee, the reactivation fee, and the late renewal penalty, provided the individual has satisfied all requirements of AQB for reactivation.

(d) The Board <u>Director</u> may require, by rule, as a condition of reactivation, that an applicant undergo review of one or more aspects of the applicant's professional work in the practice of real estate appraising, provided that the manner and performance results of the review be specified by the Board Director. Such a review requirement shall:

\* \* \*

#### § 3322. USE OF LICENSE NUMBER; CONSUMER FEE DISCLOSURE

- (a)(1) Each licensee or registrant shall be assigned a license or registration number which that shall be used in a report, a contract, engagement letter, or other instrument used by the licensee or registrant in connection with the licensee's or registrant's activities under this chapter. The license number shall be placed adjacent to or immediately below the title the licensee is entitled to use under this chapter.
- (2) The Each licensed appraiser shall ensure that the registration number and the appraiser's fee for appraisal services shall appear adjacent to or immediately below the appraisal management company's registered name on documents supplied to clients or customers in this state State.
- (b) The <u>Each</u> licensed appraiser shall include within the body of the appraisal report the amount of the appraiser's fee for appraisal services.

## § 3323. UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

(a) The following conduct by a licensee and the conduct set forth in 3 V.S.A. § 129a constitute unprofessional conduct. When that conduct is by an applicant or a person who later becomes an applicant, it may constitute grounds for denial of a license:

\* \* \*

- (8) Violating any term or condition of a license restricted by the <del>board</del> Office.
- (9) Failing to comply with practice standards adopted by the board Director.

\* \* \*

- (d) After hearing, and upon a finding of unprofessional conduct, the board may take disciplinary action against a licensee, applicant, or registrant. Without limitation, disciplinary action may include any of the following:
  - (1) suspending or conditioning a license or registration;
  - (2) requiring a licensee to submit to care or counseling;

- (3) requiring that a licensee practice only under supervision of a named person or a person with specified credentials;
- (4) requiring a licensee to participate in continuing education in order to overcome specified practical deficiencies:
  - (5) limiting the scope of the licensee's practice. [Repealed.]
- (e) Appeals from decisions of the board disciplinary orders and final license denials shall be governed by the provisions of 3 V.S.A. § 130a.

## § 3324. RECORD RETENTION

- (a) A licensee or registrant shall retain all records related to an appraisal, review, or consulting assignment for no less fewer than five years after preparation.
- (b) A licensee or registrant shall retain records under this section that relate to a matter in litigation for two years after the litigation concludes or in conformance with the "Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice," as promulgated by the Appraisal Standards Board of the Appraisal Foundation, whichever period is longer.
- (c) With <u>Upon</u> reasonable notice, a licensee or registrant shall produce <u>provide to the Director for inspection and copying</u> any records governed by this section for inspection and copying by the board or its authorized agent.

## § 3325. REPORTING

An appraiser who reports to the board <u>Director</u> appraisal work being performed which that does not comply with the provisions of this chapter shall not be considered to have violated the ethics provision of the uniform standards of professional practice.

## Sec. 22. TRANSITIONAL PROVISION; REAL ESTATE APPRAISER RULES

On the effective date of Sec. 21 of this act (amending 26 V.S.A. chapter 69 (real estate appraisers)), the rules of the Board of Real Estate Appraisers shall constitute the rules of the Director of the Office of Professional Regulation for the practice of real estate appraisal.

\* \* \* Acupuncturists \* \* \*

Sec. 23. 26 V.S.A. chapter 75 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 75. ACUPUNCTURISTS

Subchapter 1. General Provisions

§ 3401. DEFINITIONS

## As used in this chapter:

(1) "Acupuncture" or the "practice of acupuncture" means the insertion of fine needles through the skin at certain points on the body, with or without the application of electric current or the application of heat to the needles or skin, or both, for the purpose of promoting health and balance as defined by traditional and modern Oriental theories. Acupuncture involves the use of traditional and modern Oriental diagnostic techniques, acupuncture therapy, and adjunctive therapies, including but not limited to: nonprescription remedies, exercise, nutritional and herbal therapies, therapeutic massage, and lifestyle counselling well-being or to prevent or alleviate pain or unease.

\* \* \*

- (4) "Disciplinary action" includes any action taken by an administrative law officer appointed pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 129(j) against a licensed acupuncturist or applicant premised on a finding of unprofessional conduct. Disciplinary action includes all appropriate remedies, including denial of or renewal of a license, suspension, revocation, limiting, or conditioning of the license, issuing reprimands or warnings, and adopting consent orders.
  - (5) "Secretary" means the secretary of state.

## § 3401a. SCOPE OF PRACTICE

- (a) A licensed acupuncturist may, in addition to the practice of acupuncture employing fine needles, in a manner consistent with acupuncture theory, employ electrical, magnetic, thermal, and mechanical skin stimulation techniques; nonlaboratory diagnostic techniques; nutritional, herbal, and manual therapies; exercise and lifestyle counseling; acupressure; and massage.
- (b) A licensed acupuncturist shall not offer diagnosis of any human pathology except for a functional diagnosis, based upon the physical complaint of a patient or acupuncture theory, for purposes of developing and managing a plan of acupuncture care, or as necessary to document to insurers and other payers the reason a patient sought care.

# § 3402. PROHIBITIONS; OFFENSES; EXEMPTIONS; EVALUATING NONACUPUNCTURISTS

(a) Except as provided in <u>subsections (d) through (g) of this</u> section 3412 of this title, a person shall not practice acupuncture unless he or she is licensed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

\* \* \*

(d) Nothing in subsection (a) of this section shall prevent a student from performing acupuncture under the supervision of a competent licensed

## acupuncturist instructor:

- (1) within a school or a college or an acupuncture department of a college or university that is licensed by the Vermont Agency of Education or certified by the Accreditation Commission for Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine;
  - (2) as a student in a Director-approved apprenticeship; or
  - (3) as an intern in any hospital.
- (e) Nothing in subsection (a) of this section shall prevent a person who is licensed or certified as an acupuncturist in another state or Canadian province from practicing acupuncture for no more than five days in a calendar year as part of a health care professional educational seminar or program in Vermont, if the educational seminar or program is directly supervised by a Vermont-licensed health care professional whose scope of practice includes acupuncture.
- (f) This chapter shall not be construed to limit or restrict in any way the right of a licensed practitioner of a health care profession regulated under this title from performing services within the scope of his or her professional practice.
- (g) Nothing in subsection (a) of this section shall prevent an unlicensed person from engaging in auriculotherapy, an unregulated practice wherein needles are inserted into the external human ear, provided such person:
  - (1) has appropriate training in clean needle technique;
  - (2) employs sterile, single-use needles, without reuse;
- (3) does not purport to treat any disease, disorder, infirmity, or affliction;
- (4) does not use any letters, words, or insignia indicating or implying that the person is an acupuncturist; and
- (5) makes no statement implying that his or her practice of auriculotherapy is licensed, certified, or otherwise overseen by the State.
- (h) The Director, with cooperation of the relevant professional regulatory boards, shall monitor and evaluate whether nonacupuncturists employing acupuncture as a therapeutic modality are doing so safely, within their scopes of practice, and in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, and welfare.

\* \* \*

## Subchapter 2. Administration

## § 3403. DIRECTOR; FUNCTIONS

\* \* \*

## § 3404. ADVISOR APPOINTEES

- (a)(1) The secretary of state Secretary of State shall appoint two licensed acupuncturists to serve as advisors in matters relating to acupuncture as set forth in 3 V.S.A. § 129b.
- (2) Appointees shall have at least three years' experience as an acupuncturist immediately preceding appointment and shall be actively engaged in the practice of acupuncture in Vermont during incumbency.
- (b) The <u>director Director</u> shall seek the advice of the acupuncturist advisors in carrying out the provisions of this chapter. They shall be entitled to compensation and necessary expenses in the amount provided in 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for attendance at any meeting called by the director for that purpose.

## Subchapter 3. Licenses

## § 3405. ELIGIBILITY FOR LICENSURE

To be eligible for licensure as an acupuncturist, an applicant shall be at least 18 years of age and shall furnish satisfactory proof that he or she has:

- (1)(A) completed a program in acupuncture and Oriental medicine and has received holds a degree or diploma from an educational institution in candidacy or accredited by the Accreditation Commission for Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine or an a substantially equivalent or successor accrediting organization approved by the U.S. Department of Education and the Director-The training received in the program shall be for a period of not less than three academic years, and, which shall include at least two academic years and a minimum of 800 400 hours of supervised clinical practice; or
- (B) completed a training program no later than December 31, 2010 with a preceptor approved by the Director where the training program is approved by the Director and begun prior to December 31, 2007 and which shall include earning a minimum of 40 points earned in any one of the following categories or combination of categories:
- (i) self-directed study-10 points for study equivalent to one year of full-time academic work in acupuncture and Oriental medicine, for a maximum of two years or 20 points;
- (ii) apprenticeship-10 points for each 1,000 documented contact hours, up to a maximum of 13.5 points per year;

- (iii) completed academic work in an accredited acupuncture program as described in subdivision (1) of this section-five points for each sixmonth period of completed academic study in the field of acupuncture and Oriental medicine, up to a maximum of four periods or 20 points;
- (iv) preceptors shall be licensed and in good standing and meet the standards of the National Certification Commission for Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine in order to be approved, with no preceptor having more than two apprentices at any one time; and
- (2) passed the examination described in section 3406 of this title chapter.

## § 3406. EXAMINATION

- (a) The <u>director Director</u> shall examine applicants for licensure and may use a standardized national examination. The examination shall include the following subjects:
  - (1) Anatomy and physiology.
  - (2) Traditional Oriental Acupuncture pathology.
  - (3) Traditional Oriental Acupuncture diagnosis.
  - (4) Hygiene, sanitation, and sterilization techniques.
- (5) The principles, practices, and techniques of acupuncture and Oriental medicine.
  - (6) Clean needle techniques.
- (7) Chinese herbology for those licensed after January 1, 2007 who intend to employ nonprescription remedies and herbal therapies.
- (b) The <u>director Director</u> may adopt rules necessary to perform his or her duties under this section.

#### § 3407. LICENSURE WITHOUT EXAMINATION

- (a) The director Director may waive the examination requirement under subdivision 3405(3) 3405(2) of this title chapter if the applicant is an acupuncturist regulated under the laws of another state who is in good standing to practice acupuncture in that state and, in the opinion of the director Director, the standards and qualifications required for regulation of acupuncturists in that state are substantially equivalent to those required by this chapter.
- (b) The director <u>Director</u> may waive the examination requirement under subdivision 3405(3) 3405(2) of this title chapter for an applicant who has

furnished evidence of having passed the examination administered by the National <u>Certification</u> Commission for the <u>Certification</u> of <u>for</u> <u>Acupuncturists</u> Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine.

\* \* \*

## § 3408. RENEWALS

- (a) Licenses shall be renewed every two years upon payment of the required fee and furnishing satisfactory evidence of having completed 30 hours of continuing education credit during the preceding two years. The director Director may adopt rules for the approval of continuing education programs and the awarding of credit.
- (b) Biennially, the director shall forward a renewal form to each licensed acupuncturist. Upon receipt of the completed form and the renewal fee, the director shall issue a new license.
- (c) A license that has expired for three years or less shall be renewed upon meeting the renewal requirements and paying a late renewal penalty. A license that has expired for more than three years shall not be renewed; the applicant shall be required to apply for reinstatement. The director may adopt rules relating to reinstatement to assure that the applicant is professionally qualified.

\* \* \*

## § 3410. UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

- (a) A licensed acupuncturist or applicant shall not engage in unprofessional conduct.
- (b) Unprofessional conduct means any of the conduct listed in this section and 3 V.S.A. § 129a, whether committed by a licensed acupuncturist or an applicant:
  - (1) Using dishonest or misleading advertising.
- (2) Addiction to narcotics, habitual drunkenness, or rendering professional services to a patient if the acupuncturist is intoxicated or under the influence of drugs.
  - (3) Sexual harassment of a patient.
- (4) Engaging in sexual intercourse or other sexual conduct with a patient with whom the licensed acupuncturist has had a professional relationship within the previous two years.
- (c) After hearing and upon a finding of unprofessional conduct, an administrative law officer appointed under 3 V.S.A. § 129(j) may take

disciplinary action against a licensed acupuncturist or applicant. [Repealed.]

\* \* \*

# § 3412. ACUPUNCTURE DETOXIFICATION; SPECIALIZED CERTIFICATION

- (a) A person not licensed under this chapter may obtain a specialized certification as an acupuncture detoxification technician to practice auricular acupuncture according to the National Acupuncture Detoxification Association protocol from the board for the purpose of the treatment of alcoholism, substance abuse, or chemical dependency if he or she provides documentation of successful completion of a board-approved training program in acupuncture for the treatment of alcoholism, substance abuse, or chemical dependency which meets or exceeds standards of training established by the National Acupuncture Detoxification Association.
- (b) Treatment permitted under this section may only take place in a state, federal, or board-approved site under the supervision of an individual licensed under this chapter and certified by the National Acupuncture Detoxification Association
- (c) A person practicing under this section shall be subject to the requirements of section 3410 of this title.
- (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to modify any of the requirements for licensure of acupuncturists contained in this chapter, nor shall it grant any rights to practice acupuncture which exceed the scope of this section.
- (e) The fee for obtaining a specialized certification or renewal of a specialized certification under this section shall be that established in 3 V.S.A. § 125(b).
- (f) Anyone certified under this section, while practicing the National Acupuncture Detoxification Association protocol, shall be referred to as an acupuncture detoxification technician. [Repealed.]

\* \* \* Athletic Trainers \* \* \*

Sec. 24. 26 V.S.A. chapter 83 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 83. ATHLETIC TRAINERS

#### § 4151. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

\* \* \*

- (3) "Athletic training" means the application of principles and methods of conditioning, the prevention, immediate care, recognition, evaluation, assessment, and treatment of athletic and orthopedic injuries within the scope of education and training, the organization and administration of an athletic training program, and the education and counseling of athletes, coaches, family members, medical personnel, and communities, and groups in the area of care and prevention of athletic and orthopedic injuries. Athletic training may only be applied in the "traditional setting" and the "clinical setting":
- (A) Without further referral, to athletes participating in organized sports or athletic teams at an interscholastic, intramural, instructional, intercollegiate, amateur, or professional level.
- (B) With a referral from a physician, osteopathic physician, advanced practice registered nurse, physician assistant, dentist, or chiropractor, to athletes or the physically active who have an athletic or orthopedic injury and have been determined, by a physician's examination, to be free of an underlying pathology that would affect treatment.

\* \* \*

- (10) "Referral" means sending a patient for treatment determination, recorded in writing, by an allopathic or osteopathic physician, podiatrist, advanced practice registered nurse, physician assistant, physical therapist, naturopath, dentist, or chiropractor, that an athlete or physically active individual should be treated by an athletic trainer, and that such person is free of an underlying pathology that would affect treatment.
- (11) "Settings" means any areas in which an athletic trainer may practice athletic training. These areas include:
- (A) "Traditional setting" means working with any organized sports or athletic teams at an interscholastic, intramural, instructional, intercollegiate, amateur, or professional level.
- (B) "Clinical setting" means an outpatient orthopaedic or sports medicine clinic that employs one of the following: physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractor, or physical therapist. [Repealed.]
- (12) "Underlying pathology" means any disease process, including neuromuscular disease, diabetes, spinal cord injuries, and systemic diseases.

# § 4151a. PRACTICE CONTEXTS; REFERRAL REQUIRED FOR CLINICAL CARE

(a) A person licensed under this chapter may provide athletic training:

- (1) by formal engagement with a team, school, college, university, league, or other sporting organization, to affiliated athletes participating in organized sports or athletic teams at an interscholastic, intramural, instructional, intercollegiate, amateur, or professional level;
- (2) upon referral of an athlete or physically active individual to an athletic training clinic;
- (3) by engagement with an employer or organization for the purpose of educating groups on the care and prevention of athletic and orthopedic injuries or conditioning appropriate to physical demands upon employees or members; or
- (4) in a bona fide emergency necessitating response care of an injured athlete.
- (b) Practice outside the settings set forth in subsection (a) of this section, including clinical practice without referral, exceeds an athletic trainer's scope of practice. Such practice is not entitled to the protections of § 4160 of this chapter and may be sanctioned as unprofessional conduct.

## § 4152. PROHIBITION; OFFENSES

- (a) No A person may shall not use in connection with the person's name any letters, words, or insignia indicating or implying that the person is a licensed athletic trainer unless the person is licensed in accordance with this chapter.
- (b) A person who violates any of the provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall be subject to the penalties provided in 3 V.S.A. § 127(e).

## § 4153. EXEMPTIONS

The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to:

\* \* \*

- (2) a person who assists or provides response care to an injured athlete and who does not attempt to assess the injury, provide follow-up treatment, or otherwise practice athletic training as defined in this chapter; [Repealed.]
- (3) a person duly licensed under the laws of this <u>state</u> <u>State</u> who is practicing within the scope of the profession for which the person is licensed; or
- (4) the practice of athletic training which that is incidental to a program of study by a person enrolled in an athletic training education program approved by the director <u>Director</u>, or graduates of an approved athletic training education program pending the results of the first licensing examination

scheduled by the director following graduation. Graduates shall practice under the supervision of a licensed athletic trainer and shall have an application for licensure by examination on file working under the direct supervision of a person licensed under this chapter within 90 days following graduation from that program.

\* \* \*

#### § 4157a. TEMPORARY LICENSURE

An applicant who is currently certified by and in good standing with the National Athletic Trainers Association Board of Certification, or who is currently licensed or certified and in good standing in another state, shall be eligible for a 60-day temporary license. Applicants under this section shall meet the requirements of section 4158 of this title. Temporary practice shall not exceed 60 days in any calendar year. [Repealed.]

### § 4158. APPLICATION

A person who desires to be licensed as an athletic trainer shall apply to the director in writing, on a form furnished by the director, accompanied by payment of a fee required pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 125 and evidence that the applicant meets the requirements set forth in section 4156 or 4157 of this title. [Repealed.]

## § 4158a. RENEWALS

- (a) Licenses shall be renewed every two years upon payment of the required fee.
- (b) Biennially, the director shall forward a renewal form to each license holder. Upon receipt of the completed form and the renewal fee, the director shall issue a new license.
- (c) Any application for renewal of a license which has expired shall be accompanied by the renewal fee and late fee. A person shall not be required to pay renewal fees for years during which the license was lapsed.
- (d) The director may, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, revoke a person's right to renew licensure if the license has lapsed for five or more years. [Repealed.]

## § 4159. UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

- (a) A licensed athletic trainer shall not engage in unprofessional conduct. When such conduct is committed by an applicant, it shall be grounds for denial of the application or other disciplinary action.
  - (b) Unprofessional conduct means the following conduct and conduct set

forth in 3 V.S.A. § 129a:

- (1) Failing to make available to a person using athletic training services, upon that person's request, copies of documents in the possession or under the control of the practitioner, when those documents have been prepared for the user of services.
  - (2) Conduct which evidences unfitness to practice athletic training.
  - (3) Sexual harassment of a person using athletic training services.
- (4) Engaging in a sexual act as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 3251 with a person using athletic training services.
- (5) Any of the following except when reasonably undertaken in an emergency in order to protect life, health, or property:
- (A) Practicing or offering to practice beyond the scope permitted by law.
- (B) Performing athletic training services which have not been authorized by the consumer or his or her legal representative.
  - (6) Conduct prohibited under any other laws relating to athletic training.
- (c) After notice and an opportunity for hearing, and upon a finding of unprofessional conduct, an administrative law officer may take disciplinary action against a licensed athletic trainer or applicant. [Repealed.]

\* \* \*

\* \* \* Applied Behavior Analysts \* \* \*

Sec. 25. 26 V.S.A. chapter 95 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 95. APPLIED BEHAVIOR ANALYSTS

\* \* \*

Subchapter 3. Licenses

\* \* \*

§ 4925. RENEWALS

\* \* \*

(b) Biennially, the Director shall provide notice to each licensee of license expiration and renewal requirements. Upon receipt of the completed form and the a complete and satisfactory renewal application and fee, the Director shall issue a new license.

\* \* \*

- (d)(1) The Director may reinstate the license of an individual whose license has expired upon payment of the required fee and reinstatement penalty, provided the individual has satisfied all the requirements for renewal, including continuing education.
- (2) The Director may adopt rules necessary for the protection of the public to assure the Director that an applicant whose license has expired or who has not worked for more than three years as an applied behavior analyst or an assistant behavior analyst is professionally qualified for license renewal. Conditions imposed under this subsection shall be in addition to the other requirements of this section. [Repealed.]

\* \* \*

## § 4927. APPLICATIONS

Applications for licensure and license renewal shall be on forms provided by the The Director shall promulgate applications for licensure and license renewal. Each application shall contain a statement under oath showing the applicant's education, experience, and other pertinent information and shall be accompanied by the required fee.

\* \* \*

\* \* \* Notaries Public \* \* \*

Sec. 26. 24 V.S.A. § 1160 is amended to read:

#### § 1160. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS; OATH

- (a) A town clerk, commissioned as a notary public pursuant to 26 V.S.A. chapter 103, may take acknowledgements of deeds and other instruments throughout his or her county.
- (b) In his or her county, he or she may administer oaths in all cases where an oath is required, without being commissioned as a notary public pursuant to 26 V.S.A. chapter 103.
- (c)(1) Each town clerk may designate from among the members of his or her staff at least one notary public to be available to perform notarial acts for the public in the town clerk's office during normal business hours free of charge.
- (2) Each individual designated by the town clerk under this subsection shall be commissioned as a notary public pursuant to 26 V.S.A. chapter 103 and shall be exempt from the notary public application fee under that chapter.
- Sec. 27. 26 V.S.A. § 5304 is amended to read:

## § 5304. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

\* \* \*

(8) "Notarial officer" means a notary public or other <u>an</u> individual authorized to perform a notarial act <u>under authority and within the jurisdiction</u> of another state, under authority and within the jurisdiction of a federally recognized Indian tribe, under authority of federal law, under authority and within the jurisdiction of a foreign state or constituent unit of the foreign state, or under authority of a multinational or international governmental organization.

\* \* \*

Sec. 28. 26 V.S.A. § 5305 is amended to read:

## § 5305. EXEMPTIONS

## (a) Generally.

- (1) The persons set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection, shall be commissioned as a notary public authorized to perform a notarial act as a matter of law and are exempt from all of the requirements of this chapter, including the requirement to pay a fee, when acting within the scope of their official duties, are exempt from all of the requirements of this chapter, except for the requirements:
- (A) to apply for a commission as set forth in section 5341(a), (b)(1)-(3), (c), (d), and (e) of this chapter; and
- (B) unless exempted under subsection (c) of this section, to pay the fee set forth in section 5324 of this chapter.
- (2)(A) Persons employed by the Judiciary, including judges, Superior Court clerks, court operations managers, Probate registers, case managers, docket clerks, assistant judges, county clerks, and after-hours relief from abuse contract employees.
- (B) Persons employed as law enforcement officers certified under 20 V.S.A. chapter 151; who are noncertified constables; or who are employed by a Vermont law enforcement agency, the Department of Public Safety, of Fish and Wildlife, of Motor Vehicles, of Liquor Control, or for Children and Families, the Office of the Defender General, the Office of the Attorney General, or a State's Attorney or Sheriff.
- (3) As used in subdivision (1) of this subsection, "acting within the scope of official duties" means that a person is notarizing a document that:

- (A) he or she believes is related to the execution of his or her duties and responsibilities of employment or is the type of document that other employees notarize in the course of employment;
- (B) is useful or of assistance to any person or entity identified in subdivision (2) of this subsection (a);
- (C) is required, requested, created, used, submitted, or relied upon by any person or entity identified in subdivision (2) of this subsection (a);
- (D) is necessary in order to assist in the representation, care, or protection of a person or the State;
  - (E) is necessary in order to protect the public or property;
- (F) is necessary to represent or assist crime victims in receiving restitution or other services;
- (G) relates to a Vermont or federal court rule or statute governing any criminal, postconviction, mental health, family, juvenile, civil, probate, Judicial Bureau, Environmental Division, or Supreme Court matter; or
- (H) relates to a matter subject to Title 4, 12, 13, 15, 18, 20, 23, or 33 of the Vermont Statutes Annotated.
- (4)(A) A notarial act that identifies the notary public as a person who is exempt under this subsection shall establish as a matter of law that the person is commissioned as a notary public for the purpose of acting within the scope of his or her official duties under this subsection.
- (B) Nothing in this subsection is intended to prohibit prosecution of a person under 3 V.S.A. § 127 (unauthorized practice).
  - (b) Attorneys.
- (1) Attorneys licensed and in good standing in this State are exempt from:
- (A) the examination requirement set forth in subsection 5341(b) of this chapter; and
- (B) the continuing education requirement set forth in section 5343 of this chapter.
- (2) If a complaint of a violation of this chapter is filed in regard to a Vermont licensed attorney, the Office shall refer the complaint to the Professional Responsibility Board and shall request a report back from the Board regarding the final disposition of the complaint.

- (c) Fees Towns clerks, assistants, and justices of the peace. The following persons are exempt from the fee set forth in section 5324 of this chapter:
- (1) a judge, clerk, or other court staff, as designated by the Court Administrator; A town clerk and his or her assistants may perform notarial acts as a notary public throughout the town clerk's county, provided that they shall comply with all of the requirements of this chapter.
- (2) State's Attorneys and their deputies and Assistant Attorneys General, public defenders, and their staff; Subject to the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, performing notarial acts as a notary public shall be considered within the scope of the official duties of a town clerk and his or her assistants.
- (3) justices <u>Justices</u> of the peace and town clerks and their assistants; and
- (4) State Police officers, municipal police officers, fish and game wardens, sheriffs and deputy sheriffs, motor vehicle inspectors, employees of the Department of Corrections, and employees of the Department for Children and Families are exempt from the fee set forth in section 5324 of this chapter.
- Sec. 29. 26 V.S.A. § 5361 is amended to read:
- § 5361. NOTARIAL ACTS IN THIS STATE; AUTHORITY TO PERFORM
- (a) A notarial act, as defined in subdivision 5304(7)(A) of this chapter, may only be performed in this State by a notary public commissioned under this chapter.
- (b) The signature and title of an individual performing a notarial act in this State are prima facie evidence that the signature is genuine and that the individual holds the designated title.
  - \* \* \* Massage Services \* \* \*
- Sec. 30. OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL REGULATION; ADDENDUM TO PRELIMINARY SUNRISE ASSESSMENT ON MASSAGE THERAPY
- (a) On or before January 15, 2020, the Office of Professional Regulation shall prepare and submit to the Senate and House Committees on Government Operations an Addendum to its 2015-2016 Preliminary Sunrise Assessment on Massage Therapy, dated January 5, 2016. The Addendum shall apply the criteria set forth in 26 V.S.A. chapter 57 (review of regulatory laws) to assess whether new regulation of businesses or individuals offering massage services will serve the interests of public safety pertaining to sexual misconduct and human trafficking. Development of the Addendum shall not require the Office

to repeat its 2010 and 2016 analyses of proposals by applicants for sunrise review.

(b) In preparing the Addendum, the Office shall consult with the Vermont Center for Crime Victim Services, the Vermont Network Against Domestic and Sexual Violence, the Vermont Department of Public Safety, the Vermont Police Association, the Vermont Association of Chiefs of Police, the Vermont Human Trafficking Task Force, representatives of massage therapists, and such other advocacy organizations, researchers, State and federal agencies, and law enforcement authorities as the Office may deem appropriate.

\* \* \* Effective Date \* \* \*

## Sec. 31. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July, 1, 2019.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

(For House amendments, see House Journal for March 19, 2019, page 449-503)

## Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator Ashe for the Committee on Appropriations.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Government Operations with the following amendment thereto:

In Sec. 8 (creation of position within the Office of Professional Regulation; licensing) by striking out in its entirety subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof a new subsection (b) to read as follows:

(b) Any funding necessary to support the position created in subsection (a) of this section shall be derived entirely from the Office's Professional Regulatory Fee Fund.

(Committee vote: 7-0-0)

## Proposal of amendment to H. 104 to be offered by Senators Clarkson, Bray, Collamore, Pollina and White

Senators Clarkson, Bray, Collamore, Pollina and White move that the proposal of amendment of the Committee on Government Operations be amended by striking out Sec. 28 in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 28. 26 V.S.A. § 5305 is amended to read:

## § 5305. EXEMPTIONS

(a) Generally Judiciary- and law enforcement-related employees.

## (1) Employee exemptions.

## (A) Judiciary-related.

- (i) The persons set forth in subdivision (2)(A) of this subsection, when acting within the scope of their official duties, are exempt from all of the requirements of this chapter, including the requirement to pay the fee set forth in section 5324 of this chapter, except for the requirements:
- $\frac{\text{(A)}}{\text{requirement}}$  to apply for a commission as set forth in section 5341(a), (b)(1)–(3), (c), (d), and (e) of this chapter; and
- (B) unless exempted under subsection (c) of this section, to pay the fee set forth in section 5324 of this chapter.
- (ii) A commission issued to a person under this subdivision (A) shall not be considered a license.

## (B) Law enforcement-related.

- (i) The persons set forth in subdivision (2)(B) of this subsection, when acting within the scope of their official duties, shall be commissioned as notaries public authorized to perform a notarial act as a matter of law and are exempt from all of the requirements of this chapter, including the requirement to pay the fee set forth in section 5324 of this chapter.
- (ii) A notarial act that identifies the notary public as a person who is exempt under this subdivision (B) shall establish as a matter of law that the person is commissioned as a notary public for the purpose of acting within the scope of official duties under this subsection.

#### (2) Employees, defined.

- (A) <u>Judiciary-related.</u> Persons employed by the Judiciary, including judges, Superior Court clerks, court operations managers, Probate registers, case managers, docket clerks, assistant judges, county clerks, and after-hours relief from abuse contract employees.
- (B) <u>Law enforcement-related.</u> Persons employed as law enforcement officers certified under 20 V.S.A. chapter 151; who are noncertified constables; or who are employed by a Vermont law enforcement agency, the Department of Public Safety, of Fish and Wildlife, of Motor Vehicles, of Liquor Control, or for Children and Families, the Office of the Defender General, the Office of the Attorney General, or a State's Attorney or Sheriff.
- (3) Official duties, defined. As used in subdivision (1) of this subsection, "acting within the scope of official duties" means that a person is notarizing a document that:

- (A) he or she believes is related to the execution of his or her duties and responsibilities of employment or is the type of document that other employees notarize in the course of employment;
- (B) is useful or of assistance to any person or entity identified in subdivision (2) of this subsection (a);
- (C) is required, requested, created, used, submitted, or relied upon by any person or entity identified in subdivision (2) of this subsection (a);
- (D) is necessary in order to assist in the representation, care, or protection of a person or the State;
  - (E) is necessary in order to protect the public or property;
- (F) is necessary to represent or assist crime victims in receiving restitution or other services;
- (G) relates to a Vermont or federal court rule or statute governing any criminal, postconviction, mental health, family, juvenile, civil, probate, Judicial Bureau, Environmental Division, or Supreme Court matter; or
- (H) relates to a matter subject to Title 4, 12, 13, 15, 18, 20, 23, or 33 of the Vermont Statutes Annotated.
  - (b) Attorneys.
- (1) Attorneys licensed and in good standing in this State are exempt from:
- (A) the examination requirement set forth in subsection 5341(b) of this chapter; and
- (B) the continuing education requirement set forth in section 5343 of this chapter.
- (2) If a complaint of a violation of this chapter is filed in regard to a Vermont licensed attorney, the Office shall refer the complaint to the Professional Responsibility Board and shall request a report back from the Board regarding the final disposition of the complaint.
- (c) Fees Town clerks, assistants, and justices of the peace. The following persons are exempt from the fee set forth in section 5324 of this chapter:
- (1)(A) a judge, clerk, or other court staff, as designated by the Court Administrator; A town clerk and his or her assistants may perform notarial acts as notaries public throughout the town clerk's county, provided that they shall comply with all of the requirements of this chapter, except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection.

- (B) Subject to the provisions of subdivision (A) of this subdivision (1), performing notarial acts as a notary public shall be considered within the scope of the official duties of a town clerk and his or her assistants.
- (2) State's Attorneys and their deputies and Assistant Attorneys General, public defenders, and their staff;
- (3) justices <u>Justices</u> of the peace and town clerks and their assistants; and
- (4) State Police officers, municipal police officers, fish and game wardens, sheriffs and deputy sheriffs, motor vehicle inspectors, employees of the Department of Corrections, and employees of the Department for Children and Families are exempt from the fee set forth in section 5324 of this chapter.
- (d) Unauthorized practice. Nothing in this section is intended to prohibit prosecution of a person under 3 V.S.A. § 127 (unauthorized practice).

#### H. 521.

An act relating to amending the special education laws.

## Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator Perchlik for the Committee on Education.

The Committee recommends that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

#### Sec. 1. PURPOSE

- (a) 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 173 made substantial changes to the funding of special education services and directed the Agency of Education to assist supervisory unions in adopting best practices for the delivery of special education services. This act makes certain minor amendments to the special education laws that are proposed by the Agency of Education to clarify some of the changes made in Act 173.
- (b) This act also amends certain dates in Act 173 to provide an additional year to prepare for the changes in the funding and delivery of special education services required by Act 173.
- Sec. 2. 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 173, Sec. 2 is amended to read:

#### Sec. 2. GOALS

\* \* \*

(b)(1) To support the enhanced delivery of these services, the State funding model for special education shall change for all supervisory unions in fiscal

year 2021 2022, for school year 2020-2021 2021-2022, from a reimbursement model to a census-based model, which will provide more flexibility in how the funding can be used, is aligned with the State's policy priorities of serving students who require additional support across the general and special education service-delivery systems, and will simplify administration.

\* \* \*

Sec. 3. 16 V.S.A. § 2961 is amended to read:

## § 2961. CENSUS GRANT

(a) As used in this section:

\* \* \*

- (3) "Long-term membership" of a supervisory union in any school year means the average of the supervisory union's average daily membership over the most recent three school years for which data are available.
  - (4) "Uniform base amount" means an amount determined by:
    - (A) dividing an amount:
- (i) equal to the average State appropriation for fiscal years 2018, 2019, and 2020 2019, 2020, and 2021 for special education under sections 2961 (standard mainstream block grants), 2963 (special education expenditures reimbursement), and 2963a (exceptional circumstances) of this title; and
- (ii) increased by the annual change in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA) Implicit Price Deflator for State and Local Government Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment as reported by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; by
- (B) the statewide average daily membership for prekindergarten through grade 12 for the 2019–2020 school year long-term membership.

\* \* \*

- (d)(1)(A) For fiscal year 2021 2022, the amount of the census grant for a supervisory union shall be:
- (i) the average amount it received for fiscal years 2017, 2018, and 2019 2018, 2019, and 2020 from the State for special education under sections 2961 (standard mainstream block grants), 2963 (special education expenditures reimbursement), and 2963a (exceptional circumstances) of this title; increased by

- (ii) the annual change in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA) Implicit Price Deflator for State and Local Government Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment as reported by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.
- (B) The amount determined under subdivision (A) of this subdivision (1) shall be divided by the supervisory union's long-term membership, to determine the base amount of the census grant, which is the amount of the census grant calculated on a per student basis.
- (2) For fiscal year 2025 2026 and subsequent fiscal years, the amount of the census grant for a supervisory union shall be the uniform base amount multiplied by the supervisory union's long-term membership.
- (3) For fiscal years 2022, 2023, and 2024 2023, 2024, and 2025, the amount of the census grant for a supervisory union shall be determined by multiplying the supervisory union's long-term membership by a base amount established under this subdivision. The base amounts for each supervisory union for fiscal years 2022, 2023, 2024 2023, 2024, and 2025 shall move gradually the supervisory union's fiscal year 2021 2022 base amount to the fiscal year 2025 2026 uniform base amount by prorating the change between the supervisory union's fiscal year 2021 2022 base amount and the fiscal year 2025 2026 uniform base amount over this three-fiscal-year period.

#### Sec. 4. 16 V.S.A. § 2967 is amended to read:

#### § 2967. AID PROJECTION

- (a) On or before December 15, the Secretary shall publish an estimate, by each supervisory union, of its anticipated <u>State</u> special education <u>expenditures</u> <u>funding</u> under this chapter for the ensuing school year.
- (b) As used in this section, <u>State</u> special education <u>expenditures</u> <u>funding</u> shall include:
- (1) <u>costs funds</u> eligible for grants and reimbursements under sections 2961 and 2962 of this title;
  - (2) costs funds for services for persons who are visually impaired;
  - (3) costs funds for persons who are deaf or hard of hearing;
  - (4) costs funds for the interdisciplinary team program;
- (5) funds expended for training and programs to meet the needs of students with emotional or behavioral challenges under subsection 2969(c) of this title; and
  - (6) funds expended for training under subsection 2969(d) of this title.

Sec. 5. 16 V.S.A. § 2975 is amended to read:

## § 2975. UNUSUAL SPECIAL EDUCATION COSTS; FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

The Secretary may use up to two percent of the funds appropriated for allowable special education expenditures, as that term is defined in State Board of Education rules, to directly assist supervisory unions with special education expenditures of an unusual or unexpected nature funds for allowable special education expenditures, as defined in State Board of Education rules, to directly assist supervisory unions with special education expenditures of an unusual or unexpected nature. These funds shall be appropriated in the amount of two percent times the Census Grant as defined in section 2961 of this title. The Secretary's decision regarding a supervisory union's eligibility for and amount of assistance shall be final.

Sec. 6. 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 173, Sec. 12 is amended to read:

# Sec. 12. TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE ON THE DELIVERY OF SPECIAL EDUCATION SERVICES

- (a) The Agency of Education shall, for the 2018–2019, 2019–2020, and 2020–2021, and 2021–2022 school years, assist supervisory unions to expand and improve their delivery of services to students who require additional supports in accordance with the report entitled "Expanding and Strengthening Best-Practice Supports for Students who Struggle" delivered to the Agency of Education in November 2017 from the District Management Group. This assistance shall include the training of teachers and staff and technical assistance with the goal of embedding the following best practices for the delivery of special education services:
  - (1) ensuring core instruction meets most needs of most students;
- (2) providing additional instructional time outside core subjects to students who require additional support, rather than providing interventions instead of core instruction;
- (3) ensuring students who require additional support receive all instruction from highly skilled teachers;
- (4) creating or strengthening a systems-wide approach to supporting positive student behaviors based on expert support; and
- (5) providing specialized instruction from skilled and trained experts to students with more intensive needs.
- (b) The sum of \$200,000.00 is appropriated from federal funds that are available under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act for fiscal

year 2019 to the Agency of Education, which the Agency shall administer in accordance with this section. The Agency shall include in its budget request to the General Assembly for each of fiscal years 2020 and, 2021, and 2022 the amount of \$200,000.00 from federal funds that are available under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act for administration in accordance with this section.

(c) The Agency of Education shall present to the General Assembly on or before December 15 in 2019, 2020, and 2021, and 2022 a report describing what changes supervisory unions have made to expand and improve their delivery of services to students who require additional supports and describing the associated delivery challenges. The Agency shall share each report with all supervisory unions.

Sec. 7. 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 173, Sec. 16 is amended to read:

## Sec. 16. RULEMAKING

The Agency of Education shall recommend to the State Board proposed rules that are necessary to implement this act and, on or before November 1, 2019 2020, the State Board of Education shall adopt rules that are necessary to implement this act. The State Board and the Agency of Education shall consult with the Census-based Funding Advisory Group established under Sec. 9 of this act in developing the State Board rules. The State Board rules shall include rules that establish processes for reporting, monitoring, and evaluation designed to ensure:

- (1) the achievement of the goal under this act of enhancing the effectiveness, availability, and equity of services provided to all students who require additional support in Vermont's school districts; and
- (2) that supervisory unions are complying with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. chapter 33.
- Sec. 8. 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 173, Sec. 17 is amended to read:

#### Sec. 17. TRANSITION

- (a) Notwithstanding the requirement under 16 V.S.A. § 2964 for a supervisory union to submit a service plan to the Secretary of Education, a supervisory union shall not be required to submit a service plan for fiscal year 2021 2022.
- (b) On or before November 1, 2019 2020, a supervisory union shall submit to the Secretary such information as required:

- (1) by the Secretary to estimate the supervisory union's projected fiscal year 2021 2022 extraordinary special education reimbursement under Sec. 5 of this act; and
  - (2) for IDEA reporting in a format specified by the Secretary.
- (c) The Agency of Education shall assist supervisory unions as they transition to the census-based funding model in satisfying their maintenance of effort requirements under federal law.
- Sec. 9. 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 173, Sec. 18 is amended to read:
  - Sec. 18. TRANSITION FOR ALLOWABLE SPECIAL EDUCATION COSTS

\* \* \*

- (b) This section is repealed on July 1, 2020 2021.
- Sec. 10. 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 173, Sec. 23 is amended to read:

Sec. 23. EFFECTIVE DATES

\* \* \*

(b) Sec. 5 (16 V.S.A. chapter 101) shall take effect on July 1, 2020 2021.

\* \* \*

\* \* \* State Advisory Panel on Special Education \* \* \*

Sec. 10. 16 V.S.A. § 2945 is amended to read:

## § 2945. <u>STATE</u> ADVISORY <u>COUNCIL</u> <u>PANEL</u> ON SPECIAL EDUCATION

- (a) There is created the Advisory Council on Special Education that shall consist of 19 members. All members of the Council shall serve for a term of three years or until their successors are appointed. Terms shall begin on April 1 of the year of appointment. A majority of the members shall be either individuals with disabilities or parents of children with disabilities.
- (1) Seventeen of the members shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice of the Secretary. Among the gubernatorial appointees shall be:
  - (A) teachers;
- (B) representatives of State agencies involved in the financing or delivery of related services to children with disabilities;
  - (C) a representative of independent schools;

- (D) at least one representative of a vocational, community, or business organization concerned with the provision of transition services to children with disabilities;
- (E) a representative from the State juvenile and adult corrections agency;
  - (F) individuals with disabilities;
- (G) parents of children with disabilities, provided the child shall be younger than 26 years old at the time his or her parent is appointed to the Council;
- (H) State and local education officials, including officials who carry out activities under the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act;
- (I) a representative of higher education who prepares special education and related services personnel;
- (J) a representative from the State child welfare department responsible for foster care;
  - (K) special education administrators; and
  - (L) two at-large members.
- (2) In addition, two members of the General Assembly shall be appointed, one from the House of Representatives and one from the Senate. The Speaker shall appoint the House member and the Committee on Committees shall appoint the Senate member.
- (b) The Council shall elect its own chair from among its membership. The Council shall meet annually at the call of the Chair, and other meetings may be called by the Chair at such times and places as he or she may determine to be necessary.
- (c) The members of the Council who are employees of the State shall receive no additional compensation for their services, but actual and necessary expenses shall be allowed State employees, and shall be charged to their departments or institutions. The members of the Council who are not employees of the State shall receive a per diem compensation as provided under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for each day of official business and reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses at the rate allowed State employees.

#### (d) The Council shall:

(1) assume all responsibilities required of the State advisory panel by federal law;

- (2) review periodically the rules, regulations, standards, and guidelines pertaining to special education and recommend to the State Board any changes it finds necessary;
- (3) comment on any new or revised rules, regulations, standards, and guidelines proposed for issuance; and
- (4) advise the State Board in the development of any State plan for provision of special education.
- (a) The State Advisory Panel on Special Education (Panel) is created to provide guidance with respect to special education and related services for children with disabilities in the State. Members of the Panel shall be appointed by the Governor, with the advice of the Secretary of Education. The Panel shall perform the duties, and members of the Panel shall be appointed, in accordance with federal law. In addition to members appointed to the Panel to satisfy the requirements under federal law, the members of the Panel shall include a representative of each body designated by the State under federal law as the Parent Training and Information Center and the Protection and Advocacy System.
- (b) The Panel shall elect an executive committee from among its members. The executive committee shall be composed of seven members of the Panel, one of whom shall be the chair of the Panel. A majority of the members of the executive committee shall be individuals with disabilities or parents of children with disabilities (ages birth through 26 years of age). The executive committee shall call meetings of the Panel and shall direct the work of the Panel.
- (c) The Panel shall advise both the Agency of Education and the State Board of Education on those matters upon which the Panel is required, under federal law, to advise the State Education Agency.

#### Sec 11 TRANSITION

- (a) On or before August 1, 2019, members shall be appointed to the State Advisory Panel on Special Education under 16 V.S.A. § 2945 to ensure that the membership of the Panel complies with federal law, including the appointment of members who fulfill the requirement that a majority of the members be individuals with disabilities or parents of children with disabilities.
- (b) On or before December 1, 2019, the Panel shall, in consultation with the Agency of Education, review and update its bylaws, and shall include in its bylaws term limits for all or certain of its members, as the Panel deems appropriate.

## \* \* \* Effective Dates \* \* \*

#### Sec. 12. EFFECTIVE DATES

Secs. 1, 2, 6–11 and this section shall take effect on passage. Secs. 3–5 shall take effect on July 1, 2021.

(Committee vote: 6-0-0)

(No House amendments)

# Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator McCormack for the Committee on Appropriations.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Education with the following amendments thereto:

<u>First</u>: In Sec. 10, amending 16 V.S.A. § 2945, by adding a sentence to the end of subsection (a) to read as follows: <u>The total number of members on the Panel shall not exceed 37 members.</u>

<u>Second</u>: In Sec. 10, amending 16 V.S.A. § 2945, by adding a new subsection (d) to read as follows:

(d) Members of the Panel shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010.

(Committee vote: 7-0-0)

## **House Proposal of Amendment**

S. 86

An act relating to increasing the legal age for buying and using cigarettes, electronic cigarettes, and other tobacco products from 18 to 21 years of age.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill as follows:

By striking out Sec. 8, effective date, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 8 to read as follows:

#### Sec. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on September 1, 2019.

#### CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS FOR ACTION

#### **Concurrent Resolutions For Action Under Joint Rule 16**

The following joint concurrent resolutions have been introduced for approval by the Senate and House. They will be adopted by the Senate unless a Senator requests floor consideration before the end of the session. Requests for floor consideration should be communicated to the Secretary's Office.

**S.C.R. 11 - 12** (For text of Resolutions, see Addendum to Senate Calendar for April 25, 2019)

**H.C.R. 144, 146 - 153** (For text of Resolutions, see Addendum to House Calendar for April 25, 2019)

#### **CONFIRMATIONS**

The following appointments will be considered by the Senate, as a group, under suspension of the Rules, as moved by the President *pro tempore*, for confirmation together and without debate, by consent thereby given by the Senate. However, upon request of any senator, any appointment may be singled out and acted upon separately by the Senate, with consideration given to the report of the Committee to which the appointment was referred, and with full debate; and further, all appointments for the positions of Secretaries of Agencies, Commissioners of Departments, Judges, Magistrates, and members of the Public Utility Commission shall be fully and separately acted upon.

Mark A. Levine of Shelburne – Commissioner, Department of Health – By Sen. Lyons for the Committee on Health and Welfare. (4/23/19)

<u>Alfred J. Gobeille</u> of Shelburne – Secretary, Agency of Human Services – By Sen. Lyons for the Committee on Health and Welfare. (4/24/19)

<u>Kevin J. Mullin</u> of Rutland – Chair, Green Mountain Care Board – By Sen. McCormack for the Committee on Health and Welfare. (4/24/19)

<u>Joan Goldstein</u> of Royalton - Commissioner, Department of Economic Development - Sen. Clarkson for the Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs. (4/25/19)