# House Calendar

Wednesday, September 9, 2020  
247th DAY OF THE ADJOURNED SESSION

House Convenes at 3:00 P.M.

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ACTION CALENDAR

Unfinished Business of Wednesday, June 10. 2020
Favorable with Amendment
H. 99

An act relating to trade in covered animal parts or products

Rep. McCullough of Williston, for the Committee on Natural Resources, Fish, and Wildlife, recommends the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. part 4, chapter 124 is added to read:

CHAPTER 124. TRADE IN COVERED ANIMAL PARTS OR PRODUCTS

§ 5501. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) “Bona fide educational or scientific institution” means an institution that establishes through documentation that it is a tax-exempt institution under the Internal Revenue Service’s educational or scientific tax exemption.

(2) “Covered animal” means any species of:

(A) Cheetah (Acinonyx jubatus);
(B) Elephant (family Elephantidae);
(C) Giraffe (Giraffa camelopardalis);
(D) Hippopotamus (family Hippopotamidae);
(E) Jaguar (Panthera onca);
(F) Leopard (Panthera pardus);
(G) Lion (Panthera leo);
(H) Mammoth (genus Mammutus);
(I) Mastodon (genus Mammut),
(J) Pangolin (family Manidae);
(K) Endangered ray, as listed by the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora;
(L) Rhinoceros (family Rhinocerotidae);
(M) Sea turtle (family Chelonioidea);
Endangered shark, as listed by the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora; Tiger (Panthera tigris); Whale (families Balaenidae, Balaenopteridae, Cetotheriidae, Eschrichtiidae, Monodontidae, Physeteridae, Kogiidae, and Ziphiidae); or The following primates: gorillas, bonobos, orangutans, gibbons, or chimpanzees.

(3) “Commissioner” means the Commissioner of Fish and Wildlife.

(4) “Covered animal part or product” means any item that contains, or is wholly or partially made from, a covered animal, including the meat or flesh of a covered animal sold as food.

(5) “Firearm” has the same meaning as in 13 V.S.A. § 4016(a)(3).

(6) “Sale” or “sell” means any act of selling, trading, or bartering for monetary or nonmonetary consideration, and includes any transfer of ownership that occurs in the course of a commercial transaction. “Sale” or “sell” shall not include a nonmonetary transfer of ownership by way of gift, donation, or bequest.

(7) “Secretary” means the Secretary of Natural Resources.

(8) “Total value” means either the fair market value or the actual price paid for a covered animal part or product, whichever is greater.

§ 5502. PROHIBITION

Except as provided in this chapter, notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a person shall not purchase, sell, offer for sale, or possess with intent to sell any item that the person knows or should know is a covered animal part or product.

§ 5503. EXCEPTIONS

(a) The prohibition on the purchase, sale, offer for sale, or possession with intent to sell set forth in section 5502 of this title shall not apply:

(1) to employees or agents of the federal or State government undertaking any law enforcement activities pursuant to federal or State law or any mandatory duties required by federal or State law;

(2) when the activity is expressly authorized by federal law;

(3) when the covered animal part or product is a fixed component of an antique that is not made wholly or partially from the covered animal part or product, provided that:
(A) the antique status is established by the owner or seller of the covered animal part or product with documentation providing evidence of the provenance of the covered animal part or product and showing the covered animal part or product to be not less than 100 years old; and

(B) the total weight of the covered animal part or product is less than 200 grams;

(4) when the covered animal part or product is a fixed component of a firearm; knife; or musical instrument, including string instruments and bows, wind and percussion instruments, and pianos, provided that the covered animal part or product was legally acquired and provided that the total weight of the covered animal part or product is less than 200 grams; or

(5) the activity is authorized under section 5504 of this title.

(b) Documentation evidencing reasonable provenance or the age of a covered animal part or product that may be purchased, sold, offered for sale, or possessed under subsection (a) of this section may include receipts of purchase, invoices, bills of sale, prior appraisals, auction catalogues, museum or art gallery exhibit catalogues, and the signed certification of an antique appraiser to the age of the covered animal part. The issuance of a false or fraudulent certification of the age of a covered animal part or product shall be subject to penalty under section 5506 of this title.

§ 5504. EDUCATIONAL OR SCIENTIFIC USE

The Secretary may permit, under terms and conditions as the Secretary may require, the purchase, sale, offer for sale, or possession with intent to sell of any covered animal part or product for educational or scientific purposes by a bona fide educational or scientific institution unless the activity is prohibited by federal law, and provided that the covered animal part or product was legally acquired.

§ 5505. PRESUMPTION OF POSSESSION WITH INTENT TO SELL

There shall be a rebuttable presumption that a person possesses a covered animal part or product with intent to sell when the part or product is possessed by a retail or wholesale establishment or other forum engaged in the business of buying or selling similar items. This rebuttable presumption shall not preclude a court from finding intent to sell a covered animal part or product based on any other evidence that may serve to independently establish intent.

§ 5506. ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES; REFERRAL FOR CRIMINAL ENFORCEMENT

(a) The Secretary may assess the following administrative penalties for a
violation of a provision of this chapter:

(1) For a first offense, a person shall be assessed an administrative penalty of not more than $1,000.00 nor less than $400.00.

(2) For a second offense or subsequent offense, a person shall be assessed an administrative penalty of not more than $4,000.00 nor less than $2,000.00.

(b) Instead of bringing an environmental enforcement action for a violation of this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter, the Secretary may refer a violation of this chapter to the Commissioner of Fish and Wildlife for criminal enforcement under section 4518 of this title.

§ 5507. SEIZURE.

A person convicted of violating a provision of this chapter shall forfeit to the Secretary the covered animal part or product that is the subject of the violation. The Secretary may:

(1) authorize that the covered animal part or product be maintained for educational or training purposes;

(2) authorize that the covered animal part or product be donated to a bona fide educational or scientific institution; or

(3) require that the covered animal part or product be destroyed.

§ 5508. RULES

The Secretary may adopt rules necessary to implement the requirements of this chapter.

Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. § 4518 is amended to read:

§ 4518. BIG GAME VIOLATIONS; THREATENED AND ENDANGERED SPECIES; SUSPENSION; VIOLATIONS

Whoever violates a provision of this part or orders or rules of the Board relating to taking, possessing, transporting, buying, or selling of big game or relating to threatened or endangered species, or relating to the trade in covered animal parts or products shall be fined not more than $1,000.00 nor less than $400.00 or imprisoned for not more than 60 days, or both. Upon a second and all subsequent convictions or any conviction while under license suspension related to the requirements of part 4 of this title, the violator shall be fined not more than $4,000.00 nor less than $2,000.00 or imprisoned for not more than 60 days, or both.

Sec. 3. 10 V.S.A. § 8003 is amended to read:
§ 8003. APPLICABILITY

(a) The Secretary may take action under this chapter to enforce the following statutes and rules, permits, assurances, or orders implementing the following statutes, and the Board may take such action with respect to subdivision (10) of this subsection:

* * *

(27) 10 V.S.A. chapter 123, relating to threatened and endangered species;

* * *

(29) 10 V.S.A. § 1420, relating to abandoned vessels; and

(30) 3 V.S.A. § 2810, relating to interim environmental media standards; and

(31) 10 V.S.A. chapter 124, relating to the trade in covered animal parts or products.

Sec. 4. 10 V.S.A. § 8503 is amended to read:

§ 8503. APPLICABILITY

(a) This chapter shall govern all appeals of an act or decision of the Secretary, excluding enforcement actions under chapters 201 and 211 of this title and rulemaking, under the following authorities and under the rules adopted under those authorities:

(1) The following provisions of this title:

* * *

(V) chapter 124 (trade in covered animal parts or products).

* * *

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on January 1, 2022.

(Committee Vote: 7-4-0)

H. 783

An act relating to recovery residences

Rep. Killacky of South Burlington, for the Committee on General, Housing, and Military Affairs, recommends the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT
It is the intent of the General Assembly that any exceptions made to existing landlord and tenant relationships in this act are limited solely to recovery residences operating pursuant to this act. These exceptions are intended to enable the expansion of recovery residences throughout the State and ensure their accessibility to individuals recovering from a substance use disorder.

Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. § 4812 is added to read:

§ 4812. RECOVERY RESIDENCES

(a) Definition.

(1) As used in this section, “recovery residence” means a shared living residence supporting persons recovering from a substance use disorder that:

(A) Provides residents with peer support, an environment that prohibits the use of alcohol and the illegal use of prescription drugs or other illegal substances, and provides assistance accessing support services and community resources available to persons recovering from substance use disorder; and

(B) Is certified by an organization that is a Vermont affiliate of the National Alliance for Recovery Residences and adheres to the national standards established by the Alliance or its successor in interest. If there is no successor in interest, the Department of Health shall designate a certifying organization to uphold appropriate standards for recovery housing.

(2) As used in this section, “the illegal use of prescription drugs” refers to the use of prescription drugs by a person who does not hold a valid prescription for that drug or in an amount that exceeds the dosing instructions.

(b) Voluntary arrangement. The decision to live in a recovery residence shall be voluntary and shall not be required or mandated by any private or public entity or individual.

(c) Terms of residency; compliance.

(1) Landlord and tenant relationship. A recovery residence and a resident have a landlord and tenant relationship that is subject to 9 V.S.A. chapter 137, except as otherwise provided in subdivisions (3)–(4) of this subsection.

(2) Residential rental agreement.

(A) A recovery residence and a resident shall execute a written rental agreement that includes:

(i) the policies and procedures governing the tenancy;
(ii) a statement that the recovery residence and the resident will comply with the policies and procedures;

(iii) the consequences of noncompliance;

(iv) the identification of a verified location where the resident may be housed in the event of temporary removal;

(v) payment requirements;

(vi) notice requirements and procedure for terminating the tenancy;

(vii) the contact information for a resident’s probation or parole officer, if the resident is on furlough or parole from the Department of Corrections; and

(viii) any other provisions to which the parties agree.

(B) The parties may amend a rental agreement in a written record signed by the parties.

(C) A resident may have a support person present when negotiating and executing a rental agreement or amendment.

(3) Temporary removal.

(A) A recovery residence shall adopt policies and procedures that govern the temporary removal of a resident who uses alcohol or illegal substances, engages in the illegal use of prescription drugs, or engages in violent, sexually harassing, or threatening behavior, consistent with the following:

(i) A recovery residence shall:

   (I) provide written notice of the reason for temporary removal and of the actions the resident must take to avoid temporary removal or to be readmitted after temporary removal;

   (II) design and implement harm reduction strategies for a resident who is temporarily removed, which may include providing naloxone to the resident upon temporary removal or other strategies more appropriate to the resident’s recovery needs; and

   (III) take action that is consistent with the resident’s most recent reoccurrence agreement to the extent possible.

(ii) A recovery residence shall not temporarily remove a resident based solely on the resident’s use of medication in conjunction with medication-assisted treatment, as defined in section 4750 of this title.
(B) Notwithstanding 9 V.S.A. §§ 4463 and 4464, a recovery residence that complies with the policies and procedures adopted pursuant to this subdivision (c)(3) may temporarily deny a resident access to the recovery residence and to his or her property within the residence.

(4) Termination of tenancy.

(A) A recovery residence shall adopt policies and procedures that govern the termination of tenancy of a resident who violates one or more provisions of the rental agreement, consistent with the following:

(i) A recovery residence shall:

(I) provide written notice of its intent to terminate the tenancy that includes the reason for termination and the actions the resident must take to avoid removal;

(II) design and implement harm reduction strategies for a resident whose tenancy is terminated, which may include providing naloxone to the resident upon removal or other strategies more appropriate to the resident’s recovery needs; and

(III) adopt a review process under which:

(aa) a person other than the original decision maker or a subordinate of the original decision maker, which may include a Vermont affiliate of the National Alliance for Recovery Residences, reviews the decision to terminate the tenancy;

(bb) the resident has a meaningful opportunity to present evidence why the resident should not be removed; and

(cc) the resident receives prompt written notice of a final decision.

(ii) A recovery residence shall not:

(I) terminate a tenancy because a resident uses alcohol or illegal substances, or engages in the illegal use of prescription drugs, unless:

(aa) the resident fails to take the actions required to avoid temporary removal or to be readmitted after temporary removal; and

(bb) the recovery residence has contemporary drug test results verified by a laboratory approved by the State; or

(II) terminate a tenancy based solely on the resident’s use of medication in conjunction with medication-assisted treatment, as defined in section 4750 of this title.
(B) Notwithstanding 9 V.S.A. §§ 4467 and 4468, a recovery residence that complies with the policies and procedures adopted pursuant to this subdivision (c)(5) may terminate the tenancy of a resident pursuant to the notice requirements and procedure for terminating the tenancy provided in the rental agreement.

(d) Drug testing. A recovery residence shall adopt policies and procedures that govern drug testing of residents and shall apply the policies and testing procedures fairly among residents.

(e) Future services. A recovery residence shall not deny future services to a resident who has been either temporarily removed from a recovery residence or whose tenancy has been terminated, based solely on the resident’s use of alcohol or illegal substances or the illegal use of prescription drugs.

Sec. 3. 24 V.S.A. § 4412 is amended to read:

§ 4412. REQUIRED PROVISIONS AND PROHIBITED EFFECTS

Notwithstanding any existing bylaw, the following land development provisions shall apply in every municipality:

1) Equal treatment of housing and required provisions for affordable housing.

***

(G) A residential care home or group home to be operated under State licensing or registration, serving not more than eight persons who have a disability as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 4501, and a recovery residence as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 4812, serving not more than eight persons, shall be considered by right to constitute a permitted single-family residential use of property. This subdivision (G) does not require a municipality to allow a greater number of residential care homes or group homes on a lot than the number of single-family dwellings allowed on the lot.

***

Sec. 4. REPORT; RECOVERY RESIDENCE; FURLOUGH

On or before January 1, 2021 and annually thereafter through January 1, 2024, the Department of Corrections shall submit a report to the House Committees on General, Housing, and Military Affairs, on Corrections and Institutions, and on Human Services and to the Senate Committees on Economic Development, on Health and Welfare, and on Judiciary containing the number of individuals on furlough who reside in recovery residences as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 4812 and the number of individuals who have violated the conditions of their furlough and were removed from their recovery residence.
residence and returned to prison.

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

(Committee Vote: 8-1-2)

Rep. Redmond of Essex, for the Committee on Human Services, recommends the bill ought to pass when amended as recommended by the Committee on General, Housing, and Military Affairs and when further amended as follows:

First: In Sec. 2, 18 V.S.A. § 4812, in subdivision (a)(1)(A), by striking out “available to persons recovering from substance use disorder;” and inserting in lieu thereof “;

Second: In Sec. 2, 18 V.S.A. § 4812, in subsection (c), by striking out subdivision (3)(A)(ii) in its entirety and inserting a new subdivision (3)(A)(ii) to read as follows:

(ii) A recovery residence shall not temporarily remove a resident based on the resident receiving medication-assisted treatment, as defined in section 4750 of this title.

Third: In Sec. 2, 18 V.S.A. § 4812, in subsection (c), by striking out subdivision (4)(A)(ii)(II) in its entirety and inserting a new subdivision (4)(A)(ii)(II) to read as follows:

(II) terminate a tenancy based on the resident receiving medication-assisted treatment, as defined in section 4750 of this title.

Fourth: In Sec. 4, report; recovery residence; furlough, after “Senate Committees on Economic Development” by inserting “, Housing and General Affairs”

(Committee Vote: 9-0-2)

Amendment to be offered by Rep. Killacky of South Burlington to the recommendation of amendment of the Committee on General, Housing, and Military Affairs as further amended as recommended by the Committee on Human Services to H. 783

First: In Sec. 2, 18 V.S.A. § 4812, in subsection (a), by striking out subdivision (1)(B) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subdivision (1)(B) to read as follows:

(B) Is certified by an organization that is a Vermont affiliate of the National Alliance for Recovery Residences or obtains a preliminary certification within 45 days of operation and adheres to the national standards established by the Alliance or its successor in interest. If there is no successor in interest, the Department of Health shall designate a certifying organization.
to uphold appropriate standards for recovery housing.

Second: In Sec. 2, 18 V.S.A. § 4812, in subsection (c), by striking out subdivision (3)(B) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subdivision (3)(B) to read as follows:

(B) Notwithstanding 9 V.S.A. §§ 4463 and 4464, a recovery residence that complies with the policies and procedures adopted pursuant to this subdivision (c)(3) may temporarily deny a resident access to the recovery residence, but shall return to the resident his or her property or ensure its safekeeping.

Unfinished Business of Tuesday, August 25, 2020

Senate Proposal of Amendment

H. 954

An act relating to miscellaneous tax provisions

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill as follows:

First: By striking out Sec. 4, property tax collection, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof:

Sec. 4. [Deleted.]

Second: By striking out Sec. 8, 32 V.S.A. § 5870, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof:

Sec. 8. USE TAX SAFE HARBOR; REPORT

On or before January 15, 2021, the Department of Taxes, with the assistance of the Joint Fiscal Office, shall provide the General Assembly with a report on the remittance of the Vermont use tax on taxpayers’ State individual income tax returns as provided under 32 V.S.A. § 5870. The report required under this section shall:

(1) analyze the fiscal impact on the remittance of the Vermont use tax of the following:

(A) the U.S. Supreme Court decision in South Dakota v. Wayfair, 138 S. Ct. 2080 (2108) and the conforming Vermont remote seller collection requirements imposed under 32 V.S.A. § 9701(9)(F) and (9)(G); and

(B) the enactment of marketplace facilitator collection requirements in 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 46; and

(2) recommend options for amending the alternative reporting of use tax that a taxpayer may elect under 32 V.S.A. § 5870(a), including a reduction of the amount that is a percentage of a taxpayer’s adjusted gross income, given the fiscal impact analysis required under subdivision (1) of this section.
Third: After Sec. 10, noncollecting vendor reporting, by adding a new Sec. 10a to read as follows:

Sec. 10a. 32 V.S.A. § 9741(54) is added to read:

(54) Sales of recyclable paper carryout bags to customers pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 6693, provided that sales of recyclable paper carryout bags to stores and food service establishments as defined under 10 V.S.A. § 6691 shall not be exempt under this subdivision and shall not be considered sales for resale under 32 V.S.A. § 9701(5).

Fourth: By striking out Sec. 12, 32 V.S.A. § 9248, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 12 to read as follows:

Sec. 12. 32 V.S.A. § 9248 is amended to read:

§ 9248. INFORMATIONAL REPORTING

The Department of Taxes may collect information on operators from persons providing an Internet platform for the short-term rental of property for occupancy in this State. The information collected shall include any information the Commissioner shall require, and the name, address, and terms of the rental transactions of persons acting as operators through the Internet platform. The failure to provide information as required under this section shall subject the person operating the Internet platform to a fine of $5.00 for each instance of failure. The Commissioner is authorized to adopt rules and procedures to implement this section.

Fifth: By striking out Sec. 19, 32 V.S.A. § 5825a(b), in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 19. 32 V.S.A. § 5825a is amended to read:

§ 5825a. CREDIT FOR VERMONT HIGHER EDUCATION INVESTMENT PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS

(a) A taxpayer of this State, including each spouse filing a joint return, shall be eligible for a nonrefundable credit against the tax imposed under section 5822 of this title of 10 percent of the first $2,500.00 per beneficiary contributed by the taxpayer during the taxable year to a Vermont higher education investment plan Higher Education Investment Plan account under 16 V.S.A. chapter 87, subchapter 7, provided the account is provided directly by the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation to the participant.

(b) A taxpayer who has received a credit under subsection (a) of this section shall repay to the Commissioner 10 percent of any distribution from a higher education investment plan account, which distribution is not used exclusively for costs of attendance at an approved postsecondary education
institution as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 2822(6), up to a maximum of the total
credits received by the taxpayer under subsection (a) of this section minus any
amount of repayment of such credits in prior tax years except when the
distribution:

(1) is used exclusively for costs of attendance at an approved
postsecondary education institution as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 2822(6);

(2) qualifies as an expense associated with a registered apprenticeship
program pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 529(c)(8); or

(3) is made after the death of the beneficiary or after the beneficiary
becomes disabled pursuant to subdivisions (q)(2)(C) and (m)(7) of 26 U.S.C.
§ 72.

(c) Repayments under this subsection (b) of this section shall be subject to
assessment, notice, penalty and interest, collection, and other administration in
the same manner as an income tax under this chapter.

Sec. 19a. 16 V.S.A. chapter 87, subchapter 7 is amended to read:

* * *

§ 2876. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter, except where the context clearly requires
another interpretation:

(1) “Beneficiary” means any individual designated by a participation
agreement to benefit from payments for qualified postsecondary education
costs at an institution of postsecondary education.

(2) “Benefits” means the payment of qualified postsecondary education
costs on behalf of a beneficiary by the Corporation’s Investment Plan during
the beneficiary’s attendance at an institution of postsecondary education from
a participant’s investment plan account.

(3) “Corporation” means Vermont Student Assistance Corporation.

(4) “Internal Revenue Code” means the federal Internal Revenue Code
of 1986, as amended, together with the regulations promulgated thereunder
pursuant to that Code.

(5) “Qualified postsecondary education costs” means the qualified costs
of tuition and fees and other expenses for attendance at an approved
postsecondary education institution costs of tuition and fees for attendance at
an approved postsecondary education institution, and other qualified higher
education expenses as provided under 26 U.S.C. § 529.
(6) “Approved postsecondary education institution” means a postsecondary education institution as defined in section 2822 of this title.

(7) “Vermont Higher Education Investment Plan” or “Investment Plan” means the program one or more plans created pursuant to this subchapter.

(8) “Participant” means a person who has entered into a participation agreement pursuant to this subchapter intended for the advance payment of qualified postsecondary education costs on behalf of a beneficiary.

(9) “Participation agreement” means an agreement between a participant and the Corporation, pursuant to and conforming with the requirements of this subchapter.

§ 2877. VERMONT HIGHER EDUCATION INVESTMENT PLAN CREATED

(a) There is created a program of the State to be known as the Vermont Higher Education Investment Plan and a trust for that purpose to be administered by the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation as an instrumentality of the State. The program may consist of one or more different investment plans, including one or more plans that may be offered to a participant only with the assistance of a qualified financial advisor.

(b) In order to establish and administer the Investment Plan, the Corporation, in addition to its other powers and authority, shall have the power and authority to:

* * *

(2) Enter into agreements with any institution of approved postsecondary education institution, the State, or any federal or other agency or entity as required for the operation of the Investment Plan pursuant to this subchapter.

(3) Accept any grants, gifts, legislative appropriations, and other monies from the State, any unit of federal, State, or local government, or any other person, firm, partnership, or corporation for deposit contribution to the account of the Investment Plan, or for the operation or other related purposes of the Corporation.

(4) Invest the funds received from participants in appropriate investment vehicles approved and held in trust for participants by the Corporation as selected by the participants, including education loans made by the Corporation.

(5) Enter into participation agreements with participants.
(6) Develop and use two or more types of participation agreements to provide a range of investment structures options for participants.

(7) Make payments to institutions of postsecondary education on behalf of beneficiaries as directed by the participants pursuant to participation agreements.

(8) Make refunds to participants upon the termination of participation agreements pursuant to the provisions, limitations, and restrictions set forth in this subchapter and the rules and regulations, policies, and procedures adopted by the Corporation.

(9) Make provision for the payment of costs of administration and operation of the Investment Plan subject to the limitations on charges on participation agreements established in subdivision 2878(5) of this title.

(10) Adopt rules and regulations, policies, and procedures to implement this subchapter and take all necessary action to ensure an Investment Plan is in conformance with the Internal Revenue Code and other applicable law.

* * *

§ 2878. PARTICIPATION AGREEMENTS FOR INVESTMENT PLAN

The Corporation shall have the authority to enter into Investment Plan participation agreements with participants on behalf of beneficiaries pursuant to the provisions of this subchapter, including the following terms and agreements:

(1) A participation agreement shall stipulate the terms and conditions of the Investment Plan to which the participant makes deposits contributions.

(2) A participation agreement shall clearly specify the method for calculating the return on the deposit made by the participant, which may be a variable or adjustable rate of return various investment options available and shall reference the relevant expenses and other pertinent information about the account.

* * *

(4) A participation agreement shall clearly and prominently disclose to participants the risks associated with depositing monies with the Corporation the various investment options available under the applicable Investment Plan.

(5) Participation agreements shall be organized and presented in a way and with language that is easily understandable by the general public. A participation agreement shall clearly and prominently disclose to participants that the Corporation, the State, and any other governmental entity are not
liable for, nor guarantee the return of or on the participant’s contributions to an Investment Plan. A participation agreement shall also clearly and prominently disclose to participants the existence of any load charge or similar charge assessed against the accounts of the participants for administration, operation, or services. No fee or similar charge may be imposed with regard to an investment managed by the Corporation. Any fee, load, or similar charge with regard to any investment not managed by the Corporation shall be no greater than the cost determined by the Corporation to be required to administer the investment. The cost of originating and servicing any education loans made or acquired pursuant to participation agreements shall not be considered as load charges or similar charges.

* * *

§ 2878a. PARTICIPATION AGREEMENTS FOR INVESTMENT PLAN; INDIVIDUAL DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS

The Corporation may participate in the Individual Development Investment Program established under 33 V.S.A. § 1123, in accordance with the rules of the Agency of Human Services adopted thereunder, in connection with an individual or family who, at the time of contributing funds into an account created pursuant to a Vermont Higher Education Investment Plan, receives public assistance or is otherwise an eligible saver under 33 V.S.A. § 1123.

§ 2879. INVESTMENT AND PAYMENTS

All money paid by a participant in connection with a participation agreement shall be deposited credited to the participant’s account as received, held by the Corporation in trust for the benefit of the participant, and shall be promptly invested by the Corporation as selected by the participant from the investment options available under the participation agreement. Deposits and earnings thereon accumulated on behalf of participants in the Investment Plan Contributions and earnings accumulated in a participant’s Investment Plan account may be used, as provided in the participation agreement, for payments to any institution of postsecondary education, including for payments of qualified postsecondary education costs. The trust shall continue in existence as long as it holds any funds belonging to a participant.

* * *

§ 2879c. TAX EXEMPTION

* * *
(b) Contributions to an account held under the Vermont Higher Education Investment Plan that is provided directly by the Corporation to a participant shall be eligible for a credit against Vermont income tax as provided under 32 V.S.A. § 5825a.

§ 2879D. PROPERTY RIGHTS TO ASSETS IN THE PLAN

The assets of the Vermont Higher Education Investment Plan shall at all times be held in trust for the benefit of the participant, shall not be commingled with any other funds of the Corporation or the State, shall be preserved, invested, and expended solely and only for the purposes set forth in this chapter and in accordance with the participation agreements, and no property rights therein shall exist in favor of the Corporation or the State. Amounts held in, or withdrawn from, a participant’s Investment Plan account under a participation agreement shall not be subject to liens, attachment, garnishment, levy, seizure, claim by creditors of the contributors, participants, or any beneficiary, or subject to any involuntary sale, transfer, or assignment by any execution or any other legal or equitable operation of law, including bankruptcy or insolvency laws.

***

Sixth: By inserting a Sec. 25a to read as follows:

Sec. 25a. 32 V.S.A. § 5933(a) is amended to read:

(a) A claimant agency may submit any debt of $50.00 $45.00 or more to the Department for collection under the procedure established by this chapter. This setoff debt collection remedy is in addition to and not in substitution for any other remedy available by law.

Seventh: By striking out Sec. 27, effective dates, and its reader assistance heading in their entirety and inserting in lieu thereof Secs. 27–29 and their reader assistance headings to read as follows:

*** Land Use Change Tax Lien Subordination ***

Sec. 27. 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 20, Sec. 109 is amended to read:

Sec. 109. REPEALS

(a) 32 V.S.A. § 3757(f) 3777 (land use change tax lien subordination) is repealed on July 1, 2020.

***

*** Interest Rate; Overpayments and Underpayments ***

Sec. 28. 32 V.S.A. § 3108(a) is amended to read:
(a) Not later than December 15 of each year, the Commissioner shall establish an annual rate of interest applicable to unpaid tax liabilities and tax overpayments that shall be equal to the average prime rate charged by banks during the immediately preceding 12 months commencing on October 1 of the prior year, rounded upwards to the nearest quarter percent. Not later than December 15 of each year, the Commissioner shall establish an annual rate of interest applicable to unpaid tax liabilities and tax overpayments that shall be equal to the average prime rate charged by banks during the immediately preceding 12 months commencing on October 1 of the prior year, rounded upwards to the nearest quarter percent. The rates established hereunder shall be effective on January 1 of the immediately following year. As used in this section, the term “prime rate charged by banks” shall mean the average predominate prime rate quoted by commercial banks to large businesses as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Board.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 29. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on passage except:

(1) Sec. 10a, 32 V.S.A. § 9741(54) (sales and use tax exemption), shall take effect on July 1, 2020, provided that if the date of passage of this act is after July 1, 2020, then notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Sec. 10a shall take effect retroactively on July 1, 2020.

(2) Sec. 11 (universal service charge) shall take effect on July 1, 2021.

(3) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Secs. 13–14 (annual link to federal statutes) shall take effect retroactively on January 1, 2020 and apply to taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2019.

(4) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Sec. 16 (TY 2016 refunds) shall take effect retroactively on April 15, 2020.

(For text see House Journal May 15, 2020)

Unfinished Business of Thursday, August 27, 2020

Senate Proposal of Amendment

H. 688

An act relating to addressing climate change

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill as follows:

First: In Sec. 4, 10 V.S.A. § 591(a)(9), subdivision (F) by striking out the word “and”; in subdivision (G) by adding the word and after “science;”; and
by adding a new subdivision (H) to read as follows:  (H) one member to represent Vermont manufacturers.

Second: In Sec. 4, 10 V.S.A. § 591(f), in the last sentence, after the words “The Council”, by inserting the words shall meet at the call of the Chair or a majority of the members of the Council, and the Council

Third: In Sec. 4, 10 V.S.A. § 590, by striking out “(5)” and inserting in lieu thereof (4)

Fourth: In 10 V.S.A. § 593(k), by striking out the word “promulgate” and inserting in lieu thereof the word adopt

Fifth: In Sec. 4, 10 V.S.A. § 594(c)(2) (cause of action) by inserting, after the word “costs” the words and attorney’s fees

Sixth: By striking out Secs. 9, appropriation, and 10, positions, and their reader assistance heading in their entireties and by renumbering the remaining section to be numerically correct.

(For text see House Journal, February 20, 2020)

Unfinished Business of Tuesday, September 8, 2020

Senate Proposal of Amendment

H. 578

An act relating to operator’s license and privilege to operate suspensions and proof of financial responsibility

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill as follows:

First: By striking out all three reader assistance headings in their entireties

Second: By striking out Sec. 1, 4 V.S.A. § 1109(c)(4), in its entirety and inserting a new Sec. 1 to read as follows:

Sec. 1. [Deleted.]

Third: In Sec. 4, waiver of proof of financial responsibility, in subsection (a), by striking out the date “January 1, 2021” and inserting in lieu thereof April 1, 2021 and, in subsection (b), by striking out the date “January 1, 2021” and inserting in lieu thereof April 1, 2021

Fourth: In Sec. 5, effective date, by striking out the date “July 1, 2020” and inserting in lieu thereof January 1, 2021

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to proof of financial responsibility.

- 5026 -
(For text see House Journal March 13, 2020)

Senator Proposal of Amendment

H. 663

An act relating to expanding access to contraceptives

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking out Sec. 11, effective dates, and its reader assistance heading in their entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

*** School Wellness ***

Sec. 11. 16 V.S.A. § 136 is amended to read:

§ 136. WELLNESS PROGRAM; ADVISORY COUNCIL ON WELLNESS AND COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH

(a) As used in this section:

***

(5) “Wellness program” means a program that includes comprehensive health education as defined in section 131 of this title, fitness, and nutrition.

(b) The Secretary with the approval of the State Board shall establish an Advisory Council on Wellness and Comprehensive Health that shall include at least three members associated with the health services field with expertise in health services, health education, or health policy. The members shall serve without compensation but shall receive their actual expenses incurred in connection with their duties relating to wellness and comprehensive health programs. The Council shall assist the Agency to plan, coordinate, and encourage wellness and comprehensive health programs in the public schools and shall meet not less than twice a year.

(c) The Secretary shall collaborate with other officials, agencies, and councils working on childhood wellness, including the Director of Trauma Prevention and Resilience Development established in 33 V.S.A. § 3403 and the Substance Misuse Prevention Oversight and Advisory Council created in 18 V.S.A. § 4803, to:

(1) Supervise the preparation of appropriate nutrition and fitness wellness program curricula for use in the public schools, promote programs for the preparation of teachers to teach these curricula, and assist in the development of wellness programs.

***

- 5027 -
(5) Create a process for schools to share with the Department of Health any data collected about the height and weight of students in kindergarten through grade six. The Commissioner of Health may report any data compiled under this subdivision on a countywide basis. Any reporting of data must protect the privacy of individual students and the identity of participating schools.

* * *

Sec. 12. SCHOOL WELLNESS POLICY

On or before January 15, 2021, the Agency of Education, in collaboration with the Advisory Council on Wellness and Comprehensive Health created under 16 V.S.A. § 136, shall update and distribute to school districts a model wellness program policy, using the expanded definition of “wellness program” under 16 V.S.A. § 136, as amended by this act, that shall:

(1) be in compliance with all relevant State and federal laws; and

(2) reflect nationally accepted best practices for comprehensive health education and school wellness policies, such as guidance from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention’s Whole School, Whole Community, Whole Child Model.

* * * Menstrual Hygiene Products * * *

Sec. 13. 16 V.S.A. § 1432 is added to read:

§ 1432. MENSTRUAL HYGIENE PRODUCTS

(a) By enacting this statute, the General Assembly intends to ensure that a female student attending a public school or an approved independent school has access to menstrual hygiene products at no cost and without the embarrassment of having to request them.

(b) A school district and an approved independent school shall make menstrual hygiene products available at no cost in a majority of gender-neutral bathrooms and bathrooms designated for females that are generally used by females in any of grades five through 12 in each school within the district or under the jurisdiction of the board of the independent school. The school district or independent school, in consultation with the school nurse who provides services to the school, shall determine which of the gender-neutral bathrooms and bathrooms designated for females to stock with menstrual hygiene products and which brands to use.

(c) School districts and approved independent schools shall bear the cost of supplying menstrual hygiene products and may seek grants or partner with a nonprofit or community-based organization to fulfill this obligation.
* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 14. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) Secs. 2 (8 V.S.A. § 4099c), 7 (26 V.S.A. § 2022), and 8 (26 V.S.A. § 2023) shall take effect on January 1, 2021.

(b) Sec. 13 (16 V.S.A. § 1432) shall take effect on November 1, 2020, and school districts and approved independent schools shall comply with the requirements of that section for the 2021–2022 school year and thereafter.

(c) The remainder of this act shall take effect on November 1, 2020.

(For text see House Journal March 13, 2020)

New Business

Third Reading

H. 968

An act relating to the Vermont Coronavirus Economic Stimulus Equity Program

Amendment to be offered by Rep. Donahue of Northfield to H. 968

Representative Donahue of Northfield moves that the bill be amended in Sec. 1, Vermont Coronavirus Economic Stimulus Equity Program, in subdivision (a)(4), by striking “18” and inserting in lieu thereof “17”.

Favorable with Amendment

S. 187

An act relating to transient occupancy for health care treatment and recovery

Rep. Gonzalez of Winooski, for the Committee on General, Housing, and Military Affairs, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended as follows:

In Sec. 2 by striking “July 1, 2020” and inserting in lieu thereof “passage”.

(Committee vote: 10-0-1)

(For text see Senate Journal Marc
NOTICE CALENDAR
Favorable with Amendment

S. 220

An act relating to professional regulation

Rep. Mrowicki of Putney, for the Committee on Government Operations, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended as follows:

First: In Sec. 2, 3 V.S.A. § 123 (duties of Office), by striking subsection (j) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subsection (j) to read as follows:

(j)(1) The Office may inquire into the criminal background histories of applicants for initial licensure and for biennial license renewal for the following professions:

(A) licensed nursing assistants, licensed practical nurses, registered nurses, and advanced practice registered nurses licensed under 26 V.S.A. chapter 28;

(B) private investigators, security guards, and other persons licensed under 26 V.S.A. chapter 59;

(C) real estate appraisers and other persons or business entities licensed under 26 V.S.A. chapter 69; and

(D) osteopathic physicians licensed under 26 V.S.A. chapter 33.

(2)(A) The Office may inquire directly of the Vermont Crime Information Center, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the National Crime Information Center, or other holders of official criminal record information, and may arrange for such inquiries to be made by a commercial service.

(B) Background checks may be fingerprint-supported, and fingerprints so obtained may be retained on file and used to notify the Office of future triggering events. Prior to acting on an initial or renewal application, the Office may obtain with respect to the applicant a Vermont criminal history record, an out-of-state criminal history record, and a criminal history record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Federal Bureau of Investigation background checks shall be fingerprint-supported, and fingerprints so obtained may be retained on file and used to notify the Office of future triggering events. Each applicant shall consent to the release of criminal history records to the Office on forms developed by the Vermont Crime Information Center.
(3) Applicants subject to background checks shall be notified that a check is required, if fingerprints will be retained on file, and that criminal convictions are not an absolute bar to licensure, and shall be provided such other information as may be required by federal law or regulation.

Second: In Sec. 12 (clinical pharmacy prescribing; protocol implementation; target dates; rulemaking), in subsection (a) (Commissioner of Health State protocol deadlines), following “On or before” by striking “January 1, 2021” and inserting in lieu thereof “July 1, 2021”

Third: In Sec. 12 (clinical pharmacy prescribing; protocol implementation; target dates; rulemaking), in subsection (b) (Board of Pharmacy rulemaking deadlines), following “On or before” by striking “January 1, 2021” and inserting in lieu thereof “July 1, 2021”

Fourth: In Sec. 29, 26 V.S.A. chapter 105 (massage therapists, bodyworkers, and touch professionals), in § 5401 (definitions), in subdivision (4)(A), (“massage” and “bodywork”), in subdivision (ii), following “provided to clients in a manner in which the clients” by striking “remove street clothing and”

Fifth: In Sec. 29, 26 V.S.A. chapter 105 (massage therapists, bodyworkers, and touch professionals), in § 5404 (exemptions), in subdivision (a)(3), following “provided to clients in a manner in which the clients” by striking “do not remove street clothing or”

Sixth: In Sec. 29, 26 V.S.A. chapter 105 (massage therapists, bodyworkers, and touch professionals), in § 5404 (exemptions), in subsection (b), following “nurses,” by inserting “including advanced practice registered nurses,”

Seventh: In Sec. 32 (OPR; massage therapists, bodyworkers, and touch professionals; regulatory review), following “On or before” by striking “November 1, 2023” and inserting in lieu thereof “April 1, 2024”

Eighth: By striking out in its entirety Sec. 38 (effective dates; application) and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 38 to read as follows:

Sec. 38. EFFECTIVE DATES; APPLICATION

This act shall take effect on October 1, 2020, except that:

(1) this section shall take effect on passage;

(2) Secs. 28 and 29 (massage therapists, bodyworkers, and touch professionals) shall take effect on April 1, 2021, except that the Director of the Office of Professional Regulation may begin rulemaking to administer those sections on passage; and
(3) Secs. 33–37 (State energy goals; education modules) shall take effect on July 1, 2021, except that all existing licensed, certified, or authorized professionals to whom these provisions apply shall be required to obtain the education module for initial licensure as a condition of their upcoming renewal and shall thereafter be required to obtain the education module for renewal at the subsequent renewal cycle.

(Committee vote: 11-0 )

(For text see Senate Journal June 16, 2020 )

Rep. Canfield of Fair Haven, for the Committee on Ways and Means, recommends the bill ought to pass when amended as recommended by the Committee on Government Operations.

(Committee Vote: 11-0)

Rep. Townsend of South Burlington, for the Committee on Appropriations, recommends the bill ought to pass when amended as recommended by the Committee on Government Operations as recommended by the Committee on Ways and Means.

(Committee Vote: 11-0)

Favorable with Amendment

S. 234

An act relating to miscellaneous judiciary procedures

Rep. Tully of Rockingham, for the Committee on Judiciary, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 3 V.S.A. § 163 is amended to read:

§ 163. JUVENILE COURT DIVERSION PROJECT

* * *

(i) Notwithstanding subdivision (c)(1) of this section, the diversion program may accept cases from the Youth Substance Abuse Awareness Safety Program pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 656 or 18 V.S.A. § 4230b. The confidentiality provisions of this section shall become effective when a notice of violation is issued under 7 V.S.A. § 656(b) or 18 V.S.A. § 4230b(b), and shall remain in effect unless the person fails to register with or complete the Youth Substance Abuse Awareness Safety Program.

* * *
Sec. 2. 3 V.S.A. § 164 is amended to read:

§ 164. ADULT COURT DIVERSION PROGRAM

* * *

(l) Notwithstanding subdivision (e)(1) of this section, the diversion program may accept cases from the Youth Substance Abuse Awareness Safety Program pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 656 or 18 V.S.A. § 4230b. The confidentiality provisions of this section shall become effective when a notice of violation is issued under 7 V.S.A. § 656(b) or 18 V.S.A. § 4230b(b), and shall remain in effect unless the person fails to register with or complete the Youth Substance Abuse Awareness Safety Program.

* * *

Sec. 3. 18 V.S.A. § 4230a is amended to read:

§ 4230A. MARIJUANA CANNABIS POSSESSION BY A PERSON 21 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER

* * *

(d) Fifty percent of the civil penalties imposed by the Judicial Bureau for violations of this section shall be deposited in the Drug Task Force Special Fund, hereby created to be managed pursuant to 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5, and available to the Department of Public Safety for the funding of law enforcement officers on the Drug Task Force, except for a $12.50 administrative charge for each violation, which shall be deposited in the Court Technology Special Fund, in accordance with 13 V.S.A. § 7252. The remaining 50 percent shall be deposited in the Youth Substance Abuse Awareness Safety Program Special Fund, hereby created to be managed pursuant to 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5, and available to the Court Diversion Program for funding of the Youth Substance Abuse Awareness Safety Program as required by section 4230b of this title.

* * *

Sec. 4. 18 V.S.A. § 4230f is amended to read:

§ 4230F. DISPENSING MARIJUANA CANNABIS TO A PERSON UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE; CRIMINAL OFFENSE

* * *

(e)(1) Subsections (a)–(d) of this section shall not apply to a person under 21 years of age who dispenses marijuana cannabis to a person under 21 years
of age or who knowingly enables the consumption of marijuana cannabis by a person under 21 years of age.

(2) A person who is 18, 19, or 20 years of age who knowingly dispenses marijuana cannabis to a person who is 18, 19, or 20 years of age commits a civil violation and shall be referred to the Court Diversion Program for the purpose of enrollment in the Youth Substance Abuse Awareness Safety Program in accordance with the provisions of section 4230b of this title and shall be subject to the penalties in that section for failure to complete the program successfully.

* * *

Sec. 5. 7 V.S.A. § 656 is amended to read:

§ 656. PERSON 16 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER AND UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE MISREPRESENTING AGE, PROCURING, POSSESSING, OR CONSUMING ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES; CIVIL VIOLATION.

(a)(1) Prohibited conduct. A person 16 years of age or older and under 21 years of age shall not:

(A) Falsely represent his or her age for the purpose of procuring or attempting to procure malt or vinous beverages, spirits, or fortified wines from any licensee, State liquor agency, or other person or persons.

(B) Possess malt or vinous beverages, spirits, or fortified wines for the purpose of consumption by himself or herself or other minors, except in the regular performance of duties as an employee of a licensee licensed to sell alcoholic liquor.

(C) Consume malt or vinous beverages, spirits, or fortified wines. A violation of this subdivision may be prosecuted in a jurisdiction where the minor has consumed malt or vinous beverages, spirits, or fortified wines or in a jurisdiction where the indicators of consumption are observed.

(2) Offense. A person under 21 years of age who knowingly violates subdivision (1) of this subsection commits a civil violation and shall be referred to the Court Diversion Program for the purpose of enrollment in the Youth Substance Abuse Awareness Safety Program. A person who fails to complete the program successfully shall be subject to:

(A) a civil penalty of $300.00 and suspension of the person’s operator’s license and privilege to operate a motor vehicle for a period of 30 days, for a first offense; and
(B) a civil penalty of not more than $600.00 and suspension of the person’s operator’s license and privilege to operate a motor vehicle for a period of 90 days, for a second or subsequent offense.

(b) Issuance of notice of violation. A law enforcement officer shall issue a person who violates this section a notice of violation, in a form approved by the Court Administrator. The notice of violation shall require the person to provide his or her name and address and shall explain procedures under this section, including that:

* * *

Sec. 6. 18 V.S.A. § 4230b is amended to read:

§ 4230b. MARIJUANA CANNABIS POSSESSION BY A PERSON 16 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER AND UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE;

CIVIL VIOLATION

(a) Offense. A person 16 years of age or older and under 21 years of age who knowingly and unlawfully possesses one ounce or less of marijuana cannabis or five grams or less of hashish or two mature marijuana cannabis plants or fewer or four immature marijuana cannabis plants or fewer commits a civil violation and shall be referred to the Court Diversion Program for the purpose of enrollment in the Youth Substance Abuse Safety Program. A person who fails to complete the program successfully shall be subject to:

(1) a civil penalty of $300.00 and suspension of the person’s operator’s license and privilege to operate a motor vehicle for a period of 30 days, for a first offense; and

(2) a civil penalty of not more than $600.00 and suspension of the person’s operator’s license and privilege to operate a motor vehicle for a period of 90 days, for a second or subsequent offense.

(b) Issuance of Notice of Violation. A law enforcement officer shall issue a person who violates this section with a notice of violation, in a form approved by the Court Administrator. The notice of violation shall require the person to provide his or her name and address and shall explain procedures under this section, including that:

* * *

(d) Registration in Youth Substance Abuse Awareness Safety Program. Within 15 days after receiving a notice of violation, the person shall contact the Diversion Program in the county where the offense occurred and register for the Youth Substance Abuse Awareness Safety Program. If the person fails
to do so, the Diversion Program shall file the summons and complaint with the Judicial Bureau for adjudication under 4 V.S.A. chapter 29. The Diversion Program shall provide a copy of the summons and complaint to the law enforcement officer who issued the notice of violation and shall provide two copies to the person charged with the violation.

* * *

(f)(1) Diversion Program Requirements. Upon being contacted by a person who has been issued a notice of violation, the Diversion Program shall register the person in the Youth Substance Abuse Awareness Safety Program. Pursuant to the Youth Substance Abuse Awareness Safety Program, the Diversion Program shall impose conditions on the person. The conditions imposed shall include only conditions related to the offense and in every case shall include a condition requiring satisfactory completion of substance abuse screening using an evidence-based tool and, if deemed appropriate following the screening, substance abuse assessment and substance abuse education or substance abuse counseling, or both. If the screener recommends substance abuse counseling, the person shall choose a State-certified or State-licensed substance abuse counselor or substance abuse treatment provider to provide the services.

* * *

Sec. 7. 18 V.S.A. § 4230j is added to read:

§ 4230j. CANNABIS POSSESSION BY A PERSON UNDER 16 YEARS OF AGE; DELINQUENCY

A person under 16 years of age who engages in conduct in violation of subdivision 4230b of this title commits a delinquent act and shall be subject to 33 V.S.A. chapter 52. The person shall be provided the opportunity to participate in the Court Diversion Program unless the prosecutor states on the record why a referral to the Program would not serve the ends of justice.

Sec. 8. 23 V.S.A. § 203 is amended to read:

§ 203. COUNTERFEITING, FRAUD, AND MISUSE; PENALTY

(a) A person shall not:

* * *

(2) display or cause or permit to be displayed, or have in his or her possession, any fictitious or fraudulently altered operator license, learner’s permit, nondriver identification card, inspection sticker, or registration
certificate, or display for any fraudulent purpose an expired or counterfeit insurance identification card or similar document;

* * *

(b)(1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, a violation of subsection (a) of this section shall be a traffic violation for which there shall be a penalty of not more than $1,000.00. If a person is found to have committed the violation, the person’s privilege to operate motor vehicles shall be suspended for 60 days.

(2) If a person may be charged with a violation of subdivision (a)(2) of this section or with a violation of 7 V.S.A. § 656, the person shall be charged with a violation of 7 V.S.A. § 656 and not with a violation of this section.

Sec. 9. 4 V.S.A. § 1105 is amended to read:

§ 1105. ANSWER TO COMPLAINT; DEFAULT

(a) A violation shall be charged upon a summons and complaint form approved and distributed by the Court Administrator. The complaint shall be signed by the issuing officer or by the State’s Attorney. The original shall be filed with the Judicial Bureau; a copy shall be retained by the issuing officer or State’s Attorney and two copies shall be given to the defendant. The Judicial Bureau may, consistent with rules adopted by the Supreme Court pursuant to 12 V.S.A. § 1, accept electronic signatures on any document, including the signatures of issuing officers, State’s Attorneys, and notaries public. The complaint shall include a statement of rights, instructions, notice that a defendant may admit, not contest, or deny a violation request a hearing or accept the penalties without a hearing, notice of the fee for failure to answer within 20 21 days, and other notices as the Court Administrator deems appropriate. The Court Administrator, in consultation with appropriate law enforcement agencies, may approve a single form for charging all violations, or may approve two or more forms as necessary to administer the operations of the Judicial Bureau.

(b) A person who is charged with a violation shall have 20 21 days from the date the complaint is issued to admit or deny the allegations or to state that he or she does not contest the allegations in the complaint request a hearing or to state that he or she will accept the penalties without a hearing. The Judicial Bureau shall assess against a defendant a fee of $20.00 for failure to answer a complaint within the time allowed. The fee shall be assessed in the default judgment and deposited in the Court Technology Special Fund established pursuant to section 27 of this title.
(c) A person who admits or does not contest the allegations accepts the penalties may so indicate and sign the complaint. The Bureau shall accept the admission or statement that the allegations are not contested and accept payment of the waiver penalty.

(d) If the person sends in the amount of the waiver penalty without signing the complaint, the Bureau shall accept the payment indicating that payment was made and that the allegations were not contested.

(e) A person who denies the allegations or who wishes to have a hearing on the complaint for any other reason may so indicate and sign the complaint. Upon receipt, the Bureau shall schedule a hearing.

* * *

Sec. 10. 12 V.S.A. § 2903(d) is amended to read:

(d) If a judgment lien is not satisfied within 30 days of recording, it may be foreclosed and redeemed as provided in this title and V.R.C.P. 80.1. Unless the court finds that as of the date of foreclosure the amount of the outstanding debt exceeds the value of the real property being foreclosed, section 4531 chapter 172 of this title shall apply to foreclosure of a judgment lien.

Sec. 11. 12 V.S.A. § 5812 is amended to read:

§ 5812. OATH TO BE ADMINISTERED TO ATTORNEYS

You solemnly swear (affirm) that you will do no falsehood, nor consent that any be done in court, and if you know of any, you will give knowledge thereof to the judges of the court or some of them, that it may be reformed; that you will not wittingly, willingly, or knowingly promote, sue, or procure to be sued, any false or unlawful suit, or give aid or consent to the same; that you will delay no man person for lucre or malice, but will act in the office of attorney within the court, according to your best learning and discretion, with all good fidelity as well to the court as to your client. So help you God (or, “under the pains and penalties of perjury”).

Sec. 12. 13 V.S.A. § 1029 is amended to read:

§ 1029. ALCOHOLISM, LIMITATIONS, EXCEPTIONS

(a) No political subdivision of the State may adopt or enforce a law or rule having the force of law that includes being found in an intoxicated condition as one of the elements of the offense giving rise to a criminal or civil penalty. No political subdivision may interpret or apply any law of general application to circumvent this provision.
(b) Nothing in this section affects any law or rule against operating a motor
vehicle or other machinery under the influence of alcohol or possession or use
of alcoholic beverages at stated times and places or by a particular class of
persons.

c) This section does not make intoxication or incapacitation as defined in
18 V.S.A. § 9142 18 V.S.A. § 4802 an excuse or defense for any criminal act.
Nothing contained herein shall change current law relative to insanity as a
defense for any criminal act.

d) This section does not relieve any person from civil liability for any
injury to persons or property caused by that person while intoxicated or
incapacitated.

Sec. 13. 13 V.S.A. § 7602 is amended to read:

§ 7602. EXPUNGEMENT AND SEALING OF RECORD,
POSTCONVICTION; PROCEDURE

(b)(1) The court shall grant the petition and order that the criminal history
record be expunged pursuant to section 7606 of this title if the following
conditions are met:

(C) Any restitution and surcharges ordered by the court has have
been paid in full, provided that payment of surcharges shall not be required if
the surcharges have been waived by the court pursuant to section 7282 of this
title.

(c)(1) The court shall grant the petition and order that the criminal history
record be expunged pursuant to section 7606 of this title if the following
conditions are met:

(D) Any restitution and surcharges ordered by the court for any
crime of which the person has been convicted has been paid in full, provided
that payment of surcharges shall not be required if the surcharges have been
waived by the court pursuant to section 7282 of this title.

(d) For petitions filed pursuant to subdivision (a)(1)(B) of this section,
unless the court finds that expungement would not be in the interests of justice,
the court shall grant the petition and order that the criminal history record be expunged in accordance with section 7606 of this title if the following conditions are met:

* * *

(2) Any restitution and surcharges ordered by the court has have been paid in full, provided that payment of surcharges shall not be required if the surcharges have been waived by the court pursuant to section 7282 of this title.

* * *

Sec. 14. 13 V.S.A. § 7609 is amended to read:

§ 7609. EXPUNGEMENT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORDS OF AN INDIVIDUAL 18–21 YEARS OF AGE

(a) Procedure. Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the record of the criminal proceedings for an individual who was 18–21 years of age at the time the individual committed a qualifying crime shall be expunged within 30 days after the date on which the individual successfully completed the terms and conditions of the sentence for the conviction of the qualifying crime, absent a finding of good cause by the court. The court shall issue an order to expunge all records and files related to the arrest, citation, investigation, charge, adjudication of guilt, criminal proceedings, and probation related to the sentence. A copy of the order shall be sent to each agency, department, or official named in the order. Thereafter, the court, law enforcement officers, agencies, and departments shall reply to any request for information that no record exists with respect to such individual. Notwithstanding this subsection, the record shall not be expunged until restitution has and surcharges have been paid in full, provided that payment of surcharges shall not be required if the surcharges have been waived by the court pursuant to section 7282 of this title.

* * *

Sec. 15. 14 V.S.A. § 107 is amended to read:

§ 107. ALLOWANCE OF WILL; CUSTODY OF PROPERTY

(a) If consents are filed by all the heirs at law and surviving spouse, a will may be allowed without hearing. If consents are not obtained, the court shall schedule a hearing and notice shall be given as provided by the Rules of Probate Procedure.

(b) Objections to allowance of the will must be filed in writing not less than seven days prior to the hearing. In the event that no timely objections are
filed, the will may be allowed without hearing if it meets criteria set out in section 108 of this title the court may:

(1) allow the will on the testimony of only one of the subscribing witnesses if the witness testifies that the will was executed as provided in chapter 1 of this title; or

(2) allow the will without hearing if it meets criteria set out in section 108 of this title.

* * *

Sec. 16. 14 V.S.A. § 1203 is amended to read:

§ 1203. LIMITATIONS ON PRESENTATION OF CLAIMS

* * *

c) Nothing in this section affects or prevents:

(1) any proceeding to enforce any mortgage, pledge, or other lien upon property of the estate; or

(2) to the limits of the insurance protection only, any proceeding to establish liability of the decedent or the executor or administrator for which he or she is protected by liability insurance; or

(3) the enforcement of any tax liability.

Sec. 17. 14 V.S.A. § 2643 is amended to read:

§ 2643. RELEASE BY COURT AND PARENT ON BEHALF OF MINOR

(a) The Superior judge of the Superior Court within and for the county where the minor resides, on behalf of a minor, must approve of and consent to a release to be executed by a parent in the settlement of any claim that does not exceed the sum of $1,500.00 to $10,000.00. A release so furnished shall be binding on the minor and both parents, their heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, respectively.

(b) Any claim settled for a sum in excess of $1,500.00 to $10,000.00 shall require the approval of a court-appointed guardian.

Sec. 18. 15 V.S.A. § 663 is amended to read:

§ 663. SUPPORT ORDERS; REQUIRED CONTENTS

* * *

c) Every order for child support made or modified under this chapter on or after July 1, 1990, shall:
(1) include an order for immediate wage withholding or, if not subject to immediate wage withholding, include a statement that wage withholding will take effect under the expedited procedure set forth in section 782 of this title;

(2) require payments to be made to the Registry in the Office of Child Support unless subject to an exception under 33 V.S.A. § 4103;

(3) require that every party to the order must notify the Registry in writing of their current mailing address and current residence address and of any change in either address within seven business days of the change, until all obligations to pay support or support arrearages or to provide for visitation are satisfied;

(4) include in bold letters notification of remedies available under section 798 of this title; and

(5) include in bold letters notification that the parent may seek a modification of his or her support obligation if there has been a showing of a real, substantial, and unanticipated change of circumstances.

* * *

Sec. 19. 15 V.S.A. § 664 is amended to read:

§ 664. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

(1) “Parental rights and responsibilities” means the rights and responsibilities related to a child’s physical living arrangements, parent-child contact, education, medical and dental care, religion, travel, and any other matter involving a child’s welfare and upbringing.

* * *

Sec. 20. 18 V.S.A. § 7510 is amended to read:

§ 7510. PRELIMINARY HEARING

(a) Within five days after a person is admitted to a designated hospital for emergency examination, he or she may request the Criminal Division of the Superior Court to conduct a preliminary hearing to determine whether there is probable cause to believe that he or she was a person in need of treatment at the time of his or her admission.

* * *
Sec. 21. 32 V.S.A. § 1434 is amended to read:

§ 1434. PROBATE CASES

(a) The following entry fees shall be paid to the Probate Division of the Superior Court for the benefit of the State, except for subdivisions (18) and (19) of this subsection, which shall be for the benefit of the county in which the fee was collected:

* * *

(28) Petitions for minor settlement pursuant to 14 V.S.A. § 2643 $90.00
[Repealed.]

* * *

Sec. 22. 33 V.S.A. § 5117 is amended to read:

§ 5117. RECORDS OF JUVENILE JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS

* * *

(b)(1) Notwithstanding the foregoing, inspection of such records and files by the following is not prohibited:

* * *

(D) court personnel, the State’s Attorney or other prosecutor authorized to prosecute criminal or juvenile cases under State law, the child’s guardian ad litem, the attorneys for the parties, probation officers, and law enforcement officers who are actively participating in criminal or juvenile proceedings involving the child;

(E) the child who is the subject of the proceeding, the child’s parents, guardian, and custodian, and guardian ad litem may inspect such records and files upon approval of the Family Court judge;

* * *

Sec. 23. 33 V.S.A. § 5119 is amended to read:

§ 5119. SEALING OF RECORDS

* * *

(m) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a criminal record may not be sealed if restitution and surcharges are owed, provided that payment of surcharges shall not be required if the surcharges have been waived by the court pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 7282.

Sec. 24. REPEAL
12 V.S.A. chapter 215, subchapter 1 (voluntary arbitration for medical malpractice cases) is repealed.

Sec. 25. PERSONS WITH SUSPENDED DRIVER’S LICENSES; 
REINSTATEMENT FEE WAIVER PROGRAM

(a) There is established the Reinstatement Fee Waiver Program to permit the Department of Motor Vehicles to waive all license reinstatement fees for motor vehicle operators whose licenses have been suspended under certain circumstances. The Reinstatement Fee Waiver Program shall comply with the guidelines set forth in this section.

(b) On or before April 30, 2021, the Department of Motor Vehicles shall:

(1) waive all license reinstatement fees for any person whose operator’s license has been:

   (A) suspended for noncriminal reasons for one year or longer and who has satisfied all other reinstatement conditions and requirements; or

   (B) suspended prior to July 1, 2014 for failure to pay the amount due in a Judicial Bureau judgment and who has satisfied all other reinstatement conditions and requirements;

(2) reinstate the operator’s licenses of each person whose reinstatement fees are waived pursuant to subdivision (b)(1) of this section; and

(3) notify each person whose reinstatement fees are waived pursuant to subdivision (b)(1) of this section that the person’s license has been reinstated or that the person’s license is ineligible for reinstatement and the reason for ineligibility.

(c) As used in this section:

(1) “Amount due” means the same as in 4 V.S.A. § 1109(a).

(2) “Reinstatement conditions and requirements” shall not include the amount due in a Judicial Bureau judgment.

(3) “Suspended for noncriminal reasons” shall not include a license that is under suspension on April 30, 2021 for the accumulation of 10 or more points.

Sec. 26. CONFORMING REVISIONS; “MARIJUANA” AND “CANNABIS”

When preparing the Vermont Statutes Annotated for publication, the Office of Legislative Council shall replace “marijuana” with “cannabis” throughout
the statutes as needed for consistency with this act, provided the revisions have no other effect on the meaning of the affected statutes.

Sec. 27. 4 V.S.A. § 33 is amended to read:

§ 33. JURISDICTION; FAMILY DIVISION

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the Family Division shall have exclusive jurisdiction to hear and dispose of the following proceedings filed or pending on or after October 1, 1990:

* * *

(18) Concurrent with the Probate Division, special immigration judicial determinations regarding the custody and care of children within the meaning of the federal Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(27)(J) and 8 C.F.R. § 204.11) issued pursuant to 14 V.S.A. chapter 111, subchapter 14.

* * *

Sec. 28. 4 V.S.A. § 35 is amended to read:

§ 35. JURISDICTION; PROBATE DIVISION

The Probate Division shall have jurisdiction of:

* * *

(25) grandparent visitation proceedings under 15 V.S.A. chapter 18; and

(26) other matters as provided by law; and

(27) concurrent with the Family Division, special immigration judicial determinations regarding the custody and care of children within the meaning of the federal Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(27)(J) and 8 C.F.R. § 204.11) issued pursuant to 14 V.S.A. chapter 111, subchapter 14.

Sec. 29. 14 V.S.A. chapter 111, subchapter 14 is added to read:

Subchapter 14. Special Immigration Status

§ 3098. SPECIAL IMMIGRATION JUVENILE STATUS; JURISDICTION AND FINDINGS

(a) The court has jurisdiction under Vermont law to make judicial determinations regarding the custody and care of children within the meaning of the federal Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(27)(J) and 8 C.F.R. § 204.11). The court is authorized to make the findings necessary to enable a child to petition the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Service for classification as a special immigrant juvenile pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(27)(J).
(b)(1) If an order is requested from the court making the necessary findings regarding special immigrant juvenile status as described in subsection (a) of this section, the court shall issue an order if there is evidence to support those findings, which may include a declaration by the child who is the subject of the petition. The order issued by the court shall include all of the following findings:

(A) The child was either of the following:

   (i) Declared a dependent of the court.

   (ii) Legally committed to or placed under the custody of a State agency or department or an individual or entity appointed by the court. The court shall indicate the date on which the dependency, commitment, or custody was ordered.

(B) That reunification of the child with one or both of the child’s parents was determined not to be viable because of abuse, neglect, abandonment, or a similar basis pursuant to Vermont law. The court shall indicate the date on which reunification was determined not to be viable.

(C) That it is not in the best interests of the child to be returned to the child’s or his or her parent’s previous country of nationality or country of last habitual residence.

(2) If requested by a party, the court may make additional findings that are supported by evidence.

(c) In any judicial proceedings in response to a request that the court make the findings necessary to support a petition for classification as a special immigrant juvenile, information regarding the child’s immigration status that is not otherwise protected by State laws shall remain confidential. This information shall also be exempt from public inspection and copying under the Public Records Act and shall be kept confidential, except that the information shall be available for inspection by the court, the child who is the subject of the proceeding, the parties, the attorneys for the parties, the child’s counsel, and the child’s guardian.

(d) As used in this section, “court” means the Probate Division and the Family Division of the Superior Court.

Sec. 30. 13 V.S.A. § 2821 is amended to read:

§ 2821. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

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“Performance” means:

(A) an event that is photographed, filmed, or visually recorded; or

(B) a play, dance, or other visual presentation or exhibition before an audience.

* * *

Sec. 31. EXPUNGEMENT OF MARIJUANA CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORDS

(a) As used in this section:

(1) “Court” means the Criminal Division of the Superior Court.

(2) “Criminal history record” means all information documenting an individual’s contact with the criminal justice system, including data regarding identification, arrest or citation, arraignment, judicial disposition, custody, and supervision.

(b) The court shall order the expungement of criminal history records of violations of 18 V.S.A. § 4230(a)(1) that occurred prior to January 1, 2021. The process for expunging these records shall be completed by the court and all entities subject to the order not later than January 1, 2022.

(c) Upon entry of an expungement order, the order shall be legally effective immediately and the person whose record is expunged shall be treated in all respects as if he or she had never been arrested, convicted, or sentenced for the offense. The court shall issue an order to expunge all records and files related to the arrest, citation, investigation, charge, adjudication of guilt, criminal proceedings, and probation related to the sentence. The court shall issue the person a certificate stating that the offense for which the person was convicted has been decriminalized and therefore warrants issuance of the order and that its effect is to annul the record of arrest, conviction, and sentence. The court shall provide notice of the expungement to the person who is the subject of the record at the person’s last known address, the Vermont Crime Information Center (VCIC), the arresting agency, and any other entity that may have a record related to the order to expunge. The VCIC shall provide notice of the expungement to the Federal Bureau of Investigation’s National Crime Information Center.

(d) On and after January 1, 2021, a person who was arrested or convicted of a violation of 18 V.S.A. § 4230(a)(1) prior to such date:

(1) shall not be required to acknowledge the existence of such a criminal history record or answer questions about the record in any application for
employment, license, or civil right or privilege or in an appearance as a witness in any proceeding or hearing;

(2) may deny the existence of the record regardless of whether the person has received notice from the court that an expungement order has been issued on the person’s behalf; and

(3) may utilize the procedures in chapter 230 of Title 13 to seek expungement or sealing of the record prior to the court taking steps to issue an expungement order pursuant to this section.

(e) Nothing in this section shall affect any right of the person whose record has been expunged to rely on it as a bar to any subsequent proceedings for the same offense.

(f)(1) The court shall keep a special index of cases that have been expunged together with the expungement order and the certificate issued pursuant to this chapter. The index shall list only the name of the person convicted of the offense, his or her date of birth, the docket number, and the criminal offense that was the subject of the expungement.

(2) The special index and related documents specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be confidential and shall be physically and electronically segregated in a manner that ensures confidentiality and that limits access to authorized persons.

(3) Inspection of the expungement order and the certificate may be permitted only upon petition by the person who is the subject of the case. The Chief Superior Judge may permit special access to the index and the documents for research purposes pursuant to the rules for public access to court records.

(4) All other court documents in a case that are subject to an expungement order shall be destroyed.

(5) The court shall follow policies adopted pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 7606 in implementing this section.

(g) Upon receiving an inquiry from any person regarding an expunged record, an entity shall respond that “NO RECORD EXISTS.”

Sec. 32. 18 V.S.A. § 4230 is amended to read:

§ 4230. MARIJUANA

(a) Possession and cultivation.

(1) No person shall knowingly and unlawfully possess more than one ounce of marijuana or more than five grams of hashish or cultivate more
than two mature marijuana plants or four immature marijuana plants. A person who violates this subdivision shall be assessed a civil penalty as follows:

(A) not more than $100.00 for a first offense;
(B) not more than $200.00 for a second offense; and
(C) not more than $500.00 for a third or subsequent offense.

(2)(A) No person shall knowingly and unlawfully possess two ounces or more of marijuana or ten grams or more of hashish or more than three mature marijuana plants or six immature marijuana plants. For a first offense under this subdivision (A)(2), a person shall be provided the opportunity to participate in the Court Diversion Program unless the prosecutor states on the record why a referral to the Court Diversion Program would not serve the ends of justice. A person convicted of a first offense under this subdivision shall be imprisoned not more than six months or fined not more than $500.00, or both.

(B) A person convicted of a second or subsequent offense of knowingly and unlawfully possessing more than one ounce of marijuana or more than five grams of hashish or cultivating more than two mature marijuana plants or four immature marijuana plants violating subdivision (a)(2)(A) of this section shall be imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than $2,000.00, or both.

(C) Upon an adjudication of guilt for a first or second offense under this subdivision, the court may defer sentencing as provided in 13 V.S.A. § 7041, except that the court may in its discretion defer sentence without the filing of a presentence investigation report and except that sentence may be imposed at any time within two years from and after the date of entry of deferment. The court may, prior to sentencing, order that the defendant submit to a drug assessment screening, which may be considered at sentencing in the same manner as a presentence report.

(2)(3) A person knowingly and unlawfully possessing two eight ounces of marijuana or 10 grams of hashish or knowingly and unlawfully cultivating more than four mature marijuana plants or eight immature marijuana plants shall be imprisoned not more than three years or fined not more than $10,000.00, or both.

(3)(4) A person knowingly and unlawfully possessing more than one pound of marijuana or more than 2.8 ounces of hashish or knowingly and unlawfully cultivating more than six mature marijuana plants or 12 immature marijuana plants shall be imprisoned not more than five years or fined not more than $10,000.00, or both.

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(4) (5) A person knowingly and unlawfully possessing more than 10 pounds of marijuana or more than one pound of hashish or knowingly and unlawfully cultivating more than 12 mature marijuana plants or 24 immature marijuana plants shall be imprisoned not more than 15 years or fined not more than $500,000.00, or both.

(5) (6) If a court fails to provide the defendant with notice of collateral consequences in accordance with 13 V.S.A. § 8005(b) and the defendant later at any time shows that the plea and conviction for a violation of this subsection may have or has had a negative consequence, the court, upon the defendant’s motion, shall vacate the judgment and permit the defendant to withdraw the plea or admission and enter a plea of not guilty. Failure of the court to advise the defendant of a particular collateral consequence shall not support a motion to vacate.

(6) (7) The amounts of marijuana in this subsection shall not include marijuana cultivated, harvested, and stored in accordance with section 4230e of this title.

* * *

Sec. 33. 13 V.S.A. § 7601 is amended to read:

§ 7601. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

(4) “Qualifying crime” means:

* * *

(G) a violation of 18 V.S.A. § 4230(a) related to possession and cultivation of marijuana;

* * *

Sec. 34. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July passage, except that Sec. 32 (marijuana penalties) shall take effect on January 1, 2021.

(Committee vote: 11-0 )

(For text see Senate Journal May 22, 2020 )
Ordered to Lie

H. 162

An act relating to removal of buprenorphine from the misdemeanor crime of possession of a narcotic.

Pending Action: Second reading

H. 492

An act relating to establishing a homeless bill of rights and prohibiting discrimination against people without homes.

Pending Action: Second reading

H. 535

An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the Town of Brattleboro.

Pending Action: Second reading