House Calendar

Thursday, March 12, 2020
66th DAY OF THE ADJOINED SESSION

House Convenes at 1:00 P.M.

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ACTION CALENDAR

Third Reading

H. 650

An act relating to boards and commissions

H. 936

An act relating to sexual exploitation of children

Favorable with Amendment

H. 663

An act relating to expanding access to contraceptives

Rep. McFaun of Barre Town, for the Committee on Human Services, recommends the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

*** Purpose ***

Sec. 1. PURPOSE

Vermont has taken many steps to improve access to effective methods of contraception, including requiring health insurance to cover at least one drug, device, or product in each of the 18 methods of contraception for women without cost-sharing, as well as covering voluntary sterilizations for men and women without cost sharing and allowing a patient to have a 12-month supply of oral contraceptives dispensed all at once, as codified at 8 V.S.A. § 4099c, and directing Medicaid reimbursement policies that encourage the use of long-acting reversible contraceptives, as found in 2015 Acts and Resolves No. 120, Sec. 2 and in 33 V.S.A. § 1901j. The General Assembly finds, however, that some of these initiatives have not been implemented consistently across the State. In addition to a request that the Department of Financial Regulation investigate compliance with existing State and federal laws regarding access to contraceptives and take appropriate enforcement action as needed, this bill seeks to provide further opportunities for Vermonuters to learn about and obtain contraceptives in order to prevent or reduce unintended pregnancies and sexually transmitted diseases in this State.

*** Expanding Access to Contraceptives ***

Sec. 2. 8 V.S.A. § 4099c is amended to read:

§ 4099c. REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH EQUITY IN HEALTH INSURANCE
COVERAGE

(a) As used in this section, “health insurance plan” means any individual or group health insurance policy, any hospital or medical service corporation or health maintenance organization subscriber contract, or any other health benefit plan offered, issued, or renewed for any person in this State by a health insurer, as defined by 18 V.S.A. § 9402. The term shall not include benefit plans providing coverage for a specific disease or other limited benefit coverage.

(b) A health insurance plan shall provide coverage for outpatient contraceptive services including sterilizations, and shall provide coverage for the purchase of all prescription contraceptives and prescription contraceptive devices approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration, except that a health insurance plan that does not provide coverage of prescription drugs is not required to provide coverage of prescription contraceptives and prescription contraceptive devices. A health insurance plan providing coverage required under this section shall not establish any rate, term, or condition that places a greater financial burden on an insured or beneficiary for access to contraceptive services, prescription contraceptives, and prescription contraceptive devices than for access to treatment, prescriptions, or devices for any other health condition.

(c) A health insurance plan shall provide coverage without any deductible, coinsurance, co-payment, or other cost-sharing requirement for at least one drug, device, or other product within each method of contraception for women identified by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and prescribed by an insured’s health care provider.

(1) The coverage provided pursuant to this subsection shall include patient education and counseling by the patient’s health care provider regarding the appropriate use of the contraceptive method prescribed.

(2)(A) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a drug, device, or other product for an FDA-approved contraceptive method, a health insurance plan may provide coverage for more than one drug, device, or other product and may impose cost-sharing requirements as long as at least one drug, device, or other product for that method is available without cost-sharing.

(B) If an insured’s health care provider recommends a particular service or FDA-approved drug, device, or other product for the insured based on a determination of medical necessity, the health insurance plan shall defer to the provider’s determination and judgment and shall provide coverage without cost-sharing for the drug, device, or product prescribed by the provider for the insured.
(d) A health insurance plan shall provide coverage for voluntary sterilization procedures for men and women without any deductible, coinsurance, co-payment, or other cost-sharing requirement, except to the extent that such coverage would disqualify a high-deductible health plan from eligibility for a health savings account pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 223.

(e) A health insurance plan shall provide coverage without any deductible, coinsurance, co-payment, or other cost-sharing requirement for clinical services associated with providing the drugs, devices, products, and procedures covered under this section and related follow-up services, including management of side effects, counseling for continued adherence, and device insertion and removal.

(f)(1) A health insurance plan shall provide coverage for a supply of prescribed contraceptives intended to last over a 12-month duration, which may be furnished or dispensed all at once or over the course of the 12 months at the discretion of the health care provider. The health insurance plan shall reimburse a health care provider or dispensing entity per unit for furnishing or dispensing a supply of contraceptives intended to last for 12 months.

(2) This subsection shall apply to Medicaid and any other public health care assistance program offered or administered by the State or by any subdivision or instrumentality of the State.

(g) Benefits provided to an insured under this section shall be the same for the insured’s covered spouse and other covered dependents.

(h) The coverage requirements of this section shall apply to self-administered hormonal contraceptives prescribed for an insured by a pharmacist in accordance with 26 V.S.A. § 2023.

Sec. 3. 16 V.S.A. § 131 is amended to read:

§ 131. DEFINITIONS

For purposes of As used in this subchapter title, “comprehensive health education” means a systematic and extensive elementary and secondary educational program designed to provide a variety of learning experiences based upon knowledge of the human organism as it functions within its environment. The term includes the study of:

(1) Body structure and function, including the physical, psychosocial, and psychological basis of human development, sexuality, and reproduction.

(2) Community health to include environmental health, pollution, public health, and world health.

(3) Safety including:
(A) first aid, disaster prevention, and accident prevention; and

(B) information regarding and practice of compression-only cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the use of automated external defibrillators.

(4) Disease, such as HIV infection, other sexually transmitted diseases, as well as other communicable diseases, and the prevention of disease.

(5) Family health and mental health, including instruction that promotes the development of responsible personal behavior involving decision making about sexual activity, including abstinence; skills that strengthen existing family ties involving communication, cooperation, and interaction between parents and students; and instruction to aid in the establishment of strong family life in the future, thereby contributing to the enrichment of the community; and which promotes an understanding of depression and the signs of suicide risk in a family member or fellow student that includes how to respond appropriately and seek help and provides an awareness of the available school and community resources such as the local suicide crisis hotline.

(6) Personal health habits, including dental health.

(7) Consumer health, including health careers, health costs, and utilizing health services.

(8) Human growth and development, including understanding the physical, emotional, and social elements of individual development and interpersonal relationships, including instruction in parenting methods and styles. This shall include information regarding the possible outcomes of premature sexual activity, contraceptives, adolescent pregnancy, childbirth, adoption, and abortion.

(9) Drugs, including education about alcohol, caffeine, nicotine, and prescribed drugs.

(10) Nutrition.

(11) How to recognize and prevent sexual abuse and sexual violence, including developmentally appropriate instruction about promoting healthy and respectful relationships, developing and maintaining effective communication with trusted adults, recognizing sexually offending behaviors, and gaining awareness of available school and community resources. An employee of the school shall be in the room during the provision of all instruction or information presented under this subdivision.

Sec. 4. 16 V.S.A. § 132 is added to read:

§ 132. SECONDARY SCHOOLS; PROVISION OF CONTRACEPTIVES
In order to prevent or reduce unintended pregnancies and sexually transmitted diseases, each school district shall make condoms available to all students in its secondary schools, free of charge. School district administrative teams, in consultation with school district nursing staff, shall determine the best manner in which to make condoms available to students. At a minimum, condoms shall be placed in locations that are safe and readily accessible to students, including the school nurse’s office.

Sec. 5. 18 V.S.A. § 12 is added to read:

§ 12. PROVISION OF INFORMATION REGARDING CONTRACEPTIVES

In order to prevent or reduce unintended pregnancies and sexually transmitted diseases, the Department of Health, in partnership with health care providers and health insurers, shall communicate to adolescents and other individuals of reproductive age information regarding contraceptive access and coverage.

*** Exception to Mandatory Reporting for School Employees Providing Condoms ***

Sec. 6. 33 V.S.A. § 4913 is amended to read:

§ 4913. REPORTING CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT; REMEDIAL ACTION

(a) A mandated reporter is any:

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(2) individual who is employed by a school district or an approved or recognized independent school, or who is contracted and paid by a school district or an approved or recognized independent school to provide student services, including any:

(A) school superintendent;
(B) headmaster of an approved or recognized independent school as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 11;
(C) school teacher;
(D) student teacher;
(E) school librarian;
(F) school principal; and
(G) school guidance counselor;
A mandated reporter as described in subdivision (a)(2) of this section shall not be deemed to have violated the requirements of this section solely on the basis of making condoms available to a secondary school student in accordance with 16 V.S.A. § 132.

Pharmacists Prescribing Self-Administered Hormonal Contraceptives

Sec. 7. 26 V.S.A. § 2022 is amended to read:

§ 2022. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(15)(A) “Practice of pharmacy” means:

(vii) optimizing drug therapy through the practice of clinical pharmacy; and

(B) “Practice of clinical pharmacy” or “clinical pharmacy” means:

(i) the health science discipline in which, in conjunction with the patient’s other practitioners, a pharmacist provides patient care to optimize medication therapy and to promote disease prevention and the patient’s health and wellness;

(ii) providing patient care services within the pharmacist’s authorized scope of practice, including medication therapy management, comprehensive medication review, and postdiagnostic disease state management services; or

(iii) practicing pharmacy pursuant to a collaborative practice agreement; or

(iv) prescribing self-administered hormonal contraceptives as provided under section 2023 of this subchapter.

(21) “Self-administered hormonal contraceptive” means a contraceptive medication or device approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration that prevents pregnancy by using hormones to regulate or prevent ovulation and that uses an oral, transdermal, or vaginal route of administration.
Sec. 8. 26 V.S.A. § 2023 is amended to read:

§ 2023. CLINICAL PHARMACY; PHARMACISTS PRESCRIBING CONTRACEPTIVES

(a) In accordance with rules adopted by the Board, a pharmacist may engage in the practice of clinical pharmacy, including prescribing self-administered hormonal contraceptives as set forth in subsection (b) of this section.

(b)(1) A pharmacist may prescribe self-administered hormonal contraceptives in a manner consistent with a valid State protocol approved by the Commissioner of Health after consultation with the Director of Professional Regulation and the Board and the ability for public comment.

(2) A State protocol shall be valid if signed by the Commissioner of Health and the Director of Professional Regulation, and the Board of Pharmacy shall feature the active protocol conspicuously on its website.

(c) The Board’s rules shall:

(1) prohibit conflicts of interest and inappropriate commercial incentives related to prescribing, such as reimbursement based on brands or numbers of prescriptions filled, renewing prescriptions without request by a patient, steering patients to particular brands or selections of products based on any commercial relationships, or acceptance of gifts offered or provided by a manufacturer of prescribed products in violation of 18 V.S.A. § 4631a; and

(2) establish minimum standards for patient privacy in clinical consultation.

Sec. 9. PROTOCOL IMPLEMENTATION; RULEMAKING

(a) On or before January 1, 2021, the Commissioner of Health shall approve a State protocol for pharmacists to prescribe self-administered hormonal contraceptives in accordance with 26 V.S.A. § 2023(b) as set forth in Sec. 8 of this act.

(b) On or before January 1, 2021, the Board of Pharmacy shall adopt rules consistent with the provisions of 26 V.S.A. § 2023(c) as set forth in Sec. 8 of this act. If the Board is unable to adopt rules by that date, the Board shall adopt an emergency rule until such time as it completes the rulemaking process.

Sec. 10. COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH EDUCATION; REPORT

On or before January 15, 2021, the Agency of Education and Department of Health shall report to the House Committees on Human Services and on
Education and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Education regarding their continued efforts to support schools and school districts in providing comprehensive health education to Vermont students, as required by 16 V.S.A. § 906(b)(3) and as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 131, including sexual health and safety.

**Effective Dates**

Sec. 11. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) Secs. 1 (8 V.S.A. § 4099c), 7 (26 V.S.A. § 2022), and 8 (26 V.S.A. § 2023) shall take effect on January 1, 2021.

(b) The remainder of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

(Committee Vote: 11-0-0)

H. 788

An act relating to technical corrections for the 2020 legislative session

Rep. Palasik of Milton, for the Committee on Government Operations, recommends the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 3 V.S.A. § 455 is amended to read:

§ 455. DEFINITIONS

(a) As used in this subchapter:

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(9) “Employee” shall mean:

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(B) Any regular officer or employee of the Department of Public Safety assigned to police and law enforcement duties, including the Commissioner of Public Safety appointed before July 1, 2001; but, irrespective of the member’s classification, shall not include any member of the General Assembly as such, any person who is covered by the Vermont Teachers’ Retirement System, any person engaged under retainer or special agreement or Group C beneficiary employed by the Department of Public Safety for not more than 208 hours per year, or any person whose principal source of income is other than State employment. In all cases of doubt, the Retirement Board shall determine whether any person is an employee as defined in this subchapter. Also included under this subdivision are employees of the Department of Liquor and Lottery who exercise law enforcement powers, employees of the Department of Fish and Wildlife assigned to law
enforcement duties, motor vehicle inspectors, full-time deputy sheriffs compensated by the State of Vermont whose primary function is transports, full-time members of the Capitol Police force, investigators employed by the Criminal Division of the Office of the Attorney General, Department of State’s Attorneys, Department of Health, or Office of the Secretary of State, who have attained Level III law enforcement officer certification from the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council, who are required to perform law enforcement duties as the primary function of their employment, and who may be subject to mandatory retirement permissible under 29 U.S.C. § 623(j), who are first included in membership of the system on or after July 1, 2000. Also included under this subdivision are full-time firefighters employed by the State of Vermont and the Defender General.

* * *

Sec. 2. 1 V.S.A. § 496c is amended to read:

§ 496c. POW-MIA FLAG; FLYING ON STATE FLAGPOLES

The State of Vermont shall fly on State-owned flagpoles, where practicable, the National League of Families Prisoner of War and Missing in Action Flag, as designated in 36 U.S.C. § 189 36 U.S.C. § 902, provided the flag is donated.

Sec. 3. 3 V.S.A. § 113 is amended to read:

§ 113. RECORD BY PHOTOSTATIC OR PHOTOGRAPHIC METHOD

The Secretary of State may record by photostatic or photographic method any instrument, paper, or document required by law to be recorded by him or her, and he or she may give photostatic or photographic copies of the same, required by law to be filed or recorded with him or her, upon tender of his or her legal fees. Such copies, duly certified by him or her, shall be competent evidence in court and have the same force as the originals thereof would have had, if produced in court.

Sec. 4. 3 V.S.A. § 3091(h)(3) is amended to read:

(3) Notwithstanding subsection (f) of this section, only the claimant may appeal a decision of the Secretary to the Supreme Court. Such appeals shall be pursuant to Rule 13 of the Vermont Rules of Appellate Procedure V.R.A.P. 13. The Supreme Court may stay the Secretary’s decision upon the claimant’s showing of a fair ground for litigation on the merits. The Supreme Court shall not stay the Secretary’s order insofar as it relates to a denial of retroactive benefits.

Sec. 5. 3 V.S.A. § 3303(a) is amended to read:

- 1390 -
(a) Annual report and budget.

(1) The Secretary shall submit to the General Assembly, concurrent with the Governor’s annual budget request required under 32 V.S.A. § 306, an annual report for information technology and cybersecurity. The report shall reflect the priorities of the Agency, and shall include:

(A) performance metrics and trends, including baseline and annual measurements, for each division of the Agency;

(B) a financial report of revenues and expenditures to date for the current fiscal year;

(C) costs avoided or saved as a result of technology optimization for the previous fiscal year;

(D) an outline summary of information, including scope, schedule, budget, and status for information technology projects with a total costs of $500,000.00 or greater;

(E) an annual update to the strategic plan prepared pursuant to subsection (c) of this section;

(F) a summary of independent reviews as required by subsection (d) of this section; and

(G) the Agency budget submission.

Sec. 6. 8 V.S.A. § 4798(b)(3) is amended to read:

(3) the licensee prior thereto has filed with the Commissioner, on forms prescribed and furnished by the Commissioner, a request for renewal of such license for an ensuing 24-month period. Such request must be accompanied by payment of the renewal fee as provided in subdivision 4800(2) of this title.

Sec. 7. 8 V.S.A. § 4494(4) is amended to read:

(4)(A) Reserves according to the Commissioners’ Reserve Valuation method, for the life insurance and endowment benefits of certificates providing for a uniform amount of insurance and requiring the payment of uniform premiums shall be the excess, if any, of the present value, at the date of valuation, of the future guaranteed benefits provided for by the certificates, over the then present value of any future modified net premiums therefor. The modified net premiums for any such certificate shall be such percentage of the respective contract premiums for the benefits that the present value, at the date of issue of the certificate, of all such modified net premiums shall be equal to the sum of the then present value of the benefits provided for by the certificate and the excess of subdivision (i) of this subdivision (4)(A) over subdivision
(ii) of this subdivision (4)(A) as follows:

(A)(i) a net level premium equal to the present value, at the date of issue, of the benefits provided for after the first certificate year, divided by the present value at the date of issue, of an annuity of one percent per annum payable on the first and each subsequent anniversary of the certificate on which a premium falls due; provided however, that the net level annual premium shall not exceed the net level annual premium on the 19-year premium whole life plan for insurance of the same amount at an age one year higher than the age at issue of the certificate; and

(ii) a net one-year term premium for the benefits provided for in the first certificate year.

***

Sec. 8. 8 V.S.A. § 10403 is amended to read:

§ 10403. PROHIBITION ON DISCRIMINATION BASED ON
SEX, MARITAL STATUS, RACE, COLOR, RELIGION,
NATIONAL ORIGIN, AGE, SEXUAL ORIENTATION, GENDER
IDENTITY, OR DISABILITY

(a) Discrimination prohibited. No financial institution shall discriminate against any applicant for credit services on the basis of the sex, marital status, race, color, religion, national origin, age, sexual orientation, gender identity, or disability of the applicant, provided the applicant has the legal capacity to contract.

(b) Rulemaking. The Department of Financial Regulation shall prescribe rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

***

(d) Notification requirements:

***

(3) For commercial credit only, a statement of reasons meets the requirements of this section only if it contains the specific reasons for the adverse action taken, and cites the specific documentation or business judgment which supports the adverse decision on the application. Consumer credit shall be governed by the Equal Credit Opportunity Act (15 U.S.C. § 1691 et seq.) and regulations adopted thereunder.

***

- 1392 -
(e) Civil enforcement. A financial institution that discriminates against an applicant in violation of this section shall be liable to the applicant for punitive damages, for actual damages sustained by the applicant as a result of the discrimination, and for costs and a reasonable attorney’s fee as determined by the court.

Sec. 9. 9 V.S.A. § 272(b) is amended to read:

(b) This chapter does not apply to:

* * *

(3) a transaction to the extent it is governed by the Uniform Commercial Code, other than 99A V.S.A. §§ 1-107 and 1-206, Article 2, and Article 2A;

* * *

Sec. 10. 9 V.S.A. § 2481w is redesignated to read:

§ 2481w. UNLICENSED LOAN TRANSACTIONS

Sec. 11. 9A V.S.A. § 4-105(1) is amended to read:

(1) “Bank” means a person engaged in the business of banking, including a savings bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or trust company;

Sec. 12. 10 V.S.A. § 330(c)(3) is amended to read:

(3) As an ongoing task, the Farm-to-Plate Investment Program shall use the information gathered for the strategic plan and updates to the plan to identify methods and the funding necessary to strengthen the links among producers, processors, and markets, including:

(A) supporting the work of existing farm-to-school programs to increase the purchase of local foods by Vermont schools, with a particular emphasis on procurement of nutrient-dense animal foods;

* * *

Sec. 13. 10 V.S.A. § 6083a(a)(5) is amended to read:

(5) For projects involving the review of a master plan, a fee equivalent to $0.10 per $1,000.00 of total estimated construction costs in current dollars in addition to the fee established in subdivision (1) of this subsection for any portion of the project (see Section 6201(2) is amended to read:

(2) “Mobile home park” means any parcel of land under single or common ownership or control which contains, or is designed, laid out, or
adapted to accommodate, more than two mobile homes. Nothing herein shall be construed to apply to “Mobile home park” does not mean premises used solely for storage or display of mobile homes. Mobile home park does not mean any parcel of land under the ownership of an agricultural employer who may provide up to four mobile homes used by full-time workers or employees of the agricultural employer as a benefit or condition of employment or any parcel of land used solely on a seasonal basis for vacation or recreational mobile homes.

Sec. 15. 10 V.S.A. § 6204 is amended to read:

§ 6204. APPLICATION OF OTHER LAWS AND REGULATIONS RULES

(a) A municipality may impose more restrictive requirements on mobile home parks and mobile homes than are contained in this chapter to the extent it is authorized to do so under other legislation.

(b) Other applicable laws and regulations which rules that are more restrictive than this chapter shall prevail.

* * *

Sec. 16. 10 V.S.A. chapter 153, subchapter 2 is amended to read:

Subchapter 2. Permits and Regulations Rules

* * *

§ 6242. MOBILE HOME OWNERS’ RIGHT TO NOTIFICATION PRIOR TO PARK SALE

(a) Content of notice. A park owner shall give to each mobile home owner and to the Commissioner of Housing and Community Development notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, of his or her intention to sell the mobile home park. If the notice is refused by a mobile home owner or is otherwise undeliverable, the park owner shall send the notice by first class first-class mail to the mobile home owner’s last known mailing address. Nothing herein shall The requirements of this section shall not be construed to restrict the price at which the park owner offers the park for sale. The notice shall state all the following:

(1) that the park owner intends to sell the park;

(2) the price, terms, and conditions under which the park owner offers the park for sale;

(3) a list of the affected mobile home owners and the number of leaseholds held by each;
(4) the status of compliance with applicable statutes, regulations, rules, and permits, to the park owner’s best knowledge, and the reasons for any noncompliance; and

(5) that for 45 days following the notice the park owner shall not make a final unconditional acceptance of an offer to purchase the park and that if within the 45 days the park owner receives notice pursuant to subsection (c) of this section that a majority of the mobile home owners intend to consider purchase of the park, the park owner shall not make a final unconditional acceptance of an offer to purchase the park for an additional 120 days, starting from the 46th day following notice, except one from a group representing a majority of the mobile home owners or from a nonprofit corporation approved by a majority of the mobile home owners.

* * *

§ 6244. SECURITY DEPOSITS

* * *

(e) If a park owner fails to return the security deposit with a statement within 14 days, the park owner forfeits the right to withhold any portion of the security deposit. If the failure is willful, the park owner shall be liable for double the amount wrongfully withheld, plus reasonable attorney fees and costs.

* * *

Sec. 17. 10 V.S.A. § 6261(a) is amended to read:

(a) The resident shall not create or contribute to the noncompliance of the premises with applicable provisions of building, environmental, or housing and health regulations. For purposes of As used in this subchapter, the term “premises” shall mean a mobile home lot and any part of a mobile home park.

Sec. 18. 10 V.S.A. § 6302 is amended to read:

§ 6302. POWER TO ACQUIRE

(a) In order to carry out the purposes set forth in section 6301 of this title, any owner of real property located within this State or of any right or interest therein in real property located within this State may sell, donate, devise, exchange, or transfer that real property or any right or interest therein in real property located within this State to a municipality of this State, a State agency, or a qualified organization. A municipality of this State by the action of its legislative body or a State agency may acquire such real property or any right and interest therein in real property located within this State by purchase.
with any authorized funds, or by donation, devise, exchange, or transfer, all as herein provided.

* * *

(c) The General Assembly hereby declares that the acquisition of real property or any right and interest therein in real property located within this State, for the purposes expressed in section 6301 of this title, constitutes a public use and a public purpose for which public funds may be expended or advanced.

* * *

Sec. 19. 10 V.S.A. § 6303(a) is amended to read:

(a) The rights and interests in real property which that may be acquired, used, encumbered, and conveyed by a municipality, State agency, or qualified organization shall include the following:

* * *

(4) Fee simple and lease back, which may be defined as the acquisition of real property in fee simple and the lease for the life of a person or for a term of years of rights and interests therein in the real property, subject to the provisions of section 6304 of this title and to specified covenants, restrictions, conditions or affirmative requirements fixed by the legislative body of the municipality, the qualified organization, or the State agency in its discretion and designed to accomplish the purposes set forth in section 6301 of this title.

* * *

(7) Preemptive rights and options to purchase. The acquisition of preemptive rights such as a right of first refusal or an option to purchase land or rights and interests therein in the land.

Sec. 20. 10 V.S.A. § 6304 is amended to read:

§ 6304. SALES OF LAND

In any case where rights and interests in real property have been reconveyed or leased back to a person by a municipality or a department, the use of land subject thereto in the reconveyance or lease back shall not be changed, and no residential, industrial or commercial construction except for the use of the owner or his or her family shall be undertaken, except with the consent of the legislative body of the municipality or the department or except as specifically provided in the instrument evidencing the reconveyance or lease. In the event of the termination of any rights or interests of such person, the legislative body of the municipality or the department shall pay to such
person an amount equal to the fair market value of that portion of such right which that remained unexpired on the date of such termination, unless such termination is caused by the breach by such person of a term of the instrument by which he or she acquired such right or interest. In any case of acquisition subject to a right of occupancy and use, or acquisition and reconveyance, or acquisition and lease, under subsection 6303(a) of this title, the legislative body or department shall give priority to the grantor thereof in selecting the grantee or lessee, as the case may be.

Sec. 21. 10 V.S.A. § 6305 is amended to read:

§ 6305. EXCHANGES OF LAND

In exercising its authority to acquire property by exchange, a department may accept real property and rights and interests therein in the real property, and may convey to the grantor of such real property or rights and interests therein in the real property any State-owned property under the jurisdiction of the department, but only with the favorable advice and recommendation of the interagency committee on natural resources. In effecting such exchanges, the department may also utilize for exchange purposes any privately owned land and rights and interests therein in the land donated or made available to it for such purpose of an exchange. The land and rights and interests thus exchanged shall be approximately equal in fair market value, provided that the department may accept cash from or pay cash to the grantor in such an exchange, in order to equalize the value of the property and rights and interests therein in the property being exchanged. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law and with the approval of the interagency committee on natural resources, State real property and rights and interests therein in the property may, with the authorization of the department or other agency having custody thereof, be transferred without consideration, to the jurisdiction of a department designated under section 6302 of this title for use in carrying out the provisions of this chapter.

Sec. 22. 10 V.S.A. § 6306(c) is amended to read:

(c) After acquisition by a municipality, State agency or qualified organization of a right or interest in real property under the authority of this chapter, the owner of any remaining right or interest therein in the real property not so acquired shall be taxed, under the applicable provisions of 32 V.S.A. chapter 123, only upon the value of those remaining rights or interests to which he or she retains title. The State agency or qualified organization, and the Department of Taxes, shall cooperate with that owner, and with the town assessing such tax, in the determination of the fair market value of any such remaining right or interest.

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Sec. 23. 10 V.S.A. § 6307(b) is amended to read:

(b) Liquidated damages. Any contract or deed establishing or relating to the sale or transfer of rights or interests in real property under the authority of this chapter may provide for specified liquidated damages, actual damages, costs, and reasonable attorney’s fees in the event of a violation of the rights of the municipality, State agency, or qualified organization therein under the municipality or State agency.

Sec. 24. 10 V.S.A. § 6602(16)(B) is amended to read:

(B) “Hazardous material” does not include herbicides and pesticides when applied consistent with good practice conducted in conformity with federal, State, and local laws, rules, and regulations and according to manufacturer’s instructions. Nothing in this subdivision shall affect the authority granted and the limitations imposed by section 6608a of this title.

Sec. 25. 10 V.S.A. § 6603c(b)(1) is amended to read:

(b)(1) A municipality or group of municipalities organized as a solid waste management district or acting through or as a regional planning commission may apply to the Secretary for grants under this section. The Secretary may review and award grants, according to the priorities established in this section to the extent that funds are available. Grants awarded under subdivision (c)(2)(C)(iii) of this section shall be made on a quarterly basis to the extent funds are available. The application shall be in a form prescribed by the Secretary and shall include:

* * *

Sec. 26. 10 V.S.A. § 6603d(a) is amended to read:

(a) The Secretary shall issue a grant to a municipality, or a group of municipalities organized as a solid waste management district, to develop and implement a system of user fees for municipally operated solid waste management facilities. Priority consideration shall be given to the above entities which a municipality or a group of municipalities organized as a solid waste district that use privately owned or operated facilities for disposal of their solid waste. Within the amounts appropriated for this purpose, grants may be made for up to 100 percent of the costs of implementing a system of user fees.

Sec. 27. 10 V.S.A. § 6603i(a) is amended to read:

(a) The Secretary is authorized to award grants to municipalities and solid waste management districts for the portion of the cost of closure of unlined landfills receiving municipal solid waste located within the municipality or
These grants shall be available to assist in the closure of any existing unlined landfills, accepting solid waste as of the effective date of this act June 9, 1992.

Sec. 28. 10 V.S.A. § 6604c(d) is amended to read:

(d) On or before July 1, 2017, the Secretary shall adopt rules that allow for the management of excavated soils requiring disposal that contain PAHs, arsenic, or lead in a manner that ensures protection of human health and the environment and promotes Vermont’s traditional settlement patterns in compact village or city centers. At a minimum, the rules shall:

* * *

(4) in addition to disposal at a certified waste facility, adopt procedures a process for the management or disposal of development soils that have concentration levels that exceed residential soil screening levels, but are below the site-specific maximum development soils concentration levels;

* * *

Sec. 29. 10 V.S.A. § 6605f(a)(1)(Q) is amended to read:

(Q) fraud in the offering, sale, or purchase of securities as defined in under 9 V.S.A. § 4224a 5508 and in the U.S. Code;

Sec. 30. 10 V.S.A. § 6606(b) is amended to read:

(b) Certification of all hazardous waste facilities shall include:

(1) Identification of all hazardous waste to be handled at the facility including the expected amounts of each type of waste and the form in which it will be accepted.

(2) Detailed descriptions of all processes and technologies to be utilized by the facility and provisions to insure ensure that the operation of the facility is carried out in accordance with approved design and operation plans.

* * *

(5) Evidence of financial responsibility in such form and amount as the Secretary may determine to be necessary to insure ensure that, upon abandonment, cessation, or interruption of the facility or site, all appropriate measures are taken to prevent present and future damage to public health and safety and the environment including full and proper closure of the facility and, in the case of land treatment or disposal facilities, post closure care of the facility for a period of time to be determined by the Secretary.

* * *
§ 6610a. ENFORCEMENT

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the Secretary, upon receipt of information that the storage, transportation, treatment, or disposal of any solid waste or hazardous waste may present a hazard to the health of persons or to the environment or may be in violation of any provision of this chapter, the rules adopted thereunder under this chapter, or the terms or conditions of any order or certification issued under this chapter, may take such action as the Secretary determines to be necessary. The action the Secretary may take includes:

* * *

(3) Using the assurance of discontinuance procedures under 3 V.S.A. § 2822(c) without making efforts to secure voluntary compliance that would otherwise be required by 3 V.S.A. § 2822(d). Other enforcement action authorized under chapter 201 or 211 of this title.

* * *

(c) This subsection shall apply only to facilities subject to exemption from the provisions of chapter 151 of this title, as provided by the provisions of subsection 6081(h) of this title. With respect to facilities subject to this subsection, notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the Secretary may take such action as the Secretary determines to be necessary, upon receipt of information that the storage, transportation, treatment, or disposal of any solid waste or hazardous waste may present a hazard to the health of persons or to the environment or may be in violation of any provision of this chapter, the rules adopted thereunder under this chapter, or the terms or conditions of any order or certification issued under this chapter, or upon receipt of information that a solid waste disposal facility has failed to perform closure and post-closure operations as deemed necessary by the Secretary to preserve and protect the air, groundwater, surface water, public health, and the environment. The action the Secretary may take includes:

* * *

Sec. 32. 10 V.S.A. § 6611(a) is amended to read:

(a) Any person who operates a facility approved under this chapter shall provide evidence of an escrow account or other form of financial responsibility in such form and amount as the Secretary may determine to insure ensure that, upon abandonment, cessation, or interruption of the operation of the facility, adequate funds are available to undertake all appropriate measures to prevent present and future damage to the public health and safety and to the
environment. Any such financial plan shall include provisions for the equitable distribution of any excess in the escrow account, or other financial security, to communities whose residents made substantial payments into the escrow account or for that security.

Sec. 33. 10 V.S.A. § 6613(d)(2) is amended to read:

(2) If the variance is granted on the ground that compliance with the particular requirement or requirements from which variance is sought will necessitate the taking of measures which that, because of their extent or cost, must be spread over a considerable period of time, it shall be for a period not to exceed such reasonable time as, in the view of the Secretary, is requisite for the taking of the necessary measures. A variance granted on the ground specified herein under this section shall contain a time schedule for the taking of action in an expeditious manner and shall be conditioned on adherence to the time schedule.

Sec. 34. 10 V.S.A. § 6615(g)(1)(E) is amended to read:

(E) requiring, through financial documents or otherwise, the management of hazardous materials at a facility in compliance with the requirements of this chapter and the rules adopted thereunder under this chapter;

Sec. 35. 10 V.S.A. § 6620a(f)(5)(D) is amended to read:

(D) a means of transforming returned entities, that are no longer reusable, into recycled materials for manufacturing or into manufacturing wastes which that are subject to existing federal or State laws, rules, or regulations, or both, governing those manufacturing wastes, to ensure that these wastes do not enter the commercial or municipal waste stream; and

Sec. 36. 10 V.S.A. § 6622(c) is amended to read:

(c) If necessary, the Secretary of Natural Resources, by rule, shall add or delete materials to the above list set forth under subdivision (b)(3) of this section, after considering the following:

(1) adequacy of markets;

(2) availability of process facilities; and

(3) the costs of collecting, processing, and transporting the material to market.

Sec. 37. 10 V.S.A. § 6629(c)(7) is amended to read:

(7) An evaluation of the effects of the chosen toxics use reduction or hazardous waste reduction method on emissions and discharges to air, water,
or land, and with respect to whether or not that method adversely affects compliance with applicable laws, rules, and regulations.

Sec. 38. 10 V.S.A. § 6673(a)(4) is amended to read:

(4) Describe the Program and how it will provide for convenient and available Statewide collection of postconsumer architectural paint in urban and rural areas of the State. The producer or stewardship organization shall use the existing household hazardous waste collection infrastructure when selecting collection points for postconsumer architectural paint. A paint retailer shall be authorized as a paint collection point of postconsumer architectural paint for a Paint Stewardship Program if the paint retailer volunteers to act as a paint collection point and complies with all applicable laws, rules, and regulations.

Sec. 39. 10 V.S.A. § 7002 is amended to read:

§ 7002. TIMETABLE AND RESPONSIBILITIES

(a) The following timetable and responsibilities shall be adhered to:

* * *

(9) On or before December 15, 1991, the Authority must decide either to characterize an alternative site or to prepare a draft license application for a facility at a previously characterized site. Then, initially before January 15, 1992, and subsequently within 30 days of any similar decision, the Authority must petition the Legislature General Assembly, under chapter 157 of this title, for approval of its decision.

(10) If the Legislature General Assembly approves a petition to characterize an alternate site or sites or if it directs the characterization of an alternate site or sites, then the Authority must begin characterization and, within 18 months of the legislative decisions, the Authority must complete characterization. Following the completion of characterization, the Authority must again decide whether to characterize another certified site, or sites, or to complete the requirements of subsection 7012(f) for the characterized site. Then, if the requirements of subsection 7012(f) have been completed, the Authority may decide whether to prepare a draft license application for a disposal facility at a characterized site.

(11) If the Legislature General Assembly approves a petition to prepare a draft license application or directs the preparation of a draft license for a disposal facility at a particular characterized site, the Authority shall, within six months of the legislative action or the effective date of the rules required by sections 7023 and 7024 of this title, whichever is later, after public comment, submit a draft license application to the Agency for review.
Within 18 months of June 29, 1990, based on the results of the study required in subdivision (2) of this subsection and after public comment, the Authority shall:

(A) make recommendations to the Agency for rules on separation and recoverability of long-lived waste;

(B) make recommendations to the Agency for rules on the disposal facility design standards; and

(C) make an initial report to the Legislature and the Public Service Board on the possible appropriate technologies, and their costs, for the permanent disposal of the long-lived waste.

Sec. 40. 10 V.S.A. § 7011(4)(C) is amended to read:

(C) acquire, construct, reconstruct, purchase, hold, maintain, repair, operate, lease as lessor or lessee, dispose of, and use any real or personal property or any interest therein in real or personal property necessary, convenient, or desirable to carry out the purpose of this chapter and to sell, transfer, and dispose of any property or interest therein in real or personal property at any time required by it in the exercise of its powers;

Sec. 41. 10 V.S.A. § 7012 is amended to read:

§ 7012. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE AUTHORITY

(f) Prior to a decision to prepare a draft license application and the submission of that decision to the Legislature, the Authority shall:

(3) negotiate with the municipality, or each municipality, where the proposed site is located any impact fees, other payments, or conditions to be included in the proposal to be submitted to the voters and in the petition to be submitted to the Legislature;

(4) hold at least one public hearing near each site; and

(i) A petition to the Legislature to prepare a draft license application must be accompanied by a proposed financing plan for legislative enactment to cover the construction costs of the facility, unless the Authority has opted to raise construction funds under the provisions of section...
7015 of this chapter.

** **

Sec. 42. 10 V.S.A. § 7013(d)(2) is amended to read:

(2) reimburse any State entity for all costs incurred in the issuance and enforcement of regulations rules and adjudications authorized by section 7020 of this title and for all other costs for actions and proceedings authorized by this chapter;

Sec. 43. 10 V.S.A. § 7015 is amended to read:

§ 7015. CONSTRUCTION COSTS

(a) In lieu of proposing a financing plan for the construction costs to the legislature General Assembly under subsection 7012(i) of this title, the Authority may solicit offers to purchase or otherwise commit or contract for disposal capacity in the disposal facility authorized by this chapter. In the solicitation, the Authority should provide an estimate of the proposed design capacity and the expected construction costs.

(b) No offer may be accepted unless the terms of all such commitments or contracts, taken together, provide for the complete prepayment of all construction costs, exhaust the proposed capacity, contain acceptable terms and conditions and are otherwise in the best interest interests of the State.

** **

(e) The Authority may, for any reason, decide to not accept all offers received under this section and decide to pursue an alternative method of financing the construction costs of the disposal facility. If the Authority decides not to accept any such offers, it shall propose a financing plan to the legislature General Assembly within 90 days or by the date set out in subdivision 7002(a)(9) of this title, whichever is later.

Sec. 44. 10 V.S.A. § 7024(a)(1) is amended to read:

(1) compliance with the rules promulgated adopted by the Agency under this chapter;

Sec. 45. 10 V.S.A. § 7107(a)(2) is amended to read:

(2) Source separation. Except as otherwise provided by this section, every person who discards solid waste shall separate mercury-added products from that solid waste for management as hazardous waste or universal hazardous waste, according to all applicable State and federal rules or regulations. Any contractor who replaces or removes mercury-added products shall assure that any discarded mercury-added product is subject to proper
separation and management as a hazardous waste or universal hazardous waste. Any contractor who replaces a mercury-containing thermostat from a building shall deliver the mercury-containing thermostat to an appropriate collection location for recycling.

Sec. 46. 11A V.S.A. § 15.30 is amended to read:

§ 15.30. INVOLUNTARY TERMINATION

(a) The Secretary of State shall terminate the certificate of authority of a foreign corporation if:

* * *

(8) the Commissioner of Taxes notifies the Secretary of State that a foreign corporation has failed to make a return, to pay a tax, to file a bond or to do any other act required to be done under the provisions of 32 V.S.A. chapter 211.

* * *

Sec. 47. 11C V.S.A. § 102(29)

(29) “State” means a state of the United States, District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

Sec. 48. 13 V.S.A. § 2635(a)

(a) A person shall not:

(1) induce, entice, or procure a person to come into the State or to go from the State for the purpose of prostitution or for any immoral purpose or to enter a house of prostitution in the State;

* * *

(5) induce, entice, procure, or compel such person to live a life of prostitution.

* * *

Sec. 49. 16 V.S.A. § 111 is amended to read:

§ 111. PURPOSE OF COUNCIL

In order to increase the opportunities for Vermon ters and visitors to Vermont to view, enjoy, and participate in the visual and performing arts, a group of people devoted to the practices of architecture, painting, sculpture, photography, music, dance, drama, crafts, literature, and other related arts have formed the Vermont Council on the Arts, Inc., (Council). The Council is a
nonprofit organization, hereinafter called the Council, formed for the purpose of coordinating and encouraging schools, organizations, and individuals in their several artistic and cultural activities.

Sec. 50. 16 V.S.A. § 112 is amended to read:

§ 112. DESIGNATION AS STATE AGENCY

The Council is hereby designated as the state agency to formulate and apply for grants-in-aid to the State under the National Arts and Cultural Development Act of 1964 and any amendments thereto, as amended.

Sec. 51. 16 V.S.A. § 127 is amended to read:

§ 127. DESIGNATION

The Vermont Humanities Council is designated as the nonprofit organization in the State to apply for funds distributed by the Division of State Programs, or its successor programs, of the National Endowment for the Humanities under the National Foundation of the Arts and Humanities Act of 1965, and any amendments thereto, as amended.

Sec. 52. 16 V.S.A. § 161 is amended to read:

§ 161. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION; APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS; TERM; VACANCY

** * * *

(1) Upon the expiration of the respective terms of those members of the Board previously appointed, excluding the student members, the Governor shall, biennially in the month of February with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint members therefor for terms of six years. The terms shall begin March 1 of the year in which the appointments are made. A member serving a term of six years shall not be eligible for reappointment for successive terms.

** * * *

Sec. 53. 16 V.S.A. § 164 is amended to read:

§ 164. STATE BOARD; GENERAL POWERS AND DUTIES

** * * *

(3) Examine and determine all appeals that by law are made to it and prescribe rules of practice in respect thereto governing the appeals process, not inconsistent with law.

** * * *

(6) Make regulations Adopt rules governing the attendance and records
of attendance of all students and the deportment of students attending public schools.

* * *

Sec. 54. 16 V.S.A. § 166 is amended to read:

§ 166. APPROVED AND RECOGNIZED INDEPENDENT SCHOOLS

(a) Authority. An independent school may operate and provide elementary education or secondary education if it is either approved or recognized as set forth herein in this section.

* * *

Sec. 55. 16 V.S.A. § 166b is amended to read:

§ 166b. HOME STUDY PROGRAM

* * *

(l) A home study program that has successfully completed two consecutive school years of home study as defined in subsection (k) of this section shall not be exempt from any other requirements of this section and shall annually submit a description of special services and adaptations to accommodate any disability of the child consistent with subsection (i) of this section. In addition, the program shall submit a detailed outline or narrative describing the content to be provided in each subject area of the minimum course of study as part of its enrollment notice for each child who is 12 years of age at the time the enrollment notice is submitted.

Sec. 56. 16 V.S.A. § 212 is amended to read:

§ 212. SECRETARY’S DUTIES GENERALLY

* * *

(4) Advise the Legislature concerning proposed laws affecting the public schools.

* * *

Sec. 57. 16 V.S.A. § 261 is amended to read:

§ 261. ORGANIZATION AND ADJUSTMENT OF SUPERVISORY UNIONS

* * *

(b)(1) Any school district that has so voted at its annual school district meeting, if said meeting has been properly warned regarding such a vote, may
request that the State Board adjust the existing boundaries of the supervisory union of which it is a member district.

* * *

(3) The State Board shall act on a request made pursuant to this subsection within 75 days of receipt of the request and may regroup the school districts of in the area so as to ensure reasonable supervision of all of these public schools therein.

* * *

Sec. 58. 16 V.S.A. § 261a(c) is amended to read:

(c) Noncompliance; tax rate increase. After notice to the boards of a supervisory union and its member districts, the opportunity for a period of remediation, and the opportunity for a hearing, if the Secretary determines that a supervisory union or any one of its member districts is failing to comply with any provision of subsection (a) of this section, then the Secretary shall notify the board of the supervisory union and the board of each of its member districts that the education property tax rates for nonhomestead and homestead property shall be increased by five percent in each district within the supervisory union and the household income percentage shall be adjusted accordingly in the next fiscal year for which tax rates will be calculated. The districts’ actual tax rates shall be increased by five percent, and the household income percentage adjusted, in each subsequent fiscal year until the fiscal year following the one in which the Secretary determines that the supervisory union and its districts are in compliance. If the Secretary determines that the failure to comply with the provisions of subsection (a) of this section is solely the result of the actions of the board of one member district, then the tax increase in this subsection (c) shall apply only to the tax rates for that district. Subject to Vermont Rule of Civil Procedure V.R.C.P. 75, the Secretary’s determination shall be final.

Sec. 59. 16 V.S.A. § 427 is amended to read:

§ 427. GRAND LIST

The grand list of a town or incorporated school district shall consist of one percent of the listed value of the real and personal estate taxable therein in the town or incorporated school district.

Sec. 60. 16 V.S.A. § 428 is amended to read:

§ 428. BUDGET TO BE VOTED

(a) At each annual town school district meeting, the electorate shall vote such sums of money as it deems necessary for the support of schools. If such
sums are not approved or acted upon at the annual meeting, the electorate shall vote such questions at a duly warned special school district meeting. A district may vote money necessary for the support of its schools therein to the end of the full school year next ensuing.

Sec. 61. 16 V.S.A. § 471 is amended to read:

§ 471. APPLICATION OF OTHER LAWS

(a) The provisions of this title relating to the administration and maintenance of public schools, to school meetings, and voting therein, to grand lists, to the raising and expending of school monies, to monies apportioned by the State Board, to sharing in other State aid, to the election, appointment, powers, duties, and liabilities of school officers, to elementary and higher instruction, to transportation, board, and attendance of students, to truancy and truant officers, to furnishing of textbooks and appliances, and to all other matters pertaining to schools in a town district, unless otherwise provided, and if not inconsistent with the rights granted by their charters, shall apply to schools maintained, similar school officers, and all matters pertaining to schools in incorporated school districts.

Sec. 62. 16 V.S.A. §472 is amended to read:

§ 472. MEETINGS; WARNINGS

(b) Meetings shall be warned by the clerk or, in case of his or her inability to act, by the prudential committee, by posting a notice, specifying the time, place, and business of the meeting, in two public places in the district, at least seven days before the time therein specified date of the meeting, and warnings shall be recorded before being posted.

Sec. 63. 16 V.S.A. § 559 is amended to read:

§ 559. PUBLIC BIDS

(a) Cost threshold. When the cost exceeds $15,000.00, a school board or supervisory union board shall publicly advertise or invite three or more bids from persons deemed capable of providing items or services if costs are in excess of $15,000.00 for any of the following:
(b) **High-cost construction contracts.** When a school construction contract exceeds $500,000.00:

* * *

Sec. 64. 16 V.S.A. § 563 is amended to read:

§ 563. POWERS OF SCHOOL BOARDS; FORM OF VOTE

The school board of a school district, in addition to other duties and authority specifically assigned by law:

* * *

(8) Shall establish and maintain a system for receipt, deposit, disbursement, accounting, control, and reporting procedures that meets the criteria established by the State Board pursuant to subdivision 164(15) of this title and that ensures that all payments are lawful and in accordance with a budget adopted or amended by the school board. The school board may authorize a subcommittee, the superintendent of schools, or a designated employee of the school board to examine claims against the district for school expenses and draw orders for the payment of those claims such as shall be allowed by it payable to the party entitled thereto. Such orders shall state definitely the purpose for which they are drawn and shall serve as full authority to the treasurer to make such payments. It shall be lawful for a school board to submit to its treasurer a certified copy of those portions of the board minutes, properly signed by the clerk and chair, or a majority of the board, showing to whom, and for what purpose each payment is to be made by the treasurer, and such certified copy shall serve as full authority to the treasurer to make the payments as thus approved.

* * *

Sec. 65. 16 V.S.A. § 572 is amended to read:

§ 572. JOINT BOARDS FOR JOINT, CONTRACT, OR CONSOLIDATED SCHOOLS

(a) The control of joint, contract, or consolidated schools, set up by two or more school districts, shall be vested in a joint school board from such the forming school districts, and such the members of the joint school board shall be chosen in the manner hereinafter provided for in, and for the purpose of, this section. A joint, contract, or consolidated school board shall be referred to as a joint board.

* * *

Sec. 66. 16 V.S.A. § 706g is amended to read:

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§ 706g. DESIGNATION OF DISTRICTS AS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT, RECORDING BY SECRETARY OF STATE

Within 45 days after the vote or 15 days after an unsuccessful vote to reconsider or rescind the original vote under 17 V.S.A. § 2661, whichever is later, the clerk of each district voting on the proposal to establish a unionschool district shall certify the results of the vote to the Secretary of Education. If a majority of the voters voting in each district that is designated in the final report as necessary to the establishment of the proposed union vote to establish the proposed union district, those districts, together with any district designated in the final report as advisable to be included in the proposed union, which voted by a majority of those voting to establish the proposed union district, shall constitute a union school district. The Secretary of Education shall designate all such districts as a union school district; and shall so certify to the Secretary of State, who shall record such certification. Upon this record, the union school district shall become a body politic and corporate with the powers incident to a municipal corporation, shall be known by the name or number given in the certificate, by that name or number may sue and be sued, and may hold and convey real and personal estate for the use of the district. The record shall be notice to all parties of the establishment of the union school district with all the powers incident to such a district as herein provided in this subchapter. A certified copy of the record in the Office of the Secretary of State shall be filed by him or her in the office of the clerk of each school district to be included within the union school district within 15 days from the date the Secretary of Education certified the existence of the union district to him or her. This filing shall be prima facie evidence of full compliance with the requirements for the creation of a union school district as set forth in this subchapter.

Sec. 67. 16 V.S.A. § 706p is amended to read:

§ 706p. WARNINGS OF UNION DISTRICT MEETINGS

* * *

(d) When a person whose duty it is to warn a district meeting neglects to do so for ten days after application is made as above provided in this section, he or she shall forfeit to the district $20.00 for each ten days’ neglect, to be recovered in an action on this statute.

Sec. 68. 16 V.S.A. § 721 is amended to read:

§ 721. INCLUSION OF ADDITIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS

(a) Action initiated by district outside the union. After preliminary study by a district school board and approval by the State Board, and when a
majority of voters present and voting at a school district meeting duly warned for that purpose vote to apply to a neighboring union school district for admission as a member of the union district, the vote shall be certified by the clerk of the school district to the clerk of the union school district and to the Secretary of Education. If, within two years from the date of that vote, a majority of those voting at a meeting of the union school district duly warned for that purpose, votes to include the additional school district as a member of the union, the clerk of the union shall certify the results of that vote to the Secretary of Education. The Secretary of Education shall designate the additional school district a member of the union, and so certify to the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State shall record such certification in accordance with the provisions of section 706g of this title, which shall have the effect as provided therein in that section.

* * *

Sec. 69. 16 V.S.A. § 945 is amended to read:

§ 945. ADULT DIPLOMA PROGRAM; GENERAL EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

(a) The Secretary shall maintain an Adult Diploma Program (ADP), which shall be an assessment process administered by the Agency through which an individual who is at least 20 years old of age can receive a local high school diploma granted by one of the Program’s participating high schools.

(b) The Secretary shall maintain a General Educational Development (GED) Program, which it shall administer jointly with the GED testing service, and approved local testing centers and through which an adult individual who is at least 16 years old of age and who is not enrolled in secondary school can receive a secondary school equivalency certificate based on successful completion of the GED tests.

* * *

Sec. 70. 16 V.S.A. § 1047 is amended to read:

§ 1047. STATE TO PAY COSTS

The State shall pay to each school providing an approved driver education and training course an amount per pupil instructed in driver education to be determined annually by the Legislature General Assembly.

Sec. 71. 16 V.S.A. § 1052 is amended to read:

§ 1052. DEFINITIONS AND CONSTRUCTION

* * *

- 1412 -
(b) This chapter shall be construed liberally to carry out the policies stated herein in this chapter.

Sec. 72. 16 V.S.A. § 1073 is amended to read:

§ 1073. “LEGAL PUPIL” DEFINED; ACCESS TO SCHOOL

(a) Definition. “Legal pupil” means an individual who has attained the age of five years on or before January 1 next following the beginning of the school year. However, a school district may require that students admitted to kindergarten have attained the age of five on or before any date between August 31 and January 1.

* * *

(c) Prekindergarten and essential early education. An individual who is not a legal pupil may be enrolled in a public school in a prekindergarten program offered by or through a public school pursuant to rules adopted under section 829 of this title or in a program of essential early education offered pursuant to section 2956 of this title.

Sec. 73. 16 V.S.A. § 1075 is amended to read:

§ 1075. LEGAL RESIDENCE DEFINED; RESPONSIBILITY AND PAYMENT OF EDUCATION OF STUDENT

* * *

(c) State-placed students.

(1) A State-placed student in the legal custody of the Commissioner for Children and Families, other than one placed in a 24-hour residential facility and except as otherwise provided in this subsection, shall be educated by the student’s school of origin, unless the student’s education team determines that it is not in the student’s best interest to attend the school of origin. The student’s education team shall include, as applicable, the student, the student’s parents and foster parents, the student’s guardian ad litem and educational surrogate parent, representatives of both the school of origin and potential new school, and a representative of the Family Services Division of the Department for Children and Families. In the case of a dispute about whether it is in the student’s best interest to attend the school of origin, the Commissioner for Children and Families shall make the final decision. As used in this section, “school of origin” means the school in which the child was enrolled at the time of placement into custody of the Commissioner for Children and Families, or in the case of a student already in the custody of the Commissioner for Children and Families, the school the student most recently attended.
Sec. 74. 16 V.S.A. § 1161a is amended to read:

§ 1161a. DISCIPLINE

(a) Each public and each approved independent school shall adopt and implement a comprehensive plan for responding to student misbehavior. To the extent appropriate, the plan shall promote the positive development of youth. The plan shall include:

(6) A description of behaviors on and off school grounds that constitute misconduct, including harassment, bullying, and hazing, particularly those behaviors that may be grounds for expulsion. The plan shall include a description of misconduct as listed in subdivisions 11(a)(26)(A)–(C) and (32) of this title that, although serious, does not rise to the level of harassment or bullying as those terms are defined therein in these subdivisions.

Sec. 75. 16 V.S.A. § 1261a is amended to read:

§ 1261a. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

(1) “Food programs” means provision of food to persons under programs meeting standards for assistance under the National School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C. § 1751 et seq., and amendments thereto, and in the Child Nutrition Act, 42 U.S.C. § 1779 et seq., and any amendments thereto each as amended.

Sec. 76. 16 V.S.A. § 1544 is amended to read:

§ 1544. CAREER TECHNICAL COURSES IN OTHER SCHOOLS

Subject to any direction and regulations as to courses, teachers, or equipment that the State Board may prescribe by rule, high schools may include within their courses of study pretechnical or career technical courses, or both. Before establishing such a program, a high school shall consult with the regional advisory board for its CTE service region.

Sec. 77. 16 V.S.A. § 1576 is amended to read:

§ 1576. EFFECT OF CERTIFICATION; APPLICATION OF OTHER LAWS

(a) Upon certification under section 1575 of this title, the career technical
center region shall become a public school district and shall constitute a body politic and corporate, with all the rights and responsibilities pertaining thereto to a public school district, as specified in this subchapter, and as specified in the approval granted by the State Board. The career technical center school district shall also be a supervisory district for the purpose of providing the planning and administrative functions of a supervisory union for the programs offered.

* * *

Sec. 78. 16 V.S.A. § 1577 is amended to read:

§ 1577. DUTIES AND AUTHORITY OF ALTERNATIVE GOVERNANCE BOARD

The governance board of a CTE center authorized under this subchapter, in addition to other duties and authority specifically assigned by law to the governing authority of a CTE center, shall have the following duties and authority:

* * *

(6) To establish and maintain a system for receipt, deposit, disbursement, accounting, control, and reporting procedures that meets the criteria established by the State Board pursuant to subdivision 164(15) of this title and that ensures all payments are lawful and in accordance with the budget adopted pursuant to terms approved by the State Board. The Board may authorize a subcommittee, a superintendent of schools, or a designated employee of the Board to examine claims against the district for center expenses, and draw orders for such as shall be allowed by it payable to the party entitled thereto to the payment. Such orders shall state definitely the purpose for which they are drawn, and shall serve as full authority to the treasurer to make such payments. It shall be lawful for a board to submit to its treasurer a certified copy of those portions of the board minutes, properly signed by the clerk and chair, or a majority of the board, showing to whom, and for what purpose, each payment is to be made by the treasurer, and the certified copy shall serve as full authority to the treasurer to make the approved payments.

* * *

Sec. 79. 16 V.S.A. § 1623 is amended to read:

§ 1623. FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION

(a) Findings.
(1) The General Assembly finds that freedom of expression and freedom of the press are fundamental principles in our democratic society granted to every citizen of the nation by the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution and to every resident of this State by Vt. Const. Ch. I, Art. 13 Chapter I, Article 13 of the Vermont Constitution.

* * *

(b) **Definitions.** As used in this chapter:

* * *

Sec. 80. 16 V.S.A. § 1752 is amended to read:

§ 1752. GROUNDS AND PROCEDURES FOR SUSPENSION AND DISMISSAL

* * *

(j) No action shall lie on the part of a teacher against any school district for breach of contract by reason of suspension or dismissal unless the procedures herein described in this section have been followed by said teacher.

* * *

Sec. 81. 16 V.S.A. § 1755 is amended to read:

§ 1755. SICK LEAVE

* * *

(c) The use of sick leave as herein provided in this section shall be subject to the rules and regulations of the directors of each school district.

Sec. 82. 16 V.S.A. § 1933 is amended to read:

§ 1933. MEMBERS GENERALLY

* * *

(d) Should any Group A or Group C member who has less than five years of creditable service in any period of seven consecutive years after last becoming a member be absent from service more than six years, or should a member withdraw the member’s accumulated contributions or die or retire under the provisions of this chapter, the member shall thereupon cease to be a member. However, the membership of any teacher granted leave of absence by the member’s school board for the purpose of professional study or for the acceptance of an exchange position shall be continued during such leave of absence subject to Board rules relating thereto, if the member does not withdraw the member’s contributions, if any, and such member shall be
considered in the service of the State for the purposes of the System during such leave of absence. In the case of leaves of absence granted by a member’s school board for purposes other than for professional study or for an exchange position, service credit shall be granted upon a contribution by the member or the member’s school board. Such contribution shall be made at the member’s current rate multiplied by the member’s earnable compensation for the year preceding the leave of absence.

* * *

Sec. 83. 16 V.S.A. § 1940 is amended to read:

§ 1940. TERMINATION OF SERVICE; DEATH; REFUND; PENSION

* * *

(b)(1) Upon the death of a Group A or Group C member before retirement the member’s accumulated contributions will be payable to such primary beneficiary, primary and secondary beneficiaries, or joint beneficiaries, if any, as the member has nominated by written designation duly acknowledged and filed with the Board. In the absence of a written designation of beneficiary or in the event the designated beneficiary is deceased, the return of accumulated contributions with interest payable as a result of the death of the member prior to retirement shall be payable as follows:

* * *

(2) In addition, if any member was in service at the date of the member’s death or on leave of absence granted subject to Board regulations relating thereto rules and had completed one or more years of creditable service, or if the member’s death was the result of an accident while in service or on leave of absence under Board rules, a pension equal to ten percent of the member’s average final compensation, but not less than $50.00 per month, will be payable on account of each of the member’s dependent children under the age of 18 years of age, or, if a dependent student, under the age of 23 years of age, not exceeding a total of three. However, if a surviving child of any age was mentally or physically incapacitated for substantial gainful employment before attaining age 18 years of age, the pension will be payable for the duration of the child’s incapacity.

* * *

Sec. 84. 16 V.S.A. § 1942 is amended to read:

§ 1942. BOARD OF TRUSTEES; MEDICAL BOARD; ACTUARY; RATE OF CONTRIBUTION; SAFEKEEPING OF SECURITIES
(b) The Board shall consist of six trustees, as follows:

(1) The Secretary of Education, ex-officio;
(2) The State Treasurer, ex-officio;
(3) The Commissioner of Financial Regulation, ex-officio;
(4) Two trustees and one alternate, who shall be members of the System and who shall be elected by the members of the System for a term of four years according to such rules and regulations as the Board shall adopt to govern such the election; and

(f) Subject to the limitations of this chapter, the Board shall, from time to time, establish rules and regulations for the administration of the System and for the transaction of its business.

Sec. 85. 16 V.S.A. § 1943 is amended to read:

§ 1943. INVESTMENTS; INTEREST RATE; DISBURSEMENTS

(d) Except as otherwise herein provided in this section, no trustee and no employee of the Board or member of the Vermont Pension Investment Committee shall have any direct interest in the gains or profits of any investment made by the Committee; nor shall any trustee or employee of the Board or Committee, directly or indirectly, for himself or herself or as an agent, in any manner use the same except to make such current and necessary payments as are authorized by the Board or Committee; nor shall any trustee or employee of the Board or Committee become an endorser or surety, or in any manner an obligor, for the monies loaned to or borrowed from the Board. The State Treasurer, with the approval of the Board and the Committee, shall adopt by rule standards of conduct for trustees and employees of the Board in order to maintain and promote public confidence in the integrity of the Board. Such rules shall prohibit trustees, members of the Committee, and employees from receiving or soliciting any gift, including meals, alcoholic beverages, travel fare, room and board, or any other thing of value, tangible or intangible, from any vendor or potential vendor of investment services, management services, brokerage services, and other services to the Board.

Sec. 86. 16 V.S.A. § 1943a is amended to read:
§ 1943a. COMPLIANCE WITH FEDERAL LAW

** **

(k) Nonvested members; consent. An individual who is not a vested member of the System and who has not yet reached the later of normal retirement age or age 62 must consent to any withdrawal of his or her assets of greater than $1,000.00. For individuals who are not vested members of the System and who have reached the later of normal retirement age or age 62 years of age, amounts greater than $1,000.00 may be paid out without the individual’s consent. In all cases, amounts of $1,000.00 or less may be paid out without the individual’s consent.

(l) Rulemaking. The Board may adopt rules to ensure that this chapter complies with federal law requirements.

Sec. 87. 16 V.S.A. § 1944 is amended to read:

§ 1944. VERMONT TEACHERS’ RETIREMENT FUND

** **

(b) Member contributions.

** **

(3) The deductions provided for herein in this section shall be made notwithstanding that the minimum compensation provided for by law for any member shall be reduced thereby. Every Group A and Group C member shall be deemed to consent and agree to the deductions made and provided for herein in this section, and shall receipt for the member’s full salary or compensation, and payment of salary or compensation less such deduction shall be a full and complete discharge and acquittance of all claims and demands whatsoever for the services rendered by such person during the period covered by such payment, except as to the benefits provided under this chapter.

** **

(6) Any Group A member who has rendered service outside the State in the capacity of a teacher and as approved by the Board, or who was a teacher in Vermont on July 1, 1947 and elected not to join the System but who has subsequently joined, may:

** **

(B) Elect to have included in the member’s creditable service all or part of any service with which the member was credited immediately prior to any refund of the member’s accumulated contributions, including prior
service, as defined in section 1931 of this title, which shall be restored upon full restoration of previous membership service as provided herein in this section. Any Group A member who so elects shall deposit in the Pension Fund by a single contribution an amount equal to the amount of accumulated contributions previously withdrawn together with regular interest thereon from the date of the refund to the date of repayment, or a proportionate part of that amount if less than the full period of previous service is to be included in the member’s credited service. If a member has received a refund of the member’s accumulated contributions more than once, the member may elect the period or periods of previous service on account of which the member will make contributions under this subdivision (b)(6) subject to the aforesaid limitation. Any Group A member who elects to repay any amount previously refunded shall continue thereafter to contribute to the System the proportion of earnable compensation determined on the basis of the member’s age on the date on which the member shall have last become a member.

* * *

(g) Collection of contributions.

(1) The proper authority or officer responsible for making up the payroll shall draw his or her warrant, at such intervals as may be agreed upon with the Board but at least semiannually, payable to the System for all contributions deducted from the compensation of members, and shall transmit these contributions to the Board, together with such any schedule of the contributions included therein as the Board may require requires.

(h) Contributions by State or political subdivision. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision 1944(b)(2) of this title to the contrary and pursuant to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code, the State or political subdivisions employing such members shall pick up and pay the contributions required to be paid by Group A and Group C members with respect to service rendered on and after July 1, 1992. Contributions picked up by the State or political subdivisions employing such members shall be designated for all purposes as member contribution, except that they shall be treated as State contributions in determining tax treatment of a distribution. Each member’s compensation shall be reduced by an amount equal to the amount picked up by the State or political subdivisions employing such members. This reduction, however, shall not be used to determine annual earnable compensation for purposes of determining average final compensation. Contributions picked up under this subsection shall be credited to the Pension Fund.

Sec. 88. 16 V.S.A. § 1949 is amended to read:
§ 1949. POSTRETIREMENT ADJUSTMENTS TO RETIREMENT ALLOWANCES

(a) For all Group A members, as of June 30th in each year, beginning June 30, 1972, the Board shall determine any increase or decrease, to the nearest one-tenth of one percent, in the ratio of the average of the Consumer Price Index for the month ending on that date to the average of the Index for the month ending on June 30, 1971, or the month ending on June 30th of the most recent year subsequent thereto thereafter. In the event of an increase, and provided that the net increase following the application of any offset as provided in this subsection equals or exceeds one percent, the retirement allowance of each beneficiary in receipt of an allowance for at least one year on the next following December 31st shall be increased by an equal percentage. Such increase shall begin on the January 1st immediately following that December 31st. An equivalent percentage increase shall also be made in the retirement allowance payable to a beneficiary in receipt of an allowance under an optional election, provided the member on whose account the allowance is payable and such other person shall have received a total of at least 12 monthly payments by such December 31st. In the event of a decrease of the Consumer Price Index as of June 30th for the preceding year, the retirement allowance of a beneficiary shall not be subject to any adjustment on the next following January 1st; provided, however, that:

***

Sec. 89. 16 V.S.A. § 1981 is amended to read:

§ 1981. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter unless the context requires otherwise:

***

(5) “Teacher” means any person licensed employable as a teacher by the Vermont Standards Board for Professional Educators who is not an administrator as herein defined in this section.

***

Sec. 90. 16 V.S.A. § 1992 is amended to read:

§ 1992. REFERENDUM PROCEDURE FOR REPRESENTATION

***

(c) A secret ballot referendum shall be held any time that 20 percent of the teachers or administrators employed by the school board present a petition requesting a referendum on the matter of representation, except during a
period of prior recognition, as hereinbefore provided in this section. Any organization interested in representing teachers or administrators in the school district shall have the right to appear on the ballot by submitting a petition supported by ten percent or more of the teachers or administrators in the school district.

* * *

Sec. 91. 16 V.S.A. § 2005 is amended to read:

§ 2005. WRITTEN AGREEMENT

The negotiations councils for the school board and the teachers’ or administrators’ organization shall enter into a written agreement or agreements incorporating therein matters agreed to in negotiation. The written agreement shall incorporate by reference the terms of the agreement entered into pursuant to chapter 61 of this title.

Sec. 92. 16 V.S.A. § 2010 is amended to read:

§ 2010. INJUNCTIONS

No restraining order or temporary or permanent injunction shall be granted in any case brought with respect to any action taken by a representative organization or an official thereof or by a school board or representative thereof in connection with or relating to pending or future negotiations, except on the basis of findings of fact made by a court of competent jurisdiction after due hearing prior to the issuance of the restraining order or injunction that the commencement or continuance of the action poses a clear and present danger to a sound program of school education that in the light of all relevant circumstances it is in the best public interest to prevent. Any restraining order or injunction issued by a court as herein provided in this section shall prohibit only a specific act or acts expressly determined in the findings of fact to pose a clear and present danger.

Sec. 93. 16 V.S.A. § 2021 is amended to read:

§ 2021. NEGOTIATED BINDING INTEREST ARBITRATION

* * *

(c) A strike, which shall have the same meaning as provided in 21 V.S.A. § 1722(16), shall be prohibited if it occurs after both parties have voluntarily submitted a dispute to final and binding arbitration or after a decision or award has been issued by the arbitrator. A school board may petition for an injunction or other appropriate relief from the Superior Court within the county wherein in which such strike in violation of this section is occurring or is about to occur.
Sec. 94. 16 V.S.A. § 2186 is amended to read:

§ 2186. RESERVE FUNDS

(a) The Vermont State Colleges may create and establish one or more special funds, herein referred to in this section as “debt service reserve funds,” and shall pay into each debt service reserve fund:

(b) All monies held in any debt service reserve fund, except as hereinafter provided in this section, shall be used, as required, solely for the payment of the principal or purchase or redemption price of or interest or redemption premium on bonds or notes secured in whole or in part by the fund or of sinking fund payments with respect to the bonds or notes; provided, however, that monies in any fund shall not be withdrawn therefrom from the fund at any time in an amount as would reduce the amount of the fund to less than the debt service reserve requirement established by resolution of the Vermont State Colleges for the fund as hereafter provided except for the purpose of making payments, when due, of principal, interest, redemption premiums, and sinking fund payments with respect to bonds and notes secured in whole or in part by the fund for the payment of which other monies of the Vermont State Colleges are not available. Any income or interest earned by any debt service reserve fund may be transferred to other funds or accounts of the Vermont State Colleges to the extent that it does not reduce the amount of the fund below the requirement for the fund.

(e) In order to assure the maintenance of the debt service reserve requirement in each debt service reserve fund established by the Vermont State Colleges, there may be appropriated annually and paid to the Vermont State Colleges for deposit in each fund the sum as shall be certified by the Chair of the Board of Trustees of the Vermont State Colleges to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House as is necessary to restore each such debt service reserve fund to an amount equal to the debt service reserve requirement for the fund. The Chair shall annually, on or about February 1, make and deliver to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House his or her certificate stating the sum required to restore each debt service reserve fund to the amount aforesaid equal to the debt service reserve requirement for the fund, and the sum so certified may be appropriated, and if appropriated, shall be paid to the Vermont State Colleges during the then-current State fiscal year. The principal amount of bonds or
notes outstanding at any one time and secured in whole or in part by a debt service reserve fund to which State funds may be appropriated pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed $34,000,000.00, provided that the foregoing shall not impair the obligation of any contract or contracts entered into by the Vermont State Colleges in contravention of the Constitution of the United States of America.

* * *

Sec. 95. 16 V.S.A. § 2283 is amended to read:

§ 2283. DEPARTMENT OF POLICE SERVICES

(a) The Board of Trustees may establish a Department of Police Services and authorize the appointment to the Department of police officers and a director of the Department who shall be a police officer. Officers so appointed shall be sworn and shall have all law enforcement powers provided by 24 V.S.A. § 1935. Appointments and oaths shall be in writing and shall be filed with and maintained by the Board of Trustees of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College. The director shall have free and direct access to the Board of Trustees on matters pertaining to law enforcement.

* * *

Sec. 96. 16 V.S.A. § 2363 is amended to read:

§ 2363. RESERVE FUNDS

(a) The University of Vermont and State Agricultural College may create and establish one or more special funds, herein referred to in this section as “debt service reserve funds,” and shall pay into each such debt service reserve fund:

* * *

(b) All monies held in any debt service reserve fund, except as hereinafter provided in this section, shall be used, as required, solely for the payment of the principal or the purchase or redemption price of or interest or redemption premium on bonds or notes secured in whole or in part by such fund or of sinking fund payments with respect to the bonds or notes; provided, however, that monies in any fund shall not be withdrawn therefrom at any time in such amount as would reduce the amount of the fund to less than the debt service reserve requirement established by resolution of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College for the fund as hereafter provided except for the purpose of making payments, when due, of principal, interest, redemption premiums, and sinking fund payments with respect to bonds and notes secured
in whole or in part by the fund for the payment of which other monies of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College are not available. Any income or interest earned by any debt service reserve fund may be transferred to other funds or accounts of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College to the extent that it does not reduce the amount of the fund below the requirement for such fund.

** * * *

(e) In order to assure the maintenance of the debt service reserve requirement in each debt service reserve fund established by the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College, there may be appropriated annually and paid to the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College for deposit in each fund the sum as shall be certified by the Chair of the Board of Trustees of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House as is necessary to restore each debt service reserve fund to an amount equal to the debt service reserve requirement for the fund. The Chair shall annually, on or about February 1, make and deliver to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House his or her certificate stating the sum required to restore each debt service reserve fund to the amount aforesaid equal to the debt service reserve requirement for the fund, and the sum so certified may be appropriated, and if appropriated, shall be paid to the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College during the then-current State fiscal year. The principal amount of bonds or notes outstanding at any one time and secured in whole or in part by a debt service reserve fund to which State funds may be appropriated pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed $66,000,000.00, provided that the foregoing shall not impair the obligation of any contract or contracts entered into by the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College in contravention of the Constitution of the United States of America.

** * * *

Sec. 97. 16 V.S.A. § 2821 is amended to read:

§ 2821. STUDENT ASSISTANCE CORPORATION; PURPOSE

** * * *

(c) Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, the provisions of 8 V.S.A. chapter 73 shall not apply to the Corporation or to any loan heretofore or hereafter made or serviced by the Corporation in accordance with this title.

Sec. 98. 16 V.S.A. § 2822 is amended to read:

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§ 2822. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

(3) “Student” means any person who:

(A) has graduated from a secondary school, satisfied the requirements for graduation by passing examinations covering the subject matter of a secondary school curriculum, or met the eligibility criteria established by the United States U.S. Secretary of Education for the receipt of student financial assistance under Title IV of the Higher Education Act, and in each case who is attending or plans to attend an approved postsecondary education institution; or

* * *

(6) “Approved postsecondary education institution” means any institution of postsecondary education that is:

* * *

(B) accredited by an accrediting agency approved by the United States U.S. Secretary of Education pursuant to the Higher Education Act;

* * *


Sec. 99. 16 V.S.A. § 2825 is amended to read:

§ 2825. TAX EXEMPTIONS

All real and personal property of the Corporation is exempt from taxation. All bonds, notes, and other obligations issued pursuant to this chapter are issued by a body corporate and public of this State and for an essential public and governmental purpose and those bonds, notes, and other obligations, and the interest thereon and income therefrom from them, except as otherwise provided by resolution of the Corporation authorizing the issuance of taxable debt pursuant to section 2868 of this title, and all activities of the Corporation and fees, charges, funds, revenues, incomes, and other monies of the Corporation whether or not pledged or available to secure the payment of these bonds, notes, or other obligations, or interest thereon, are exempt from all taxation, franchise taxes, fees, or special assessments of whatever kind except for transfer, inheritance, and estate taxes.
Sec. 100. 16 V.S.A. § 2831 is amended to read:

§ 2831. MEMBERSHIP; VACANCIES

The Corporation shall be governed and all of its powers exercised by a Board of Directors consisting of 11 members. The Governor shall appoint five members as follows: one person to be the financial aid officer of an institution of postsecondary education in the State of Vermont; one person to be a guidance counselor from a Vermont secondary school; and three members representing the general public. In making the appointments of the members representing the general public, the Governor shall give due consideration to the Board’s needs for expertise and experience in the management of a financial institution. The State Treasurer or his or her designee shall be a member. The Speaker of the Vermont House of Representatives and the Committee on Committees of the Vermont Senate shall each appoint one member from their respective legislative bodies to serve on the Board. The Board shall elect three additional members. All members shall be of full age, citizens of the United States, and residents of Vermont. All appointments shall be for terms of six years with the exception of legislative members whose terms shall expire at the end of six years or when their service in the Vermont Legislature General Assembly is completed, whichever shall first occur. The date of the expiration of the term of appointment in each case shall be June 30. Vacancies that may occur by reason of death or resignation shall be filled in the same manner as original appointments.

Sec. 101. 16 V.S.A. § 2835 is amended to read:

§ 2835. CONTROLS, AUDITS, AND REPORTS

Control of funds appropriated and all procedures incident to the carrying out of the purposes of this chapter shall be vested in the Board. The books of account of the Corporation shall be audited annually by an independent public accounting firm registered in the State of Vermont in accordance with government auditing standards issued by the U.S. Government Accountability Office (GAO) and the resulting audit report filed with the Secretary of Administration not later than November 1 each year. The Auditor of Accounts or his or her designee shall be the State’s nonvoting representative to an audit committee established by the Board. Biennially, the Board shall report to the Legislature General Assembly on its activities during the preceding biennium. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this section.

Sec. 102. 16 V.S.A. § 2863 is amended to read:

§ 2863. GUARANTEE
The Corporation is authorized to guarantee that any education loan notes properly executed shall be repaid according to their tenor and, if guaranteed under the Higher Education Act, to the extent authorized under that act, provided, that in the event of default, the holder has complied with the rules, regulations, and procedures of the Corporation, and with the Act and the regulations promulgated thereunder under the Act, regarding the making, servicing, and diligent collection of education loans until assigned to the Corporation as hereinafter provided in this chapter. The Corporation may make loans that have no guarantee.

Sec. 103. 16 V.S.A. § 2867 is amended to read:

§ 2867. RESERVE AND PLEDGED EQUITY FUNDS

(a) The Corporation may create and establish one or more special funds, herein referred to in this section as “debt service reserve funds” or “pledged equity funds.”

(b) The Corporation shall pay into each debt service reserve fund:

* * *

(3) Any other monies or financial instruments such as surety bonds, letters of credit, or similar obligations, that may be made available to the Corporation for the purpose of such fund from any other source or sources. All monies or financial instruments held in any debt service reserve fund created and established under this section, except as hereinafter provided in this section, shall be used, as required, solely for the payment of the principal of the bonds, notes, or other debt instruments secured in whole or in part by such fund or of the payments with respect to the bonds, notes, or other debt instruments specified in any resolution of the Corporation as a sinking fund payment, the purchase or redemption of the bonds, the payment of interest on the bonds, notes, or other debt instruments, or the payment of any redemption premium required to be paid when the bonds, notes, or other debt instruments are redeemed prior to maturity, or to reimburse the issuer of a liquidity or credit facility, bond insurance, or other credit enhancement for the payment by such party of any of the foregoing amounts on the Corporation’s behalf; provided, however, that the monies or financial instruments in any such debt reserve fund shall not be drawn upon or withdrawn therefrom at any time in such amounts as would reduce the amount of such funds to less than the debt service reserve requirement established by resolution of the Corporation for such fund as hereinafter provided in this section except for the purpose of paying, when due, with respect to bonds secured in whole or in part by such fund, the principal, interest, redemption premiums, and sinking fund payments and reimbursing, when due, the issuer of any credit enhancement for any such
payments made by it, for the payment of which other monies of the Corporation are not available. Any income or interest earned by, or increment to, any debt service reserve fund due to the investment thereof may be transferred by the Corporation to other funds or accounts of the Corporation to the extent it does not reduce the amount of such debt service reserve fund below the debt service reserve requirement for such fund.

(c) The Corporation shall pay into each pledged equity fund:

**

(3) Any other monies or financial instruments such as surety bonds, letters of credit, or similar obligations, that may be made available to the Corporation for the purpose of such fund from any other source or sources. All monies or financial instruments held in any pledged equity fund created and established under this section, except as hereinafter provided in this section, shall be used, as required, solely to provide pledged equity or over-collateralization of any trust estate of the Corporation to the issuer of a liquidity or credit facility, bond insurance, or other credit enhancement obtained by the Corporation; provided, however, that the monies or financial instruments in any such pledged equity fund shall not be drawn upon or withdrawn from such fund at any time in such amounts as would reduce the amount of such funds to less than the pledged equity requirement established by resolution of the Corporation for such fund as hereafter provided except for the purposes set forth in, and in accordance with, the governing resolution. Any income or interest earned by, or increment to, any pledged equity fund due to the investment thereof may be transferred by the Corporation to other funds or accounts of the Corporation to the extent it does not reduce the amount of such pledged equity fund below the requirement for such fund. Anything in this subdivision to the contrary notwithstanding, upon the defeasance of the bonds, notes, or other debt instruments with respect to which the pledged equity requirement was established, the Corporation may transfer amounts in such fund to another fund or account of the Corporation proportionately to the amount of such defeasance; provided that the Corporation shall repay to the State any amount appropriated by the State pursuant to subsection (f) of this section.

**

(f) In order to assure ensure the maintenance of the debt service reserve fund requirement in each debt service reserve fund established by the Corporation under this section, there may be appropriated annually and paid to the Corporation for deposit in each such sum as shall be certified by the Chair of the Corporation to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the
Speaker of the House as is necessary to establish or restore each such debt service reserve fund to an amount equal to the requirement for each such fund. The Chair shall annually, on or about February 1, make, execute, and deliver to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House, a certificate stating the sum required to restore each such fund to the amount aforesaid equal to the requirement for each such fund, and the Governor shall, on or before March 1, submit a request for appropriations in the amount so certified, and such amount may be appropriated, and if appropriated, shall be paid to the Corporation during the then current State fiscal year. In order to assure the funding of the pledged equity fund requirement in each pledged equity fund established by the Corporation under this section at the time and in the amount determined at the time of entering into any credit enhancement agreement related to a pledged equity fund, there may be appropriated and paid to the Corporation for deposit in each such fund, such sum as shall be certified by the Chair of the Corporation, to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House, as is necessary to establish each such pledged equity fund to an amount equal to the amount determined by the Corporation at the time of entering into any credit enhancement agreement related to a pledged equity fund; provided that the amount requested, together with any amounts previously appropriated pursuant to this subsection for a particular pledged equity fund, shall not exceed the maximum amount of the State’s commitment, as determined by the Corporation pursuant to subsection (d) of this section. The Chair shall, on or about the February 1 next following the designated date for fully funding a pledged equity fund, make, execute, and deliver to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House a certificate stating the sum required to bring each such fund to the amount aforesaid equal to the requirement for each such fund or to otherwise satisfy the State’s commitment with respect to each such fund, and the Governor shall, on or before March 1, submit a request for appropriations in the amount so certified, and such amount may be appropriated, and if appropriated, shall be paid to the Corporation during the then-current State fiscal year. The combined principal amount of bonds, notes, and other debt instruments outstanding at any time and secured in whole or in part by a debt service reserve fund established under this section and the aggregate commitment of the State to fund pledged equity funds pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed $50,000,000.00, provided that the foregoing shall not impair the obligation of any contract or contracts entered into by the Corporation in contravention of the Constitution of the United States. Notwithstanding anything in this section to the contrary, the State’s obligation with respect to funding any pledged equity fund shall be limited to its maximum commitment, as determined by the Corporation.
pursuant to subsection (d) of this section and the State shall have no other obligation to replenish or maintain any pledged equity fund.

Sec. 104. 16 V.S.A. § 2868 is amended to read:

§ 2868. NOTES, BONDS, AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS

(c) Power to determine nature of debt obligations. In furtherance of its corporate purposes, with respect to the issuance of its notes, bonds, and other debt obligations, the Corporation may by resolution provide:

(5) for limitations on the Corporation’s issuance of additional notes, bonds, or other debt obligations, and on the expenditure of revenues related thereto to them; and upon the refunding of its outstanding or other notes, bonds, or other obligations.

(d) Nonenumerated powers. The Corporation has the power to exercise all or part of a combination of the powers granted in this chapter; to make covenants other than and in addition to, but not inconsistent with, the covenants herein expressly authorized in this section; to make such covenants and to do any and all acts and things as may be necessary or prudent to adequately secure its notes, bonds, or other obligations or, as will tend to make its notes, bonds, and other obligations more marketable notwithstanding that such covenants, acts, or things are not enumerated herein in this section.

(e) Any pledge made by the Corporation shall be valid and binding from the time when the pledge is made; the revenues, monies, or property so pledged and thereafter received by the Corporation shall immediately be subject to the lien of the pledge without any physical delivery of it or further act. That pledge shall be valid and binding as against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract, or otherwise against the Corporation, irrespective of whether those parties have notice of it.

(g) Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, a bond, note, or other obligation issued under this chapter is fully negotiable for all purposes of 9A V.S.A. § 1-101 et seq., and each holder or owner of such, or of any coupon appurtenant thereto to them, by accepting the bond or note or other obligation or coupon shall be conclusively deemed to have agreed that such instrument is fully negotiable for those purposes, and all bonds, notes, or other obligations and interest coupons appertaining to them issued by the Corporation shall have and are hereby declared to have all the qualities and incidents of investment
securities under 9A V.S.A. § 1-101 et seq., but no provision of those sections respecting the filing of a financing statement to perfect a security interest shall be applicable to any pledge made or security interest created in connection with the issuance of the bonds, notes, other obligations, or coupons.

***

(i) Notes, bonds, or other obligations issued under the provisions of this chapter shall not be deemed to constitute a debt or liability or obligation of the State of Vermont or of any political subdivision of it, nor shall it be deemed to constitute a pledge of the faith and credit of the State or of any political subdivision, but shall be payable solely from the revenues or assets of the Corporation pledged thereto to support them. Each obligation issued by the Corporation shall contain on its face a statement to the effect that the Corporation shall not be obligated to pay the same nor the interest on it except from the revenues or assets pledged for those purposes and that neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of Vermont or of any political subdivision of it is pledged to the payment of the principal of or the interest on these obligations.

***

(l) Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, the provisions of 8 V.S.A. chapter 73 shall not apply to the Corporation or to any loan heretofore or hereafter made, purchased, or guaranteed pursuant to this chapter.

***

Sec. 105. 16 V.S.A. § 2876 is amended to read:
节 2876. 定义

作为本章中的定义，除非上下文明确要求另一种解释：

***

(4) “Internal Revenue Code” means the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, together with the regulations promulgated thereunder under that Code.

Sec. 106. 16 V.S.A. § 2879c is amended to read:
节 2879c. 免税

(a) The assets of the Vermont Higher Education Investment Plan held by the Corporation and the assets of any similar plan qualified under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code and any income therefrom from them shall be
exempt from all taxation by the State or any of its political subdivisions. Income earned or received from the Fund by any participant or beneficiary shall not be subject to State income tax and shall be eligible for any benefits provided in accordance with the Investment Plan provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. The exemption from taxation under this section shall apply only to assets and income maintained, accrued, or expended pursuant to the requirements of the Vermont Higher Education Investment Plan, the provisions of this subchapter, and the applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. No exemption shall apply to assets and income expended for any other purposes.

* * *

Sec. 107. 16 V.S.A. § 2879d is amended to read:

§ 2879d. PROPERTY RIGHTS TO ASSETS IN THE PLAN

The assets of the Vermont Higher Education Investment Plan shall at all times be preserved, invested, and expended solely and only for the purposes set forth in this chapter and in accordance with the participation agreements, and no property rights therein shall exist in favor of the State.

Sec. 108. 16 V.S.A. § 2880 is amended to read:

§ 2880. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

* * *

(5) “Postsecondary education costs” means the qualified costs of tuition, fees, and other expenses for attendance at an institution of postsecondary education, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, together with the regulations promulgated thereunder under that Code.

* * *

Sec. 109. 16 V.S.A. § 2942 is amended to read:

§ 2942. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) “Child with a disability” means any child in Vermont eligible under State regulations to receive special education.

* * *

(6) “Individualized education program” means a program established for an eligible child pursuant to 20 U.S.C. § 1401(19) and the implementing federal regulations and State regulations.
* * *

Sec. 110. 16 V.S.A. § 2945 is amended to read:

§ 2945. ADVISORY COUNCIL ON SPECIAL EDUCATION

(a) There is created the Advisory Council on Special Education that shall consist of 19 members. All members of the Council shall serve for a term of three years or until their successors are appointed. Terms shall begin on April 1 of the year of appointment. A majority of the members shall be either individuals with disabilities or parents of children with disabilities.

(1) Seventeen of the members shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice of the Secretary. Among the gubernatorial appointees shall be:

* * *

(G) parents of children with disabilities, provided the child shall be younger than 26 years old of age at the time his or her parent is appointed to the Council;

* * *

Sec. 111. 16 V.S.A. § 3448a is amended to read:

§ 3448a. APPEAL

Any municipal corporation or independent school as defined in section 3447 of this title aggrieved by an order, allocation, or award of the State Board of Education may, within 30 days, appeal therefrom to the Superior Court in the county in which the project is located.

Sec. 112. 16 V.S.A. § 3681 is amended to read:

§ 3681. COMPLAINT TO SUPERIOR COURT

If an educational corporation or association holds a fund of which, whether by statute or by usage, only the income may be expended, and, because of such limitation, such corporation or association is unable to reduce its indebtedness and to pay its debt and expenses from its current receipts, so that cessation of its activities or winding-up of its affairs and liquidation is threatened or impends, such corporation or association may bring its complaint to the Superior Court in the county in which it has its principal place of business, for relief as hereinafter provided in this subchapter.

Sec. 113. 16 V.S.A. § 3743 is amended to read:

§ 3743. TEXTBOOKS, APPLIANCES, AND SUPPLIES

The board shall select and provide all textbooks, appliances, and supplies required for use in the elementary schools and the textbooks required for use in
the secondary schools in the town district that shall be paid for by the district. The selection of textbooks, appliances, and supplies shall be subject to the approval of the superintendent of the schools of the district. The board shall provide nonresident students attending the schools with the necessary textbooks, appliances, and supplies under the regulations rules the Board of Education shall prescribe. The board of school directors with the superintendent shall make the rules and regulations it deems proper for the care and custody of all textbooks, appliances, and supplies.

Sec. 114. 16 V.S.A. § 3851 is amended to read:

§ 3851. DEFINITIONS

    * * *

    (g) “Guarantor” means any person liable, directly or indirectly, under the provisions of a financing agreement for the unsatisfied obligations of the eligible institution under that agreement, whether designated a guarantor, surety, accommodation party, insurer, or other designation.

Sec. 115. 16 V.S.A. § 3853 is amended to read:

§ 3853. POWERS

The Agency may:

    * * *

    (7) Prepare plans, specifications, designs, and estimates of cost for the acquisition and construction of facilities and, by contract or its own employees, acquire, construct, improve, maintain, and operate facilities; fix, revise, and collect fees, rents, and other charges for the use or occupancy of facilities or for services rendered by facilities; contract with holders of its bonds to fix, revise, and collect fees, rents, and charges producing revenues at least sufficient to pay all costs of operation, maintenance, and repair of the facilities and the principal, interest, and redemption premium, if any, on bonds and provide by contract or otherwise for the promulgation, by the Agency or such other body or officer as may be specified by the Agency, of such reasonable and proper rules and regulations respecting facilities as the Agency may deem necessary to assure the maximum use of the facilities at all times.

    * * *

    (10) Acquire and enter into commitments to acquire any federally guaranteed security, including any federally guaranteed mortgage, and pledge or otherwise use any such federally guaranteed security in such manner as the Agency deems in its best interest to secure or otherwise provide a source of repayment on any of its bonds or notes issued on behalf of any eligible
institution or enter into any appropriate agreement with any eligible institution whereby the Agency may make a loan to such eligible institution for the purpose of acquiring and entering into commitments to acquire any federally guaranteed security. Any agreement entered into pursuant to this subdivision may contain such provisions that are deemed necessary or desirable by the Agency for the security or protection of the Agency or the holders of such bonds or notes; provided, however, that the Agency, prior to making any such acquisition, commitment, or loan, shall first determine, and shall first enter into an agreement with any such eligible institution to require, that the proceeds derived from any such federally guaranteed security will be used for the purpose of providing or refinancing any facilities for any eligible institution.

Sec. 116. 16 V.S.A. § 3854 is amended to read:

§ 3854. OPERATION AND MANAGEMENT OF FACILITIES

*(c)* Any financing agreement authorized by this chapter shall be a general obligation of the eligible institution and may contain provisions, which may be a part of the contract with the holders of the bonds or notes of the Agency, as to:

* ***

(4) the procedure, if any, by which the terms of the financing agreement may be amended, the amount of bonds or notes the to which holders of which must consent thereto, and the manner in which the consent may be given;

* ***

Sec. 117. 16 V.S.A. § 3856 is amended to read:

§ 3856. BONDS

(a) The Agency is authorized to issue from time to time bonds or notes of the Agency for the purposes authorized by this chapter and refunding bonds for the purpose of refunding any bonds issued by the Agency under this chapter, including the payment of any redemption premium thereon and any interest accrued or to accrue to the date of the redemption of such bonds, irrespective of whether the bonds to be refunded have or have not matured. Refunding bonds may also be issued by the Agency for the purpose of refunding any bonds, including refunding bonds, issued by the Agency under this chapter and paying all or any part of the cost of acquiring or constructing any facilities. The issuance of the refunding bonds, the maturities and other details thereof, the rights and remedies of the holders thereof and the rights,
powers, privileges, and obligations of the Agency with respect to the same, shall be governed to the fullest extent feasible by the provisions of this chapter pertaining to bonds. The Agency may also issue its negotiable bonds for the purpose of paying or otherwise satisfying in accordance with their terms any bonds, mortgages, notes, loans, or other contractual obligations of any eligible institution assigned or transferred to or assumed by the Agency in connection with financing the acquisition by the Agency of any facilities from such eligible institution. Except as may otherwise be expressly provided by the Agency, bonds and notes issued under this chapter shall be general obligations, payable out of any monies or revenues of the Agency, subject only to any agreements with the holders of the bonds or notes pledging any particular monies or revenues. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this chapter or any recitals in any bonds or notes issued under this chapter, all bonds, notes, and interest coupons appertaining thereto shall have and are hereby declared to have all the qualities and incidents, including negotiability, of investment securities under the Uniform Commercial Code but no provision of such code respecting the filing of a financing statement to perfect a security interest shall be applicable to any security interest created in connection with the issuance of any bonds or notes. No bonds or notes of the Agency may be issued to acquire or construct any facilities unless the Agency first certifies to the Governor that in its opinion such facilities are needed and will provide adequate revenue derived from rents or otherwise to repay the bonds and the interest thereon when due.

* * *

(d) Any resolution authorizing bonds or the trust indenture securing them may contain provisions, which may be a part of the contract with the holders of the bonds, as to:

* * *

(5) the procedure, if any, by which the terms of any contract with bondholders may be amended or abrogated, the amount of bonds to which the holders of which must consent thereto, and the manner in which consent may be given;

* * *

Sec. 118. 16 V.S.A. § 3860 is amended to read:

§ 3860. REMEDIES OF BONDHOLDERS

(a) If the Agency defaults in the payment of principal of or interest on any of the bonds of any series after they become due, either at maturity or upon call for redemption, and the default continues for a period of 30 days, or if the
Agency fails or refuses to comply with this chapter or defaults in any agreement made with the holders of the bonds of the series, the holders of 25 percent in aggregate principal amount of the bonds of the series then outstanding, in addition to all other remedies provided pursuant to this chapter or other law, may appoint by an instrument filed in an office of the clerk of the county in which the principal office of the eligible institution respecting which the bonds have been issued is located, and proved or acknowledged in the same manner as a deed would be recorded, subject to the limitation specified in section 3856(h) of this chapter, a trustee to represent the holders of the bonds of the series for the purposes herein provided in this section.

* * *

(c) The Superior Court and the presiding judge wherein where the facility is located shall have jurisdiction of any suit, action, or proceedings by the trustee on behalf of the bondholders.

* * *

(e) Any trustee, whether or not all bonds of any series have been declared due and payable, shall be entitled as of right to the appointment of a receiver who may enter and take possession of the facility or any part thereof of the facility and operate and maintain it and collect and receive all rentals and other revenues thereafter arising therefrom from it in the same manner as the Agency itself might do, and shall deposit all such monies in a separate account and apply the same in such manner as the Court may direct. In any suit, action, or proceedings by the trustee the fees, counsel fees, and expenses of the trustee and of the receiver, if any, shall constitute taxable disbursements and all costs and disbursements allowed by the Court shall be a first charge on any rentals and other revenues derived from the facility.

(f) The trustee shall, in addition to the foregoing provisions of this section relating to the trustee and to an extent not inconsistent with the provisions of the trust indenture or resolutions under which such trustee is acting, have all of the powers necessary or appropriate for the exercise of any functions specifically set forth herein in this section or incident to the general representation of the bondholders in the enforcement and protection of their rights, including the foreclosure of any mortgage given to secure the bonds and the power to liquidate any and all other security as may be given therefor.

Sec. 119. 16 V.S.A. § 3861 is amended to read:

§ 3861. COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF AGENCY

No officer, member, or employee of the Agency may receive, or be lawfully
entitled to receive, any pecuniary profit from the operation thereof of the Agency except reasonable compensation for services in effecting one or more of its purposes herein set forth under law.

Sec. 120. 17 V.S.A. § 2355 is amended to read:

§ 2355. NUMBER OF SIGNATURES REQUIRED

The number of signatures on primary petitions shall be not less than:

(1) For State and congressional officers, 500 hundred;

(2) For county officers or State senator, 100 hundred; and

(3) For Representative to the General Assembly, 50.

Sec. 121. 17 V.S.A. § 2472(a) is amended to read:

(a) The ballot shall be titled “OFFICIAL VERMONT GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT,” followed by the date of the election. Immediately below, the following instructions shall be printed: “Instruction to Voters: To vote for a candidate whose name is printed on the ballot, fill in the oval at the right of that person’s name and party designation. To vote for a candidate whose name is not printed on the ballot, write the person’s name on the blank line in the appropriate block and fill in the oval to the right of that blank line. When there are two or more candidates to be elected to one office, you may vote for any number of candidates up to and including the maximum number.” The name of the town or towns and legislative district in which the ballot is to be used shall be listed in the upper left hand corner.

Sec. 122. 18 V.S.A. § 4051(10) is amended to read:

(10)(A) The term “poison” means any toxic substance that falls within any of the following categories:

(i) produces death within 48 hours in one-half or more than one-half of a group of 10 or more laboratory white rats each weighing between 200 and 300 hundred grams, at a single dose of 50 milligrams or less per kilogram of body weight, when orally administered; or

* * *

Sec. 123. 18 V.S.A. § 7104 is redesignated to read:

§ 7104. WRONGFUL HOSPITALIZATION OR DENIAL OR OF RIGHTS; FRAUD; ELOPEMENT

Sec. 124. 18 V.S.A. chapter 204A is amended to read:

CHAPTER 204A. DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES ACT
Subchapter 1. Services to People with Developmental Disabilities and Their Families

§ 8721. PURPOSE

* * *

Sec. 125. 20 V.S.A. § 3582 is amended to read:

§ 3582. DOGS OR WOLF-HYBRIDS OBTAINED AFTER APRIL 1

A person who becomes the owner after April 1 of a dog or wolf-hybrid six months old which or older that has not been licensed, or a person who owns, keeps, or harbors a dog or wolf-hybrid in which that becomes six months old after April 1 shall within 30 days apply for and obtain a license for the dog or wolf-hybrid in the same manner as the annual license is obtained. If an application under this section is made after October 1, the fee for the license shall be one-half the amount otherwise required. If the license fee is not paid within 30 days, the owner may thereafter procure a license for that license year by paying a license fee of 50 percent in excess of that otherwise required.

Sec. 126. 21 V.S.A. § 1457(b) is amended to read:

(b) Eligible employees may participate, as appropriate, in training, including employer-sponsored training or worker training funded under the federal Workforce Investment Act of 1998 Innovation and Opportunity Act, to enhance job skills if the program has been approved by the Department.

Sec. 127. 21 V.S.A. § 1471(a) is amended to read:

(a) An individual who is otherwise eligible for benefits under this chapter, but who has exhausted his or her maximum benefit amount under section 1340 of this chapter and any other available federally funded extension, is entitled to a maximum of an additional 26 weeks of benefits in the same amount as the weekly benefit amount established in the individual’s most recent benefit year if the individual is enrolled in and making satisfactory progress in either a State-approved training program or a job training program authorized under the federal Workforce Investment Act of 1998 Innovation and Opportunity Act.

Sec. 128. 21 V.S.A. § 1733(a)(2)(B) is amended to read:

(B) Notwithstanding any provision of section 1732 of this chapter to the contrary, after the mediator has certified to the Commissioner of Labor that the impasse continues, the legislative body of a municipal employer and the exclusive bargaining agent for municipal public safety employees may agree to proceed directly to final and binding arbitration pursuant to the provisions of
this section without first submitting the dispute to fact finding pursuant to section 1732 of this chapter.

Sec. 129. 23 V.S.A. § 1 is amended to read:

§ 1. ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF TITLE

The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles and the Commissioner of Public Safety shall cooperate in carrying out all the statutes, and rules, and regulations adopted to implement the provisions of this title to achieve the most efficient and economical administration. In case of disagreement as to division of work, the Governor shall decide.

Sec. 130. 23 V.S.A. § 4(27) is amended to read:

(27) “Person” as used in this title, shall include any natural person, corporation, association, co-partnership, company, firm, or other aggregation of individuals.

Sec. 131. 23 V.S.A. § 4(47) is amended to read:

(47) “Cooperative use transportation” is defined as the collective nonprofit use by two or more people of privately-owned vehicles when the providing of transportation is not the primary business of the owner and/or of the vehicle or driver of the vehicle, or both, but is incidental to their livelihood. Cooperative use shall include shared driving, and shared expense; employer-owned or leased vehicles, including buses, which are operated for employee commuting purposes, commuter services organized and arranged by employee cooperatives, labor unions, credit unions, and neighborhood groups which are operated for the convenience of their members.

Sec. 132. 23 V.S.A. § 4(49) is amended to read:

(49) “Revocation of a license” means the termination by formal action of the Commissioner of a person’s license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the public highways whereby in which the license or privilege shall not be subject to renewal or restoration except upon an application for a new license presented to and acted upon by the Commissioner after the expiration of the applicable period of time prescribed in this title. The term also includes the refusal of the right of an unlicensed person to apply for a license.

Sec. 133. 23 V.S.A. § 4(54) is amended to read:

(54) “Transportation dolly” means a vehicle towed by a motor vehicle and designed and used exclusively in the transport of buildings which are not normally transported over the highway and whose dimensions and/or or
weight, or both, would require a permit subject to engineering inspection, which consists of sets of single or double axles with wheels set in such configurations underneath the building to be moved so as to distribute the weight of the load. This vehicle shall not be subject to registration and shall be exempt from titling and so treated whether used singly or in conjunction as one separate vehicle when used in combination with another vehicle. However, all moves shall be governed by the Commissioner’s rules and regulations for oversize and overdimension moves.

Sec. 134. 23 V.S.A. § 8 is amended to read:

§ 8. PERSONAL RADIO FREQUENCY IDENTIFICATION CHIP NUMBER PROTECTION

Personal radio frequency identification chip numbers shall be given protections as codified in 18 U.S.C. § 2721 et seq. (Drivers Privacy Protection Act) the Driver’s Privacy Protection Act, 18 U.S.C. chapter 123, as of January 1, 2008, not including any subsequent amendments.

Sec. 135. 23 V.S.A. § 102(d) is amended to read:

(d) The Commissioner may authorize background investigations for potential employees that, which may include criminal, traffic, and financial records checks; provided, however, that the potential employee is notified and has the right to withdraw his or her name from application. Additionally, employees who are involved in the manufacturing or production of operator’s licenses and identification cards, including enhanced licenses, or who have the ability to affect the identity information that appears on a license or identification card, or current employees who will be assigned to such positions, shall be subject to appropriate background checks and shall be provided notice of the background check and the contents of that check. These background checks shall include a name-based and fingerprint-based criminal history records check using at a minimum the Federal Bureau of Investigation’s National Crime Information Center and the Integrated Automated Fingerprint Identification database and State repository records on each covered employee. Employees may be subject to further appropriate security clearances if required by federal law, including background investigations that may include criminal and traffic records checks and providing proof of United States U.S. citizenship. The Commissioner may, in connection with a formal disciplinary investigation, authorize a criminal or traffic record background investigation of a current employee; provided, however, that the background review is relevant to the issue under disciplinary investigation. Information acquired through the investigation shall be provided to the Commissioner or designated division director, and must be
maintained in a secure manner. If the information acquired is used as a basis for any disciplinary action, it must be given to the employee during any pretermination hearing or contractual grievance hearing to allow the employee an opportunity to respond to or dispute the information. If no disciplinary action is taken against the employee, the information acquired through the background check shall be destroyed.

Sec. 136. 23 V.S.A. § 104(d) is amended to read:

(d) Any photographs or imaged likenesses furnished to an authorized recipient shall not be made available or redisclosed to any succeeding person or entity, except for use by a law enforcement agency, a court or tribunal, a State’s Attorney, the Office of the Attorney General, or the office of the United States’ Attorney, U.S. Attorney’s Office for the District of Vermont in carrying out its official business or in response to any court order. The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall so condition any release of the information and require that the recipient subject itself to the jurisdiction of the Washington Superior Court in the event that the condition is violated.

Sec. 137. 23 V.S.A. § 115(l) is amended to read:

(l)(1) The Commissioner shall issue identification cards to Vermont residents who are not U.S. citizens but are able to establish lawful presence in the United States if an applicant follows the procedures and furnishes documents as required under subsection 603(d) of this title and any applicable policies or adopted rules adopted thereunder, and otherwise satisfies the requirements of this section. The identification cards shall expire consistent with subsection 603(d) of this title.

(2) The Commissioner shall issue non-REAL ID compliant identification cards to Vermont residents unable to establish lawful presence in the United States if an applicant follows the procedures and furnishes documents as required under subsection 603(e) of this title and any applicable policies or adopted rules adopted thereunder, and otherwise satisfies the requirements of this section.

(3) The Commissioner shall issue non-REAL ID compliant identification cards to Vermont residents able to establish lawful presence in the United States but who otherwise fail to comply with the requirements of the REAL ID Act of 2005, Pub. L. No. 109-13, §§ 201-202, if the applicant follows the procedures and furnishes documents as required under subsection 603(f) of this title and any applicable policies or adopted rules adopted thereunder, and otherwise satisfies the requirements of this section.

(4) A non-REAL ID compliant identification card issued under
subdivision (2) or (3) of this subsection shall bear on its face text indicating that it is not valid for federal identification or official purposes.

Sec. 138. 23 V.S.A. § 201 is amended to read:

§ 201. APPLICATIONS TO BE UNDER OATH

All applications, all proofs which the Commissioner may require, and all requests for personal information shall be under oath or the applications and proofs shall contain and be verified by written declarations that they are made subject to the penalties prescribed in section 202 of this title. Each question and answer and each statement made in any application, or in any proof required, shall be deemed material. When an applicant is a corporation or partnership, the individual signing the application shall be considered the person making oath there to individual under oath or the person subject to the penalties of section 202 of this title.

Sec. 139. 23 V.S.A. § 304(c)(2) is amended to read:

(2) If the registrant does not renew the registration, the number may be reassigned to a member of the immediate family if application is made at least 60 days prior to expiration of the registration. As used herein in this subsection, “immediate family” means the spouse, household member, grandparents, parents, siblings, children, or grandchildren of the registrant.

Sec. 140. 23 V.S.A. § 304a is amended to read:

§ 304a. SPECIAL REGISTRATION PLATES AND PLACARDS FOR PEOPLE INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES

(a) The following definitions shall apply to people individuals with disabilities as used in this section:

(1) “Ambulatory disability” means an impairment which prevents or impedes walking. A person individual shall be considered to have an ambulatory disability if he or she is a person who:

(A) cannot walk 200 feet without stopping to rest; or

(B) cannot walk without the use of, or assistance from, a brace, cane, crutch, another person individual, prosthetic device, wheelchair, or other assistive device; or

(C) is restricted by lung disease to such an extent that the person individual’s forced (respiratory) expiratory volume for one second, when measured by spirometry, is less than one liter, or the arterial oxygen tension is less than 60 mm/hg on room air at rest; or

(D) uses portable oxygen; or
(E) has a cardiac condition to the extent that the person's individual's functional limitations are classified in severity as Class III or Class IV according to standards set by the American Heart Association; or

(F) is severely limited in his or her ability to walk due to an arthritic, neurological, or orthopedic condition.

(2) “Blind” means the visual impairment of an individual whose central visual acuity does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with corrective lenses or whose visual acuity, if better than 20/200, is accompanied by a limit to the field of vision in the better eye to such a degree that its widest diameter subtends an angle of no greater than 20 degrees.

(3) “Special registration plates” means a registration plate for people individuals with disabilities that displays the International Symbol of Access:

* * *

(6) “Eligible person” means:

(A) a person an individual who is blind or has an ambulatory disability and has been issued a special registration plate or a windshield placard by this State or another state;

(B) a person who is transporting a person an individual described in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (6); or

(C) a person an individual transporting a person an individual who is blind or has an ambulatory disability on behalf of an organization that has been issued a special registration plate or a windshield placard by this State or another state for the purpose of transporting a person an individual who is blind or has an ambulatory disability.

(b) Special registration plates or removable windshield placards, or both, shall be issued by the Vermont Commissioner of Motor Vehicles. The placard shall be issued without a fee to a person an individual who is blind or has an ambulatory disability. One set of plates shall be issued without additional fees for a vehicle registered or leased to a person an individual who is blind or has an ambulatory disability or to a parent or guardian of a person an individual with a permanent disability. The Commissioner shall issue these placards or plates under rules adopted by him or her after proper application has been made to the Commissioner by any person residing within the State of Vermont. Application forms shall be available on request at the Department of Motor Vehicles.

* * *

(2) Upon application of an organization, the Commissioner shall issue
special registration plates for a vehicle registered in the applicant’s name if the vehicle is primarily used to transport persons individuals who have an ambulatory disability or are blind. Placards shall also be issued without a fee, upon application in a form prescribed by the Commissioner, to an organization to be used when transporting persons individuals who have an ambulatory disability or are blind. The plates and placards shall be subject to the restrictions set forth in subdivision (a)(3) of this section.

(3) A person An individual with a disability who abuses such privileges or allows individuals not disabled to abuse the privileges provided in this section may have this privilege revoked after suitable notice and opportunity for hearing has been given him or her by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles. Hearings under the provisions of this section shall be held in accordance with sections 105–107 of this title and shall be subject to review by the Civil Division of the Superior Court of the county where the person individual with a disability resides.

(4) An applicant for a registration plate or placard for persons individuals with disabilities may request the Civil Division of the Superior Court in the county in which he or she resides to review a decision by the Commissioner to deny his or her application for a special registration plate or placard.

(5) If the authenticity of the medical need for the special registration is challenged with reasons in writing, the Commissioner may have physicians with the Vermont Department of Health review the medical facts, with the knowledge of the person individual with a disability and the licensed physician, certified physician assistant, or licensed advanced practice registered nurse who filled in the medical form for the special registration, in order to determine eligibility and so notify all concerned of the facts and the recommendations.

(6) On a form prescribed by the Commissioner, a nonprofit organization that provides volunteer drivers to transport persons individuals who have an ambulatory disability or are blind may apply to the Commissioner for a placard. Placards shall be marked “volunteer driver.” The organization shall ensure proper use of placards and maintain an accurate and complete record of the volunteer drivers to whom the placards are given by the organization. Placards shall be returned to the organization when the volunteer driver is no longer performing that service. Abuse of the privileges provided by the placards may result in the privileges being revoked and the placards repossessed by the Commissioner. Revocation may occur only after suitable notice and opportunity for a hearing. Hearings shall be held in accordance with sections 105–107 of this title.
(d)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, an eligible person shall be permitted to park, and to park without fee, for at least 10 continuous days in a parking space or area which is restricted as to the length of time parking is permitted or where parking fees are assessed.

(2) Notwithstanding the 10-day period in subdivision (1) of this subsection, in the case of a State- or municipally operated parking garage, an eligible person shall be permitted to park, and to park without fee, for at least 24 continuous hours.

(3) This subsection shall not apply to spaces or areas in which parking, standing, or stopping of all vehicles is prohibited by law or by any parking ban, or which are reserved for special vehicles. As a condition to the privilege conferred by this subsection, the vehicle shall display the registration plate or placard issued by the Commissioner, or a special registration license plate or placard issued by any other jurisdiction, in accordance with subsection (c) of this section.

(e)(1) A person, other than an eligible person, who for his or her own purposes parks a vehicle in a space for persons with disabilities shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than $200.00 for each violation and shall be liable for towing charges.

(2) A person, other than an eligible person, who displays a special registration plate or removable windshield placard not issued to him or her under this section and parks a vehicle in a space for persons with disabilities, shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than $400.00 for each violation and shall be liable for towing charges.

(3) A person who violates this section also shall be liable for storage charges not to exceed $12.00 per day, and an artisan’s lien may be imposed against the vehicle for payment of the charges assessed.

(4) The person in charge of the parking space or spaces for persons with a disability or any duly authorized law enforcement officer shall cause the removal of a vehicle parked in violation of this section.

(5) A violation of this section shall be considered a traffic violation within the meaning of 4 V.S.A. chapter 29.

(f) Persons who have a temporary ambulatory disability may apply for a temporary removable windshield placard to the Commissioner on a form prescribed by him or her. The placard shall be valid for a period of up to six months and displayed as required under the provisions of subsection (c) of this section. The application shall be signed by a licensed physician, certified
physician assistant, or licensed advanced practice registered nurse. The validation period of the temporary placard shall be established on the basis of the written recommendation from a licensed physician, certified physician assistant, or licensed advanced practice registered nurse. The Commissioner shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of this subsection.

Sec. 141. 23 V.S.A. § 304c(a) is amended to read:

(a) The Commissioner shall, upon application, issue “Building Bright Spaces for Bright Futures Fund,” hereinafter referred to as “the Bright Futures Fund,” registration plates for use only on vehicles registered at the pleasure car rate, on trucks registered for less than 26,001 pounds, on vehicles registered to State agencies under section 376 of this title, and excluding vehicles registered under the International Registration Plan. Plates so acquired shall be mounted on the front and rear of the vehicle. The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall utilize the graphic design recommended by the Commissioner for Children and Families for the special plates to enhance the public awareness of the State’s interest in supporting children’s services. Applicants shall apply on forms prescribed by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, and shall pay an initial fee of $24.00 in addition to the annual fee for registration. In following years, in addition to the annual registration fee, the holder of a Bright Futures Fund plate shall pay a renewal fee of $24.00. The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall adopt rules under 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 to implement the provisions of this subsection.

Sec. 142. 23 V.S.A. § 305(b) is amended to read:

(b) The Commissioner shall issue a registration certificate, validation sticker, and number plates for each motor vehicle owned by the State, that which shall be valid for a period of five years. Such motor vehicle shall be considered as properly registered while the issued number plates so issued are attached thereto to the motor vehicle. The Commissioner may replace such number plates when in his or her discretion their condition requires.

Sec. 143. 23 V.S.A. § 306 is amended to read:

§ 306. TITLE TO NUMBER PLATES

All number plates shall be the property of the State, and no title therein shall not pass to a person registering a motor vehicle under the provisions of this title.

Sec. 144. 23 V.S.A. § 309 is amended to read:

§ 309. REGISTERING MOTOR VEHICLE OF WHICH APPLICANT IS NOT THE OWNER
A person who registers or attempts to register a motor vehicle, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or motorboat of which he or she is not the bona fide owner, as defined in section 4 of this title, shall be fined not more than $500.00, or imprisoned not more than two years, or both.

Sec. 145. 23 V.S.A. § 321 is amended to read:

§ 321. PROCEDURE UPON TRANSFER

Upon the transfer of ownership of any registered motor vehicle its registration shall expire. The person in whose name the transferred vehicle was registered shall immediately return direct to the Commissioner the registration certificate assigned to the transferred vehicle, with the date of sale transfer and the name and residence of the new owner endorsed on the back. However, the Commissioner may accept any other satisfactory evidence of the above required information date of transfer and new ownership. The transferor shall forthwith immediately remove the registration number plates from the transferred vehicle and may attach the same registration number plates to another unregistered motor vehicle owned by him or her. Upon the transfer of registration plates from a motor vehicle, the registration of which has expired as above provided, to another motor vehicle owned by the transferor, and the owner or operator shall not, for a period of 60 days, be subject to a fine civil penalty for the operation of the latter motor vehicle without the proper registration certificate, provided he or she has, within 24 hours of the transfer, made application, as provided in section 323 of this title, for transfer of the registration number plates. If such application for transfer is not so received by the Commissioner, the number plates shall be returned to the Commissioner at the end of five days after the transfer of ownership.

Sec. 146. 23 V.S.A. § 367(a)(1) is amended to read:

(a)(1) The annual fee for registration of tractors, truck-tractors, or motor trucks except truck cranes, truck shovels, road oilers, bituminous distributors, and farm trucks used as hereinbefore specified in subsection (f) of this section shall be based on the total weight of the truck-tractor or motor truck including body and cab plus the heaviest load to be carried. In computing the fees for registration of tractors, truck-tractors, or motor trucks with trailers or semi-trailers attached, except trailers or semi-trailers with a gross weight of less than 6,000 pounds, the fee shall be based upon the weight of the tractor, truck-tractor, or motor truck, the weight of the trailer or semi-trailer, and the weight of the heaviest load to be carried by the combined vehicles. In addition to the fee set out in the following schedule, the fee for vehicles weighing between 10,000 and 25,999 pounds inclusive shall be an additional $35.50, the fee for vehicles weighing between 26,000 and 39,999 pounds inclusive shall be an
additional $70.98, the fee for vehicles weighing between 40,000 and 59,999 pounds inclusive shall be an additional $248.48, and the fee for vehicles 60,000 pounds and over shall be an additional $390.48. The fee shall be computed at the following rates per 1,000 pounds of weight determined as above specified pursuant to this subdivision and rounded up to the nearest whole dollar, the minimum fee for registering a tractor, truck-tractor, or motor truck to 6,000 pounds shall be the same as for the pleasure car type:

* * *

Sec. 147. 23 V.S.A. § 367a is amended to read:

§ 367a. SPECIAL PURPOSE TRUCK PLATES; PENALTIES

The misuse of a vehicle registered under the provisions of a special purpose truck plate under the provisions of section 367 of this title shall be a traffic violation as defined in section 2302 of this title and shall be punishable by a fine civil penalty of $100.00 for a first offense and by a fine civil penalty of $200.00 for a second offense occurring within 12 months. Upon a conviction for a second offense, the owner shall be required to register the vehicle at the same rate as provided in subsection 367(a) of this title for other commercial trucks.

Sec. 148. 23 V.S.A. § 368(b) is amended to read:

(b) Any truck operated or moved in violation of this statute shall be required to be registered as a commercial truck and any person in violation of this section shall be fined assessed a civil penalty of not more than $175.00 for each offense.

Sec. 149. 23 V.S.A. § 371a(c) is amended to read:

(c) A person in violation of this section shall be fined assessed a civil penalty of not more than $25.00 for each offense.

Sec. 150. 23 V.S.A. § 377 is amended to read:

§ 377. GOVERNMENT-OWNED VEHICLES

The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall have authority to issue registration certificates and registration number plates without charge to passenger car vehicles, not otherwise required to be registered under the provisions of this title, owned by the United States U.S. government, other states, or provinces.

Sec. 151. 23 V.S.A. § 414 is amended to read:

§ 414. SPECIAL PERMITS FOR FOREIGN PUBLIC UTILITIES
The Commissioner may issue to public utilities operating in this State, for a nominal fee, a special permit for vehicles engaged in emergency repair work in this State, provided such vehicles are registered in some other state, and have attached thereto registration plates attached, and are driven by persons an individual licensed to operate motor vehicles in this or some other state.

Sec. 152. 23 V.S.A. § 421(b) is amended to read:

(b) Any person who violates any provision of subsection (a) of this section, upon first conviction shall be punishable by a fine civil penalty of not less than $100.00 or more than $250.00; and upon a second or subsequent conviction of a violation occurring within one year after a previous conviction of any provision of subsection (a) by a fine of not less than $250.00 or more than $500.00, or by imprisonment for not more than 30 days, or both.

Sec. 153. 23 V.S.A. § 458 is amended to read:

§ 458. TEMPORARY PLATE ON SOLD OR EXCHANGED VEHICLES

On the day of the sale or exchange of a motor vehicle, motorboat, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle which is to be registered in this State, a dealer may issue to the purchaser, for attachment to the motor vehicle, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle, or to be carried in or on the motorboat, a number plate with temporary validation stickers, a temporary number plate, or a temporary decal, provided that the purchaser deposits with such dealer, for transmission to the Commissioner, a properly executed application for the registration of such motor vehicle, motorboat, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle and the required fee. If a properly licensed purchaser either attaches to the motor vehicle, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle or carries in the motorboat such number plate or decal, he or she may operate the same for a period not to exceed 60 consecutive days immediately following the purchase. A person An individual shall not operate a motor vehicle, motorboat, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle with a number plate with temporary validation stickers, a temporary number plate, or a temporary decal attached thereto to the motor vehicle or carried in the motorboat except as provided in this section.

Sec. 154. 23 V.S.A. § 464 is amended to read:

§ 464. RETURN OF NUMBER PLATES BY DEALER

If a dealer comes into possession of a motor vehicle the registration of which has expired by reason of the provisions of section 321 of this title, and which has number plates attached thereto, he or she shall immediately return such number plates to the Commissioner.

Sec. 155. 23 V.S.A. § 514 is amended to read:

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§ 514. REPLACEMENT NUMBER PLATES

(a) In case of the loss of a number plate, the owner of the motor vehicle to which it was assigned shall forthwith immediately notify the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles of such loss, and he or she shall furnish such owner with a new plate. The fees charged shall be $12.00 for each plate. The owner of a motor vehicle who has lost one number plate may operate his or her vehicle with only one number plate attached thereto, until a new plate is furnished him or her, provided he or she has notified the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles as required in this section.

* * *

Sec. 156. 23 V.S.A. § 671 is amended to read:

§ 671. PROCEDURE

(a) In his or her discretion, the Commissioner may suspend indefinitely or for a definite time the license of an operator, or the right of an unlicensed person individual to operate a motor vehicle, after opportunity for a hearing upon not less than 15 days’ notice, if the Commissioner has reason to believe that the holder thereof is a person an individual who is incompetent to operate a motor vehicle or is operating improperly so as to endanger the public. If, upon receipt of such notice, the person individual so notified shall request a hearing, such suspension shall not take effect unless the Commissioner, after hearing, determines that the suspension is justified. If the Commissioner imposes a suspension, he or she may order the license delivered to him or her. No Not less than six months from the date of suspension and each six months thereafter, a person an individual upon whom such suspension has been imposed may apply for reinstatement of his or her license or right to operate or for a new license. Upon receipt of such application, the Commissioner shall thereupon cause an investigation to be made and, if so requested, conduct a hearing to determine whether such suspension should be continued in effect.

(b) In his or her discretion, the Commissioner may suspend for a period not exceeding 15 days the license of an operator, or the right of an unlicensed person individual to operate a motor vehicle, without hearing, whenever he or she finds upon full reports submitted by an enforcement officer or motor vehicle inspector that the safety of the public has been or will be imperiled as a result of the operation of a motor vehicle by such operator or unlicensed person individual.

(c) The Commissioner shall not suspend the license of an operator, or the right of an unlicensed person individual to operate a motor vehicle, while a prosecution for an offense under this title is pending against such person
individual, unless he or she finds upon full reports submitted to him or her by an enforcement officer or motor vehicle inspector that the safety of the public will be imperiled by permitting such operator or such unlicensed person individual to operate a motor vehicle, or that such person individual is seeking to delay the prosecution, but if he or she so finds, he or she may suspend such license or right pending a final disposition of the prosecution.

(d) The Commissioner shall not suspend the license of an operator, or the right of an unlicensed person individual to operate a motor vehicle, for any cause which has that constituted the subject matter of a prosecution in which the conviction of such person individual has not been obtained.

(e) The Commissioner shall revoke licenses obtained fraudulently. The Commissioner shall also revoke licenses when required by law, and such revocation shall not entitle the holder of such license to hearing.

(f) If a hearing is required under the provisions of this section, it shall be held in accordance with the provisions of sections 105–107 of this title and at such time and place as the Commissioner may determine. It shall be in the discretion of the Commissioner to determine the granting of a hearing and subsequent hearing in response to a petition therefor for a hearing in connection with suspension orders issued under the provisions of subsections (b) and (c) of this section.

(g) [Repealed.]

Sec. 157. 23 V.S.A. § 673a is amended to read:

§ 673a. HABITUAL OFFENDERS

(a) The Commissioner shall revoke the license of an operator or the right of an unlicensed person individual to operate a motor vehicle for a period of two years when the person individual is an habitual violator of the motor vehicle laws.

(b) The term “habitual violator” as used herein, shall mean any person who has been convicted in any court in this State of eight or more moving violations each of which would result in point assessments of six or more points, including violations of section 1201 of this title, arising out of different incidents within a consecutive period of five years.

(c) The person individual may within 15 days of after the notice of revocation request a hearing solely for the purpose of verifying the conviction record, and the revocation shall not take effect until the hearing has been held in accordance with the provisions of sections 105–107 of this title and the record has been verified.
Sec. 158. 23 V.S.A. § 711 is amended to read:

§ 711. PENALTIES

Any person who operates a driver training school or acts as an instructor without a license shall be fined a civil penalty of not more than $500.00.

Sec. 159. 23 V.S.A. § 731(a) is amended to read:

(a) The General Assembly finds that a comprehensive training program for motorcycle operators would enhance operator safety and reduce the number of injuries which occur as a result of motorcycle accidents. Since the great majority of motorcycle accidents involve inexperienced operators, a training program focused on inexperienced operators is the primary purpose of this legislation. The training program established would be operated pursuant to nationally recognized safety and training standards, and would be funded from registration and license fees paid by Vermont motorcycle operators.

Sec. 160. 23 V.S.A. § 736 is amended to read:

§ 736. IMPLEMENTATION

After a date to be established by the Commissioner in regulations, any applicant for a permit or an operator’s license valid for operating a motorcycle, except a renewal applicant or an applicant who surrenders a valid motorcycle license issued by another state, shall successfully complete the rider training course established under this subchapter before taking the on-motorcycle portion of the license examination or, in his or her discretion, the Commissioner may require any applicant to successfully complete an approved classroom training curriculum before a motorcycle learner’s permit or motorcycle endorsement may be issued. The Department shall also exempt applicants who have successfully completed equivalent training courses in other states or provinces. The Commissioner shall not implement the rider training course until the Commissioner determines that the program can be operated effectively, and that there are adequate training vehicles, instructors, curriculum materials, training sites, and program funding to provide the training throughout the State to all those persons individuals who desire or would be required to complete the course.

Sec. 161. 23 V.S.A. § 750(b) is amended to read:

(b)(4) Company’s financial responsibility.

(1) Beginning on July 1, 2018, a driver, or a company on the driver’s behalf, shall maintain primary automobile insurance that recognizes that the
driver is a company driver or otherwise uses a vehicle to transport passengers for compensation and covers the driver while the driver is logged on to the company’s digital network or while the driver is engaged in a prearranged ride.

* * *

Sec. 162. 23 V.S.A. § 750(d) is amended to read:

(d)(4) Automobile insurers.

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, insurers that write automobile insurance in Vermont may exclude any and all coverage afforded under a policy issued to an owner or operator of a personal vehicle for any loss or injury that occurs while a driver is logged on to a transportation network company’s digital network or while a driver provides a prearranged ride. This right to exclude all coverage may apply to any coverage in an automobile insurance policy, including:

* * *

(5) Insurers that exclude the coverage described under subsection (b) of this section shall have no duty to defend or indemnify any claim expressly excluded thereunder.

* * *

Sec. 163. 23 V.S.A. § 751(b)(3) is amended to read:

(3) With respect to a person an individual who is a driver as of the effective date of this act July 1, 2018, the requirements of subdivision (1)(A) of this subsection (b) shall be deemed satisfied if the background check is completed within 30 days of the effective date of this act July 1, 2018 or if a background check that satisfies the requirements of subdivision (1)(A) of this subsection (b) was conducted by the company on or after July 1, 2017. This subdivision shall not be construed to exempt drivers from undergoing an annual background check as required under subdivision (2) of this subsection (b).

Sec. 164. 23 V.S.A. § 801(a)(3) is amended to read:

(3) From the operator of a motor vehicle involved in an accident which has resulted in bodily injury or death to any person or whereby the motor vehicle then under his or her control or any other property is damaged property damage, including to the motor vehicle under the operator’s control, in an aggregate amount to the extent of $3,000.00 or more, excepting, however:

* * *
Sec. 165. 23 V.S.A. § 805 is amended to read:

§ 805. WAIVER OF DEFENSES AGAINST INJURED PARTY

When evidence of the insuring of a person, convicted of a violation of a motor vehicle law within the terms of this title, is offered as proof of financial responsibility, the presentation of such proof shall include certification that the policy of insurance or indemnity bond has attached thereto a certificate waiving, as against injured persons, all defenses based on false representation or breach of warranties as set forth in the application for the policy of insurance or indemnity bond by the insured attached. Such contract, bond, or policy of insurance shall be for the benefit of a person injured in person or property, to the amounts indicated therein, to satisfy the legal liability of the insured.

Sec. 166. 23 V.S.A. § 884 is amended to read:

§ 884. PROOF OF INSURANCE; NOTICE OF CANCELLATION

A company issuing such insurance or indemnity bond shall file with the Commissioner such proof that the required insurance or indemnity bond has been issued as shall be satisfactory to the Commissioner and such insurance or bond shall not lapse, expire, or be cancelled while the registration is in force until at least 20 days’ written notice of an intention to cancel has been given to the Commissioner of an intention to cancel. Upon receipt of the notice, the Commissioner shall forthwith immediately notify the insured of such intention to cancel, and that if other insurance or indemnity bond is not furnished within 15 days thereafter, the registration of the motor buses of such the insured will shall be cancelled and the number plates of such motor buses will be taken up by the Commissioner.

Sec. 167. 23 V.S.A. § 885 is amended to read:

§ 885. WAIVER OF DEFENSES AGAINST INJURED PARTY

When evidence of insurance is offered to the Commissioner that a contract or policy of insurance issued by a liability insurance company or a surety bond has been procured in accordance with the provisions of section 881 of this title, the presentation of such proof shall include certification that the policy of insurance or bond includes or has appended thereto a certificate waiving, as against injured persons, all defenses based on false representations or breach of warranties as set forth in the application for the policy of liability insurance or indemnity bond by the insured. Such contract or policy of insurance or surety bond shall be for the benefit of a person injured in person or property, to the amounts therein indicated, to satisfy the legal liability of the insured.

Sec. 168. 23 V.S.A. § 888 is amended to read:
§ 888. ALTERNATIVE FORM OF SECURITY

In lieu of all or part of the insurance or bond required by section 881 of this title, a motor bus owner may file with the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles a bond conditioned for the payment and discharge of all liability described in said section 881 of this title. Provided the policy of insurance, if any, or bond is approved by an order of the Transportation Board filed with the Commissioner determining the amount, if any, of insurance to be procured and the amount of a bond in addition to or in substitution for insurance. The Board may approve a bond without surety if it shall have determined, by order made upon proper showing, that a surety on the bond is not required by the public interest because of the proven financial responsibility of the obligor, or because of collateral security consisting of deposits in a Vermont bank or negotiable securities held by such bank as trustee, or a combination thereof, pledged to secure the performance of the bond upon terms and conditions prescribed by the Board. If the order requires insurance or a surety bond, the policy of insurance or surety bond shall be executed by a company authorized to do business in this State.

Sec. 169. 23 V.S.A. § 941(a) is amended to read:

(a) No policy insuring against liability arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of any motor vehicle may be delivered or issued for delivery in this State with respect to any motor vehicle registered or principally garaged in this State unless coverage is provided therein, or supplemental thereto, for the protection of persons insured thereunder, from owners or operators of uninsured, underinsured, or hit-and-run motor vehicles, for bodily injury, sickness, or disease, including death, and for property damages resulting from the ownership, maintenance, or use of such uninsured, underinsured, or hit-and-run motor vehicle. The coverage for property damages shall be sufficient to indemnify a claim for damages to which the claimant is legally entitled of no more than $10,000.00 per claim, subject to a $150.00 deductible; provided, however, to the extent that other direct damage coverage is valid and collectible:

* * *

(2) further, any other claim for property damages, not direct damages, to which the claimant is legally entitled, shall be paid by the coverage required by this section, without deductible, to the extent of the limits herein provided in this section.

Sec. 170. 23 V.S.A. § 942 is amended to read:
§ 942. BINDERS AND RENEWAL ENDORSEMENTS; BINDERS OF INSURANCE

An insurer authorized to issue automobile liability insurance may issue a binder, in lieu of a policy, and issue a renewal endorsement or evidence of renewal of an existing policy. Renewal endorsements and binders shall be deemed to include provisions in accordance with this subchapter, and in accordance with regulations of the Commissioner rules adopted in furtherance thereof.

Sec. 171. 23 V.S.A. § 943 is amended to read:

§ 943. PROVISIONS IN INSURANCE POLICIES

All policies of motor vehicle liability insurance delivered or issued for delivery in this State shall be deemed to include provisions in accordance with this subchapter, and in accordance with regulations of the Commissioner rules adopted in furtherance thereof.

Sec. 172. 23 V.S.A. § 1001 is amended to read:

§ 1001. REGULATIONS RULES

(a) The Commissioner may make regulations adopt rules:

(1) relating to motor vehicle equipment in all cases where its use is not defined in this title and whenever the use or nonuse, contrary to the regulation rules, in the judgment of the Commissioner, may render the operation of the motor vehicle hazardous or unlawful;

* * *

(b) The Commissioner may make the safety regulations adopt rules uniform with the regulations of the federal agency having jurisdiction over motor vehicles subject to federal law so far as the regulations are applicable to the vehicles or to vehicles of the same type not subject to federal law, or to both.

(c) The Commissioner shall make regulations adopt rules under this section only in accordance with 3 V.S.A. chapter 25.

Sec. 173. 23 V.S.A. § 1005 is amended to read:

§ 1005. PARKING REGULATIONS REGULATION OF PARKING

The Traffic Committee may place signs prohibiting or restricting the stopping, standing, or parking of vehicles on any highway under its jurisdiction where, in its opinion, stopping, standing, or parking is dangerous to those using the highway or would unduly interfere with the free movement
of traffic. The signs shall be official signs, and no person individual may stop, stand, or park any vehicle in violation of the restrictions stated on such signs.

Sec. 174. 23 V.S.A. § 1022(a) is amended to read:

(a) Whenever traffic is controlled by traffic-control signals exhibiting different colored lights, or colored lighted arrows, successively one at a time or in combination, only the colors green, red, and yellow may be used, except for special pedestrian signals carrying a word legend, and the signals shall indicate and apply to drivers and pedestrians as follows:

(1) Green signal:

(2) Steady yellow signal:

(3) Steady red signal:

Sec. 175. 23 V.S.A. § 1042(b) is amended to read:

(b) In making the determination as to whether a reasonable alternative route is available, the Secretary of Transportation shall, at a minimum, consider the following factors:

(4) whether an adverse effect has been created relative to the quiet enjoyment and property values of people persons living along the alternative route.

Sec. 176. 23 V.S.A. § 1043(c)(2) is amended to read:

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, the Traffic Committee or the legislative body of a municipality may prohibit the operator of a neighborhood electric vehicle from traversing an intersection under their respective jurisdictions when the prohibition is deemed to be in the best interest interests of public safety. A prohibition shall become effective when appropriate signs giving notice are erected at the crossing.

Sec. 177. 23 V.S.A. § 1046 is amended to read:

§ 1046. VEHICLE APPROACHING OR ENTERING INTERSECTION

(a) When two vehicles approach or enter an intersection from different highways at approximately the same time, the driver of the vehicle on the left shall yield the right of way to the vehicle on the right.
(b) The right-of-way rule declared in subsection (a) of this section is modified at through highways and as otherwise as stated provided in this chapter.

(c) The above rules are modified and as follows:

(1) whenever Enforcement officers are present they have the full power to regulate traffic;

(2) as otherwise provided in this chapter;

(3) all Operators shall approach and enter intersecting highways shall be approached and entered slowly, with due care to avoid accidents.

Sec. 178. 23 V.S.A. § 1081 is amended to read:

§ 1081. BASIC RULE AND MAXIMUM LIMITS

(a) No person individual shall drive a vehicle on a highway at a speed greater than is reasonable and prudent under the conditions, having regard for the actual and potential hazards then existing. In every event, speed shall be controlled as necessary to avoid colliding with any person individual, vehicle, or other object on or adjacent to the highway.

(b) Except when there exists a special hazard that requires lower speed in accordance with subsection (a) of this section, the limits specified in this section or established as hereinafter authorized pursuant to this section are maximum lawful speeds, and no person individual shall drive a vehicle on a highway at a speed in excess of 50 miles per hour.

* * *

Sec. 179. 23 V.S.A. § 1091(c) and (d) are amended to read:

(c) Prosecution for manslaughter. The provisions of this section do not limit or restrict the prosecution for manslaughter.

(d) Surcharge. A person convicted of violating subsection (b) of this section shall be assessed a surcharge of $50.00, which shall be added to any fine or surcharge imposed by the court. The court shall collect and transfer the surcharge assessed under this subsection to be credited to the DUI Enforcement Fund. The collection procedures described in 13 V.S.A. § 5240 shall be utilized in the collection of this surcharge.

Sec. 180. 23 V.S.A. § 1095b(c) and (d) are amended to read:

(c) Penalties.

(1) A person who violates this section commits a traffic violation and shall be subject to a fine civil penalty of not less than $100.00 and not more
than $200.00 for a first violation, and of not less than $250.00 and not more than $500.00 for a second or subsequent violation within any two-year period.

* * *

(d)(1) Commercial motor vehicles.

(1) Operators of commercial motor vehicles shall be governed by the provisions of chapter 39 of this title (Commercial Driver’s License Act) instead of the provisions of this chapter with respect to the handheld use of mobile telephones and texting while operating a commercial motor vehicle.

* * *

Sec. 181. 23 V.S.A. § 1096 is amended to read:

§ 1096. GENERAL PENALTIES

(a) Any person who violates the speed restrictions of subsection 1083(b) of this title shall be fined assessed a civil penalty of not more than $50.00 and is liable for damages for injuries thereby done to the bridge or structure, which may be recovered in a civil action brought under this section in the name and for the benefit of the State or municipal corporation liable for the repairs of the bridge or structure, with costs.

(b) A parent or guardian who knowingly permits a child under the 16 years of age, in his or her custody, to violate any provision of sections 1136 through 1141, inclusive, of this title shall be fined assessed a civil penalty of not more than $25.00.

Sec. 182. 23 V.S.A. § 1106 is amended to read:

§ 1106. LIMITATIONS ON USE OF STATE HIGHWAY FACILITIES

* * *

(b) No person individual shall enter or remain on any State highway facility for the purpose of overnight camping unless the particular facility has been designated for that purpose by the Traffic Committee.

(c)(1) On the basis of an engineering and traffic investigation or findings as to adverse effects on the quiet enjoyment and property values of people persons living adjacent to a State highway facility, the Traffic Committee may designate the size and types of vehicles allowed to park in a State highway facility or in particular areas of a State highway facility.

* * *

Sec. 183. 23 V.S.A. § 1114 is amended to read:

§ 1114. RIDING ON MOTORCYCLES AND MOTOR-DRIVEN CYCLES
(a) A person operating a motorcycle or motor-driven cycle shall ride only upon the permanent and regular seat attached thereto of the motorcycle or motor-driven cycle, and such operator shall not carry any other person nor shall any other person ride on a motorcycle or motor-driven cycle unless such motorcycle or motor-driven cycle is designed to carry more than one person, in which event a passenger may ride upon the permanent and regular seat if designed for two persons, or upon another seat firmly attached to the motorcycle or motor-driven cycle at the rear or side of the operator.

(b) A person shall only ride upon a motorcycle or motor-driven cycle while sitting astride the seat, facing forward, with one leg on each side of the motorcycle or motor-driven cycle. The requirement of this subsection shall not apply to occupants of autocycles or of sidecars.

(c) No person shall operate a motorcycle or motor-driven cycle while carrying any package, bundle, or other article which prevents him or her from keeping both hands on the handlebars.

(d) No operator shall carry any person, nor shall any person ride, in a position that will interfere with the operation or control of the motorcycle or motor-driven cycle or the view of the operator.

Sec. 184. 23 V.S.A. § 1128 is redesignated to read:

§ 1128. ACCIDENTS—DUTY TO STOP

Sec. 185. 23 V.S.A. § 1129 is amended to read:

§ 1129. ACCIDENTS—REPORTS

(a) The operator of a motor vehicle involved in an accident whereby a person is injured or whereby there is total property damage to all property to the extent of $3,000.00 or more shall make a written report concerning the accident to the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles on forms furnished by the Commissioner. The written report shall be mailed to the Commissioner within 72 hours after the accident. The Commissioner may require further facts concerning the accident to be provided upon forms furnished by him or her.

(b) As used in this section, the word “accident” only refers to incidents and events in which the motor vehicle involved comes into physical contact with a person, an individual or object, or including another motor vehicle. It shall not include such contact where a vehicle involved is being used by a law enforcement officer as a barrier to prevent passage of a vehicle being operated by a suspected violator of the law. In such cases, the law enforcement officer shall not be required to make a personal written report of
the incident.

(c) The owner and the operator of a motor vehicle covered by one or more policies of liability insurance shall notify any person individual injured by the motor vehicle, or the owner of any property damaged thereby by the motor vehicle, of the name and address of all liability insurance companies which may cover the incident, and the numbers of the policies. The notification shall be made to the injured person individual or the owner of the damaged property, or both, not more than within five days after the injury or damage. The information shall be given to the injured person individual and the owner of the damaged property at the last known address of each.

Sec. 186. 23 V.S.A. § 1135(b) is amended to read:

(b) A person who violates this section shall be fined assessed a civil penalty of not more than $100.00 for each offense or, if the violation results in damage to property, the person shall be fined assessed a civil penalty of not more than $175.00 for each offense.

Sec. 187. 23 V.S.A. § 1137 is amended to read:

§ 1137. RIDING ON BICYCLES

(a) No person individual propelling a bicycle may ride other than upon on or astride a permanent and regular seat attached thereto to the bicycle.

(b) No person individual may use a bicycle to carry more persons individuals at any one time than the number for which it is designed and equipped.

Sec. 188. 23 V.S.A. § 1141a(c) and (d) are amended to read:

(c) Hazardous materials. No person shall carry or transport on an EPAMD, any hazardous materials as defined in 5 V.S.A. § 2001. Fines Civil penalties imposed for violations of this subsection shall be in accordance with fines civil penalties imposed for violations of 5 V.S.A. § 2001.

(d) Municipal authority. Nothing in this section shall limit the authority of a municipality under the provisions of 24 V.S.A. § 2291(1), (4), and (5) to regulate the use and operation of EPAMDS.

Sec. 189. 23 V.S.A. § 1142 is amended to read:

§ 1142. PENALTIES

A person who violates any provision of sections 1136 through 1141 and subsection 1141a(a) of this title shall be fined assessed a civil penalty of not more than $25.00 for each offense, except that a person who violates subsection 1139(b) of this title shall be fined assessed a civil penalty of not
Sec. 190. 23 V.S.A. § 1203b(c) is amended to read:

(c) Any person who violates subsection (a) of this section shall be fined assessed a civil penalty of not more than $500.00.

Sec. 191. 23 V.S.A. § 1205 is amended to read:

§ 1205. CIVIL SUSPENSION; SUMMARY PROCEDURE

* * *

(r) Surcharge; Public Defender Special Fund; DUI Enforcement Special Fund. A person suspended under this section for a refusal shall be assessed a surcharge of $50.00 which shall be collected by the Department of Motor Vehicles prior to reinstatement of the person’s driving privileges. The Department shall transfer the surcharge assessed under this subsection to the Public Defender Special Fund created in 13 V.S.A. § 5239 specifying the source of the monies being deposited. All such monies shall be used by the Office of the Defender General to cover the cost of providing statewide 24-hour legal services coverage as required by subsection 1202(g) of this title. After $40,000.00 has been deposited in the Public Defender Special Fund in a single fiscal year, all additional collected surcharges assessed under this subsection in that fiscal year shall be credited to the Governor’s Highway Safety Commission for deposit in a DUI Enforcement Special Fund established and managed pursuant to 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5. All such DUI Enforcement Special Fund receipts shall be used exclusively for statewide DUI enforcement and for no other purpose.

(s) [Repealed.]

(t) Nonmandatory time limits. For a first offense, the time limits set forth in subsections (g) and (h) of this section are directive only, and shall not be interpreted by the court to be mandatory or jurisdictional.

(u) Testimony by telephone. In any proceeding under this section, for cause shown, a party’s chemist may be allowed to testify by telephone in lieu of a personal appearance.

Sec. 192. 23 V.S.A. § 1206(c) is amended to read:

(c) Operation during suspension. During a suspension under this section, an eligible person may operate a motor vehicle under the terms of an ignition interlock RDL or ignition interlock certificate issued under section 1213 of this title.

Sec. 193. 23 V.S.A. § 1210 is amended to read:
§ 1210. PENALTIES

* * *

(e)(1) Fourth or subsequent offense.

A person convicted of violating section 1201 of this title who has previously been convicted three or more times of a violation of that section, including at least one violation within the last 20 years, shall be fined not more than $5,000.00 or imprisoned not more than 10 years, or both. At least 192 consecutive hours of the sentence of imprisonment shall be served and may not be suspended or deferred or served as a supervised sentence, except that credit for a sentence of imprisonment may be received for time served in a residential alcohol treatment facility pursuant to sentence if the program is successfully completed. The court shall not impose a sentence that does not include a term of imprisonment unless the court makes written findings on the record that there are compelling reasons why such a sentence will serve the interests of justice and public safety.

(2) The Department of Corrections shall provide alcohol and substance abuse treatment, when appropriate, to any person convicted of a violation of this subsection.

(f)(1) Death resulting.

If the death of any person results from a violation of section 1201 of this title, the person convicted of the violation shall be fined not more than $10,000.00 or imprisoned not less than one year nor more than 15 years, or both. The provisions of this subsection do not limit or restrict prosecutions for manslaughter.

(2) If the death of more than one person results from a violation of section 1201 of this title, the operator may be convicted of a separate violation of this subdivision for each decedent.

(3)(A) Death resulting; third or subsequent offense. If the death of any person results from a violation of section 1201 of this title and the person convicted of the violation previously has been convicted two or more times of a violation of that section, a sentence ordered pursuant to this subsection shall, except as provided in subdivision (B) of this subdivision (3), include at least a five-year term of imprisonment. The five-year minimum term of imprisonment required by this subdivision shall be served and may not be suspended, deferred, or served as a supervised sentence. The defendant shall not be eligible for probation, parole, furlough, or any other type of early release until the expiration of the five-year term of imprisonment.

(B) Notwithstanding subdivision (A) of this subdivision (3), if the
death of any person results from a violation of section 1201 of this title and the person convicted of the violation previously has been convicted two or more times of a violation of that section, the Court may impose a sentence that does not include a term of imprisonment or which includes a term of imprisonment of less than five years if the Court makes written findings on the record that such a sentence will serve the interests of justice and public safety.

(g)(1) Injury resulting.

(1) If serious bodily injury, as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1021(2), results to any person other than the operator from a violation of section 1201 of this title, the person convicted of the violation shall be fined not more than $5,000.00, or imprisoned not more than 15 years, or both.

(2) If serious bodily injury as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1021(2) results to more than one person other than the operator from a violation of section 1201 of this title, the operator may be convicted of a separate violation of this subdivision for each person injured.

(3)(A) Injury resulting; third or subsequent offense. If serious bodily injury as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1021(2) results to any person other than the operator from a violation of section 1201 of this title and the person convicted of the violation previously has been convicted two or more times of a violation of section 1201, a sentence ordered pursuant to this subsection shall, except as provided in subdivision (B) of this subdivision (3), include at least a five-year term of imprisonment. The five-year minimum term of imprisonment required by this subdivision shall be served and may not be suspended, deferred, or served as a supervised sentence. The defendant shall not be eligible for probation, parole, furlough, or any other type of early release until the expiration of the five-year term of imprisonment.

(B) Notwithstanding subdivision (A) of this subdivision (3), if serious bodily injury as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1021(2) results to any person other than the operator from a violation of section 1201 of this title and the person convicted of the violation previously has been convicted two or more times of a violation of section 1201, the Court may impose a sentence that does not include a term of imprisonment or which includes a term of imprisonment of less than five years if the Court makes written findings on the record that such a sentence will serve the interests of justice and public safety.

* * *

(i) Surcharge; Blood and Breath Alcohol Testing Special Fund. A person
criminals convicted of violating section 1201 of this title shall be assessed a surcharge of $60.00, which shall be added to any fine imposed by the Court. The Court shall collect and transfer such surcharge to the Department of Public Safety for deposit in the Blood and Breath Alcohol Testing Special Fund established by section 1220b of this title.

(j) Surcharge; Public Defender Special Fund. A person convicted of violating section 1201 of this title shall be assessed a surcharge of $50.00, which shall be added to any fine or surcharge imposed by the Court. The Court shall collect and transfer the surcharge assessed under this subsection to the Office of Defender General for deposit in the Public Defender Special Fund specifying the source of the monies being deposited. The collection procedures described in 13 V.S.A. § 5240 shall be utilized in the collection of this surcharge.

(k) Surcharge; DUI Enforcement Special Fund. A person convicted of violating section 1201 of this title shall be assessed a surcharge of $50.00, which shall be added to any fine or surcharge imposed by the Court. The Court shall collect and transfer the surcharge assessed under this subsection to be credited to the DUI Enforcement Special Fund. The collection procedures described in 13 V.S.A. § 5240 shall be utilized in the collection of this surcharge.

Sec. 194. 23 V.S.A. § 1213 is amended to read:

§ 1213. IGNITION INTERLOCK RESTRICTED DRIVER’S LICENSE OR CERTIFICATE; PENALTIES

(a)(1) A person whose license or privilege to operate is suspended or revoked under this subchapter may operate a motor vehicle, other than a commercial motor vehicle as defined in section 4103 of this title, if issued a valid ignition interlock RDL or ignition interlock certificate. Upon application, the Commissioner shall issue an ignition interlock RDL or ignition interlock certificate to a person otherwise licensed or eligible to be licensed to operate a motor vehicle if:

(A) the person submits a $125.00 application fee;

(B) the person submits satisfactory proof of installation of an approved ignition interlock device in any motor vehicle to be operated and of financial responsibility as provided in section 801 of this title;

(C) at least one year has passed since the suspension or revocation was imposed if the offense involved death or serious bodily injury to a person other than the operator; and
(D) the applicable period set forth below in this subsection has passed since the suspension or revocation was imposed if the offense involved refusal of an enforcement officer’s reasonable request for an evidentiary test:

* * *

(d) If a fine is to be imposed for a conviction of a violation of section 1201 of this title, upon receipt of proof of installation of an approved ignition interlock device, the court may order that the fine of an indigent person with low-income conditionally be reduced by one-half to defray the costs of the ignition interlock device, subject to the person’s ongoing operation under, and compliance with the terms of, a valid ignition interlock RDL or ignition interlock certificate as set forth in this section. In considering whether a person’s fine should be reduced under this subsection, the court shall take into account any discount already provided by the device manufacturer or provider.

* * *

(f)(1) Prior to the issuance of an ignition interlock RDL or ignition interlock certificate under this section, the Commissioner shall notify the applicant that the period prior to eligibility for reinstatement may be extended under this subsection (f) or subsections (g)–(h) of this section.

(2)(A) Prior to any such extension of the reinstatement period, the ignition interlock RDL or certificate holder shall be given notice and opportunity for a hearing. Service of the notice shall be sent by first class mail to the last known address of the person. The notice shall include a factual description of the grounds for an extension, a reference to the particular law allegedly violated, and a warning that the right to a hearing will be deemed waived, and an extension of the reinstatement period will be imposed, if a written request for a hearing is not received at the Department of Motor Vehicles within 15 days after the date of the notice.

(B) When a holder receives a notice under subdivision (2)(A) of this subsection (f), the holder shall be deemed to have waived the right to a hearing, unless a written request for a hearing is received at the Department of Motor Vehicles within 15 days after the date of the notice. If a hearing is not timely requested, the reinstatement period shall be extended in accordance with law.

(C) The provisions of sections 105–107 of this title shall apply to hearings conducted under this subdivision (2) of this subsection.

* * *

(g) The holder of an ignition interlock RDL or certificate shall operate only
motor vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device, shall not attempt or take any action to tamper with or otherwise circumvent an ignition interlock device, and, after failing a random retest, shall pull over and shut off the vehicle’s engine as soon as practicable. A person who violates any provision of this section commits a criminal offense, shall be subject to the sanctions and procedures provided for in subsections 674(b)(i) 674(b)(i) of this title, and, upon conviction, the applicable period prior to eligibility for reinstatement under section 1209a or 1216 of this title shall be extended by six months.

* * *

(i) Upon receipt of notice that the holder of an ignition interlock RDL or certificate has been convicted of an offense under this title that would result in suspension, revocation, or recall of a license or privilege to operate, the Commissioner shall suspend, revoke, or recall the person’s individual’s ignition interlock RDL or certificate for the same period that the license or privilege to operate would have been suspended, revoked, or recalled. The Commissioner may impose a reinstatement fee in accordance with section 675 of this title and require, prior to reinstatement, satisfactory proof of installation of an approved ignition interlock device and of financial responsibility as provided in section 801 of this title.

* * *

(l)(1) The Commissioner, in consultation with any individuals or entities the Commissioner deems appropriate, shall adopt rules and may enter into agreements to implement the provisions of this section. The Commissioner shall not approve a manufacturer of ignition interlock devices as a provider in this State unless the manufacturer agrees to reduce the cost of installing, leasing, and deinstalling the device by at least 50 percent for persons who furnish proof of receipt of 3SquaresVT, LIHEAP, or Reach Up benefits or like benefits in another state.

* * *

Sec. 195. 23 V.S.A. § 1213c(n) is amended to read:

(n)(1) Selling or encumbering prohibited.

(1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, after a person is detained, arrested, lodged, or released upon citation for a second or subsequent violation of section 1201 of this title, no person shall sell, transfer, or encumber the title to a vehicle that the person knows may be subject to immobilization under section 1213a of this title or forfeiture under section 1213b of this title, unless approved by the court in which the charge is filed for good cause shown. A person who violates this section shall be imprisoned not
more than two years or fined not more than $1,000.00, or both.

* * *

Sec. 196. 23 V.S.A. § 1213c(o) is amended to read:

(o) Funding. A law enforcement or prosecution agency conducting forfeitures under this section may accept, receive, and disburse in furtherance of its duties and functions under this section any appropriations, grants, and donations made available by the State of Vermont and its agencies, the federal government and its agencies, any municipality or other unit of local government, or private or civil sources.

Sec. 197. 23 V.S.A. § 1255 is amended to read:

§ 1255. EXCEPTIONS

(1) (a) The provisions of section 1251 of this title shall not apply to directional signal lamps of a type approved by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles.

(2) (b) All persons with motor vehicles equipped as provided in subdivisions 1252(a)(1) and (2) of this title, shall use the sirens or colored signal lamps, or both, only in the direct performance of their official duties. When any person other than a law enforcement officer is operating a motor vehicle equipped as provided in subdivision 1252(a)(1) of this title, the colored signal lamp shall be either removed, covered, or hooded. When any person, other than an authorized ambulance operator, firefighter, or authorized operator of vehicles used in rescue operation is operating a motor vehicle equipped as provided in subdivision 1252(a)(2) of this title, the colored signal lamps shall be either removed, covered, or hooded unless the operator holds a senior operator license.

Sec. 198. 23 V.S.A. § 1221a is amended to read:

§ 1221a. DEFECTIVE EQUIPMENT WARNING

The operator of a motor vehicle who receives a ticket for inoperative lights shall not be required to pay the fine civil penalty associated with the ticket provided that within 72 hours after receiving the ticket the issuing Department receives proof that the defect has been repaired.

Sec. 199. 23 V.S.A. § 1256 is redesignated to read:

§ 1256. MOTORCYCLES; HEADGEAR

Sec. 200. 23 V.S.A. § 1302(b) is amended to read:

(b) Not more than one trailer shall be attached to one motor truck.
However, two vehicles may be towed in driveaway-towaway operations, including double saddlemount, if the operations conform with the safety regulations of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration relative to coupling devices and towing methods as set forth in 49 C.F.R. §§ 393.70 and 393.71, of those regulations as they may from time to time be as amended. As used herein, driveaway-towaway operation in this section, “driveaway-towaway operations” means any operation in which any motor vehicle or motor vehicles, new or used, constitute the commodity being transported, when one set or more of wheels of any such motor vehicle or motor vehicles are off the roadway during the course of transportation, whether or not any such motor vehicle furnishes the motive power.

Sec. 201. 23 V.S.A. § 1308(b) is amended to read:

(b) Under the above conditions contained in subsection (a) of this section, the hand brake shall be adequate to hold such vehicle or vehicles stationary on any grade upon which it is operated.

Sec. 202. 23 V.S.A. § 1391a is amended to read:

(a) Penalties Civil penalties for violations of the following statutory sections shall be in accordance with the schedule established in this section:

* * *

(b) Fine Schedule

(1) For violation of each of the above statutory sections, fines civil penalties shall be imposed as follows:

* * *

(2) Fines Civil penalties for subsequent violations of subchapter 15, Article article 1 of this title chapter shall be computed in accordance with subdivision (b)(1) of this section with the following percentage increases:

* * *

(d) Fines Civil penalties imposed for violations of this section shall be deposited in the Transportation Fund, unless the fines civil penalties are the result of enforcement actions on a town highway by an enforcement officer employed by or under contract with the municipality, in which case the fine civil penalty shall be paid to the municipality, except for an administrative charge for each case in the amount specified in 13 V.S.A. § 7251, which shall be retained by the State.

Sec. 203. 23 V.S.A. § 1396(b) is amended to read:

(b) In making the determination as to whether a reasonable alternative
route is available, the Secretary of Transportation shall, at a minimum, consider the following factors:

* * *

(4) whether an adverse effect has been created relative to the quiet enjoyment and property values of people living along the alternative route.

Sec. 204. 23 V.S.A. § 1402(e) and (f) are amended to read:

(e)(4) “Low-bed” trailer permit.

(1) The Commissioner may issue an annual permit to allow the transportation of a so-called “low-bed” trailer. A “low-bed” trailer is defined as a trailer manufactured for the primary purpose of carrying heavy equipment on a flat-surfaced deck, which deck is at a height equal to or lower than the top of the rear axle group.

* * *

(f) Single trip permit; duration. A single trip permit issued under this section shall be valid for seven business days.

Sec. 205. 23 V.S.A. § 1434 is amended to read:

§ 1434. PENALTIES

(a) The operation of a vehicle on a public highway in excess of the height, width, or length limits as prescribed in section 1431 or 1432 of this title without first obtaining a permit to operate the vehicle, whether or not a permit is available, shall be a traffic violation as defined in section 2302 of this title. A violation shall be punishable by a fine civil penalty of $300.00 for a first offense, $600.00 for a second offense within a two-year period, and $800.00 for a third or subsequent offense within a two-year period.

(b) The operation of a vehicle on a public highway in excess of the legal height, width, or length as prescribed in section 1431 or 1432 of this title in violation of the terms of a permit issued in conformance with section 1400 of this title shall be a traffic violation as defined in section 2302 of this title and shall be punishable by a fine civil penalty of $300.00 for a first offense, $600.00 for a second offense within a two-year period, and $800.00 for a third or subsequent offense within a two-year period.

* * *

Sec. 206. 23 V.S.A. § 1452(a) is amended to read:

(a) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have
meanings as defined:

(1) “Load:” means the total of wood or wood products being carried.

(2) “Tier:” means the total vertical height of all wood or wood products arranged individually or in layers, or in bundles placed one above the other.

(3) “Binding:” means chain, wire rope, steel cable, steel strapping, or nylon webbing together with tightening device.

Sec. 207. 23 V.S.A. § 1453 is amended to read:

§ 1453. BALED PRODUCTS

(a)(1) A person An individual shall not operate a motor vehicle loaded with baled hay or straw or other baled products with any portion of the load extending beyond the front end of the vehicle bed; with the exception that a load extension is permitted beyond the front end of a truck bed, over the driver’s compartment or sleeping berth, provided this portion of the load is supported by permanent and substantial steel frame construction. Loads of baled hay, straw, or other baled products shall be solidly packed while in transit.

(2) Such loads, unless supported by substantially constructed sideboards or rack type bodies, shall be fastened securely to the vehicle by not less than two longitudinal binders; and by a cross binder for each tier of baled hay or straw or other baled products; such binders to be of sufficient strength to hold such load in place. Provided however, that the Such loads may be transported without sideboards and the binders specified herein in this subdivision if fastened by any commercial binding device equal or superior to the provisions set forth in this section. Such commercial binding device shall be approved by the Department of Motor Vehicle Department Vehicles.

(b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to a farmer engaged in farming operations where such transportation requires that he or she use the public highways; provided, however, that nothing herein shall relieve the farmer from loading and transporting loads and transports the loads in a reasonably safe manner.

* * *

Sec. 208. 23 V.S.A. § 1742 is amended to read:

§ 1742. CREATION

A police court may be created by any town having a population of 1,000 or over more according to the preceding United States U.S. census with the sole jurisdiction of receiving waiver of service of process and trial, admission of
violation, and fines from violators of parking ordinances of the town and for
the sole purpose and with the sole authority of carrying out the provisions of
this chapter.

Sec. 209. 23 V.S.A. § 1746(a) is amended to read:

(a) Any person who has violated any ordinance of the town that regulates,
districts, or defines the time, place, or manner of parking vehicles in the town
and who has not been convicted of any violation of the parking ordinances
more than twice before in the same calendar year may, within three business
days from after the date of such violation, by a statement signed by him or her,
admit the violation and waive the issuance of any process and a trial by jury or
hearing, and may voluntarily pay to the police court of the town the prescribed
penalty herein prescribed.

Sec. 210. 23 V.S.A. § 1747 is amended to read:

§ 1747. SIGNED STATEMENT

The court shall treat the signed statement, if accepted and accompanied by
the prescribed penalty herein prescribed, as a plea of guilty, and shall make an
entry thereof on its records. No costs, fees, or other charges may be assessed
against any person so admitting a violation of any such ordinance or shall be
allowed or paid to any officer or person because of the violation, but the
penalty shall be accepted by the court in full discharge of the criminal liability
of the person as a result of the violation.

Sec. 211. 23 V.S.A. § 2005 is amended to read:

§ 2005. APPEAL

A person aggrieved by an act or omission to act of the Commissioner under
this chapter may appeal therefrom to the Superior Court for Washington
County in the same manner as is provided for in other civil actions.

Sec. 212. 23 V.S.A. § 2011 is amended to read:

§ 2011. CERTIFICATE OF ORIGIN

When a new vehicle is delivered in this State by the manufacturer to his or
her agent or his or her franchised dealer, the manufacturer shall execute and
deliver to his or her agent or his or her franchised dealer a certificate of origin
in the form prescribed by the Commissioner, and no person shall bring into
this State any new vehicle unless he or she has in his or her possession the
certificate of origin as prescribed by the Commissioner. The certificate of
origin shall contain the manufacturer’s vehicle identification number of the
motor vehicle, the name of the manufacturer, the make of the vehicle, the
model year, number of cylinders, a general description of the body, if any, and
the type of model. When a new vehicle is sold in this State, the manufacturer, his or her agent, or his or her franchised dealer shall execute and deliver to the purchaser, in case of an absolute sale, assignment of the certificate of origin or if other than absolute sale, assignment of the certificate of origin subject to contract, signed or executed by the manufacturer, his or her agent, or his or her dealer, with the genuine names and business or residence addresses of both stated thereon, and certified to have been executed with full knowledge of the contents and with the consent of both purchaser and seller. For good cause shown, the Commissioner may accept any other satisfactory evidence of the above required information required under this section.

Sec. 213. 23 V.S.A. § 2020(2) is amended to read:

(2) As a condition of issuing a certificate of title, require the applicant to file with the Commissioner a bond in the form prescribed by the Commissioner and executed by the applicant, and either accompanied by the deposit of cash with the Commissioner or also executed by a person authorized to conduct a surety business in this State. The bond shall be in an amount equal to one and one-half times the value of the vehicle as determined by the Commissioner and conditioned to indemnify any prior owner and lienholder and any subsequent purchaser of the vehicle or person acquiring any security interest in it, and their respective successors in interest, against any expense, loss, or damage, including reasonable attorney’s fees, by reason of the issuance of the certificate of title of the vehicle or on account of any defect in or undisclosed security interest upon the right, title, and interest of the applicant in and to the vehicle. Any such interested person has a right of action to recover on the bond for any breach of its conditions, but the aggregate liability of the surety to all persons shall not exceed the amount of the bond. The bond, and any deposit accompanying it, shall be returned at the end of three years or prior thereto earlier if the vehicle is no longer registered in this State and the currently valid certificate of title is surrendered to the Commissioner, unless the Commissioner has been notified of the pendency of an action to recover on the bond.

Sec. 214. 23 V.S.A. § 2025(c) is amended to read:

(c) A person holding a certificate of title whose interest in the vehicle has been extinguished or transferred other than by voluntary transfer shall mail or deliver the certificate to the Commissioner upon request of the Commissioner. The delivery of the certificate pursuant to the request of the Commissioner does not affect the rights of the person surrendering the certificate, and the action of the Commissioner in issuing a new certificate of title as provided herein is not conclusive upon the rights of an owner or lienholder named in the old certificate.
Sec. 215. 23 V.S.A. § 2027(c) is amended to read:

   (c) The Commissioner shall file and retain for five years every surrendered certificate of title, the file to be maintained so as to permit the tracing of title of the vehicle designated therein corresponding vehicles.

Sec. 216. 23 V.S.A. § 2045(a) is amended to read:

   (a) Upon satisfaction of a security interest in a vehicle for which the lienholder possesses the certificate of title, the lienholder shall, within 12 business days after a request for release of the security interest, fully execute a release of the security interest in the space provided therefor on the certificate or in the form the Commissioner prescribes, and mail or deliver the certificate and release to the next named lienholder named therein, or, if none, to the owner or any person authorized by the owner to receive the certificate (hereafter, “owner’s designee”). The owner or the owner’s designee, other than a dealer holding the vehicle for resale, shall promptly cause the certificate and release to be mailed or delivered to the Commissioner, who shall release the lienholder’s rights on the certificate or issue a new certificate.

Sec. 217. 23 V.S.A. § 2084(c) is amended to read:

   (c) An operator of a place of business for garaging, repairing, parking, or storing vehicles for the public, in which a vehicle remains unclaimed for a period of 30 days, shall, within five days after the expiration of that period, report the vehicle as unclaimed to the Commissioner. A vehicle left by its owner whose name and address are known to the operator or his or her employee is not considered unclaimed. A person who fails to report a vehicle as unclaimed in accordance with this subsection forfeits all claims and liens for its garaging, parking, or storing and shall be fined assessed a civil penalty of not more than $25.00 for each day his or her failure to report continues.

Sec. 218. 23 V.S.A. § 2087 is amended to read:

§ 2087. CONSTRUCTION WITH OTHER LAWS

The penal provisions of this subchapter in no way repeal or modify any existing provision of criminal law but are additional and supplementary thereto.

Sec. 219. 23 V.S.A. § 2501(a) is amended to read:

   (a) For the purpose of identifying habitually reckless or negligent drivers and frequent violators of traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles, a uniform system is established assigning demerit points for convictions of violations of this title or of ordinances adopted by local authorities regulating the operation of motor vehicles. Notice of each
assessment of points may be given. No points shall be assessed for violating a provision of a statute or municipal ordinance regulating standing, parking, equipment, size, or weight, or if a Superior judge or Judicial Bureau hearing officer has waived the assessment of points in the interest of justice and in accordance with subsection (b) of this section. The conviction report from the court shall be prima facie evidence of the points assessed unless points are specifically waived in the conviction report. The Department of Motor Vehicles also is authorized to suspend the license of a driver when the driver’s driving record identifies the driver as an habitual offender under section 673a of this title.

Sec. 220. 23 V.S.A. § 2506 is amended to read:

§ 2506. PROCEDURE

When a sufficient number of points has been acquired, the Commissioner shall suspend the license of an operator or the privilege of an unlicensed person individual or nonresident to operate a motor vehicle, upon not less than 10 days’ notice, and upon hearing, if requested for verification of the conviction records. The suspension shall be for 10 days for an accumulation of 10 points, 30 days for 15 points, 90 days for 20 points and for a period increasing by 30 days for each additional 5 points; except the suspension period for a first offense of sections 1091, 1094, 1128, and 1133 of this title shall be 30 days for a second conviction 90 days and for a third or subsequent six months, or the suspension period under the point values, whichever is greater. If a fatality occurs, the suspension shall be for a period of one year in addition to the suspension under the point values. For purposes of this section, a month shall be considered as equals 30 days and one year shall equal equals 365 days.

Sec. 221. 23 V.S.A. § 3014(d) is amended to read:

(d) If the Commissioner deems it necessary in order to ensure payment of the tax, or to facilitate the administration of this chapter, the Commissioner may require reports and payment of tax to be made for other than and in addition to quarterly periods. A user may apply to the Commissioner for approval to file reports and pay taxes on a more frequent basis.

Sec. 222. 23 V.S.A. § 3015(2) is amended to read:

(2) Except as provided in subdivision 3002(9) of this title, the user’s tax shall be determined by multiplying the number of gallons of fuels used in Vermont in motor vehicles operated by the user at the rate per gallon stated in section 3003 for vehicles weighing or registered for 26,001 pounds or more.
The taxable gallonage shall be computed on the basis of miles travelled within the State as compared to total miles travelled within and without the State, with the actual method of computation prescribed by the Commissioner. A distributor may use as the measure of the tax so levied and assessed the gross quantity of fuel purchased, imported, produced, refined, manufactured, and compounded by the distributor, instead of the quantity sold, distributed, or used. From this amount of tax due, there shall be deducted the tax on fuel purchased in this State on which the tax has been previously paid by the user, provided the tax-paid purchases are supported by copies of the sales invoices showing the amount of tax paid. Such copies shall be retained by the taxpayer for a period of not less than three years and shall be available for inspection by the Commissioner or his or her designated agents. If the computation shows additional tax to be due, it shall be remitted with the report filed under section 3014 of this title.

Sec. 223. 23 V.S.A. § 3021(b)(2) is amended to read:

(2) Delegate to any officer or employee in his or her Department powers he or she may deem necessary to carry out efficiently the provisions of this chapter, and the person or persons to whom the power has been delegated shall possess and may exercise all of the power and perform all of the duties therein conferred and imposed upon the Commissioner.

Sec. 224. 23 V.S.A. § 3021(c) is amended to read:

(c) Any examination under oath conducted by the Commissioner may, in his or her discretion, be reduced to writing and willful false testimony therein shall be deemed perjury and be punishable as such.

Sec. 225. 23 V.S.A. § 3024(a) is amended to read:

(a) Any person under this chapter who shall willfully: fail or refuse to pay the tax imposed or engage in any activity for which a license is required without having procured and maintained such license; fail to make any of the reports required; make any false statement in any application, report, or statement required; refuse to permit the Commissioner or any deputy to make the examination as provided by subsection 3013(c) of this title; fail to keep proper records of quantities of fuel received, sold, used, or delivered in this State as required; make any false statement on any delivery ticket or invoice as to the quantity of fuel delivered, sold, or used; make any false statement in connection with a report or an application for the refund of any monies or taxes; or engage in any act or activity with the intent to evade payment to or prevent collection by the State of the tax imposed, shall be, in addition to any other prescribed penalties herein or elsewhere prescribed, guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than $5,000.00 or
imprisonment for not more than one year, or both.

Sec. 226. 23 V.S.A. § 3025(a) is amended to read:

(a) The user of a motor truck with a gross weight or registered weight of 26,001 pounds or more shall maintain a daily record of total miles travelled both traveled and miles traveled within and without the State of Vermont.

Sec. 227. 23 V.S.A. § 3027 is amended to read:

§ 3027. CIVIL FINE PENALTY

In addition to any other penalty imposed for violation of this chapter, a civil fine penalty of $1,000.00 shall be imposed upon a purchaser or user for each instance in which the purchaser or user uses untaxed fuel to propel a motor vehicle upon the highways of the State.

Sec. 228. 23 V.S.A. § 3030(a) is amended to read:

(a) If any licensee required to pay the tax under this chapter neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand is made by the Commissioner, the amount, together with all penalties and interest provided for in this chapter and together with any additional costs that may accrue in addition thereto, shall be a lien in favor of the State of Vermont upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such licensee. Such lien shall arise at the time demand is made by the Commissioner and shall continue until the liability for such sum with interest and costs is satisfied or becomes unenforceable. Such lien shall have the same force and effect as the lien provided for in 32 V.S.A. § 5895, and notice of such lien shall be recorded as is provided for in said section 32 V.S.A. § 5895.

Sec. 229. 23 V.S.A. § 3102(e) is amended to read:

(e) As used in this section, the term surety bond may also include, in the discretion of the Commissioner as to the best interest interests of the State, other good and sufficient surety instead of a bond.

Sec. 230. 23 V.S.A. § 3106(a)(2)(B) is amended to read:

(B) In calculating assessment amounts under subdivisions (a)(1)(B)(i)(II) and (a)(1)(B)(ii)(II) of this section, the Department of Motor Vehicles shall calculate the amounts to four decimal places. The Department of Motor Vehicles shall permanently retain the records of its calculations, any corrections thereto to the calculations, and the data that are the basis for the calculations.

Sec. 231. 23 V.S.A. § 3120(a) is amended to read:

(a) If any licensee required to pay the tax under this subchapter neglects or
refuses to pay the same after demand is made by the Commissioner, the amount, together with all penalties and interest provided for in this subchapter and together with any additional costs that may accrue, shall be a lien in favor of the State of Vermont upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such licensee. Such lien shall arise at the time demand is made by the Commissioner and shall continue until the liability for such sum with interest and costs is satisfied or becomes unenforceable. Such lien shall have the same force and effect as the lien provided for in 32 V.S.A. § 5895, and notice of such lien shall be recorded as is provided in said section 32 V.S.A. § 5895.

Sec. 232. 23 V.S.A. § 3204 is amended to read:

§ 3204. REGISTRATION FEES AND DEALER PLATES

(a) Fees. Annual registration fees for snowmobiles other than as provided for in subsection (b) of this section are $28.00 for residents and $36.00 for nonresidents. Duplicate registration certificates may be obtained upon payment of $6.00.

(b) Dealer registration and plates; manufacturer plates; fees.

(1) A person engaged in the business of selling or exchanging snowmobiles as defined in subdivision 4(8) of this title shall register as a dealer and obtain registration certificates and identifying number plates, subject to such rules as may be adopted by the Commissioner and to the requirements of chapter 7 of this title. A manufacturer of snowmobiles may register and obtain registration certificates and identifying number plates under this section. Plates shall be valid for the following purposes only: testing; adjusting; demonstrating; temporary use of customers for a period not to exceed 14 days; private business or pleasure use of such person or members of his or her immediate family; and use at fairs, shows, or races when no charge is made for such use.

(2) Fees. Fees for dealer registration certificates shall be $55.00 for the first certificate issued to any person and $6.00 for any additional certificate issued to the same person within the current registration period. Fees for temporary number plates shall be $3.00 for each plate issued.

(c) Temporary registration pending issuance of permanent registration. The Commissioner, by rules adopted pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25, shall provide for the issuance of temporary registrations of snowmobiles pending issuance of the permanent registration. VAST shall be an agent of the Commissioner for the issuance of such temporary registrations. The fees for the temporary registrations shall be $28.00 for residents and $36.00 for
nonresidents and shall also constitute payment of the registration fee required by subsection (a) of this section. VAST shall promptly remit any fees collected to the Commissioner in accordance with rules adopted under this subsection. Temporary registrations shall be kept with the snowmobile while being operated and shall authorize operation without the registration decal being affixed for a period not to exceed 60 days from the date of issue.

(d) Delegation. The Commissioner may authorize the Vermont Association of Snow Travelers, or its successor, and its agents to register snowmobiles, or to renew or assist with renewal of registrations, for residents and nonresidents.

(e) Fee setting. Only the General Assembly may change the fees provided for in this section.

Sec. 233. 23 V.S.A. § 3207(g) is amended to read:

(g) Defective, stolen, or fraudulently registered snowmobile; registration revocation or suspension. The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles or his or her authorized agent may suspend or revoke the registration of any snowmobile registered in this State and repossess the number and certificate to it, when he or she is satisfied that:

* * *

Sec. 234. 23 V.S.A. § 3208(c) and (d) are amended to read:

(c) This chapter subchapter and rules adopted under this chapter subchapter, together with the list provided by the Secretary of Natural Resources, shall be printed in booklet form and made available to the public by the Agency of Transportation.

(d) The provisions of this subchapter and the rules adopted pursuant thereto to this subchapter shall be enforced by law enforcement officers as defined in section 3302 of this title in accordance with the provisions of 4 V.S.A. chapter 29. Testimony of a witness as to the existence of navigation or snowmobile control signs, signals, or markings, shall be prima facie evidence that such control, sign, signal, or marking existed pursuant to a lawful statute, regulation, or ordinance and that the defendant was lawfully required to obey a direction of such device.

Sec. 235. 23 V.S.A. § 3301 is amended to read:

§ 3301. DECLARATION OF POLICY

It is the policy of this State to promote safety for persons and property in and connected with the use, operation, and equipment of vessels and to promote uniformity of laws relating thereto to the use, operation, and equipment of vessels.
Sec. 236. 23 V.S.A. § 3302(4)

(4) “Motorboat” means any vessel propelled by machinery, whether or not such machinery is the principal source of propulsion, but shall not include a vessel that has a valid marine document issued by U.S. Customs and Border Protection or any successor federal agency successor thereto.

Sec. 237. 23 V.S.A. § 3306(b) is amended to read:

(b)(1) Personal flotation devices. Each vessel, except sailboards, shall carry at least one U.S. Coast Guard approved personal flotation device consistent with federal regulations in good and serviceable condition for each person individual aboard.

(2) Vessels; persons individuals less than 12 years old of age. In addition to the provisions of this subsection, a person under the age of 12 years of age aboard a vessel, while under way and the person individual is on an open deck, shall wear a Type I, II, or III U.S. Coast Guard approved personal flotation device.

(3) Sailboards; persons individuals less than 16 years old of age. A person An individual under the age of 16 years of age aboard a sailboard shall wear a Type I, II, or III U.S. Coast Guard approved personal flotation device.

(4) Inspected commercial vessels. U.S. Coast Guard inspected commercial vessels shall be exempt from the provisions of this subsection.

Sec. 238. 23 V.S.A. § 3311 is amended to read:

§ 3311. OPERATION OF VESSELS; PROHIBITED ACTS; AUTHORITY OF LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

(a) Careless and negligent operation. A person An individual shall not operate any vessel or manipulate any water skis, surfboard, or similar device in a careless or negligent manner or in any manner to endanger or jeopardize the safety, life, or property of another person.

(b) Permitting use by intoxicated person individual. The owner or person in charge or in control of a vessel shall not knowingly authorize or knowingly permit it to be propelled or operated by any person individual who is under the influence of alcohol, narcotic drugs, or barbiturates.

(c) Distance requirements.

(1) A person An individual shall not operate any vessel, except a sailboard or a police or emergency vessel, within 200 feet of the shoreline, a person in the water, a canoe, rowboat, or other vessel, an anchored or moored vessel containing any person individual, or anchorages or docks, except at a
speed of less than five miles per hour which does not create a wake.

(2) **Divers.** An individual shall not operate any vessel, except a nonmotorized canoe, a nonmotorized rowboat, or a police or emergency vessel, within 200 feet of a divers-down flag.

(3) Nothing herein in this subsection shall prohibit rendering assistance to another person, picking up a person in the water, necessary mooring or landing, or leaving shore, or operating in any other place where obstruction, other than the shoreline, would prevent abiding by this statute.

(4) **A person** An individual shall not operate a vessel, except at speeds of less than five miles per hour, within 200 feet of a designated swimming area.

* * *

(i) A law enforcement officer may make arrests for violations of this subchapter; may direct, control, and regulate vessel traffic; and may make reasonable orders in the enforcement of this subchapter. **No person individual** may knowingly fail or refuse to comply with any lawful order or direction of any law enforcement officer.

Sec. 239. 23 V.S.A. § 3311(h) and (i) are amended to read:

(h) **Power of law enforcement officers; authority to stop and board.** A law enforcement officer may stop and board any motorized vessel afloat on public waters of the State at any time to:

* * *

(i) **Power of law enforcement officers; general.** A law enforcement officer may make arrests for violations of this subchapter; may direct, control, and regulate vessel traffic; and may make reasonable orders in the enforcement of this subchapter. **No person individual** may knowingly fail or refuse to comply with any lawful order or direction of any law enforcement officer.

Sec. 240. 23 V.S.A. § 3315 is amended to read:

§ 3315. WATER SKIS AND SURFBOARDS

(a) Except as provided in this subsection, **A person** an individual shall not operate a vessel on any waters of this State to tow **A person** an individual or **persons** individuals on water skis, aquaplane, kite skis, wakeboard, kneeboard, or similar device unless the **person** individual being towed is wearing a U.S. Coast Guard-approved personal flotation device and unless there is in the vessel **a person** an individual who is at least 12 years old of age, in addition to the operator, in a position to observe the progress of the **person or persons**
individual or individuals being towed. Persons Individuals engaged in barefoot waterskiing may elect at their own risk to wear a non-Coast Guard-approved barefoot wetsuit designed specifically for this activity. An observer shall not be required if the vessel is:

(1) a tow boat approved by the American Water Ski Association and equipped with a wide-angle mirror having a viewing surface of at least 48 square inches;

(2) being operated by a person an individual who is at least 18 years of age; and

(3) being operated within an American Water Ski Association regulation slalom course.

(b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section do not apply to a performer engaged in a professional exhibition nor to a person an individual engaged in an activity authorized under section 3316 of this title.

(c) A person An individual shall not operate or manipulate any vessel, tow rope, or other device by which the direction or location of water skis, a surfboard, or similar device may be affected or controlled in such a way as to cause the water skis, surfboard, or similar device, or any person thereon to approach within 100 feet of a person an individual swimming, or a canoe, rowboat, or other light craft conveying any person individual. This subsection does not prohibit necessary mooring or landing, or leaving shore.

(d) The Commissioner may designate areas less than 200 feet from the shoreline of a body of water, other than a river, to allow for the operation of a motorboat used for the purpose of towing a person of persons an individual or individuals on water skis, aquaplane, kite skis, surfboard, or similar device. The Commissioner shall adopt rules to establish criteria governing the designation of such areas and conditions which may be placed on the designated areas. The Commissioner may consider safety, potential environmental damage, the impact on adjacent areas and uses and any other related concerns.

Sec. 241. 23 V.S.A. § 3317 is amended to read:

§ 3317. PENALTIES

(a) Penalty; $50.00 maximum. A person who violates any of the following sections of this title shall be subject to a penalty of not more than $50.00 for each violation:

    * * *

(b) Penalty or fine; $300.00 or $1,000.00 maximum. A person who
violates a requirement under 10 V.S.A. § 1454 shall be subject to enforcement under 10 V.S.A. § 8007 or 8008 or a fine under this chapter, provided that the person shall be assessed a penalty or fine of not more than $1,000.00 for each violation. A person who violates a rule adopted under 10 V.S.A. § 1424 shall be subject to enforcement under 10 V.S.A. chapter 201, provided that the person shall be assessed a penalty of not more than $300.00 for each violation. A person who violates any of the following sections of this title shall be subject to a penalty of not more than $300.00 for each violation:

* * *

c) Fine; $300.00 maximum. A person who violates any of the following sections of this title shall be imprisoned not more than three months or fined not more than $300.00, or both, for each violation:

* * *

(f) Boating while intoxicated; death or serious bodily injury resulting.

* * *

(2) (A) Boating while intoxicated; serious bodily injury resulting. If serious bodily injury, as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1021(2), results to any person other than the operator from a violation of section 3323 of this title, the person convicted of the violation shall be fined not more than $5,000.00 or imprisoned not more than 15 years, or both.

* * *

Sec. 242. 23 V.S.A. § 3318(b) is amended to read:

(b) This chapter subchapter and rules promulgated adopted under this chapter subchapter shall be printed in booklet form and made available to the public by the Department of Public Safety.

Sec. 243. 23 V.S.A. § 3381(c) is amended to read:

(c) A person who violates this section shall be fined assessed a civil penalty of not more than $100.00 for each violation.

Sec. 244. 23 V.S.A. § 3506(b)(3) is amended to read:

(3) On any privately owned land or body of private water unless:

(A) the operator is the owner, or member of the immediate family of the owner of the land; or

(B) the operator has, on his or her person, the written consent of the owner or lessee of the land to operate an all-terrain vehicle in the specific area and during specific hours and/or days, or both in which the operator is
operating, or the all-terrain vehicle displays a valid TAD decal as required by subsection 3502(a) of this title that serves as proof that the all-terrain vehicle and its operator, by virtue of the TAD, are members of a VASA-affiliated club to which such consent has been given orally or in writing to operate an all-terrain vehicle in the area in which the operator is operating; or

* * *

Sec. 245. 23 V.S.A. § 3506(b)(4) is amended to read:

(4) On any public land, body of public water, or natural area established under the provisions of 10 V.S.A. § 2607 unless the Secretary has designated the area for use by all-terrain vehicles pursuant to rules promulgated under provisions of 3 V.S.A. chapter 25.

Sec. 246. 23 V.S.A. § 3507(a) is amended to read:

(a) A person who violates a provision of this chapter shall be fined a civil penalty of not more than $300.00 for each offense unless otherwise provided by law.

Sec. 247. 23 V.S.A. § 3516(c) is amended to read:

(c) A fee shall not be charged any person who is entitled to free training pursuant to the provisions of the consent decree, dated April 28, 1988, entered into by the all-terrain vehicle manufacturers and the United States U.S. government.

Sec. 248. 23 V.S.A. § 3801(8) is amended to read:

(8) “Motorboat” means any vessel propelled by machinery, whether or not the machinery is the principal source of propulsion, but shall not include a vessel that has a valid marine document issued by U.S. Customs and Border Protection or any successor federal agency successor thereto.

Sec. 249. 23 V.S.A. § 3806(d) is amended to read:

(d) When a new vessel, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle is sold in this State, the manufacturer, his or her agent, or his or her franchised dealer shall execute and deliver to the purchaser, in case of an absolute sale, assignment of the certificate of origin or if other than absolute sale, assignment of the certificate of origin subject to contract, signed or executed by the manufacturer, his or her agent, or his or her dealer, with the genuine names and business or residence addresses of both stated on the certificate, and certified to have been executed with full knowledge of the contents and with the consent of both purchaser and seller. For good cause shown, the Commissioner may accept any other satisfactory evidence of the above required information required in a certificate of origin pursuant to this section.
Sec. 250. 23 V.S.A. § 3813(2) is amended to read:

(2) as a condition of issuing a certificate of title, require the applicant to file with the Commissioner, a bond in the form prescribed by the Commissioner and executed by the applicant, and either accompanied by the deposit of cash with the Commissioner or also executed by a person authorized to conduct a surety business in this State. The bond shall be in an amount equal to one and one-half times the value of the vessel, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle as determined by the Commissioner and conditioned to indemnify any prior owner and lienholder and any subsequent purchaser of the vessel, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle or person acquiring any security interest in it, and their respective successors in interest, against any expense, loss, or damage, including reasonable attorney’s fees, by reason of the issuance of the certificate of title of the vessel, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle or on account of any defect in or undisclosed security interest upon the right, title, and interest of the applicant in and to the vessel, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle. Any such interested person has a right of action to recover on the bond for any breach of its conditions, but the aggregate liability of the surety to all persons shall not exceed the amount of the bond. The bond, and any deposit accompanying it, shall be returned at the end of three years or prior thereto earlier if the vessel, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle is no longer registered in this State and the currently valid certificate of title is surrendered to the Commissioner, unless the Commissioner has been notified of the pendency of an action to recover on the bond.

Sec. 251. 23 V.S.A. § 3818(c) is amended to read:

(c) A person holding a certificate of title whose interest in the vessel, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle has been extinguished or transferred other than by voluntary transfer shall mail or deliver the certificate to the Commissioner upon request of the Commissioner. The delivery of the certificate pursuant to the request of the Commissioner does not affect the rights of the person surrendering the certificate, and the action of the Commissioner in issuing a new certificate of title as provided herein is not conclusive upon the rights of an owner or lienholder named in the old certificate.

Sec. 252. 23 V.S.A. § 3830(a)(1) is amended to read:

(1) with fraudulent intent, permit another, not otherwise entitled thereto, to use or have possession of a certificate of title;

Sec. 253. 23 V.S.A. § 4107(c)(1) is amended to read:

(c)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, employees of farm-
related service industries shall be exempt from the knowledge and skills tests required under this chapter, and shall be issued restricted commercial driver’s licenses as long as the applicants meet the requirements of 49 C.F.R. part 383, as amended from time to time, and upon payment of the appropriate fee.

Sec. 254. 23 V.S.A. chapter 39 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 39. COMMERCIAL DRIVER DRIVER’S LICENSE ACT
§ 4101. SHORT TITLE
This chapter may be cited as the Commercial Driver Driver’s License Act.

§ 4103. DEFINITIONS
As used in this chapter:

(1) “Commercial driver driver’s license” means a license issued in accordance with the requirements of this chapter to an individual which that authorizes the individual to drive a class of commercial motor vehicle.

(2) “Commercial Driver Driver’s License Information System” means the information system established pursuant to federal law to serve as a clearinghouse for locating information related to the licensing and identification of commercial motor vehicle drivers.

(5) “Disqualification” means:

(A) the suspension, revocation, cancellation, or withdrawal by a state of a person’s an individual’s privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle;

(B) a determination by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration, under the rules of practice for motor carrier safety contained in 49 C.F.R. part 386, that a person an individual is no longer qualified to operate commercial motor vehicles under 49 C.F.R. part 391; or

(C) the loss of qualification which that automatically follows a testing refusal or conviction of an offense listed in 49 C.F.R. § 383.51.

(6) “Driver” means any person individual who drives, operates, or is in physical control of a commercial motor vehicle on a public highway or who is required to hold a commercial driver driver’s license.

(7) “Employer” means any person, including the United States, a state, or a political subdivision of a state, who owns or leases a commercial motor vehicle or assigns a person an individual to drive a commercial motor vehicle.
(11) “Nonresident CDL” means a commercial driver’s license issued by a state to an individual who resides in a foreign jurisdiction.

(16) “Serious traffic violation” means a conviction when operating a commercial motor vehicle or, if applicable, when operating a noncommercial motor vehicle when the conviction results in the revocation, cancellation, or suspension of the operator’s license or operating privilege, of:

(E) A violation of any State law or local ordinance relating to motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation, arising in connection with an accident or collision resulting in death to any person.

(F) Operating a commercial motor vehicle without obtaining a commercial driver’s license.

(G) Operating a commercial motor vehicle without a commercial driver’s license in the driver’s possession. However, no person may be found to have committed this violation if he or she provides proof to the enforcement officer who issued the traffic complaint that the individual held a commercial driver’s license valid on the date the complaint was issued.

(H) Operating a commercial motor vehicle without the proper class of commercial driver’s license or endorsements, or both.

§ 4104. LIMITATION ON NUMBER OF DRIVER’S LICENSES

No person who drives a commercial motor vehicle shall have more than one driver’s license.

§ 4105. NOTIFICATION REQUIRED BY DRIVER

(a) Notification of convictions. The driver of a commercial motor vehicle shall notify the State and employers of convictions as follows:

(1) The State. Any driver of a commercial motor vehicle holding a driver’s license issued by this State, who is convicted of violating any state law or local ordinance relating to motor vehicle traffic control in any other state or federal, provincial, territorial, or municipal laws of Canada, other than parking violations, shall notify the Commissioner in the manner specified by the Commissioner within 30 days after the date of conviction.

(2) Employers. Any driver of a commercial motor vehicle holding a
driver driver’s license issued by this State, who is convicted of violating any state law or local ordinance relating to motor vehicle traffic control in this or any other state or federal, provincial, territorial, or municipal laws of Canada, other than parking violations, shall notify his or her employer in writing of the conviction within 30 days of after the date of conviction.

(b) Notification of suspensions, revocations, and cancellations. A driver whose driver driver’s license is suspended, revoked, or cancelled by any state; who loses the privilege to drive a commercial motor vehicle in any state for any period; or who is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for any period, shall notify his or her employer of that fact before the end of the business day following the day the driver received notice of that fact.

(c) Notification of previous employment. Any person individual who applies to be a commercial motor vehicle driver must provide the employer, at the time of the application, with the following information for the 10 years preceding the date of application:

* * *

§ 4106. EMPLOYER RESPONSIBILITIES

(a) Each employer shall require the applicant to provide the information specified in subsection 4105(c) of this title.

(b) No employer may knowingly allow, permit, or authorize a driver to drive a commercial motor vehicle during any period:

(1) in which the driver has a driver driver’s license suspended, revoked, or cancelled by a state or has lost the privilege to drive a commercial motor vehicle in a state, or has been disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle; or

(2) in which the driver has more than one driver driver’s license.

§ 4107. COMMERCIAL DRIVER DRIVER’S LICENSE REQUIRED

(a) Except when driving under a commercial learner’s permit and accompanied by the holder of a commercial driver driver’s license valid for the vehicle being driven, no person individual may drive a commercial motor vehicle on the highways of this State unless the following conditions are met:

(1) the person individual holds a commercial driver driver’s license; and

(2) the person individual is in immediate possession of the license; and

(3) the license has the applicable endorsements valid for the vehicle he or she the individual is driving.
(b) No person individual may drive a commercial motor vehicle while his or her driving privilege is suspended, revoked, or cancelled, while subject to a disqualification, or in violation of an out-of-service order.

(c)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, employees of farm-related service industries shall be exempt from the knowledge and skills tests required under this chapter, and shall be issued restricted commercial driver’s licenses as long as the applicants meet the requirements of 49 C.F.R. part 383, as amended from time to time, and upon payment of the appropriate fee.

(2) “Farm-related service industries” shall include farm retail outlets and suppliers, agri-chemical businesses, custom harvesters, and livestock feeders.

§ 4108. COMMERCIAL DRIVER DRIVER’S LICENSE, COMMERCIAL LEARNER’S PERMIT QUALIFICATION STANDARDS

(a) Before issuing a commercial driver’s license or commercial learner’s permit, the Commissioner shall request the applicant’s complete operating record from any state in which the applicant was previously licensed to operate any type of motor vehicle in the past 10 years and conduct a check of the applicant’s operating record by querying the National Driver Register established under 49 U.S.C. § 30302 and the Commercial Driver’s License Information System established under 49 U.S.C. § 31309 to determine if:

(1) the applicant has already been issued a commercial driver’s license;

(2) the applicant’s commercial driver’s license has been suspended, revoked, or canceled; or

(3) the applicant has been convicted of any offense listed in 49 U.S.C. § 30304(a)(3).

(b) The Commissioner shall not issue a commercial driver’s license or commercial learner’s permit to any person individual:

(1)(A) Under 21 years of age in the case of commercial driver’s licenses, except that persons 18 years of age or older may obtain a commercial driver’s license that restricts the driver to operation solely within this State.

(B) Under 18 years of age in the case of commercial learner’s permits.

(2) Who, within three years of the license application and for initial applicants only, has been convicted of an offense listed in subsection 4116(a)
of this title or a comparable offense in any jurisdiction, or convicted of an offense listed in 49 U.S.C. § 30304(a)(3) in any jurisdiction.

(3) Unless Vermont is the state of domicile of the person individual and the person individual has passed a knowledge and skills test for driving a commercial motor vehicle which that complies with minimum federal standards established by federal regulation enumerated in 49 C.F.R. part 383, subparts F, G, and H and has satisfied all other requirements of 49 U.S.C. ch. 313, as may be amended, and the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986, Title XII of Pub. L. No. 99–570, as amended, in addition to other requirements imposed by state law or federal regulation. The tests shall be prescribed and conducted by the Commissioner.

(c) The Commissioner may authorize a person, including an agency of this or another state, an employer, a private driver training facility, or other private institution, or a department, agency, or instrumentality of local government, to administer the skills test specified by this section, provided:

(1) the test is the same as would otherwise be administered by the State; and

(2) the third party has entered into an agreement with this State which that complies with requirements of 49 C.F.R. § 383.75.

(d) At the discretion of the Commissioner, the knowledge test and the skills test required under 49 C.F.R. §§ 383.113 and 383.133, as amended, and the tests required for a passenger endorsement or a tank vehicle endorsement or a hazardous materials endorsement under 49 C.F.R. §§ 383.117, 383.119, or 383.121, as amended, may be waived for a commercial motor vehicle driver with military commercial motor vehicle experience who is currently licensed at the time of his or her application for a commercial driver’s license, if the test is substituted with an applicant’s driving record in combination with the driving experience specified in this subsection. The Commissioner shall impose conditions and limitations to restrict the applicants from whom alternative requirements for the skills test may be accepted. Such conditions shall include the following:

(1) the applicant must certify that, during the two-year period immediately prior to applying for a commercial driver’s license, he or she:

* * *

(e) Obtaining a commercial learner’s permit is a precondition to the initial issuance of a commercial driver’s license. The issuance of a commercial learner’s permit also is a precondition to the upgrade of a
commercial driver’s license if the upgrade requires a skills test. A permit may be issued to an individual who holds a valid Vermont driver’s license who has passed the vision and written tests required for the class of license authorizing the operation of the type of vehicle for which the permit application is being made. A commercial learner’s permit holder is not eligible to take the commercial driver’s license skills test in the first 14 days after initial issuance of the commercial learner’s permit. A permit shall be issued for a period of one year, and only one renewal or reissuance of a commercial learner’s permit may be granted within a two-year period.

(f) The fee for a knowledge test and the fee for a skills test shall each be $32.00. The fee for an endorsement test shall be $14.00. In the event that an applicant fails a test three times, he or she may not take the test again for at least six months. A fee of $24.00 shall be paid by the applicant before he or she may schedule a skills test. If an applicant does not appear for the scheduled skills test, the $24.00 scheduling fee is forfeited, unless the applicant has given the Department of Motor Vehicles at least 48 hours’ notice of cancellation of the test. If the applicant appears for the skills test, the $24.00 scheduling fee for that test will be used as part of the test fee. Use of an interpreter is prohibited during the administration of the knowledge or skills tests.

(g) A commercial driver’s license or commercial learner’s permit may not be issued to an individual while the person is subject to a disqualification from driving a commercial motor vehicle, or while the person’s driver’s license is suspended, revoked, or cancelled in any state. A driver’s license may not be issued to an individual who has a commercial driver’s license issued by any state unless the person first surrenders all driver’s licenses issued by any state, which licenses shall be returned to the issuing states for cancellation.

(h) A person An individual shall be entitled to take the test for a commercial driver’s license unless his or her driver’s license is, at the time of the requested test, suspended, revoked, cancelled, or disqualified in any other state.

§ 4109. NONDOMICILED COMMERCIAL DRIVER’S LICENSE;

NONDOMICILED COMMERCIAL LEARNER’S PERMIT

(a) The Commissioner may issue a nondomiciled commercial driver’s license or a nondomiciled commercial learner’s permit to an individual domiciled in a foreign jurisdiction if the Federal Motor Carrier
Safety Administrator has determined that the commercial motor vehicle testing and licensing standards in the foreign jurisdiction do not meet the testing standards established in 49 C.F.R. part 383. In addition, the Commissioner may issue a nondomiciled commercial driver’s license or a nondomiciled commercial learner’s permit to a person domiciled in a state while that state is prohibited from issuing commercial driver’s licenses in accordance with 49 C.F.R. § 384.405. The word “nondomiciled” must appear on the face of the nondomiciled commercial driver’s license or nondomiciled commercial learner’s permit. An applicant shall surrender any nondomiciled commercial driver’s license or nondomiciled commercial learner’s permit issued by another state. Prior to issuing a nondomiciled commercial driver’s license or nondomiciled commercial learner’s permit, the Commissioner shall establish the practical capability of revoking or suspending the nondomiciled commercial driver’s license or nondomiciled commercial learner’s permit.

(b) An applicant domiciled in a foreign jurisdiction must provide an unexpired employment authorization document (EAD) issued by the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services or an unexpired foreign passport accompanied by an approved I-94 form documenting the applicant’s most recent admittance into the United States. No proof of domicile is required.

(c) An applicant for a nondomiciled commercial driver’s license or commercial learner’s permit is not required to surrender his or her foreign license.

§ 4110. APPLICATION FOR COMMERCIAL DRIVER’S LICENSE OR COMMERCIAL LEARNER’S PERMIT

(a) The application for a commercial driver’s license or commercial learner’s permit shall include the following:

(1) The full name and current mailing and residential address of the person applicant.

(2) A physical description of the person applicant, including sex, height, and weight.

(3) Date The applicant’s date of birth and proof of age.

(4) The applicant’s Social Security number, unless the application is for a nondomiciled commercial driver’s license or a nondomiciled commercial learner’s permit. The Commissioner must verify the name, date of birth, and Social Security number provided by the applicant with the information on file with the Social Security Administration. A commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license may not be issued,
renewed, or upgraded if data in the Social Security Administration database does not match the data provided by the applicant.

(5) The person’s applicant’s signature, as well as a space for the applicant to request that a “veteran” designation be placed on a commercial driver’s license. An applicant who requests a veteran designation shall provide a Department of Defense Form 214, or other proof of veteran status specified by the Commissioner.

* * *

(8) The proper fee.

(A) The four-year fee for a commercial driver’s license shall be $90.00. The two-year fee shall be $60.00. In those instances where the applicant surrenders a valid Vermont Class D license, the total fees due shall be reduced by:

* * *

(10) Proof of compliance with the Transportation Security Administration requirements codified in 49 C.F.R. part 1572 if the person applicant is applying for a hazardous materials endorsement. A lawful permanent resident of the United States requesting a hazardous materials endorsement must additionally provide his or her U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services alien registration number.

* * *

(c) A person An individual for whom Vermont has been his or her state of domicile for more than 30 days shall not drive a commercial motor vehicle under the authority of a commercial driver’s license or commercial learner’s permit issued by another jurisdiction.

* * *

§ 4110a. NON-EXCEPTED INTERSTATE OR INTRASTATE STATUS; CERTIFIED MEDICAL STATUS

(a) On or before January 30, 2014, every person individual who holds a commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license shall provide the Commissioner the certification required under subdivision 4110(a)(6)(A) of this chapter.

(b) On or before January 30, 2014, existing holders of a commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license who certify to non-excepted interstate driving operations shall provide the Commissioner with an original or a copy of a current medical examiner’s certificate. Certification
status of “certified” will be posted on the Commercial Driver’s License Information System driver record for the driver. Failure to provide the Commissioner a current medical examiner’s certificate will result in the posting of “not-certified” status to the Commercial Driver’s License Information System driver record for the driver, and a commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license downgrade will be initiated.

(c) To maintain a medical certification status of “certified,” the holder of a commercial driver’s license or commercial learner’s permit who certifies that he or she will operate commercial motor vehicles in non-excepted interstate commerce must provide the State an original or copy of each subsequently issued medical examiner’s certificate required under 49 C.F.R. Part 391.

§ 4111. COMMERCIAL DRIVER DRIVER’S LICENSE

(a) Contents of license. A commercial driver’s license shall be marked “commercial driver’s license” or “CDL,” and shall be, to the maximum extent practicable, tamper proof, and shall include the following information:

(1) The name and residential address of the person.

(2) The person’s color photograph or imaged likeness.

(3) A physical description of the person, including sex, height, and weight.

(4) Date of birth.

(5) Any number or identifier deemed appropriate by the Commissioner.

(6) The person’s signature.

(7) The class or type of commercial motor vehicle or vehicles which the person is authorized to drive together with any endorsements or restrictions.

* * *

(b) Classifications, endorsements, and restrictions. Driver’s licenses may be issued with the following classifications, endorsements, and restrictions:

(1) Classifications. Licensees may drive all vehicles in the class for
which the license is issued and all lesser classes of vehicles, except those requiring special endorsements.

** **

(D) Class D—Any single vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating of less than 26,001 pounds or any such vehicle towing a vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating not in excess of 10,000 pounds, except vehicles included in Class C or vehicles which require a special endorsement unless the proper endorsement appears on the license. Class D licenses shall not be commercial driver’s licenses.

** **

(d) Within 10 days after issuing a commercial driver’s license, the Commissioner shall notify the Commercial Driver’s License Information System of that fact, providing all information required to ensure identification of the individual.

(e) The commercial driver’s license shall expire in the same manner as set by section 601 of this title.

(f) When applying for renewal of a commercial driver’s license, the applicant shall complete the application form required by section 4110 of this title, providing updated information and required certifications. If the applicant wishes to retain a hazardous materials endorsement, the written test for a hazardous materials endorsement must be taken and passed. In addition, the applicant must successfully complete the security threat assessment required by 49 C.F.R. Part 1572. Within 15 days of an adverse initial or final determination of threat assessment being served by the United States U.S. Transportation Security Administration, the applicant’s hazardous materials endorsement shall be revoked or denied.

§ 4111a. COMMERCIAL LEARNER’S PERMIT

(a) Contents of permit. A commercial learner’s permit shall contain the following:

** **

(2) the full name, signature, and residential address in Vermont of the person to whom the permit is issued;

(3) physical and other information to identify and describe the permit holder, including the month, day, and year of birth; sex; and height;

(4) the permit holder’s State license number;

(5) an indication that the State of Vermont issued the permit;
(6) the date of issuance and the date of expiration of the permit;

(7) the group or groups of commercial motor vehicles that the permit holder is authorized to operate, indicated as follows:

* * *

(b) Classifications, endorsements, and restrictions.

(1) The holder of a commercial learner’s permit may not operate a commercial motor vehicle transporting hazardous materials.

(2) The holder of a commercial learner’s permit may, unless otherwise disqualified, drive a commercial motor vehicle on a highway only when accompanied by the holder of a commercial driver’s license valid for the type of vehicle driven who occupies a seat beside the individual or, in the case of a vehicle designed to transport more than 15 passengers, who occupies a seat directly behind or in the first row behind the driver and who directly observes and supervises the commercial learner’s permit holder for the purpose of giving instruction in driving the commercial motor vehicle.

(3) Endorsements.

(A) A commercial learner’s permit holder with a passenger endorsement must have taken and passed the passenger endorsement knowledge test. A commercial learner’s permit holder with a passenger endorsement is prohibited from operating a commercial motor vehicle carrying passengers, other than federal or state auditors and inspectors, test examiners, other trainees, and the commercial driver’s license holder accompanying the commercial learner’s permit holder as prescribed in subdivision (2) of this subsection. The passenger endorsement must be class specific.

(B) A commercial learner’s permit holder with a school bus endorsement must have taken and passed the school bus endorsement knowledge test. A commercial learner’s permit holder with a school bus endorsement is prohibited from operating a school bus with passengers other than federal or state auditors and inspectors, test examiners, other trainees, and the commercial driver’s license holder accompanying the commercial learner’s permit holder as prescribed in subdivision (2) of this subsection.

* * *

§ 4112. RECORDS NOTIFICATION

(a) After suspending, revoking, or disqualifying a person an individual from holding a commercial driver’s license or commercial learner’s permit, the Commissioner shall update his or her records to reflect that action within 10 days. After suspending, revoking, or disqualifying a nonresident
commercial driver’s privileges, the Commissioner shall notify the licensing authority of the state which issued the commercial driver’s license or commercial learner’s permit within 10 days.

(b) When the Commissioner receives a request for an operating record of a person an individual currently or previously licensed in Vermont, the Commissioner shall provide the information within 30 days.

§ 4113. NOTIFICATION OF TRAFFIC CONVICTIONS

When a person an individual who holds a commercial driver’s license or commercial learner’s permit issued by another state is convicted in this State of any violation of State law or local ordinance relating to motor vehicle traffic control, other than parking violations, in any type of vehicle, the Commissioner shall notify the driver’s licensing authority in the licensing state of the conviction within 10 days.

* * *

§ 4115. RECIPROCITY

(a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a person an individual may drive a commercial motor vehicle in this State if the person individual has a valid commercial driver’s license or commercial learner’s permit issued by any state of the United States, any province or territory of Canada in accordance with the minimum federal standards for the issuance of commercial motor vehicle driver’s licenses, or the Licencia Federal de Conductor issued by the Republic of Mexico if the person’s license or permit is not suspended, revoked, or canceled and if the person individual is not disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle or subject to an out-of-service order.

* * *

§ 4116a. SUSPENSION OF OPERATING PRIVILEGE

(a) A person’s An individual’s privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle in the State of Vermont shall be suspended for one year, if:

(1) the person individual is convicted of a first violation of operating, attempting to operate, or being in actual physical control of a commercial motor vehicle on a highway with an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more, or under the influence, as defined in section 1218 of this title; and

(2) the person’s individual’s commercial driver’s license or commercial learner’s permit is issued by a state or country that does not have a reciprocity agreement with the State of Vermont for the disqualification of commercial driver’s licenses or permits under section 4115 of this title.
§ 4117. SUSPENSIONS AND DISQUALIFICATIONS TO RUN CONCURRENTLY

A suspension of a person’s An individual’s operating privilege or license and a disqualification imposed under section 4116 of this title, imposed for the same violation, shall run concurrently.

* * *

§ 4119. COMPLIANCE WITH OUT-OF-SERVICE ORDER; DISQUALIFICATION FROM OPERATION OF VEHICLE

(a) No person individual shall operate a commercial motor vehicle in violation of an out-of-service order.

(b) Any person individual convicted for violating an out-of-service order shall be disqualified as follows except as provided in subsection (c) of this section:

(1) A person An individual shall be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 180 days if convicted of a first
violation of an out-of-service order.

(2) A person An individual shall be disqualified for a period of two years if convicted of a second violation of an out-of-service order during any 10-year period, arising from separate incidents.

(3) A person An individual shall be disqualified for a period of three years if convicted of a third or subsequent violation of an out-of-service order during any 10-year period, arising from separate incidents.

(c) Any person individual convicted for violating an out-of-service order while transporting hazardous materials or while operating a commercial motor vehicle designed or used to transport 16 or more passengers, including the driver, shall be disqualified as follows:

(1) A person An individual shall be disqualified for a period of 180 days if convicted of a first violation of an out-of-service order.

(2) A person An individual shall be disqualified for a period of three years if convicted of a second or subsequent violation of an out-of-service order during any 10-year period, arising from separate incidents.

§ 4121. APPLICANTS FOR SCHOOL BUS ENDORSEMENTS

(b) On or before September 30, 2005, the Department of Motor Vehicles may waive the skills test required in subdivision (a)(1) of this section for an applicant who:

(2) certifies, and whose certification is verified by the Department, that, during the two-year period immediately prior to applying for the school bus endorsement, the applicant:

(A) held a valid commercial driver’s license with a passenger endorsement to operate a school bus representative of the group the applicant will be operating;

(B) has not had his or her operator’s license or commercial driver’s license suspended, revoked, or cancelled or been disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle;

§ 4122. DEFERRING IMPOSITION OF SENTENCE

No judge or court may utilize the provisions of 13 V.S.A. § 7041 or any
other program to defer imposition of sentence or judgment if the defendant holds a commercial driver’s license or was operating a commercial motor vehicle when the violation occurred and is charged with violating any State or local traffic law other than a parking violation.

* * *

§ 4124. PENALTIES FOR FRAUD; ACTION UPON SUSPECTED FRAUD

(a) If from the check of an applicant’s license status and record prior to issuing a commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license or at any time after the commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license is issued, the Commissioner determines that the applicant or holder has knowingly falsified any information, documentation, or certifications required under this chapter, the Commissioner shall give the applicant or holder notice of his or her findings and an opportunity to show cause why the application, commercial learner’s permit, or commercial driver’s license should not be disqualified for a period of 60 consecutive days. The disqualification shall be effective 10 days after the notice is sent unless the applicant or holder requests a hearing. If after a hearing the Commissioner determines that the applicant or holder has knowingly falsified any information, documentation, or certifications required under this chapter, the Commissioner shall disqualify for a period of 60 consecutive days the person’s individual’s commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license, his or her pending application, or his or her privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle.

(b) A person convicted of fraud related to the issuance of a commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license who seeks to renew, transfer, or upgrade the fraudulently obtained commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license shall be disqualified for one year. The disqualification shall be recorded in the person’s individual’s driving record.

(c) If the Commissioner receives credible information that a commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license holder is suspected but has not been convicted of fraud related to the issuance of his or her commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license, the Commissioner shall require the holder to retake the skills or knowledge test, or both, and send the holder notice of the same. Within 30 days after notice is sent, the holder shall make an appointment or otherwise schedule to take the test. If the holder fails to make an appointment within 30 days, the Commissioner shall disqualify his or her commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license. If the holder fails either the knowledge or skills test or does not take the test, the Commissioner shall disqualify his or her
commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license. Once a holder’s commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license has been disqualified, he or she must reapply for a commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license under the procedures applicable to all commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license applicants.

§ 4125. TEXTING VIOLATIONS; HANDHELD MOBILE TELEPHONE VIOLATIONS

* * *

(b)(1) General Prohibition on Texting prohibition on texting.

(1) No operator shall engage in texting while driving a commercial motor vehicle.

(2) Exception. Texting while driving is permissible by operators of a commercial motor vehicle when necessary to communicate with law enforcement officials or other emergency services.

(3) No person may be issued traffic complaints alleging a violation of this section and a violation of section 1099 of this title from the same incident.

(c)(1) General Prohibition on Use of Handheld Mobile Telephones prohibition on use of handheld mobile telephones.

(1) No operator shall use a handheld mobile telephone while driving a commercial motor vehicle.

(2) Exception. Use of a handheld mobile telephone is permissible by operators of a commercial motor vehicle when necessary to communicate with law enforcement officials or other emergency services.

(d) Motor Carriers carriers.

* * *

Sec. 255. 24 V.S.A. § 2291 is amended to read:

§ 2291. ENUMERATION OF POWERS

For the purpose of promoting the public health, safety, welfare, and convenience, a town, city, or incorporated village shall have the following powers:

* * *

(8) To regulate or prohibit the use or discharge, but not possession, of firearms within the municipality or specified portions thereof, provided that an ordinance adopted under this subdivision shall be consistent with section 2295
of this title and shall not prohibit, reduce, or limit discharge at any existing sport shooting range, as that term is defined in 10 V.S.A. § 5227.

* * *

Sec. 256. 24 V.S.A. § 3301 is amended to read:

§ 3301. WATER SUPPLY; CONSTRUCTION; CONDEMNATION; EXCEPTIONS

A municipal corporation is hereby authorized and empowered to construct, maintain, and repair an artesian well, reservoir or reservoirs, pumps, engines and apparatus, take, purchase, and acquire, in the manner hereinafter mentioned, any artesian wells, ponds, springs, streams, water courses, real estate, water rights, flowage rights, and easements necessary for its purposes within the limits provided by this section, together with such land surrounding and adjacent to the same as may be reasonably necessary for protecting and preserving the purity of the water in such artesian wells, ponds, springs, and streams and may enclose such artesian wells, ponds, springs, and streams by suitable fences for the purpose of such protection; and such corporation, within the limits hereinafter set forth in this section, and subject to the provisions of 30 V.S.A. § 108, may take, acquire, or purchase any or all of the aforementioned rights or properties owned or operated by any person or corporation engaged in the business of a water company, as defined by 30 V.S.A. § 203, within the limits of such municipal corporation. Such corporation may enter in and upon any land or water for the purpose of making surveys, may take and construct dams and reservoirs, lay pipes and aqueducts, may connect the same with the main aqueduct as may be necessary to convey the water taken as aforesaid to the reservoirs of such municipal corporation and distribute the same through such municipal corporation for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants thereof with water for fire, domestic, and other purposes. However, such municipal corporation shall not take otherwise than by purchase water or a spring of water that the owner or lessee or other person having a vested right or interest in such water or the use thereof may reasonably require for domestic use or the watering of animals on the premises where such water may be in use.

Sec. 257. 24 V.S.A. § 3303 is amended to read:

§ 3303. COMPENSATION; CONDEMNATION

The municipal corporation may agree with the owner or owners of any property, franchise, easement, or right that may be required by the municipal corporation for the purposes of this chapter, as to the compensation to be paid therefor. In case of failure to agree as to the compensation, or in case the
owner is an infant, a person who lacks capacity to protect his or her interests
due to a mental condition or psychiatric disability, absent from the State,
unknown, or the owner of a contingent interest, the Superior Court within and
for the county where the subject property is situated on the petition of either
party, may cause the notice to be given of the petition as the presiding judge of
the court may prescribe. After proof thereof, the presiding judge may appoint
three disinterested persons as commissioners to examine the property to be
taken or damaged by the municipal corporation. The commissioners after
being duly sworn, upon due notice to all parties in interest, shall view the
premises, hear the parties in respect to the property, and shall assess and award
to the owners and persons so interested just damages for any injury sustained
as aforesaid and make report in writing to the presiding judge. The presiding
judge may thereupon accept the report, unless just cause is shown to the
contrary. The presiding judge may order the municipal corporation to pay the
same in the time and manner as he or she may prescribe, in full compensation
for the property taken, or the injury done by the municipal corporation, or the
presiding judge may reject or recommit the report if the ends of justice so
require. On compliance with the order, the municipal corporation may
proceed with the construction of its work without liability for further claim for
damages. The presiding judge may award costs in the proceeding in his or her
discretion. The cause may be transferred to the Supreme Court as provided in
12 V.S.A. § 4601.

Sec. 258. 24 V.S.A. § 3306 is amended to read:

§ 3306. CHARGES, LIEN

The owner or occupant of any tenement, house, or building who takes the
water of such a municipal corporation shall be liable for the rent or price of the
same, and the officers and agents of such the municipal corporation entrusted
with the care and superintendence of the water may at all reasonable
times enter all premises so supplied to examine the pipes and fixtures and
prevent any unnecessary waste. If any person, without the consent of such the
municipal corporation, shall use any water, a civil action on this statute may be
maintained against such the person by such the municipal corporation for the
recovery of damages therefor. The charges, rates, or rents for water shall be a
lien upon the real estate furnished with the municipal corporation water in the
same manner and to the same effect as taxes are a lien on real estate under
32 V.S.A. § 5061.

Sec. 259. 24 V.S.A. § 3307 is amended to read:

§ 3307. INTERFERENCE WITH SUPPLY

If any person diverts the water or part thereof of any of the artesian wells,
ponds, springs, streams, aqueducts, water courses, or reservoirs, that shall be taken, used, or constructed by such municipal corporation, or shall corrupt the same, or make it impure, or commit any nuisance therein, or shall bathe therein, or within the limits, that may be taken or prescribed by such municipal corporation pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, or injure or destroy any artesian well, dam, embankment, aqueduct, pipe, reservoir, conduit, hydrant, structure, pump, machinery, or other property held, owned, or used by such municipal corporation under the provisions of this chapter, such person shall be liable to such municipal corporation in treble damages therefor, to be recovered in a civil action on this statute, and any such person on conviction of a violation under this section shall be fined not exceeding $100.00 or committed to the Commissioner of Corrections not more than six months, or both.

Sec. 260. 24 V.S.A. § 3316 is amended to read:

§ 3316. MEETINGS, VOTE

Any action taken by such a municipal corporation under the provisions of this chapter or relating to the matters therein set forth, in this chapter shall be by vote of the majority of the legal voters of such the municipal corporation, at a meeting duly warned and held, unless otherwise provided.

Sec. 261. 24 V.S.A. § 3342(a) is amended to read:

(a) When a majority of the voters of each town of a proposed consolidated water district present and voting in each case by Australian ballot at a town meeting duly warned for that purpose for the same day and during the same hours that shall be at least eight consecutive hours shall vote to join with one or more neighboring towns as specified in the warning for the purpose of forming a consolidated water district as herein provided, such vote shall thereupon be certified by the clerk of each town to the Secretary of State; and when all towns proposed as members of the consolidated water district as specified in such vote shall have so affirmatively voted and the results thereof shall have been certified to the Secretary of State, the Secretary of State shall thereupon file the same in his or her office and shall send a written notice to the clerk of each town to be included in the consolidated water district that the requirements of this section have been met by each town in the said district. Upon the filing of such records in the Office of the Secretary of State, such the consolidated water district shall become a body politic and corporate with the powers incident to a public corporation and such records shall be notice to all parties of the establishment of such the consolidated water district with all the powers incident to such a district as provided under this section; and such the filing shall be prima facie evidence that the requirements for the creation of a
consolidated water district as set forth in this section have been fully complied with. A consolidated water district may sue and be sued and may hold and convey real estate and personal estate for the use of the district and shall have and may exercise the powers and be subject to the duties and obligations of a municipal corporation provided for in chapter 89 of this title so far as the same may be applicable and except as otherwise provided in this chapter.

Sec. 262. 24 V.S.A. § 3343 is amended to read:

§ 3343. ORGANIZATIONAL MEETING

(a) Within 60 days after the Secretary of State shall have notified the clerks of the member towns that the requirements of section 3342 of this title have been met, the voters in such consolidated water district shall meet and organize the district. The meeting shall be warned by the chair of the legislative body of each town of the district or by a member designated by his or her respective board to act in the chair’s stead, and. The warning shall state the day, hour, and place within the district where the meeting will be held and shall be posted in not less than six public places in the district including at least two public places within each member town thereof, and shall be published three times in a newspaper circulating therein in the district, the last publication to be at least six days previous to the day of the meeting. The meeting shall be called to order by the clerk of the town in which the meeting is held, whereupon at which time a temporary presiding officer and clerk shall be elected from among the qualified voters. At such organizational meeting or an adjournment thereof of the meeting, the district shall elect a moderator and a permanent clerk thereof shall determine the number of water commissioners constituting the board of water commissioners; and shall elect a board of water commissioners, who shall be the legislative branch, a treasurer, and three auditors. All officers elected at the organizational meeting shall hold office until others are elected and qualified following the first annual meeting. The selectboard of each town may appoint an alternative water commissioner for each commissioner elected from that town, whose duty shall be to serve in place of the elected commissioner if the latter is unable to serve and to serve in his or her place if he or she resigns or is unable to proceed in office. The total number of water commissioners and the member from each member town may be agreed upon by the several member towns in advance of the organizational meeting. In the absence of such agreement, the number shall be set by the organizational meeting at not less than three nor more than eleven commissioners, including at least one from each member town. Changes in the total number of commissioners may be made at any annual meeting of the district duly warned for that purpose by vote of two-thirds of those present and voting; except that it shall always include at least one from each member town.
Water commissioners elected at the organizational meeting shall be elected from nominations made by the several towns at their most recent annual or special meeting, if such nominations have been made. Water commissioners to serve on the board of water commissioners of the consolidated district following the first annual meeting shall be elected by the member towns at their own annual or special meetings. Such elections shall be by Australian ballot in those member towns that elect their respective legislative branches by Australian ballot. All other consolidated water district officers shall be elected by the consolidated district. When there is only one nominee for any of the aforementioned offices, the voters may, by acclamation, instruct an officer to elect said that nominee by casting one ballot, and upon such the ballot being cast such the nominee shall be declared to be legally elected.

(b) At such organizational meeting or at an adjournment thereof of the meeting, the district may further authorize its board of water commissioners to pay any expense incurred by or on behalf of the district in the period between the date on which the member towns voted to join the district and the first annual meeting of the district. The word “expense” as used in this chapter shall include the cost of architects, surveyors, engineers, contractors, lawyers, or other consultants or experts as well as current operating expenses to be incurred by the district from its organizational meeting until its first annual meeting. The district may authorize its board of water commissioners to borrow money pending receipt of payments from the member towns as provided in this chapter by the issuance of its notes or orders payable not later than one year from the date. At such the organizational meeting, the district shall further select a name for the district, determine compensation, if any, to be paid to its officers, determine the date on which its annual meeting shall be held, (which shall not be earlier than October 1 or later than December 31), and adopt a seal. A certified copy of the vote designating the name of the consolidated water district shall be forthwith filed by the clerk of the district with the Secretary of State.

(c) All district officers elected at an annual meeting and water commissioners elected by their constituent towns shall enter upon their duties on April 1 following their election, unless a different date is set at an annual meeting. A vacancy occurring in any district office other than commissioner caused by death, resignation, removal from the district, or incapacity of an officer to carry his or her duties, shall be temporarily filled by the board of water commissioners with a person from the municipality from which the vacancy occurs within 10 days after the vacancy occurs and until the date when the newly elected officers take office. The vacancy shall be filled at the next annual meeting of the district. The term of office of the water commissioners and the auditors shall be three years and all other officers one
year. At the first annual meeting, the terms of office of the commissioners shall be divided by agreement. If possible by lot, if not, with one third expiring after one year, and one third expiring after two years, or as nearly as may be. At said first annual meeting, one auditor shall be elected for one year, and one auditor for two years, and thereafter for three years or until their successors are chosen and qualified.

* * *

Sec. 263. 24 V.S.A. § 3348 is amended to read:

§ 3348. FINANCES; WATER RATES; APPLICATION OF REVENUE

(a)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3311 of this title, the board of water commissioners of a consolidated water district shall establish rates for the water and services by meter service and all individuals, firms, and corporations, whether private, public, or municipal, shall pay to the treasurer of said that district the rates and stand-by charges established by said the board of water commissioners.

(2) In those districts where in which water is supplied by the consolidated water district to the consumer, rates shall be uniform within the district. A wholesale consolidated water district shall set a rate which that is uniform to all member towns, and it may further establish a separate schedule for nonmember users. The board of water commissioners may also enter into a contract with member and nonmember municipalities for the supply of water over a period of years.

(3) All rates shall be so established so as to provide revenue for the following purposes:

(A) to pay current expenses for operating and maintaining the water systems;

(B) to provide for the payment of interest on the indebtedness created by the district;

(C) to provide each year a sum equal to not less than two percent or more than five percent of the entire indebtedness created or assumed by the district to pay for the cost of the water system and improvements thereto to the water system, which sum shall be used to pay indebtedness maturing in said that year or turned into a sinking fund and there kept to provide for the extinguishment of indebtedness of the district;

(D) to capitalize a sinking fund, the proceeds of which shall be used to match federal funds;

(4) If any surplus remains at the end of the year, it may be turned into
the sinking fund or used to pay the cost of improvements to the water system.

(b) The money set aside for the sinking fund and any increment thereon shall be devoted to the retirement of obligations of the district or for the purpose of matching federal funds, or invested in such securities as savings banks or fiduciaries or trustees are now or hereafter allowed to hold. The balance of the revenue, if any, required to meet said expenses shall be apportioned among and collected from member towns as herein provided under this chapter.

(c) In the event that a member town in the district, elects to establish a system by vote at an annual or special town meeting for fire protection, a consolidated water district may, at the expense of such town, purchase and install hydrants in such the town and shall establish an annual fire protection stand-by charge for each hydrant, which charge shall be uniform throughout the district, and which shall be paid to the treasurer of the district by the member town in which such the system is located. Any municipality purchasing water from a consolidated water district may, in turn, sell the water to any adjoining municipality and may set a charge therefor which for the water that takes into account, in addition to the rate paid to the consolidated water district, a sum to cover the expense of transporting the water to the purchasing municipality.

Sec. 264. 24 V.S.A. § 3349 is amended to read:

§ 3349. ANNUAL BUDGET, APPORTIONMENT, ASSESSMENT, TAXES

(a) The board of water commissioners of the district shall at each annual meeting present to the district its budget for the ensuing year, which shall include an estimate of the revenue from water rates and other sources, except taxes and the expenses for the ensuing year, and the district shall appropriate such sum as it deems necessary for such of said all of the expenses as that are not disapproved (which disapproval may shall not include interest on or principal of any indebtedness created or assumed by the district), together with the amount required to pay any balance left unpaid from the preceding year as will not be met from such estimated revenues, expressing said the sum in dollars in its vote. At its first annual meeting, the district shall likewise vote a sum sufficient to pay any unpaid balance of expense, as defined in section 3343 of this title, which that has been therefore incurred by or on behalf of the district. Immediately following such the annual meeting, the board of water commissioners shall compute the share of each member town in the sums so voted and give notice of the amount thereof to the legislative branch, as defined in section 1751 of this title, of each member town.

(b) The expense of establishing, acquiring, maintaining, extending,
improving, and operating a water system for a consolidated water district shall, insofar as such expense shall to the extent that the expense will not be met from the proceeds of indebtedness or from water rates, rents, and other charges received from the use of such the water system, be divided among the member towns in accordance with a formula agreed to by the member towns by vote at an annual or special town meeting or, in the absence of any such agreement, as follows: two-thirds of such the expense shall be divided in the proportion which that the total number of gallons distributed to the inhabitants of each member town of the district bears to the total number of gallons so distributed in all the member towns in the last preceding full calendar year of operation of the district, and the balance of such the expense (or all of such the expense until the water system has been in operation for at least one full calendar year) shall be divided among the member towns in the proportion which that the population of each member town according to the last rental census bears to the total population of the district.

(c) The legislative branch of each member town shall, upon receipt of the notice of the share in the district expenses to be paid by the member town, assess upon the grand list of such the member town, in addition to any tax previously voted thereon on the grand list, a tax sufficient to raise the member town’s share in such the district expenses. The additional tax as so assessed shall be collected as are other taxes of such the member town and be deposited in the member town’s account of the member town. The legislative branch of such the member town shall order said the additional tax to be paid over to the treasurer of the district as collected by the 20th of the month after such the member town’s taxes become payable. If by the end of its fiscal year a member town has failed to collect and pay over to the treasurer of the district a sum sufficient to pay the member’s share of the expenses of the district, the legislative branch of such the member town shall assess a special tax of five percent on the grand list of such the member town, or such multiple thereof as is necessary to make up the unpaid balance of said the member town’s share, which special tax shall be collected as are other taxes of the member town. Upon the collection of said the special tax, the same shall be paid over to the treasurer of the district. If by the end of its fiscal year a member town fails to pay its share of the expenses of the district, or fails to make up a deficit therein from the preceding year as above provided in this subsection, the board of water commissioners of the district may bring a civil action on this statute in the name of the district to recover of the member town twice the amount of the share of such the member town which as remains unpaid, and upon judgment may levy its execution against any of the real or personal property within the member town.

Sec. 265. 24 V.S.A. § 3353 is amended to read:

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§ 3353. INDEBTEDNESS

(a) General obligations. A consolidated water district may incur indebtedness as provided by chapter 53, subchapter 1 of this title and by chapter 89 of this title for the purpose of paying the cost of a water system and improvements thereto to the water system or for funding or refunding, including the payment of premium, any bonds or other evidences of indebtedness issued or assumed by the district, provided, however, that the limits on indebtedness in said chapter 53 of this title or otherwise shall not apply to indebtedness incurred or assumed by a consolidated district for the purposes of this chapter.

(b) Joint and severable obligations. Obligations incurred under chapter 53, subchapter 1 and chapter 89 of this title or as otherwise authorized in this chapter by a consolidated water district, except obligations incurred under chapter 53, subchapter 2, shall be the joint and several obligations of such the district and the member towns composing it. However, as among such the member towns, their respective shares of such the obligation shall be apportioned and paid in the manner provided in this chapter. Any joint or several liability incurred by a member town under the provisions of this chapter shall not be considered in determining its debt limit for its own separate purposes. Notwithstanding the limitations in sections 1755 and 1759 of this title, bonds or other evidences of indebtedness of a consolidated water district may be authorized by a majority of the voters present and voting on the question at a district meeting, may be paid in not more than 40 years from their date of issue, may be made callable at the option of the district with or without premium, and the serial maturities of such the bonds or evidences of indebtedness may be so arranged that the first year in which principal is payable, the amount of principal and interest payable in any year shall be as nearly equal as is practicable according to the denominations in which such the bonds or other evidences of indebtedness are issued.

(c) Obligations payable solely from revenue. In addition to the authority granted in this section, a consolidated water district may issue bonds or other evidences of indebtedness pursuant to chapter 53, subchapter 2 of this title, and any amendment thereof or addition thereto, provided, however, that no such bonds payable solely from revenues shall be issued while the district has outstanding any bonds or other evidences of indebtedness for which said the district and the member towns are jointly and severally liable as provided under this chapter, except notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued temporarily in anticipation of revenue.

Sec. 266. 24 V.S.A. § 3354 is amended to read:
§ 3354. CHANGES IN MEMBERSHIP - INCLUSION OF ADDITIONAL TOWNS

(a) When a majority of voters of a town, present and voting at a meeting duly warned for that purpose, shall vote to apply to a consolidated water district for admission as a member of such district, such vote shall thereupon be certified by the clerk of the town to the clerk of the consolidated water district and to the Secretary of State. Such vote and certification, if accepted by the consolidated district within two years after the date of said vote, shall be binding on said town without the subsequent vote in the town contemplated in subsections (b) and (c) of this section.

(b) When it appears to the board of water commissioners that the boundaries of such a consolidated water district should be changed to include another town, they may insert an article fully describing the proposed change in the warning for a regular or special meeting of the district, which proposed change shall state the number of additional members to be added to the board of water commissioners if such change is approved.

(c) When a majority of the voters voting at such a meeting vote to include an additional town within the boundaries of the consolidated water district as a member thereof of the district, the board of water commissioners shall notify the legislative body of such additional town of such vote. Thereupon notification, the legislative body of the additional town proposed to be included shall duly warn a meeting thereof of the town, setting forth in such the warning the vote of the consolidated water district and the proposed change in its boundaries. If a majority of the voters voting at the meeting of the additional town vote to be included within the district, the result of such vote and the result of the vote already taken by the consolidated water district shall be certified to the Secretary of State, who shall record the same in his or her office. A certificate of such the record shall immediately be filed by the Secretary of State in the office of the clerk of the consolidated water district and of any additional town to be included therein as a member thereof of the district, which filing shall be notice to all parties of such the addition to the consolidated district.

(d) Said A consolidated water district as so enlarged shall thereupon have all the powers and responsibilities given it by this chapter. Any vacancy on the board of water commissioners created as a result of the increase in the number thereof of member towns shall be filled as provided in section 3343 of this title. The additional member town shall share in the expenses of the district in the proportion provided in this chapter for other member towns from the date the certificate of the Secretary of State is filed in the office of the clerk of the
district and the office of the clerk of such the additional town.

Sec. 267. 24 V.S.A. § 3625(a) is amended to read:

(a) When capacity under an original or amended discharge permit under 10 V.S.A. § 1263 is or has been granted to any municipality, as defined in 1 V.S.A. § 126, except existing town school districts or incorporated school districts, that capacity shall be allocated, in a manner consistent with a municipality’s obligation to its bondholders to establish rates and apply the proceeds as set forth in section 3616 of this title, pursuant to one of the following, whether in the form as adopted, or as later amended:

* * *

(3) Interim bylaws adopted under section 4410 of this title.

Sec. 268. 24 V.S.A. § 3684 is amended to read:

§ 3684. INDEBTEDNESS

(a) General obligations. A consolidated sewer district may incur indebtedness as provided by chapter 53, subchapter 1 of this title and by chapter 101 of this title for the purpose of paying the cost of a sewer system and improvements thereto to the sewer system or for funding or refunding, including the payment of premium, any bonds or other evidences of indebtedness issued or assumed by the district. The limits on indebtedness in chapter 53 of this title or otherwise shall not apply to indebtedness incurred or assumed by a consolidated district for the purposes of this chapter.

(b) Joint and several obligations. Obligations incurred under chapter 53, subchapter 1 of this title and chapter 101 of this title by a consolidated sewer district, shall be the joint and several obligations of the district and the member towns composing it. However, as among the member towns, their respective shares of the obligation shall be apportioned and paid in the manner provided in this chapter. Any joint or several liability incurred by a member town under this chapter shall not be considered in determining its debt limit for its separate purposes. Notwithstanding the limitations in sections 1755 and 1759 of this title, bonds or other evidences of indebtedness of a consolidated sewer district may be authorized by a majority of the voters present and voting on the question at a district meeting, may be paid in not more than 30 years from their date of issue, may be made callable at the option of the district with or without premium, and the serial maturities of those bonds or evidences of indebtedness may be so arranged that beginning with the first year in which principal is payable, the amount of principal and interest payable in any year shall be as nearly equal as is practicable according to the denominations in which the bonds or other evidences of indebtedness are issued.
(c) Obligations payable solely from revenue. In addition to authority granted in this section, a consolidated sewer district may issue bonds or other evidences of indebtedness under chapter 53, subchapter 2 of this title, and any amendment thereof or addition thereeto. However, no such bonds payable solely from revenues may be issued while the district has outstanding any bonds or other evidences of indebtedness for which the district and the member towns are jointly and severally liable as herein provided in this chapter, except notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued temporarily in anticipation of revenue.

Sec. 269. 24 V.S.A. § 3903 is amended to read:

§ 3903. MILITARY RECORDS

A town may appoint a person, who need not be a resident of the town, to prepare a military record at the expense of the town, which shall contain the name of every person in the U.S. Armed Forces furnished by such the town during any wars or military enterprises in which the United States has been engaged with the following statistics, so far as applicable to each case: age at the time of enlistment or induction; birthplace; date of enlistment; date of muster into the service of the United States; rank; promotions; reenlistment; date and cause of discharge and cause thereof; date of pension and amount; date and cause of death and cause; date, place, and nature of wounds; bounty received from the town and bounty received from individuals and any other pertinent information.

Sec. 270. 24 V.S.A. § 5051 is amended to read:

§ 5051. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

(4) “Average final compensation” (AFC) means:

(A) For a Group A member, the average annual earnable compensation of a member during the five consecutive fiscal years beginning July 1 and ending June 30 of creditable service affording the highest average, or during all of the years of creditable service if fewer than five years. If the member’s highest five years of earnable compensation are the five years prior to separation of service and the member separates prior to the end of a fiscal year, the AFC shall be determined by adding all of the following:

(i) The actual earnable compensation earned in the fiscal year of separation through the date of separation and the service credit to correspond with the last pay date.
(ii) The earnable compensation and service credit earned in the preceding four fiscal years; and

(iii) The remaining service credit that is needed to complete the five full years, which shall be factored from the fiscal year preceding the four fiscal years described in subdivision (ii) of this subdivision (A). The earnable compensation associated with this remaining service credit shall be calculated by multiplying the annual earnable compensation reported by the remaining service credit that is needed.

(B) For a Group B or C member, the term means the average annual earnable compensation of a member during the three consecutive fiscal years beginning on July 1 and ending on June 30 of creditable service affording the highest average, or during all of the years in his or her creditable service if fewer than three years. If the member’s highest three years of earnable compensation are the three years prior to separation of service and the member separates prior to the end of a fiscal year, the AFC shall be determined by adding all of the following:

(i) The actual earnable compensation earned in the fiscal year of separation through the date of separation and the service credit to correspond with the last pay date;

(ii) The earnable compensation and service credit earned in the preceding two fiscal years; and

(iii) The remaining service credit that is needed to complete the three full years, which shall be factored from the fiscal year preceding the two fiscal years described in subdivision (ii) of this subdivision (B). The earnable compensation associated with this remaining service credit shall be calculated by multiplying the annual earnable compensation reported by the remaining service credit that is needed.

(C) For a Group D member, the term means the average annual earnable compensation of a member during the two consecutive fiscal years beginning on July 1 and ending on June 30 of creditable service affording the highest such average, or during all of the years in his or her creditable service if fewer than two years. If the member’s highest two years of earnable compensation are the two years prior to separation of service and the member separates prior to the end of a fiscal year, the AFC shall be determined by adding all of the following:

(i) The actual earnable compensation earned in the fiscal year of separation through the date of separation and the service credit to correspond with the last pay date;
(ii) The earnable compensation and service credit earned in the preceding fiscal year;

(iii) The remaining service credit that is needed to complete the two full years, which shall be factored from the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year described in subdivision (ii) of this subdivision (C). The earnable compensation associated with this remaining service credit shall be calculated by multiplying the annual earnable compensation reported by the remaining service credit that is needed.

(D) For purposes of determining average final compensation for a member who has accrued service in more than one group plan within the System, the highest consecutive years of earnings will be based on the formulas outlined in subdivision (A), (B), or (C) of this subdivision (4) using the earnable compensation received while a member of the System.

* * *

(7) “Continuous service” means those periods of service as an employee with all employers, provided all of the following conditions are met:

(A) The period of each employment was uninterrupted;

(B) Not more than 30 days elapsed between termination of one period of employment and commencement of the next;

(C) Each such termination occurred after the effective date of the System; and

(D) Each employer employing the employee after the effective date was a participant in the System during the period it employed the employee. Notwithstanding any other provisions, continuous service prior to the effective date of this plan shall commence on the most recent date of hire as an employee, but in no case shall the continuous service of an employee prior to the effective date of this plan be for a period longer than 20 years. If an employee does not withdraw his or her contributions, continuous service shall not be interrupted by:

* * *

(15) “Normal retirement date.” means:

* * *

Sec. 271. 24 App. V.S.A. Ch. 156, § 14(a) is amended to read:

(a) Elective offices. Local elective offices to be filled by the voters of the Town of Williston shall be only those articulated by this charter, and shall include:

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Sec. 272. 26 V.S.A. § 373(a) is amended to read:

(a) A person licensed by the Board to practice podiatry shall apply biennially for the renewal of his or her license. At least one month prior to the date on which renewal is required, the Board shall send to each licensee a license renewal application form and notice of the date on which the existing license will expire. On or before the renewal date, the licensee shall file an application for license renewal and pay the required fee; however, any podiatrist while on extended active duty in the uniformed services of the United States or as a member of the National Guard, State Guard, or reserve component as a member of the U.S. Armed Forces, a reserve component of the U.S. Armed Forces, the National Guard, or the State Guard who is licensed as a podiatrist at the time of an activation or deployment of the licensee was ordered to active duty shall receive an extension of licensure up to 90 days following the podiatrist’s return from activation or deployment active duty, provided the podiatrist notifies the Board of his or her activation or deployment that the licensee has been ordered to active duty prior to the expiration of the current license and certifies that the circumstances of the activation or deployment duty impede good faith efforts to make timely application for renewal of the license. The Board shall register the applicant and issue the renewal license. Within one month following the date by which renewal is required, the Board shall pay the license renewal fees into the Medical Practice Board Special Fund.

Sec. 273. 26 V.S.A. § 898(b) is amended to read:

(b) Work notices, certificates of completion, and energizing permits shall be issued by municipal inspectors in the same manner and subject to the same conditions that they are issued by the State electrical inspectors under sections 893 and 894 of this title shall apply to municipal inspections under this section.

Sec. 274. 26 V.S.A. § 903(a) is amended to read:

(a) To be eligible for licensure as a journeyman electrician an applicant shall:

(1) provide verification by the Vermont Apprenticeship Council of completion of an apprenticeship in electrical wiring that included both instruction and practice in work processes; or

(2) have had equivalent training and experience, within or without outside this State, acceptable to the Board; and

(3) pass an examination to the satisfaction of the Board.
Sec. 275. 26 V.S.A. § 1400(f) is amended to read:

(f) A person who practices medicine and who fails to renew his or her license in accordance with the provisions of this section shall be deemed an illegal practitioner and shall forfeit the right to so practice or to hold himself or herself out as a person licensed to practice medicine in the State until reinstated by the Board, but nevertheless except that a physician while on extended active duty in the uniformed services of the United States or as a member of the National Guard, State Guard, or reserve component as a member of the U.S. Armed Forces, a reserve component of the U.S. Armed Forces, the National Guard, or the State Guard who is licensed as a physician at the time of an activation or deployment of the licensee was ordered to active duty shall receive an extension of licensure up to 90 days following the physician’s return from the activation or deployment of active duty, provided the physician notifies the Board of his or her activation or deployment that the licensee has been ordered to active duty prior to the expiration of the current license and certifies that the circumstances of the activation or deployment duty impede good faith efforts to make timely application for renewal of the license.

Sec. 276. 26 V.S.A. § 1443 is amended to read:

§ 1443. RECORDS IMMUNE FROM DISCOVERY

* * *

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, a peer review committee shall provide the Board with all supporting information and evidence pertaining to information required to be reported under section 1317 of this title and shall provide access to such information and evidence to the Department of Health as provided in and for the purpose of determining a hospital’s compliance with 18 V.S.A. chapter 43a.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1318 of this title, relating to accessibility and confidentiality of disciplinary matters, the proceedings, reports, records, reporting information, and evidence of a peer review committee provided by the committee to the Board in accordance with the provisions of section 1317 of this title or to the Department of Health in accordance with 18 V.S.A. chapter 43a and subsection (b) of this section may be used by the Board or by the Commissioner of Health or Board of Health for disciplinary and enforcement purposes but shall not be subject to public disclosure.

Sec. 277. 26 V.S.A. § 1734b(a) is amended to read:

(a) Licenses shall be renewed every two years on payment of the required
fee. At least one month prior to the date on which renewal is required, the Board shall send to each licensee a license renewal application form and notice of the date on which the existing license will expire. On or before the renewal date, the licensee shall file an application for license renewal and pay the required fee. The Board shall register the applicant and issue the renewal license. Within one month following the date renewal is required, the Board shall pay the license renewal fees into the Medical Practice Board Special Fund.

Any physician assistant while on extended active duty in the uniformed services of the United States or member of the National Guard, State Guard, or reserve component as a member of the U.S. Armed Forces, the National Guard, or the State Guard who is licensed as a physician assistant at the time of an activation or deployment the licensee was ordered to active duty shall receive an extension of licensure up to 90 days following the physician assistant’s return from activation or deployment active duty, provided the physician assistant notifies the Board of his or her activation or deployment that the licensee has been ordered to active duty prior to the expiration of the current license, and certifies that the circumstances of the activation or deployment duty impede good faith efforts to make timely application for renewal of the license.

Sec. 278. 26 V.S.A. § 2083 is amended to read:

§ 2083. EXEMPTIONS FROM LICENSURE

The following persons shall be permitted to practice as a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant in this State without obtaining a license under this chapter upon the following conditions:

* * *

(3) physical therapists and physical therapist assistants employed in the U.S. Armed Services, U.S. Public Health Service, Veterans Administration U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, or other by another federal agency;

* * *

Sec. 279. 26 V.S.A. § 2193(a) is amended to read:

(a) Each applicant for license shall present to the executive office of the Board on blanks furnished by the Board, a written application for examination and license containing such information as the Board may require, accompanied by the fee required. Notwithstanding 32 V.S.A. § 502(a), if the examination is conducted by an outside testing service, the required examination fee may be paid directly to the testing service. Examinations shall be in whole or in part in writing and shall include the theoretical and practical nature of plumbing or specialties, or both, and knowledge of State laws and
Department, the rules of the Departments of Health and of Environmental Conservation regulations, and such other rules and regulations as the Board may determine necessary to satisfactorily determine the qualifications of the applicant. Examinations shall be relevant to the instructional material taught in classes, codes used, and new developments and procedures within the trade.

Sec. 280. 27 V.S.A. § 1248 is amended to read:

§ 1248. PAYMENT OR DELIVERY OF UNCLAIMED PROPERTY

* * *

(b) If the property reported to the treasurer is a security or security entitlement under 9 9A V.S.A. article 8, the treasurer is an appropriate person to make an endorsement, instruction, or entitlement order on behalf of the apparent owner to invoke the duty of the issuer or its transfer agent or the securities intermediary to transfer or dispose of the security or the security entitlement in accordance with 9 9A V.S.A. article 8.

* * *

Sec. 281. 28 V.S.A. § 105(e) is amended to read:

(e) If the caseloads established in subsection (d) of this section are exceeded for longer than 120 days, the Commissioner shall be authorized to designate community correctional officers to partially augment staffing caseloads. If such designation does not remedy the excess caseloads:

(1) The Commissioner shall report to the Joint Corrections Legislative Justice Oversight Committee the causes for the excess and proposals for addressing them.

* * *

Sec. 282. 28 V.S.A. § 120(h) is amended to read:

(h) Required participation. All persons under the custody of the Commissioner who are under the age of 23 years of age and have not received a high school diploma, or are assessed to have a moderate-to-high criminogenic need and are within 24 months of reentry shall participate in an education program. The Commissioner may approve the participation of other students, including individuals who are enrolled in an alternative justice or diversion program.

Sec. 283. 28 V.S.A. § 301 is amended to read:

§ 301. SUMMONS OR ARREST OF PROBATIONER

At any time before the discharge of the probationer or the termination of the
period of probation:

(1) **Summons or warrant for arrest.** The court may summon the probationer to appear before it or may issue a warrant for his or her arrest.

* * *

(5) **Release of certain persons on probation for nonviolent offenses.**

(A) At arraignment, if the court finds that bail or conditions of release will reasonably ensure the probationer’s appearance at future proceedings and conditions of release will reasonably protect the public, the court shall release a probationer who is on probation for a nonviolent misdemeanor or nonviolent felony pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 7554.

(B) As used in this section:

(i) “Nonviolent felony” means a felony offense that is not a listed crime as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 5301(7) or an offense involving sexual exploitation of children in violation of 13 V.S.A. chapter 64.

(ii) “Nonviolent misdemeanor” means a misdemeanor offense that is not a listed crime as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 5301(7) or an offense involving sexual exploitation of children in violation of 13 V.S.A. chapter 64 or 13 V.S.A. § 1030.

Sec. 284. 28 V.S.A. § 701a is amended to read:

§ 701a. SEGREGATION OF INMATES WITH A SERIOUS FUNCTIONAL IMPAIRMENT

(a) The Commissioner shall adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 regarding the classification, treatment, and segregation of an inmate with a serious functional impairment as defined and identified under subchapter 6 of this chapter; provided that the length of stay in segregation for an inmate with a serious functional impairment:

(1) **Shall** not exceed 15 days if the inmate is segregated for disciplinary reasons; or

(2) **Shall** not exceed 30 days if the inmate requested the segregation, except that the inmate may remain segregated for successive 30-day periods following assessment by a qualified mental health professional and approval of a physician for each extension; and

(3) **Shall** not exceed 30 days if the inmate is segregated for any reason other than the reasons set forth in subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection, except that the inmate may remain segregated for successive 30-
day periods following a due process hearing for each extension, which shall include assessment by a qualified mental health professional and approval of a physician.

(b) As used in this section, “segregation” shall have the same meaning as in subdivision 3(12) of this title.

(c) On or before the 15th day of each month, the Department’s Health Services Director shall provide to the Joint Legislative Justice Oversight Committee a report that, while protecting inmate confidentiality, lists each inmate who was in segregation during the preceding month by a unique indicator and identifies the reason the inmate was placed in segregation, the length of the inmate’s stay in segregation, whether the inmate has a serious functional impairment. The report shall also indicate any incident of self harm or attempted suicide by inmates in segregation. The Department shall ensure that a copy of the report is forwarded on a monthly basis to the Vermont Defender General and the Executive Director of Vermont Protection and Advocacy, Inc. on a monthly basis to the entity designated as Vermont’s protection and advocacy system. At the request of the Committee, the Director shall also provide information about the nature of the functional impairments of inmates placed in segregation or services provided to these inmates. In addition, at least annually, the Department shall provide a report on all inmates placed in segregation who were receiving mental health services.

Sec. 285. 29 V.S.A. § 47(b) is amended to read:

(b) The advisory committee shall consist of the following or a designee: the Commissioner, the director of the Council, the Chairs of the Senate and House Committee on Corrections and Institutions Committees and the Senate Committee on Institutions, and the Chair of the Vermont Board of Architects. Legislative members of the committee shall be entitled to per diem compensation and expense reimbursement for attending committee meetings pursuant to the provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 406.

Sec. 286. 29 V.S.A. § 503(25) is amended to read:

(25) “State land manager,” with respect to any State lands, means the secretary of any agency to which a department or division having responsibility for those lands is attached; or if not attached to an agency, the commissioner of a department or the chairman chair of a board having responsibility for those lands; or if no agency has responsibility for the lands, the Secretary of Environmental Conservation Natural Resources.

Sec. 287. 29 V.S.A. § 1153a is amended to read:
§ 1153a. LEGISLATIVE DIRECTORY

(a) The Secretary of State shall, at each biennial session of the Legislature General Assembly, prepare a legislative directory containing appropriate matter. A sufficient number of copies of the same directory shall be printed by December 1 of each odd-numbered year and shall be delivered to the State Librarian, who shall deliver:

(1) one copy to each town and county clerk;
(2) one copy to each elective and appointive State officer;
(3) one copy to each member of the General Assembly;
(4) one copy to the clerk of each State board;
(5) one copy each to Castleton University, Johnson, and Lyndon State Colleges each campus of Northern Vermont University, the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College, and Vermont Technical College at Randolph;
(6) one copy to each high school and academy library in the State;
(7) one copy each to the Secretary and Assistant Secretary of the Senate;
(8) one copy each to the Clerk and Assistant Clerks of the House of Representatives;
(9) 25 copies to the Secretary of State; and
(10) the remaining copies to the Department of Libraries.

(b) The State Librarian may sell copies of the legislative directory to the general public and charge a reasonable price. Receipts from such sales shall be deposited in the General Fund.

Sec. 288. 29 V.S.A. § 1158(a) is amended to read:

(a) The State Librarian shall deliver the Acts and Resolves as follows: to the Secretary of State, six copies; to the Clerk of the U.S. Supreme Court for the use of the Court, one copy; to the Governor’s Office and to the Governor and Lieutenant Governor, one copy each; to the Library of Congress, four copies; to each county clerk, three copies; one to each of the following officers and institutions: each department of the U.S. government and upon request to federal libraries, elective and appointive State officers, the clerk of each State board or commission, superintendent of each State institution, the library of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College, the library of Castleton University, the libraries of Johnson and Lyndon State Colleges each
campus of Northern Vermont University, Vermont Technical College, Middlebury College, Norwich University, St. Michael’s College, senators and representatives of this State in Congress, members of the General Assembly during the session at which such laws were adopted, the Secretary and Assistant Secretary of the Senate, Clerk and Assistant Clerks of the House of Representatives, the judges, attorney, marshall marshal, and clerk of the U.S. District Court in this State, the judge of the Second Circuit U.S. Court of Appeals from Vermont, Justices and ex-Justices of the Supreme Court, Superior judges, the reporter of decisions, judges and registers of probate, sheriffs, State’s Attorneys, town clerks; one each, upon request and as the available supply permits, to assistant judges, justices of the peace, the chair of the legislative body of each municipality, and town treasurers; one within the State, to the Vermont Historical Society, to each county or regional bar law library, and one copy to each state or territorial library or Supreme Court library, and foreign library which that makes available to Vermont its comparable publication, provided that if any of these officials hold more than one of the offices named, that official shall be entitled to only one copy.

Sec. 289. 29 V.S.A. § 1601(b) is amended to read:

(b) The Municipal Equipment Loan Fund shall be administered by the State Treasurer and the State Traffic Committee, pursuant to policies and procedures approved by the Traffic Committee established by 23 V.S.A. § 1003 19 V.S.A. § 1(24). The Committee shall establish criteria for distribution of available loan funds among municipalities considering at least financial need, geographic distribution, and ability to repay. The Fund shall be a revolving fund and all principal and interest earned on loans and the Fund balance remaining in the Fund at the end of any fiscal year shall not revert but be carried over in the Fund for use in the succeeding fiscal year.

Sec. 290. 30 V.S.A. § 7521(a) is amended to read:

(a) A Universal Service Charge is imposed on all retail telecommunications service provided to a Vermont address. Where the location of a service and the location receiving the bill differ, the location of the service shall be used to determine whether the Charge applies. The Charge is imposed on the person purchasing the service, but shall be collected by the telecommunications provider. Each telecommunications service provider shall include in its tariffs filed at the Public Utility Commission a description of its billing procedures for the Universal Service Fund Charge.

Sec. 291. 32 V.S.A. § 306a is amended to read:

§ 306a. PURPOSE OF THE STATE BUDGET
(a) Purpose of the State budget. The State budget, consistent with Chapter I, Article 7 of Vermont’s Constitution, should “be instituted for the common benefit, protection, and security of the people, nation, or community....” The State budget should be designed to address the needs of the people of Vermont in a way that advances human dignity and equity and in a manner that supports the population-level outcomes set forth in 3 V.S.A. § 2311.

Sec. 292. 32 V.S.A. § 312 is amended to read:
§ 312. TAX EXPENDITURE REPORT

(b) Tax expenditure reports. Biennially, as part of the budget process, beginning on January 15, 2009, the Department of Taxes and the Joint Fiscal Office shall file with the House Committees on Ways and Means and on Appropriations and the Senate Committees on Finance and on Appropriations a report on tax expenditures in the personal and corporate income taxes, sales and use tax, meals and rooms tax, insurance premium tax, bank franchise tax, education property tax, diesel fuel tax, gasoline tax, and motor vehicle purchase and use tax. The Office of Legislative Council shall also be available to assist with this tax expenditure report. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this subsection. The report shall include, for each tax expenditure, the following information:

Sec. 293. 32 V.S.A. § 1111 is amended to read:
§ 1111. EXEMPTION FROM LICENSING RENEWAL FEES; PERSONS OVER 80 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, licensees who are 80 years of age or older shall be exempt from payment of a renewal fee required under any provision of Title 26 or any of the following statutes:

(1) 18 V.S.A. chapter 46 (nursing home administrators); and
(2) 31 V.S.A. chapter 3 of Title 31 (boxing); and
(3) chapter 203 of this title (auctioneers). [Repealed.]

Sec. 294. 32 V.S.A. § 5930aa(2) is amended to read:

(2) “Qualified building” means a building built at least 30 years before
the date of application, located within a designated downtown or village center, which upon completion of the project supported by the tax credit will be an income-producing building not used solely as a single-family residence. Churches and other buildings owned by religious organizations may be qualified buildings, but in no event shall tax credits be used for religious worship.

Sec. 295. 32 V.S.A. § 6068(b) is amended to read:

(b) Late-filing penalties. If the claimant fails to file a timely claim, the amount of the property tax credit under this chapter shall be reduced by $15.00, but not below $0.00, which shall be paid to the municipality for the cost of issuing an adjusted homestead property tax bill. No benefit shall be allowed in the calendar year unless the claim is filed with the Commissioner on or before October 15.

Sec. 296. 32 V.S.A. § 9202(10) is amended to read:

(10) “Taxable meal” means:

* * *

(D) “Taxable meal” shall not include:

* * *

(ii) Food or beverage, including that described in subdivision (10)(C) of this section:

* * *

(IX) provided to the elderly pursuant to the Older Americans Act, 42 U.S.C. chapter 35, subchapter VII;  

* * *

Sec. 297. 32 V.S.A. § 9271 is amended to read:

§ 9271. LICENSES REQUIRED  
Each operator prior to commencing business shall register with the Commissioner each place of business within the State where he or she operates a hotel or sells taxable meals or alcoholic beverages; provided, however, that an operator who sells taxable meals through a vending machine shall not be required to hold a license for each individual machine, and a booking agent shall not be required to hold a separate license for each property the rental of that which it facilitates. Upon receipt of an application in such form and containing such information as the Commissioner may require for the proper administration of this chapter, the Commissioner shall issue without charge a
license for each such place in such form as he or she may determine, attesting that such registration has been made. No person shall engage in serving taxable meals or alcoholic beverages or renting hotel rooms without the license provided in this section. The license shall be nonassignable and nontransferable and shall be surrendered to the Commissioner if the business is sold or transferred or if the registrant ceases to do business at the place named.

Sec. 298. 33 V.S.A. § 2604 is amended to read:

§ 2604. ELIGIBLE BENEFICIARIES; REQUIREMENTS

(a) Household income eligibility requirements. The Secretary of Human Services or designee, by rule, shall establish household income eligibility requirements of beneficiaries in the Seasonal Fuel Assistance Program including the income of all residents of the household. The income eligibility requirements shall require that households have a gross household income no greater than 185 percent of the federal poverty level nor in excess of income maximums established by LIHEAP in order to be potentially eligible for benefits. To the extent allowed by federal law, the Secretary of Human Services or designee shall establish by rule a calculation of gross income based on the same rules used in 3SquaresVT, except that the Secretary or designee shall include additional deductions or exclusions from income required by LIHEAP.

(b) Fuel cost requirements. The Secretary of Human Services or designee shall by procedure establish a table that contains amounts that will function as a proxy for applicant households’ annual heating fuel cost for the previous year. The seasonal fuel expenditure estimates contained within the table shall closely approximate the actual home heating costs experienced by participants in the Home Heating Fuel Assistance Program. The table shall be revised no less frequently than every three years based on data supplied by certified fuel suppliers, the Department of Public Service, and other industry sources to the Office of Home Heating Fuel Assistance. The Secretary or designee shall provide a draft of the table to the Home Energy Assistance Task Force established pursuant to subsection 2602a(c) of this title and solicit input from the Task Force prior to finalizing the table.

* * *

Sec. 299. 2014 Acts and Resolves No. 131, Sec. 135, as amended by 2015 Acts and Resolves No. 4, Sec. 71, 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 85, Sec. E.338.2, 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 87, Sec. 51, and 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 72, Sec. E.338.4, is further amended to read:

Sec. 135. EFFECTIVE DATES

- 1528 -
[Repealed.] This act shall take effect on passage.

Sec. 300. 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 60, Sec. 3, as amended by 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 203, Sec. 1, is further amended to read:

Sec. 3. REPEAL

On July 1, 2021, 15 V.S.A. § 752(b)(8) § 752(b)(9) (spousal support and maintenance guidelines) is repealed.

Sec. 301. 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 51, Sec. 41(3) is amended to read:

(3) Sec. 8 (market-based sourcing) shall take effect on January 1, 2020, and apply to tax years starting on or after that date.

Sec. 302. REPEAL

2 V.S.A. chapter 26 (National Legislative Association on Prescription Drug Prices) is repealed.

Sec. 303. INTERPRETATION

It is the intent of the General Assembly that the technical amendments in this act shall not supersede substantive changes contained in other bills enacted by the General Assembly during the current biennium. Where possible, the amendments in this act shall be interpreted to be supplemental to other amendments of the same sections of statute; to the extent the provisions conflict, the substantive changes in other acts shall take precedence over the technical changes of this act.

Sec. 304. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on passage, except that, notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Sec. 300 (amending 2014 Acts and Resolves No. 131, Sec. 135, as amended) shall take effect retroactively on July 1, 2019.

(Committee Vote: 11-0-0)

H. 795

An act relating to increasing hospital price transparency

Rep. Rogers of Waterville, for the Committee on Health Care, recommends the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. GREEN MOUNTAIN CARE BOARD; PRICE TRANSPARENCY DASHBOARD; PRIVATE PAY PRICING; REPORT

On or before February 1, 2021, the Green Mountain Care Board shall report to the House Committee on Health Care and the Senate Committees on Health
and Welfare and on Finance regarding its progress in developing and implementing a public, interactive, Internet-based price transparency dashboard for use by health care consumers, including the results of the Board’s efforts to validate VHCURES data through comparison with hospital discharge data and with information from the health insurers and the status of the Board’s work with the various payers to incorporate location information into VHCURES data. The Board shall also include in the report any information ascertained from the validation process regarding payments for services by patients without health insurance coverage, as well as the information the hospitals track relating to self-pay patients and the means by which hospitals may provide information to the Board in the future regarding actual amounts paid for services by patients without health insurance coverage.

Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. § 9411 is added to read:

§ 9411. INTERACTIVE PRICE TRANSPARENCY DASHBOARD

(a) The Green Mountain Care Board shall develop and maintain a public, interactive, Internet-based price transparency dashboard that allows consumers to compare health care prices for certain health care services across the State. Using data from the Vermont Healthcare Claims Uniform Reporting and Evaluation System (VHCURES) established pursuant to section 9410 of this title, the dashboard shall provide the range of actual allowed amounts for selected health care services, showing both the amount paid by the health insurer or other payer and the amount of the member’s responsibility, and shall allow the consumer to sort the information by geographic location, by health care provider, by payer type, and by the specific health care procedure or health care service. The Board shall provide a link on the dashboard to the statewide comparative hospital quality report published by the Commissioner of Health pursuant to section 9405b of this title.

(b) The Board shall update the information in the interactive price transparency dashboard at least annually.

Sec. 3. INTERACTIVE PRICE TRANSPARENCY DASHBOARD; DEMONSTRATION; RECOMMENDATIONS; REPORT

(a) On or before February 1, 2022, the Green Mountain Care Board shall provide a demonstration of the interactive price transparency dashboard developed pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 9411 to the House Committees on Health Care and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Finance.

(b) In addition to the demonstration required by subsection (a) of this section, on or before February 1, 2022, the Green Mountain Care Board shall provide recommendations to the House Committee on Health Care and the
Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Finance regarding ways in which the price transparency dashboard may be expanded to provide information on health care quality, on actual amounts charged to patients without health insurance coverage after the application of any relevant charity care policies or other discounts, and on other claims and payment data not currently collected by VHCURES.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) Secs. 1 (Green Mountain Care Board; price transparency dashboard; private pay pricing; report), 3 (interactive price transparency dashboard; demonstration; recommendations; report), and this section shall take effect on passage.

(b) Sec. 2 (18 V.S.A. § 9411) shall take effect on July 1, 2020, with the interactive price transparency dashboard becoming available for use by the public as soon as it is operational, but in no event later than February 15, 2022.

(Committee Vote: 10-0-1)

Action Under Rule 52

J.R.H. 9

Joint resolution authorizing the Green Mountain Girls State educational program to use the State House

(For text see House Journal March, 11, 2020)

NOTICE CALENDAR

Favorable with Amendment

H. 424

An act relating to the Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children

Rep. Gregoire of Fairfield, for the Committee on Human Services, recommends the bill be amended as follows:

First: In Sec. 1, repeal, by striking out “, subchapter 1”

Second: In Sec. 2, 33 V.S.A. chapter 59, subchapter 1, in the section designation, by striking out “, subchapter 1” and, following section 5918, by adding the following:

Subchapter 2. Provisions Relating to Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children

§ 5921. FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY
Financial responsibility for any child placed pursuant to the provisions of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of section 5907 of this title. However, in the event of partial or complete default of performance thereunder, the provisions of this title and Title 15 also may be invoked.

§ 5922. AGENCY

This State’s “government child welfare agency or child protection agency,” “public child placing agency,” and “central state compact office” is the Department for Children and Families.

§ 5923. AGREEMENTS

The officers and agencies of this State having authority to place children are hereby empowered to enter into agreements with appropriate officers or agencies of or in other party states pursuant to the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children. Any such agreement which contains a financial commitment or imposes a financial obligation on this State or agency thereof shall not be binding unless it has the approval in writing of the Secretary of the Agency of Administration.

§ 5924. PLACEMENT OF CHILD IN ANOTHER STATE

The officers and agencies of this State having authority to place a child in the custody of the Commissioner of the Department for Children and Families may place such a child in another state. However, unless parental rights have been judicially terminated any such child being placed in another state pursuant to this compact shall, upon request, be given a court hearing on notice to the parent or guardian with opportunity to be heard prior to his or her being sent to such other state for care and the court finds that:

(1) equivalent facilities for the child are not available in this State;

(2) care in the other state is in the best interest of the child and will not produce undue hardship.

§ 5925. EXECUTIVE HEAD

The term “executive head” in this State means the Secretary of the Agency of Human Services. The Secretary of the Agency of Human Services is hereby authorized to appoint a compact administrator in accordance with the terms of section 5907 of this title.

Third: By striking out Sec. 3 in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATES
(a) Secs. 1 and 2 shall take effect 18 months from the date on which the Compact set forth in Sec. 2 is enacted into law by 35 states.

(b) This section shall take effect on passage.

(Committee Vote: 11-0-0)

H. 562

An act relating to the definition of agricultural land for the purposes of use value appraisals

Rep. Graham of Williamstown, for the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry, recommends the bill ought to pass.

(Committee Vote: 8-0-0)

Rep. Masland of Thetford, for the Committee on Ways and Means, recommends that the bill be amended in Sec. 1, 32 V.S.A. § 3752(1) in subdivision (B) (definition of agricultural land), after “0.1 of an acre or less” by striking out “of the total enrolled land”

(Committee Vote: 11-0-0)

H. 643

An act relating to banking and insurance

Rep. Ralph of Hartland, for the Committee on Commerce and Economic Development, recommends the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Personal Information Protection Companies * * *

Sec. 1. 8 V.S.A. § 2100 is amended to read:

§ 2100. APPLICATION OF CHAPTER

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this part, this chapter applies to a person doing or soliciting business in this State as described in this part.

(b) This chapter does not apply to:

(1) development credit corporations subject to chapter 65 of this title; or
(2) independent trust companies subject to chapter 77 of this title; or
(3) personal information protection companies subject to chapter 78 of this title.

Sec. 2. 8 V.S.A. § 2102(b)(14) is added to read:

(14) For an application for a personal information protection company
license under chapter 78 of this title, $500.00 as a license fee and $500.00 as an application and investigation fee.

Sec. 3. 8 V.S.A. § 2109(a)(14) is added to read:

(14) For a personal information protection company license under chapter 78 of this title, $500.00.

Sec. 4. 8 V.S.A. § 2453 is amended to read:

§ 2453. QUALIFIED PERSONAL INFORMATION PROTECTION COMPANY

(a) A personal information protection company shall qualify to conduct its business under the terms of this chapter, chapter 72 of this title, and applicable rules adopted by the Department of Financial Regulation.

(b) A person shall not engage in business as a personal information protection company in this State without first obtaining a certificate of authority license from the Department.

* * *

Sec. 5. REPEAL

8 V.S.A. § 2456 (concerning fees applicable to personal information protection companies under 8 V.S.A. chapter 78) is repealed.

* * * Licensed Lenders; Exemption; All States * * *

Sec. 6. 8 V.S.A. § 2201(d)(1) is amended to read:

(1) A State agency, political subdivision, or other public instrumentality of the State.

* * * Financial and Related Services; Licensing * * *

Sec. 7. 8 V.S.A. § 2103 is amended to read:

§ 2103. APPROVAL OF APPLICATION AND ISSUANCE OF LICENSE

(a) Upon the filing of an application, payment of the required fees, and satisfaction of any applicable bond and liquid asset requirements, the Commissioner shall issue a license to the applicant if the Commissioner finds:

(1)(A) The financial responsibility, experience, character, and general fitness of the applicant command the confidence of the community and warrant belief that the business will be operated honestly, fairly, and efficiently pursuant to the applicable chapter of this title.

(i) If the applicant is a partnership or association, such findings are required with respect to each partner, member, and responsible individual
of, and each person in control of, the applicant.

(ii) If the applicant is a corporation, such findings are required with respect to each officer, director, and responsible individual of, and each person in control of, the applicant.

(B) For purposes of assessing whether a person is financially responsible, the Commissioner may consider how the person has managed his or her own financial condition, which may include factors such as whether the person has:

(i) current outstanding judgments, except judgments solely as a result of medical expenses;

(ii) current outstanding tax liens or other government liens and filings;

(iii) foreclosures within the past three years; or

(iv) a pattern of seriously delinquent accounts within the past three years.

(2) Allowing the applicant to engage in business will promote the convenience and advantage of the community in which the applicant will conduct its business.

(3) The applicant is licensed to engage in the applicable business in its state of domicile and is in good standing in its state of domicile with its banking regulator or equivalent financial industry regulator.

(4) The applicant, each officer, director, and responsible individual of, and each person in control of, the applicant, has never had a financial services license or similar license revoked in any governmental jurisdiction, except that a subsequent formal vacation of such revocation shall not be deemed a revocation.

(5) The applicant, each officer, director, and responsible individual of, and each person in control of, the applicant has not been convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, a felony in a domestic, foreign, or military court:

(A)(i) during the seven-year period preceding the date of the application for licensing and registration; or

(ii) at any time preceding such date of application, if such felony involved an act of fraud or dishonesty, a breach of trust, or money laundering; and

(B) provided that any pardon or expungement of a conviction shall
not be a conviction for purposes of this subsection.

(5) The applicant has satisfied the applicable surety bond and liquid asset requirement as follows:

(A) for an application for a lender license, mortgage broker license, mortgage loan originator license, or loan solicitation license, the applicable bond and liquid asset requirements of sections 2203 and 2203a of this title;

(B) for an application for a litigation funding company registration, the financial stability requirement of section 2252 of this title;

(C) for an application for a money transmitter license, the bond and net worth requirements of sections 2507 and 2510 of this title;

(D) for an application for a debt adjuster license, the bond requirement of section 2755 of this title; and

(E) for an application for a loan servicer license, the bond requirement of sections 2903 and 2907 of this title.

(6) For an application for a mortgage loan originator license, the applicant has satisfied the prelicensure education requirement of section 2204a of this title and the prelicensing testing requirement of section 2204b of this title.

(b)(1) If the Commissioner finds the applicant does not meet the requirements of subsection (a) of this section, the Commissioner shall not issue a license.

(2) Not later than 60 days after an applicant files a complete application, the Commissioner shall notify the applicant of the denial, stating the reason or reasons therefor.

(3) If the applicant does not file a timely request for reconsideration pursuant to section 2104 of this title, the Commissioner shall:

(A) return to the applicant any amounts paid for the applicable bond requirement and license fee; and

(B) retain the investigation fee to cover the costs of investigating the application.

(c)(1) If the Commissioner finds that an applicant meets the requirements of subsection (a) of this section, he or she shall issue the license not later than 60 days after an applicant submits a complete application.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this title, a license is valid until the licensee surrenders the license or the Commissioner revokes, suspends,
terminates, or refuses to renew the license.

(d) For good cause shown and consistent with the purposes of this section, the Commissioner may waive or modify the requirements of subdivision (a)(3) and (a)(4) of this section; provided, however, that the Commissioner may not waive the requirement of subdivision (a)(4) of this section for applicants for a mortgage loan originator license.

(e) If an application remains incomplete and the applicant has not corresponded with the Commissioner for 90 days, the Commissioner may deem the application abandoned or withdrawn.

(f) This section does not apply to a person applying for a commercial lender license under section 2202a of this title.

Sec. 8. 8 V.S.A. § 2104(b)(3)(A) is amended to read:

(A) return to the applicant the bond, if any, and any amounts paid for the applicable bond requirement and license fee; and

Sec. 9. 8 V.S.A. § 2115 is amended to read:

§ 2115. PENALTIES

(a) The Commissioner may:

(1) impose an administrative penalty of not more than $10,000.00, plus the State’s cost and expenses of investigating and prosecution of the matter, including attorney’s fees, for each violation upon any person who violates or participates in the violation of this part; chapter 200 of this title; 9 V.S.A. chapter 4, 59, or 61; or any lawful rule adopted, or directive or order issued, pursuant to those sections; and

(2) order any person to make restitution to another person for a violation of this title part, chapter 200 of this title, or 9 V.S.A. chapter 4, 59, or 61.

** **

Sec. 10. 8 V.S.A. § 2120(c) is amended to read:

(c) A licensee shall submit to the Nationwide Mortgage Multistate Licensing System and Registry reports of condition in a form and including the information the Nationwide Multistate Licensing System and Registry requires, if applicable.

** ** Prepaid Access Cards; Fees ** **

Sec. 11. 8 V.S.A. § 2703 is amended to read:

§ 2703. PROHIBITED FEES
(a) Dormancy fees, latency fees, issuance fees, redemption fees, or any other administrative fees or service charges in connection with a gift certificate are prohibited.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a money transmitter licensed under chapter 79 of this title, financial institution, or credit union may charge a one-time fee upon the issuance of a prepaid access card equal to the lesser of:

1. 10 percent of the face amount purchased or added to the prepaid access card; or
2. that is reasonably related to the cost to the issuer of issuing the card; provided that, in no event shall the fee exceed $10.00.

*** Credit for Reinsurance ***

Sec. 12. 8 V.S.A. § 3634a is amended to read:

§ 3634a. CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE

(a) It is the purpose of this section to protect the interest of insureds, claimants, ceding insurers, assuming insurers, and the public generally. The General Assembly hereby declares its intent is to ensure adequate regulation of insurers and reinsurers and adequate protection for those to whom they owe obligations. In furtherance of that State interest, the General Assembly hereby provides a mandate that upon the insolvency of a non-U.S. insurer or reinsurer that provides security to fund its U.S. obligations in accordance with this section, the assets representing the security shall be maintained in the United States and claims shall be filed with and valued by the state insurance Commissioner with regulatory oversight, and the assets shall be distributed in accordance with the insurance laws of the state in which the trust is domiciled that are applicable to the liquidation of domestic U.S. insurance companies. The General Assembly declares that the matters contained in this section are fundamental to the business of insurance in accordance with 15 U.S.C. §§ 1011–1012.

(b) Credit for reinsurance shall be allowed a domestic ceding insurer as either an asset or a deduction from liability on account of reinsurance ceded only when the reinsurer meets the requirements of subdivision (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6), or (7) of this subsection. Credit shall be allowed under subdivision (1), (2), or (3) of this subsection only with respect to cessions of those kinds or classes of business which the assuming insurer is licensed or otherwise permitted to write or assume in its state of domicile or, in the case of a U.S. branch of an alien assuming insurer, in the state through which it is entered and licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance. Credit shall be allowed
under subdivision (3) or (4) of this subsection only if the applicable requirements of subdivision (7)(8) of this subsection have been satisfied.

* * *

(6)(A) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer meeting each of the conditions set forth below:

(i) The assuming insurer shall have its head office or be domiciled in, as applicable, and be licensed in a reciprocal jurisdiction. As used in this section, “reciprocal jurisdiction” means a jurisdiction that meets one of the following:

(I) a non-U.S. jurisdiction that is subject to an in-force covered agreement with the United States, each within its legal authority, or, in the case of a covered agreement between the United States and European Union, is a member state of the European Union. As used in this subsection, a “covered agreement” means an agreement entered into pursuant to Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, 31 U.S.C. §§ 313 and 314, that is currently in effect or in a period of provisional application and addresses the elimination, under specified conditions, of collateral requirements as a condition for entering into any reinsurance agreement with a ceding insurer domiciled in this State or for allowing the ceding insurer to recognize credit for reinsurance;

(II) a U.S. jurisdiction that meets the requirements for accreditation under the NAIC financial standards and accreditation program; or

(III) a qualified jurisdiction, as determined by the Commissioner pursuant to subdivision (5)(C) of this subsection, that is not otherwise described in subdivision (6)(A)(i)(I) or (6)(A)(i)(II) of this subsection and that meets certain additional requirements, consistent with the terms and conditions of in-force covered agreements, as specified by the Commissioner in rule.

(ii) The assuming insurer must have and maintain, on an ongoing basis, minimum capital and surplus, or its equivalent, calculated according to the methodology of its domiciliary jurisdiction, in an amount to be set forth in rule. If the assuming insurer is an association, including incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters, it must have and maintain, on an ongoing basis, minimum capital and surplus equivalents, net of liabilities, calculated according to the methodology applicable in its domiciliary jurisdiction, and a central fund containing a balance in amounts to be set forth in rule.
(iii) The assuming insurer must have and maintain, on an ongoing basis, a minimum solvency or capital ratio, as applicable, that will be set forth in rule. If the assuming insurer is an association, including incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters, it must have and maintain, on an ongoing basis, a minimum solvency or capital ratio in the reciprocal jurisdiction where the assuming insurer has its head office or is domiciled, as applicable, and is also licensed.

(iv) The assuming insurer must agree and provide adequate assurance to the Commissioner, in a form specified in rule by the Commissioner, of the following:

(I) The assuming insurer must provide prompt written notice and explanation to the Commissioner if it falls below the minimum requirements set forth in subdivision (6)(A)(ii) or (6)(A)(iii) of this subsection, or if any regulatory action is taken against it for serious noncompliance with applicable law.

(II) The assuming insurer must consent in writing to the jurisdiction of the courts of this State and to the appointment of the Commissioner as agent for service of process. The Commissioner may require that consent for service of process be provided to the Commissioner and included in each reinsurance agreement. Nothing in this subsection shall limit, or in any way alter, the capacity of parties to a reinsurance agreement to agree to alternative dispute resolution mechanisms, except to the extent such agreements are unenforceable under applicable insolvency or delinquency laws.

(III) The assuming insurer must consent in writing to pay all final judgments, wherever enforcement is sought, obtained by a ceding insurer or its legal successor, that have been declared enforceable in the jurisdiction where the judgment was obtained.

(IV) Each reinsurance agreement must include a provision requiring the assuming insurer to provide security in an amount equal to 100 percent of the assuming insurer’s liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded pursuant to that agreement if the assuming insurer resists enforcement of a final judgment that is enforceable under the law of the jurisdiction in which it was obtained or a properly enforceable arbitration award, whether obtained by the ceding insurer or by its legal successor on behalf of its resolution estate.

(V) The assuming insurer must confirm that it is not presently participating in any solvent scheme of arrangement that involves this State’s ceding insurers, and agree to notify the ceding insurer and the Commissioner and to provide security in an amount equal to 100 percent of the assuming
insurer’s liabilities to the ceding insurer, should the assuming insurer enter into such a solvent scheme of arrangement. Such security shall be in a form consistent with the provisions of subdivision (b)(5) and subsection (c) of this section and as specified by the Commissioner in rule.

(v) The assuming insurer or its legal successor must provide, if requested by the Commissioner, on behalf of itself and any legal predecessors, certain documentation to the Commissioner, as specified by the Commissioner in rule.

(vi) The assuming insurer must maintain a practice of prompt payment of claims under reinsurance agreements, pursuant to criteria set forth in rule.

(vii) The assuming insurer’s supervisory authority must confirm to the Commissioner on an annual basis, as of the preceding December 31 or at the annual date otherwise statutorily reported to the reciprocal jurisdiction, that the assuming insurer complies with the requirements set forth in subdivisions (6)(A)(ii) and (6)(A)(iii) of this subsection.

(viii) Nothing in this subdivision (b)(6)(A) precludes an assuming insurer from providing the Commissioner with information on a voluntary basis.

(B) The Commissioner shall timely create and publish a list of reciprocal jurisdictions.

(i) A list of reciprocal jurisdictions is published through the NAIC committee process. The Commissioner’s list shall include any reciprocal jurisdiction as defined under subdivisions (6)(A)(i)(I) and (6)(A)(i)(II) of this subsection and shall consider any other reciprocal jurisdiction included on the NAIC list. The Commissioner may approve a jurisdiction that does not appear on the NAIC list of reciprocal jurisdictions in accordance with criteria to be developed in rules adopted by the Commissioner.

(ii) The Commissioner may remove a jurisdiction from the list of reciprocal jurisdictions upon a determination that the jurisdiction no longer meets the requirements of a reciprocal jurisdiction, in accordance with a process set forth in rules adopted by the Commissioner, except that the Commissioner shall not remove from the list a reciprocal jurisdiction as defined under subdivisions (6)(A)(i)(I) and (6)(A)(i)(II) of this subsection. Upon removal of a reciprocal jurisdiction from this list, credit for reinsurance ceded to an assuming insurer that has its home office or is domiciled in that jurisdiction shall be allowed, if otherwise allowed pursuant to this section.

(C) The Commissioner shall timely create and publish a list of
assuming insurers that have satisfied the conditions set forth in this subsection and to which cessions shall be granted credit in accordance with this subsection. The Commissioner may add an assuming insurer to such list if an NAIC accredited jurisdiction has added such assuming insurer to a list of such assuming insurers or if, upon initial eligibility, the assuming insurer submits the information to the Commissioner as required under subdivision (6)(A)(iv) of this subsection and complies with any additional requirements that the Commissioner may impose by rule, except to the extent that they conflict with an applicable covered agreement.

(D) If the Commissioner determines that an assuming insurer no longer meets one or more of the requirements under this subsection, the Commissioner may revoke or suspend the eligibility of the assuming insurer for recognition under this subsection in accordance with procedures set forth in rule.

(i) While an assuming insurer’s eligibility is suspended, no reinsurance agreement issued, amended, or renewed after the effective date of the suspension qualifies for credit except to the extent that the assuming insurer’s obligations under the contract are secured in accordance with subsection (c) of this section.

(ii) If an assuming insurer’s eligibility is revoked, no credit for reinsurance may be granted after the effective date of the revocation with respect to any reinsurance agreements entered into by the assuming insurer, including reinsurance agreements entered into prior to the date of revocation, except to the extent that the assuming insurer’s obligations under the contract are secured in a form acceptable to the Commissioner and consistent with the provisions of subsection (c) of this section.

(E) If subject to a legal process of rehabilitation, liquidation, or conservation, as applicable, the ceding insurer, or its representative, may seek and, if determined appropriate by the court in which the proceedings are pending, may obtain an order requiring that the assuming insurer post security for all outstanding ceded liabilities.

(F) Nothing in this subsection shall limit or in any way alter the capacity of parties to a reinsurance agreement to agree on requirements for security or other terms in that reinsurance agreement, except as expressly prohibited by this section or other applicable law or rule.

(G)(i) Credit may be taken under this subsection only for reinsurance agreements entered into, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2021, and only with respect to losses incurred and reserves reported on or after the later of:
(I) the date on which the assuming insurer has met all eligibility requirements pursuant to subdivision (6)(A) of this subsection, and

(II) the effective date of the new reinsurance agreement, amendment, or renewal.

(ii) This subdivision (b)(6)(G) does not alter or impair a ceding insurer’s right to take credit for reinsurance, to the extent that credit is not available under this subsection, as long as the reinsurance qualifies for credit under any other applicable provision of this section.

(iii) Nothing in this subsection shall authorize an assuming insurer to withdraw or reduce the security provided under any reinsurance agreement except as permitted by the terms of the agreement.

(iv) Nothing in this subsection shall limit, or in any way alter, the capacity of parties to any reinsurance agreement to renegotiate the agreement.

(7) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer not meeting the requirements of subdivision (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5), or (6) of this subsection, but only as to the insurance of risks located in jurisdictions where the reinsurance is required by applicable law or regulation of that jurisdiction.

(7)(8) If the assuming insurer is not licensed or accredited or certified to transact insurance or reinsurance in this State, the credit permitted by subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection shall not be allowed unless the assuming insurer agrees in the reinsurance agreements:

(A) That in the event of the failure of the assuming insurer to perform its obligations under the terms of the reinsurance agreement, the assuming insurer, at the request of the ceding insurer, shall submit to the jurisdiction of any court of competent jurisdiction in any state of the United States, will comply with all requirements necessary to give such court jurisdiction, and will abide by the final decision of such court or of any appellate court in the event of an appeal.

(B) To designate the Commissioner, the Secretary of State, or a designated attorney as its true and lawful attorney upon whom may be served any lawful process in any action, suit, or proceeding instituted by or on behalf of the ceding company. This provision is not intended to conflict with or override the obligation of the parties to a reinsurance agreement to arbitrate their disputes, if this obligation is created in the agreement.

(8)(9) If the assuming insurer does not meet the requirements of subdivision (1), (2), or (3), or (6) of this subsection, the credit permitted by subdivision (4) or (5) of this subsection shall not be allowed unless the
assuming insurer agrees in the trust agreements to the following conditions:

(A) Notwithstanding any other provisions in the trust instrument to the contrary, if the trust fund is inadequate because it contains an amount less than the amount required by subdivisions (4)(B)–(D) of this subsection or if the grantor of the trust has been declared insolvent or placed into receivership, rehabilitation, liquidation, or similar proceedings under the laws of its state or country of domicile, the trustee shall comply with an order of the Commissioner with regulatory oversight over the trust or with an order of a court of competent jurisdiction directing the trustee to transfer to the Commissioner with regulatory oversight all of the assets of the trust fund.

(B) The assets shall be distributed by and claims shall be filed with and valued by the Commissioner with regulatory oversight in accordance with the laws of the state in which the trust is domiciled that are applicable to the liquidation of domestic insurance companies.

(C) If the Commissioner with regulatory oversight determines that the assets of the trust fund or any part thereof are not necessary to satisfy the claims of the U.S. ceding insurers of the grantor of the trust, the assets or part thereof shall be returned by the Commissioner with regulatory oversight to the trustee for distribution in accordance with the trust agreement.

(D) The grantor shall waive any right otherwise available to it under U.S. law that is inconsistent with this provision.

(9)(10) If an accredited or certified reinsurer ceases to meet the requirements for accreditation or certification, the Commissioner may suspend or revoke the reinsurer’s accreditation or certification.

(A) The Commissioner must give the reinsurer notice and opportunity for hearing. The Commissioner may suspend or revoke a reinsurer’s accreditation or certification without a hearing if:

(i) the reinsurer waives its right to hearing;

(ii) the Commissioner’s order is based on regulatory action by the reinsurer’s domiciliary jurisdiction or the voluntary surrender or termination of the reinsurer’s eligibility to transact insurance or reinsurance business in its domiciliary jurisdiction or in the primary certifying state of the reinsurer under subdivision (5)(F) of this subsection; or

(iii) the Commissioner finds that an emergency requires immediate action and a court of competent jurisdiction has not stayed the Commissioner’s action.

(B) While a reinsurer’s accreditation or certification is suspended, no
reinsurance contract issued or renewed after the effective date of the suspension qualifies for credit except to the extent that the reinsurer’s obligations under the contract are secured in accordance with subsection (c) of this section. If a reinsurer’s accreditation or certification is revoked, no credit for reinsurance may be granted after the effective date of the revocation except to the extent that the reinsurer’s obligations under the contract are secured in accordance with subdivision (5)(E) of this subsection or subsection (c) of this section.

(10)(11) Concentration Risk.

* * *

* * * Insurance Claims; Annuity Death Benefits; Interest Payments * * *

Sec. 13. 8 V.S.A. § 3664 is amended to read:

§ 3664. FORMS; FILING PROOF OF LOSS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS, WAIVER OF FILING

Insurance companies, societies, or associations, or insurance adjusters appointed by said companies, societies, or associations shall furnish in form for completion by the insured claimant, as defined in section 3665a of this title, or beneficiary, as defined in section 3665b of this title, all documents as to proof of loss or other matter required by contract to be submitted to the companies. Failure to furnish said forms within a reasonable time after notice of loss or damage is received by said companies, societies, or associations shall be deemed a waiver of any requirement that proof of loss shall be filed with the insurer on said forms as a condition precedent to the recovery of losses or claims.

Sec. 14. REPEAL

8 V.S.A. § 3665 (concerning the timely payment of insurance claims) is repealed.

Sec. 15. 8 V.S.A. § 3665a is added to read:

§ 3665a. TIMELY PAYMENT OF PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE CLAIMS; INTEREST

(a) This section applies to policies of property, casualty, surety, and title insurance, as defined in section 3301 of this title. It does not apply to workers’ compensation insurance. As used in this section, “claimant” means any person asserting a right to payment under an insurance policy or contract arising out of the occurrence of the contingency or loss covered by such policy or contract or any person asserting a claim against any other person or the interests
insured under an insurance policy or contract, and includes a claimant’s designated legal representative and any member of the claimant’s immediate family designated in writing by the claimant.

(b) Unless a different time period is specified in another section of this title, all payments of claims under policies of insurance shall be made within time periods provided by this section:

(1) For claims under policies of insurance other than surety insurance and title insurance, within 10 business days after the date that settlement of the claim is agreed upon between the insurer, the claimant, and the loss payee, as applicable, and in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.

(2) For claims under policies of surety and title insurance, within 30 days after the date that settlement of the claim is agreed upon between the insurer, the claimant, and the loss payee, as applicable, and in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.

(3) If a claim is contested, within 30 days after the entry of a final nonappealable judgment against the insurer; the entry of a binding arbitration decision between the insurer, the claimant, the loss payee, and the Department, as applicable; or the execution of a settlement agreement between the insurer, the claimant, the loss payee, and the Department, as applicable.

(c) If an insurer fails to pay a claim within the applicable time period set forth in subsection (b) of this section or any other time period provided by statute, it shall thereafter pay interest on the amount of the claim at the judgment rate allowed by law. Interest shall accrue from 30 days after the date the insurer receives a properly executed proof of loss.

Sec. 16. 8 V.S.A. § 3665b is added to read:

§ 3665b. TIMELY PAYMENT OF LIFE INSURANCE CLAIMS AND ANNUITY DEATH BENEFITS; INTEREST

(a) This section applies to policies of life insurance and contracts of annuity. As used in this section, a “beneficiary” means any person making a claim against a policy of life insurance or for death benefits provided under a contract of annuity.

(b) A claim for payment of benefits under a policy of life insurance shall be paid within 30 days after the date that a properly executed proof of loss is received by the insurer. All payments of claims under policies of life insurance shall include interest accrued from the date of death of the insured to the date of payment. The interest rate shall be the rate paid on proceeds left on deposit or six percent, whichever is greater.
(c) A claim for payment of benefits under a contract of annuity shall be paid within 30 days after the date that a properly executed proof of loss is received by the insurer. Payments of claims for death benefit proceeds under contracts of annuity shall include interest at the rate paid for proceeds left on deposit or six percent, whichever is greater. Interest shall accrue and be payable as follows:

(1) For variable annuity contracts subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission’s rules governing the liquidation of account values at the death of the beneficiary, from the eighth day following the date that a properly executed proof of loss is received by the insurer.

(2) For all other contracts of annuity, from the date of death of the measuring life, unless the contract specifies that the contract remains in force until the date that a properly executed proof of loss is received by the insurer. For purposes of this section, the individual whose death triggers the death benefit proceeds is the measuring life.

(d) If a claim is contested, it shall be paid within 30 days after the entry of a final nonappealable judgment against the insurer; the entry of a binding arbitration decision between the insurer, the beneficiary, and the Department, as applicable; or the execution of a settlement agreement between the insurer, the beneficiary, and the Department, as applicable.

(e) If an insurer fails to pay a claim within the applicable time period set forth in subsection (b), (c), or (d) of this section, it shall thereafter pay interest on the amount of the claim at the judgment rate allowed by law. Interest shall accrue from 30 days after the date the insurer receives a properly executed proof of loss.

Sec. 17. 8 V.S.A. § 3665c is added to read:

§ 3665c. DAMAGES

An insurance company, including a society and an association, is responsible for payment of any consequential damages, including all penalties or costs, caused by improper delay in payment or settlement of claims to claimants, loss payees, or beneficiaries under policies of insurance subject to section 3665a or 3665b of this title. Consequential damages for improper delay are not applicable when a policy expressly provides for periodic payments or when a claimant, loss payee, or beneficiary agrees to accept periodic payments, unless an insurer improperly delays making such periodic payments.

Sec. 18. 8 V.S.A. § 3731(10) is amended to read:

(10) Payment of claims. There shall be a provision that when the
benefits under the policy shall become payable by reason of the death of the insured, settlement shall be made upon receipt of due proof of death, and at the insurer’s option, surrender of the policy and/or proof of the interest of the claimant. If an insurer shall specify a particular period prior to the expiration of which settlement shall be made, such period shall not exceed two months 30 days from the receipt of such proofs.

* * * Public Holding Company Acquisitions; Public Hearings * * *

Sec. 19. 8 V.S.A. § 3683(f) is amended to read:

(f) Approval by Commissioner; hearings.

(1) The Commissioner shall hold a public hearing on any merger or other acquisition of control referred to in subsection (a) of this section if the Commissioner determines that the statement filed as required by this section does not demonstrate compliance with the standards referred to in subsection (b) of this section or if the Commissioner determines that such acquisition of control is likely to be hazardous or prejudicial to the insurance buying public, or at the request of the acquiring party. Holding a public hearing is otherwise optional at the discretion of the Commissioner. In the event the Commissioner determines that a public hearing is not required, the Commissioner shall require that notice of the transaction be published on the website maintained by the Department of Financial Regulation and in two daily newspapers of general jurisdiction in Vermont, as determined by the Commissioner. The notice shall describe the proposed transaction and state that members of the public and interested parties may file written comments on the proposed transaction with the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall consider all written comments received within 14 days after initial publication of the notice and may subsequently hold a public hearing in response to any comments received. The Commissioner shall approve any merger or other acquisition of control referred to in subsection (a) of this section unless, after a public hearing thereon, he or she finds that:

(A) after the change of control the domestic insurer referred to in subsection (a) of this section would not be able to satisfy the requirements for the issuance of a license to write the line or lines of insurance for which it is presently licensed;

(B) the effect of the merger or other acquisition of control would be substantially to lessen competition in insurance in this State or tend to create a monopoly. In applying the competitive standard in this subdivision:

(i) the informational requirements of subdivision 3683a(c)(1) and the standards of subdivision 3683a(d)(2) of this chapter shall apply;
(ii) the merger or other acquisition shall not be disapproved if the Commissioner finds that any of the situations meeting the criteria provided by subdivision 3683a(d)(3) of this chapter exist; and

(iii) the Commissioner may condition the approval of the merger or other acquisition on the removal of the basis of disapproval within a specified period of time;

(C) the financial condition of any acquiring party is such as might jeopardize the financial stability of the insurer, or prejudice the interest of its policyholders;

(D) the terms of the offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition referred to in subsection (a) of this section are unfair and unreasonable to the security holders of the insurer;

(E) the plans or proposals which that the acquiring party has to liquidate the insurer, sell its assets or consolidate or merge it with any person, or to make any other material change in its business or corporate structure or management are unfair and unreasonable to policyholders of the insurer and not in the public interest;

(F) the competence, experience, and integrity of those persons who would control the operation of the insurer are such that it would not be in the interest of policyholders of the insurer and of the public to permit the merger or other acquisition of control; or

(G) the acquisition is likely to be hazardous or prejudicial to the insurance-buying public.

(2) The public hearing referred to in subdivision (1) of this subsection (f), if required, shall be held within 30 60 days after the statement required by subsection (a) of this section is filed, and at least 20 days’ notice thereof shall be given by the Commissioner to the person filing the statement. Not less than seven days’ notice of such public hearing shall be given by the person filing the statement to the insurer and to such other persons as may be designated by the Commissioner. The insurer shall give such notice to its security holders. The Commissioner shall make a determination within 30 days after the conclusion of such hearing or, if a public hearing is not required, within 30 days after the comment period deadline; provided, however, that, if the insurer is or will be an affiliate of a depository institution or any affiliate thereof, the Commissioner shall issue a determination within the 60-day period preceding the effective date of the acquisition or change or continuation of control of an insurer. At such hearing, the person filing the statement, the insurer, any person to whom notice of hearing was sent, and any other person
whose interests may be affected thereby shall have the right to present
evidence, examine, and cross-examine witnesses, and offer oral and written
arguments and in connection therewith shall be entitled to conduct discovery
proceedings in the same manner as is presently allowed in the Superior Court
of this State. All discovery proceedings shall be concluded not later than three
days prior to the commencement of the public hearing.

(3) If the proposed acquisition of control will require the approval of
more than one commissioner, the public hearing required by subdivision (2) of
this subsection may be held on a consolidated basis upon request of the person
filing the statement referred to in subsection (a) of this section. Such person
shall file the statement referred to in subsection (a) of this section with the
NAIC within five days of making the request for a public hearing. A
commissioner may opt out of a consolidated hearing and shall provide notice
to the applicant of the opt-out within 10 days of the receipt of the statement
referred to in subsection (a) of this section. A hearing conducted on a
consolidated basis shall be public and shall be held within the United States
before the commissioners of the states in which the insurers are domiciled.
Such commissioners shall hear and receive evidence. A commissioner may
attend such hearing in person or by telecommunication.

(4) In connection with a change of control of a domestic insurer, any
determination by the Commissioner that the person acquiring control of the
insurer shall be required to maintain or restore the capital of the insurer to the
level required by the laws and rules of this State shall be made not later than 60
days after the date of notification of the change in control submitted pursuant to subdivision (a)(1) of this section.

(5) The Commissioner may retain at the acquiring person’s expense any
attorneys, actuaries, accountants, and other experts not otherwise a part of the
Commissioner’s staff as may be reasonably necessary to assist the
Commissioner in reviewing the proposed acquisition of control.

** ** INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANIES; CONFORMING
CROSS REFERENCE ** **

Sec. 20. 8 V.S.A. § 3681(3) is amended to read:

(3) “Control” (including the terms “controlling,” “controlled by” and
“under common control with”) means the possession, direct or indirect, of the
power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a
person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract other
than a commercial contract for goods or nonmanagement services, or
otherwise, unless the power is the result of an official position with or
corporate office held by the person. Control shall be presumed to exist if any

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person, directly or indirectly, owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, or holds proxies representing, 10 percent or more of the voting securities of any other person. This presumption may be rebutted by a showing made in the manner provided by subsection 3684(i) of this title that control does not exist in fact. The Commissioner may determine, after furnishing all persons in interest notice and opportunity to be heard and making specific findings of fact to support such determination, that control exists in fact, notwithstanding the absence of a presumption to that effect.

*** Life Insurance; Conforming Cross References ***

Sec. 21. 8 V.S.A. § 3859(a) is amended to read:

(a) Except for subdivisions 3731(2), (7), (8), and (9), sections 3741-3749, sections 3760–3773, inclusive, and section 3813 of this title in the case of a variable life insurance policy, and section 3750 of this title in the case of a variable annuity contract, and except as otherwise provided in this subchapter, all pertinent provisions of this title apply to separate accounts and contracts relating thereto. Any individual variable life insurance contract, delivered or issued for delivery in this State shall contain grace, reinstatement, and nonforfeiture provisions appropriate to such a contract. Any group variable life insurance contract, delivered or issued for delivery in this State, shall contain grace provisions appropriate to such a contract.

*** INSURANCE TRADE PRACTICES; CONFORMING CROSS REFERENCE ***

Sec. 22. 8 V.S.A. § 4724(7)(B)(ii) is amended to read:

(ii) Rates; however, nothing in this subdivision shall prevent any person who contracts to insure another from setting rates for such insurance in accordance with reasonable classifications based on relevant actuarial data or actual cost experience in accordance with section 4656 of this title.

*** Hospital and Medical Service Corporations; Annual Report Deadline ***

Sec. 23. 8 V.S.A. § 4516 is amended to read:

§ 4516. ANNUAL REPORT TO COMMISSIONER

Annually, on or before March 15, a hospital service corporation shall file with the Commissioner of Financial Regulation a statement sworn to by the president and treasurer of the corporation showing its condition on December 31. The statement shall be in such form and contain such matters as the Commissioner shall prescribe. To qualify for the tax exemption set forth in
section 4518 of this title, the statement shall include a certification that the hospital service corporation operates on a nonprofit basis for the purpose of providing an adequate hospital service plan to individuals of the State, both groups and nongroups, without discrimination based on age, gender, geographic area, industry, and medical history, except as allowed by subdivisions 4080a(h)(2)(B) and 4080b(h)(2)(B) of this title.

Sec. 24. 8 V.S.A. § 4588 is amended to read:

§ 4588. ANNUAL REPORT TO COMMISSIONER

Annually, on or before March 15, March 1, a medical service corporation shall file with the Commissioner of Financial Regulation a statement sworn to by the president and treasurer of the corporation showing its condition on December 31, which shall be in such form and contain such matters as the Commissioner shall prescribe. To qualify for the tax exemption set forth in section 4590 of this title, the statement shall include a certification that the medical service corporation operates on a nonprofit basis for the purpose of providing an adequate medical service plan to individuals of the State, both groups and nongroups, without discrimination based on age, gender, geographic area, industry, and medical history, except as allowed by subdivisions 4080a(h)(2)(B) and 4080b(h)(2)(B) of this title.

* * * Association Health Plans; Required Policy Provisions * * *

Sec. 25. 8 V.S.A. § 4079a(d)(3) is added to read:

(3) This subsection does not apply to association health plans that were formed or could have been formed under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 U.S.C. § 1901, et. seq., and accompanying U.S. Department of Labor regulations and guidance, in each case, as in effect as of January 19, 2017.

Sec. 26. 8 V.S.A. § 4080(b) is amended to read:

(b)(1) Preexisting condition exclusions.

(A) A group insurance policy shall not contain any provision that excludes, restricts, or otherwise limits coverage under the policy for one or more preexisting health conditions.

(B) As used in this subdivision (1), “group insurance policy” shall not include a policy providing coverage for a specified disease or other limited benefit coverage.

* * *

(5) As used in this subsection, “group insurance policy” has the same
meaning as “group health plan” and shall be subject to the same excepted benefits, in each case, as set forth in 45 C.F.R. § 146.145, as in effect as of December 31, 2017.

Sec. 27. 8 V.S.A. § 4089d(a) is amended to read:

(a) As used in this section, “health insurance plan” means any group or individual policy; nonprofit hospital or medical service corporation subscriber contract; health maintenance organization contract; self-insured group plan, to the extent permitted under federal law; and prepaid health insurance plans delivered, issued for delivery, renewed, replaced, or assumed by another insurer, or in any other way continued in force in this State has the same meaning as “group health plan” and shall be subject to the same excepted benefits, in each case, as set forth in 45 C.F.R. § 146.145, as in effect as of December 31, 2017.

* * * Securities; Filing Fees; Federal Covered Firms * * *

Sec. 28. 9 V.S.A. § 5410(e) is amended to read:

(e) A federal covered investment adviser required to file a notice under section 5405 of this title shall pay an initial fee of $300.00 and an annual notice fee of $300.00. To the extent required to be included in documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, such notice filing shall include information on the branch offices of a federal covered investment adviser who transacts business in this State from any place of business located within this State, accompanied by a notice filing fee of $120.00 per branch office in Vermont. A notice filing may be terminated by filing notice of such termination with the Commissioner. If a notice filing results in a denial or withdrawal, the Commissioner shall retain the fee.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 29. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2020, except that Sec. 12 (credit for reinsurance) shall take effect on January 1, 2021.

(Committee Vote: 11-0-0)

Rep. Donahue of Northfield, for the Committee on Health Care, recommends the bill ought to pass when amended as recommended by the Committee on Commerce and Economic Development.

(Committee Vote: 11-0-0)

Rep. Anthony of Barre City, for the Committee on Ways and Means, recommends the bill ought to pass when amended as recommended by the
Committee on Commerce and Economic Development.

(Committee Vote: 11-0-0)

H. 683

An act relating to prohibiting incidental take of migratory birds

Rep. Dolan of Waitsfield, for the Committee on Natural Resources, Fish, and Wildlife, recommends the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. FINDINGS

The General Assembly finds:

(1) On December 22, 2017, the U.S. Department of the Interior released a memorandum stating that the agency would no longer interpret the Migratory Bird Treaty Act as prohibiting incidental take of migratory birds. This changes the way the Act has been interpreted for the past 40 years.

(2) Vermont is an important stop for birds that migrate along the Atlantic Flyway.

(3) The Department of Fish and Wildlife reports that Vermont has approximately 260 species of birds. Of those, Vermont hosts 125 forest species, making it one of the most forest-species-rich states in the nation.

(4) According to a 2015 report by the Gund Institute, at 39 percent, Vermont leads the nation in number of residents who participate in bird watching, which is nearly double the national average of 20 percent. Vermont is second only to Alaska in the number of residents who participate in hunting, fishing, and wildlife viewing.

(5) According to a 2011 report by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, bird watching attracts many people to Vermont. In 2011, wildlife watchers spent $289 million on wildlife-watching activities in Vermont. The report found that 292,000 people participated in bird watching and 56 percent of them took trips away from home to participate in bird watching.

(6) Migratory birds are important to Vermont’s citizens and economy and should be protected from incidental take in Vermont law.

Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. § 4902 is amended to read:

§ 4902. WILD BIRDS GENERALLY; NO OPEN SEASON; EXCEPTION

(a) Wild birds, other than pigeons, shall not be taken, possessed, bought, or sold, at any time, except as provided by this part, rules of the Board, or orders of the Commissioner. Birds coming from without outside the State belonging
to the same family as those protected by this subchapter shall not be bought or sold.

(b) Bird harm or death that results from human activity where the intent was not to harm or kill the bird, but where bird harm or death was a direct and foreseeable result of the activity, is prohibited. Nothing in this section shall require the Department to implement a new permitting program.

Sec. 3. 10 V.S.A. § 4910 is added to read:

§ 4910. ENFORCEMENT DISCRETION

For purposes of migratory bird protection in this title, the Commissioner has authority to exercise enforcement discretion, including refraining from taking any enforcement action for the incidental take of migratory birds. Enforcement, if any, shall focus on activities that have at least local population level impacts on migratory birds. Enforcement of this provision, shall be in accordance with 10 V.S.A. Section 4520.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

and that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: “An act relating to the Protection of Migratory Birds”

(Committee Vote: 10-1-0)

H. 716

An act relating to Abenaki hunting and fishing licenses

Rep. Lefebvre of Newark, for the Committee on Natural Resources, Fish, and Wildlife, recommends the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. § 4255 is amended to read:

§ 4255. LICENSE FEES

* * *

(c) A permanent or free license may be secured on application to the Department by a person qualifying as follows:

* * *

(7) A person who is a certified citizen of one of the State-recognized Native American Indian tribes may receive a free permanent combination hunting and fishing license upon submission of a current and valid tribal identification card or if the person is a minor, upon written certification from
the minor’s parent or guardian that the minor is a citizen of the State-recognized Native American Indian tribes.

* * *

Sec. 2. REPORT

On or before January 15, 2022, the Commissioner of Fish and Wildlife shall report to the House Committee on Natural Resources, Fish, and Wildlife and the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy the number of licenses issued pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 4255(c)(7).

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

(Committee Vote: 10-1-0)

H. 734

An act relating to prohibiting certain provisions in dental insurance contracts with dentists

Rep. O'Sullivan of Burlington, for the Committee on Commerce and Economic Development, recommends the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 8 V.S.A. chapter 110 is added to read:

CHAPTER 110. DENTAL INSURANCE

§ 4121. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) “Covered individual” means an individual covered under a dental insurance plan or a health insurance plan.

(2) “Covered service” means a dental service for which reimbursement is available under a covered individual’s dental insurance plan or health insurance plan or for which reimbursement would be available but for the application of contractual limitations such as deductibles, co-payments, coinsurance, waiting periods, annual or lifetime maximums, frequency limitations, alternative benefit payments, or other limitations.

(3) “Dental insurance plan” means a stand-alone dental plan or policy that provides coverage for dental services apart from a health insurance plan.

(4) “Dental insurer” means any health or dental insurance company, including a nonprofit dental service corporation, that offers a dental insurance plan for sale.
(5) “Dentist” means an individual licensed to practice dentistry under 26 V.S.A. chapter 12.

(6) “Health insurer” has the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 9402.

(7) “Health insurance plan” means any individual or group health insurance policy, any hospital or medical service corporation or health maintenance organization subscriber contract, or any other health benefit plan offered, issued, or renewed for any person in this State by a health insurer. The term does not include benefit plans providing coverage for specific disease or other limited benefit coverage.

§ 4122. FEES FOR COVERED DENTAL SERVICES

(a) No dental insurer, health insurer, or other similar entity that covers dental services and is subject to regulation by the Department of Financial Regulation, and no contract or participating provider agreement with a dentist, shall require, directly or indirectly, that a dentist who is a participating provider provide dental services to a covered individual at a fee set by, or subject to the approval of, the insurer or other regulated entity unless the dental services are covered services.

(b) No person providing third-party administrator services shall make available to any customers a plan that sets dental fees for providers in its provider network for any dental services other than covered services.

(c) Fees for covered services shall be set in good faith and shall not be nominal.

(d) The Commissioner of Financial Regulation shall enforce the provisions of this section pursuant to the Commissioner’s authority under this title.

§ 4123. PAYMENT FOR DENTAL SERVICES

(a) As used in this section, “credit card payment” means a type of electronic funds transfer in which a dental insurance plan or dental insurer or its contracted vendor issues a single-use series of numbers associated with payment for dental services delivered by a dentist and chargeable for a predetermined dollar amount, in which the dentist is responsible for processing the payment using a credit card terminal or Internet portal. The term includes virtual or online credit card payments in which no physical credit card is presented to the dentist and the single-use credit card number expires upon payment processing.

(b) A dental insurance plan, contract, or participating provider agreement with a dentist shall not contain restrictions on methods of payment from the dental insurer or its third party administrator to the dentist in which the only
acceptable payment method is a credit card payment.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on January 1, 2021 and shall apply to all contracts and participating provider agreements between a dental insurer or third-party administrator and a dentist that are entered into on or after that date and to all dental insurance plans issued on and after January 1, 2021 on such date as a dental insurer offers, issues, or renews the plan, but in no event later than January 1, 2022.

(Committee Vote: 10-0-1)

H. 742

An act relating to grants for emergency medical personnel training

Rep. Cordes of Lincoln, for the Committee on Health Care, recommends the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. EMERGENCY MEDICAL PERSONNEL TRAINING; APPROPRIATION

(a) The sum of $450,000.00 is appropriated from the Emergency Medical Services Fund to the Department of Health in fiscal year 2021 for purposes of emergency medical personnel training. The Department, in consultation with the Emergency Medical Services Advisory Committee, shall use the monies to provide funding for live and online training opportunities for emergency medical personnel and for other emergency medical personnel training-related purposes. The Department and the Advisory Committee shall prioritize training opportunities for volunteer emergency medical personnel.

(b) The Department of Health, in consultation with the Emergency Medical Services Advisory Committee, shall develop a plan:

(1) to ensure that training opportunities for emergency medical personnel are available statewide on an ongoing basis;

(2) to simplify the funding application and disbursement processes; and

(3) identifying opportunities to increase representation of the perspectives of volunteer emergency medical personnel in decisions affecting the emergency medical services system.

(c) On or before January 15, 2021, the Department of Health shall report to the House Committees on Health Care, on Appropriations, and on Government Operations and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare, on
Appropriations, and on Government Operations with an accounting of its use of the funds appropriated to the Department pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and a copy of the plan developed by the Department pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

(Committee Vote: 10-0-1)

Rep. Fagan of Rutland City, for the Committee on Appropriations, recommends the bill ought to pass when amended as recommended by the Committee on Health Care.

(Committee Vote: 11-0-0)

H. 833

An act relating to the interbasin transfer of surface waters

Rep. Ode of Burlington, for the Committee on Natural Resources, Fish, and Wildlife, recommends the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. SURFACE WATER DIVERSIONS AND TRANSFERS STUDY GROUP; REPORT

(a) Creation. The Secretary of Natural Resources (Secretary) shall convene a Surface Water Diversions and Transfers Study Group to investigate and make recommendations to the General Assembly regarding the environmental, economic, and recreational impacts of surface water diversions, including the transfer of surface water between watersheds.

(b) Membership. The Surface Water Diversions and Transfers Study Group shall be composed of the following members:

(1) the Secretary of Natural Resources or designee;

(2) the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets or designee;

(3) one member of the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy, appointed by the Committee on Committees;

(4) one member of the House Committee on Natural Resources, Fish, and Wildlife, appointed by the Speaker of the House;

(5) two persons representing businesses or industries reliant on large quantities of surface water, appointed by the Committee on Committees;

(6) two persons representing nonprofit environmental advocacy groups.
appointed by the Speaker of the House;

(7) one hydrologist, appointed by the Secretary; and

(8) one person representing an agriculture or forest products business conducted on working lands, appointed by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets.

(c) Duties. The Surface Water Diversions and Transfers Study Group shall:

(1) develop a baseline inventory of the current and projected quantity, location, and usage of diversions and transfers of surface water in Vermont;

(2) recommend whether or not surface water transfers between watersheds should occur;

(3) identify whether the State of Vermont should develop and implement a statewide permitting or other regulatory regime for diversions or other transfers of surface water, including the scale or size of a watershed subject to regulation;

(4) analyze potentially viable regimes to address the use of surface water in Vermont;

(5) if necessary, propose legislative changes to implement the recommendations of the Study Group; and

(6) if necessary, identify any water quality rules, policies, or procedures that may require updating to implement the recommendations of the Study Group.

(d) Assistance. The Surface Water Diversions and Transfers Study Group shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Agency of Natural Resources and shall have the legal and drafting assistance of the Office of Legislative Council.

(e) Report. On or before January 15, 2021, the Surface Water Diversions and Transfers Study Group shall submit a written report to the House Committee on Natural Resources, Fish, and Wildlife and the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy providing its findings and recommendations under subsection (c) of this section.

(f) Meetings.

(1) The Secretary of Natural Resources shall call the first meeting of the Surface Water Diversions and Transfers Study Group.

(2) The Secretary of Natural Resources or designee shall be the chair of
the Surface Water Diversions and Transfers Study Group.

(3) A majority of the membership of the Surface Water Diversions and Transfers Study Group shall constitute a quorum.

(4) The Surface Water Diversions and Transfers Study Group shall cease to exist on February 1, 2021.

(g) Compensation and reimbursement.

(1) For attendance at meetings during adjournment of the General Assembly, a legislative member of the Surface Water Diversions and Transfers Study Group serving in his or her capacity as a legislator shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 406 for not more than six meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the General Assembly.

(2) Other members of the Surface Water Diversions and Transfers Study Group shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than six meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the Agency of Natural Resources.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

and that after passage the bill be amended to read: “An act relating to surface water diversions”

(Committee Vote: 10-0-1)

Rep. Helm of Fair Haven, for the Committee on Appropriations, recommends the bill ought to pass when amended as recommended by the Committee on Natural Resources; Fish; and Wildlife.

(Committee Vote: 11-0-0)

H. 837

An act relating to enhanced life estate deeds

Rep. Seymour of Sutton, for the Committee on Judiciary, recommends the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 27 V.S.A. chapter 6 is added to read:

CHAPTER 6. ENHANCED LIFE ESTATE DEEDS

§ 651. SHORT TITLE
This chapter shall be known as the “Enhanced Life Estate Deed Act” or the “ELED Act”.

§ 652. APPLICATION OF CHAPTER

This chapter applies to deeds in which a grantor reserves a common law life estate interest in real property while expressly reserving rights such that the deed creates a contingent remainder interest in the grantee.

§ 653. DEFINITIONS

In this chapter, unless a deed indicates an intention to the contrary:

1. “Convey” means to grant, sell, gift, lease, transfer, or encumber real property, with or without consideration, including the ability to revise or revoke a deed.

2. “Enhanced life estate deed” or “ELE Deed” means a deed in which:
   A. the grantor expressly reserves a common law life estate;
   B. the grantor expressly reserves the right to convey the property during the grantor’s lifetime;
   C. the grantee acquires a contingent remainder interest such that, prior to the death of the grantor, the grantee has no vested rights in the property; and
   D. upon the death of the grantor, title vests in the surviving grantee or, for a deceased grantee, title passes pursuant to section 658 of this title, subject to encumbrances of record.

3. “Grantee” means one or more grantees and the grantee’s heirs and assigns.

4. “Grantor” means one or more grantors, each of whom shall be a natural person, and the grantor’s heirs and assigns.

5. “Revoke” means to negate an ELE deed and is accomplished when the grantor records a deed from the grantor to himself or herself.

6. “Revise” means to change the grantee on an ELE deed and is accomplished when the grantor records a new ELE deed to a grantee other than, or in addition to, the grantee named in the prior ELE deed. A revised deed supercedes and replaces a prior ELE deed. To add an additional grantee to an existing ELE deed, the new ELE deed must name all grantees.

§ 654. EXECUTION AND RECORDING OF AN ENHANCED LIFE ESTATE DEED
(a) Subject to the rights expressly reserved in the deed, a validly executed and recorded ELE deed does not:

(1) affect the ownership rights of the grantor or the grantor’s creditors;

(2) transfer or convey any present right, title, or interest in the property or create any present legal or equitable interest in the grantee; or

(3) subject the grantor’s property to process from the grantee’s creditors.

(b) The grantor may convey the property described in an ELE deed, or any portion thereof, without the need for joinder by, consent from, agreement of, or notice to the grantee.

(c) If not previously conveyed during the lifetime of the grantor, upon the death of the grantor, subject to encumbrances of record, the interest stated in an ELE deed vests in the grantee or, for a deceased grantee, the interest passes pursuant to section 658 of this title.

§ 655. ACCEPTANCE OR CONSIDERATION NOT REQUIRED; CONVEYANCE NOT PERMITTED

(a) An enhanced life estate deed is effective without:

(1) acceptance by the designated grantee during the grantor’s life; or

(2) consideration.

(b) A grantee named in an ELE deed shall not convey the grantee’s contingent remainder interest during the grantor’s lifetime, and any conveyance which attempts to do so is void.

§ 656. REVOCATION, REVISION, MORTGAGES

(a) A grantor may revoke or revise an ELE deed.

(b) Joinder by, consent to, agreement of, or notice to the grantee of an ELE deed shall not be required for revocation or revision.

(c) The granting of a mortgage shall not operate to revoke or revise an ELE deed, but the property interests conveyed and reserved in an ELE deed shall be encumbered by the mortgage and by any future advances made pursuant to it.

§ 657. EXECUTION BY GUARDIAN; USE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY

(a) With the approval of the Probate Division, a guardian may convey the
real property of a person under guardianship by an ELE deed.

(b) An ELE deed may be executed by an agent under a power of attorney if the power of attorney complies with the requirements of 14 V.S.A. chapter 123, including any applicable gifting and self-dealing provisions.

§658. DEATH OF GRANTEE PRIOR TO DEATH OF GRANTOR

Unless the ELE deed provides otherwise:

(1) If an ELE deed conveys title to a single grantee and the grantee predeceases the grantor, upon the death of the grantor, title to the property vests in the heirs of an intestate grantee or the interest shall be distributed or conveyed to a grantee’s heirs or beneficiaries, as directed by the Probate Division.

(2) If an ELE deed conveys title to multiple grantees as tenants in common and one or more grantees predecease the grantor, upon the death of the grantor, title to the property vests in the heirs of any intestate grantee or the interest shall be distributed or conveyed to a grantee’s heirs or beneficiaries, as directed by the probate court.

(3) If an ELE deed conveys title to multiple grantees as joint tenants and one or more grantees predecease the grantor, upon the death of the grantor, title to the property vests in any grantee who survives the grantor.

§ 659. PREVIOUSLY EXECUTED AND RECORDED ENHANCED LIFE ESTATE DEEDS

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to affect the validity of an enhanced life estate deed, a “Life Estate Deed with Reserved Powers,” a “Lady Bird Deed,” a “Medicaid Deed,” an “Italian Deed,” or similar deed executed and recorded prior to the effective date of this act.

§ 660. OPTIONAL FORM FOR ENHANCED LIFE ESTATE DEED

The following form may be used to create an enhanced life estate deed:

ENHANCED LIFE ESTATE DEED

(Vermont statutory form deed)

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, that

I/We, ______________________ and ______________________ of ______________________, in the County of ___________ and State of Vermont, Grantors, without consideration, by these presents, do freely GIVE, GRANT, SELL, CONVEY, AND CONFIRM unto the Grantees, ______________________ and ______________________, of ______________________, in the County of ___________ and
State of Vermont and their heirs and assigns forever as [insert nature of tenancy] a certain piece of land in __________, in the County of __________, and State of Vermont, described as follows:

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION:
[Insert property description or attach schedule]

GRANTORS RESERVED RIGHTS:

This is an enhanced life estate deed executed pursuant to, and with the rights and privileges set forth in, 27 V.S.A. chapter 6, the Enhanced Life Estate Deed Act (the “ELED Act”). The Grantors, or the survivor of them, hereby reserve unto themselves: (a) a common law life estate, with the exclusive use, possession, and enjoyment of the property; and (b) the right to convey the property. Reference is hereby made to the aforementioned deeds and records and to the deeds and records contained in those documents, in further aid of this description.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD said granted premises, with all the privileges and appurtenances thereof, to the said Grantees, __________, and their heirs and assigns, to their own use and behoof forever, as [insert nature of tenancy]. I/We, the said Grantors, for ourselves and our heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns do covenant with the said Grantees, __________ and __________, and their heirs and assigns, that until the ensealing of these presents we are the sole owners of the premises and have good right and title to convey the same in the manner aforesaid, that they are FREE FROM EVERY ECUMBERANCE, except as aforesaid, and the Grantors hereby engage to WARRANT AND DEFEND the same against all lawful claims whatsoever, except as otherwise provided in this deed. I/WE HAVE HERUNTO set our hands this __________, of __________, 20__.

[INSERT NOTARY CLAUSE]

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee Vote: 10-0-0)

Rep. Conquest of Newbury, for the Committee on Appropriations, recommends the bill ought to pass when amended as recommended by the Committee on Judiciary.
(Committee Vote: 11-0-0)

H. 901

An act relating to expanding access to adult technical education equipment funding

Rep. Leffler of Enosburgh, for the Committee on Corrections and Institutions, recommends the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 84, Sec. 33a, as amended by 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 190, Sec. 21, as amended by 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 42, Sec. 33, is further amended to read:

Sec. 33a. ADULT CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION EQUIPMENT GRANT PILOT PROGRAM

(a) The General Assembly hereby establishes a pilot grant program to authorize the Department of Labor, in consultation with the State Workforce Development Board, to administer the Adult Career and Technical Education Equipment Grant Pilot Program to support the purchase of equipment necessary for the delivery of occupational training for students enrolled in a postsecondary course offered by Vermont’s Career and Technical Education Centers or the Vermont State Colleges.

(b) Career and Technical Education Centers and the Vermont State Colleges are the only eligible applicants for grants awarded under the Program. Not more than 50 percent of the allocated funding under this provision may be awarded to the Vermont State Colleges.

(c) Grants may only be awarded to applicants who demonstrate how use of the grant-funded equipment:

(1) in the case of a Career and Technical Education Center, will be shared with at least one other Career and Technical Education Center, the Department of Corrections, or an accredited post-secondary college or university located in Vermont; or

(2) in the case of a Vermont State College, will be shared with at least one Career and Technical Education Center and will align with programming offered at a Career and Technical Education Center that results in an expanded career pathway in partnership with an adult career and technical education program.

(d) An applicant’s training program shall qualify for a grant described in subsection (a) of this section if it includes all of the following requirements:
(1) meets current occupational demand, as evidenced by current labor market information;

(2) aligns with a career pathway or set of stackable credentials involving a college or university accredited in Vermont;

(3) is supported with a business or industry partnership;

(4) sets forth how equipment will be maintained, insured, shared, and transported, if applicable; and

(5) is endorsed by the Adult Career and Technical Education Association.

(d)(e) Grants awarded under this program shall be used to purchase capital-eligible equipment. Grants shall not be used to support curriculum development, instruction, or program administration.

(e)(f) On or before July 15, 2018, the Department shall develop and publish a simplified grant application that meets the criteria described in subsection (b) of this section. The Department shall consult with the Agency of Education and the State Workforce Development Board in reviewing applications and selecting grantees.

(f)(g) Grantees shall have ownership over any share of equipment purchased with the use of these funds. Any equipment purchased from this program may also be used by secondary career technical education programs.

(g)(h) On or before February 15, 2019, the Department of Labor shall submit a report to the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Institutions that includes the following:

(1) how the funds were used, expected outcomes, recommended performance metrics to ensure success of the program, and any other relevant information that would inform future decisions about the use of this program;

(2) assessment of the functionality and accessibility of shared-equipment agreements; and

(3) how, and the extent to which, the program shall be funded in the future.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee Vote: 10-0-1)

Rep. Fagan of Rutland City, for the Committee on Appropriations, recommends the bill ought to pass when amended as recommended by the
Committee on Corrections and Institutions.

(Committee Vote: 11-0-0)

Favorable

S. 326

An act relating to the State Advisory Panel on Special Education

Rep. Elder of Starksboro, for the Committee on Education, recommends that the bill ought to pass in concurrence.

(Committee Vote: 10-0-0)

(For text see Senate Journal January 31, 2020)

Consent Calendar

Concurrent Resolutions

The following concurrent resolutions have been introduced for approval by the Senate and House and will be adopted automatically unless a Senator or Representative requests floor consideration before the end of the session of the next legislative day. Requests for floor consideration in either chamber should be communicated to the Secretary’s office and/or the House Clerk’s office, respectively. For text of resolutions, see Addendum to House Calendar and Senate Calendar.

H.C.R. 287

House concurrent resolution designating Thursday, March 19, 2020 as Social Work Advocacy Day at the State House

H.C.R. 288

House concurrent resolution congratulating the Central Vermont Council on Aging on its 40th anniversary

H.C.R. 289

House concurrent resolution in memory of Anthony Ernest Morgan of West Rutland

H.C.R. 290

House concurrent resolution recognizing April as the Month of the Military Child in Vermont

H.C.R. 291

House concurrent resolution in memory of former Representative and Royalton Town Moderator David M. Ainsworth
H.C.R. 292
House concurrent resolution congratulating the University of Vermont Extension and WCAX-TV on the 65th anniversary of the Across the Fence television program

H.C.R. 293
House concurrent resolution honoring the U.S. Navy submarine Vermont (SSN 792), its Pre-Commissioning Unit, and its Commissioning Committee

H.C.R. 294
House concurrent resolution honoring Don Myers on his half-century membership in the Bennington Fire Department

H.C.R. 295
House concurrent resolution designating Wednesday, March 18, 2020 as Alzheimer’s Awareness Day at the State House

H.C.R. 296
House concurrent resolution honoring former Representative Alice Miller of Shaftsbury on her receipt of the 2020 Vermont Higher Education Excellence Award

S.C.R. 19
Senate concurrent resolution honoring Susan Andrews for her leadership of Greater Bennington Interfaith Community Services.

For Informational Purposes
CROSSOVER DATES
The Joint Rules Committee established the following Crossover deadlines:

(1) All Senate/House bills must be reported out of the last committee of reference (including the Committees on Appropriations and Finance/Ways and Means, except as provided below in (2) and the exceptions listed below) on or before Friday, March 13, 2020, and filed with the Secretary/Clerk so they may be placed on the Calendar for Notice the next legislative day – Committee bills must be voted out of Committee by Friday March 13, 2020.

(2) All Senate/House bills referred pursuant to Senate Rule 31 or House Rule 35(a) to the Committees on Appropriations and Finance/Ways and Means must be reported out by the last of those committees on or before Friday, March 20, 2020, and filed with the Secretary/Clerk so they may be placed on the Calendar for Notice the next legislative day.
Note: The Senate will not act on bills that do not meet these crossover deadlines, without the consent of the Senate Rules Committee.

Exceptions to the foregoing deadlines include the major money bills (the general Appropriations bill (“The Big Bill”), the Transportation Capital bill, the Capital Construction bill and the Fee/Revenue bills.