

S.107

An act relating to elections corrections

It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:

* * * Ratification of Articles of Amendment to the Vermont Constitution * * *

Sec. 1. 17 V.S.A. chapter 32 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 32. PUBLICATION AND RATIFICATION OF ARTICLES OF
AMENDMENT TO VERMONT CONSTITUTION

* * *

§ 1841. CONSTITUTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

(a) Amendments to the Constitution, having been proposed by the General Assembly, published, and concurred in by the succeeding General Assembly as required by § 72 of Chapter II of the Constitution, shall be submitted to the people of the ~~state~~ State for their ratification and adoption in the manner provided in this chapter.

(b) Following the concurrence by the succeeding General Assembly but prior to being submitted to the people of the State, the Governor shall issue a proclamation providing public notice of the proposed constitutional amendment.

§ 1842. TIME OF VOTING; WARNING

(a) The people shall be assembled for the purpose of voting on the article of amendment in their respective towns and cities at the same time and place as for the general election, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in

November, in even-numbered years, and the warning for each meeting shall contain an article, in substance as follows:

“To see if the ~~freemen and freewomen~~ voters will vote to accept or reject the proposed article of amendment to the Constitution of Vermont.”

(b) The omission of that article from the warning shall not invalidate nor affect the vote on the proposed article of amendment, and the ~~freemen and freewomen~~ voters of each town or city shall vote on the article of amendment whether the warning contains the foregoing article or not.

§ 1843. PROCESS OF VOTING; MAKING RETURNS; CONDUCT OF
MEETINGS

(a)(1) At those meetings the ~~freemen and freewomen~~ voters may vote by ballot for or against the article of amendment.

(2) The same officer shall preside in each such meeting as provided in section 2680 of this title.

(b) The board of civil authority shall, in open meeting, receive, sort, and count the votes of the ~~freemen and freewomen~~ voters for and against the article of amendment and the result shall be declared by the presiding officer. That result shall be recorded by the clerk of the town or city and true returns thereof shall be made, sealed up and sent by the clerk by mail or otherwise to the Secretary of State as provided in section 2588 of this title.

(c) ~~The ballot boxes for the reception of votes~~ polls for voting on the article of amendment shall be ~~opened and shall close~~ open as provided in section 2561 of this title.

§ 1844. PUBLICATION IN NEWSPAPERS AND ON STATE WEBSITES;
BALLOTS

(a)(1) The Secretary of State shall, between September 25 and October 1 in any year in which a vote on ratification of an article of amendment is taken, prepare copies of the proposal of amendment and forward them, with a summary of proposed changes, for publication in at least two newspapers having general circulation in the State, as determined by the Secretary of State.

(2) The proposal shall be so published once each week for three successive weeks in each of the papers at the expense of the State and on the websites of the General Assembly and the Office of the Secretary of State.

(b) The Secretary of State shall cause ballots to be prepared for a vote by the ~~freemen and freewomen~~ voters of the State upon the proposal of amendment.

§ 1845. QUALIFICATIONS OF VOTERS; ~~CHECKLISTS, BOOTHS,~~
CLERKS CONDUCT OF ELECTION

The qualifications of voters on the proposal of amendment, the checklist requirements for the election, and all other provisions relating to the conduct of the election shall be the same as those required ~~of voters~~ at general elections

~~under sections 2121-2126 of this title and sections 2141-2150 of this title relating to checklists shall apply, but the checklist specified in section 2141 of this title to be used at the meetings under this act shall be prepared and posted at least 30 days before the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, in even-numbered years. Voting booths shall be prepared and the ballot clerks and assisting clerks shall be appointed, as in case of general elections.~~

§ 1846. FAILURE TO POST CHECKLISTS

The failure of the selectboard of any town, or the proper officers of any city, to prepare and post checklists of the ~~freemen and freewomen~~ voters of the town or city ~~at least 30 days before the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, in even-numbered years,~~ as provided by section ~~1845~~ 2141 of this title, shall not invalidate the votes given by the ~~freemen and freewomen~~ voters of the town or city upon the proposed article of amendment.

* * *

§ 1848. TABULATION OF RETURNS; RECORD OF AMENDMENTS

The Governor and Secretary of State shall, on the second Tuesday of December, of the year in which a vote on ratification of an article of amendment is taken, open and tabulate the returns made under section 1843 of this ~~title~~ chapter; and if it appears therefrom that the article of amendment has been ratified and adopted by a majority of the ~~freemen and freewomen~~ voters voting thereon, the amendment shall be enrolled on the parchment and

deposited in the office of the Secretary of State as a part of the Constitution of this State and shall, in all future official revisions of the laws, be published in immediate connection therewith.

§ 1849. PROCLAMATION BY GOVERNOR

The Governor shall thereupon forthwith issue his or her proclamation, attested by the Secretary of State, reciting the article of amendment and announcing the ratification and adoption of it by the people of this State under this chapter and that the amendment has become a part of the Constitution thereof and requiring all ~~magistrates and~~ officers, and all citizens of the State to take notice thereof and govern themselves accordingly; or that the article of amendment has been rejected, as the case may be.

§ 1850. TRANSMISSION OF COPIES OF ~~ACT~~ CHAPTER AND FORMS
TO CLERKS

(a) The Secretary of State shall send to the clerk of each city and town a copy of this ~~act~~ chapter at least two months before the vote on the ratification of an article of amendment.

(b) In any year in which a vote on ratification of an article of amendment is taken, the Secretary of State shall, within the period prescribed by section 1844 of this ~~title~~ chapter, send to the clerk of each city and town ballots provided for in that ~~section 1844 of this title~~ and blank forms for the returns of votes on the article of amendment.

* * * Reapportionment * * *

Sec. 2. 17 V.S.A. § 1881a is amended to read:

§ 1881a. SENATORIAL DISTRICTS; NOMINATIONS AND ELECTION

* * *

(c)(1) Petitions for nominating candidates for Senator in the General Assembly by primary or by certificates of nomination of candidates for that office by convention, caucus, committee, or voters under chapter 49 of this title may be filed in the office of any county clerk in a senatorial district.

(2)(A) On the day after the last day for filing those petitions or certificates for that office, the other county clerk shall notify the senatorial district clerk of the facts concerning those petitions or certificates.

(B) The senatorial district clerk shall be responsible for determining the names of candidates and other facts required by law to appear on the ballot for the office of Senator, and for obtaining and distributing the ballots to the other clerks in the district. ~~In senatorial districts, the ballots for Senator in the General Assembly shall be separate from those for other county officers.~~

* * *

Sec. 3. 17 V.S.A. § 1901 is amended to read:

§ 1901. PURPOSE

(a) The Supreme Court of the United States has ruled that the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution

requires all state legislative bodies to be apportioned in such manner as to achieve substantially equal weighting of the votes of all voters in the choice of legislators.

(b) To comply with such requirement it will be necessary to reapportion the House of Representatives and Senate at periodic intervals, so that changes may be recognized in legislative apportionment.

(c) It is the purpose of this chapter to achieve such reapportionment in an orderly and impartial manner.

Sec. 4. 17 V.S.A. § 1909 is amended to read:

§ 1909. REVIEW

(a) Within 30 days of the effective date of any apportionment bill enacted pursuant to section 1906b, 1906c, or 1907 of this ~~title~~ chapter, any five or more ~~freemen and freewomen~~ voters of the State aggrieved by the plan or act may petition the Supreme Court of Vermont for review of same.

(b) The sole grounds of review to be considered by the Supreme Court shall be that the apportionment plan, or any part of it, is unconstitutional or violates section 1903 of this ~~title~~ chapter.

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* * * Offenses Against the Purity of Elections * * *

Sec. 5. 17 V.S.A. § 2017 is amended to read:

§ 2017. UNDUE INFLUENCE

A person who attempts by bribery, threats, or any undue influence to dictate, control, or alter the vote of a ~~freeman or freewoman~~ voter about to be given at a local, primary, or general election shall be fined not more than \$200.00.

* * * Voter Registration * * *

Sec. 5a. 17 V.S.A. § 2145 is amended to read:

§ 2145. APPLICATION FORMS

* * *

(f) A person who makes a false statement in completing a voter registration application form or the voter registration portion of an application for a motor vehicle driver's license or nondriver identification card or of an application for the services of a designated automatic voter registration agency knowing the statement to be false shall be subject to the penalties of perjury as provided in 13 V.S.A. § 2901, except that a person who is not eligible to register to vote and who otherwise completes the application accurately shall not be considered to have made a false statement under this subsection by his or her unintentional failure to decline to register on a motor vehicle driver's license or nondriver identification card application under section 2145a of this chapter or

on a designated automatic voter registration agency's application under subsection 2145b(e) of this chapter.

* * *

Sec. 6. 17 V.S.A. § 2145a is amended to read:

§ 2145a. REGISTRATIONS AT THE DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR
VEHICLES

(a) An application for, or renewal of, a motor vehicle driver's license or nondriver identification card shall serve as a simultaneous application to register to vote unless the applicant checks the box on the application designating that he or she declines to use the application as a voter registration application.

* * *

(c) An application for voter registration under this section shall update any previous voter registration by the applicant. Any change of address form submitted to the Department of Motor Vehicles in connection with an application for a motor vehicle driver's license shall serve to update voter registration information previously provided by the voter, unless the voter states on the form that the change of address is not for voter registration purposes.

(d)(1) The Department of Motor Vehicles shall transmit motor vehicle driver's license and nondriver identification card applications received under

this section to the Secretary of State not later than five days after the date the application was accepted by the Department, or before the date of any primary or general election, whichever is sooner.

(2) The Department of Motor Vehicles shall not transmit motor vehicle driver's license and nondriver identification card applications when the applicant has designated that he or she declines to be registered.

(3) The Department of Motor Vehicles shall ensure confidentiality of records as required by subdivision (b)(2)(A) of this section.

* * *

(i) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d) of this section or any other provision of law to the contrary, the Department of Motor Vehicles shall share its motor vehicle driver's license, driver privilege card, and nondriver identification card customer data with the Secretary of State's office for the Secretary's use in conducting voter registration and voter checklist maintenance activities.

Sec. 7. 17 V.S.A. § 2145b is amended to read:

§ 2145b. VOTER REGISTRATION AGENCIES

(a) Each voter registration agency shall:

(1) distribute voter registration application forms approved under section 2145 of this title;

(2) assist applicants in completing voter registration application forms, unless the applicant refuses such assistance; and

(3) accept completed voter registration applications and transmit completed applications to the Secretary of State not later than 10 days after the date of acceptance, or before the date of any primary or general election, whichever is sooner.

(b) The Secretary shall promptly transmit applications received under this section to the clerks of the appropriate municipalities.

(c)(1) A voter registration agency shall provide each applicant who does not decline to register to vote the same degree of assistance with regard to the completion of the voter registration application that the office provides with regard to the completion of its own forms, unless the applicant refuses such assistance.

(2) If an agency provides services to a person with a disability at the person's home, the agency shall provide the services described in subsection (a) of this section at the person's home.

(d) ~~A~~ Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, a voter registration agency that provides services or assistance in addition to conducting voter registration shall distribute a voter registration application with each application for the services or assistance provided by the agency, and with each recertification, renewal, or change of address form relating to those

services or assistance. In addition to the voter registration application form, the agency shall distribute a separate form that includes the following:

(1) The question, “If you are not registered to vote where you live now, would you like to apply to register to vote here today?”

(2) In the case of an agency that provides public assistance, the statement, “Applying to register or declining to register to vote will not affect the amount of assistance that you will be provided by this agency.”

(3) Boxes for the applicant to check to indicate whether the applicant would like to register or declines to register to vote, together with the statement, “IF YOU DO NOT CHECK EITHER BOX, YOU WILL BE CONSIDERED TO HAVE DECIDED NOT TO REGISTER TO VOTE AT THIS TIME.”

(4) The statement, “If you would like help in filling out the voter registration application form, we will help you. The decision whether to seek or accept help is yours. You may fill out the application form in private.”

(5) The statement, “If you believe that someone has interfered with your right to register or to decline to register to vote, you may file a complaint with the Secretary of State (Secretary of State’s office address and telephone number).”

(e) The Secretary of State may designate voter registration agencies that shall provide qualified applicants for such agency’s services, or qualified

inmates within the custody of the Department of Corrections, with automatic voter registration as an integrated option on application forms for services provided by those agencies.

(1) Such designations shall be limited to a voter registration agency or a specific program administered by such an agency:

(A) that, in the regular course of the agency's or program's business, already collects and verifies documents necessary to provide proof of an individual's eligibility to vote under subchapter 1 of this chapter; and

(B) whose secretary, commissioner, or other applicable head of the agency has approved of such designation.

(2) A voter registration agency shall not collect data necessary to establish an individual's eligibility to vote solely for the purpose of being designated an automatic voter registration agency under this subsection.

(3) On or before January 1 of each year, the Secretary shall, in accordance with the approval given by a voter registration agency's secretary, commissioner, or other head:

(A) publish on his or her official website a list of voter registration agencies designated under this subsection;

(B) specify which programs or services offered by each agency are included within the designation; and

(C) provide the date by which the agency's specified programs or services will comply with requirements of this subsection.

(4) Beginning on the date by which a voter registration agency's specified programs or services will comply with requirements of this subsection, an application for those services and any change of address form related to those services provided by the agency shall request the following information in a form approved by the Secretary of State:

(A) The applicant's citizenship.

(B) The applicant's date of birth.

(C) The applicant's town of legal residence.

(D) The applicant's street address or a description of the physical location of the applicant's residence. The description must contain sufficient information so that the town clerk can determine whether the applicant is a resident of the town.

(E) The voter's oath.

(F) The applicant's e-mail address, which shall be optional to provide.

(5) An application for a designated automatic voter registration agency's services shall provide the following statements:

(A) "By signing and submitting this application, you are authorizing this voter registration agency to transmit this application to the Secretary of

State for voter registration purposes. YOU MAY DECLINE TO REGISTER.

Both the office through which you submit this application and your decision of whether or not to register will remain confidential and will be used for voter registration purposes only.”

(B) “In order to be registered to vote, you must: (1) be a U.S. citizen; (2) be a resident of Vermont; (3) have taken the voter’s oath; and (4) be 18 years of age or older. Any person meeting the requirements of (1)–(3) who will be 18 years of age on or before the date of a general election may register and vote in the primary election immediately preceding that general election. Failure to decline to register is an attestation that you meet the requirements to vote.”

(6)(A) An application for a designated automatic voter registration agency’s services shall provide the penalties provided by law for submission of a false voter registration application and shall require the signature of the applicant, under penalty of perjury.

(B) If a person who is ineligible to vote becomes registered to vote pursuant to this subsection in the absence of a violation of subsection 2145(f) of this chapter, that person’s registration shall be presumed to have been effected with official authorization and not the fault of that person.

(f)(1) The Secretary of State shall have the authority to audit any voter registration agency to determine compliance with the requirements of this

section and to require any voter registration agency to implement any remedial measures necessary to ensure compliance with this section.

(2) The Secretary of Administration shall provide the Secretary of State any assistance that is necessary to ensure the cooperation of voter registration agencies in implementing any remedial measures the Secretary of State requires under this subsection.

Sec. 8. 17 V.S.A. § 2150 is amended to read:

§ 2150. REMOVING NAMES FROM CHECKLIST

* * *

(d) Except as provided in subsection (a) of this section, a board of civil authority shall only remove a name from the checklist in accordance with the following procedure:

(1) If the board of civil authority is satisfied that a voter whose eligibility is being considered is still qualified to vote in the municipality, the voter's name shall remain on the checklist, and no further action shall be taken.

(2)(A)(i) If the board of civil authority does not immediately know that the voter is still qualified to vote in the municipality, the board shall attempt to determine with certainty what the true status of the voter's eligibility is.

(ii) The board of civil authority may consider and rely upon official and unofficial public records and documents, including telephone directories, city directories, newspapers, death certificates, ~~obituary~~ obituaries

(or other public ~~notice~~ notices of death), tax records, and any checklist or checklists showing persons who voted in any election within the last four years.

(iii) The board of civil authority may also designate one or more persons to attempt to contact the voter personally.

(B) Any voter whom the board of civil authority finds through such inquiry to be eligible to remain on the checklist shall be retained without further action being taken.

(C) The name of any voter proven to be deceased shall be removed from the checklist.

(3)(A)(i) If after conducting its inquiry the board of civil authority or town clerk is unable to locate a voter whose name is on the checklist, or if the inquiry reveals facts indicating that the voter may no longer be eligible to vote in the municipality, the board of civil authority or, upon request of the board, the town clerk shall send a written notice to the voter.

(ii) The notice shall be sent by first-class mail to the most recent known address of the voter, asking the voter to verify his or her current eligibility to vote in the municipality.

(iii) The notice shall be sent with the required U.S. Postal Service language for requesting change of address information.

(B) Enclosed with the notice shall be a ~~postage-paid~~ postage-paid pre-addressed return form on which the voter may reply swearing or affirming the voter's current place of residence as the municipality in question or alternatively consenting to the removal of the voter's name.

(C) The notice required by this subsection shall also include the following:

~~(A)~~(i) A statement informing the voter that if the voter has not changed his or her residence, or if the voter has changed his or her residence but the change was within the area covered by the checklist, the voter should return the form to the town clerk's office. The statement shall also inform the voter that if he or she fails to return the form as provided in this subdivision, written affirmation of the voter's address shall be required before the voter is permitted to vote.

~~(B)~~(ii) Information concerning how the voter can register to vote in another state or another municipality within this State.

(4) If the voter confirms in writing that the voter has changed his or her residence to a place outside the area covered by the checklist, the board of civil authority shall remove the voter's name from the checklist.

(5) In the case of voters who failed to respond to the notice sent pursuant to subdivision (3) of this subsection, the board of civil authority shall remove the voter's name from the checklist on the day after the second general

election following the date of such notice, if the voter has not voted or appeared to vote in an election since the notice was sent or has not otherwise demonstrated his or her eligibility to remain on the checklist.

(6)(A) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (5) of this subsection, if at any time subsequent to removal of a person's name from the checklist, the board determines that the person was still qualified to vote and that the voter's name should not have been removed, the board shall add the person's name to the checklist as provided in section 2147 of this ~~title~~ chapter.

(B) The provisions of this chapter shall be liberally construed, so that if there is any reasonable doubt whether a person's name should have been removed from the checklist, the person shall have the right to have the person's name immediately returned to the checklist.

(7)(A) The board of civil authority shall keep detailed records of its proceedings under this subchapter for at least two years. These records, except records relating to a person's decision not to register to vote or to the identity of the voter registration agency through which any particular voter registered, shall be public records and shall be available for inspection and copying at actual cost. The records shall include:

~~(A)~~(i) in the case of each name removed from the checklist, a clear statement of the reason or reasons for which the name was removed;

~~(B)~~(ii) in the case of the updating of the checklist required by subsection (c) of this section, the working copy or copies of the checklist used in the name by name review conducted to ascertain continued eligibility to vote;

~~(C)~~(iii) the total number of new registrations occurring during the period between general elections;

~~(D)~~(iv) the total number of persons removed from the checklist during the period between general elections; and

~~(E)~~(v) lists of the names and addresses of all persons to whom notices were sent under this subsection, and information concerning whether or not each person to whom a notice was sent responded to the notice as of the date that inspection of the records is made.

(B)(i) A letter certifying compliance with this section shall be filed with the Secretary of State ~~by~~ on or before September 20 of each odd-numbered year.

(ii) Upon request of any Superior judge or upon request of the Secretary of State, the town clerk shall forward a certified copy of the records of checklist maintenance.

Sec. 8a. 17 V.S.A. § 2154 is amended to read:

§ 2154. STATEWIDE VOTER CHECKLIST

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(b)(1) A registered voter's month and day of birth, driver's license or nondriver identification number, telephone number, e-mail address, and the last four digits of his or her Social Security number shall be kept confidential and are exempt from public inspection and copying under the Public Records Act.

(2) A public agency as defined in 1 V.S.A. § 317 and any officer, employee, agent, or independent contractor of a public agency shall not knowingly disclose a copy of all of the statewide voter checklist ~~or~~ a municipality's portion of the statewide voter checklist, or any other municipal voter checklist to any foreign government or to a federal agency or commission or to a person acting on behalf of a foreign government or of such a federal entity for the purpose of:

(A) registration of a voter based on his or her information maintained in the checklist;

(B) publicly disclosing a voter's information maintained in the checklist; or

(C) comparing a voter's information maintained in the checklist to personally identifying information contained in other federal or state databases.

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* * * Political Parties * * *

Sec. 9. 17 V.S.A. chapter 45 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 45. POLITICAL PARTIES

§ 2301. ORGANIZATION OF MAJOR POLITICAL PARTIES

A major political party shall organize biennially as provided in this chapter.
~~No~~ A person acting on behalf of a major political party shall not accept any contribution or make any expenditure (except for the purpose of organizing under this chapter) unless the party has a current certificate of organization on file with the Secretary of State.

§ 2302. STATE CHAIR TO CALL CAUCUS

(a) The chair of the State committee of a party shall set a date for members of the party to meet in caucus in their respective towns, ~~which~~. The date shall be between September 10 and September 30, inclusive, in each odd-numbered year.

(b) At least 14 days before the date set for the caucuses, the State chair shall mail or electronically mail a notice of the date and purpose of the caucuses to each town clerk and to each town and county chair of the party.

§ 2303. TOWN CHAIR TO GIVE NOTICE

(a) The town chair or, if unavailable or if the records of the Secretary of State show there is no chair, any three voters of the town shall arrange to hold

a caucus on the day designated by the State chair, in some public place within the town and shall set the hour of the caucus.

(b)(1) At least five days before the day of the caucus, the town chair shall post a notice of the date, purpose, time, and place of the caucus in the town clerk's office and in at least one other public place in town.

(2) In towns of ~~3,000~~ 5,000 or more population, he or she shall also publish the notice:

(A) in a newspaper having general circulation in the town; or

(B) in a nonpartisan electronic news media website or online forum that specializes in news of the State or the community.

(c) If three voters arrange to call the caucus, the voters shall designate one person among them to perform the duties prescribed in subsection (b) of this section for the town chair.

§ 2304. TOWN CAUCUS

(a)(1) At the time and place set for the town caucus, the voters of the party residing in the town shall meet in caucus and proceed to elect a town committee, consisting of such number of voters of the town as the caucus deems necessary, to serve during the following two years or until their successors are elected or appointed.

(2) Additional members of a town committee may be elected by the town committee at any meeting, and may be eligible to vote on matters before

the town committee at that meeting or at the next meeting, as determined by the members of the committee before the election.

(b) The voter checklist used by the caucus shall be the most recent checklist approved by the board of civil authority.

§ 2305. FIRST MEETING OF TOWN COMMITTEE

(a)(1) The first meeting of the town committee shall be held immediately following adjournment of the caucus.

(2) At this meeting, members of the town committee shall elect committee officers and delegates to the county committee.

(b) All officers and other members of the town committee and all delegates to the county committee shall be voters of the town.

§ 2306. PROCEDURE UPON FAILURE TO HOLD CAUCUS

If the voters of the party residing in any town fail to hold a caucus on the day designated by the State ~~chairman~~ chair, any three or more voters of the party residing in the town may call and hold a caucus at any time thereafter, in the manner provided ~~above~~ in sections 2303 through 2305 of this chapter. Those voters calling the caucus shall designate one ~~of their number~~ person among them to perform the duties prescribed ~~above~~ in section 2303 for the town chair.

§ 2307. CERTIFICATION OF OFFICERS AND COUNTY COMMITTEE

DELEGATES

(a) Within 72 hours after the caucus, the chair and secretary of the town committee shall ~~mail~~ submit to the ~~Secretary of State and the~~ chairs of the State and county committees a copy of the notice calling the meeting and a certified list of the names, ~~and~~ mailing addresses, phone numbers, and e-mails of the officers and members of the town committee and of the delegates to the county committee.

(b) A committee is not considered organized until a certificate of organization is filed by the State committee with the Secretary of State pursuant to section 2313 of this chapter. ~~it has filed the material required by this section.~~

(c) The Secretary of State shall furnish forms for this purpose to the chair of the State committee of a political party.

§ 2308. COMPOSITION OF COUNTY COMMITTEE

(a) The number of delegates to the county committee that each town caucus is entitled to elect shall be apportioned by the State committee, based upon the number of votes cast for the party's candidate for Governor in the last election, provided that each town caucus shall be entitled to elect at least two delegates.

(b) Delegates to the county committee shall be voters of the town, but need not be members of the town committee; ~~they.~~

(c) Delegates shall serve ~~during the following~~ for two years following their election or until their successors are elected or appointed.

§ 2309. FIRST MEETING OF COUNTY COMMITTEE

(a)(1) The chair of the State committee shall set a date, ~~not more than 45 days after the date of the party's caucuses,~~ for the first meeting of each county committee.

(2) The State chair shall notify the chairs of the county committees of the date of the meeting.

(3)(A) The chair of the county committee shall set the hour and place of the meeting and shall notify all delegates-elect by mail or electronic mail not less than 10 days prior to the meeting.

(B) If the chair of the county committee receives notice that a town committee within the county has organized 10 or fewer days before the date of the first meeting of the county committee, the chair ~~must~~ shall notify the newly elected members within 48 hours of receiving notice of the organized town committee.

(b)(1) At the time and place set for the meeting, the delegates shall proceed to elect their officers and perfect an organization of the county committee for the ensuing two years.

(2) All officers and other members of the county committee and all delegates to the State committee shall be voters of the county.

§ 2310. ELECTION OF STATE COMMITTEE

(a)(1) The chair of the county committee shall be a member of the State committee.

(2) Each county committee shall be entitled to elect at least two additional members of the State committee. These delegates need not be members of the county committee.

(3) If the rules or bylaws of a State committee provide for apportionment of additional members of the State committee to come from the county, the county committee also shall elect those additional members.

(b) All county committee members and officers and all persons elected to the State committee shall be voters in the county from which they are elected.

(c) County committee members and delegates to the State committee shall serve for ~~the following~~ two years following their election or until their successors are elected or appointed.

§ 2311. CERTIFICATION OF COUNTY OFFICERS AND STATE
COMMITTEE MEMBERS

(a) Within 72 hours of the first meeting of the county committee, its chair and secretary shall ~~mail~~ submit to ~~the Secretary of State and~~ the chair of the State committee a copy of the notice calling the meeting and a certified list of the names, ~~and~~ mailing addresses, phone numbers, and e-mails of the officers

of the county committee and of the members elected by the county committee to the State committee.

(b) A committee is not considered organized until ~~it has filed the material required by this section~~ a certificate of organization is filed by the State committee with the Secretary of State pursuant to section 2313 of this chapter.

(c) The Secretary of State shall prescribe and furnish forms for this purpose.

§ 2312. FIRST MEETING OF THE STATE COMMITTEE

(a) The chair of the State committee shall name an hour and place of meeting ~~on a day not less than 15 nor more than 30 days after the day set for the first meeting of the county committee of the party,~~ at which time the members-elect of the State committee shall meet and perfect an organization of the State committee for the ensuing two years.

(b) The chair of the State committee shall notify all members-elect of the State committee in writing, at least ~~seven~~ 10 days before the day set for the meeting.

§ 2313. FILING OF CERTIFICATE OF ORGANIZATION

(a)(1) Within 10 days after the first meeting of the State committee of a party, the chair and secretary shall file in the office of the Secretary of State a certificate stating that the party has completed its organization for the ensuing two years and has substantially complied with the provisions of this chapter.

(2) However, no State committee shall be eligible to file a certificate of organization unless it has town committees organized in at least 30 towns in this State and county committees organized in at least seven counties by January 1 of the year of the general election.

(b) The certificate of organization shall:

(1) set forth the names, and mailing addresses, phone numbers, and e-mails of the officers and members of the State committee, together with the counties that they represent. ~~It shall also;~~

(2) contain a listing of the towns and counties in which committees have organized;

(3) designate, in not more than three words, the name by which the party shall be identified on any Australian ballot; and ~~shall~~

(4) be accompanied by a copy of the notice calling the meeting.

* * *

§ 2316. ~~SECRET BALLOT~~

~~At every caucus or meeting of a political committee, if there is a contest for nomination, recommendation, or election to any office or position, the vote shall be taken by secret written ballot. [Repealed.]~~

§ 2317. VOTERS NOT TO PARTICIPATE IN MORE THAN ONE PARTY

~~No~~ A voter shall not vote in ~~the biennial~~ a town, county, or State caucus of more than one party in the same ~~year~~ 12-month period, nor shall any voter

simultaneously hold membership on the committees of more than one political party.

* * *

§ 2319. PARTY CONVENTIONS FOR PLATFORMS ~~AND~~
~~PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS~~

On or before the fourth Tuesday in September in each even-numbered year, upon the call of the chair of the State committee of the party, a party platform convention of each organized political party shall be held to make and adopt the platform of the party. ~~In presidential years, the convention shall be the same convention held to nominate presidential electors.~~

* * *

* * * Nominations * * *

Sec. 10. 17 V.S.A. chapter 49 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 49. NOMINATIONS

Subchapter 1. Primary Elections

* * *

§ 2353. PETITIONS TO PLACE NAMES ON BALLOT

(a) The name of any person shall be printed upon the primary ballot as a candidate for nomination by any major political party for ~~any~~ the office indicated, if ~~petitions~~ a petition containing the requisite number of signatures made by registered voters, in substantially the following form, ~~are~~ is filed with

the proper official, together with the person's written consent to having his or her name printed on the ballot:

* * *

(b)(1) A person's name shall not be listed as a candidate on the primary ballot of more than one party in the same election.

(2) A single petition shall contain only one office for which a person seeks to be a candidate.

(3) A person shall file a separate petition for each office for which he or she seeks to be a candidate.

§ 2354. SIGNING PETITIONS

(a) Any number of voters may sign the same petition.

(b)(1) A voter's signature shall not be valid unless at the time he or she signs, the voter is registered and qualified to vote for the candidate whose petition he or she signs.

(2) Each voter shall indicate his or her town of residence next to his or her signature.

(c) The signature of a voter on a candidate's petition does not necessarily indicate that the voter supports the candidate. ~~A voter shall not sign more than one petition for the same office, unless more than one nomination is to be made, in which case he or she may sign as many petitions as there are nominations to be made for the same office.~~

(d) A petition shall contain the name of only one candidate.

* * *

§ 2368. CANVASSING COMMITTEE MEETINGS

After the primary election is conducted, ~~the~~:

(1) The canvassing committee for State and national offices and statewide public questions shall meet at 10 a.m. one week after the day of the election.

(2) The canvassing committee for county offices ~~and~~, countywide public questions, and State Senator shall meet at 10 a.m. on the third day following the election.

(3) The canvassing committees for local offices ~~and~~, local public questions, ~~including~~ and State Representative, shall meet at 10 a.m. on the day after the election, except that in the case of canvassing committees for State Representative in multi-town representative districts, the committees shall meet at 10 a.m. on the third day after the election.

§ 2369. DETERMINING WINNER; TIE VOTES

(a) A person who receives a plurality of all the votes cast by a party in a primary shall be a candidate of that party for the office designated on the ballot.

(b)(1) If, after the period for requesting a recount under section 2602 of this title has expired, no candidate has requested a recount and two or more

candidates of the same party are tied for the same office, or if the results of any recount result in a tie the choice among those tied shall be determined upon five days' notice and not later than 10 days following the primary election by the committee of that party, which shall meet to nominate a candidate from among the tied candidates. The committee that nominates a candidate shall be as follows:

- (A) the State committee of a party for a State or congressional office;
- (B) the senatorial district committee for State Senate;
- (C) the county committee for county office; or
- (D) the representative district committee for a Representative to the General Assembly.

(2) The committee chair shall certify the candidate nomination for the general election to the Secretary of State within 48 hours of the nomination.

* * *

Subchapter 3. Independent Candidates

* * *

§ 2403. NUMBER OF CANDIDATES; PARTY NAMES

(a)(1) A statement of nomination shall contain the name of only one candidate, except in the case of presidential and vice presidential candidates, who may be nominated by means of the same statement of nomination. ~~A~~

~~person shall not sign more than one statement of nomination for the same
office.~~

(2) A single statement of nomination shall contain only one office for
which a person seeks to be a candidate.

* * *

Subchapter 4. Miscellaneous Provisions

* * *

§ 2414. CANDIDATES FOR STATE AND LEGISLATIVE OFFICE; DISCLOSURE FORM

* * *

(d)(1) A senatorial district clerk or representative district clerk who
receives a disclosure form under this section shall forward a copy of the
disclosure to the Secretary of State within three business days of receiving it.

(2)(A) The Secretary of State shall post a copy of any disclosure forms
and tax returns he or she receives under this section on his or her official State
website. The forms shall remain posted on the Secretary's website until the
date of the filing deadline for petition and consent forms for major party
candidates for the statewide primary in the following election cycle.

* * *

* * * Election Complaint Procedure * * *

Sec. 11. 17 V.S.A. § 2458 is amended to read:

§ 2458. COMPLAINT PROCEDURE

(a) The Secretary of State shall adopt rules to establish a uniform and nondiscriminatory complaint procedure to be used by any person who believes that a violation of this title or any other provision of ~~Title III of United States Public Law 107-252~~ 52 U.S.C. chapter 209, subchapter III (Uniform and Nondiscriminatory Election Technology and Administration Requirements) has occurred, is occurring, or is about to occur in the course of any election in which a candidate for federal office appears on the ballot.

(b) ~~For purposes of~~ As used in this section, “complaint” ~~shall mean~~ means a statement in writing made by a voter stating, with particularity, the violation, notarized, and sworn or affirmed under penalty of perjury.

(c) The Secretary’s rules shall provide for an informal proceeding to hear complaints for all complainants unless a formal hearing is requested. Formal complaints held pursuant to this section shall be in conformance with the rules adopted by the Secretary.

(d) Any decision of the Secretary may be appealed to the Superior Court in the county where the individual resides.

* * * Conduct of Elections * * *

Sec. 12. 17 V.S.A. § 2473 is amended to read:

§ 2473. PROVISIONS RELATIVE TO PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION

* * *

(c)(1) If a candidate whose name is not printed on the ballot receives the greatest number of votes for President, the Secretary of State shall notify him or her of that fact, and within two weeks thereafter, the candidate shall file with the Secretary of State, a list of ~~freemen and freewomen~~ voters equal to the number of electors that the State is entitled to elect. The list shall be signed by the candidate personally.

(2) The persons so named shall be electors, having the duties prescribed in this title.

Sec. 13. 17 V.S.A. § 2508 is amended to read:

§ 2508. CAMPAIGNING DURING POLLING HOURS; VOTER ACCESS

(a)(1) The presiding officer shall ensure during polling hours on the day of the election that:

(A) within the building containing a polling place, no campaign literature, stickers, buttons, name stamps, information on write-in candidates, or other political materials that display the name of a candidate on the ballot or an organized political party or that demonstrate support or opposition to a question on the ballot are displayed, placed, handed out, or allowed to remain;

(B) within the building containing a polling place, no candidate, election official, or other person distributes election materials, solicits voters regarding an item or candidate on the ballot, or otherwise campaigns; and

(C) on the walks and driveways leading to a building in which a polling place is located, no candidate or other person physically interferes with the progress of a voter to and from the polling place.

(2) The provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection shall apply to the town clerk's office during any period of early or absentee voting.

(b) During polling hours, the presiding officer shall control the placement of signs on the property of the polling place in a fair manner.

(c) The provisions of this section shall be posted in the notice required by section 2521 of this ~~title~~ chapter.

* * * Early or Absentee Voters * * *

Sec. 14. 17 V.S.A. chapter 51, subchapter 6 is amended to read:

Subchapter 6. Early or Absentee Voters

§ 2531. APPLICATION FOR EARLY VOTER ABSENTEE BALLOT

(a) Deadline to file.

(1)(A) A voter who expects to be an early or absentee voter, or an authorized person on behalf of such voter, may apply for an early voter absentee ballot until 5:00 p.m. or the closing of the town clerk's office on the day preceding the election.

~~(2)(B)~~ If a town clerk does not have regular office hours on the day before the election and his or her office will not otherwise be open on that day, an application may be filed until the closing of the clerk's office on the last day that office has hours preceding the election.

(2)(A) In cases of emergency, including unanticipated illness or injury, at his or her discretion the town clerk may accept a request for an absentee ballot after the deadline set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection.

(B) In such cases of emergency, the ballot may be mailed, electronically delivered, or delivered by two justices of the peace as set forth in subsection 2539(b) of this subchapter.

(b) Place of filing.

(1) All applications shall be filed with the town clerk of the town in which the early or absentee voter is registered to vote.

(2) The town clerk shall file written applications and memoranda of verbal applications in his or her office, and shall retain the applications and memoranda for 90 days following the election, at which time they may be destroyed.

(c) Australian ballot. Voting by early voter absentee ballot shall be allowed only in elections using the Australian ballot system.

§ 2532. APPLICATIONS AUTHORIZED APPLICANTS; APPLICATION FORM; DUPLICATES

(a) Authorized applicants.

(1) An early or absentee voter, or an authorized family member or health care provider acting in the voter's behalf, may apply for an early voter absentee ballot by telephone, in person, or in writing. ~~Family~~ As used in this subsection, "family member" here means a person's spouse, children, brothers, sisters, parents, spouse's parents, grandparents, and spouse's grandparents.

(2) Any other authorized person may apply in writing or in person; provided, however, that voter authorization to such a person shall not be given by response to a robotic phone call.

~~(b)(2)~~ Form of application.

(1) The application shall be in substantially the following form:

REQUEST FOR EARLY VOTER ABSENTEE BALLOT

Name of early or absentee voter: _____

Voter's Town of Residence: _____

Current physical address (address where you reside): _____

Telephone Number: _____ E-mail Address: _____

Date: _____

I request early voter absentee ballot(s) for the election(s) checked below:

- (1) Annual Town Meeting;
- (2) All other local elections;

- (3) August Primary Election;
- (4) Presidential Primary (YOU MUST SELECT PARTY);
- (5) November General Election;
- (6) All elections in this calendar year.

Please deliver the ballot(s) as indicated below (check one):

- (1) Mail to voter at: _____
Street or P.O. Box Town/City State Zip Code

- (2) Delivery by two Justices of the Peace (this may only be selected if you are ill ~~or if you, injured, or have a physical~~ disability).

If applicant is other than early or absentee voter:

Name of applicant: _____

Address of applicant: _____

Relationship to early or absentee voter: _____

Organization, if applicable: _____

Date: _____ Signature of applicant: _____

~~(3)~~(2) If the application is made by telephone or in writing, the information supplied ~~must~~ shall be in substantial conformance with the information requested on this form.

~~(b) A person temporarily residing in a foreign country who is eligible to register to vote in this State, or a military service absentee voter who is eligible to register to vote in this State, may apply for early voter absentee ballots in the~~

~~same manner and within the same time limits that apply for other early or absentee voters. An official federal postcard application shall suffice as a simultaneous request for an application for addition to the checklist and for an early voter absentee ballot, when properly submitted. Any other person also may make a simultaneous request for an application for addition to the checklist and for an early voter absentee ballot.~~

(c) Simultaneous voter registration.

(1) If a person makes a simultaneous request to register to vote and to apply for an early voter absentee ballot or if the request for an early voter absentee ballot is made for a person who is not yet registered and the request is received by the town clerk receives the request prior to the deadline for requesting to apply for early voter absentee ballots set forth in section 2531 of this chapter subchapter, the town clerk shall mail a blank voter registration application for addition to the checklist, together with a full set of early voter absentee ballots, to that person.

(2) An official federal postcard application shall suffice as a simultaneous application to register to vote and for an early voter absentee ballot.

(3)(A) All such voter registration applications for addition to the checklist that are returned to the town clerk before the close of the polls on

election day shall be considered and acted upon by the board of civil authority before the ballots are counted.

(B) If the voter registration application is approved and the voter's name added to the checklist, the early voter absentee ballots cast by that voter shall be treated as other valid early voter absentee ballots.

(d) Application time frame.

(1) An application for an early voter absentee ballot shall be valid for the elections or the time frame specified by the applicant.

~~(e)~~(2) A single application shall only be valid for any elections within the same calendar year.

~~(f)~~ ~~A person residing in a State institution may apply for early voter absentee ballots in the same manner and within the same time limits that apply for other early or absentee voters.~~

~~(g)~~(e) Duplicate early voter absentee ballots.

(1)(A) The town clerk may, upon application, issue a duplicate early voter absentee ballot if the original ballot is not received by the voter within a reasonable period of time after mailing.

(B) The application may be made by a person entitled to apply for an early voter absentee ballot under subsection (a) of this section and shall be accompanied by a sworn statement affirming that the voter has not received the original ballot.

(2) If a duplicate early voter absentee ballot is issued and both the duplicate and original early voter absentee ballots are received before the close of the polls on election day, the ballot with the earlier postmark shall be counted.

~~(h)~~(f) Unauthorized applicants.

(1) Any person who applies for an early voter absentee ballot knowing the person is without authorization from the early or absentee voter shall be fined not more than \$100.00 per violation for the first three violations; not more than \$500.00 per violation for the fourth through ninth violations; and not more than \$1,000.00 per violation for the tenth and subsequent violations.

(2) The Attorney General or a State's Attorney, whenever he or she has reason to believe any person to be or to have been in violation of this provision, shall conduct a civil investigation in accordance with the procedures set forth in section 2904 of this title.

* * *

§ 2537. EARLY OR ABSENTEE VOTING IN THE TOWN CLERK'S
OFFICE

(a)(1) A voter may, if he or she chooses, apply in person to the town clerk for the early voter absentee ballots and envelopes ~~rather than having them mailed as required by section 2539 of this subchapter.~~

(2) In this case, the clerk shall furnish the early voter absentee ballots and envelopes when a valid application has been made, or at such time as the clerk receives the ballots, whichever comes first.

(3) The voter may:

(A) mark his or her ballots, place them in the envelope, sign the certificate, and return the ballots in the envelope containing the certificate to the town clerk or an assistant town clerk without leaving the office of the town clerk; ~~or the voter may~~

(B) take the ballots and return them to the town clerk in the same manner as if the ballots had been received by mail.

(b) ~~No person, except~~ Except for justices of the peace as provided in section 2538 of this subchapter, ~~may a person shall not~~ take any ballot from the town clerk on behalf of any other person.

§ 2538. DELIVERY OF BALLOTS BY JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

(a)(1) In the case of persons who are early or absentee voters due to illness, injury, or ~~physical~~ disability, ballots shall be delivered in the following manner, unless the early or absentee voter has requested pursuant to section 2539 of this ~~title~~ subchapter that the early voter absentee ballots be mailed or electronically delivered.

(2) Not later than three days prior to the election, the board of civil authority or, upon request of the board, the town clerk, shall designate in pairs

justices of the peace in numbers sufficient to deliver early voter absentee ballots to the applicants for early voter absentee ballots who have stated in their applications that they are unable to vote in person at the polling place due to illness, injury, or ~~physical~~ disability ~~but who have not requested in their applications that early voter absentee ballots be mailed to them.~~ No A pair shall not consist of two justices from the same political party.

(3) If there shall not be available a sufficient number of justices to make up the required number of pairs, a member of each remaining pair shall be designated by the board, to be selected from lists of registered voters submitted by the chairs of the town committees of political parties, and from among registered voters who in written application to the board state that they are not affiliated with any political party.

(4) ~~No~~ A candidate or spouse, parent, or child of a candidate shall not be eligible to perform the duties prescribed by this section unless the candidate involved is not disqualified by section 2456 of this ~~title~~ chapter from serving as an election official. ~~This shall not prevent a candidate for district office from serving as a justice in another district.~~

(5) The compensation of justices and voters designated under this subsection shall be fixed by the board of civil authority and shall be paid by the town.

(6) The justices may, but shall not be required to, deliver ballots outside the town.

(b)(1) The town clerk shall divide the list of applicants who have an illness, injury, or ~~physical~~ disability into approximately as many equal parts as there are pairs of justices so designated, having regard to the several parts of the town in which the applicants may be found.

(2) As soon as early voter absentee ballots are available, the clerk shall deliver to each pair of justices one part of the list, together with early voter absentee ballots and envelopes for each applicant.

(3) When justices receive ballots and envelopes prior to election day, they shall receive only the ballots and envelopes they are assigned to deliver on that day.

(c)(1) Each pair of justices on the days they are assigned to deliver the ballots and envelopes shall call upon each of the early or absentee voters whose name appears on the part of the list furnished to them and shall deliver early voter absentee ballots and envelopes to each early or absentee voter.

(2) The early or absentee voter shall then proceed to mark the ballots alone or in the presence of the justices, but without exhibiting them to the justices or to any other person, except that when the early or absentee voter is blind or physically unable to mark his or her ~~ballot~~ ballots, they may be marked by one of the justices in full view of the other.

§ 2539. ~~MAILING DELIVERY OF EARLY VOTER ABSENTEE~~

~~BALLOTS; VOTERS WHO ARE PERMANENTLY DISABLED~~

(a) Default; town office or mail.

(1) ~~Unless~~ Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section,
unless the early or absentee voter votes in the town clerk's office as set forth in
section 2537 of this subchapter, ~~or unless the justices are to deliver the early~~
~~voter absentee ballots to the early or absentee voter,~~ the town clerk shall
provide to the early or absentee voter who comes to the town clerk's office a
complete set of early voter absentee ballots or mail a complete set of early
voter absentee ballots to each early or absentee voter for whom a valid
application has been filed.

(2) The early voter absentee ballots shall be mailed forthwith upon the
filing of a valid application, or upon the town clerk's receipt of the necessary
ballots, whichever is later.

(b) Voters who are ill, injured, or have a disability. In the case of persons
who are early or absentee voters due to illness, injury, or ~~physical~~ disability, if
the voter or authorized person requests in his or her application or otherwise
that early voter absentee ballots be mailed ~~rather than delivered by justices of~~
~~the peace~~ or electronically delivered, the town clerk shall mail or electronically
deliver the ballots; otherwise the ballots shall be delivered to ~~such voters~~ the
voter by justices of the peace as set forth in section 2538 of this subchapter. ~~It~~

~~the case of all other early or absentee voters, the town clerk shall mail the early voter absentee ballots, unless the voter chooses to apply and vote in person at the town clerk's office.~~

(c) Military or overseas voters.

(1) Early voter absentee ballots ~~to~~ for military or overseas voters shall be sent air mail, first class, postpaid when such service is available, or they may be ~~sent by email~~ electronically delivered when requested by the voter.

(2)(A) The town clerk's office shall be open on the 46th day before any election that includes a federal office and the town clerk shall send on or before that day all absentee ballots to any military or overseas voter who requested an early voter absentee ballot on or before that day.

(B) On that day the town clerk shall complete any reporting requirements and any other responsibilities regarding the mailing of early voter absentee ballots to military or overseas voters, as directed by the Secretary of State.

§ 2540. INSTRUCTIONS TO BE SENT WITH BALLOTS

(a) The town clerk shall send with all early voter absentee ballots and envelopes printed instructions, which may be included on the envelope, in substantially the following form:

INSTRUCTIONS FOR EARLY OR ABSENTEE VOTERS

1. Mark the ballots.
2. Place them in this envelope.
3. Fill out and sign the certificate on the envelope.
4. Mail or deliver the envelope containing the ballots to the town clerk of the town where you are a registered voter in time to arrive not later than election day.

Note: If these ballots have been brought to you personally by two justices of the peace because of your illness, injury or ~~physical~~ disability, just return them to the justices after you have signed the envelope. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO MARK YOUR BALLOTS IN PRIVATE - but if you ask for help in filling out the ballots, they will give it to you.

BE SURE TO FILL OUT AND SIGN THE CERTIFICATE ON THIS ENVELOPE OR YOUR VOTE WILL NOT COUNT!

(b) In the case of early absentee voting in a primary, the instructions shall also include appropriate instructions prepared by the Secretary of State for separating and depositing unvoted ballots in a separate envelope provided and clearly marked for that purpose.

§ 2541. MARKING OF BALLOTS

(a) An early or absentee voter to whom ballots, envelopes, and instructions are mailed shall mark the ballots in accordance with the instructions.

~~(b) When an early or absentee voter is blind or is physically unable to go to the polls to vote in person or to mark his or her ballots, they may be marked by one of the officers who delivers the ballots, in the presence of the other officer.~~

A person who gives assistance to a voter in the marking or registering of ballots shall not in any way divulge any information regarding the choice of the voter or the manner in which the voter's ballot was cast.

(c) If an early or absentee voter makes an error in marking a ballot, the voter may return that ballot by mail or in person to the town clerk and receive another ballot, consistent with the provisions of section 2568 of this ~~title~~ chapter.

* * *

§ 2546b. EARLY VOTING IN TOWN CLERK'S OFFICE; DEPOSIT INTO
VOTE TABULATOR

(a)(1) A board of civil authority may vote to permit its town's registered early or absentee voters to vote in the town clerk's office in the same manner as those voting on election day by marking their early voter absentee ballots and depositing them into a vote tabulator.

(2) If a board of civil authority votes to permit early voting as described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the town's process for conducting this early voting shall conform to the provisions of this section and to procedures that the Secretary of State shall adopt for this purpose.

(b)(1) During business hours in the town clerk's office, the vote tabulator and ballot bin shall be in a secured area accessible only to election officials and voters. The vote tabulator unit shall be secured with an identifiable seal and the ballot box containing voted ballots shall remain locked at all times and secured with an identifiable seal. Neither seal shall be broken prior to the time of closing the polls on election day.

(2) Once early voting has commenced in the town clerk's office, the town clerk or designee shall certify each day in a record prepared for this purpose that the seals on the vote tabulator and ballot box are intact.

(3) When an election official is not present or at times other than business hours, the sealed vote tabulator and ballot box shall be secured in the town clerk's office vault.

(4) The town clerk shall maintain a record of each early or absentee voter who voted in person in accordance with this section.

(c) On the day of the election:

(1) The sealed vote tabulator and sealed ballot boxes shall be transferred to the polling place on election day by two election officials and shall not be opened until the polls have closed on election day.

(2) When the vote tabulator is turned on at the polling place, the town clerk shall verify that the number of ballots that the vote tabulator displays as having been counted matches the number of voters who deposited their early

voter absentee ballots in the vote tabulator in accordance with this section and any early voter absentee ballots that were processed and deposited in the vote tabulator under section 2546a of this subchapter.

(3) All early voter absentee ballots shall be commingled with those voted at the polls on election day prior to being examined for the purpose of identifying write-in votes.

§ 2547. DEFECTIVE BALLOTS

(a) If upon examination by the election officials it shall appear that any of the following defects is present, either the ballot or the unopened certificate envelope shall be marked “defective” and the ballot shall not be counted:

(1) the identity of the early or absentee voter cannot be determined;

(2) the early or absentee voter is not legally qualified to vote;

~~(2)~~(3) the early or absentee voter has voted in person or previously returned a ballot in the same election;

~~(3) the affidavit on the certificate envelope is not completed;~~

(4) the certificate is not signed;

(5) the voted ballot is not in the certificate envelope; or

(6) in the case of a primary vote, the early or absentee voter has failed to return the unvoted primary ballots.

(b) Each defective ballot or unopened certificate envelope shall be:

(1) affixed with a note from the presiding officer indicating the reason it was determined to be defective;

(2) placed with other such defective ballots in an envelope marked “Defective Ballots - Voter Checked Off Checklist - Do Not Count”; and

(3) returned in that envelope to the town clerk in the manner prescribed by section 2590 of this ~~title~~ chapter.

(c) The provisions of this section shall be indicated prominently in the early or absentee voter material prepared by the Secretary of State.

* * *

* * * Process of Voting; Count and Return of Votes * * *

Sec. 15. 17 V.S.A. § 2568 is amended to read:

§ 2568. REMOVING BALLOTS FROM POLLING PLACE;

REPLACEMENT, ~~BLANK~~, AND UNUSED BALLOTS

(a) Removing ballots from polling place. A person shall not take or remove a ballot from the polling place before the close of the polls.

(b) Replacement ballots.

* * *

(c) Unused ballots. Ballots originally delivered to the presiding officer that remain undistributed to the voters shall be preserved and returned to the town clerks, and ~~the clerk shall preserve them in such condition, unless called for by some authority entitled to demand and receive them. After 90 days from the~~

~~date the election is held~~ following the election, they may be destroyed or distributed by the town clerk for educational purposes or for any other purpose the town clerk deems appropriate.

* * * Recounts * * *

Sec. 16. 17 V.S.A. § 2601 is amended to read:

§ 2601. RECOUNT THRESHOLD

(a)(1) In an election for federal office, statewide office, county office, or State Senator, if the difference between the number of votes cast for a winning candidate and the number of votes cast for a losing candidate is two percent or less of the total votes cast for all the candidates for an office, divided by the number of persons to be elected, that losing candidate shall have the right to have the votes for that office recounted.

(2) In an election for State Representative, if the difference between the number of votes cast for a winning candidate and the number of votes cast for a losing candidate is five percent or less of the total votes cast for all the candidates for an office, divided by the number of persons to be elected, that losing candidate shall have the right to have the votes for that office recounted.

(b) In the case of a recount for a local election, the threshold and procedures for conducting the recount shall be as provided in chapter 55, subchapter 3 of this title.

Sec. 17. 17 V.S.A. § 2602k is amended to read:

§ 2602k. RECOUNT TIES

(a)(1) If a recount of a primary election results in a tie, the provisions of subsection 2369(b) of this title shall apply.

(2) If a recount of a public question results in a tie, a runoff election shall not be held, and the question shall be certified not to have passed.

(3) If ~~the~~ a recount of a general election results in a tie, the provisions of this section shall apply, and the court shall order a runoff election to be held, within three weeks of the recount, on a date set by the court.

(b) The only candidates who shall appear on the ballot at the runoff election shall be those who tied in the previous election.

(c) The runoff election shall be considered a separate election for the purpose of voter registration under chapter 43 of this title.

~~(d) If the recount confirms a tie as to any public question, a runoff election shall not be held, and the question shall be certified not to have passed.~~

[Repealed.]

(e) Warnings for a runoff election shall be posted as required by subchapter 5 of this chapter, except that the warnings shall be posted not less than 10 days before the runoff election.

(f) The conduct of a runoff election shall be as provided in this chapter for general elections.

* * * Special Election for Congressional Vacancies * * *

Sec. 18. 17 V.S.A. § 2621 is amended to read:

§ 2621. VACANCY IN OFFICE OF U.S. SENATOR OR
REPRESENTATIVE

(a) If a vacancy occurs in the office of U.S. Senator or U.S. Representative, the Governor shall call a special election to fill the vacancy. His or her proclamation shall specify a day for the special election and a day for a special primary, pursuant to section 2352 of this title.

(b) The special election shall be held not more than ~~three~~ six months from the date the vacancy occurs, except that if the vacancy occurs within six months of a general election, the special election may be held the same day as the general election provided the ballots for the special election are able to be distributed by the deadline set forth in section 2479 of this title.

* * * Local Elections * * *

Sec. 19. 17 V.S.A. § 2647 is amended to read:

§ 2647. INCOMPATIBLE OFFICES

(a)(1) An auditor shall not be town clerk, town treasurer, selectboard member, first constable, collector of current or delinquent taxes, trustee of public funds, town manager, road commissioner, water commissioner, sewage system commissioner, sewage disposal commissioner, cemetery commissioner, or town district school director; nor shall a spouse of or any person assisting

any of these officers in the discharge of official duties be eligible to hold office as auditor.

(2) A selectboard member or school director shall not be first constable, collector of taxes, town treasurer, assistant town treasurer, auditor, or town agent. A selectboard member shall not be lister or assessor.

(3) A cemetery commissioner or library trustee shall not be town treasurer, assistant town treasurer, or auditor.

(4) A town manager shall not hold any elective office in that town or town school district.

(5) Election officers at local elections shall be disqualified as provided in section 2456 of this title.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, if a school district prepares and reports its budget independently from the budget of the town and the school district is audited by an independent public accountant, a ~~person~~ school director or spouse of a school director shall be eligible to hold office as auditor or town treasurer ~~even if that person's spouse holds office as a school director~~.

Sec. 20. 17 V.S.A. § 2681 is amended to read:

§ 2681. NOMINATIONS; PETITIONS; CONSENTS

(a)(1)(A) Nominations of the municipal officers shall be by petition. The petition shall be filed with the municipal clerk, together with the endorsement,

if any, of any party or parties in accordance with the provisions of this title, not later than 5:00 p.m. on the sixth Monday preceding the day of the election, which shall be the filing deadline.

* * *

(3) A petition shall contain the name of only one candidate, ~~and the candidate's name shall appear on the petition as it does on the voter checklist. A voter shall not sign more than one petition for the same office, unless more than one nomination is to be made, in which case the voter may sign as many petitions as there are nominations to be made for the same office.~~

* * *

* * * Voting on Town Manager Form of Governance * * *

Sec. 21. 24 V.S.A. chapter 37 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 37. TOWN, CITY, OR VILLAGE MANAGERS

* * *

§ 1241. PETITION; WARNING

When voters, in number equal to five percent of the ~~legal~~ registered voters in town, petition the selectboard ~~therefor~~ in writing to adopt or rescind the town manager form of governance, the warning for the annual or special meeting ~~which~~ that shall be called upon such petition shall contain an article in substantially the ~~following~~ form set forth in section 1243 of this chapter: ~~“To see if the town will vote to take advantage of the provisions of chapter 37 of~~

~~Title 24 of the Vermont Statutes Annotated and authorize the selectboard to employ a town manager.”~~

* * *

§ 1243. METHOD OF VOTING

~~When the question of the adoption or rejection of A town may vote at an annual or special meeting to adopt or rescind the provisions of this chapter is submitted to a meeting wherein the Australian ballot system is used for the election of officers, there, A vote on the question shall be printed upon the ballots below the list of candidates the following question in substantially the following form:~~

~~“Will Shall the [town name] vote to take advantage of [adopt/rescind] the town manager form of governance in accordance with the provisions of chapter 37 of Title 24 of the Vermont Statutes Annotated ~~and authorize the selectboard to employ a town manager?~~”~~

~~Yes — No~~

~~And the voter shall make a cross or X in the blank space against the answer he or she desires to give concerning such question. The ballots shall be counted forthwith by the board of civil authority and the result announced by the presiding officer.~~

* * *

* * * Campaign Finance; Reporting Dates * * *

Sec. 22. 17 V.S.A. § 2964 is amended to read:

§ 2964. CAMPAIGN REPORTS; CANDIDATES FOR STATE OFFICE,
THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, AND COUNTY OFFICE;
POLITICAL COMMITTEES; POLITICAL PARTIES

(a)(1) Each candidate for State office, the General Assembly, or a two-year-term county office who has rolled over any amount of surplus into his or her new campaign or who has made expenditures or accepted contributions of \$500.00 or more during the two-year general election cycle and, except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, each political committee that has not filed a final report pursuant to subsection 2965(b) of this chapter, and each political party required to register under section 2923 of this chapter shall file with the Secretary of State campaign finance reports as follows:

(A) in the first year of the two-year general election cycle, on July ~~15~~ 1; and

(B) in the second year of the two-year general election cycle:

(i) on March 15;

(ii) on July ~~15~~ 1 and August ~~15~~ 1;

(iii) on September 1;

(iv) on October 1, October 15, and the Friday before the general election; and

(v) two weeks after the general election.

(2) Each candidate for a four-year-term county office who has rolled over any amount of surplus into his or her new campaign or who has made expenditures or accepted contributions of \$500.00 or more during the four-year general election cycle shall file with the Secretary of State campaign finance reports as follows:

(A) in the first three years of the four-year general election cycle, on July ~~15~~ 1; and

(B) in the fourth year of the four-year general election cycle:

(i) on March 15;

(ii) on July ~~15~~ 1 and August ~~15~~ 1;

(iii) on September 1;

(iv) on October 1, October 15, and the Friday before the general election; and

(v) two weeks after the general election.

* * *

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 23. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2019, except that:

(1) this section and Secs. 19, 17 V.S.A. § 2647 (incompatible offices) and 22, 17 V.S.A. § 2964 (campaign finance reports), shall take effect on passage; and

(2) in Sec. 14, 17 V.S.A. chapter 51, subchapter 6 (early or absentee voters), § 2546b (early voting in town clerk's office; deposit into vote tabulator) shall take effect on July 1, 2020, except that the Secretary of State shall adopt the procedures described in subdivision (a)(2) of that section on or before January 1, 2020.