VT LEG #336862 v.3

1	S.79
2	Introduced by Senator Starr
3	Referred to Committee on
4	Date:
5	Subject: Housing; landlord and tenant; farm employee housing
6	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to expedite the
7	process for evictions in cases of occupation without right or permission in farm
8	housing and other housing; to require that utilities confirm a person who
9	requests service has the right to occupy the residence served; and to provide for
10	training to State and municipal police concerning landlord and tenant issues.
11	An act relating to miscellaneous housing issues
12	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
13	Sec. 1. 9 V.S.A. § 4469a is amended to read:
14	§ 4469a. TERMINATION OF OCCUPANCY OF FARM EMPLOYEE
15	HOUSING
16	(a) As used in this section:
17	(1) "Farm employee" means an individual employed by a farm
18	employer for farming operations.
19	(2) "Farm employer" means a person earning at least one-half of his or
20	her annual gross income from the business of farming as that term is defined in

1	Section 1.175-3 of the regulations issued by the U.S. Department of the
2	Treasury under the U.S. Internal Revenue Code, as amended.
3	(3) "Housing provided as a benefit of farm employment Farm housing"
4	means housing owned or controlled by the <u>a</u> farm employer, whether located
5	on or off the farm premises, and provided for the occupancy of the \underline{a} farm
6	employee and the farm employee's his or her family or household members for
7	no payment other than the farm employee's labor. Payment of utility and fuel
8	charges paid by the farm employee does not affect the designation of housing
9	provided as a benefit of farm employment as farm housing for purposes of this
10	section.
11	(b) Unless otherwise provided in a written employment contract, a farm
12	employer who provides farm housing to a farm employee and the farm
13	employee's family or household members as a benefit of the employment may
14	terminate that benefit and all rights of the <u>farm</u> employee, and the employee's
15	family or household members, and any sublessee to occupy the farm housing
16	when the <u>farm</u> employee's employment is terminated.
17	(c) The termination of the housing benefit shall be by written notice served
18	upon the former farm employee by a law enforcement officer in accordance
19	with Rule 4 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure. The notice shall be
20	served together with a summons and complaint seeking a writ of possession
21	under this section to remove the former farm employee from occupancy of the

1	farm housing. The notice shall include the following statements, in boldface
2	print:
3	"Your employment and farm housing benefit have been terminated.
4	"Your employer has filed a legal proceeding in County Superior Court
5	to obtain a court order directing you and any family or household member
6	cohabitating in the dwelling farm housing to vacate and leave the dwelling
7	farm housing and remove all of your possessions. The address and telephone
8	number of the Court are as follows:
9	"The Court will hold a hearing on your former employer's request for a court
10	order directing you to leave and vacate the dwelling farm housing. The
11	hearing will be held on at in the am/pm at the courthouse
12	at the address listed above. You have the right to be served with notice of the
13	hearing at least ten days prior to the hearing date. You have the right to appear
14	at this hearing. At the hearing, your former employer must prove that the
15	dwelling farm housing is needed for housing a replacement employee, and that
16	your failure to vacate is causing actual hardship.
17	"If you believe that your employment was terminated wrongfully, that your
18	dwelling farm housing was not habitable, or if you have any other claim
19	against your former employer, you may file a counterclaim against your former
20	employer as explained in the summons and complaint that are being served
21	upon you with this notice.

1	"Filing a counterclaim against your former employer will not delay or stop the
2	Court from ordering you to leave and vacate the dwelling farm housing.
3	"You may wish to seek legal advice from a licensed attorney. If you believe
4	you cannot afford an attorney, you may contact the Clerk of the Court listed
5	above for information about the availability of an attorney at public expense,
6	although you may not be entitled to an attorney at public expense."
7	(d) A farm employer shall be entitled to a show cause hearing on an
8	expedited basis for the purpose of demonstrating that the failure of the former
9	farm employee and his or her family or household members, or his or her
10	sublessee, to vacate the farm housing is causing an actual hardship to the farm
11	employer. The show cause hearing shall be held not less than 10 calendar days
12	after service on the former employee of the notice described in subsection (c)
13	of this section. The issue before the court at the hearing shall be whether the
14	farm employer has suffered actual hardship because of the unavailability of the
15	farm housing for a replacement employee.
16	(e) If the court finds that the farm employer has suffered actual hardship
17	because of the unavailability of the farm housing for a replacement employee,
18	the court shall enter an order approving a writ of possession, which shall be
19	executed not earlier than five business days nor later than 30 days after the writ
20	is served, to put the plaintiff into possession.
21	(f)(1) If the court does not make a finding on behalf of the farm employer,:

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1	(A) the farm employer may seek an eviction of the former farm
2	employee pursuant to sections 4467 and 4468 of this title and 12 V.S.A.
3	chapter 169, subchapter 3; and
4	(B) the farm employer may seek an expedited eviction of a sublessee
5	pursuant to 12 V.S.A. §§ 4853b or 4853c.
6	(2) In any action pursuant to this section, the farm employer may file a
7	motion for payment of the reasonable rental value of the premises into court
8	pursuant to 12 V.S.A. § 4853a.
9	(g) The right of a former farm employee to pursue any claim that he or she
10	may have against the former farm employer by way of a counterclaim in a civil
11	action brought pursuant to this section is expressly preserved. The assertion of
12	a counterclaim shall not have the effect of delaying or preventing the removal
13	of the <u>farm</u> employee from the <u>farm</u> housing, nor shall the <u>farm</u> employee be
14	entitled to obtain injunctive relief in the form of repossession of farm housing.
15	A former farm employee who prevails on a counterclaim shall be entitled to
16	relief as provided by applicable law.
17	(h) Sections 4455, 4461, and 4467 and subsection 4456b(a) of this chapter
18	shall not apply to <u>farm</u> housing provided to a farm employee as a benefit of the
19	employment.

1	Sec. 2. 9 V.S.A. § 4456b is amended to read:
2	§ 4456b. SUBLEASES; LANDLORD AND TENANT RIGHTS AND
3	OBLIGATIONS
4	(a)(1) A landlord may condition or prohibit subleasing a dwelling unit under
5	the terms of a written rental agreement, and may require a tenant to provide
6	written notice of the name and contact information of any sublessee occupying
7	the dwelling unit. A tenant shall not sublease a dwelling unit without the
8	landlord's prior permission.
9	(2) If the terms of a written rental agreement prohibit subleasing the
10	dwelling unit, the <u>A</u> landlord or tenant may bring an action for ejectment
11	pursuant to 12 V.S.A. § § 4761 and 4853b or 4853c against a person that is
12	occupying the dwelling unit without right or permission. This subdivision (2)
13	shall not be construed to limit the rights and remedies available to a landlord
14	pursuant to this chapter.
15	(b) In the absence of a written rental agreement Unless waived by a
16	landlord, a tenant shall provide the landlord with written notice of the name
17	and contact information of any sublessee occupying the dwelling unit.
18	Sec. 3. 12 V.S.A. § 4761 is amended to read:
19	§ 4761. WHEN MAINTAINABLE; PARTIES
20	A person having claim to the seisin or possession of lands, tenements, or
21	hereditaments shall have an action of ejectment, according to the nature of the

1	case, which shall be brought as well against the landlord, if any, as against the
2	tenant in possession of the premises, or against a person that is occupying a
3	dwelling unit, for which subleasing is prohibited pursuant to a written rental
4	agreement, without right or permission pursuant to 9 V.S.A. § 4456b(a)(2);
5	and, if otherwise brought, on motion, the same shall be abated. Tenants in
6	common of lands may join in an action concerning their common interest in
7	such lands.
8	Sec. 4. 12 V.S.A. 4853b is amended to read:
9	§ 4853b. UNLAWFUL OCCUPANT; EXPEDITED HEARING
10	(a)(1) In an action for ejectment, the landlord, the landlord's agent, or the
11	tenant may file a motion for a judgment that the plaintiff is entitled to
12	immediate possession of the premises on the grounds that the defendant is a
13	person that is occupying a dwelling unit without right or permission and the
14	written rental agreement for the dwelling unit prohibits subleasing pursuant to
15	9 V.S.A. § 4456b(a)(2).
16	(2) The motion may be filed and served with the complaint or at any time
17	after the complaint has been filed. The motion shall be accompanied by an
18	affidavit setting forth particular facts in support of the motion and a copy of the
19	lease agreement.
20	(b) A hearing on the motion shall be held any time after 10 days' notice to
21	the parties.

1	(c) At any time before the hearing, the defendant may oppose the motion
2	pursuant to Rule 78(b) of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure by filing an
3	affidavit, a signed written statement, or a memorandum in opposition to the
4	motion. The affidavit, signed written statement, or memorandum shall set forth
5	particular facts to show that a genuine dispute of fact exists in relation to the
6	motion.
7	(d)(1) If the defendant fails to appear for the hearing, or to file an affidavit,
8	signed written statement, or memorandum in opposition to the plaintiff's
9	motion, or has failed to file an answer in the time provided pursuant to Rule 12
10	of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure, the plaintiff shall be entitled to
11	judgment by default for immediate possession of the premises.
12	(2) If the court finds that the defendant is a person that is occupying the
13	dwelling unit without right or permission and the written rental agreement for
14	the dwelling unit prohibits subleasing pursuant to 9 V.S.A. § 4456b(a)(2), the
15	court shall grant the plaintiff's motion and issue judgment in favor of the
16	plaintiff for immediate possession of the premises.
17	(e) If the court issues judgment in favor of the plaintiff pursuant to
18	subsection (d) of this section, the court shall, on the date judgment is entered,
19	issue a writ of possession directing the sheriff of the county in which the
20	property or a portion thereof is located to serve the writ upon the defendant

1	and, not sooner than five days after the writ is served, to put the plaintiff into
2	possession.
3	(f) At any time prior to the execution of the writ of possession, the
4	defendant may file an affidavit, signed written statement, or a motion with the
5	court setting forth facts demonstrating that the defendant is occupying the
6	premises lawfully. The court shall treat an affidavit, signed written statement,
7	or a motion filed under this subsection as a motion pursuant to Rule 59 or 60 of
8	the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure, as appropriate.
9	(a) Right to expedited eviction. Notwithstanding any provision of this
10	subchapter or the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure to the contrary, in an
11	action for ejectment a landlord may file a motion for a judgment that the
12	landlord is entitled to immediate possession of a dwelling unit that is occupied
13	by a person without right or permission in violation of 9 V.S.A. § 4456b.
14	(b) Commencement; service of process.
15	(1) A landlord may commence an action by delivering to the defendant a
16	complaint, summons, motion for possession, and an affidavit supporting the
17	motion, which the landlord may serve on the defendant by certified mail, or by
18	leaving a copy, at the address of the dwelling unit the defendant occupies.
19	(2) The landlord shall file the complaint, motion, and supporting
20	affidavit with the court, along with a certificate of service specifying the

1	method and date of delivery to the defendant, not later than 10 days after the
2	completion of service.
3	(c) Hearing. The court shall hold a hearing on the motion not later than
4	21 days after the landlord files the complaint, motion, affidavit, and certificate
5	with the court.
6	(d) Judgment and possession. The court shall issue judgment and a writ of
7	possession in favor of the landlord for immediate possession of the dwelling
8	<u>unit:</u>
9	(1) by default if the defendant fails to appear at the hearing, to oppose
10	the landlord's motion, or to file an answer; or
11	(2) if the court finds that the defendant is occupying the dwelling unit
12	without right or permission.
13	(e) Execution. The sheriff or other person authorized by law shall serve the
14	writ of possession on the defendant in person or by leaving a copy at the
15	dwelling unit and shall put the landlord into possession of the dwelling unit not
16	later than five days after the writ is served.
17	Sec. 5. 12 V.S.A. § 4853c is added to read:
18	§ 4853c. EXPEDITED EVICTION; MUNICIPAL PROCESS
19	(a) Municipal process for determining lawful occupancy. Notwithstanding
20	any provision of this subchapter or the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure to
21	the contrary, in the event of a dispute concerning whether a person has the

1	right to occupy a residential dwelling unit, a landlord may request a decision
2	from the selectboard or city council of the municipality in which the dwelling
3	unit is located, or to another person or panel designated by the selectboard or
4	city council for that purpose, whether the landlord is entitled to immediate
5	possession of a dwelling unit that is occupied by a person without right or
6	permission in violation of 9 V.S.A. § 4456b.
7	(b) Request for decision. A landlord may initiate a request for a decision
8	by delivering by mail or in person to the appropriate municipal body and to the
9	person occupying the dwelling unit a written complaint, accompanied by an
10	affidavit and any documentation, supporting the landlord's claim.
11	(c) Hearing.
12	(1) The municipal body shall hold a hearing on the complaint not later
13	than 21 days after the landlord delivers the complaint to the occupant.
14	(2) The occupant shall have the burden to demonstrate to the municipal
15	body that he or she has legal or right or permission to occupy the dwelling unit.
16	(d) Decision. The municipal body shall issue a written decision within
17	10 days following the hearing that includes findings of fact supporting its
18	conclusion.
19	(e) Possession.
20	(1) If the municipal body decides in favor of the landlord, unless the
21	defendant files an action in Superior Court within 10 days following the

1	decision opposing the municipal body's findings and conclusion, the landlord
2	may submit a copy of the municipal body's decision to a sheriff, municipal or
3	State police officer, or other law enforcement official with sufficient legal
4	authority, who shall restore the landlord to immediate possession of the
5	dwelling unit.
6	(2) If the municipal body decides in favor of the occupant, the landlord
7	may proceed with other legal action, including an action for ejectment under
8	one or more provisions of this subchapter.
9	Sec. 6. 9 V.S.A. 4466 is added to read:
10	<u>§ 4466. UTILITY SERVICES</u>
11	Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary:
11 12	Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary: (1) a person shall not initiate new service for heating fuel, water,
12	(1) a person shall not initiate new service for heating fuel, water,
12 13	(1) a person shall not initiate new service for heating fuel, water, electricity, cable, Internet, telephone, or other services to a dwelling unit
12 13 14	(1) a person shall not initiate new service for heating fuel, water, electricity, cable, Internet, telephone, or other services to a dwelling unit without written proof that the person requesting such service has legal right or
12 13 14 15	 (1) a person shall not initiate new service for heating fuel, water, electricity, cable, Internet, telephone, or other services to a dwelling unit without written proof that the person requesting such service has legal right or permission of the property owner to occupy the dwelling unit; and
12 13 14 15 16	 (1) a person shall not initiate new service for heating fuel, water, electricity, cable, Internet, telephone, or other services to a dwelling unit without written proof that the person requesting such service has legal right or permission of the property owner to occupy the dwelling unit; and (2) a person that initiates service to a dwelling unit without obtaining
12 13 14 15 16 17	 (1) a person shall not initiate new service for heating fuel, water, electricity, cable, Internet, telephone, or other services to a dwelling unit without written proof that the person requesting such service has legal right or permission of the property owner to occupy the dwelling unit; and (2) a person that initiates service to a dwelling unit without obtaining written proof of authority as required in subdivision (1) of this section shall

1	(B) place or enforce any lien on the property related to the services
2	provided.
3	Sec. 7. POLICE TRAINING
4	The Department of Housing and Community Development, in collaboration
5	with the Department of Public Safety, shall present not fewer than four
6	sessions throughout the State to provide education and training to law
7	enforcement officials, landlords, and tenants, concerning the rights,
8	responsibilities, and enforcement of Vermont's landlord and tenant laws.
9	Sec. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE
10	This act shall take effect on passage.