1	H.404
2	Introduced by Representative Brennan of Colchester
3	Referred to Committee on
4	Date:
5	Subject: Conservation and development; government operations; water
6	quality; service delivery
7	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill requires the Secretary of
8	Natural Resources (Secretary) to evaluate whether existing regulatory
9	programs for water quality will achieve water quality standards in each
10	impaired water of the State. If the Secretary determines that regulatory
11	programs will not achieve water quality standards, the Secretary would be
12	required to determine the amount of additional pollutant reduction necessary to
13	achieve water quality standards in that water. The Secretary would then
14	allocate the pollutant reduction identified for the water to each clean water
15	utility located in or partially in the watershed of the impaired water. The clean
16	water utilities would be responsible for reducing sources of water pollution
17	within their boundaries in accordance with the allocated pollution reduction
18	targets established by the Secretary. The bill also would require the Secretary
19	to administer a grant program to fund the activities of clean water utility. A
20	separate grant program administered by the Secretary would provide grants to

1	persons who	o are required to	obtain a permit to in	nplement	regulatory	
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2 requirements that are necessary to achieve water quality standards.

3 4	An act relating to administration and implementation of water quality projects
5	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
6	Sec. 1. FINDINGS
7	The General Assembly finds that:
8	(1) Within Vermont there are 7,100 miles of rivers and streams and
9	812 lakes and ponds of at least five acres in size.
10	(2) Current assessment of State waters or water segments indicates that
11	there are 101 waters or water segments that do not meet the State's water
12	quality standards for at least one criterion and require a plan for cleanup.
13	(3) In 2015, the General Assembly enacted 2015 Acts and Resolves No.
14	64, An act relating to improving the quality of state waters (Act 64), for the
15	purpose, among others, of providing mechanisms, staffing, and financing
16	necessary for the State to implement regulatory programs that are necessary to
17	obtain compliance with the Vermont Water Quality Standards for all State
18	waters.
19	(4) The total maximum daily load (TMDL) issued by the U.S.
20	Environmental Protection Agency for the Lake Champlain basin established a

1	pollution budget for cleaning up Lake Champlain that requires pollution
2	reductions that are beyond the regulatory programs administered by the State.
3	(5) Act 64 directed the State Treasurer to recommend to the General
4	Assembly a long-term mechanism for financing water quality improvement in
5	the State, including proposed revenue sources for water quality improvement
6	programs.
7	(6) The State Treasurer submitted a Clean Water Report in January 2017
8	that included:
9	(A) an estimate that over 20 years it would cost \$2.3 billion to
10	achieve compliance with water quality requirements;
11	(B) a projection that revenue available for water quality over the 20-
12	year period would be approximately \$1.06 billion, leaving a 20-year total
13	funding gap of \$1.3 billion;
14	(C) an estimate of annual compliance costs of \$115.6 million, which,
15	after accounting for projected revenue, would leave a funding gap of \$48.5
16	million to pay for the costs of compliance with the first tier of federal and State
17	water quality requirements; and
18	(D) an estimate of the State share of the funding gap of between \$20
19	to \$25 million annually.
20	(7) In order to meet the Vermont Water Quality Standards, the State will
21	need to prioritize its funding on projects that reduce pollutants of concern in

1	impaired waters, enhance its ability to identify and implement these projects,
2	and operate and maintain these projects so that they continue to reduce
3	phosphorous.
4	Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. chapter 37, subchapter 5 is redesignated to read:
5	CHAPTER 5. AQUATIC NUISANCE CONTROL WATER QUALITY
6	RESTORATION AND IMPROVEMENT
7	Sec. 3. 10 V.S.A. §§ 921–924 are added under 10 V.S.A. chapter 37,
8	subchapter 5 to read:
9	§ 921. WATER QUALITY IMPLEMENTATION PLANNING AND
10	TARGETS
11	(a) As provided in subsection (c) of this section, after listing a water as
12	impaired on the list of waters established by 33 U.S.C. § 1313(d), the Secretary
13	shall conduct the following as part of a plan to implement the requirements of
14	any total maximum daily load adopted for an impaired water:
15	(1) Evaluate whether existing regulatory programs will achieve water
16	quality standards in the water. If the Secretary determines that regulatory
17	programs will not achieve water quality standards, the Secretary shall
18	determine the amount of additional pollutant reduction necessary to achieve
19	water quality standards in that water. When making this determination, the
20	Secretary may express the pollutant reduction in a numeric reduction or

1	through defining best management practices that shall be implemented to
2	achieve standards.
3	(2) Allocate the pollutant reduction identified under subdivision $(a)(1)$
4	of this section to each clean water utility located in or partially in the
5	watershed of the impaired water. When making an allocation, the Secretary
6	shall consider the sectors contributing to the water quality impairment in the
7	clean water utility's boundaries, the contribution of the pollutant from
8	regulated and nonregulated sources within the clean water utility, and the
9	geographic extent that the watershed boundaries are in the clean water utility.
10	Those allocations shall be expressed in annual pollution reduction goals and
11	five-year pollution reduction targets.
12	(3) Determine the standard cost of pollutant reduction per unit or per
13	best management practice. When determining standard cost, the Secretary
14	shall conduct a survey of the costs associated with common pollution reduction
15	efforts and develop a standard cost based on the survey and the sources of the
16	pollutants.
17	(b) The Secretary shall conduct the analysis required by subsection (a) for
18	previously impaired waters as follows:
19	(1) For phosphorous in the Lake Champlain watershed, no later than
20	November 1, 2021.

1	(2) For phosphorous in the Lake Memphremagog watershed, no later
2	than November 1, 2022.
3	(3) For all other impaired waters, according to a schedule adopted by the
4	Secretary for implementation in other impaired waters.
5	§ 922. QUANTIFICATION OF NONREGULATORY POLLUTION
6	REDUCTION
7	(a) The Secretary shall develop pollution reduction values associated with
8	best management practices and other controls. If a person is undertaking a best
9	management practice or other control for which no pollution reduction value
10	exists, the Secretary shall establish a value for that specific practice within a
11	reasonable period of time. These estimates shall be established based on a
12	review of values established in the TMDL or other jurisdictions, values
13	recommended by organizations that develop pollutant reduction values for a
14	practice, applicable monitored data with respect to a practice, if available,
15	modeled data, or a comparison to other similar practices if no other reduction
16	value or data exists. Any estimate developed by the Secretary shall be posted
17	on the Agency website. Pollution reduction values established by the
18	Secretary shall be the exclusive method for determining the pollutant reduction
19	value of a best management practice or other control.
20	(b)(1) The Secretary shall develop a design or useful life value associated
21	with best management practices and other controls. Design or useful life shall

1	be determined based on a review of values established in other jurisdictions,
2	values recommended by organizations that regularly estimate the design or
3	useful life of best management practices or other controls, actual data
4	documenting the design or useful life of a practice, or a comparison to other
5	similar practices if no other data exists.
6	(2) If a person is undertaking a best management practice or other
7	control for which no design or useful life value exists, the Secretary shall
8	establish a value for that specific practice within a reasonable period of time.
9	Any value developed by the Secretary shall be posted on the Agency website.
10	Values established by the Secretary shall be the exclusive method for
11	determining the design or useful life of a best management practice or other
12	<u>control.</u>
13	(c) Upon the request of a clean water utility, the Secretary shall evaluate a
14	proposed project and issue a determination as to whether the proposed project
15	is eligible to receive funding as a part of a block grant awarded by the State.
16	This determination shall be made within 10 days of the request.
17	<u>§ 923. CLEAN WATER UTILITY</u>
18	(a) Municipal participation. Municipalities shall be responsible for the
19	clean water pollution reduction efforts established under section 921 of this
20	title. Municipalities may satisfy the requirements of section 921 of this title

1	through agreement between any other unit of government or any operator that
2	is designated as a clean water utility by the Secretary.
3	(b) Designation. A clean water utility may petition the Secretary to be
4	designated as the utility serving one or more municipalities. As a part of the
5	petition the clean water utility shall provide the Secretary the following:
6	(1) a resolution by each municipal legislative body designating the clean
7	water utility as having jurisdiction to operate within the boundaries of that
8	municipality;
9	(2) a narrative description of how the clean water utility will implement
10	the requirements of this section;
11	(3) a certification and citation to legal authority that demonstrates that
12	the clean water utility has the authority to:
13	(A) acquire and hold interests in real property;
14	(B) raise revenue; and
15	(C) enter contracts to design, construct, and maintain clean water
16	activities.
17	(c) Requirement to provide designation to the Secretary. A municipality in
18	the watershed of an impaired water shall provide its petition for designation to
19	the Secretary as follows:
20	(1) For municipalities in the Lake Champlain watershed, no later than
21	January 1, 2022.

1	(2) For municipalities in the Lake Memphremagog watershed, no later
2	than January 1, 2023.
3	(3) For all other municipalities in any watershed, within one year of the
4	allocation of water quality improvement targets as provided in section 921 of
5	this title.
6	(d) Agency action on designating a clean water utility. The Secretary shall
7	follow the type 3 notice and comment procedures of 10 V.S.A. § 7114 when
8	making a determination as to whether a clean water utility is designated. If
9	designated, that designation shall last until a clean water utility notifies the
10	Agency that it is dissolving or the Agency revokes the clean water utility's
11	designation.
12	(e) Purpose. Clean water utilities are responsible for reducing sources of
13	water pollution within their boundaries in accordance with pollution reduction
14	targets established by section 921 of this title.
15	(f) Project identification, prioritization, selection. When identifying,
16	prioritizing, and selecting a best management practice or other control to meet
17	pollution reduction targets, a clean water utility may consider funding the
18	following best management practices or controls, provided that the best
19	management practice or control is not required or subject to State regulation:
20	(1) Developed lands, including municipal separate storm sewers,
21	operational stormwater discharges, and other developed lands discharges;

1	(2) Natural resource protection and restoration, including river corridor
2	protection, wetland protection and restoration, and riparian corridor protection
3	and restoration;
4	(3) Forestry; and
5	(4) Agriculture.
6	(g) Operation and maintenance responsibility. A clean water utility shall
7	be responsible for maintaining a best management practice or other control for
8	the entirety of the design or useful life of that project.
9	(h) Reductions from local regulatory programs. A clean water utility may
10	request that the Secretary determine the pollutant reduction that may be
11	counted towards the annual pollution reduction goals established in
12	subdivision 921(a)(2) for municipal ordinances that reduce a pollutant that are
13	otherwise not required by State law, including ordinances that protect river
14	corridors or regulate stormwater below the relevant jurisdictional threshold set
15	forth in section 1264 of this title.
16	(i) Water quality improvement work. If a clean water utility achieves a
17	greater level of pollutant reduction than the goal or target established by the
18	Secretary, the utility may carry those reductions forward into a future year. If
19	a clean water utility achieves its pollutant reduction goal or target and has
20	excess grant funding available, a utility may use the excess funds towards other
21	eligible projects, operation and maintenance responsibilities for existing

1	constructed projects, projects within the municipality that are required by State
2	rule, or other work that improves water quality within the geographic area of
3	the district, including protecting river corridors, aquatic species passage, and
4	other similar projects.
5	(j) Reporting. A clean water utility shall report on its progress annually to
6	the Secretary. The report shall contain a summary of all projects completed in
7	the preceding year, a summary of any inspections projects previously
8	constructed and whether those projects continue to operate in accordance with
9	their design, and the pollutant reduction achieved by the utility as a whole and
10	by each funded project during the prior year.
11	(k) Revocation of designation. If a clean water utility has not met an
12	annual pollution reduction goal, the Secretary may, and if the clean water
13	utility has not met a five-year pollution reduction target the Secretary shall,
14	initiate proceedings to revoke a clean water utility's designation. Revocations
15	under this subsection shall be conducted as a contested case pursuant to
16	<u>3 V.S.A. chapter 25. When a clean water utility's designation has been</u>
17	revoked or no clean water utility otherwise exists, the Secretary may
18	administer a program to implement water quality improvement projects in the
19	relevant municipality or municipalities.

1	<u>§ 924. CLEAN WATER IMPLEMENTATION GRANT PROGRAM</u>
2	(a) The Secretary shall administer a Clean Water Implementation Grant
3	Program to clean water utilities to meet their requirements under this
4	subchapter. The grant amount shall be based on the annual pollutant reduction
5	goal established for the clean water utility multiplied by the average cost for
6	pollutant reduction.
7	(b) The Secretary shall administer a Clean Water Implementation Grant
8	Program to provide grants to persons who are required to obtain a permit to
9	implement regulatory requirements that are necessary to achieve water quality
10	standards. The grant program shall only be available in areas served by a clean
11	water utility. To the extent funds are available, the grant program shall award
12	the cost share approved by the Secretary pursuant to subdivision 1389(d)(3)(G)
13	of this title to fund projects related to subdivisions 1264(g)(2) (stormwater
14	from municipal roads) and 1264(g)(3) (three acres of impervious surface) of
15	this title.
16	Sec. 4. 10 V.S.A. § 1253(d)(2) is amended to read:
17	(2) In developing a basin plan under this subsection, the Secretary shall:
18	(A) identify waters that should be reclassified outstanding resource
19	waters or that should have one or more uses reclassified under section 1252 of
20	this title;
21	(B) identify wetlands that should be reclassified as Class I wetlands;

1	(C) identify projects or activities within a basin that will result in the
2	protection and enhancement of water quality;
3	(D) review the evaluations performed by the Secretary under
4	subdivision 921(a)(1) and (2) and update those findings based on any new data
5	collected as part of a basin plan;
6	(\underline{E}) ensure that municipal officials, citizens, watershed groups, and
7	other interested groups and individuals are involved in the basin planning
8	process;
9	(E)(F) ensure regional and local input in State water quality policy
10	development and planning processes;
11	(F)(G) provide education to municipal officials and citizens regarding
12	the basin planning process;
13	(G)(H) develop, in consultation with the regional planning
	$(\Theta)(\Pi)$ develop, in consultation with the regional planning
14	commission, an analysis and formal recommendation on conformance with the
14 15	
	commission, an analysis and formal recommendation on conformance with the
15	commission, an analysis and formal recommendation on conformance with the goals and objectives of applicable regional plans;

1	Sec. 5. 10 V.S.A. chapter 47, subchapter 7 is amended to read:
2	Subchapter 7. Vermont Clean Water Fund
3	§ 1387. PURPOSE
4	The General Assembly establishes in this subchapter a Vermont Clean
5	Water Fund as a mechanism for financing the improvement of water quality in
6	the State. The Clean Water Fund shall be used to:
7	(1) assist the State in complying with water quality requirements and
8	construction or implementation of water quality projects or programs;
9	(2) fund staff positions at the Agency of Natural Resources, Agency of
10	Agriculture, Food and Markets, or Agency of Transportation when the
11	positions are necessary to achieve or maintain compliance with water quality
12	requirements and existing revenue sources are inadequate to fund the necessary
13	positions; and
14	(3) provide funding to nonprofit organizations, regional associations,
15	and other entities for implementation and administration of community-based
16	water quality programs or projects.
17	* * *
18	§ 1389. CLEAN WATER BOARD
19	(a) Creation.
20	(1) There is created the Clean Water Board that shall:

1	(A) be responsible and accountable for planning, coordinating, and
2	financing of the remediation, improvement, and protection of the quality of
3	State waters;
4	(B) recommend to the Secretary of Administration expenditures:
5	(i) appropriations from the Clean Water Fund; and
6	(ii) clean water projects to be funded by capital appropriations.
7	(2) The Clean Water Board shall be attached to the Agency of
8	Administration for administrative purposes.
9	(b) Organization of the Board. The Clean Water Board shall be composed
10	of:
11	(1) the Secretary of Administration or designee;
12	(2) the Secretary of Natural Resources or designee;
13	(3) the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets or designee;
14	(4) the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development or
15	designee;
16	(5) the Secretary of Transportation or designee; and
17	(6) four members of the public, who are not legislators, with expertise in
18	one or more of the following subject matters: public management, civil
19	engineering, agriculture, ecology, wetlands, stormwater system management,
20	forestry, transportation, law, banking, finance, and investment, to be appointed
21	by the Governor.

1	(c) Officers; committees; rules; compensation; term.
2	(1) The Secretary of Administration shall serve as the Chair of the
3	Board. The Clean Water Board may elect additional officers from its
4	members, establish committees or subcommittees, and adopt procedural rules
5	as necessary and appropriate to perform its work.
6	(2) Members of the Board who are not employees of the State of
7	Vermont and who are not otherwise compensated or reimbursed for their
8	attendance shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of
9	expenses pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 1010 paid from the budget of the Agency of
10	Administration for attendance of meetings of the Board.
11	(3) Members who are appointed to the Clean Water Board shall be
12	appointed for terms of four years, except initial appointments shall be made
13	such that two members appointed by the Governor shall be appointed for a
14	term of two years. Vacancies on the Board shall be filled for the remaining
15	period of the term in the same manner as initial appointments.
16	(d) Powers and duties of the Clean Water Board. The Clean Water Board
17	shall have the following powers and authority:
18	(1) The Clean Water Board shall recommend to the Secretary of
19	Administration the appropriate allocation of funds from the Clean Water Fund
20	for the purposes of developing the State budget required to be submitted to the
21	General Assembly under 32 V.S.A. § 306. All recommendations from the

1	Board should be intended to fund clean water utilities to meet the pollution
2	reduction obligations under 10 V.S.A. chapter 37, subchapter 5 and achieve the
3	greatest water quality gain for the investment. The recommendations of the
4	Clean Water Board shall be open to inspection and copying under the Public
5	Records Act, and the Clean Water Board shall submit to the Senate
6	Committees on Appropriations, on Finance, on Agriculture, and on Natural
7	Resources and Energy and the House Committees on Appropriations, on Ways
8	and Means, on Agriculture and Forestry, and on Natural Resources, Fish, and
9	Wildlife a copy of any recommendations provided to the Governor.
10	(2) The Clean Water Board may pursue and accept grants, gifts,
11	donations, or other funding from any public or private source and may
12	administer such grants, gifts, donations, or funding consistent with the terms of
13	the grant, gift, or donation.
14	(3) The Clean Water Board shall:
15	(A) establish a process by which watershed organizations, State
16	agencies, and other interested parties may propose water quality projects or
17	programs for financing from the Clean Water Fund; [Repealed.]
18	(B) develop an annual revenue estimate and proposed budget for the
19	Clean Water Fund;
20	(C) establish measures for determining progress and effectiveness of
21	expenditures for clean water restoration efforts;

1	(D) If the Board determines that there are insufficient funds in the
2	Clean Water Fund to issue all grants required by section 924 of this title, the
3	Board shall:
4	(i) direct the Secretary of Natural Resources to prioritize the water
5	quality improvements and issue grants based on available funding;
6	(ii) make recommendations to the Governor and General
7	Assembly on additional revenue for the Fund; and
8	(iii) notify the Secretary of Natural Resources that there are
9	insufficient funds in the Fund. The Secretary of Natural Resources shall
10	consider additional regulatory controls to address water quality improvements
11	that could not be funded.
12	(E) issue the annual Clean Water Investment Report required under
13	section 1389a of this title;
14	(E)(F) solicit, consult with, and accept public comment from
15	organizations interested in improving water quality in Vermont regarding
16	recommendations under this subsection (d) for the allocation of funds from the
17	Clean Water Fund; and
18	(F)(G) establish a process under which a watershed organization,
19	State agency, or other interested party may propose that a water quality project
20	or program identified in a watershed basin plan receive funding from the Clean

1	Water Fund review and approve the cost share for grant programs administered
2	by State agencies that fund work required by a permit.
3	(e) Priorities.
4	(1) In making recommendations under subsection (d) of this section
5	regarding the appropriate allocation of funds from the Clean Water Fund, the
6	Board shall prioritize:
7	(A) funding to programs and projects that address sources of water
8	pollution in waters listed as impaired on the list of waters established by 33
9	U.S.C. § 1313(d);
10	(B) funding to projects that address sources of water pollution
11	identified as a significant contributor of water quality pollution, including
12	financial assistance to grant recipients at the initiation of a funded project;
13	(1) funding to clean water utility implementation grants as provided
14	under subdivision (d)(3)(A) of this section;
15	(2) to the extent that funding is available after fully funding clean water
16	utility implementation grants under section 924 of this title:
17	(A) funding State agency programs that support water quality
18	projects that are legally required by a permit. Funding amounts should be
19	consistent with the cost share approved under subdivision (d)(3)(G) of this
20	section.

1	(C)(B) funding to programs or projects that address or repair riparian
2	conditions that increase the risk of flooding or pose a threat to life or property;
3	(D) assistance required for State and municipal compliance with
4	stormwater requirements for highways and roads;
5	(E) (C) funding for education and outreach regarding the
6	implementation of water quality requirements, including funding for education,
7	outreach, demonstration, and access to tools for the implementation of the
8	Acceptable Management Practices for Maintaining Water Quality on Logging
9	Jobs in Vermont, as adopted by the Commissioner of Forests, Parks and
10	Recreation;
11	(F)(D) funding for innovative or alternative technologies or practices
12	designed to improve water quality or reduce sources of pollution to surface
13	waters, including funding for innovative nutrient removal technologies and
14	community-based methane digesters that utilize manure, wastewater, and food
15	residuals to produce energy; and
16	(G) funding to purchase agricultural land in order to take that land out
17	of practice when the State water quality requirements cannot be remediated
18	through agricultural Best Management Practices;
19	(H) funding to municipalities for the establishment and operation of
20	stormwater utilities; and

1	(I)(E) investment in watershed basin planning, water quality project
2	identification screening, water quality project evaluation, and conceptual plan
3	development of water quality projects.
4	(2) In developing its recommendations under subsection (d) of this
5	section regarding the appropriate allocation of funds from the Clean Water
6	Fund, the Clean Water Board shall, during the first three years of its existence
7	and within the priorities established under subdivision (1) of this subsection
8	(e), prioritize awards or assistance to municipalities for municipal compliance
9	with water quality requirements and to municipalities for the establishment and
10	operation of stormwater utilities.
11	(3) In developing its recommendations under subsection (d) of this
12	section regarding the appropriate allocation of funds from the Clean Water
13	Fund, the Board shall, after satisfaction of the priorities established under
14	subdivision (1) of this subsection (e), attempt to provide investment in all
15	watersheds of the State based on the needs identified in watershed basin plans.
16	(f) Assistance. The Clean Water Board shall have the administrative,
17	technical, and legal assistance of the Agency of Administration, the Agency of
18	Natural Resources, the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets, the Agency
19	of Transportation, and the Agency of Commerce and Community
20	Development for those issues or services within the jurisdiction of the

1	respective agency. The cost of the services provided by agency staff shall be
2	paid from the budget of the agency providing the staff services.
3	Sec. 6. 24 V.S.A. chapter 97 is amended to read:
4	Chapter 97. Sewage System
5	§ 3501. DEFINITIONS
6	The following words and phrases, as used in this chapter and in chapter 101
7	of this title, shall have the following meanings:
8	(1) <u>"Clean water project" shall mean a project designed to improve</u>
9	water quality to achieve a target established under 10 V.S.A. § 922, that is not
10	subject to a permit under 10 V.S.A. chapter 47 or subject to 6 V.S.A.
11	chapter 215, and which is within the activities identified in 10 V.S.A. 923(e).
12	(2) "Domestic sewage" or "house sewage" is sanitary sewage derived
13	principally from dwellings, business buildings, and institutions.
14	(2)(3) "Industrial wastes" or "trade wastes" are liquid wastes from
15	industrial processes, including suspended solids.
16	(3)(4) "Sanitary sewage" is used water supply commonly containing
17	human excrement.
18	(4)(5) "Sanitary treatment" shall be an approved method of treatment of
19	solids and bacteria in sewage before final discharge.

1	(5)(6) "Sewage" is the used water supply of a community, including
2	such ground water, surface, and storm water as may or may not be mixed with
3	these liquid wastes from the community.
4	(6)(7) "Sewage system" shall include such equipment, pipe line system,
5	and facilities as are needed for and appurtenant to the treatment or disposal of
6	sewage and waters, as defined herein, including a sewage treatment or disposal
7	plant, as defined in section 3601 of this title, and separate pipe lines and
8	structural or nonstructural facilities as are needed for and appurtenant to the
9	treatment or disposal of storm, surface, and subsurface waters.
10	(7)(8) "Storm water" or "storm sewage" shall have the same meaning as
11	"stormwater runoff" under 10 V.S.A. § 1264.
12	(8)(9) "Surface water" is water other than storm water flowing on or
13	over the surface of the ground.
14	§ 3502. POWERS
15	(a) A municipal corporation may construct, maintain, operate, and repair a
16	sewage system and take, purchase, and acquire, in the manner hereinafter
17	mentioned, real estate and easements necessary for its purposes, and enter in
18	and upon any land for the purpose of making surveys, and lay pipes and sewers
19	and connect the same as may be necessary to convey sewage and other waters
20	to an outfall or treatment plant or installing and maintaining a stormwater
21	treatment system.

2	conserve and protect natural resources that are a part of a clean water project.
3	(c) A municipal corporation may adopt ordinances consistent with the
4	authority granted in 10 V.S.A. 923(g).
5	(d) A municipal corporation may administer a grant program to fund clean
6	water projects within its boundaries.
7	(e) A municipal corporation may enter into contracts to implement clean
8	water projects within its boundaries.
9	§ 3507. DUTIES
10	(a) Such sewage system commissioners shall have the supervision of such
11	municipal sewage system and clean water projects and shall make and
12	establish all needed rates for rent, with rules and regulations for its control and
13	operation. Such commissioners may appoint or remove a superintendent at
14	their pleasure. The rents and receipts for the use of such sewage system shall
15	be used and applied to pay the interest and principal of the sewage system
16	bonds of such municipal corporation, the expense of maintenance and
17	operation of the sewage system, as well as dedicated fund payments provided
18	for in section 3616 of this title.
19	(b) When a rate established under this section for the management of
20	stormwater is applied to property owned, controlled, or managed by the
21	Agency of Transportation, the rate shall not exceed the highest rate category

1 applicable to other properties in the municipality, and the Agency of 2 Transportation shall receive a 35 percent credit on the rate. The Agency of 3 Transportation shall receive no other credit on the rate from the municipal 4 corporation. 5 Sec. 5. 24 V.S.A. § 3616 is amended to read: 6 § 3616. DUTIES; USE OF PROCEEDS 7 Such sewage Sewage disposal commissioners shall have the supervision of 8 such a municipal sewage disposal department, and shall make and establish all 9 needful rates for charges, rules, and regulations for its control and operation 10 including the right to require any individual, person, or corporation to connect 11 to such the municipal system for the purposes of abating pollution of the 12 waters of the state State. Such The commissioners may appoint or remove a 13 superintendent at their pleasure. The charges and receipts of such the 14 department shall only be used and applied to pay the interest and principal of 15 the sewage disposal bonds of such the municipal corporation as well as the 16 expense of maintenance and operation of the sewage disposal department or 17 other expenses of the sewage system. These charges and receipts may also be 18 used for the development, construction, and maintenance of any clean water 19 project administered by the department. These charges and receipts also may 20 be used to develop a dedicated fund which that may be created by the 21 commissioners to finance major rehabilitation, major maintenance, and

1	upgrade costs for the sewer system. This fund may be established by an annual
2	set-aside of up to 15 percent of the normal operations, maintenance and bond
3	payment costs, except that with respect to subsurface leachfield systems, the
4	annual set-aside may equal up to 100 percent of these costs. The fund shall not
5	exceed the estimated future major rehabilitation, major maintenance, or
6	upgrade costs for the sewer system. Any dedicated fund shall be insured at
7	least to the level provided by FDIC and withdrawals shall be made only for the
8	purposes for which the fund was established. Any such dedicated fund may be
9	established and controlled in accord with section 2804 of this title or may be
10	established by act of the legislative body of the municipality. Funds so
11	established meet the requirements of subdivision 4756(a)(4) of this title.
12	Where the municipal legislative body establishes such a fund, it shall first
13	adopt a municipal ordinance authorizing and controlling such the funds. Such
14	The ordinance and any local policies governing the funds must conform to the
15	requirements of this section.
16	Sec. 6. 24 V.S.A. chapter 105 is amended to read:
17	§ 3671. POLICY
18	It is the policy of the state State to authorize two or more contiguous towns
19	or other municipal corporations to join together to establish a consolidated
20	sewer district for the purpose of:

1	(1) developing, acquiring, or improving a sewage system for the purpose
2	of disposing of the sewage from the district:
3	(2) managing stormwater within the district; or
4	(3) developing, constructing, or maintaining clean water projects within
5	the district.
6	§ 3672. DEFINITIONS
7	(a) As used in this chapter, the following words and terms shall have the
8	following meanings unless the context indicates another or different meaning
9	or intent:
10	(1) "Town" means any municipality within the meaning of section 126
11	of Title 1.
12	(2) "Sewage system" includes such equipment, pipeline systems, and
13	facilities as are needed for and appurtenant to the treatment or disposal of
14	sewage and waters, including sewage treatment plants and separate pipelines
15	and structural or nonstructural facilities as are needed for and appurtenant to
16	the treatment or disposal of storm, surface and subsurface waters, and all
17	properties, rights, easements, and franchises relating thereto and deemed
18	necessary or convenient by the sewer commission for the operation thereof.
19	(3) "Sewage" means the used water supply of a community, including
20	such groundwater, surface and stormwater as may or may not be mixed with
21	liquid wastes from the community.

1	(4) "Storm water" means the excess water from rainfall.
2	(5) "Surface water" means water other than storm water flowing or
3	standing on or over the surface of the ground.
4	(6) "Groundwater" means water existing beneath the surface of the
5	ground.
6	(7) "Improvements" means such repairs, replacements, additions,
7	extensions and betterments of and to a sewage system as are deemed necessary
8	by the sewer commissioners to place or maintain such system in proper
9	condition for its safe, efficient and economic operation or to meet requirements
10	for service in such areas which may be served by the district and for which no
11	existing service is being rendered.
12	(8) "Costs" as applied to a sewage system include the purchase price of
12 13	(8) "Costs" as applied to a sewage system include the purchase price of any such system, the cost of construction, the cost of all labor, materials,
13	any such system, the cost of construction, the cost of all labor, materials,
13 14	any such system, the cost of construction, the cost of all labor, materials, machinery, and equipment, the cost of improvements, the cost of all lands,
13 14 15	any such system, the cost of construction, the cost of all labor, materials, machinery, and equipment, the cost of improvements, the cost of all lands, property, rights, easements, and franchises acquired, financing charges, interest
13 14 15 16	any such system, the cost of construction, the cost of all labor, materials, machinery, and equipment, the cost of improvements, the cost of all lands, property, rights, easements, and franchises acquired, financing charges, interest prior to and during construction, and, if deemed advisable by the sewer
13 14 15 16 17	any such system, the cost of construction, the cost of all labor, materials, machinery, and equipment, the cost of improvements, the cost of all lands, property, rights, easements, and franchises acquired, financing charges, interest prior to and during construction, and, if deemed advisable by the sewer commissioners for one year after completion of construction, cost of plans and

1	(9) "Clean water project" means a project that is designed to improve
2	water quality to achieve a target established under 10 V.S.A. § 922, is not
3	subject to a permit requirement under 10 V.S.A. chapter 47 or 6 V.S.A.
4	chapter 215, and is within the activities identified under 10 V.S.A. § 923(e).
5	(b) A consolidated sewer district shall be deemed to be a municipality
6	within the meaning of 1 V.S.A. § 126.
7	§ 3679. FINANCES-SEWER RATES; APPLICATION OF REVENUE
8	(a) The board of sewer commissioners of a consolidated sewer district shall
9	establish rates for the sewer service or the planning, construction, and
10	maintenance of a clean water project and all individuals, firms, and
11	corporations whether private, public, or municipal shall pay to the treasurer of
12	the district the rates established by the board. The manner of establishment of
13	the rates shall be in accord with section 3615 of this title. The rates shall be so
14	established as to provide revenue for the following purposes:
15	(1) to pay current expenses for operating and maintaining the sewer
16	system;
17	(2) to provide for the payment of interest on the indebtedness created by
18	the district;
19	(3) to provide each year a sum equal to not less than two percent or
20	more than five percent of the entire indebtedness created or assumed by the
21	district to pay for the cost of the sewer system and improvements thereto,

1	which sum shall be used to pay indebtedness maturing in that year or turned
2	into a sinking fund and there kept to provide for the extinguishment of
3	indebtedness of the district;
4	(4) if any surplus remains at the end of the year, it may be turned into
5	the sinking fund or used to pay the cost of improvements to the sewer system.
6	* * *
7	Sec. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE
8	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2019.