1	H.377
2	Introduced by Representative Rachelson of Burlington
3	Referred to Committee on
4	Date:
5	Subject: Professions and occupations; license applications; conviction history
6	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to provide
7	statewide standards for the licensure of applicants with criminal conviction
8	histories.
9 10	An act relating to statewide professional regulation standards for the licensure of applicants with criminal conviction histories
11	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
12	Sec. 1. 26 V.S.A. chapter 57 is amended to read:
13	CHAPTER 57. REVIEW OF REGULATORY LAWS STATEWIDE
14	STANDARDS OF PROFESSIONAL REGULATION
15	Subchapter 1. Review of Regulatory Laws
16	* * *
17	Subchapter 2. Licensure of Applicants with a Criminal Conviction
18	§ 3121. STANDARDS OF LICENSURE OF APPLICANTS WITH A
19	CRIMINAL CONVICTION HISTORY

1	(a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, a regulatory
2	entity shall comply with the standards of licensure set forth in this section for
3	an applicant with a criminal conviction history, unless a regulatory law allows
4	for greater protection of such an applicant.
5	(1) Prohibition on automatic blanket bans. A regulatory entity may
6	consider an applicant's criminal conviction history in determining whether to
7	grant him or her licensure, but the existence of one or more convictions alone
8	shall not constitute a basis to deny licensure.
9	(2) Standards for and scope of criminal record inquiries.
10	(A)(i) Each regulatory entity shall adopt uniform standards for the
11	type or types of criminal convictions that would disqualify any applicant for
12	licensure for each profession that the entity regulates.
13	(ii) These standards shall be directly related to the profession,
14	shall be limited to felonies and violent misdemeanors, and shall be established
15	so that an applicant is disqualified only under the least restrictive standards
16	necessary.
17	(iii) A regulatory entity is prohibited from including in its
18	standards or otherwise considering an applicant's arrest that did not result in a
19	conviction.
20	(B) A regulatory entity may inquire into or consider only the
21	conviction history of an applicant that falls within the standards adopted under

1	subdivision (A) of this subdivision (2), and may only so inquire after the
2	applicant is found to be otherwise qualified for licensure.
3	(C) A regulatory entity shall not inquire into or consider any
4	applicant's misdemeanor convictions older than three years or felony
5	convictions older than five years.
6	(D) At any time, an applicant or potential applicant may petition a
7	regulatory entity for a determination regarding whether the individual's
8	criminal conviction history would disqualify the individual from licensure.
9	(3) Obtaining an applicant's criminal conviction history report.
10	(A)(i) A regulatory entity shall obtain an applicant's authorization
11	prior to obtaining a report of his or her criminal conviction history and shall
12	provide the applicant with a copy of the uniform standards for disqualification
13	adopted under subdivision (2) of this subsection along with its request for
14	authorization.
15	(ii) The regulatory entity shall provide the applicant with a copy of
16	the applicant's report and an accompanying notice that describes any
17	conviction the entity determines disqualifies the applicant under the entity's
18	uniform standards.
19	(B) In addition to the provisions of subdivision (4) of this subsection,
20	the regulatory entity shall provide the applicant with the opportunity to verify
21	or challenge the information contained in the report.

(4)	Procedure for	license denia	<u>1.</u>
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(A) If a regulatory entity intends to deny licensure based on an applicant's criminal conviction history, the regulatory entity shall provide the applicant with notice of that intent and an opportunity to present evidence of mitigating circumstances or of his or her rehabilitation.

(B) An applicant shall have 30 days from the date of the notice to petition the regulatory entity for a review of its preliminary decision. At a hearing upon petition, the State shall bear the burden of proving that the applicant should be disqualified from licensure due to the applicant's criminal conviction history.

(C) A regulatory entity shall not deny such an applicant licensure if
the applicant has demonstrated fitness to practice the profession by providing
sufficient mitigating circumstances or by showing competent evidence of
sufficient rehabilitation, such as completion or probation or parole. Each
regulatory entity shall specifically consider the amount of time that has elapsed
since a conviction or release from incarceration as a mitigating circumstance.

(5) Case-by-case assessments. A regulatory entity shall consider applicants with a criminal conviction history on an individual, case-by-case basis, and if the entity denies licensure to an applicant based on that history, the entity shall provide to the applicant in writing the rationale for licensure denial, which shall include an assessment of each of the following topics:

1	(A) the nature and seriousness of the crime;
2	(B) the circumstances under which the crime occurred;
3	(C) the date of the crime;
4	(D) the age of the applicant when the crime was committed;
5	(E) whether the crime was an isolated or repeated incident;
6	(F) any social conditions that may have contributed to the crime; and
7	(G) any evidence of the applicant's rehabilitation.
8	(b) A regulatory entity may adopt rules necessary to implement the
9	provisions of this section.
10	§ 3122. BIENNIAL REPORT ON LICENSURE DENIALS BASED ON
11	CRIMINAL CONVICTION HISTORIES
12	On or before January 15 of each odd-numbered year, each State regulatory
13	entity shall submit to the General Assembly a report containing the following
14	information:
15	(1) the number of licenses granted in the previous two-year period; and
16	(2) the number of licenses denied in the previous two-year period based
17	on an applicant's criminal conviction history, along with a list of each
18	conviction that constituted the basis for each denial.
19	Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE
20	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2019.