## H. 13

An act relating to miscellaneous amendments to alcoholic beverage and tobacco laws

The House concurs in the Senate proposal of amendment with further amendments thereto as follow:

First: By striking out Sec. 3 in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 3 to read as follows:

Sec. 3. 7 V.S.A. § 64 is amended to read:
§ 64. SALE OF MALT BEVERAGES AND VINOUS BEVERAGES IN KEGS
(c) Any person, other than a wholesale dealer or manufacturer, who intentionally removes or defaces the label attached to a keg shall be imprisened not mere than two years or fined not more than $\$ 1,000.00$, or both.

Second: after Sec. 45, tax on spirits and fortified wines, by inserting a Sec. 45 a to read as follows:

Sec. 45a. TRANSFER TO GENERAL FUND
(a) In fiscal year 2020, a minimum of $\$ 18,370,000.00$ shall be transferred
from the Liquor Control Enterprise Fund to the General Fund. The amount transferred pursuant to this subsection shall include any amounts transferred
pursuant to the fiscal year 2020 annual budget bill.
(b) In fiscal year 2021, a minimum of $\$ 18,740,000.00$ shall be transferred
from the Liquor Control Enterprise Fund to the General Fund.
Third: By striking out Secs. 46-47 and their respective reader assistance headings in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof Secs. 46-51 and their respective reader assistance headings to read as follows:
***Retail Licenses and Permits ***

Sec. 46. 7 V.S.A. § 223 is amended to read:
§ 223. THIRD-CLASS LICENSES
(a)(1) The Board of Liquor and Lottery may grant to a person who operates a hotel, restaurant, club, boat, or railroad dining car, or who holds a manufacturer's or rectifier's license, a third-class license if:
(1) the person files an application accompanied by the fee provided in section 204 of this title for the premises in which the business of the hotel, restaurant, club, or manufacturer or rectifier is carried on or for the boat or railroad dining car-;
(2) the local control commissioners have approved the application; and
(2)(3) The the applicant shall satisfy satisfies the Board that:
(A) the applicant is the bona fide owner or lessee of the premises, boat, or railroad dining car;
(B) except in the case of clubs, the premises, boat, or railroad dining car has adequate and sanitary space and equipment for preparing and serving meals to the public; and
(C) that it the premises, boat, or railroad dining car is operated for the purpose covered by the license.
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(d)(1) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection and section 271 of this title, a person who holds a third-class license shall purchase from the Board of Liquor and Lottery all spirits and fortified wines dispensed in accordance with the provisions of the third-class license and this title.
(2) For a third-class license issued for a dining car or boat, the licensee may procure outside the State of Vermont spirits and fortified wines that are sold pursuant to the license.
(3) For a third-class license that is issued to a licensed manufacturer or rectifier of spirits or fortified wines, the licensee shall not be required to purchase from the Board of Liquor and Lottery spirits and fortified wines that it has manufactured or rectified before selling them pursuant to its third-class license.
***Tasting and Event Permits ***
Sec. 47. 7 V.S.A. § 252 is amended to read:
§ 252. SPECIAL EVENT PERMITS
(c)(1) A licensed manufacturer or rectifier may be issued ne not more than $104 \underline{10}$ special event permits during a for the same physical location in a calendar year.
(2) Each manufacturer or rectifier planning to attend a single special event purstant to this section may be listed on a single permit for the special event. However, each attendance at a special event shall count toward the manufacturer's or rectifier's anntal limit of 104 special event permits. Sec. 48.7 V.S.A. § 253 is amended to read:
§ 253. FESTIVAL PERMITS

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(b) A festival permit holder shall be permitted to conduct an event that is open to the public at which malt beverages, vinous beverages, fortified wines, spirits, or any combination of the four are served.
(c)(1) A festival permit holder shall require individuals attending the festival to pay an entry fee of at least $\$ 5.00$.
(2) Alcoholic beverages served pursuant to a festival permit shall be served in compliance with the following limitations:
(A) Malt beverages shall be served to individuals attending the festival in amounts equal to not more than 12 ounces at one time and not more than 60 ounces total at any one festival.
(B) Vinous beverages shall be served to individuals attending the $\underline{\text { festival in amounts equal to not more than five ounces at one time and not }}$ more than 25 ounces total at any one festival.
(C) Fortified wines shall be served to individuals attending the festival in amounts equal to not more than three ounces at one time and not more than 15 ounces total at any one festival.
(D) Spirits shall be served to individuals attending the festival in amounts equal to not more than one ounce at one time and not more than five ounces total at any one festival.
(E) For festivals at which a combination of malt beverages, vinous beverages, fortified wines, and spirits are served, an individual shall not be served a combined total of more than six standard drinks. As used in this subdivision (E), a "standard drink" means an alcoholic beverage containing 0.6 fluid ounces or 14 grams of pure ethyl alcohol.
(3) A festival permit holder shall ensure that the festival complies with all applicable requirements of this title and the rules of the Board.
(d)(1) A festival permit holder may purchase invoiced volumes of malt or vinous beverages directly from a manufacturer or packager licensed in

Vermont, or a manufacturer or packager that holds a federal Basic Permit or Brewers Notice or evidence of licensure in a foreign country that is satisfactory to the Board.
(2) The invoiced volumes of malt or vinous beverages may be transported to the site and sold by the glass to the public by the permit holder or its employees and volunteers only during the event.
(e)(e) A festival permit holder shall be subject to the provisions of this title, including section 214 of this title, and the rules of the Board regarding the sale of the alcoholic beverages and shall pay the tax on the malt or vinous beverages pursuant to section 421 of this title.
$(\mathrm{d})(\underline{f})$ A person shall be granted ne not more than four $\underline{10}$ festival permits per year, and each permit shall be valid for ne not more than four consecutive days.

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* * * \text { Manufacturing and Distribution of Alcohol } * * *
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Sec. 49. 7 V.S.A. § 271 is amended to read:

## § 271. MANUFACTURER'S OR RECTIFIER'S LICENSE

(a)(1) The Board of Liquor and Lottery may grant a manufacturer's or rectifier's license upon application and payment of the fee provided in section 204 of this title that permits the license holder to operate a facility that manufacture manufactures or rectify rectifies:
(1)(A) malt beverages;
(2)(B) vinous beverages and fortified wines; or
$(3)(C)$ spirits and fortified wines.
(2) A manufacturer or rectifier shall obtain a separate license for each facility at which it manufactures or rectifies alcoholic beverages.

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(d)(1) The Board of Liquor and Lottery may grant to a licensed manufacturer or rectifier a first-class license or a first and a third-class license, or both, permitting the licensee to sell alcoholic beverages to the public at an establishment located at the manufacturer's premises or rectifier's licensed facility, provided the manufacturer or rectifier owns or has direct control over that establishment.
(2) For a A licensed manufacturer of malt beverages, the premises of the manufacturer may include may operate up to two licensed establishments pursuant to this subsection that are located at the licensed manufacturing facility or on the property that is owned by the licensee and is contiguous real estate of with the license holder parcel of land on which the licensed manufacturing facility is located, provided the manufacturer owns or has direct control over both establishments.

## (3) Notwithstanding subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, a

 $\underline{\text { manufacturer or rectifier that, on July 1, 2019, is operating at a location }}$ separate from its licensed manufacturing facility an establishment for which itwas granted a first-class license or a third-class license, or both, before July 1, 2019 may continue to operate that establishment, and the local control
commissioners and the Board may annually renew the licenses in effect for
that establishment on July 1, 2019.
(e) The Board of Liquor and Lottery may grant a licensed manufacturer of malt beverages a second-class license permitting the licensee to sell alcoholic beverages to the public anywhere on the manufacturer's premises of the licensed manufacturing facility.
(f)(1) A licensed manufacturer or rectifier may serve alcoholic beverages with or without charge at an event held en the premises of the licensee at the licensed manufacturing or rectifying facility or at a location on the property that is owned by the licensee and is contiguous real estate of the licensee with the parcel of land on which the licensed facility is located, provided the licensee at least five days before the event gives the Division written notice of the event, including details required by the Division.

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Sec. 50. 7 V.S.A. § 271 is amended to read:

## § 271. MANUFACTURER'S OR RECTIFIER'S LICENSE

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(d)(1) The Board of Liquor and Lottery may grant to a licensed manufacturer or rectifier a first-class license or a third-class license, or both,
permitting the licensee to sell alcoholic beverages to the public at an establishment located at the manufacturer's or rectifier's licensed facility, provided the manufacturer or rectifier owns or has direct control over that establishment.
(2) A licensed manufacturer of malt beverages may operate up to two licensed establishments pursuant to this subsection that are located at the licensed manufacturing facility or on property that is owned by the licensee and is contiguous with the parcel of land on which the licensed manufacturing facility is located, provided the manufacturer owns or has direct control over both establishments.

(3) Notwithstanding subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, a manufacturer or rectifier that, on July 1, 2019, is operating at a location separate from its licensed manufacturing facility an establishment for which it was granted a first class license or a third-class license, or both, before July 1, 2019 may continue to operate that establishment, and the local control eommissioners and the Board may anntally renew the licenses in effect for that establishment on July 1, 2019. [Repealed.]

(a) Sec. 47 (special event permits) and Sec. 50 (repeal of manufacturer grandfather provision) shall take effect on July 1, 2020.
(b) All remaining sections shall take effect on July 1, 2019.

