TO THE HONORABLE SENATE:

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- The Committee on Judiciary to which was referred Senate Bill No. 222
- 3 entitled "An act relating to technical amendments to civil and criminal
- 4 procedure statutes "respectfully reports that it has considered the same and
- 5 recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting
- 6 clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 7 Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. § 8007(c) is amended to read:
- 8 (c) An assurance of discontinuance shall be in writing and signed by the
- 9 respondent and shall specify the statute or regulation alleged to have been
- violated. The assurance of discontinuance shall be simultaneously filed with
- the Attorney General and the Environmental Division. The Secretary or the
- Natural Resources Board shall post a final draft assurance of discontinuance to
- its website and shall provide a final draft assurance of discontinuance to a
- person upon request. When signed by the Environmental Division, the
- assurance shall become a judicial order. Upon motion by the Attorney General
- made within $\frac{10}{14}$ days of the date the assurance is signed by the Division and
- upon a finding that the order is insufficient to carry out the purposes of this
- chapter, the Division shall vacate the order.
- 19 Sec. 2. 12 V.S.A. § 1 is amended to read:
- 20 § 1. RULES OF PLEADING, PRACTICE, AND PROCEDURE; FORMS

The Supreme Court is empowered to prescribe and amend from time to time
general rules with respect to pleadings, practice, evidence, procedure, and
forms for all actions and proceedings in all courts of this State. The rules thus
prescribed or amended shall not abridge, enlarge, or modify any substantive
rights of any person provided by law. The rules when initially prescribed or
any amendments thereto, including any repeal, modification, or addition, shall
take effect on the date provided by the Supreme Court in its order of
promulgation, unless objected to by the Joint Legislative Committee on
Judicial Rules as provided by this chapter. If objection is made by the Joint
<u>Legislative</u> Committee on Judicial Rules, the initially prescribed rules in
question shall not take effect until they have been reported to the General
Assembly by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court at any regular, adjourned,
or special session thereof, and until after the expiration of 45 legislative days
of that session, including the date of the filing of the report. The General
Assembly may repeal, revise, or modify any rule or amendment thereto, and its
action shall not be abridged, enlarged, or modified by subsequent rule.
Sec. 3. 12 V.S.A. § 2 is amended to read:
§ 2. DEFINITIONS
As used in sections 3 and 4 of this chapter:
(1) "Adopting authority" means the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court

or the administrative judge Chief Superior Judge, where appropriate;

1	(2) "Court" means the Supreme Court, except in those instances where
2	the statutes permit rules to be adopted by the administrative judge Chief
3	Superior Judge, in which case, the word "court" means the administrative
4	judge; Chief Superior Judge.
5	* * *
6	Sec. 4. 12 V.S.A. § 701 is amended to read:
7	§ 701. SUMMONS
8	(a) Any law enforcement officer authorized to serve criminal process or a
9	State's Attorney may summon a person who commits an offense to appear
10	before Superior Court by a summons in such form as prescribed by the Court
11	Administrator, stating the time when, and the place where, the person shall
12	appear, signed by the enforcement officer or State's Attorney and delivered to
13	the person.
14	* * *
15	(d) A person who does not so appear in response to a summons for a traffic
16	offense as defined in 23 V.S.A. § 2201 shall be fined not more than \$100.00.
17	[Repealed.]
18	Sec. 5. 12 V.S.A. § 3125 is amended to read:
19	§ 3125. PAYMENT OF TRUSTEE'S CLAIM BY CREDITOR
20	When it appears that personal property in the hands of a person summoned
21	as a trustee is mortgaged, pledged, or liable for the payment of a debt due to

1 him or her, the court may allow the attaching creditor to pay or tender the 2 amount due to the trustee, and he or she shall thereupon deliver such property, 3 as hereinbefore provided in this subchapter, to the officer holding the 4 execution. 5 Sec. 6. 12 V.S.A. § 3292 is amended to read: 6 § 3292. RECORDING BY TOWN OR COUNTY SUPERIOR CLERK 7 When a copy of a writ of attachment, on which real estate is attached, is 8 lodged in the office of a town or Superior clerk, such clerk shall enter in a book 9 to be kept for that purpose the names of the parties, the date of the writ, the 10 time when and the court to which the same is returnable, the nature of the 11 action, the sum demanded, and the officer's return thereon. 12 Sec. 7. 12 V.S.A. § 3351 is amended to read: 13 § 3351. ATTACHMENT, TAKING IN EXECUTION, AND SALE 14 Personal property not exempt from attachment, subject to a mortgage, 15 pledge, or lien, may be attached, taken in execution, and sold as the property of 16 the mortgagor, pledgor, or general owner, in the same manner as other personal 17 property, except as hereinafter otherwise provided in this subchapter. 18 Sec. 8. 18 V.S.A. § 4245 is amended to read: 19 § 4245. REMISSION OR MITIGATION OF FORFEITURE 20 (a) On petition filed within 90 days of completion of a forfeiture 21 proceeding, the claims commission established in 32 V.S.A. § 931 a court that

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issued a forfeiture order pursuant to section 4244 of this title may order that the forfeiture be remitted or mitigated. The petition shall be sworn, and shall include all information necessary for its resolution or shall describe where such information can be obtained. Upon receiving a petition, the claims commission court shall investigate and may conduct a hearing if in its judgment it would be helpful to resolution of the petition. The claims commission court shall either grant or deny the petition within 90 days. (b) The claims commission court may remit or mitigate a forfeiture upon finding that relief should be granted to avoid extreme hardship or upon finding that the petitioner has a valid, good faith interest in the property which is not held through a straw purchase, trust, or otherwise for the benefit of another and that the petitioner did not at any time have knowledge or reason to believe that the property was being or would be used in violation of the law. Sec. 9. 18 V.S.A. § 4474g(b) is amended to read: (b) Prior to acting on an application for a Registry identification card, the Department shall obtain with respect to the applicant a Vermont criminal history record, an out-of-state criminal history record, and a criminal history record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Each applicant shall consent to the release of criminal history records to the Department on forms developed by the Vermont Crime Information Center. A fingerprintsupported, out-of-state criminal history record and a criminal history record

1 from the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall be required only every three 2 years for renewal of a card for a dispensary owner, principal, and financier. 3 Sec. 10. REPEAL 4 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 11, Sec. 60 (amending 32 V.S.A. § 5412) is 5 repealed. 6 Sec. 11. 3 V.S.A. § 163 is amended to read: 7 § 163. JUVENILE COURT DIVERSION PROJECT 8 (a) The Attorney General shall develop and administer a juvenile court 9 diversion project for the purpose of assisting juveniles charged with delinquent 10 acts. Rules which were adopted by the Vermont Commission on the 11 Administration of Justice to implement the juvenile court diversion project 12 shall be adapted by the Attorney General to the programs and projects 13 established under this section. In consultation with the diversion programs, the 14 Attorney General shall adopt a policies and procedures manual in compliance 15 with this section. 16 (b) The diversion project program administered by the Attorney General 17 shall encourage the development support the operation of diversion projects 18 programs in local communities through grants of financial assistance to, or by 19 contracting for services with, municipalities, private groups or other local 20 organizations. The Attorney General may require local financial contributions

as a condition of receipt of project grants funding.

1	* * *
2	Sec. 12. 3 V.S.A. § 164 is amended to read:
3	§ 164. ADULT COURT DIVERSION PROGRAM
4	(a) The Attorney General shall develop and administer an adult court
5	diversion program in all counties. The program shall be operated through the
6	juvenile diversion project. In consultation with Diversion programs, the The
7	Attorney General shall adopt only such rules as are necessary to establish an
8	adult court diversion program for adults a policy and procedures manual, in
9	compliance with this section.
10	* * *
11	(c) The program shall encourage the development support the operation of
12	diversion programs in local communities through grants of financial assistance
13	to, or contracts for services with, municipalities, private groups, or other local
14	organizations. The Attorney General may require local financial contributions
15	as a condition of receipt of program grants funding.
16	* * *
17	(e) All adult court diversion programs receiving financial assistance from
18	the Attorney General shall adhere to the following provisions:
19	(1) The diversion program shall accept only persons against whom
20	charges have been filed and the court has found probable cause, but are not yet
21	adjudicated. The prosecuting attorney may refer a person to diversion either

before or after arraignment and shall notify in writing the diversion program
and the court of his or her intention to refer the person to diversion. The matter
shall become confidential when notice is provided to the diversion program. If
a person is charged with a qualifying crime as defined in 13 V.S.A. §
7601(4)(A) and the crime is a misdemeanor, the prosecutor shall provide the
person with the opportunity to participate in the court diversion program unless
the prosecutor states on the record at arraignment or a subsequent hearing why
a referral to the program would not serve the ends of justice. If the prosecuting
attorney refers a case to diversion, the prosecuting attorney may release
information to the victim upon a showing of legitimate need and subject to an
appropriate protective agreement defining the purpose for which the
information is being released and in all other respects maintaining the
confidentiality of the information; otherwise files held by the court, the
prosecuting attorney, and the law enforcement agency related to the charges
shall be confidential and shall remain confidential unless:
(A) the Board diversion program declines to accept the case;
(B) the person declines to participate in diversion;
(C) the Board diversion program accepts the case, but the person does
not successfully complete diversion; or
(D) the prosecuting attorney recalls the referral to diversion.

* * *

1	(7)(A) <u>Irrespective of whether a record was expunged, the</u> The adult
2	court diversion program shall maintain sufficient records so that the reasons for
3	success or failure of the program in particular cases and overall can be
4	investigated by program staff. These records shall include a centralized
5	statewide filing system that will include the following information about
6	individuals who have successfully completed an adult court diversion program:
7	(i) name and date of birth;
8	(ii) offense charged and date of offense;
9	(iii) place of residence;
10	(iv) county where diversion process took place; and
11	(v) date of completion of diversion process.
12	(B) These records shall not be available to anyone other than the
13	participant and his or her attorney, State's Attorneys, the Attorney General,
14	and directors of adult court diversion programs.
15	(C) Notwithstanding subdivision (B) of this subsection, the Attorney
16	General or a director of an adult court diversion program may, upon request,
17	provide to a participant or his or her attorney sufficient documentation to show
18	that the participant successfully completed diversion.
19	* * *
20	(g)(1) Within 30 days of the two-year anniversary of a successful
21	completion of adult diversion, the court shall provide notice to all parties of

record of the court's intention to order the sealing expungement of all court
files and records, law enforcement records other than entries in the adult court
diversion program's centralized filing system, fingerprints, and photographs
applicable to the proceeding. The court shall give the State's Attorney an
opportunity for a hearing to contest the sealing expungement of the records.
The court shall seal expunge the records if it finds:
(1)(A) two years have elapsed since the successful completion of the
adult diversion program by the participant and the dismissal of the case by the
State's Attorney;
(2)(B) the participant has not been convicted of a subsequent felony
or misdemeanor during the two-year period, and no proceedings are pending
seeking such conviction; and
(3)(C) rehabilitation of the participant has been attained to the
satisfaction of the court.
(2) The court may expunge any records that were sealed pursuant to this
subsection prior to July 1, 2018 unless the State's Attorney's office that
prosecuted the case objects. 30 days prior to expunging a record pursuant to
this subdivision, the court shall provide written notice of its intent to expunge
the record to the State's Attorney's office that prosecuted the case.
(3)(A) The court may keep a special index of cases that have been
expunded pursuant to this section together with the expundement order. The

1	index shall list only the name of the person convicted of the offense, his or her
2	date of birth, the docket number, and the criminal offense that was the subject
3	of the expungement.
4	(B) The special index and related documents specified in subdivision
5	(A) of this subdivision (3) shall be confidential and shall be physically and
6	electronically segregated in a manner that ensures confidentiality and that
7	limits access to authorized persons.
8	(C) Inspection of the expungement order and the certificate may be
9	permitted only upon petition by the person who is the subject of the case or by
10	the court if the court finds that inspection of the documents is necessary to
11	serve the interest of justice. The Chief Superior Judge may permit special
12	access to the index and the documents for research purposes pursuant to the
13	rules for public access to court records.
14	(D) The Court Administrator shall establish policies for implementing
15	this subsection.
16	(h) Except as otherwise provided in this section, upon upon the entry of an
17	order sealing such expunging files and records under this section the
18	proceedings in the matter under this section shall be considered never to have
19	occurred, all index references thereto shall be deleted, and the participant, the
20	court, and law enforcement officers and departments shall reply to any request
21	for information that no record exists with respect to such participant inquiry in

1	any matter. Copies of the order shall be sent to each agency or official named
2	therein.
3	(i) Inspection of the files and records included in the order may thereafter be
4	permitted by the court only upon petition by the participant who is the subject
5	of such records, and only to those persons named therein. [Repealed.]
6	(j) The process of automatically sealing expunging records as provided in
7	this section shall only apply to those persons who completed diversion on or
8	after July 1, 2002. Any person who completed diversion prior to July 1, 2002
9	must apply to the court to have his or her records sealed expunged. Sealing
10	Expungement shall occur if the requirements of subsection (g) of this section
11	are met.
12	* * *
13	Sec. 13. 13 V.S.A. § 15 is added to read:
14	§ 15. USE OF VIDEO
15	(a) Except as provided by subsection (b) of this section, proceedings
16	governed by V.R.Cr.P. 5, V.R.Cr.P. 10, and chapter 229 of Title 13 shall be in
17	person and on the record, and shall not be performed by video conferencing or
18	other electronic means until the Defender General and the Executive Director
19	of the Department of Sheriffs and State's Attorneys execute a joint certification
20	that the video conferencing program in use by the court at the site where the

1	proceeding occurs adequately ensures attorney-client confidentiality and the
2	client's meaningful participation in the proceeding.
3	(b) A proceeding at which subsection(a) of this section applies may be
4	performed by video conferencing if counsel for the defendant or a defendant
5	not represented by counsel consents.
6	Sec. 14. 13 V.S.A. § 2301 is amended to read:
7	§ 2301. MURDER-DEGREES DEFINED
8	Murder committed by means of poison, or by lying in wait, or by wilful,
9	deliberate and premeditated killing, or committed in perpetrating or attempting
10	to perpetrate arson, sexual assault, aggravated sexual assault, kidnapping,
11	robbery or burglary, shall be murder in the first degree. All other kinds of
12	murder shall be murder in the second degree.
13	Sec. 15. EARNED GOOD TIME; REPORT
14	On or before November 15, 2018, the Commissioner of Corrections, in
15	consultation with the Chief Superior Judge, the Attorney General, the
16	Executive Director of the Department of Sheriffs and State's Attorneys, and
17	the Defender General, shall report to the Senate and House Committees on
18	Judiciary, the Senate Committee on Institutions, and the House Committee on
19	Institutions and Corrections on the advisability and feasibility of reinstituting a
20	system of earned good time for persons under the supervision of the
21	Department of Corrections.

1	Sec. 16. EFFECTIVE DATE
2	This act shall take effect on passage.
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4	and that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: "An act relating
5	to miscellaneous judiciary procedures"
6	
7	(Committee vote:)
8	
9	Senator
10	FOR THE COMMITTEE