

Vermont Legislative Joint Fiscal Office

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FISCAL NOTE

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DRAFT Miscellaneous Tax Bill

Introduced by the House Committee on Ways and Means

Secs. 1 – 9: Administrative Provisions

These provisions which include requirements for towns to report new listers to the Division of Property Valuation and Review (PVR) electronically (not in writing); changes due dates for S-corp returns to mirror other filing dates; and adopt the 2016 federal income tax laws as the basis for the Vermont income tax; clarifies the definition of net patient revenue for the ambulance assessment, among other administrative provisions; **do not have a state revenue impact.**

Secs. 10 and 11: Games of Chance – Moves Licensing from Tax to DLC

These sections move the licensing of break-open tickets from the Department of Taxes to the Department of Liquor Control in an attempt to align the oversight with the department that focuses on entities with a liquor license where many of the break-open tickets are sold. Both the fee revenue and the licensing responsibility are transferred and therefore there is **no state revenue impact.** Additionally, nonprofit organizations benefitting from the sale of break-open tickets at a premises licensed to sell alcohol must purchase the tickets directly from the distributor and report additional information to DLC.

Secs. 12 and 13: Health Care Information Technology Fund

The first section extends the sunset on the Health Care Claims tax of 0.199% for the Health IT Fund for one year from July 1, 2017 to July 1, 2018. The second section requires a comprehensive review by the Secretary of Administration and the Secretary of Human Resources and report on the Health Care IT Fund by November 15, 2017.

Secs. 14 and 15: Employer Assessment moves from Labor to Tax

Responsibility for administration of the Health Care Fund Contribution Assessment (“Employer Assessment”) is transferred from the Department of Labor to the Department of Taxes. This would take advantage of the new Tax Department revenue collections software – Phase 4 and remove this responsibility from Labor as they plan to update their software programs to implement the federal aspects of the programs using federal funds. **This is estimated to save \$127K in FY18 and FY19, increasing to \$254K in FY20.** The reporting of quarterly contribution assessment data to the Joint Fiscal Office will remain the same.

Sec. 16: Adopt federal AGI as the Vermont income tax starting point

This proposal would have the state income tax calculations begin at federal adjusted gross income (AGI), rather than federal taxable income beginning in tax year 2018. **This change would not change any individual income taxpayer’s state income tax liability.** The proposal would switch from adding back limited deductions to subtracting allowed deductions and exemptions.

Secs. 17 – 20 Strategies for Increased Collections

The next few sections include provisions that enable the Tax Department to increase collections with additional data and information to use with new and existing collections strategies to close the “tax gap.” **Together these provisions are estimated to increase state revenue collections by \$4.975 million in FY 2018.** These include:

- Secs. 17 and 18 Revised Use Tax Reporting on Individual Income Tax Returns: these provisions lower the “safe harbor” percentage from 0.20 to .10 of AGI and includes a \$500 cap for use tax liability but retains the separate itemization of purchases of \$1,000 or more. The Tax Department will also increase awareness through outreach and education of use tax responsibility. This change is anticipated to increase use tax collections by \$1.8 million.
- Sec. 19 adds additional state-level reporting for third-party settlement organizations requiring information for transactions of greater than \$600 annually rather than the federal \$20,000 or more than 200 transaction threshold for 1099K reporting
- Sec. 20 requires noncollecting sales and use tax vendors to provide the Tax Department, in addition to the consumer, data on the amount of sales to resident taxpayers for which sales and use tax has not been collected at the vendor level. Failure to comply results in a penalty.
- Sec. 21 directs the Tax Department to use new and existing collections strategies, including the new data provided from third-party settlement organizations and noncollecting vendors, to increase state revenue collections to a targeted by \$3.175 million.

Sec. 22 and 23 Water Quality Revenue Bond and Clean Water Working Group

These two sections require to Treasurer to report on the viability of a revenue bond for clean water funding and convene a working group to make recommendations.

Sec. 24 Repeals

1. Repeals the Tax Department regulation of break open tickets – **no revenue change**
2. Repeals the requirement to set out the penalties in large type – **no fiscal impact**
3. & 4. Repeals the sunset on the exemption for the parts and equipment for commercial and private aircraft – **does not change the existing estimated expenditure of under \$100,000 annually**
5. Repeals the Department of Labor administration of the Employer Assessment - **\$127K savings in FY 2018**
6. Repeals the sunset on the property transfer tax 0.2% Clean Water Surcharge

Sec. 25 Effective Dates