1	TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:
2	The Committee on Judiciary to which was referred Senate Bill No. 222
3	entitled "An act relating to miscellaneous judiciary procedures" respectfully
4	reports that it has considered the same and recommends that the House propose
5	to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting
6	clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
7	Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. § 8007(c) is amended to read:
8	(c) An assurance of discontinuance shall be in writing and signed by the
9	respondent and shall specify the statute or regulation alleged to have been
10	violated. The assurance of discontinuance shall be simultaneously filed with
11	the Attorney General and the Environmental Division. The Secretary or the
12	Natural Resources Board shall post a final draft assurance of discontinuance to
13	its website and shall provide a final draft assurance of discontinuance to a
14	person upon request. When signed by the Environmental Division, the
15	assurance shall become a judicial order. Upon motion by the Attorney General
16	made within $\frac{10}{14}$ days of <u>after</u> the date the assurance is signed by the
17	Division and upon a finding that the order is insufficient to carry out the
18	purposes of this chapter, the Division shall vacate the order.

2

1 Sec. 2. 12 V.S.A. § 1 is amended to read:

§ 1. RULES OF PLEADING, PRACTICE	, AND PROCEDURE; FORMS
----------------------------------	------------------------

3	The Supreme Court is empowered to prescribe and amend from time to time
4	general rules with respect to pleadings, practice, evidence, procedure, and
5	forms for all actions and proceedings in all courts of this State. The rules thus
6	prescribed or amended shall not abridge, enlarge, or modify any substantive
7	rights of any person provided by law. The rules when initially prescribed or
8	any amendments thereto, including any repeal, modification, or addition, shall
9	take effect on the date provided by the Supreme Court in its order of
10	promulgation, unless objected to by the Joint Legislative Committee on
11	Judicial Rules as provided by this chapter. If objection is made by the Joint
12	Legislative Committee on Judicial Rules, the initially prescribed rules in
13	question shall not take effect until they have been reported to the General
14	Assembly by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court at any regular, adjourned,
15	or special session thereof, and until after the expiration of 45 legislative days
16	of that session, including the date of the filing of the report. The General
17	Assembly may repeal, revise, or modify any rule or amendment thereto, and its
18	action shall not be abridged, enlarged, or modified by subsequent rule.
19	Sec. 3. 12 V.S.A. § 2 is amended to read:
20	§ 2. DEFINITIONS
21	As used in sections 3 and 4 of this chapter:

1	(1) "Adopting authority" means the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court
2	or the administrative judge Chief Superior Judge, where appropriate;
3	(2) "Court" means the Supreme Court, except in those instances where
4	the statutes permit rules to be adopted by the administrative judge Chief
5	Superior Judge, in which case, the word "court" means the administrative
6	judge; <u>Chief Superior Judge.</u>
7	* * *
8	Sec. 4. 12 V.S.A. § 701 is amended to read:
9	§ 701. SUMMONS
10	(a) Any law enforcement officer authorized to serve criminal process or a
11	State's Attorney may summon a person who commits an offense to appear
12	before Superior Court by a summons in such form as prescribed by the Court
13	Administrator, stating the time when, and the place where, the person shall
14	appear, signed by the enforcement officer or State's Attorney and delivered to
15	the person.
16	* * *
17	(d) A person who does not so appear in response to a summons for a traffic
18	offense as defined in 23 V.S.A. § 2201 shall be fined not more than \$100.00.
19	[Repealed.]

1	Sec. 5. 12 V.S.A. § 3125 is amended to read:
2	§ 3125. PAYMENT OF TRUSTEE'S CLAIM BY CREDITOR
3	When it appears that personal property in the hands of a person summoned
4	as a trustee is mortgaged, pledged, or liable for the payment of a debt due to
5	him or her, the court may allow the attaching creditor to pay or tender the
6	amount due to the trustee, and he or she shall thereupon deliver such property,
7	as hereinbefore provided in this subchapter, to the officer holding the
8	execution.
9	Sec. 6. 12 V.S.A. § 3351 is amended to read:
10	§ 3351. ATTACHMENT, TAKING IN EXECUTION, AND SALE
11	Personal property not exempt from attachment, subject to a mortgage,
12	pledge, or lien, may be attached, taken in execution, and sold as the property of
13	the mortgagor, pledgor, or general owner, in the same manner as other personal
14	property, except as hereinafter otherwise provided in this subchapter.
15	Sec. 7. 18 V.S.A. § 4245 is amended to read:
16	§ 4245. REMISSION OR MITIGATION OF FORFEITURE
17	(a) On petition filed within 90 days of <u>after</u> completion of a forfeiture
18	proceeding, the claims commission established in 32 V.S.A. § 931 a court that
19	issued a forfeiture order pursuant to section 4244 of this title may order that the
20	forfeiture be remitted or mitigated. The petition shall be sworn, and shall
21	include all information necessary for its resolution or shall describe where such

1	information can be obtained. Upon receiving a petition, the claims
2	commission court shall investigate and may conduct a hearing if in its
3	judgment it would be helpful to resolution of the petition. The claims
4	commission court shall either grant or deny the petition within 90 days.
5	(b) The claims commission court may remit or mitigate a forfeiture upon
6	finding that relief should be granted to avoid extreme hardship or upon finding
7	that the petitioner has a valid, good faith interest in the property which is not
8	held through a straw purchase, trust, or otherwise for the benefit of another and
9	that the petitioner did not at any time have knowledge or reason to believe that
10	the property was being or would be used in violation of the law.
11	Sec. 8. 18 V.S.A. § 4474g(b) is amended to read:
12	(b) Prior to acting on an application for a Registry identification card, the
13	Department shall obtain with respect to the applicant a Vermont criminal
14	history record, an out-of-state criminal history record, and a criminal history
15	record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Each applicant shall consent
16	to the release of criminal history records to the Department on forms
17	developed by the Vermont Crime Information Center. A fingerprint-
18	supported, out-of-state criminal history record and a criminal history record
19	from the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall be required only every three
20	years for renewal of a card for a dispensary owner, principal, and financier.

1	Sec. 9. REPEAL
2	2017 Acts and Resolves No. 11, Sec. 60 (amending 32 V.S.A. § 5412) is
3	repealed.
4	Sec. 10. 3 V.S.A. § 163 is amended to read:
5	§ 163. JUVENILE COURT DIVERSION PROJECT
6	(a) The Attorney General shall develop and administer a juvenile court
7	diversion project for the purpose of assisting juveniles charged with delinquent
8	acts. Rules which were adopted by the Vermont Commission on the
9	Administration of Justice to implement the juvenile court diversion project
10	shall be adapted by the Attorney General to the programs and projects
11	established under this section. In consultation with the diversion programs, the
12	Attorney General shall adopt a policies and procedures manual in compliance
13	with this section.
14	(b) The diversion project program administered by the Attorney General
15	shall encourage the development support the operation of diversion projects
16	programs in local communities through grants of financial assistance to, or by
17	contracting for services with, municipalities, private groups, or other local
18	organizations. The Attorney General may require local financial contributions
19	as a condition of receipt of project grants funding.
20	* * *

1	(i) Notwithstanding subdivision (c)(1) of this section, the diversion
2	program may accept cases from the Youth Substance Abuse Safety Program
3	pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 656 or 18 V.S.A. § 4230b. The confidentiality
4	provisions of this section shall become effective when a notice of violation is
5	issued under 7 V.S.A. § 656(b) or 18 V.S.A. § 4230b(b), and shall remain in
6	effect unless the person fails to register with or complete the Youth Substance
7	Abuse Safety Program.
8	Sec. 11. 3 V.S.A. § 164 is amended to read:
9	§ 164. ADULT COURT DIVERSION PROGRAM
10	(a) The Attorney General shall develop and administer an adult court
11	diversion program in all counties. The program shall be operated through the
12	juvenile diversion project. The In consultation with Diversion programs, the
13	Attorney General shall adopt only such rules as are necessary to establish an
14	adult court diversion program for adults a policies and procedures manual, in
15	compliance with this section.
16	* * *
17	(c) The program shall encourage the development support the operation of
18	diversion programs in local communities through grants of financial assistance
19	to, or contracts for services with, municipalities, private groups, or other local
20	organizations. The Attorney General may require local financial contributions
21	as a condition of receipt of program grants funding.

1	* * *
2	(e) All adult court diversion programs receiving financial assistance from
3	the Attorney General shall adhere to the following provisions:
4	(1) The diversion program shall accept only persons against whom
5	charges have been filed and the court has found probable cause, but are not yet
6	adjudicated. The prosecuting attorney may refer a person to diversion either
7	before or after arraignment and shall notify in writing the diversion program
8	and the court of his or her intention to refer the person to diversion. The matter
9	shall become confidential when notice is provided to the court. If a person is
10	charged with a qualifying crime as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 7601(4)(A) and the
11	crime is a misdemeanor, the prosecutor shall provide the person with the
12	opportunity to participate in the court diversion program unless the prosecutor
13	states on the record at arraignment or a subsequent hearing why a referral to
14	the program would not serve the ends of justice. If the prosecuting attorney
15	refers a case to diversion, the prosecuting attorney may release information to
16	the victim upon a showing of legitimate need and subject to an appropriate
17	protective agreement defining the purpose for which the information is being
18	released and in all other respects maintaining the confidentiality of the
19	information; otherwise files held by the court, the prosecuting attorney, and the
20	law enforcement agency related to the charges shall be confidential and shall
21	remain confidential unless:

1	(A) the Board diversion program declines to accept the case;
2	(B) the person declines to participate in diversion;
3	(C) the Board diversion program accepts the case, but the person
4	does not successfully complete diversion; or
5	(D) the prosecuting attorney recalls the referral to diversion.
6	* * *
7	(5) All information gathered in the course of the adult diversion process
8	shall be held strictly confidential and shall not be released without the
9	participant's prior consent (except that research and reports that do not require
10	or establish the identity of individual participants are allowed).
11	* * *
12	(7)(A) The Irrespective of whether a record was expunged, the adult
13	court diversion program shall maintain sufficient records so that the reasons for
14	success or failure of the program in particular cases and overall can be
15	investigated by program staff. These records shall include a centralized
16	statewide filing system that will include the following information about
17	individuals who have successfully completed an adult court diversion program:
18	(i) name and date of birth;
19	(ii) offense charged and date of offense;
20	(iii) place of residence;
21	(iv) county where diversion process took place; and

1	(v) date of completion of diversion process.
2	(B) These records shall not be available to anyone other than the
3	participant and his or her attorney, State's Attorneys, the Attorney General,
4	and directors of adult court diversion programs.
5	(C) Notwithstanding subdivision (B) of this subsection (e), the
6	Attorney General shall, upon request, provide to a participant or his or her
7	attorney sufficient documentation to show that the participant successfully
8	completed diversion.
9	* * *
10	(g)(1) Within 30 days of <u>after</u> the two-year anniversary of a successful
11	completion of adult diversion, the court shall provide notice to all parties of
12	record of the court's intention to order the sealing expungement of all court
13	files and records, law enforcement records other than entries in the adult court
14	diversion program's centralized filing system, fingerprints, and photographs
15	applicable to the proceeding. The court shall give the State's Attorney an
16	opportunity for a hearing to contest the sealing expungement of the records.
17	The court shall seal expunge the records if it finds:
18	(1)(A) two years have elapsed since the successful completion of the
19	adult diversion program by the participant and the dismissal of the case by the
20	State's Attorney;

(2)(B) the participant has not been convicted of a subsequent felony
or misdemeanor during the two-year period, and no proceedings are pending
seeking such conviction; and
(3)(C) rehabilitation of the participant has been attained to the
satisfaction of the court <mark>; and</mark>
(D) the participant does not owe restitution related to the case under a
contract executed with the Restitution Unit.
(2) The court may expunge any records that were sealed pursuant to this
subsection prior to July 1, 2018 unless the State's Attorney's office that
prosecuted the case objects. Thirty days prior to expunging a record pursuant
to this subdivision, the court shall provide written notice of its intent to
expunge the record to the State's Attorney's office that prosecuted the case.
(3)(A) The court shall keep a special index of cases that have been
expunged pursuant to this section together with the expungement order. The
index shall list only the name of the person convicted of the offense, his or her
date of birth, the docket number, and the criminal offense that was the subject
of the expungement.
(B) The special index and related documents specified in subdivision
(A) of this subdivision (3) shall be confidential and shall be physically and
electronically segregated in a manner that ensures confidentiality and that
limits access to authorized persons.

1	(C) Inspection of the expungement order and the certificate may be			
2	permitted only upon petition by the person who is the subject of the case or by			
3	the court if the court finds that inspection of the documents is necessary to			
4	serve the interests of justice. The Chief Superior Judge may permit special			
5	access to the index and the documents for research purposes pursuant to the			
6	rules for public access to court records.			
7	(D) The Court Administrator shall establish policies for			
8	implementing this subsection (g).			
9	(h) Upon Except as otherwise provided in this section, upon the entry of an			
10	order sealing such expunging files and records under this section, the			
11	proceedings in the matter under this section shall be considered never to have			
12	occurred, all index references thereto shall be deleted, and the participant, the			
13	court, and law enforcement officers and departments shall reply to any request			
14	for information that no record exists with respect to such participant inquiry in			
15	any matter. Copies of the order shall be sent to each agency or official named			
16	therein.			
17	(i) Inspection of the files and records included in the order may thereafter			
18	be permitted by the court only upon petition by the participant who is the			
19	subject of such records, and only to those persons named therein. [Repealed.]			
20	(j) The process of automatically sealing expunging records as provided in			
21	this section shall only apply to those persons who completed diversion on or			

1	after July 1, 2002. Any person who completed diversion prior to July 1, 2002		
2	must apply to the court to have his or her records sealed expunged. Sealing		
3	Expungement shall occur if the requirements of subsection (g) of this section		
4	are met.		
5	* * *		
6	(k) Subject to the approval of the The Attorney General, in consultation		
7	with the Vermont Association of Court Diversion Programs, may develop and		
8	administer programs to assist persons under this section charged with		
9	delinquent, criminal, and civil offenses.		
10	(1) Notwithstanding subdivision (e)(1) of this section, the diversion		
11	program may accept cases from the Youth Substance Abuse Safety Program		
12	pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 656 or 18 V.S.A. § 4230b. The confidentiality		
13	provisions of this section shall become effective when a notice of violation is		
14	issued under 7 V.S.A. § 656(b) or 18 V.S.A. § 4230b(b), and shall remain in		
15	effect unless the person fails to register with or complete the Youth Substance		
16	Abuse Safety Program.		
17	Sec. 12. 13 V.S.A. § 15 is added to read:		
18	<u>§ 15. USE OF VIDEO</u>		
19	(a) Except as provided by subsection (b) of this section, proceedings		
20	governed by Rules 5 and 10 of the Vermont Rules of Criminal Procedure and		
21	chapter 229 of this title shall be in person and on the record, and shall not be		

1	performed by video conferencing or other electronic means until the Defender		
2	General and the Executive Director of the Department of Sheriffs and State's		
3	Attorneys execute a joint certification that the video conferencing program in		
4	use by the court at the site where the proceeding occurs adequately ensures		
5	attorney-client confidentiality and the client's meaningful participation in the		
6	proceeding.		
7	(b) A proceeding at which subsection (a) of this section applies may be		
8	performed by video conferencing if counsel for the defendant or a defendant		
9	not represented by counsel consents.		
10	Sec. 13. 13 V.S.A. § 2301 is amended to read:		
11	§ 2301. MURDER-DEGREES DEFINED		
12	Murder committed by means of poison, or by lying in wait, or by wilful		
13	willful, deliberate, and premeditated killing, or committed in perpetrating or		
14	attempting to perpetrate arson, sexual assault, aggravated sexual assault,		
15	kidnapping, robbery, or burglary, shall be murder in the first degree. All other		
16	kinds of murder shall be murder in the second degree.		
17	Sec. 14. 15 V.S.A. § 554 is amended to read:		
18	§ 554. DECREES NISI		
19	(a) A decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony in the first instance,		
20	shall be a decree nisi and shall become absolute at the expiration of three		
21	months 90 days from the entry thereof but, in its discretion, the court which		

1	that grants the divorce may fix an earlier date upon which the decree shall
2	become absolute. If one of the parties dies prior to the expiration of the nisi
3	period, the decree shall be deemed absolute immediately prior to death.
4	(b) Either party may file any post-trial motions under the Vermont Rules of
5	Civil Procedure. The time within which any such motion shall be filed shall
6	run from the date of entry of the decree of divorce and not from the date the
7	nisi period expires. The court shall retain jurisdiction to hear and decide the
8	motion after expiration of the nisi period. A decree of divorce shall constitute
9	a civil judgment under the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure.
10	(c) If the stated term at which the decree nisi was entered has adjourned
11	when a motion is filed, the presiding judge of the stated term shall have power
12	to hear and determine the matter and make new decree therein as fully as the
13	court might have done in term time; but, in the judge's discretion, the judge
14	may strike off the decree and continue the cause to the next stated term.
15	Sec. 15. 18 V.S.A. § 4230f(f) is amended to read:
16	(f) This section shall not apply to a dispensary that lawfully provides
17	marijuana to a registered patient or caregiver or to a registered caregiver who
18	provides marijuana to a registered patient pursuant to chapter 86 of this title.
19	Sec. 16. 20 V.S.A. § 3903 is amended to read:
20	§ 3903. ANIMAL SHELTERS AND RESCUE ORGANIZATIONS
21	(a) [Repealed.]

1	(b) <u>Animal intake</u> . An animal shelter or rescue organization under this
2	chapter shall not accept an animal unless the person transferring the animal to
3	the shelter provides as defined by section 3901 of this title shall make every
4	effort to collect the following information about an animal it accepts: the name
5	and address of the person transferring the animal and, if known, the name of
6	the animal, its vaccination history, and other information concerning the
7	background, temperament, and health of the animal.
8	(c) <u>Nonprofit status.</u> A rescue organization under this chapter shall be
9	recognized and approved as a nonprofit organization under 26 U.S.C.
10	§ 501(c)(3).
11	(d) Immunity from liability. Notwithstanding section 3901a of this title,
12	any animal shelter or rescue organization assisting law enforcement in an
13	animal cruelty investigation or seizure that, in good faith, provides care and
14	treatment to an animal involved in the investigation or seizure shall not be held
15	liable for civil damages by the owner of the animal unless the actions of the
16	shelter or organization constitute gross negligence.
17	Sec. 17. 13 V.S.A. § 7554b is amended to read:
18	§ 7554b. HOME DETENTION PROGRAM
19	(a) Definition. As used in this section, "home detention" means a program
20	of confinement and supervision that restricts a defendant to a preapproved
21	residence continuously, except for authorized absences, and is enforced by

1	appropriate means of surveillance and electronic monitoring by the Department
2	of Corrections. The court may authorize scheduled absences such as work,
3	school, or treatment. Any changes in the schedule shall be solely at the
4	discretion of the Department of Corrections. A defendant who is on home
5	detention shall remain in the custody of the Commissioner of Corrections with
6	conditions set by the court.
7	(b) Procedure. At the request of the court, the Department of Corrections,
8	or the defendant, the status of a defendant who is detained pretrial in a
9	correctional facility for lack of <u>inability to pay</u> bail <u>after bail has been set by</u>
10	the court may be reviewed by the court to determine whether the defendant is
11	appropriate for home detention. The review shall be scheduled upon the
12	court's receipt of a report from the Department determining that the proposed
13	residence is suitable for electronic monitoring. A defendant charged with an
14	offense for which he or she may be held without bail pursuant to section 7553
15	or 7553a of this title shall not be eligible for release to the Home Detention
16	Program on or after June 1, 2018. At arraignment or after a hearing, the court
17	may order that the defendant be released to the Home Detention Program,
18	providing that the court finds placing the defendant on home detention will
19	reasonably assure his or her appearance in court when required and the
20	proposed residence is appropriate for home detention. In making such a
21	determination, the court shall consider:

1	(1) the nature of the offense with which the defendant is charged;		
2	(2) the defendant's prior convictions, history of violence, medical and		
3	mental health needs, history of supervision, and risk of flight; and		
4	(3) any risk or undue burden to other persons who reside at the proposed		
5	residence or risk to third parties or to public safety that may result from such		
6	placement.		
7	<mark>* * *</mark>		
8	Sec. 18. JOINT LEGISLATIVE JUSTICE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE;		
9	HOME DETENTION PROGRAM REVIEW		
10	During the 2018 legislative interim, the Joint Legislative Justice Oversight		
11	Committee shall evaluate the Home Detention Program established under 13		
12	V.S.A. § 7554b and recommend whether to continue the Program in its current		
13	form, continue the Program with modifications, or repeal the Program. Any		
14	resulting legislative recommendations shall be introduced as a bill in the 2019		
15	legislative session.		
16	Sec. 19. EARNED GOOD TIME; REPORT		
17	On or before November 15, 2018, the Commissioner of Corrections, in		
18	consultation with the Chief Superior Judge, the Attorney General, the		
19	Executive Director of the Department of Sheriffs and State's Attorneys, and		
20	the Defender General, shall report to the Senate and House Committees on		
21	Judiciary, the Senate Committee on Institutions, and the House Committee on		

1	Corrections and Institutions on the advisability and feasibility of reinstituting a		
2	system of earned good time for persons under the supervision of the		
3	Department of Corrections.		
4	Sec. 20. EFFECTIVE DATE		
5	This act shall take effect on passage, except that Sec. 15 shall take effect on		
6	July 2. 2018.		
7			
8			
9			
10	(Committee vote:)		
11			
12		Representative	
13		FOR THE COMMITTEE	