| 1 | TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES: | |
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| 2 | The Committee on Judiciary to which was referred Senate Bill No. 197 | |
| 3 | entitled "An act relating to liability for toxic substance exposures or releases" | |
| 4 | respectfully reports that it has considered the same and recommends that the | |
| 5 | House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking out all after | |
| 6 | the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following: | |
| 7 | Sec. 1. 12 V.S.A. chapter 219 is added to read: | |
| 8 | CHAPTER 219. MEDICAL MONITORING DAMAGES | |
| 9 | <u>§ 7201. DEFINITIONS</u> | |
| 10 | As used in this chapter: | |
| 11 | (1) "Disease" means any disease, ailment, or adverse physiological or | |
| 12 | chemical change linked with exposure to a toxic substance. | |
| 13 | (2) "Exposure" means ingestion, inhalation, contact with the skin or | |
| 14 | eyes, or any other physical contact. | |
| 15 | (3) "Facility" means all contiguous land, structures, other | |
| 16 | appurtenances, and improvements on the land where toxic substances are | |
| 17 | manufactured, processed, used, or stored. A facility may consist of several | |
| 18 | treatment, storage, or disposal operational units. A facility shall not include | |
| 19 | land, structures, other appurtenances, and improvements on the land owned by | |
| 20 | <u>a municipality.</u> | |
| 21 | (4) "Farming" shall have the same meaning as in 10 V.S.A. § 6001. | |

| 1 | (5) "Large user of toxic substances" means, at the time of the release, | | |
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| 2 | the owner or operator of a facility that employs 10 or more employees, has a | | |
| 3 | Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code, and manufactures, processes, or | | |
| 4 | otherwise uses, exclusive of sales or distribution, more than 1,000 pounds of | | |
| 5 | one or more, or a combination of, toxic substances per year. | | |
| 6 | (6) "Medical monitoring damages" means the cost of medical tests or | | |
| 7 | procedures and related expenses incurred for the purpose of detecting latent | | |
| 8 | disease resulting from exposure. | | |
| 9 | (7) "Pesticide" shall have the same meaning as in 6 V.S.A. § 1101. | | |
| 10 | (8) "Release" means any intentional or unintentional act or omission | | |
| 11 | that: | | |
| 12 | (A) is unpermitted or that violates law or a permit; and | | |
| 13 | (B) allows a toxic substance to enter the air, land, surface water, or | | |
| 14 | groundwater. | | |
| 15 | (9)(A) "Toxic substance" means any substance, mixture, or compound | | |
| 16 | that has the capacity to produce personal injury or illness to humans through | | |
| 17 | ingestion, inhalation, or absorption through any body surface and that satisfies | | |
| 18 | one or more of the following: | | |
| 19 | (i) the substance, mixture, or compound is listed on the U.S. | | |
| 20 | Environmental Protection Agency Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to | | |
| 21 | the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act, Comprehensive | | |

| 1 | Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, and Section 112(r) | | | |
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| 2 | of the Clean Air Act; | | | |
| 3 | (ii) the substance, mixture, or compound is defined as a | | | |
| 4 | "hazardous material" under 10 V.S.A. § 6602 or under rules adopted under | | | |
| 5 | <u>10 V.S.A. chapter 159;</u> | | | |
| 6 | (iii) testing has produced evidence, recognized by the National | | | |
| 7 | Institute for Occupational Safety and Health or the U.S. Environmental | | | |
| 8 | Protection Agency, that the substance, mixture, or compound poses acute or | | | |
| 9 | chronic health hazards; | | | |
| 10 | (iv) the Department of Health has issued a public health advisory | | | |
| 11 | for the substance, mixture, or compound; | | | |
| 12 | (v) the Secretary of Natural Resources has designated the | | | |
| 13 | substance, mixture, or compound as a hazardous waste under 10 V.S.A. | | | |
| 14 | chapter 159; or | | | |
| 15 | (vi) the user of the substance, mixture, or compound knew or | | | |
| 16 | should have known that the released substance, mixture, or compound posed a | | | |
| 17 | threat to human health or the environment. | | | |
| 18 | (B) "Toxic substance" shall not mean: | | | |
| 19 | (i) a pesticide when applied consistent with good practice | | | |
| 20 | conducted in conformity with federal, State, and local laws, rules, and | | | |
| 21 | regulations and according to manufacturer's instructions; or | | | |

| 1 | (ii) manure or nutrients applied to land by a person engaged in |
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| 2 | farming according to the requirements of 6 V.S.A. chapter 215. |
| 3 | § 7202. MEDICAL MONITORING DAMAGES FOR EXPOSURE TO |
| 4 | TOXIC SUBSTANCES |
| 5 | (a) A person with or without a present injury or disease shall have a cause |
| 6 | of action for medical monitoring damages against a large user of toxic |
| 7 | substances who released a substance, mixture, or compound that meets the |
| 8 | definition of toxic substance under section 7201 of this title at the time of the |
| 9 | release and all of the following are demonstrated by a preponderance of the |
| 10 | evidence: |
| 11 | (1) The person was exposed to the toxic substance at greater than |
| 12 | normal background concentration levels; |
| 13 | (2) The exposure was the result of tortious conduct by the large user of |
| 14 | toxic substances who released the toxic substance, including conduct that |
| 15 | constitutes negligence, battery, strict liability, trespass, or nuisance; |
| 16 | (3) As a proximate result of the exposure, the person has a greater risk |
| 17 | than the general public of contracting a latent disease. A person does not need |
| 18 | to prove that the latent disease is certain or likely to develop as a result of the |
| 19 | exposure. |

| 1 | (4) Diagnostic testing is reasonably necessary. Testing is reasonably |
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| 2 | necessary if a physician would prescribe testing for the purpose of detecting or |
| 3 | monitoring the latent disease. |
| 4 | (5) Medical tests or procedures exist to detect the latent disease. |
| 5 | (b) A court shall place the award of medical monitoring damages into a |
| 6 | court-supervised program administered by a medical professional. |
| 7 | (c) If a court places an award of medical monitoring damages into a court- |
| 8 | supervised program pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, the court shall |
| 9 | also award to the plaintiff reasonable attorney's fees and other litigation costs |
| 10 | reasonably incurred. |
| 11 | (d) Nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to preclude the pursuit of any |
| 12 | other civil or injunctive remedy available under statute or common law, |
| 13 | including the right of any person to recover for damages related to the |
| 14 | manifestation of a latent disease. The remedies in this chapter are in addition |
| 15 | to those provided by existing statutory or common law. |
| 16 | (e) This section does not preclude a court from certifying a class action for |
| 17 | medical monitoring damages. |
| 18 | Sec. 2. WEBSITE; LINKS TO LIST OF TOXIC SUBSTANCES |
| 19 | The Commissioner of Health shall maintain on the Department of Health |
| 20 | website a link to each of the lists of substances, mixtures, or compounds |
| 21 | referenced in the definition of "toxic substance" under 12 V.S.A. § 7201. |

| 1 | * * * Effective Date * * * | | |
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| 2 | Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE | | |
| 3 | This act shall take effect on July 1, 2018. | | |
| 4 | | | |
| 5 | (Committee vote:) | | |
| 6 | | | |
| 7 | | Representative | |
| 8 | | FOR THE COMMITTEE | |

Page 6 of 6