1	H.736
2	Introduced by Representative Pugh of South Burlington
3	Referred to Committee on
4	Date:
5	Subject: Health; public health; lead poisoning prevention
6	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to implement the
7	federal Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 as
8	amended.
9	An act relating to lead poisoning prevention
10	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
11	Sec. 1. 18 V.S.A. chapter 38 is amended as follows:
12	CHAPTER 38. LEAD POISONING PREVENTION
13	§ 1751. DEFINITIONS
14	(a) Words and phrases used in this chapter <u>shall</u> have the same <del>definitions</del>
15	meaning as provided in the Federal federal Residential Lead-Based Paint
16	Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 unless there is an inconsistency, in which case
17	any definition provided in this section that narrows, limits, or restricts shall
18	control.

1	(b) As used in this chapter:
2	(1) "Abatement" means any set of measures designed to permanently
3	eliminate lead-based paint hazards permanently in accordance with standards
4	established by appropriate State and federal agencies. The term includes:
5	(A) removal of lead-based paint and lead-contaminated dust,
6	permanent containment or encapsulation of lead-based paint, replacement of
7	lead-painted surfaces or fixtures, and removal or covering of lead-
8	contaminated soil; and
9	(B) all preparation, cleanup, disposal, and post-abatement clearance
10	testing activities associated with such measures.
11	(2) "Accredited training program" means a training program that has
12	been approved by the Commissioner of Health to provide training for
13	individuals engaged in lead-based paint or RRPM activities. Training program
14	accreditation is issued to a specific training provider who shall receive
15	accreditation for each training discipline that the accredited training program
16	offers as a course.
17	(3) "Certified" means completion of an accredited training program by
18	an individual.
19	(4) "Child" or "children" means an individual or individuals under the
20	age of 18 years of age, except where specified as a child or children six years
21	of age or younger.

1	(3)(5) "Child care facility" means a child care facility or family child
2	care home as defined in 33 V.S.A. § 3511 that was constructed prior to 1978.
3	(6) "Child-occupied facility" means a building or portion of a building
4	constructed prior to 1978 that is visited by one or more children six years of
5	age or younger, at least two days a week for three consecutive hours, six
6	cumulative hours within a week, or 60 hours within a year. A child-occupied
7	facility includes a school or child care facility with students six years of age or
8	younger.
9	(7) "Commercial facility" means any building constructed for the
10	purposes of commercial or industrial activity and not primarily intended for
11	use by the general public, including office complexes, industrial buildings,
12	warehouses, factories, and storage facilities.
13	(8) "Component" or "building component" means specific design or
14	structural elements or fixtures of a facility or residential dwelling that are
15	distinguished from each other by form, function, and location. These include
16	interior components such as ceilings; crown moldings; walls; chair rails; doors;
17	door trim; floors; fireplaces; radiators and other heating units; shelves; shelf
18	supports; stair treads; stair risers; stair stringers; newel posts; railing caps;
19	balustrades; windows and trim, including sashes, window heads, jambs, sills,
20	or stools and troughs; built-in cabinets; columns; beams; bathroom vanities;
21	countertops; air conditioners; and exterior components such as painting;

1	roofing; chimneys; flashing; gutters and downspouts; ceilings; soffits; fascias;
2	rake boards; cornerboards; bulkheads; doors and door trim; fences; floors;
3	joists; lattice work; railings and railing caps; siding; handrails; stair risers and
4	treads; stair stringers; columns; balustrades; windowsills or stools and troughs;
5	casings; sashes and wells; and air conditioners.
6	(9) "Contractor" means any firm, partnership, association, corporation,
7	sole proprietorship, or other business concern as well as any governmental,
8	religious, or social organization or union that agrees to perform services.
9	(4)(10) "Deteriorated paint" means any interior or exterior lead-based
10	paint or other coating that is peeling, chipping, chalking, or cracking or any
11	paint or other coating located on an interior or exterior surface or fixture that is
12	otherwise damaged or separated from the substrate.
13	(5)(11) "Due date" means the date by which an owner of rental target
14	housing or a child care facility shall file with the Department the EMP RRPM
15	compliance statement required by section 1759 of this title. The due date shall
16	be one of the following:
17	(A) not later than 366 days after the most recent $\underline{\text{EMP}} \underline{\text{RRPM}}$
18	compliance statement or EMP affidavit was received by the Department;
19	(B) within 60 days after the closing of the purchase of the property if
20	no EMP RRPM compliance statement was filed with the Department within
21	the past 12 months;

1	(C) any other date agreed to by the owner and the Department; $\underline{or}$
2	(D) any other date set by the Department.
3	(6)(12) "Dwelling" means any residential unit, including attached
4	structures such as porches and stoops, used as the home or residence of one or
5	more persons.
6	(7)(13) "Elevated blood lead level" means having a blood lead level of
7	at least five micrograms per deciliter of human blood, or a lower threshold as
8	determined by the Commissioner.
9	(8) "EMP" means essential maintenance practices required by section
10	1759 of this title.
11	(14) "Facility" means any institutional, commercial, public, private, or
12	industrial structure, installation, or building or private residence and its
13	grounds.
14	(15) "Firm" means a company, partnership, corporation, sole
15	proprietorship, or individual doing business; an association or business entity;
16	a State or local government agency; or a nonprofit organization.
17	(9)(16) "Independent dust clearance" means a visual examination and
18	collection of dust samples, by a lead lead-based paint inspector or lead risk
19	assessor lead-based paint inspector-risk assessor who has no financial interest
20	in either the work being performed or the property to be inspected, and is
21	independent of both the persons performing the work and the owner of the

1	property. The lead lead-based paint inspector or lead risk assessor lead-based
2	paint inspector-risk assessor shall use methods specified by the Department
3	and analysis by an accredited laboratory to determine that lead exposures do
4	not exceed limits set by the Department utilizing current information from the
5	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or the U.S. Department of Housing and
6	Urban Development.
7	(10)(17) "Inspection" means a surface-by-surface investigation to
8	determine the presence of lead-based paint and other lead hazards and the
9	provision of a report explaining the results of the investigation.
10	(11)(18) "Interim controls" means a set of measures designed to
11	temporarily to reduce human exposure or likely exposure to lead-based paint
12	hazards, including specialized cleaning, repairs, maintenance, painting,
13	temporary containment, ongoing monitoring of lead-based paint hazards or
14	potential hazards, and the establishment of management and resident education
15	programs.
16	(12)(19) "Lead-based paint" means paint or other surface coatings that
17	contain lead in excess of limits established under section 302(c) of the Federal
18	Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act an amount:
19	(A) equal to 1.0 mg/cm <sup>2</sup> or 0.5 percent by weight or greater;
20	(B) lower than that described in subdivision (A) of this subdivision
21	(19) as may be established by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Housing

1	and Urban Development pursuant to Section 302(c) of the Lead-Based Paint
2	Poisoning Prevention Act; or
3	(C) lower than that described in subdivision (A) of this subdivision
4	(19) as may be established by the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental
5	Protection Agency.
6	(13) "Lead contractor" means any person employing one or more
7	individuals licensed by the Department under this chapter.
8	(20) "Lead-based paint abatement supervisor" means any individual
9	who has satisfactorily completed an accredited training program approved by
10	the Commissioner and has a current license issued by the Department to
11	perform abatement work supervision.
12	(14)(21) "Lead Lead-based paint abatement worker" means any
13	individual who has satisfactorily completed an accredited training program
14	approved by the Department Commissioner and has a current license issued by
15	the Department to perform abatements abatement work.
16	(22) "Lead-based paint activities" means:
17	(A) with regard to target housing or a child care facility: risk
18	assessment, inspection, visual inspection for risk assessment, project design,
19	abatement, visual inspection for clearance, dust clearance after an abatement
20	project, and lab analysis of paint chip or dust wipe samples collected for the
21	purpose of an inspection or risk assessment; and

1	(B) with regard to a public facility constructed before 1978, a
2	commercial building, bridge, or other structure: inspection, risk assessment,
3	project design, abatement, de-leading, removal of lead from bridges and other
4	superstructures, visual inspection for clearance, dust clearance after an
5	abatement project, and lab analysis of paint chip or dust wipe samples
6	collected for the purposes of an inspection or risk assessment. As used in this
7	subdivision (B), "de-leading" means activities conducted by a person who
8	offers to eliminate or plan for the elimination of lead-based paint or lead-based
9	paint hazards.
10	(15) "Lead designer" means any individual who has satisfactorily
11	completed an accredited training program approved by the Department and has
12	a current license issued by the Department to prepare lead abatement project
13	designs, occupant protection plans, and abatement reports.
14	(16) "Lead hazard" means any condition that causes exposure to lead
15	inside and in the immediate vicinity of target housing from water, dust, soil,
16	paint, or building materials that would result in adverse human health effects as
17	defined by the Department using current information from the U.S.
18	Environmental Protection Agency or the U.S. Department of Housing and
19	Urban Development.

1	(17) "Lead inspector" means any individual who has satisfactorily
2	completed an accredited training program approved by the Department and has
3	a current license issued by the Department to conduct inspections.
4	(23) "Lead-based paint contractor" means an entity that employs one or
5	more individuals licensed by the Department under this chapter and has a
6	current license issued by the Department to conduct lead-based paint activities.
7	(24) "Lead-based paint hazard" means a condition that causes exposure
8	to lead from contaminated dust, lead-contaminated soil, lead-containing
9	coatings, or lead-contaminated paint that is deteriorated or present in accessible
10	surfaces, friction surfaces, or impact surfaces that would result in adverse
11	human health effects.
12	(25) "Lead-based paint inspector" means an individual who has
13	satisfactorily completed an accredited training program approved by the
14	Commissioner and has a current license issued by the Department to conduct
15	lead-based paint inspections.
16	(18)(26) "Lead risk Lead-based paint inspector-risk assessor" means any
17	an individual who has satisfactorily completed an accredited training program
18	approved by the Department Commissioner and has a current license issued by
19	the Department to conduct lead-based paint inspections and risk assessments.
20	(19) "Lead-safe renovator" means any person who has completed a
21	lead safe training program approved by the Department and has a current

1	registration issued by the Department to perform renovations in target housing
2	or child care facilities in which interior or exterior lead-based paint will be
3	disturbed.
4	(20) "Lead supervisor" means any individual who has satisfactorily
5	completed an accredited training program approved by the Department and has
6	a current license issued by the Department to supervise and conduct abatement
7	projects and prepare occupant protection plans and abatement reports.
8	(27) "Lead-based paint project designer" means an individual who has
9	satisfactorily completed an accredited training program approved by the
10	Commissioner and has a current license issued by the Department to prepare
11	lead abatement project designs, occupant protection plans, and abatement
12	reports.
13	(28) "Lead-safe RRPM activities" means lead-safe renovation, repair,
14	painting, and maintenance practices required by section 1759 of this chapter
15	and adopted by rule by the Commissioner. It does not include minor repair and
16	maintenance activities.
17	(29) "Lead-safe RRPM firm" means a company, partnership,
18	corporation, sole proprietorship, or individual doing business; association; or
19	other business entity that regularly engages in RRPM activities for
20	compensation and that employs or contracts with persons to perform lead-safe
21	RRPM activities as determined by the Department.

1	(30) "Lead-safe RRPM supervisor" means an individual who has
2	completed an accredited RRPM training program approved by the
3	Commissioner and, if performing services for compensation, has a current
4	license issued by the Department. This individual is authorized to perform or
5	supervise RRPM activities in target housing or a child-occupied facility in
6	which interior or exterior lead-based paint will be disturbed.
7	(31) "License" means the document issued to an individual, entity, or
8	firm indicating that the standards for licensure for each discipline, category of
9	entity, or firm established in this chapter have been met.
10	(32) "Licensee" means a person who engages in lead-based paint or
11	RRPM activities and has obtained a license to perform such activities for
12	compensation.
13	(33) "Maintenance" means work intended to maintain and preserve
14	target housing, a child-occupied facility, a pre-1978 facility, a commercial
15	facility, or a bridge or other superstructure. It does not include minor repair
16	and maintenance activities.
17	(34) "Minor repair and maintenance activities" means:
18	(A) With regard to owner-occupied target housing or a child-
19	occupied facility that is not a child care facility, maintenance and repair
20	activities that disturb six square feet or less of painted surface per room for
21	interior activities or 20 square feet or less of painted surface for exterior

1	activities if the work does not involve window replacement or demolition of
2	painted surface areas.
3	(B) With regard to rental target housing or a child care facility,
4	maintenance and repair activities that disturb less than one square foot of
5	painted surface for interior or exterior activities where work does not involve
6	window replacement or demolition of painted surface areas.
7	(C) With regard to removing painted components or portions of
8	painted components, the entire surface area removed is the amount of painted
9	surface disturbed. Work, other than emergency renovations, performed in the
10	same room within the same 30-day period shall be considered the same work
11	for the purposes of determining whether the work is a minor repair and
12	maintenance activity.
13	(21)(35) "Occupant" means any person who resides in, or regularly
14	uses, a dwelling, mobile dwelling, or structure.
15	(22)(36) "Owner" means any person who, alone or jointly or severally
16	with others:
17	(A) Has legal title to any dwelling or child care facility with or
18	without actual possession of the property.
19	(B) Has charge, care, or control of any dwelling or child care facility
20	as agent of the guardian of the estate of the owner.

1	(C) Has charge, care, or control of any dwelling or child care facility
2	as property manager for the owner if the property management contract
3	includes responsibility for any maintenance services, unless the property
4	management contract explicitly states that the property manager will not be
5	responsible for compliance with section 1759 of this title.
6	(D) Is the Chief Executive Officer of the municipal or State agency
7	that owns, leases, or controls the use of publicly owned target housing or a
8	child care facility.
9	(E)(C) Is a person who has taken full legal title of a dwelling or child
10	care facility through foreclosure, deed in lieu of foreclosure, or otherwise.
11	"Owner" does not include a person who holds indicia of ownership given by
12	the person in lawful possession for the primary purpose of assuring repayment
13	of a financial obligation. Indicia of ownership includes interests in real or
14	personal property held as security or collateral for repayment of a financial
15	obligation such as a mortgage, lien, security interest, assignment, pledge,
16	surety bond, or guarantee and includes participation rights of a financial
17	institution used for legitimate commercial purposes in making or servicing
18	the loan.
19	(37) "Owner's representative" means a person who has charge, care, or
20	control of a dwelling or child care facility as property manager, agent, or
21	guardian of the estate.

1	(38) "Public facility" means a house of worship; courthouse; jail;
2	municipal room; State or county institution; railroad station; school building;
3	social hall; hotel, restaurant, or building used or rented to boarders or roomers;
4	place of amusement; factory; mill; workshop or building in which persons are
5	employed; building used as a nursery, convalescent home, or home for the
6	aged; tent or outdoor structure used for public assembly; and barn, shed, office
7	building, store, shop, shop other than a workshop, or space where goods are
8	offered for sale, wholesale, or retail. It does not include a family residence
9	registered as a child care facility.
10	(39) "Renovation" means the modification of any existing structure or
11	portion of an existing structure that results in the disturbance of a painted
12	surface unless the activity is performed as part of a lead-based paint abatement
13	activity or is a minor repair and maintenance activity. Renovation includes the
14	removal, modification, re-coating, or repair of a painted surface or painted
15	component or a surface; the removal of building components; weatherization
16	project; and interim controls that disturb painted surfaces. "Renovation"
17	includes the performance of activities for the purpose of converting a building
18	or part of a building into target housing or a child-occupied facility. It shall
19	not mean a minor repair or maintenance activity.

1	(40) "RRPM" means the Renovation, Repair and Painting Program that
2	pertains to projects that disturb lead-based paint in buildings built before 1978
3	and used as homes, child care facilities, and preschools.
4	(23)(41) "Rental target housing" means target housing offered for lease
5	or rental under a rental agreement as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 4451. "Rental
6	target housing" does not include a rented single room located within a dwelling
7	in which the owner of the dwelling resides unless a child six years of age or
8	younger resides in or is expected to reside in that dwelling.
9	(42) "Repair" means the restoration of paint or other coatings that have
10	been damaged, including the repair of permanent containment around lead-
11	based paint materials in a facility. Repair of previously encapsulated lead-
12	based paint may involve filling damaged areas with non-lead paint substitutes
13	and reencapsulating. It shall not include minor repair and maintenance
14	activities.
15	(24)(43) "Risk assessment" means an on-site investigation by a lead risk
16	assessor lead-based paint inspector-risk assessor to determine and report the
17	existence, nature, severity, and location of lead hazards, including information
18	gathering about the age and history of the property and occupancy by children
19	six years of age or younger, visual inspection, limited wipe sampling, or other
20	environmental sampling techniques, other appropriate risk assessment
21	activities, and a report on the results of the investigation.

1	(25)(44) "Screen," "screened," or "screening" relating to blood lead
2	levels, means the initial blood test to determine the presence of lead in a
3	human.
4	(45) "Superstructure" means a large steel or other industrial structure,
5	such as a bridge or water tower, that may contain lead-based paint.
6	(26)(46) "Target housing" means any dwelling constructed prior to
7	1978, except any 0-bedroom dwelling or any dwelling located in multiple-unit
8	buildings or projects reserved for the exclusive use of elders or persons with
9	disabilities, unless a child six years of age or younger resides in or is expected
10	to reside in that dwelling. "Target housing" does not include units in a hotel,
11	motel, or other lodging, including condominiums that are rented for transient
12	occupancy for 30 days or less.
13	§ 1752. ACCREDITATION OF TRAINING PROGRAMS;
14	<b>CERTIFICATION AND LICENSURE OF ENVIRONMENTAL</b>
15	LEAD INSPECTORS AND LEAD CONTRACTORS,
16	SUPERVISORS, AND WORKERS INDIVIDUALS, ENTITIES, OR
17	FIRMS INVOLVED IN LEAD-BASED PAINT OR RRPM
18	ACTIVITIES
19	(a) Not later than six months after promulgation of final federal regulations
20	under section 402 of the Federal Toxic Substances Control Act, 15 U.S.C.
21	§ 2601 et seq., the The Department shall develop a program to administer and

1	enforce the lead-based paint activities and RRPM activities with regard to
2	training and <del>certification</del> licensing standards, regulations rules, or other
3	requirements established by the Administrator of the federal Environmental
4	Protection Agency Commissioner, which are at least as protective of human
5	health and the environment as the applicable federal programs, for persons
6	engaged in lead-based paint activities and RRPM activities performed on target
7	housing, child-occupied facilities, pre-1978 facilities, commercial facilities,
8	and bridges or other superstructures.
9	(b) The Secretary shall adopt emergency rules, and not later than January 1,
10	1994, the Secretary shall adopt permanent rules, Commissioner shall adopt
11	rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 establishing standards and specifications
12	for the accreditation of training programs both within and outside Vermont for
13	lead-based paint activities and RRPM activities, including the mandatory
14	topics of instruction, the knowledge and performance standards that must be
15	demonstrated by graduates in order to be certified licensed, and required
16	accreditation qualifications for training programs and instructors. Such The
17	standards shall be designed to protect children, their families, and workers
18	from improperly conducted lead-based paint activities and RRPM activities,
19	and shall be at least as protective of human health and the environment as the
20	federal program programs. Hands-on instruction and instruction for

1	identification and proper handling of historic fabric and materials shall be
2	components of the required training.
3	(c) The Commissioner shall certify risk assessors, designers, laboratories,
4	inspectors, lead-safe renovation contractors, lead contractors, supervisors,
5	abatement workers, consulting contractors, analytical contractors, lead-based
6	paint abatement supervisors, lead-based paint abatement workers, project
7	designers, inspector-risk assessors, RRPM firms, RRPM supervisors, and other
8	persons engaged in lead-based paint activities when such persons have who
9	have successfully completed an accredited training program and met such
10	other requirements as the Secretary Commissioner may, by rule, impose.
11	(d) After the adoption of rules pursuant to subsection (b) subsections (a)-(c)
12	of this section, no a person shall not perform lead-based paint activities or
13	<u>RRPM activities for compensation</u> without first obtaining a license from the
14	Commissioner. The Commissioner may grant a license to a person who holds
15	a valid license from another state.
16	(e) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to limit the authority of the
17	Secretary, or the Commissioner Commissioners of Health, the Commissioner
18	of Labor, or the Commissioner of Environmental Conservation under the
19	provisions of any other law.

1	§ 1753. ACCREDITATION, REGISTRATION, CERTIFICATION, AND
2	LICENSE, PERMIT, NOTIFICATION, REGISTRATION, AND
3	ADMINISTRATIVE FEES
4	(a) The Commissioner shall assess fees for accrediting training programs
5	and for certifications, registrations, licenses, and license renewals, and permits
6	issued in accordance with this chapter. Fees shall not be imposed on any state
7	State or local government or nonprofit training program and may be waived for
8	the purpose of training State employees.
9	(b) Each accredited training program, registrant, and licensee shall be
10	subject to the following annual fees, except where otherwise noted:
11	Training Lead-based paint training courses\$480.00 per year
12	Lead contractors Lead-based paint contractor
13	entity license \$600.00 per year
14	Lead workers Lead-based paint abatement
15	worker license \$60.00 per year
16	Lead supervisors Lead-based paint abatement
17	supervisor license \$120.00 per year
18	Lead inspectors Lead-based paint inspector
19	license \$180.00 per year
20	Lead risk assessors Lead-based paint
21	inspector-risk assessor license \$180.00 per year

1	Lead designers Lead-based paint project	
2	designer license	\$180.00 per year
3	Laboratories-	\$600.00 per year
4	Lead-safe RRPM training course accreditation	<u>\$560.00 initial,</u>
5		<u>\$340.00 renewal</u>
6		every four years
7	Lead-safe RRPM firm license	<u>\$300.00 every five</u>
8		<u>years</u>
9	Lead-safe renovators RRPM supervisor license	\$50.00 per year
10	(c) Each lead lead-based paint abatement project or rele	evant lead-safe
11	RRPM activities project shall be subject to the following p	ermit fees:
12	(1) Lead abatement project Project permit fee	\$50.00 <del>.</del>
13	(2) Lead abatement project Project permit	
14	revision <del>fee</del>	\$25.00 <del>.</del>
15	(d) Fees imposed by this section <u>and monies collected</u>	under section 1766
16	of this chapter shall be deposited into the Lead Lead-Based	l Paint Abatement
17	Accreditation and Licensing Special Fund. Monies in the	Fund may be used
18	by the Commissioner only to support departmental Departmental	mental accreditation,
19	registration, certification, and licensing, education, and tra	ining activities
20	related to this chapter. The Fund shall be subject to the pro-	ovisions of
21	32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5.	

1

#### § 1754. PUBLIC EDUCATION

2 (a) Beginning January 1, 1994, the The Commissioner of Health shall 3 prepare and distribute clear and simple printed materials describing the dangers 4 of lead poisoning, the need for parents to have their child screened, how to 5 have a child tested, and recommended nutrition and housekeeping practices. 6 The Commissioner shall work with persons and organizations involved in 7 occupations that may involve lead-based paint hazards or childhood lead 8 poisoning to distribute the materials to their tenants, clients, patients, students, 9 or customers, such as realtors, subcontractors, apartment owners, public 10 housing authorities, pediatricians, family practitioners, nurse clinics, child 11 clinics, other health care providers, child care and preschool operators, and 12 kindergarten teachers. The Commissioner shall also identify those points in 13 time or specific occasions when members of the public are in contact with 14 public agencies and lead might be an issue, such as building permits, home 15 renovations, the WIC program, and programs established under 33 V.S.A. 16 chapters 10, 11, and 12, and make the materials available on these occasions. 17 (b) The Commissioner shall prepare an appropriate media campaign to 18 educate the public on lead poisoning prevention. The Commissioner shall 19 encourage professional property managers, rehab and weatherization 20 contractors, minimum housing inspectors, social workers, and visiting nurses 21 to attend education and awareness workshops.

1	(c) The Commissioner shall develop a program or approve a program, or
2	both, to train owners and managers of rental target housing and child care
3	facilities and their employees to perform essential maintenance practices. The
4	names and addresses of all persons who attend the approved training program
5	shall be maintained as a public record that the Commissioner shall provide to
6	the Department of Housing and Community Development.
7	§ 1755. UNIVERSAL SCREENING
8	(a) The Commissioner shall publish guidelines that establish the methods
9	by which and the intervals at which children should be screened and given a
10	confirmation test for elevated blood lead levels, according to the age of the
11	children and their probability of exposure to lead. The guidelines shall take
12	into account the recommendations of the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and
13	Prevention and the American Academy of Pediatrics and shall be updated as
14	those recommendations are changed. The Commissioner shall recommend
15	screening for lead in other high risk groups. The Commissioner shall ensure
16	that all health care providers who provide primary medical care to children six
17	years of age or younger are informed of the guidelines. Once the Department
18	has implemented lead screening reports within the immunization registry, the
19	Department shall use the information in the registry to inform health care
20	providers of their screening rates and to take, within available resources, other
21	measures necessary to optimize screening rates, such as mailings to parents

1	and guardians of children ages one and two, outreach to day care facilities and
2	other community locations, screening at district offices, and educating parents
3	and guardians of children being served.
4	(b) Annually, the Commissioner shall determine the percentage of children
5	six years of age or younger who are being screened in accordance with the
6	guidelines. If fewer than 85 percent of one year olds and fewer than
7	75 percent of two-year-olds as specified in the guidelines are receiving
8	screening, the Secretary shall adopt rules to require that all health care
9	providers who provide primary medical care to young children shall ensure
10	that their patients are screened and tested according to the guidelines,
11	beginning January 1, 2011 All health care providers who provide primary
12	health care to children shall test children one and two years of age for elevated
13	blood lead levels in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.
14	* * *
15	§ 1757. CHILDREN WITH ELEVATED BLOOD LEAD LEVELS
16	(a) Upon receiving a report that a child has a screening test result of 10 or
17	more micrograms of lead per deciliter of blood, or a lower level as determined
18	by the Commissioner, the Commissioner shall take prompt action to ensure
19	that the child obtains a confirmation test The Commissioner shall adopt rules
20	pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 regarding:

1	(1) the method and frequency with which children shall be tested for
2	elevated blood lead levels;
3	(2) the reporting requirements for the lead test result; and
4	(3) the action required for children found to have elevated blood lead
5	levels.
6	(b) If the child has an elevated blood lead level, the Commissioner shall
7	provide information on lead hazards to the parents or guardians of the child.
8	(c) If a child six years of age or younger has a confirmed blood lead level at
9	or above 10 micrograms of lead per deciliter of blood the level determined by
10	the Commissioner, and if resources permit, the Commissioner:
11	(1) Shall, with the consent of the parent or guardian, provide an
12	inspection of the dwelling occupied by the child or the child care child-
13	occupied facility the child attends by a state State or private lead risk assessor
14	lead-based paint inspector-risk assessor, and develop a plan in consultation
15	with the parents, owner, physician, and others involved with the child to
16	minimize the exposure of the child to lead. The plan developed under this
17	subdivision shall require that any lead hazards identified through the inspection
18	be addressed. The owner of rental target housing or a child care facility shall
19	address those lead hazards within the owner's control, and shall not be required
20	to abate lead hazards if interim controls are effective.

1	(2) May inspect and evaluate other dwelling units in the building in
2	which the child is living if it is reasonable to believe that a child six years of
3	age or younger occupies, receives care in, or otherwise regularly frequents the
4	other dwellings in that building.
5	(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the Commissioner's
6	authority under any other provision of Vermont law.
7	§ 1758. HOUSING REGISTRY
8	(a) The Department shall issue certificates to all persons who satisfactorily
9	complete a training program on performing essential maintenance practices for
10	lead-based hazard control and shall compile a list of those persons' names.
11	(b) If additional funds are appropriated to the Department in fiscal year
12	1998, on or before October 1, 1997, the Department of Housing and
13	Community Development shall establish and maintain a list of housing units
14	that (1) are lead free, or (2) have undergone lead hazard control measures and
15	passed independent dust clearance tests. The registry shall be maintained as a
16	public record.
17	(c) The Department for Children and Families shall identify all child care
18	facilities in which the owners have completed essential maintenance practices
19	or lead hazard control measures and provide the findings to the Department
20	annually. [Repealed.]

1	§ 1759. ESSENTIAL MAINTENANCE PRACTICES LEAD-SAFE RRPM
2	ACTIVITIES
3	(a)(1) Essential maintenance practices (EMP) Lead-safe RRPM activities,
4	including worksite preparation and cleanup of work areas, in rental target
5	housing and child care child-occupied facilities shall be performed only by a
6	person who has successfully completed an EMP accredited RRPM training
7	program approved by the Commissioner or a person who works under the
8	direct, on-site supervision of a person who has successfully completed such the
9	training, unless the property is exempt pursuant to subsection (b) or (e) of this
10	section. That person shall comply with section 1760 of this title and shall take
11	all reasonable precautions to avoid creating lead hazards during any
12	renovations, remodeling, maintenance, or repair project that disturbs more than
13	one square foot of lead-based paint, pursuant to guidelines issued by the
14	Department. The following essential maintenance practices shall be performed
15	in all rental target housing and child care facilities, unless a lead inspector or a
16	lead risk assessor has certified that the property is lead free:
17	(1)(2) Install window well inserts in all windows or protect window
18	wells by another method approved by the Department A person engaging in
19	RRPM activities shall comply with section 1760 of this chapter and related
20	rules adopted by the Commissioner.

1	(2)(3) At least once a year, with the consent of the tenant, and at each
2	change of tenant, perform visual on-site inspection of all interior and exterior
3	painted surfaces and components at the property to identify deteriorated paint
4	A person engaging in RRPM activities shall take all reasonable precautions to
5	avoid creating lead hazards during any RRPM project that is not a minor repair
6	and maintenance activity.
7	(3)(4) Promptly and safely remove or stabilize lead-based paint if more
8	than one square foot of deteriorated lead based paint is found on any interior or
9	exterior surface located within any area of the dwelling to which access by
10	tenants is not restricted. An owner shall assure that all surfaces are free of
11	deteriorated lead based paint within 30 days after deteriorated lead based paint
12	has been visually identified or within 30 days after receipt of a written or oral
13	report of deteriorated lead based paint from any person including the
14	Department, a tenant, or an owner of a child care facility. Because exterior
15	paint repairs cannot be completed in cold weather, any exterior repair work
16	identified after November 1 shall be completed no later than the following
17	May 31, provided that access to surfaces and components with lead hazards
18	and areas directly below the deteriorated surfaces is clearly restricted RRPM
19	activities performed for compensation shall be conducted only by a licensed
20	RRPM supervisor or under the direct, on-site supervision of a licensed RRPM
21	supervisor.

1	(4) If more than one square foot of deteriorated paint is found on any
2	exterior wall surface or fixture not covered by subdivision (3) of this
3	subsection, the owner shall:
4	(A) promptly and safely repair and stabilize the paint and restore the
5	surface; or
6	(B) prohibit access to the area, surface, or fixture to assure that
7	children will not come into contact with the deteriorated lead-based paint.
8	(5) For any outdoor area, annually remove all visible paint chips from
9	the ground on the property.
10	(6) At least once a year, using methods recommended by the
11	Department, thoroughly clean all interior horizontal surfaces, except ceilings,
12	in common areas accessible to tenants.
13	(7) At each change of tenant, thoroughly clean all interior horizontal
14	surfaces of the dwelling, except ceilings, using methods recommended by the
15	Department.
16	(8) Post, in a prominent place in buildings containing rental target
17	housing units or a child care facility, a notice to occupants emphasizing the
18	importance of promptly reporting deteriorated paint to the owner or to the
19	owner's agent. The notice shall include the name, address, and telephone
20	number of the owner or the owner's agent.
21	(b) The owner of rental target housing shall perform all the following:

1	(1) File with the Department by the due date an EMP compliance
2	statement certifying that the essential maintenance practices have been
3	performed, including all the following:
4	(A) The addresses of the dwellings in which EMP were performed.
5	(B) The dates of completion.
6	(C) The name of the person who performed the EMP.
7	(D) A certification of compliance with subdivision (4) of this
8	subsection.
9	(E) A certification that subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection
10	have been or will be complied with within 10 days.
11	(2) File the statement required in subdivision $(1)$ of this subsection with
12	the owners' liability insurance carrier and the Department.
13	(3) Provide a copy of the statement to all tenants with written materials
14	regarding lead hazards approved by the Department.
15	(4) Prior to entering into a lease agreement, provide approved tenants
16	with written materials regarding lead hazards approved by the Department,
17	along with a copy of the owner's most recent EMP compliance statement. The
18	written materials approved by the Department pursuant to this subdivision
19	shall include information indicating that lead is highly toxic to humans,
20	particularly young children, and may even cause permanent neurological

1	damage A homeowner residing in and intending to perform RRPM activities in
2	his or her own private residence:
3	(1) is exempt from this section;
4	(2) shall comply with section 1760 of this chapter; and
5	(3) shall dispose of all lead-based paint in accordance with the rules
6	adopted by the Department of Environmental Conservation.
7	(c) The owner of the premises of a child care facility shall perform all of
8	the following:
9	(1) File with the Department by the due date an EMP compliance
10	statement certifying that the essential maintenance practices have been
11	performed, including all the following:
12	(A) The address of the child care facility.
13	(B) The date of completion of the EMP.
14	(C) The name of the person who performed the EMP.
15	(D) A certification that subdivision (2) of this subsection has been or
16	will be complied with within 10 days.
17	(2) File the statement required in subdivision (1) of this subsection with
18	the owner's liability insurance carrier; the Department for Children and
19	Families; and with the tenant of the facility, if any An owner of rental target
20	housing or a child care facility, or the owner's representative, shall file with the
21	Department an RRPM compliance statement pursuant to rules adopted by the

1	Commissioner, unless the property is exempt pursuant to subsection (e) of this
2	section.
3	(d)(1) An owner who desires an extension of time for filing the EMP
4	compliance statement shall file a written request for an extension from the
5	Department no later than 10 days before the due date. The Department may
6	grant or deny an extension Prior to entering into a lease agreement, an owner
7	or owner's representative shall provide approved tenants with written materials
8	approved by the Department regarding lead hazards and a copy of the owner's
9	most recent RRPM compliance statement. The written materials approved by
10	the Department pursuant to this subsection shall include information indicating
11	that lead is highly toxic to humans, particularly young children, and may cause
12	permanent neurological damage, even at low exposure levels.
13	(2) An owner of a facility, or owner's representative, shall fully inform a
14	tenant who intends to operate a child care facility on the premises of the
15	requirements of this section.
16	(e)(1) A property is exempt from this section if a written inspection report
17	from a licensed lead-based paint inspector-risk assessor states that all
18	accessible surfaces are free of lead-based paint and the owner and person
19	performing RRPM activities have been provided with a copy of the report.

1	(2) An owner of rental target housing or a child care facility, or owner's
2	representative, shall provide a copy of the written inspection report to the
3	Department for review and determination of exempt status.
4	(3) A new written inspection report shall be required to maintain exempt
5	status if lead hazards are created as a result of RRPM activities performed or if
6	previously inaccessible components are exposed after the date of the original
7	written inspection report.
8	(4) If a property has been remodeled, it is not exempt from this section
9	unless the full requirements of this section have been met.
10	(f) The Department for Children and Families shall identify all child care
11	facilities and provide findings regarding any lead abatement activities to the
12	Department annually.
13	§ 1760. PRESUMPTION OF LEAD-BASED PAINT; PROHIBITED AND
14	UNSAFE WORK PRACTICES
15	(a) All paint in target housing and child care, child-occupied facilities, and
16	pre-1978 public facilities, commercial facilities, and bridges or other
17	superstructures is presumed to be lead-based unless a lead inspector or lead
18	risk assessor has determined that it is not lead based the component affected by
19	the RRPM activity is exempt pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. Unsafe
20	work practices are prohibited and include the following, unless specifically
21	authorized by permit by the Department:

1	(1) Removing lead-based paint by:
2	(A) open flame burning or torching;
3	(B) use of heat guns operated above 1,100 degrees Fahrenheit;
4	(C) dry scraping or dry sanding;
5	(D) machine sanding or grinding powered tools;
6	(E) uncontained hydro-blasting hydro-blasting or high-pressure
7	washing;
8	(F) abrasive blasting or sandblasting without containment and high-
9	efficiency particulate exhaust controls; and
10	(G) chemical stripping using methylene chloride products.
11	(2) Failing to employ one or more of the following lead-safe work
12	practices: practice standards that the Commissioner shall adopt by rule.
13	(A) limiting access to interior and exterior work areas;
14	(B) enclosing interior work areas with plastic sheathing or other
15	effective lead dust barrier;
16	(C) using protective clothing;
17	(D) misting painted surfaces before disturbing paint;
18	(E) wetting paint debris before sweeping to limit dust creation;
19	(F) any other measure required by the department.
20	(b) No <u>A</u> person shall <u>not</u> disturb more than one square foot <u>or more</u> of
21	interior or exterior lead-based paint using unsafe work practices in target

1	housing or in child care, child-occupied facilities, pre-1978 public facilities,
2	commercial facilities, and bridges or other superstructures.
3	(c) A component is exempt from this section if a written inspection report
4	by a licensed lead-based paint inspector or lead-based paint inspector-risk
5	assessor states that the component affected by an RRPM activity is free of
6	lead-based paint, and the owner or firm, or both, conducting the activity has
7	been provided with a copy of the report. Removal of all paint from a
8	component does not exempt the component from the requirements of this
9	section.
10	§ 1760a. ENFORCEMENT; ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER; PENALTIES
11	(a) A person who violates section 1759 of this title commits a civil
12	violation and shall be subject to a civil penalty as set forth in this subsection
13	which shall be enforceable by the Commissioner in the Judicial Bureau
14	pursuant to the provisions of 4 V.S.A. chapter 29.
15	(1) An owner of rental target housing who fails to comply with
16	subdivisions 1759(b)(1), (2), and (3) of this title by the due date or an owner of
17	a child care facility who fails to comply with subsection 1759(c) of this title by
18	the due date shall pay a civil penalty of not more than \$50.00 if the owner
19	comes into compliance within 30 days after the due date; otherwise the owner
20	shall pay a civil penalty of not more than \$150.00.

1	(2) An owner who cannot demonstrate by a preponderance of the
2	evidence that essential maintenance practices were performed by the due date
3	shall pay an additional penalty of not more than \$250.00.
4	(b) Nothing in this section shall limit the Commissioner's authority under
5	any other provisions of law. [Repealed.]
6	§ 1761. DUTY OF REASONABLE CARE; NEGLIGENCE; LIABILITY
7	(a) Owners An owner of rental target housing and owners of or a child care
8	facilities facility, or an owner's representative, shall take reasonable care to
9	prevent exposure to, and the creation of, lead hazards. In an action brought
10	under this section, evidence of actions taken or not taken to satisfy the
11	requirements of this chapter, including performing EMP RRPM activities, may
12	be admissible evidence of reasonable care or negligence.
13	(b) Any person who suffers an injury proximately caused by an owner's
14	breach of this duty of reasonable care shall have a cause of action to recover
15	damages and for all other appropriate relief.
16	(c) The owner of target <u>rental</u> housing or a child care facility, or the
17	owner's representative, shall not be liable to a tenant of the housing or facility
18	in an individual action for habitability under common law or pursuant to
19	9 V.S.A. chapter 63 or chapter 137, 10 V.S.A. chapter 153, or 12 V.S.A.
20	chapter 169 for injury or other relief claimed to be caused by exposure to lead

1	if, during the relevant time period, the owner is in compliance with section
2	1759 of this title and any of the following, should they exist:
3	(1) the conditions of a lead risk assessor's certification, pursuant to
4	Vermont regulations for lead control, that all identified lead hazards have been
5	controlled and the housing or facility has passed an independent dust clearance
6	test recommendations of a lead-based paint risk assessment report provided by
7	a lead-based paint inspector-risk assessor;
8	(2) any plan issued pursuant to section 1757 of this title chapter; or
9	(3) any assurance of discontinuance, order of the Commissioner, or
10	court order regarding lead hazards.
11	(d) The immunity under subsection (c) of this section shall not be
12	available if:
13	(1) there was fraud in the certification process <u>RRPM compliance</u>
14	statement under section 1759; or
15	(2) the owner violated conditions of the certification or owner's
16	representative did not follow the recommendations of a lead-based paint risk
17	assessment report provided by a licensed lead-based paint inspector-risk
18	assessor; or
19	(3) the owner <u>or owner's representative</u> created <u>or allowed for the</u>
20	creation of lead hazards during renovation, remodeling, maintenance, or repair
21	after the certification; or

1	(4) the owner or the owner's representative failed to respond in a timely
2	fashion to notification that lead hazards may have recurred on the premises.
3	(e) A defendant in an action brought under this section or at common law
4	has a right to seek contribution from any other person who may be responsible,
5	in whole or in part, for the child's blood lead level.
6	(f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the right of the
7	Commissioner or any agency or instrumentality of the State of Vermont to
8	seek remedies available under any other provision of Vermont statutory law.
9	§ 1762. SECURED LENDERS AND FIDUCIARIES; LIABILITY
10	(a) A person who holds indicia of ownership in rental target housing or a
11	child care facility furnished by the owner or person in lawful possession, for
12	the primary purpose of assuring repayment of a financial obligation, and who
13	takes full legal title through foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure or
14	otherwise shall not be liable as an owner of the property for injury or loss
15	claimed to be caused by exposure to lead of a child on the premises, provided
16	that, on or before the 120th day after the date of possession, the person:
17	(1) performs essential maintenance practices <u>RRPM activities</u> as
18	required by section 1759 of this title; and
19	(2) fully discloses to all potential purchasers, operators, or tenants of the
20	property any information in the possession of such person or the person's
21	agents, regarding the presence of lead-based paint hazards or a lead-poisoned

1	child on the property and, upon request, provides copies of all written reports
2	on lead-based paint hazards to potential purchasers, operators, or tenants.
3	(b) The immunity provided in subsection (a) of this section shall expire
4	365 days after the secured lender or fiduciary takes full legal title.
5	(c) A person who holds legal title to rental target housing or a child care
6	facility as an executor, administrator, trustee, or the guardian of the estate of
7	the owner and demonstrates that in that fiduciary capacity the person does not
8	have either the legal authority or the financial resources to fund capital or
9	major property rehabilitation necessary to conduct essential maintenance
10	practices <u>RRPM activities</u> shall not be personally liable as an owner for injury
11	or loss caused by exposure to lead by of a child on the premises to lead.
12	However, nothing in this section shall limit the liability of the trust estate for
13	such claims and those claims may be asserted against the trustee as a fiduciary
14	of the trust estate.
15	§ 1763. PUBLIC FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE; RENTAL TARGET
16	HOUSING AND CHILD CARE FACILITIES
17	Every State agency or instrumentality that makes a commitment to provide
18	public financial assistance for the purchase or rehabilitation of rental target
19	housing or child care facilities shall give priority to projects in which the
20	property is lead free, exempt pursuant to subsection 1759(e) of this chapter or
21	lead-based paint hazards have been or will be identified and controlled and

1	have passed or will pass an independent dust clearance test that determines that
2 1	the property contains no lead-contaminated dust prior to occupancy or use.
3	Priority rental target housing projects may include units occupied by severely
4	lead-poisoned children and units in a building that are likely to contain lead-
5 1	based paint hazards. For purposes of As used in this section, "public financial
6 8	assistance" means any grant, loan, or allocation of tax credits funded by the
7	State or the federal government, or any of their agencies or instrumentalities.
8	§ 1764. LEAD INSPECTORS; FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY
9	The Commissioner may shall require that a licensee or an applicant for a
10	license under subsection 1752(d) of this title provide evidence of ability to
11 <del>j</del>	properly indemnify properly a person who suffers damage from lead-based
12	paint activities or RRPM activities such as proof of effective liability insurance
13	coverage or a surety bond in an amount to be determined by the
14	Commissioner, which shall not be less than \$300,000.00. This section shall
15	not restrict or enlarge the liability of any person under any applicable law.
16	§ 1765. LIABILITY INSURANCE
17	(a) If the Commissioner of Financial Regulation determines that lead-based
18	paint hazards have substantially diminished the availability of liability
<b>19</b>	insurance for owners of <u>target</u> rental property or child care facilities and that a
20	voluntary market assistance plan will not adequately restore availability, the

1	liability coverage or to participate in any other appropriate remedial program
2	as determined by the Commissioner, provided the prospective insured is
3	otherwise in compliance with the provisions of this chapter.
4	* * *
5	<u>§ 1766. ENFORCEMENT; ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES</u>
6	(a) A person who violates this chapter may be subject to an administrative
7	penalty not to exceed \$5,000.00 for each determination of a separate violation.
8	If the Commissioner determines that a violation is continuing, each day's
9	continuance may be deemed a separate offense beginning from the date the
10	violator is served with notice of the violation.
11	(b) The Commissioner may use the enforcement powers as set forth in
12	chapter 3 of this title to enforce any violations of this chapter or of any related
13	rules, permits, or orders issued.
14	§ 1767. TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP OF TARGET HOUSING; RISK
15	ASSESSMENT; EMP RRPM COMPLIANCE
16	(a) Prior to the time a purchase and sale agreement for target housing is
17	executed, the seller shall provide the buyer with materials approved by the
18	Commissioner, including a lead lead-based paint hazard brochure and
19	materials on other lead hazards in housing. The seller shall also provide a
20	disclosure form that shall include any lead-based paint inspection or risk
21	assessment report or letter of exemption, assurance of discontinuance,

1	administrative order, or court order the terms of which are not completed and,
2	if the property is rental target housing, verification that the $\underline{\text{EMP}}$ have $\underline{\text{RRPM}}$
3	has been completed, and that a current EMP RRPM compliance statement has
4	been filed with the Department.
5	(b) At the time of sale of target housing, sellers and other transferors shall
6	provide the buyer or transferee with any materials delineated in subsection (a)
7	of this section not previously disclosed and a lead-safe renovation practices
8	packet approved by the Commissioner and shall disclose any lead-based paint
9	inspection or risk assessment report or letter of exemption, assurance of
10	discontinuance, administrative order, or court order not disclosed pursuant to
11	subsection (a) of this section the terms of which are not completed.
12	* * *
13	(d) Prior to the time of sale of rental target housing, the real estate agents,
14	sellers, and other transferors of title shall provide the buyer or transferee with
15	information approved by the Commissioner explaining EMP RRPM
16	obligations.
17	
17	(e) <u>A buyer or other transferee of title of target housing shall at the time of</u>
18	(e) <u>A buyer or other transferee of title of target housing shall at the time of sale or transfer of ownership, or both, disclose this transfer to the Department.</u>
18	sale or transfer of ownership, or both, disclose this transfer to the Department.

1	compliance with section 1759 of this title chapter within 60 days after the
2	closing. Within the 60-day period, the buyer or transferee may submit a
3	written request for an extension of time for compliance, which the
4	Commissioner may grant in writing for a stated period of time for good cause
5	only. Failure to comply with this subsection shall result in a mandatory civil
6	an administrative penalty in accordance with section 1766 of this chapter.
7	(f) This section shall not apply to target housing that has been certified
8	lead free.
9	(g) Noncompliance with this section shall not affect marketability of title.
10	Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE
11	This act shall take effect upon the Commissioner of Health's written
12	confirmation to the General Assembly that the U.S. Environmental Protection
13	Agency has issued a state certification to Vermont approving both this act and
14	the corresponding rules.