1	TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:
2	The Committee on Human Services to which was referred House Bill No.
3	736 entitled "An act relating to lead poisoning prevention" respectfully reports
4	that it has considered the same and recommends that the bill be amended by
5	striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the
6	following:
7	Sec. 1. 18 V.S.A. chapter 38 is amended as follows:
8	CHAPTER 38. LEAD POISONING PREVENTION
9	§ 1751. DEFINITIONS
10	(a) Words and phrases used in this chapter shall have the same definitions
11	meaning as provided in the Federal federal Residential Lead-Based Paint
12	Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 unless there is an inconsistency, in which case
13	any definition provided in this section that narrows, limits, or restricts shall
14	control.
15	(b) As used in this chapter:
16	(1) "Abatement" means any set of measures designed to permanently
17	eliminate lead-based paint lead hazards permanently in accordance with
18	standards established by appropriate State and federal agencies. The term
19	includes:
20	(A) removal of lead-based paint and lead-contaminated dust,
21	permanent containment or encapsulation of lead-based paint, replacement of

1	lead-painted surfaces or fixtures components, and removal or covering of lead-
2	contaminated soil; and
3	(B) all preparation, cleanup, disposal, and post-abatement clearance
4	testing activities associated with such measures.
5	(2) <u>"Accredited training program" means a training program that has</u>
6	been approved by the Commissioner of Health to provide training for
7	individuals engaged in lead-based paint activities or RRPM activities.
8	Training program accreditation is issued to a specific training provider who
9	shall receive accreditation for each training discipline that the accredited
10	training program offers as a course.
11	(3) "Certified" means completion of an accredited training program by
12	an individual.
13	(4) "Child" or "children" means an individual or individuals under the
14	age of 18 years of age, except where specified as a child or children six years
15	of age or younger.
16	(3)(5) "Child care facility" means a child care facility or family child
17	care home as defined in 33 V.S.A. § 3511 that was constructed prior to 1978.
18	(6) "Child-occupied facility" means a building or portion of a building
19	constructed prior to 1978 that is visited by one or more children six years of
20	age or younger, at least two days a week for three consecutive hours, six
21	cumulative hours within a week, or 60 hours within a year. A child-occupied

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1	facility includes a school or child care facility for children six years of age or
2	younger.
3	(7) "Commercial facility" means any building constructed for the
4	purposes of commercial or industrial activity and not primarily intended for
5	use by the general public, including office complexes, industrial buildings,
6	warehouses, factories, and storage facilities.
7	(8) "Component" or "building component" means specific design or
8	structural elements or fixtures of a facility or residential dwelling that are
9	distinguished from each other by form, function, and location. These include
10	interior components such as ceilings; crown moldings; walls; chair rails; doors;
11	door trim; floors; fireplaces; radiators and other heating units; shelves; shelf
12	supports; stair treads; stair risers; stair stringers; newel posts; railing caps;
13	balustrades; windows and trim, including sashes, window heads, jambs, sills,
14	or stools and troughs; built-in cabinets; columns; beams; bathroom vanities;
15	countertops; air conditioners; and exterior components such as painting;
16	roofing; chimneys; flashing; gutters and downspouts; ceilings; soffits; fascias;
17	rake boards; cornerboards; bulkheads; doors and door trim; fences; floors;
18	joists; lattice work; railings and railing caps; siding; handrails; stair risers and
19	treads; stair stringers; columns; balustrades; windowsills or stools and troughs;
20	casings; sashes and wells; and air conditioners.

1	(9) "Contractor" means any firm, partnership, association, corporation,
2	sole proprietorship, or other business concern as well as any governmental,
3	religious, or social organization or union that agrees to perform services.
4	(4)(10) "Deteriorated paint" means any interior or exterior lead-based
5	paint or other coating that is peeling, chipping, chalking, or cracking or any
6	paint or other coating located on an interior or exterior surface or fixture
7	component that is otherwise damaged or separated from the substrate.
8	(5)(11) "Due date" means the date by which an owner of rental target
9	housing or a child care facility shall file with the Department the $\frac{\text{EMP}}{\text{RRPM}}$
10	compliance statement required by section 1759 of this title. The due date shall
11	be one of the following:
12	(A) not later than $\frac{366 \ 365}{365}$ days after the most recent EMP RRPM
13	compliance statement or EMP affidavit was received by the Department;
14	(B) within 60 days after the closing of the purchase of the property if
15	no EMP RRPM compliance statement was filed with the Department within
16	the past 12 months;
17	(C) any other date agreed to by the owner and the Department; \underline{or}
18	(D) any other date set by the Department.
19	(6)(12) "Dwelling" means any residential unit, including attached
20	structures such as porches and stoops, used as the home or residence of one or
21	more persons.

1	(7)(13) "Elevated blood lead level" means having a blood lead level of
2	at least five micrograms per deciliter of human blood, or a lower threshold as
3	determined by the Commissioner.
4	(8) "EMP" means essential maintenance practices required by section
5	1759 of this title.
6	(14) "Facility" means any institutional, commercial, public, private, or
7	industrial structure, installation, or building or private residence and its
8	grounds.
9	(15) "Firm" means a company, partnership, corporation, sole
10	proprietorship, or individual doing business; an association or business entity;
11	a State or local government agency; or a nonprofit organization.
12	(9)(16) "Independent dust clearance" means a visual examination and
13	collection of dust samples, by a lead lead-based paint inspector or lead risk
14	assessor lead-based paint inspector-risk assessor who has no financial interest
15	in either the work being performed or the property to be inspected, and is
16	independent of both the persons performing the work and the owner of the
17	property. The lead lead-based paint inspector or lead risk assessor lead-based
18	paint inspector-risk assessor shall use methods specified by the Department
19	and analysis by an accredited laboratory to determine that lead exposures do
20	not exceed limits set by the Department utilizing current information from the

1	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or the U.S. Department of Housing and
2	Urban Development.
3	(10)(17) "Inspection" means a surface-by-surface investigation to
4	determine the presence of lead-based paint and other lead hazards and the
5	provision of a report explaining the results of the investigation.
6	(11)(18) "Interim controls" means a set of measures designed to
7	temporarily to reduce human exposure or likely exposure to lead-based paint
8	hazards, including specialized cleaning, repairs, maintenance, painting,
9	temporary containment, ongoing monitoring of lead-based paint lead hazards
10	or potential hazards, and the establishment of management and resident
11	education programs.
12	(12)(19) "Lead-based paint" means paint or other surface coatings that
13	contain lead in excess of limits established under section 302(c) of the Federal
14	Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act an amount:
15	(A) equal to 1.0 mg/cm ² or 0.5 percent by weight or greater;
16	(B) lower than that described in subdivision (A) of this subdivision
17	(19) as may be established by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Housing
18	and Urban Development pursuant to Section 302(c) of the Lead-Based Paint
19	Poisoning Prevention Act; or

1	(C) lower than that described in subdivision (A) of this subdivision
2	(19) as may be established by the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental
3	Protection Agency.
4	(13) "Lead contractor" means any person employing one or more
5	individuals licensed by the Department under this chapter.
6	(20) "Lead-based paint abatement supervisor" means any individual
7	who has satisfactorily completed an accredited training program approved by
8	the Commissioner and has a current license issued by the Department to
9	perform abatement work supervision.
10	(14)(21) "Lead Lead-based paint abatement worker" means any
11	individual who has satisfactorily completed an accredited training program
12	approved by the Department Commissioner and has a current license issued by
13	the Department to perform abatements abatement work.
14	(22) "Lead-based paint activities" means:
15	(A) with regard to target housing or a child care facility: risk
16	assessment, inspection, visual inspection for risk assessment, project design,
17	abatement, visual inspection for clearance, dust clearance after an abatement
18	project, and lab analysis of paint chip or dust wipe samples collected for the
19	purpose of an inspection or risk assessment; and
20	(B) with regard to a public facility constructed before 1978, a
21	commercial building, bridge, or other structure: inspection, risk assessment,

1	project design, abatement, de-leading, removal of lead from bridges and other
2	superstructures, visual inspection for clearance, dust clearance after an
3	abatement project, and lab analysis of paint chip or dust wipe samples
4	collected for the purposes of an inspection or risk assessment. As used in this
5	subdivision (B), "de-leading" means activities conducted by a person who
6	offers to eliminate or plan for the elimination of lead-based paint or lead-based
7	paint hazards.
8	(15) "Lead designer" means any individual who has satisfactorily
9	completed an accredited training program approved by the Department and has
10	a current license issued by the Department to prepare lead abatement project
11	designs, occupant protection plans, and abatement reports.
12	(16) "Lead hazard" means any condition that causes exposure to lead
13	inside and in the immediate vicinity of target housing from water, dust, soil,
14	paint, or building materials that would result in adverse human health effects as
15	defined by the Department using current information from the U.S.
16	Environmental Protection Agency or the U.S. Department of Housing and
17	Urban Development.
18	(17) "Lead inspector" means any individual who has satisfactorily
19	completed an accredited training program approved by the Department and has
20	a current license issued by the Department to conduct inspections.

1	(23) "Lead-based paint contractor" means an entity that employs one or
2	more individuals licensed by the Department under this chapter and has a
3	current license issued by the Department to conduct lead-based paint activities
4	or RRPM activities.
5	(24) "Lead hazard" means a condition that causes exposure to lead from
6	contaminated dust, lead-contaminated soil, lead-containing coatings, or lead-
7	contaminated paint that is deteriorated or present in accessible surfaces,
8	friction surfaces, or impact surfaces that would result in adverse human health
9	effects.
10	(25) "Lead-based paint inspector" means an individual who has
11	satisfactorily completed an accredited training program approved by the
12	Commissioner and has a current license issued by the Department to conduct
13	lead-based paint inspections.
14	(18)(26) "Lead risk Lead-based paint inspector-risk assessor" means any
15	an individual who has satisfactorily completed an accredited training program
16	approved by the Department Commissioner and has a current license issued by
17	the Department to conduct lead-based paint inspections and risk assessments.
18	(19) "Lead safe renovator" means any person who has completed a
19	lead safe training program approved by the Department and has a current
20	registration issued by the Department to perform renovations in target housing

1	or child care facilities in which interior or exterior lead based paint will be
2	disturbed.
3	(20) "Lead supervisor" means any individual who has satisfactorily
4	completed an accredited training program approved by the Department and has
5	a current license issued by the Department to supervise and conduct abatement
6	projects and prepare occupant protection plans and abatement reports.
7	(27) "Lead-based paint project designer" means an individual who has
8	satisfactorily completed an accredited training program approved by the
9	Commissioner and has a current license issued by the Department to prepare
10	lead abatement project designs, occupant protection plans, and abatement
11	<u>reports.</u>
12	(28) "RRPM activities" means lead-safe renovation, repair, painting,
13	and maintenance practices as required by section 1759 of this chapter and as
14	adopted by rule by the Commissioner by rule. It does not include minor
15	RRPM activities.
16	(29) "RRPM firm" means a company, partnership, corporation, sole
17	proprietorship, or individual doing business; association; or other business
18	entity that regularly engages in RRPM activities for compensation and that
19	employs or contracts with persons to perform RRPM activities as determined
20	by the Department.

1	(30) "Lead-safe RRPM supervisor" means an individual who has
2	completed an accredited RRPM training program approved by the
3	Commissioner and, if performing services for compensation, has a current
4	license issued by the Department. This individual is authorized to perform or
5	supervise RRPM activities in target housing or a child-occupied facility in
6	which interior or exterior lead-based paint will be disturbed.
7	(31) "License" means the document issued to an individual, entity, or
8	firm indicating that the standards for licensure for each discipline, category of
9	entity, or firm established in this chapter have been met.
10	(32) "Licensee" means a person who engages in lead-based paint
11	activities or RRPM activities and has obtained a license to perform such
12	activities for compensation.
13	(33) "Maintenance" means work intended to maintain and preserve
14	target housing, a child-occupied facility, a pre-1978 facility, a commercial
15	facility, bridge, or other superstructure. It does not include minor RRPM
16	activities.
17	(34) "Minor RRPM activities" means:
18	(A) With regard to owner-occupied target housing or a child-
19	occupied facility that is not a child care facility, maintenance and repair
20	activities that disturb six square feet or less of painted surface per room for
21	interior activities or 20 square feet or less of painted surface for exterior

1	activities if the work does not involve window replacement or demolition of
2	painted surface areas.
3	(B) With regard to rental target housing or a child care facility,
4	maintenance and repair activities that disturb less than one square foot of
5	painted surface for interior or exterior activities where work does not involve
6	window replacement or demolition of painted surface areas.
7	(C) With regard to removing painted components or portions of
8	painted components, the entire surface area removed is the amount of painted
9	surface disturbed. Work, other than emergency renovations, performed in the
10	same room within the same 30-day period shall be considered the same work
11	for the purposes of determining whether the work is a minor RRPM activity.
12	(21)(35) "Occupant" means any person who resides in, or regularly
13	uses, a dwelling, mobile dwelling, or structure.
14	(22)(36) "Owner" means any person who, alone or jointly or severally
15	with others:
16	(A) Has legal title to any dwelling or child care facility with or
17	without actual possession of the property.
18	(B) Has charge, care, or control of any dwelling or child care facility
19	as agent of the guardian of the estate of the owner.
20	(C) Has charge, care, or control of any dwelling or child care facility
21	as property manager for the owner if the property management contract

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1	includes responsibility for any maintenance services, unless the property
2	management contract explicitly states that the property manager will not be
3	responsible for compliance with section 1759 of this title.
4	(D) Is the Chief Executive Officer of the municipal or State agency
5	that owns, leases, or controls the use of publicly owned target housing or a
6	child care facility.
7	(E)(C) Is a person who has taken full legal title of a dwelling or child
8	care facility through foreclosure, deed in lieu of foreclosure, or otherwise.
9	"Owner" does not include a person who holds indicia of ownership given by
10	the person in lawful possession for the primary purpose of assuring repayment
11	of a financial obligation. Indicia of ownership includes interests in real or
12	personal property held as security or collateral for repayment of a financial
13	obligation such as a mortgage, lien, security interest, assignment, pledge,
14	surety bond, or guarantee and includes participation rights of a financial
15	institution used for legitimate commercial purposes in making or servicing
16	the loan.
17	(37) "Owner's representative" means a person who has charge, care, or
18	control of a dwelling or child care facility as property manager, agent, or
19	guardian of the estate.
20	(38) "Public facility" means a house of worship; courthouse; jail;
21	municipal room; State or county institution; railroad station; school building;

1	social hall; hotel, restaurant, or building used or rented to boarders or roomers;
2	place of amusement; factory; mill; workshop or building in which persons are
3	employed; building used as a nursery, convalescent home, or home for the
4	aged; tent or outdoor structure used for public assembly; and barn, shed, office
5	building, store, shop, shop other than a workshop, or space where goods are
б	offered for sale, wholesale, or retail. It does not include a family residence
7	registered as a child care facility.
8	(39) "Renovation" means the modification of any existing structure or
9	portion of an existing structure that results in the disturbance of a painted
10	surface unless the activity is performed as part of a lead-based paint abatement
11	activity or is a minor RRPM activity. Renovation includes the removal,
12	modification, re-coating, or repair of a painted surface or painted component or
13	a surface; the removal of building components; weatherization project; and
14	interim controls that disturb painted surfaces. "Renovation" includes the
15	performance of activities for the purpose of converting a building or part of a
16	building into target housing or a child-occupied facility.
17	(40) "RRPM" means the Renovation, Repair, Painting, and Maintenance
18	Program that pertains to projects that disturb lead-based paint on target housing
19	and child-occupied facilities.
20	(23)(41) "Rental target housing" means target housing offered for lease
21	or rental under a rental agreement as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 4451. "Rental

1	target housing" does not include a rented single room located within a dwelling
2	in which the owner of the dwelling resides unless a child six years of age or
3	younger resides in or is expected to reside in that dwelling.
4	(42) "Repair" means the restoration of paint or other coatings that have
5	been damaged, including the repair of permanent containment around lead-
6	based paint materials in a facility. Repair of previously encapsulated lead-
7	based paint may involve filling damaged areas with non-lead paint substitutes
8	and reencapsulating. It shall not include minor RRPM activities.
9	(24)(43) "Risk assessment" means an on-site investigation by a lead risk
10	assessor lead-based paint inspector-risk assessor to determine and report the
11	existence, nature, severity, and location of lead hazards, including information
12	gathering about the age and history of the property and occupancy by children
13	six years of age or younger, visual inspection, limited wipe sampling, or other
14	environmental sampling techniques, other appropriate risk assessment
15	activities, and a report on the results of the investigation.
16	(25)(44) "Screen," "screened," or "screening" relating to blood lead
17	levels, means the initial blood test to determine the presence of lead in a
18	human.
19	(45) "Superstructure" means a large steel or other industrial structure,
20	such as a bridge or water tower, that may contain lead-based paint.

1	(26)(46) "Target housing" means any dwelling constructed prior to
2	1978, except any 0-bedroom dwelling or any dwelling located in multiple-unit
3	buildings or projects reserved for the exclusive use of elders or persons with
4	disabilities, unless a child six years of age or younger resides in or is expected
5	to reside in that dwelling. "Target housing" does not include units in a hotel,
6	motel, or other lodging, including condominiums that are rented for transient
7	occupancy for 30 days or less.
8	§ 1752. ACCREDITATION OF TRAINING PROGRAMS;
9	CERTIFICATION AND LICENSURE OF ENVIRONMENTAL
10	LEAD INSPECTORS AND LEAD CONTRACTORS,
11	SUPERVISORS, AND WORKERS INDIVIDUALS, ENTITIES, OR
12	FIRMS INVOLVED IN LEAD-BASED PAINT OR RRPM
13	ACTIVITIES
14	(a) Not later than six months after promulgation of final federal regulations
15	under section 402 of the Federal Toxic Substances Control Act, 15 U.S.C.
16	§ 2601 et seq., the The Department shall develop a program to administer and
17	enforce the lead-based paint activities and RRPM activities with regard to
18	training and certification licensing standards, regulations rules, or other
19	requirements established by the Administrator of the federal Environmental
20	Protection Agency Commissioner, which are at least as protective of human
21	health and the environment as the applicable federal programs, for persons

1	engaged in lead-based paint activities and RRPM activities performed on target
2	housing, child-occupied facilities, pre-1978 facilities, commercial facilities,
3	and bridges or other superstructures.
4	(b) The Secretary shall adopt emergency rules, and not later than January 1,
5	1994, the Secretary shall adopt permanent rules, Commissioner shall adopt
6	rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 establishing standards and specifications
7	for the accreditation of training programs both within and outside Vermont for
8	lead-based paint activities and RRPM activities, including the mandatory
9	topics of instruction, the knowledge and performance standards that must be
10	demonstrated by graduates in order to be certified or licensed, and required
11	accreditation qualifications for training programs and instructors. Such The
12	standards shall be designed to protect children, their families, and workers
13	from improperly conducted lead-based paint activities and RRPM activities,
14	and shall be at least as protective of human health and the environment as the
15	federal program programs. Hands-on instruction and instruction for
16	identification and proper handling of historic fabric and materials shall be
17	components of the required training.
18	(c) The Commissioner shall certify risk assessors, designers, laboratories,
19	inspectors, lead-safe renovation contractors, lead contractors, supervisors,
20	abatement workers, and other persons engaged in lead-based paint activities
21	when such persons have license consulting contractors, analytical contractors,

1	lead-based paint abatement supervisors, lead-based paint abatement workers,
2	project designers, inspector-risk assessors, RRPM firms, and RRPM
3	supervisors, who have successfully completed an accredited training program
4	and met such other requirements as the Secretary Commissioner may, by rule,
5	impose.
6	(d) The Commissioner shall certify individuals engaged in RRPM activities
7	for no compensation and who have successfully completed an accredited
8	training program and met all other requirements as the Commissioner may
9	impose by rule.
10	(e) After the adoption of rules pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, no
11	a person shall not perform lead-based paint activities or RRPM activities for
12	compensation without first obtaining a license from the Commissioner. The
13	Commissioner may grant a license to a person who holds a valid license from
14	another state.
15	(e)(f) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to limit the authority of the
16	Secretary, or the Commissioner of Health, the Commissioner of Labor, or the
17	Commissioner of Environmental Conservation under the provisions of any
18	other law.

1	§ 1753. ACCREDITATION, REGISTRATION, CERT	IFICATION, AND
2	LICENSE, PERMIT, NOTIFICATION, REGIS	TRATION, AND
3	ADMINISTRATIVE FEES	
4	(a) The Commissioner shall assess fees for accrediting	ng training programs
5	and for certifications, registrations, licenses, and license	renewals, and permits
6	issued in accordance with this chapter. Fees shall not be	imposed on any state
7	State or local government, agent of the State, or nonprof	it training program and
8	may be waived for the purpose of training State employe	ees.
9	(b) Each accredited training program, registrant, and	licensee shall be
10	subject to the following annual fees, except where other	wise noted:
11	Training Lead-based paint training courses	\$480.00 per year
12	Lead contractors Lead-based paint contractor	
13	entity license	\$600.00 per year
14	Lead workers Lead-based paint abatement	
15	worker license	\$60.00 per year
16	Lead supervisors Lead-based paint abatement	
17	supervisor license	\$120.00 per year
18	Lead inspectors Lead-based paint inspector	
19	license	\$180.00 per year
20	Lead risk assessors Lead-based paint	
21	inspector-risk assessor license	\$180.00 per year

1	Lead designers Lead-based paint project	
2	designer license	\$180.00 per year
3	Laboratories	\$600.00 per year
4	Lead-safe RRPM training course accreditation	<u>\$560.00 initial,</u>
5		<u>\$340.00 renewal</u>
6		every four years
7	Lead-safe RRPM firm license	<u>\$300.00 every five</u>
8		years
9	Lead-safe renovators <u>RRPM supervisor license</u>	\$50.00 per year
10	(c) Each lead licensee seeking to complete a lead-base	<u>d paint</u> abatement
11	project or RRPM activities project involving prohibited or	unsafe work
11 12	project or RRPM activities project involving prohibited on profibited or process with the subject to the following permit fees:	<u>unsafe work</u>
		<u>• unsafe work</u> \$50.00 .
12	practices shall be subject to the following permit fees:	
12 13	practices shall be subject to the following permit fees: (1) Lead abatement project Project permit fee	
12 13 14	 <u>practices</u> shall be subject to the following permit fees: (1) Lead abatement project <u>Project</u> permit fee (2) Lead abatement project <u>Project</u> permit 	\$50.00 . \$25.00 .
12 13 14 15	 practices shall be subject to the following permit fees: (1) Lead abatement project Project permit fee (2) Lead abatement project Project permit revision fee 	\$50.00 . \$25.00 . under section 1766
12 13 14 15 16	 practices shall be subject to the following permit fees: (1) Lead abatement project Project permit fee (2) Lead abatement project Project permit revision fee (d) Fees imposed by this section <u>and monies collected</u> 	\$50.00 . \$25.00 . under section 1766 <u>d</u> Paint Abatement
12 13 14 15 16 17	 practices shall be subject to the following permit fees: (1) Lead abatement project Project permit fee (2) Lead abatement project Project permit revision fee (d) Fees imposed by this section and monies collected of this chapter shall be deposited into the Lead Lead-Base 	\$50.00 . \$25.00 . <u>under section 1766</u> <u>d</u> Paint Abatement Fund may be used

1	related to this chapter. The Fund shall be subject to the provisions of
2	32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5.
3	§ 1754. PUBLIC EDUCATION
4	(a) Beginning January 1, 1994, the The Commissioner of Health shall
5	prepare and distribute clear and simple printed materials describing the dangers
6	of lead poisoning, the need for parents to have their child screened, how to
7	have a child tested, and recommended nutrition and housekeeping practices.
8	The Commissioner shall work with persons and organizations involved in
9	occupations that may involve lead-based paint lead hazards or childhood lead
10	poisoning to distribute the materials to their tenants, clients, patients, students,
11	or customers, such as realtors, subcontractors, apartment owners, public
12	housing authorities, pediatricians, family practitioners, nurse clinics, child
13	clinics, other health care providers, child care and preschool operators, and
14	kindergarten teachers. The Commissioner shall also identify those points in
15	time or specific occasions when members of the public are in contact with
16	public agencies and lead might be an issue, such as building permits, home
17	renovations, the WIC program, and programs established under 33 V.S.A.
18	chapters 10, 11, and 12, and make the materials available on these occasions.
19	(b) The Commissioner shall prepare an appropriate media campaign to
20	educate the public on lead poisoning prevention. The Commissioner shall
21	encourage professional property managers, rehab and weatherization

1	contractors, minimum housing inspectors, social workers, and visiting nurses
2	to attend education and awareness workshops.
3	(c) The Commissioner shall develop a program or approve a program, or
4	both, to train owners and managers of rental target housing and child care
5	facilities and their employees to perform essential maintenance practices. The
6	names and addresses of all persons who attend the approved training program
7	shall be maintained as a public record that the Commissioner shall provide to
8	the Department of Housing and Community Development.
9	§ 1755. UNIVERSAL <mark>SCREENING <u>TESTING</u></mark>
10	(a) The Commissioner shall publish guidelines that establish the methods
11	by which and the intervals at which children should be screened and given a
12	confirmation test for elevated blood lead levels, according to the age of the
13	children and their probability of exposure to lead. The guidelines shall take
14	into account the recommendations of the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and
15	Prevention and the American Academy of Pediatrics and shall be updated as
16	those recommendations are changed. The Commissioner shall recommend
17	screening for lead in other high risk groups. The Commissioner shall ensure
18	that all health care providers who provide primary medical care to children six
19	years of age or younger are informed of the guidelines. Once the Department
20	has implemented lead screening reports within the immunization registry, the
21	Department shall use the information in the registry to inform health care

1	providers of their screening rates and to take, within available resources, other
2	measures necessary to optimize screening rates, such as mailings to parents
3	and guardians of children ages one and two, outreach to day care facilities and
4	other community locations, screening at district offices, and educating parents
5	and guardians of children being served.
6	(b) Annually, the Commissioner shall determine the percentage of children
7	six years of age or younger who are being screened in accordance with the
8	guidelines. If fewer than 85 percent of one year olds and fewer than
9	75 percent of two-year-olds as specified in the guidelines are receiving
10	screening, the Secretary shall adopt rules to require that all health care
11	providers who provide primary medical care to young children shall ensure
12	that their patients are screened and tested according to the guidelines,
13	beginning January 1, 2011 All health care providers who provide primary
14	health care to children shall offer to test children one and two years of age for
15	elevated blood lead levels in accordance with rules adopted by the
16	Commissioner.
17	* * *
18	§ 1757. CHILDREN WITH ELEVATED BLOOD LEAD LEVELS
19	(a) Upon receiving a report that a child has a screening test result of 10 or
20	more micrograms of lead per deciliter of blood, or a lower level as determined
21	by the Commissioner, the Commissioner shall take prompt action to ensure

1	that the child obtains a confirmation test The Commissioner shall adopt rules
2	pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 regarding:
3	(1) the method and frequency with which children shall be tested for
4	elevated blood lead levels;
5	(2) the reporting requirements for the lead test result; and
6	(3) the action required for children found to have elevated blood lead
7	levels.
8	(b) If the child has an elevated blood lead level, the Commissioner shall
9	provide information on lead hazards to the parents or guardians of the child.
10	(c) If a child six years of age or younger has a confirmed blood lead level at
11	or above 10 micrograms of lead per deciliter of blood the level determined by
12	the Commissioner, and if resources permit, the Commissioner:
13	(1) Shall, with the consent of the parent or guardian, provide an
14	inspection of the dwelling occupied by the child or the child care child-
15	occupied facility the child attends by a state State or private lead risk assessor
16	lead-based paint inspector-risk assessor, and develop a plan in consultation
17	with the parents, owner, physician, and others involved with the child to
18	minimize the exposure of the child to lead. The plan developed under this
19	subdivision shall require that any lead hazards identified through the inspection
20	be addressed. The owner of rental target housing or a child care facility shall

1	address those lead hazards within the owner's control, and shall not be required
2	to abate lead hazards if interim controls are effective.
3	(2) May inspect and evaluate other dwelling units in the building in
4	which the child is living if it is reasonable to believe that a child six years of
5	age or younger occupies, receives care in, or otherwise regularly frequents the
6	other dwellings in that building.
7	(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the Commissioner's
8	authority under any other provision of Vermont law.
9	§ 1758. HOUSING REGISTRY
10	(a) The Department shall issue certificates to all persons who satisfactorily
11	complete a training program on performing essential maintenance practices for
12	lead-based hazard control and shall compile a list of those persons' names.
13	(b) If additional funds are appropriated to the Department in fiscal year
14	1998, on or before October 1, 1997, the Department of Housing and
15	Community Development shall establish and maintain a list of housing units
16	that (1) are lead free, or (2) have undergone lead hazard control measures and
17	passed independent dust clearance tests. The registry shall be maintained as a
18	public record.
19	(c) The Department for Children and Families shall identify all child care
20	facilities in which the owners have completed essential maintenance practices

1	or lead hazard control measures and provide the findings to the Department
2	annually. [Repealed.]
3	§ 1759. ESSENTIAL MAINTENANCE PRACTICES RRPM
4	ACTIVITIES
5	(a)(1) Essential maintenance practices (EMP) RRPM activities, including
6	worksite preparation and cleanup of work areas, in rental target housing and
7	child care child-occupied facilities shall be performed only by a person who
8	has successfully completed an EMP accredited RRPM training program
9	approved by the Commissioner or a person who works under the direct, on-site
10	supervision of a person who has successfully completed such the training.
11	unless the property is exempt pursuant to subsection (b) or (e) of this section.
12	That person shall comply with section 1760 of this title and shall take all
13	reasonable precautions to avoid creating lead hazards during any renovations,
14	remodeling, maintenance, or repair project that disturbs more than one square
15	foot of lead-based paint, pursuant to guidelines issued by the Department. The
16	following essential maintenance practices shall be performed in all rental target
17	housing and child care facilities, unless a lead inspector or a lead risk assessor
18	has certified that the property is lead free:
19	(1)(2) Install window well inserts in all windows or protect window
20	wells by another method approved by the Department A person engaging in

1	RRPM activities shall comply with section 1760 of this chapter and related
2	rules adopted by the Commissioner.
3	(2) (3) At least once a year, with the consent of the tenant, and at each
4	change of tenant, perform visual on-site inspection of all interior and exterior
5	painted surfaces and components at the property to identify deteriorated paint
6	A person engaging in RRPM activities shall take all reasonable precautions to
7	avoid creating lead hazards during any RRPM project that is not a minor
8	<u>RRPM activity</u> .
9	(3)(4) Promptly and safely remove or stabilize lead-based paint if more
10	than one square foot of deteriorated lead-based paint is found on any interior or
11	exterior surface located within any area of the dwelling to which access by
12	tenants is not restricted. An owner shall assure that all surfaces are free of
13	deteriorated lead-based paint within 30 days after deteriorated lead-based paint
14	has been visually identified or within 30 days after receipt of a written or oral
15	report of deteriorated lead-based paint from any person including the
16	Department, a tenant, or an owner of a child care facility. Because exterior
17	paint repairs cannot be completed in cold weather, any exterior repair work
18	identified after November 1 shall be completed no later than the following
19	May 31, provided that access to surfaces and components with lead hazards
20	and areas directly below the deteriorated surfaces is clearly restricted <u>RRPM</u>
21	activities performed for compensation shall be conducted only by a licensed

1	RRPM supervisor or under the direct, on-site supervision of a licensed RRPM
2	supervisor.
3	(4) If more than one square foot of deteriorated paint is found on any
4	exterior wall surface or fixture not covered by subdivision (3) of this
5	subsection, the owner shall:
6	(A) promptly and safely repair and stabilize the paint and restore the
7	surface; or
8	(B) prohibit access to the area, surface, or fixture to assure that
9	children will not come into contact with the deteriorated lead-based paint.
10	(5) For any outdoor area, annually remove all visible paint chips from
11	the ground on the property.
12	(6) At least once a year, using methods recommended by the
13	Department, thoroughly clean all interior horizontal surfaces, except ceilings,
14	in common areas accessible to tenants.
15	(7) At each change of tenant, thoroughly clean all interior horizontal
16	surfaces of the dwelling, except ceilings, using methods recommended by the
17	Department.
18	(8) Post, in a prominent place in buildings containing rental target
19	housing units or a child care facility, a notice to occupants emphasizing the
20	importance of promptly reporting deteriorated paint to the owner or to the

1	owner's agent. The notice shall include the name, address, and telephone
2	number of the owner or the owner's agent.
3	(b) The owner of rental target housing shall perform all the following:
4	(1) File with the Department by the due date an EMP compliance
5	statement certifying that the essential maintenance practices have been
6	performed, including all the following:
7	(A) The addresses of the dwellings in which EMP were performed.
8	(B) The dates of completion.
9	(C) The name of the person who performed the EMP.
10	(D) A certification of compliance with subdivision (4) of this
11	subsection.
12	(E) A certification that subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection
13	have been or will be complied with within 10 days.
14	(2) File the statement required in subdivision (1) of this subsection with
15	the owners' liability insurance carrier and the Department.
16	(3) Provide a copy of the statement to all tenants with written materials
17	regarding lead hazards approved by the Department.
18	(4) Prior to entering into a lease agreement, provide approved tenants
19	with written materials regarding lead hazards approved by the Department,
20	along with a copy of the owner's most recent EMP compliance statement. The
21	written materials approved by the Department pursuant to this subdivision

1	shall include information indicating that lead is highly toxic to humans,
2	particularly young children, and may even cause permanent neurological
3	damage A homeowner residing in and intending to perform RRPM activities in
4	his or her own private residence:
5	(1) is exempt from this section;
6	(2) shall comply with section 1760 of this chapter; and
7	(3) shall dispose of all lead-based paint in accordance with the rules
8	adopted by the Department of Environmental Conservation.
9	(c) The owner of the premises of a child care facility shall perform all of
10	the following:
11	(1) File with the Department by the due date an EMP compliance
12	statement certifying that the essential maintenance practices have been
13	performed, including all the following:
14	(A) The address of the child care facility.
15	(B) The date of completion of the EMP.
16	(C) The name of the person who performed the EMP.
17	(D) A certification that subdivision (2) of this subsection has been or
18	will be complied with within 10 days.
19	(2) File the statement required in subdivision (1) of this subsection with
20	the owner's liability insurance carrier; the Department for Children and

1	Families; and with the tenant of the facility, if any An owner of rental target
2	housing or a child care facility or the owner's representative shall:
3	(1) file with the Department an RRPM compliance statement pursuant to
4	rules adopted by the Commissioner, unless the property is exempt pursuant to
5	subsection (e) of this section; and
6	(2) abide by any rules pertaining to the maintenance of lead-based paint
7	and provision of notice to tenants as may be prescribed by the Commissioner.
8	(d)(1) An owner who desires an extension of time for filing the EMP
9	compliance statement shall file a written request for an extension from the
10	Department no later than 10 days before the due date. The Department may
11	grant or deny an extension Prior to entering into a lease agreement, an owner
12	or owner's representative shall provide approved tenants with written materials
13	approved by the Department regarding lead hazards and a copy of the owner's
14	most recent RRPM compliance statement. The written materials approved by
15	the Department pursuant to this subsection shall include information indicating
16	that lead is highly toxic to humans, particularly young children, and may cause
17	permanent neurological damage, even at low exposure levels.
18	(2) An owner of a facility, or owner's representative, shall fully inform a
19	tenant who intends to operate a child care facility on the premises of the
20	requirements of this section.

1	(e)(1) A property is exempt from this section if a written inspection report
2	from a licensed lead-based paint inspector-risk assessor states that all
3	accessible surfaces are free of lead-based paint and the owner and person
4	performing RRPM activities have been provided with a copy of the report.
5	(2) An owner of rental target housing or a child care facility or owner's
6	representative shall provide a copy of the written inspection report to the
7	Department for review and determination of exempt status.
8	(3) A new written inspection report shall be required to maintain exempt
9	status if lead hazards are created as a result of RRPM activities performed or if
10	previously inaccessible components are exposed after the date of the original
11	written inspection report.
12	(4) If a property has been remodeled, it is not exempt from this section
13	unless the full requirements of this section have been met.
14	(f) The Commissioner may adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 as
15	necessary for the implantation, administration, and enforcement of this section.
16	§ 1760. PRESUMPTION OF LEAD-BASED PAINT; PROHIBITED AND
17	UNSAFE WORK PRACTICES
18	(a) All paint in target housing and child care, child-occupied facilities, and
19	pre-1978 public facilities, commercial facilities, and bridges or other
20	superstructures is presumed to be lead-based unless a lead inspector or lead
21	risk assessor has determined that it is not lead based the component affected by

1	the RRPM activity is exempt pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. Unsafe
2	work practices are prohibited and include the following, unless specifically
3	authorized by permit by the Department:
4	(1) Removing lead-based paint by:
5	(A) open flame burning or torching;
6	(B) use of heat guns operated above 1,100 degrees Fahrenheit;
7	(C) dry scraping <u>or dry sanding;</u>
8	(D) machine sanding or grinding powered tools;
9	(E) uncontained hydro-blasting hydro-blasting or high-pressure
10	washing;
11	(F) abrasive blasting or sandblasting without containment and high-
12	efficiency particulate exhaust controls; and
13	(G) chemical stripping using methylene chloride products.
14	(2) Failing to employ one or more of the following lead-safe work
15	practices: practice standards that the Commissioner shall adopt by rule.
16	(A) limiting access to interior and exterior work areas;
17	(B) enclosing interior work areas with plastic sheathing or other
18	effective lead dust barrier;
19	(C) using protective clothing;
20	(D) misting painted surfaces before disturbing paint;
21	(E) wetting paint debris before sweeping to limit dust creation;

1	(F) any other measure required by the department.
2	(b) No <u>A</u> person shall <u>not</u> disturb more than one square foot <u>or more</u> of
3	interior or exterior lead-based paint using unsafe work practices in target
4	housing or in child care, child-occupied facilities, pre-1978 public facilities,
5	commercial facilities, and bridges or other superstructures.
6	(c) A component is exempt from this section if a written inspection report
7	by a licensed lead-based paint inspector or lead-based paint inspector-risk
8	assessor states that the component affected by an RRPM activity is free of
9	lead-based paint, and the owner or firm, or both, conducting the activity has
10	been provided with a copy of the report. Removal of all paint from a
11	component does not exempt the component from the requirements of this
12	section.
13	§ 1760a. ENFORCEMENT; ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER; PENALTIES
14	(a) A person who violates section 1759 of this title commits a civil
15	violation and shall be subject to a civil penalty as set forth in this subsection
16	which shall be enforceable by the Commissioner in the Judicial Bureau
17	pursuant to the provisions of 4 V.S.A. chapter 29.
18	(1) An owner of rental target housing who fails to comply with
19	subdivisions 1759(b)(1), (2), and (3) of this title by the due date or an owner of
20	a child care facility who fails to comply with subsection 1759(c) of this title by
21	the due date shall pay a civil penalty of not more than \$50.00 if the owner

1	comes into compliance within 30 days after the due date; otherwise the owner
2	shall pay a civil penalty of not more than \$150.00.
3	(2) An owner who cannot demonstrate by a preponderance of the
4	evidence that essential maintenance practices were performed by the due date
5	shall pay an additional penalty of not more than \$250.00.
6	(b) Nothing in this section shall limit the Commissioner's authority under
7	any other provisions of law. [Repealed.]
8	§ 1761. DUTY OF REASONABLE CARE; NEGLIGENCE; LIABILITY
9	(a) Owners An owner of rental target housing and owners of or a child care
10	facilities facility or an owner's representative shall take reasonable care to
11	prevent exposure to, and the creation of, lead hazards. In an action brought
12	under this section, evidence of actions taken or not taken to satisfy the
13	requirements of this chapter, including performing EMP RRPM activities, may
14	be admissible evidence of reasonable care or negligence.
15	(b) Any person who suffers an injury proximately caused by an owner's
16	breach of this duty of reasonable care shall have a cause of action to recover
17	damages and for all other appropriate relief.
18	(c) The owner of <u>rental</u> target housing or a child care facility <u>or the owner's</u>
19	representative shall not be liable to a tenant of the housing or facility in an
20	individual action for habitability under common law or pursuant to 9 V.S.A.
21	chapter 63 or chapter 137, 10 V.S.A. chapter 153, or 12 V.S.A. chapter 169 for

1	injury or other relief claimed to be caused by exposure to lead if, during the
2	relevant time period, the owner is in compliance with section 1759 of this title
3	chapter and any of the following, should they exist:
4	(1) the conditions of a lead risk assessor's certification, pursuant to
5	Vermont regulations for lead control, that all identified lead hazards have been
6	controlled and the housing or facility has passed an independent dust clearance
7	test specific recommendations of a lead-based paint risk assessment report
8	provided by a lead-based paint inspector-risk assessor;
9	(2) any plan issued pursuant to section 1757 of this title chapter; or
10	(3) any assurance of discontinuance, order of the Commissioner, or
11	court order regarding lead hazards.
12	(d) The immunity under subsection (c) of this section shall not be
13	available if:
14	(1) there was fraud in the certification process <u>RRPM compliance</u>
15	statement under section 1759 of this chapter; or
16	(2) the owner violated conditions of the certification or owner's
17	representative did not follow the recommendations of a lead-based paint risk
18	assessment report provided by a licensed lead-based paint inspector-risk
19	<u>assessor;</u> or

1	(3) the owner or owner's representative created or allowed for the
2	creation of lead hazards during renovation, remodeling, maintenance, or repair
3	after the certification; or
4	(4) the owner or the owner's representative failed to respond in a timely
5	fashion to notification that lead hazards may have recurred on the premises.
6	(e) A defendant in an action brought under this section or at common law
7	has a right to seek contribution from any other person who may be responsible,
8	in whole or in part, for the child's blood lead level.
9	(f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the right of the
10	Commissioner or any agency or instrumentality of the State of Vermont to
11	seek remedies available under any other provision of Vermont statutory law.
12	§ 1762. SECURED LENDERS AND FIDUCIARIES; LIABILITY
13	(a) A person who holds indicia of ownership in rental target housing or a
14	child care facility furnished by the owner or person in lawful possession, for
15	the primary purpose of assuring repayment of a financial obligation, and who
16	takes full legal title through foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure or
17	otherwise shall not be liable as an owner of the property for injury or loss
18	claimed to be caused by exposure to lead of a child on the premises, provided
19	that, on or before the 120th day after the date of possession, the person:
20	(1) performs essential maintenance practices <u>RRPM activities</u> as
21	required by section 1759 of this title chapter; and

1	(2) fully discloses to all potential purchasers, operators, or tenants of the
2	property any information in the possession of such person or the person's
3	agents, regarding the presence of lead based paint lead hazards or a lead-
4	poisoned child on the property and, upon request, provides copies of all written
5	reports on lead-based paint lead hazards to potential purchasers, operators, or
6	tenants.
7	(b) The immunity provided in subsection (a) of this section shall expire
8	365 days after the secured lender or fiduciary takes full legal title.
9	(c) A person who holds legal title to rental target housing or a child care
10	facility as an executor, administrator, trustee, or the guardian of the estate of
11	the owner and demonstrates that in that fiduciary capacity the person does not
12	have either the legal authority or the financial resources to fund capital or
13	major property rehabilitation necessary to conduct essential maintenance
14	practices <u>RRPM activities</u> shall not be personally liable as an owner for injury
15	or loss caused by exposure to lead by of a child on the premises to lead.
16	However, nothing in this section shall limit the liability of the trust estate for
17	such claims and those claims may be asserted against the trustee as a fiduciary
18	of the trust estate.

1	§ 1763. PUBLIC FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE; RENTAL TARGET
2	HOUSING AND CHILD CARE FACILITIES
3	Every State agency or instrumentality that makes a commitment to provide
4	public financial assistance for the purchase or rehabilitation of rental target
5	housing or child care facilities shall give priority to projects in which the
6	property is lead free, exempt pursuant to subsection 1759(e) of this chapter or
7	lead-based paint hazards have been or will be identified and controlled and
8	have passed or will pass an independent dust clearance test that determines that
9	the property contains no lead-contaminated dust prior to occupancy or use.
10	Priority rental target housing projects may include units occupied by severely
11	lead-poisoned children and units in a building that are likely to contain lead-
12	based paint lead hazards. For purposes of As used in this section, "public
13	financial assistance" means any grant, loan, or allocation of tax credits funded
14	by the State or the federal government, or any of their agencies or
15	instrumentalities.
16	§ 1764. LEAD INSPECTORS; FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY
17	The Commissioner may shall require that a licensee or an applicant for a
18	license under subsection 1752(d) of this title chapter provide evidence of
19	ability to properly indemnify properly a person who suffers damage from lead-
20	based paint activities or RRPM activities such as proof of effective liability
21	insurance coverage or a surety bond in an amount to be determined by the

1	Commissioner, which shall not be less than \$300,000.00. This section shall
2	not restrict or enlarge the liability of any person under any applicable law.
3	§ 1765. LIABILITY INSURANCE
4	(a) If the Commissioner of Financial Regulation determines that lead-based
5	paint hazards have substantially diminished the availability of liability
6	insurance for owners of rental target property or child care facilities and that a
7	voluntary market assistance plan will not adequately restore availability, the
8	Commissioner shall order liability insurers to provide or continue to provide
9	liability coverage or to participate in any other appropriate remedial program
10	as determined by the Commissioner, provided the prospective insured is
11	otherwise in compliance with the provisions of this chapter.
12	* * *
13	§ 1766. ENFORCEMENT; ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES
14	
	(a) A person who violates this chapter may be subject to an administrative
15	(a) A person who violates this chapter may be subject to an administrative penalty not to exceed \$5,000.00 for each determination of a separate violation.
15 16	
	penalty not to exceed \$5,000.00 for each determination of a separate violation.
16	penalty not to exceed \$5,000.00 for each determination of a separate violation. If the Commissioner determines that a violation is continuing, each day's
16 17	penalty not to exceed \$5,000.00 for each determination of a separate violation. If the Commissioner determines that a violation is continuing, each day's continuance may be deemed a separate offense beginning from the date the
16 17 18	penalty not to exceed \$5,000.00 for each determination of a separate violation. If the Commissioner determines that a violation is continuing, each day's continuance may be deemed a separate offense beginning from the date the violator is served with notice of the violation.

1	§ 1767. TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP OF TARGET HOUSING; RISK
2	ASSESSMENT; EMP RRPM COMPLIANCE
3	(a) Prior to the time a purchase and sale agreement for target housing is
4	executed, the seller shall provide the buyer with materials approved by the
5	Commissioner, including a lead paint hazard brochure and materials on other
6	lead hazards in housing. The seller shall also provide a disclosure form that
7	shall include any lead-based paint inspection or risk assessment report or letter
8	of exemption, assurance of discontinuance, administrative order, or court order
9	the terms of which are not completed and, if the property is rental target
10	housing, verification that the EMP have been completed, RRPM was utilized
11	pursuant to this chapter and that a current EMP <u>RRPM</u> compliance statement
11 12	pursuant to this chapter and that a current EMP <u>RRPM</u> compliance statement has been filed with the Department.
12	has been filed with the Department.
12 13	has been filed with the Department.(b) At the time of sale purchase of target housing, sellers and other
12 13 14	 has been filed with the Department. (b) At the time of sale purchase of target housing, sellers and other transferors shall provide the buyer or transferee with any materials delineated
12 13 14 15	 has been filed with the Department. (b) At the time of sale purchase of target housing, sellers and other transferors shall provide the buyer or transferee with any materials delineated in subsection (a) of this section not previously disclosed and a lead-safe
12 13 14 15 16	 has been filed with the Department. (b) At the time of sale purchase of target housing, sellers and other transferors shall provide the buyer or transferee with any materials delineated in subsection (a) of this section not previously disclosed and a lead-safe renovation practices packet approved by the Commissioner and shall disclose
12 13 14 15 16 17	 has been filed with the Department. (b) At the time of sale purchase of target housing, sellers and other transferors shall provide the buyer or transferee with any materials delineated in subsection (a) of this section not previously disclosed and a lead-safe renovation practices packet approved by the Commissioner and shall disclose any lead-based paint inspection or risk assessment report or letter of

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1	(d) Prior to the time of sale <u>purchase</u> of rental target housing, the real estate
2	agents, sellers, and other transferors of title shall provide the buyer or
3	transferee with information approved by the Commissioner explaining EMP
4	<u>RRPM</u> obligations.
5	(e) <u>A buyer or other transferee of title of rental target housing shall at the</u>
6	time of sale or transfer of ownership, or both, disclose this transfer to the
7	Department.
8	(f) A buyer or other transferee of title to rental target housing who has
9	purchased or received a building or unit that is not in full compliance with
10	section 1759 of this title chapter shall bring the rental target housing into
11	compliance with section 1759 of this title chapter within 60 days after the
12	closing. Within the 60-day period, the buyer or transferee may submit a
13	written request for an extension of time for compliance, which the
14	Commissioner may grant in writing for a stated period of time for good cause
15	only. Failure to comply with this subsection shall result in a mandatory civil
16	an administrative penalty in accordance with section 1766 of this chapter.
17	(f) This section shall not apply to target housing that has been certified
18	lead free.
19	(g) Noncompliance with this section shall not affect marketability of title.

1	Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE
2	This act shall take effect upon the Commissioner of Health's written
3	confirmation to the General Assembly that the U.S. Environmental Protection
4	Agency has issued a state certification to Vermont approving both this act and
5	the corresponding rules.
6	
7	
8	(Committee vote:)
9	
10	Representative
11	FOR THE COMMITTEE