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TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATI	VES:
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2	The Committee on Health Care to which was referred Senate Bill No. 92
3	entitled "An act relating to interchangeable biological products" respectfully
4	reports that it has considered the same and recommends that the House propose
5	to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting
6	clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
7	* * * Interchangeable Biological Products * * *
8	Sec. 1. 18 V.S.A. § 4601 is amended to read:
9	§ 4601. DEFINITIONS
10	For the purposes of this chapter, unless the context otherwise clearly
11	requires As used in this chapter:
12	(1) "Brand name" means the registered trademark name given to a drug
13	product by its manufacturer or distributor; "Biological product" means a virus,
14	therapeutic serum, toxin, antitoxin, vaccine, blood, blood component or
15	derivative, allergenic product, protein (except any chemically synthesized
16	polypeptide), or analogous product, or arsphenamine or derivative of
17	arsphenamine (or any other trivalent organic arsenic compound), applicable to
18	the prevention, treatment, or cure of a disease or condition in human beings.
19	(2) "Generic name" means the official name of a drug product as

established by the United States Adopted Names Council (USAN) or its

1	successor, if applicable; "Brand name" means the registered trademark name
2	given to a drug product by its manufacturer or distributor.
3	(3) "Pharmacist" means a natural person licensed by the state board of
4	pharmacy to prepare, compound, dispense, and sell drugs, medicines,
5	chemicals, and poisons;
6	(4) "Generic drug" means a drug listed by generic name and considered
7	to be chemically and therapeutically equivalent to a drug listed by brand name,
8	as both names are identified in the most recent edition of or supplement to the
9	federal U.S. Food and Drug Administration's "Orange Book" of approved drug
10	products; Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations
11	(the Orange Book).
12	(4) "Generic name" means the official name of a drug product as
13	established by the U. S. Adopted Names Council (USAN) or its successor, if
14	applicable.
15	(5) "Interchangeable biological product" means a biological product that
16	the U.S. Food and Drug Administration has:
17	(A) licensed and determined, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 262(k)(4), to be
18	interchangeable with the reference product against which it was evaluated; or
19	(B) determined to be therapeutically equivalent as set forth in the
20	latest edition of or supplement to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration's

1	Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations (the
2	Orange Book).
3	(6) "Pharmacist" means a natural person licensed by the State Board of
4	Pharmacy to prepare, compound, dispense, and sell drugs, medicines,
5	chemicals, and poisons.
6	(5)(7) "Prescriber" means any duly licensed physician, dentist,
7	veterinarian, or other practitioner licensed to write prescriptions for the
8	treatment or prevention of disease in man or animal.
9	(8) "Proper name" means the non-proprietary name of a biological
10	product.
11	(9) "Reference product" means the single biological product licensed
12	pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 262(a) against which the interchangeable biological
13	product was evaluated by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration pursuant to
14	42 U.S.C. § 262(k).
15	Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. § 4605 is amended to read:
16	§ 4605. ALTERNATIVE DRUG <u>OR BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT</u>
17	SELECTION
18	(a)(1) When a pharmacist receives a prescription for a drug which that is
19	listed either by generic name or brand name in the most recent edition of or
20	supplement to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' publication
21	Approved Drug Products With Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations (the

"Orange Book") of approved drug products, the pharmacist shall select the
lowest priced drug from the list which is equivalent as defined by the "Orange
Book," unless otherwise instructed by the prescriber, or by the purchaser if the
purchaser agrees to pay any additional cost in excess of the benefits provided
by the purchaser's health benefit plan if allowed under the legal requirements
applicable to the plan, or otherwise to pay the full cost for the higher priced
drug.

- (2) When a pharmacist receives a prescription for a biological product, the pharmacist shall select the lowest priced interchangeable biological product unless otherwise instructed by the prescriber, or by the purchaser if the purchaser agrees to pay any additional cost in excess of the benefits provided by the purchaser's health benefit plan if allowed under the legal requirements applicable to the plan, or otherwise to pay the full cost for the higher priced biological product.
- (3) Notwithstanding subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, when a pharmacist receives a prescription from a Medicaid beneficiary, the pharmacist shall select the preferred brand-name or generic drug or biological product from the Department of Vermont Health Access's preferred drug list.
- (b) The purchaser shall be informed by the pharmacist or his or her representative that an alternative selection as provided under subsection (a) of this section will be made unless the purchaser agrees to pay any additional cost

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2 allowed under the legal requirements applicable to the plan, or otherwise to 3 pay the full cost for the higher priced drug or biological product. 4 (c) When refilling a prescription, pharmacists shall receive the consent of 5 the prescriber to dispense a drug or biological product different from that 6 originally dispensed, and shall inform the purchaser that a generic substitution 7 shall be made pursuant to this section unless the purchaser agrees to pay any 8 additional cost in excess of the benefits provided by the purchaser's health 9 benefit plan if allowed under the legal requirements applicable to the plan, or 10 otherwise to pay the full cost for the higher priced drug or biological product. 11 (d) Any pharmacist substituting a generically equivalent drug or 12 interchangeable biological product shall charge no more than the usual and 13 customary retail price for that selected drug or biological product. This charge 14 shall not exceed the usual and customary retail price for the prescribed brand. 15 (e)(1) Except as described in subdivision (4) of this subsection, within five 16 business days following the dispensing of a biological product, the dispensing 17 pharmacist or designee shall communicate the specific biological product 18 provided to the patient, including the biological product's name and 19 manufacturer, by submitting the information in a format that is accessible to 20 the prescriber electronically through one of the following:

(A) an interoperable electronic medical records system;

in excess of the benefits provided by the purchaser's health benefit plan if

1	(B) an electronic prescribing technology;
2	(C) a pharmacy benefit management system; or
3	(D) a pharmacy record.
4	(2) Entry into an electronic records system as described in subdivision
5	(1) of this subsection shall be presumed to provide notice to the prescriber.
6	(3)(A) If a pharmacy does not have access to one or more of the
7	electronic systems described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the
8	pharmacist or designee shall communicate to the prescriber the information
9	regarding the biological product dispensed using telephone, facsimile,
10	electronic transmission, or other prevailing means.
11	(B) If a prescription is communicated to the pharmacy by means
12	other than electronic prescribing technology, the pharmacist or designee shall
13	communicate to the prescriber the information regarding the biological product
14	dispensed using the electronic process described in subdivision (1) of this
15	subsection unless the prescriber requests a different means of communication
16	on the prescription.
17	(4) Notwithstanding any provision of this subsection to the contrary, a
18	pharmacist shall not be required to communicate information regarding the
19	biological product dispensed in the following circumstances:
20	(A) the U.S. Food and Drug Administration has not approved any
21	interchangeable biological products for the product prescribed; or

1	(B) the pharmacist dispensed a refill prescription in which the
2	product dispensed was unchanged from the product dispensed at the prior
3	filling of the prescription.
4	(f) The Board of Pharmacy shall maintain a link on its website to the
5	current lists of all biological products that the U.S. Food and Drug
6	Administration has determined to be interchangeable biological products.
7	Sec. 3. 18 V.S.A. § 4606 is amended to read:
8	§ 4606. BRAND CERTIFICATION
9	If the prescriber has determined that the generic equivalent of a drug or the
10	interchangeable biological product for the biological product being prescribed
11	has not been effective or with reasonable certainty is not expected to be
12	effective in treating the patient's medical condition or causes or is reasonably
13	expected to cause adverse or harmful reactions in the patient, the prescriber
14	shall indicate "brand necessary," "no substitution," "dispense as written," or
15	"DAW" in the prescriber's own handwriting on the prescription blank or shall
16	indicate the same using electronic prescribing technology and the pharmacist
17	shall not substitute the generic equivalent or interchangeable biological
18	product. If a prescription is unwritten and the prescriber has determined that
19	the generic equivalent of the drug or the interchangeable biological product for
20	the biological product being prescribed has not been effective or with
21	reasonable certainty is not expected to be effective in treating the patient's

distributor.

1 medical condition or causes or is reasonably expected to cause adverse or 2 harmful reactions in the patient, the prescriber shall expressly indicate to the 3 pharmacist that the brand-name drug or biological product is necessary and 4 substitution is not allowed and the pharmacist shall not substitute the generic 5 equivalent drug or interchangeable biological product. 6 Sec. 4. 18 V.S.A. § 4607 is amended to read: 7 § 4607. INFORMATION; LABELING 8 (a) Every pharmacy in the state State shall have posted a sign in a 9 prominent place that is in clear unobstructed view which shall read: "Vermont 10 law requires pharmacists in some cases to select a less expensive generic 11 equivalent <u>drug or interchangeable biological product</u> for the drug <u>or biological</u> 12 product prescribed unless you or your physician direct otherwise. Ask your 13 pharmacist." 14 (b) The label of the container of all drugs and biological products dispensed 15 by a pharmacist under this chapter shall indicate the generic or proper name 16 using an abbreviation if necessary, the strength of the drug or biological 17 product, if applicable, and the name or number of the manufacturer or

1	Sec. 5. 18 V.S.A. § 4608 is amended to read:
2	§ 4608. LIABILITY
3	(a) Nothing in this chapter shall affect a licensed hospital with the
4	development and maintenance of a hospital formulary system in accordance
5	with that institution's policies and procedures that pertain to its drug
6	distribution system developed by the medical staff in cooperation with the
7	hospital's pharmacist and administration.
8	(b) The substitution of a generic drug or interchangeable biological product
9	by a pharmacist under the provisions of this chapter does not constitute the
10	practice of medicine.
11	Sec. 6. 8 V.S.A. § 4089i is amended to read:
12	§ 4089i. PRESCRIPTION DRUG COVERAGE
13	* * *
14	(g) A health insurance or other health benefit plan offered by a health
15	insurer or by a pharmacy benefit manager on behalf of a health insurer that
16	provides coverage for prescription drugs shall apply the same cost-sharing
17	requirements to interchangeable biological products as apply to generic drugs
18	under the plan.
19	(h) As used in this section:
20	* * *

1	(6) "Interchangeable biological products" shall have the same meaning
2	as in 18 V.S.A. § 4601.
3	(h)(i) The Department of Financial Regulation shall enforce this section
4	and may adopt rules as necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.
5	* * * Health Insurance Plan Reporting * * *
6	Sec. 7. 8 V.S.A. § 4062 is amended to read:
7	§ 4062. FILING AND APPROVAL OF POLICY FORMS AND PREMIUMS
8	* * *
9	(b)(1) In conjunction with a rate filing required by subsection (a) of this
10	section, an insurer shall file a plain language summary of the proposed rate.
11	All summaries shall include a brief justification of any rate increase requested,
12	the information that the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and
13	Human Services (HHS) requires for rate increases over 10 percent, and any
14	other information required by the Board. The plain language summary shall be
15	in the format required by the Secretary of HHS pursuant to the Patient
16	Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010, Public Law 111-148, as amended
17	by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Public Law 111-
18	152, and shall include notification of the public comment period established in
19	subsection (c) of this section. In addition, the insurer shall post the summaries
20	on its website.

1	(2)(A) In conjunction with a rate filing required by subsection (a) of this
2	section, an insurer shall disclose to the Board:
3	(i) for all covered prescription drugs, including generic drugs,
4	brand-name drugs excluding specialty drugs, and specialty drugs dispensed at a
5	pharmacy, network pharmacy, or mail-order pharmacy for outpatient use:
6	(I) the percentage of the premium rate attributable to
7	prescription drug costs for the prior year for each category of prescription
8	drugs;
9	(II) the year-over-year increase or decrease, expressed as a
10	percentage, in per-member, per-month total health plan spending on each
11	category of prescription drugs; and
12	(III) the year-over-year increase or decrease in per-member,
13	per-month costs for prescription drugs compared to other components of the
14	premium rate; and
15	(ii) the specialty tier formulary list.
16	(B) The insurer shall provide, if available, the percentage of the
17	premium rate attributable to prescription drugs administered by a health care
18	provider in an outpatient setting that are part of the medical benefit as separate
19	from the pharmacy benefit.
20	(C) The insurer shall include information on its use of a pharmacy
21	benefit manager, if any, including which components of the prescription drug

1	coverage described in subdivisions (A) and (B) of this subdivision (2) are
2	managed by the pharmacy benefit manager, as well as the name of the
3	pharmacy benefit manager or managers used.
4	(c)(1) The Board shall provide information to the public on the Board's
5	website about the public availability of the filings and summaries required
6	under this section.
7	(2)(A) Beginning no later than January 1, 2014, the The Board shall post
8	the rate filings pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and summaries
9	pursuant to subsection (b) of this section on the Board's website within five
10	calendar days of following filing. The Board shall also establish a mechanism
11	by which members of the public may request to be notified automatically each
12	time a proposed rate is filed with the Board.
13	* * *
14	Sec. 8. 18 V.S.A. § 4636 is added to read:
15	§ 4636. IMPACT OF PRESCRIPTION DRUG COSTS ON HEALTH
16	INSURANCE PREMIUMS; REPORT
17	(a)(1) Each health insurer with more than 1,000 covered lives in this State
18	shall report to the Green Mountain Care Board, for all covered prescription
19	drugs, including generic drugs, brand-name drugs, and specialty drugs
20	provided in an outpatient setting or sold in a retail setting:

1	(A) the 25 most frequently prescribed drugs and the average
2	wholesale price for each drug;
3	(B) the 25 most costly drugs by total plan spending and the average
4	wholesale price for each drug; and
5	(C) the 25 drugs with the highest year-over-year price increases and
6	the average wholesale price for each drug.
7	(2) A health insurer shall not be required to provide to the Green
8	Mountain Care Board the actual price paid, net of rebates, for any prescription
9	<u>drug.</u>
10	(b) The Green Mountain Care Board shall compile the information reported
11	pursuant to subsection (a) of this section into a consumer-friendly report that
12	demonstrates the overall impact of drug costs on health insurance premiums.
13	The data in the report shall be aggregated and shall not reveal information as
14	specific to a particular health benefit plan.
15	(c) The Board shall publish the report required pursuant to subsection (b) of
16	this section on its website on or before January 1 of each year.
17	* * * Prescription Drug Price Transparency and Notice of
18	New High-Cost Drugs * * *
19	Sec. 9. 18 V.S.A. § 4635 is amended to read:
20	§ 4635. PHARMACEUTICAL PRESCRIPTION DRUG COST
21	TRANSPARENCY

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calendar year.

- 2 (1) "Manufacturer" shall have the same meaning as "pharmaceutical 3 manufacturer" in section 4631a of this title.
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(2) "Prescription drug" means a drug as defined in 21 U.S.C. § 321. 5 (b)(1)(A) The Green Mountain Care Board, in collaboration with the 6 Department of Vermont Health Access, shall identify create annually up to 15 7 a list of 10 prescription drugs on which the State spends significant health care 8 dollars and for which the wholesale acquisition cost has increased by 50 9 percent or more over the past five years or by 15 percent or more over the past 10 12 months during the previous calendar year, creating a substantial public 11 interest in understanding the development of the drugs' pricing. The drugs 12 identified shall represent different drug classes. The list shall include at least 13 one generic and one brand-name drug and shall indicate each of the drugs on 14 the list that the Department considers to be specialty drugs. The Department 15 shall include the percentage of the wholesale acquisition cost increase for each 16 drug on the list; rank the drugs on the list from those with the largest increase 17 in wholesale acquisition cost to those with the smallest increase; indicate 18 whether each drug was included on the list based on its cost increase over the 19 past five years or during the previous calendar year, or both; and provide the 20 Department's total expenditure for each drug on the list during the most recent

(B) The Department of Vermont Health Access shall create annually
a list of 10 prescription drugs on which the State spends significant health care
dollars and for which the cost to the Department of Vermont Health Access,
net of rebates and other price concessions, has increased by 50 percent or more
over the past five years or by 15 percent or more during the previous calendar
year, creating a substantial public interest in understanding the development of
the drugs' pricing. The list shall include at least one generic and one brand-
name drug and shall indicate each of the drugs on the list that the Department
considers to be specialty drugs. The Department shall rank the drugs on the
list from those with the greatest increase in net cost to those with the smallest
increase and indicate whether each drug was included on the list based on its
cost increase over the past five years or during the previous calendar year, or
both.
(C)(i) Each health insurer with more than 5,000 covered lives in this
State for major medical health insurance shall create annually a list of 10

State for major medical health insurance shall create annually a list of 10 prescription drugs on which its health insurance plans spend significant amounts of their premium dollars and for which the cost to the plans, net of rebates and other price concessions, has increased by 50 percent or more over the past five years or by 15 percent or more during the previous calendar year, or both, creating a substantial public interest in understanding the development of the drugs' pricing. The list shall include at least one generic and one brand-

1	name drug and shall indicate each of the drugs on the list that the health insurer
2	considers to be specialty drugs.
3	(ii) A health insurer shall not be required to identify the exact
4	percentage by which the net cost to its plans for any prescription drug
5	increased over any specific period of time, but shall rank the drugs on its list in
6	order from the largest to the smallest cost increase and shall provide the
7	insurer's total expenditure, net of rebates and other price concessions, for each
8	drug on the list during the most recent calendar year.
9	(2) The Board Department of Vermont Health Access and the health
10	insurers shall provide to the Office of the Attorney General and the Green
11	Mountain Care Board the list lists of prescription drugs developed pursuant to
12	this subsection and the percentage of the wholesale acquisition cost increase
13	for each drug and annually on or before June 1. The Office of the Attorney
14	General and the Green Mountain Care Board shall make all of the information
15	available to the public on the Board's website their respective websites.
16	(c)(1)(A) For each prescription drug identified Of the prescription drugs
17	listed by the Department of Vermont Health Access and the health insurers
18	pursuant to subsection (b) subdivisions (b)(1)(B) and (C) of this section, the
19	Office of the Attorney General shall identify 15 drugs as follows:
20	(i) of the drugs appearing on more than one payer's list, the Office
21	of the Attorney General shall identify the top 15 drugs on which the greatest

1	amount of money was spent across all payers during the previous calendar
2	year, to the extent information is available; and
3	(ii) if fewer than 15 drugs appear on more than one payer's list,
4	the Office of the Attorney General shall rank the remaining drugs based on the
5	amount of money spent by any one payer during the previous calendar year, in
6	descending order, and select as many of the drugs at the top of the list as
7	necessary to reach a total of 15 drugs.
8	(B) For the 15 drugs identified by the Office of the Attorney General
9	pursuant to subdivision (A) of this subdivision (1), the Office of the Attorney
10	General shall require the drug's manufacturer of each such drug to provide a
11	justification all of the following:
12	(i) Justification for the increase in the wholesale acquisition net
13	cost of the drug to the Department of Vermont Health Access, to one more
14	health insurers, or both, which shall be provided to the Office of the Attorney
15	General in a format that the Office of the Attorney General determines to be
16	understandable and appropriate and shall be provided in accordance with a
17	timeline specified by the Office of the Attorney General. The manufacturer
18	shall submit to the Office of the Attorney General all relevant information and
19	supporting documentation necessary to justify the manufacturer's wholesale
20	acquisition net cost increase over to the Department of Vermont Health

1	Access, to one more health insurers, or both during the identified period of
2	time, which may include including:
3	(A)(I) all factors that have contributed to the wholesale
4	acquisition each factor that specifically caused the net cost increase over to the
5	Department of Vermont Health Access, to one more health insurers, or both
6	during the specified period of time;
7	(B)(II) the percentage of the total wholesale acquisition cost
8	increase attributable to each factor; and
9	(C)(III) an explanation of the role of each factor in contributing
10	to the wholesale acquisition cost increase.
11	(ii) A separate version of the information submitted pursuant to
12	subdivision (i) of this subdivision (1)(B), which shall be made available to the
13	public by the Office of the Attorney General and the Green Mountain Care
14	Board pursuant to subsection (d) of this section. In the event that the
15	manufacturer believes it necessary to redact certain information in the public
16	version as proprietary or confidential, the manufacturer shall provide an
17	explanation for each such redaction to the Office of the Attorney General. The
18	information, format, and any redactions shall be subject to approval by the
19	Office of the Attorney General.
20	(iii) Additional information in response to all requests for such
21	information by the Office of the Attorney General.

1	(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict the legal ability
2	of a prescription drug manufacturer to change prices to the extent permitted
3	under federal law.
4	(d)(1) The Attorney General, in consultation with the Department of
5	Vermont Health Access, shall provide a report to the General Assembly on or
6	before December 1 of each year based on the information received from
7	manufacturers pursuant to this section. The Attorney General shall also post
8	the report and the public version of each manufacturer's information submitted
9	pursuant to subdivision (c)(1)(B)(ii) of this section on the Office of the
10	Attorney General's website.
11	(2) The Green Mountain Care Board shall post on its website the report
12	prepared by the Attorney General pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection
13	and the public version of each manufacturer's information submitted pursuant
	and the public version of each manufacturer is information submitted pursuant
14	to subdivision (c)(1)(B)(ii) of this section, and may inform the public of the
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	to subdivision (c)(1)(B)(ii) of this section, and may inform the public of the
15	to subdivision (c)(1)(B)(ii) of this section, and may inform the public of the availability of the report and the manufacturers' justification information.
15 16	to subdivision (c)(1)(B)(ii) of this section, and may inform the public of the availability of the report and the manufacturers' justification information. (e) Information provided to the Office of the Attorney General pursuant to
15 16 17	to subdivision (c)(1)(B)(ii) of this section, and may inform the public of the availability of the report and the manufacturers' justification information. (e) Information provided to the Office of the Attorney General pursuant to this section is exempt from public inspection and copying under the Public

1	information, except for the information prepared for release to the public
2	pursuant to subdivision (c)(1)(B)(ii) of this section.
3	(f) The Attorney General may bring an action in the Civil Division of the
4	Superior Court, Washington County for injunctive relief, costs, and attorney's
5	fees, and to impose on a manufacturer that fails to provide any of the
6	information required by subsection (c) of this section, in the format requested
7	by the Office of the Attorney General and in accordance with the timeline
8	specified by the Office of the Attorney General, a civil penalty of no not more
9	than \$10,000.00 per violation. Each unlawful failure to provide information
10	shall constitute a separate violation. In any action brought pursuant to this
11	section, the Attorney General shall have the same authority to investigate and
12	to obtain remedies as if the action were brought under the Consumer Protection
13	Act, 9 V.S.A. chapter 63.
14	Sec. 10. 18 V.S.A. § 4637 is added to read:
15	§ 4637. NOTICE OF INTRODUCTION OF NEW HIGH-COST
16	PRESCRIPTION DRUGS
17	(a) As used in this section:
18	(1) "Manufacturer" shall have the same meaning as "pharmaceutical
19	manufacturer" in section 4631a of this title.
20	(2) "Prescription drug" means a drug as defined in 21 U.S.C. § 321.

1	(b) A prescription drug manufacturer shall notify the Office of the Attorney
2	General in writing if it is introducing a new prescription drug to market at a
3	wholesale acquisition cost that exceeds the threshold set for a specialty drug
4	under the Medicare Part D program. The manufacturer shall provide the
5	written notice within three calendar days following the release of the drug in
6	the commercial market. A manufacturer may make the notification pending
7	approval by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) if commercial
8	availability is expected within three calendar days following the approval.
9	(c) Not later than 30 calendar days following notification pursuant to
10	subsection (b) of this section, the manufacturer shall provide all of the
11	following information to the Office of the Attorney General in a format that the
12	Office prescribes:
13	(1) a description of the marketing and pricing plans used in the launch of
14	the new drug in the United States and internationally;
15	(2) the estimated volume of patients who may be prescribed the drug;
16	(3) whether the drug was granted breakthrough therapy designation or
17	priority review by the FDA prior to final approval; and
18	(4) the date and price of acquisition if the drug was not developed by the
19	manufacturer.

1	(d) The manufacturer may limit the information reported pursuant to
2	subsection (c) of this section to that which is otherwise in the public domain or
3	publicly available.
4	(e) The Office of the Attorney General shall publish on its website at least
5	quarterly the information reported to it pursuant to this section. The
6	information shall be published in a manner that identifies the information that
7	is disclosed on a per-drug basis and shall not be aggregated in a manner that
8	would not allow identification of the drug.
9	(f) The Attorney General may bring an action in the Civil Division of the
10	Superior Court, Washington County for injunctive relief, costs, and attorney's
11	fees and to impose on a manufacturer that fails to provide the information
12	required by subsection (c) of this section a civil penalty of not more than
13	\$1,000.00 per day for every day after the notification period described in
14	subsection (b) of this section that the required information is not reported. In
15	any action brought pursuant to this section, the Attorney General shall have the
16	same authority to investigate and to obtain remedies as if the action were
17	brought under the Consumer Protection Act, 9 V.S.A. chapter 63.
18	* * * Disclosures by Pharmacists * * *
19	Sec. 11. 18 V.S.A. § 9473(b) is amended to read:
20	(b) A pharmacy benefit manager or other entity paying pharmacy claims
21	shall not:

1	(1) impose a higher co-payment for a prescription drug than the co-
2	payment applicable to the type of drug purchased under the insured's health
3	plan;
4	(2) impose a higher co-payment for a prescription drug than the
5	maximum allowable cost for the drug; or
6	(3) require a pharmacy to pass through any portion of the insured's co-
7	payment to the pharmacy benefit manager or other payer;
8	(4) prohibit or penalize a pharmacy or pharmacist for providing
9	information to an insured regarding the insured's cost-sharing amount for a
10	prescription drug; or
11	(5) prohibit or penalize a pharmacy or pharmacist for the pharmacist or
12	other pharmacy employee disclosing to an insured the cash price for a
13	prescription drug or selling a lower cost drug to the insured if one is available.
14	* * * Effective Dates * * *
15	Sec. 12. EFFECTIVE DATES
16	(a) Secs. 1–6 (interchangeable biological products) shall take effect on July
17	<u>1, 2018.</u>
18	(b) Sec. 11 (18 V.S.A. § 9473; disclosures by pharmacists) shall take effect
19	on July 1, 2018 and shall apply to all contracts taking effect on or after that
20	date.
21	(c) The remaining sections shall take effect on passage.

1	and that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: "An act
2	relating to prescription drug price transparency and cost containment"
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17	(Committee vote:)
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19	Representative
20	FOR THE COMMITTEE