General Summary

To summarize, this bill would do the following:

1. Prohibit certain employment after leaving public office.

- a. *Legislators*. For one year after leaving office, legislators could not be lobbyists.
- b. *Executive officers*. For one year after leaving office, certain Executive officers could not be lobbyists or paid to advocate for a private entity before a public body on any matter in which, while in State employ, they had participated or had official responsibility.

2. Require financial disclosures of:

- a. Statewide (incl. tax return) and legislative candidates for office;
- b. Certain Executive officers; and
- c. Members of the State Ethics Commission.

3. Impose restrictions on contracting and campaign contributions.

- a. *Restrictions on contributors entering into sole source contracts.* Prohibit State office contributors from entering into certain sole source contracts with that office for one year after the contribution or start of term, as applicable.
- b. Restrictions on sole source contractors making contributions. Prohibit people who enter into certain sole source contracts with the office of a State officer from making a contribution to that State officer or a candidate for that office during the term of the contract.

4. Establish the State Ethics Commission. The Commission would:

- a. Not have any enforcement authority;
- b. Accept, review, make referrals regarding, and track complaints of alleged violations of governmental conduct regulated by law, of the Department of Human Resource's employee code of ethics, and of the State's campaign finance law;
- c. Create and maintain the State Code of Ethics, which sets forth principles of governmental ethical conduct;
- d. Provide ethics training:
- e. Issue advisory opinions regarding governmental ethical conduct;
- f. Be staffed by a part-time Executive Director;
- g. Annually report to the General Assembly; and
- h. Be temporarily funded through a per-position charge assessed on Executive Branch agencies, departments, and offices.

S.8, as Passed by Senate: An Act Relating to Establishing the State Ethics Commission and Standards of Governmental Ethical Conduct

General Summary and Section-by-Section Summary

BetsyAnn Wrask, Legislative Counsel, Office of Legislative Council

March 29, 2017

VT LEG #321984 v.2

				BAW; 3/29/17
			S.8, as Passed by Senate:	
		An Act Relating to Esta	iblishing the State Ethics Commission and Standards of Governmental Ethica	I Conduct
Sec.	Cite and Title	Current Law Description	Proposed Amendment or New Law	<u>Notes</u>

		***	Former Legislators and Executive Officers; Lobbying Restriction * * *	
1	2 V.S.A. § 266	Prohibited conduct for lobbyists,	(b)(1) For one year after leaving office, prohibits a legislator or Executive	See NCSL's 50-State Chart, "Rules Against Legislators
	(prohibited conduct)	lobbying firms, lobbyist employers,	officer from being a lobbyist.	Lobbying State Government After They Leave Office" and
		administrative officials, legislators, and	(2) Exemption for lobbyists exempted from registering under <u>2 V.S.A. § 262</u>	notes below.
		legislative leadership PACs.	(lobbying; exempted persons).	
			(c)(1) Uses whole campaign finance chapter to define terms.	(c) A related expenditure may be a "contribution" under
			(2) "Executive officer" = statewide officer, agency secretary or deputy, or	<u>17 V.S.A. § 2944</u> .
			department commissioner or deputy.	
			* * Former Executive Officers; Postemployment Restrictions * * *	
2	3 V.S.A. § 267	n/a; proposed new statute	(a), (b) For one year after leaving office, prohibits an Executive officer from	Courts in other states have upheld various "cooling off
	(Executive officers;	Would be codified in T.3 (Executive),	being paid to advocate for a private entity before a public body (incl. Leg. and	periods"/"revolving door" prohibitions. See e.g., Forti v. New
	postemployment	ch. 11 (State officers and employees	committees) re: a matter that the Exec. officer:	York State Ethics Commission, 555 N.Y.S.2d 235 (1990):
	restrictions)	generally).	(a) participated personally and substantively; or	• "In general, the purpose of 'revolving door' provisions
			(b) exercised official responsibility.	such as those at issue here is to prevent former
			(c) Exemption for people if their only advocacy role would exempt them from	government employees from unfairly profiting from or
			registering under 2 V.S.A. § 262 (lobbying; exempted persons).	otherwise trading upon the contacts, associations and
			(d) Public body enforces.	special knowledge that they acquired during their tenure
			(e)(1) "Advocate" = person who assists, defends, or pleads.	as public servants The underlying premise is that
			(2) "Executive officer" = statewide officer, agency secretary or deputy, or	'[f]ormer officers should not be permitted to exercise
			department commissioner or deputy.	undue influence over former colleagues, still in office, in
				matters pending before the agencies [and] they should not
				be permitted to utilize information on specific cases
				gained during government service for their own benefit
				and that of private clients. Both are forms of unfair
				advantage." <u>Id</u> . at 237-238 (other citations omitted).
				• "[T]here is nothing harsh or unreasonable about the
				application to plaintiffs of the new lifetime ban on
				appearing or otherwise practicing before their former
				agencies in connection with a matter in which they
				directly participated during their State tenure. The ban is
				designed to prevent former public servants from falling
				prey to one form of conflict of interest, or to the
				appearance of a conflict, and from taking unfair advantage
				of their insider's knowledge and contacts, including the
				confidences and secrets they may have gained while
				working on the matter on behalf of the State." <u>Id</u> . at 241.

S.8, as Pa	assed by S	Senate:
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An Act Relating to Establish	ing the State Ethics C	Commission and Standards o	of Governmental Ethical Conduct

	An Act Relating to Establishing the State Etnics Commission and Standards of Governmental Etnical Conduct					
Sec.	Cite and Title	Current Law Description	Proposed Amendment or New Law	<u>Notes</u>		

		*:	* * Candidates for State and Legislative Office; Disclosure Form * * *	
3	17 V.S.A. § 2414 (Candidates for State and legislative office; disclosure form)	n/a; proposed new statute Would be codified in T.17 (Elections), ch. 49 (nominations).	(a) Requires candidates for State or legislative office to file, along with consent form, a disclosure form re: previous year's: (1) source (but not amount) of income more than \$10k of candidate and spouse, incl. employment, specific investments, and State contracts; (2) board service and description; and (3) companies that candidate and/or spouse had more than 10% ownership. (b) Statewide candidates also have to file a copy of most recent IRS 1040; specific sensitive info (SSN, etc.) may be redacted. (c)(1) Clerk forwards to Sec. of State within 3 days. (2) Sec. of State posts publicly and shall redact any of the sensitive info not redacted by the candidate.	 See NCSL's 50-State Chart, "Paperwork Requirements for Filing as a Candidate for State Legislator" No penalty for failure to file these disclosures.
	I		* * * Campaign Finance; Contractor Contribution Restrictions * * *	
4	17 V.S.A. § 2950 (State officers and State office candidates; contractor contribution restrictions)	n/a; proposed new statute Would be codified in T.17 (Elections), ch. 61 (campaign finance).	 (a) Contributor restrictions on contracting. (1) A person (or principal or spouse) who makes a contribution to State officer or candidate for that office shall not enter into a sole source contract of \$50,000 or more or multiple sole source contracts of aggregate \$100,000 or more with that office within one year following: (A) the contribution, if made to incumbent State officer; or (B) beginning of term, if made to non-incumbent candidate. (2) Prohibition only applies if contribution receiver is in office during prohibition timeframe. (b) Contractor restrictions on contributions. (1)(A) A person who enters into a sole source contract(s) described above with office of State officer shall not contribute to candidate for that office or to the State officer, nor shall person's principal or spouse. (B) Candidate, his/her committee, or State officer shall not solicit or accept such contribution if s/he/it knows the person is prohibited from making it. (2) Prohibition timeframe is while contract is in effect. (c)(1) "Contract" = "contact for services" via 3 V.S.A. § 341 (State contracts). (2) "Principal" = individual who: (A) has controlling interest in person (if business); (B) is vested with authority over person, (if for-profit business); or (C) is person's employee with substantial responsibilities re: contract negotiation. 	 See similar investment services firm prohibition on contributions to candidate for State Treasurer – and prohibition on Treasurer entering into a contract with such contributing firms – set forth in 32 V.S.A. § 109. See also prohibition on lobbyists, lobbyist employers, and lobbying firms from making contributions to legislators, legislators' candidate's committees, and legislative leadership PACs while General Assembly is in session, until adjournment sine die, set forth in 2 V.S.A. § 266(a)(3)(B). "[This contribution prohibition] functions solely as a timing measure, banning contributions to individual members only while the General Assembly is in session. The Act does not prohibit contributions to political parties during session, only those to individual legislators. Consequently, the limited prohibition focuses on a narrow period during which legislators could be, or could appear to be, pressured, coerced, or tempted into voting on the basis of cash contributions rather than on consideration of the public weal. The [L]egislature has chosen a narrowly drawn measure to avoid a serious appearance of impropriety, and we see no reason to strike that measure down." Kimbell v. Hooper, 164 Vt. 80, 90 (1995).
4a	3 V.S.A. § 347 (contractor contribution restrictions)	n/a; proposed new statute Would be codified in T.3 (Executive), ch. 14 (standards for State contracts).	Requires the Sec. of Administration to include in Administrative Bulletin 3.5 a notice re: the previous section's restrictions on contributions and contracting.	

S.8, as Passed by Senate:
An Act Relating to Establishing the State Ethics Commission and Standards of Governmental Ethical Conduct

Sec. Cite and Title Current Law Description Proposed Amendment or New Law	Notes
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		* * *	Campaign Finance Investigations; Reports to Ethics Commission * * *	
5	17 V.S.A. § 2904 (civil investigation)	Provides the process for the Attorney General to conduct a civil investigation of campaign finance complaints.	Technical correction: Deletes "or regulation" because agencies adopt rules, not regulations.	
6	17 V.S.A. § 2904a (reports to State Ethics Commission)	n/a; proposed new statute Would be codified in T.17 (Elections), ch. 61 (campaign finance).	If the AG or a State's Attorney receives a campaign finance complaint, s/he must notify the State Ethics Commission and shall file a subsequent report re: decision whether to bring action.	See Sec. 7, 3 V.S.A. ch. 31, subch. 3 (State Ethics Commission). This statute relates to the Ethics Commission's authority to track campaign finance complaints in § 1221(a); to report and hear back from AG and SA re: such complaints in § \$ 1223(b)(3); and to report to Leg. on campaign finance complaints and recommendations in § 1226(1), (3).
			* * * Governmental Ethics * * *	
			* * * General Provisions * * *	
7	3 V.S.A. § 1201 (definitions)	n/a; proposed new statute Would be codified in T.3 (Executive), new ch. 31 (governmental ethics).	 (3) "Executive officer" = statewide officer, agency secretary or deputy, or department commissioner or deputy. (4) "Governmental conduct regulated by law" includes: (A) Bribery via 13 V.S.A. § 1102; (B) Neglect of duty by public officers via 13 V.S.A. § 3006 and by members of boards and commissions via 13 V.S.A. § 3007; (C) Taking illegal fees via 13 V.S.A. § 3010; (D) False claims against government via 13 V.S.A. § 3016; (E) Owning or being financially interested in entity subject to Ex. Br. department's supervision via 3 V.S.A. § 204; (F) Failure to devote time to duties of office via 3 V.S.A. § 205; (G) former legislator or Executive officer violating Sec. 1's 2 V.S.A. § 266(b); and (H) former Executive officer violating Sec. 2's 3 V.S.A. § 267. 	
7	3 V.S.A. § 1202 (State Code of Ethics)	"	Requires the Ethics Commission, in consultation with DHR, to create and maintain a State Code of Ethics setting forth principles of governmental ethical conduct.	
	•		* * * Disclosures * * *	
7	3 V.S.A. § 1211 (Executive officers; biennial disclosure)	"	Requires Executive officers to file a biennial disclosure with the Ethics Commission re: the previous year. Disclosure info same as candidates for office in Sec. 3 (but no tax returns).	
7	3 V.S.A. § 1212 (Commission members; biennial disclosure)	"	Requires Ethics commission members to file a biennial disclosure with same info as candidates and Executive officers (but no tax returns).	
7	3 V.S.A. § 1213 (disclosures generally)	"	(a) Executive Director of Commission prepares disclosure forms.(b) Exec. Dir. posts all received disclosure forms on Commission's website.	

				BAW; 3/29/17		
			S.8, as Passed by Senate:			
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Sec.	Cite and Title	Current Law Description	Proposed Amendment or New Law	<u>Notes</u>		

		* * * State Ethics Commission * * *
7	3 V.S.A. § 1221	" (a) Created as independent Ex. Br. commission to accept, review, make
	(State Ethics Commission)	referrals regarding, and track complaints re: governmental conduct regulated by
		law, DHR code of ethics, and campaign finance; to provide ethics training; and
		to issue advisory opinions.
		(b) Membership.
		(1) Five members; Chair appointed by Chief Justice, others by ACLU, Vt.
		Society of CPAs, VBA, and Vt. Human Resource Assoc.
		(2) Members cannot hold Leg., Ex., or Jud. office or be a State employee,
		have a State contract, be a lobbyist or State or legislative candidate, or hold
		office in a State or legislative candidate committee or in a PAC or party.
		(3) Members may be removed for cause by other members.
		(4) Staggered 3-year terms; limit of two consecutive terms.
		(c) Staffed by Ex. Dir. appointed by and serving at pleasure of Commission.
		Part-time exempt State employee. Maintains Commission records.
		(d) Commission and Ex. Dir. must maintain chapter's required confidentiality.
		(e) Meetings called by Chair and upon request of any other two Commission
		members.
		(f) Standard 32 V.S.A. § 1010 per diem (\$50) and expense reimbursement.
7	3 V.S.A. § 1222	" (a) Conflicts of interest.
	(Commission member	(1) Members shall recuse if they have a conflict of interest. Failure to recuse
	duties and prohibited	may be grounds for discipline or removal.
	conduct)	(2) Members shall disclose self-perceived conflicts and may request that
		other members recuse. Other members may discuss.
		(3) Recused members shall not sit or deliberate, but may participate as a
		member of public would.
		(4) "Conflict of interest" = interest conflicting with official duties due to
		significant personal or financial interest of the member, immediate family, or
		biz assoc. Does not incl. interests no greater than that of others generally
		affected by outcome.
		(b) Members may not accept gifts given by virtue of office.

S.8, as Passed by Senate:

An Act Relating to Establishing	the State Ethics Commission and Standards of Governmental Ethical Condu	ct

	An Act Relating to Establishing the State Etnics Commission and Standards of Governmental Etnical Conduct						
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7	3 V.S.A. § 1223	(a) Ex. Dir. accepts complaints from any source re: State government	ment ethics or
	(procedure for handling	campaign finance.	
	complaints)	(b) Ex. Dir. conducts preliminary review and submits or refers to	another
		entity based on type of complaint:	
		(1) Gov't conduct regulated by law to Ethics Commission. (Se	e (c), below.)
		(2) DHR Code of Ethics to Comm'r of Human Resources. Com	nm'r reports
		back re: final disposition.	
		(3) Campaign finance to AG or State's Attorney, as appropriate	e, and s/he
		files a report back to the Comm'n, in accordance with Sec. 6.	
		(4) Leg. and Jud. Br., attorneys; request for report back.	
		(A) State Senator to Senate Ethics Panel.	
		(B) House Rep. to House Ethics Panel.	
		(C) Judicial officer to Judicial Conduct Board.	
		(D) Attorney to Professional Responsibility Board.	
		(E) Alleged crimes also to AG and the State's Attorney of ju	risdiction
		(5) Ex. Dir. closes any complaints not submitted (to Commission	
		referred (to others).	
		(c) Commission reviews and referrals.	
		(1) Commission meets to review complaints re: governmental of	conduct
		regulated by law. Not a public meeting.	
		(2) If it finds there may have been a violation, Comm'n forward	ls to AG and
		State's Attorney of jurisdiction. Otherwise closes complaint.	s to 110 and
		(d) Commission keeps complaint docs confidential.	
7	3 V.S.A. § 1224	" Commission collaborates with DHR to provide ethics training at le	eact annually
,	(Commission ethics	to legislators, State officers, and State employees.	ast annually
	training)	to registators, state officers, and state employees.	
7	3 V.S.A. § 1225	" (a) Ex. Dir. may issue advisory opinions to Exec. officers and State	re employees
	(Executive Director	and may consult with Commission members in doing so.	e employees
	`	(b) An advisory opinion is exempt under PRA, unless receiver has	publicly
	advisory opinions)	disclosed it.	publicly
7	2 W C A & 1226		
7	3 V.S.A. § 1226	Commission annually reports to the General Assembly by 1/13 fe.	
	(Commission reports)	• Complaints. Number, summary, and disposition; no personal i	dentifying
		info.	
		Advisory opinions. Number and summary; no personal identify	
		• Recommendations. Re: governmental ethics or campaign finar	ice.

S.8, as Passed by Senate:
An Act Relating to Establishing the State Ethics Commission and Standards of Governmental Ethical Conduct

Sec. Cite and Title Current Law Description Proposed Amendment or New 1	aw Notes
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	* * * Implementation * * *				
8	Applicability of	n/a; session law	Secs. 1 and 2 employment restrictions on former legislators and Executive		
	Employment Restrictions		officers do not apply to employment in effect on eff. date (July 1, 2017).		
9	State Ethics Commission;	"	Ethics Commission required to create the State Code of Ethics by July 1, 2018.		
	State Code of Ethics				
	Creation				
10	Implementation of the	"	(a) Ethics Commission established on Jan. 1, 2018.		
	State Ethics Commission		(b) Members appointed by Oct. 15, 2017 to prepare; terms officially begin		
			1/1/18.		
			(c) Staggering of initial terms.		
11	Creation of Staff Position	"	Creates Executive Director position: part-time, exempt, using an existing		
	for State Ethics		position in the position pool.		
	Commission				
12			[Deleted.]		
13	Buildings and General	n/a; session law	Requires the Commissioner of BGS to allocate space for the Commission by		
	Services; Space		Oct. 15, 2017.		
	Allocation				
14	State Ethics Commission	"	(a) In FY18, Commission would be funded by a per-position fee via		
	Funding Source		3 V.S.A. § 2283(c)(2) paid by Ex. Br. agencies.		
	Surcharge; Repeal		(b) Funding source repealed on June 30, 2019.		
			* * * Municipal Conflicts of Interest * * *		
15	24 V.S.A. § 1984	Permits a town, city, or incorporated	Requires these municipalities to adopt a conflict of interest prohibition, unless Requirement takes effect on July 1, 2020 via Sec. 16(4).		
	(municipalities; conflict of	village to vote on a conflict of interest	their legislative body has already adopted a substantially compliant one		
	interest prohibition)	prohibition for its elected and	pursuant to its current authority set forth in 24 V.S.A. § 2291(20).		
		appointed officials, with certain			
		parameters.			
			* * * Effective Dates * * *		
16	Effective Dates	n/a; session law	• 7/1/17 for post-office employment prohibitions;		
			• 1/1/18 for candidate disclosures, campaign finance reports to Comm'n, and		
			new ethics chapter (incl. Comm'n);		
İ			• 12/16/18 (new election cycle) for contractor contribution prohibition; and		
1			• 7/1/20 for town requirement to adopt conflict of interest prohibition.		