1	TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:
2	The Committee on Corrections and Institutions to which was referred
3	Senate Bill No. 166 entitled "An act relating to the provision of medication-
4	assisted treatment for inmates" respectfully reports that it has considered the
5	same and recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be
6	amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu
7	thereof the following:
8	Sec. 1. 18 V.S.A. § 4750 is added to read:
9	§ 4750. DEFINITION
10	As used in this chapter, "medication-assisted treatment" means the use of
11	certain medications, including either methadone or buprenorphine, in
12	combination with any clinically indicated counseling and behavioral therapies
13	for the treatment of opioid use disorder.
14	Sec. 2. 28 V.S.A. § 801 is amended to read:
15	§ 801. MEDICAL CARE OF INMATES
16	***
17	(b) Upon Within 24 hours after admission to a correctional facility for a
18	minimum of 14 consecutive days, each inmate shall be given a physical
19	assessment screened for opioid use disorders as part of the inmate's initial
20	health care screening unless extenuating circumstances exist.
21	* * *

(e)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, an offender inmate
who is admitted to a correctional facility while under the medical care of a
licensed physician, a licensed physician assistant, or a licensed advanced
practice registered nurse, or a licensed nurse practitioner and who is taking
medication at the time of admission pursuant to a valid prescription as verified
by the inmate's pharmacy of record, primary care provider, other licensed care
provider, or as verified by the Vermont Prescription Monitoring System or
other prescription monitoring or information system, including buprenorphine,
methadone, or other medication prescribed in the course of medication-assisted
treatment, shall be entitled to continue that medication and to be provided that
medication by the Department pending an evaluation by a licensed physician, a
licensed physician assistant, a licensed nurse practitioner, or a licensed
advanced practice registered nurse.
(2) However, Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, the
Department may defer provision of a validly prescribed medication in
accordance with this subsection if, in the clinical judgment of a licensed
physician, a physician assistant, a nurse practitioner, or an advanced practice
registered nurse, it is not in the inmate's best interest interests to continue the
medication at that time.
(3) The licensed practitioner who makes the clinical judgment to
discontinue a medication shall enter cause the reason for the discontinuance to

1	be entered into the inmate's permanent medical record, specifically stating the
2	reason for the discontinuance. If the inmate provides a signed release that
3	allows access to information in the inmate's permanent record, the Department
4	shall follow up in writing with the licensed practitioner who prescribed the
5	medication, to notify him or her of the decision. The inmate shall also be
6	provided with a specific explanation of the decision, both orally and in writing.
7	(4) It is not the intent of the General Assembly that this subsection shall
8	create a new or additional private right of action.
9	(5) As used in this subsection, "medication-assisted treatment" shall
10	have the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 4750.
11	* * *
12	Sec. 3. 28 V.S.A. § 801b is added to read:
13	§ 801b. MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT IN CORRECTIONAL
14	<u>FACILITIES</u>
15	(a) If an inmate receiving medication-assisted treatment prior to entering
16	the correctional facility continues to receive medication prescribed in the
17	course of medication-assisted treatment pursuant to section 801 of this title, the
18	inmate shall be authorized to receive that medication for up to 120 days, which
19	includes the time necessary to conduct a compassionate taper from the
20	medication [OR: for as long as medically necessary.]

1	(b)(1) If an inmate screens positive as having a moderate or high risk for
2	opioid use disorder pursuant to subsection (b) of section 801 of this title and
3	has not been receiving medication-assisted treatment prior to admission to a
4	correctional facility, the inmate may elect to commence buprenorphine-specific
5	medication-assisted treatment if it is deemed clinically appropriate and in the
6	inmate's best interests by a provider authorized to prescribe buprenorphine. If
7	an inmate elects to commence buprenorphine-specific medication-assisted
8	treatment under this subdivision, treatment shall commence as soon after the
9	screening as possible.
10	(2) Nothing in this subsection shall prevent an inmate who commences
11	medication-assisted treatment while in a correctional facility from
12	commencing methadone or from transferring from buprenorphine to
13	methadone if:
14	(A) the inmate screens positive as having a moderate or high risk for
15	opioid use disorder:
16	(B) the inmate elects to commence methadone over other treatment
17	options:
18	(C) methadone is deemed clinically appropriate and in the inmate's
19	best interests by a provider authorized to prescribe methadone; and

(D) the correctional facility in which the inmate is located offers
methadone-specific medication-assisted treatment to inmates commencing
treatment.
(c)(1) Prior to commencing a compassionate taper for an inmate receiving
medication-assisted treatment in a correctional facility, the Department shall
obtain a confirmation, documented in the inmate's medical record, from a
<mark>provider:</mark>
(A) who is authorized to prescribe the medication received by the
inmate, but who is not the inmate's prescriber of record; and
(B) who has had an opportunity personally to examine the inmate.
(2) If the second provider concurs in the decision to commence a
compassionate taper, the inmate's prescriber of record shall counsel the inmate
on the process and symptoms related to the compassionate taper before it is
<u>initiated.</u>
(d) Regardless of whether an inmate received medication-assisted treatment
while in the correctional facility, if the inmate screened positive for opioid use
disorder while in the Department's custody the Department shall begin reentry
planning, including consideration of whether its medically appropriate to
commence medication-assisted treatment, not later than one month prior to the
inmate's discharge from the correctional facility.

1	(e) As used in this subsection, "medication-assisted treatment" shall have
2	the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 4750.
3	* * *
4	Sec. 4. RECEIPT OF METHADONE-SPECIFIC MEDICATION-ASSISTED
5	TREATMENT BY INMATES; PLAN
6	(a) The Commissioners of Corrections and of Health jointly shall develop a
7	plan to implement the use of methadone as part of medication-assisted
8	treatment provided to inmates housed in a correctional facility who screen
9	positive as moderate- or high-risk opioid users while in the custody of the
10	Department of Corrections. The plan shall address:
11	(1) whether the Department of Health's or the Department of
12	Corrections' contracted provider of health care services shall determine
13	whether medication-assisted treatment is deemed clinically appropriate and
14	whether it is in an inmate's best interests for methadone-specific medication-
15	assisted treatment to be initiated while the individual is in the Department of
16	Corrections' custody or upon his or her reentry to the community;
17	(2) whether the prescriptive authority for methadone shall be maintained
18	by opioid treatment programs throughout the State, certified and accredited
19	pursuant to 42 C.F.R. part 8, or by the Department of Corrections' contracted
20	provider of health care services and how methadone shall be administered to
21	appropriate inmates; and

1	(3) an estimate of the costs to implement the plan developed pursuant to
2	this section.
3	(b) On or before October 1, 2018, the Commissioners jointly shall
4	submit the plan developed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section to the Joint
5	Legislative Justice Oversight Committee that weighs equal access to
6	medication-assisted treatment by inmates regardless of correctional facility. If
7	there are not barriers beyond the control of the State, the Departments shall
8	take steps to implement fully the plan, including addressing any budgetary
9	concerns.
10	(2) As part of its annual report, the Joint Legislative Justice Oversight
11	Committee shall recommend any legislative actions related to the plan
12	submitted pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.
13	(c) As used in this section, "medication-assisted treatment" shall have the
14	same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 4750.
15	Sec. 5. MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING; MEDICATION-
16	ASSISTED TREATMENT IN STATE CORRECTIONAL
17	FACILITIES
18	(a) On or before December 31, 2018, the Departments of Corrections and
19	of Health may enter into a memorandum of understanding with opioid
20	treatment programs throughout the State, certified and accredited pursuant to
21	42 C.F.R. part 8, that serve regions in which a State correctional facility is

1	located to provide medication-assisted treatment to inmates who screen
2	positive as moderate- or high-risk opioid users. Treatment received pursuant
3	to this section shall be coordinated pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 4753.
4	(b) As used in this section, "medication-assisted treatment" shall have the
5	same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 4750.
6	Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE
7	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2018.
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15	(Committee vote:)
16	
17	Representative
18	FOR THE COMMITTEE