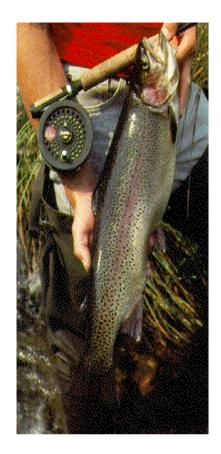
Clean Water Projects and Funding Julie Moore, Secretary Agency of Natural Resources Neil Kamman, Manager, Monitoring, Assessment and Planning Program

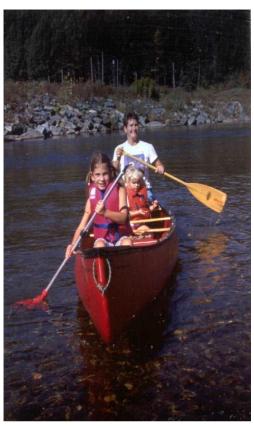
Kari Dolan, Manager, Clean Water Initiative Program VER

Why We Need Clean Water

- Use and enjoyment of Vermonters
 - Drinking water
 - Swimming
 - Fishing
- Support tourism, at annual spending of \$2.5 billion
 - Lake Champlain a key attraction for visitors
 - Second home-owners in towns bordering the Lake spend \$150 million annually
 - Overnight visitors in Champlain Valley spend over \$300 million annually
 - Day visitors spend \$30 million annually
- Maintain property values
- Integral to the Vermont brand
 - Our environmental is our economy

Vermont's Rivers, Lakes and Wetlands are Critical Community Assets









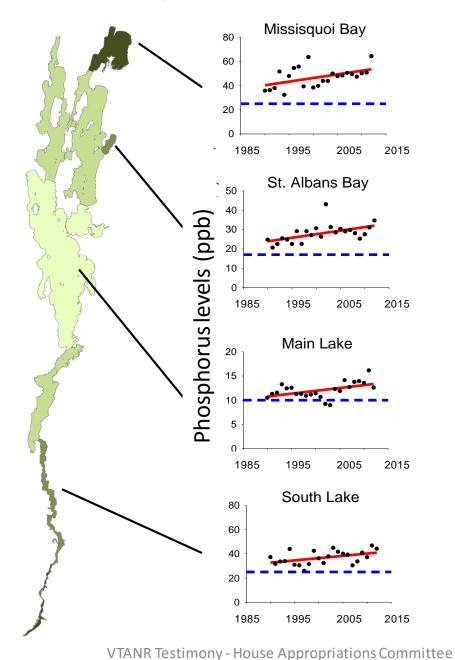
Human Activity Can Harm Our Waters



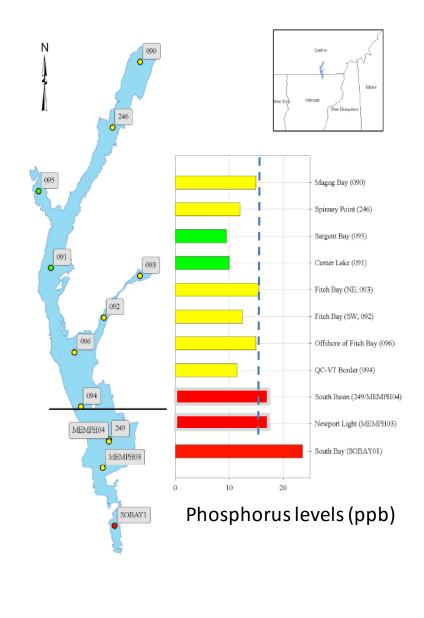
Phosphorus Pollution Impairs some VT Lakes and Streams



Lake Champlain



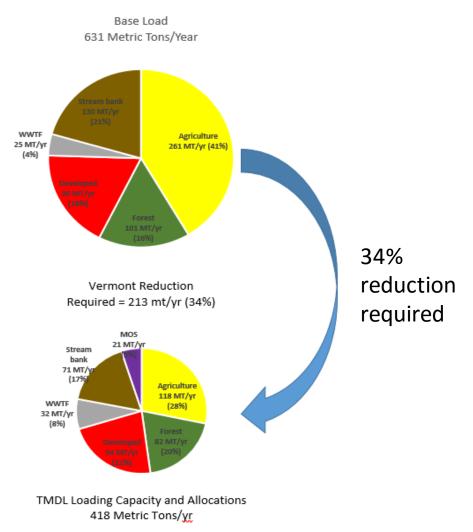
Lake Memphremagog



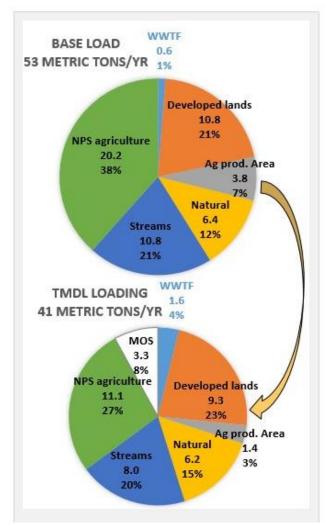
Also impaired: Lake Carmi (Franklin) and Shelburne Pond (Shelburne)

Phosphorus Reductions Required by EPA Pollution Control Plans

Champlain

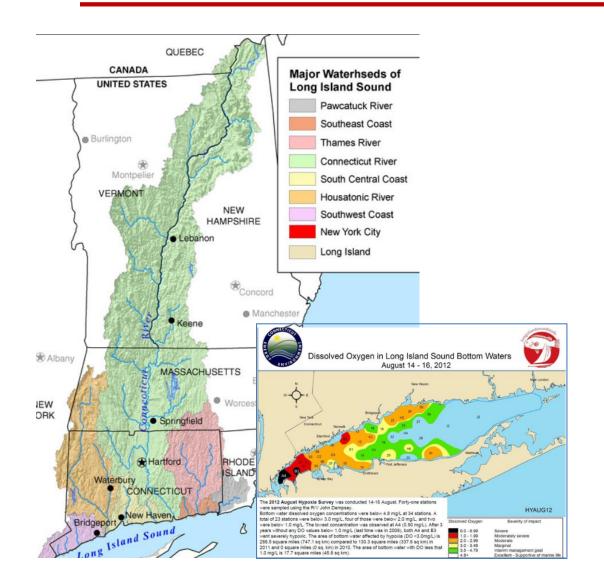


Memphremagog

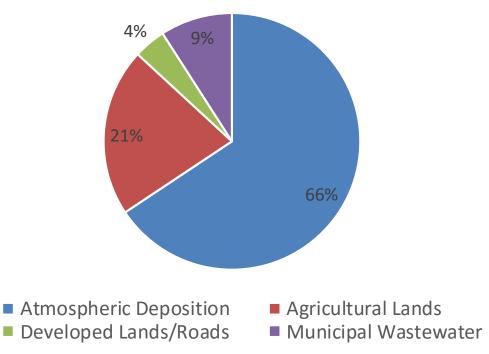


29% reduction required

Connecticut River/Long Island Sound Nitrogen TMDL



Nitrogen Loading from Vermont to Long Island Sound via the Connecticut River



"All-In" Approach

Wastewater Treatment





Runoff from Developed Land



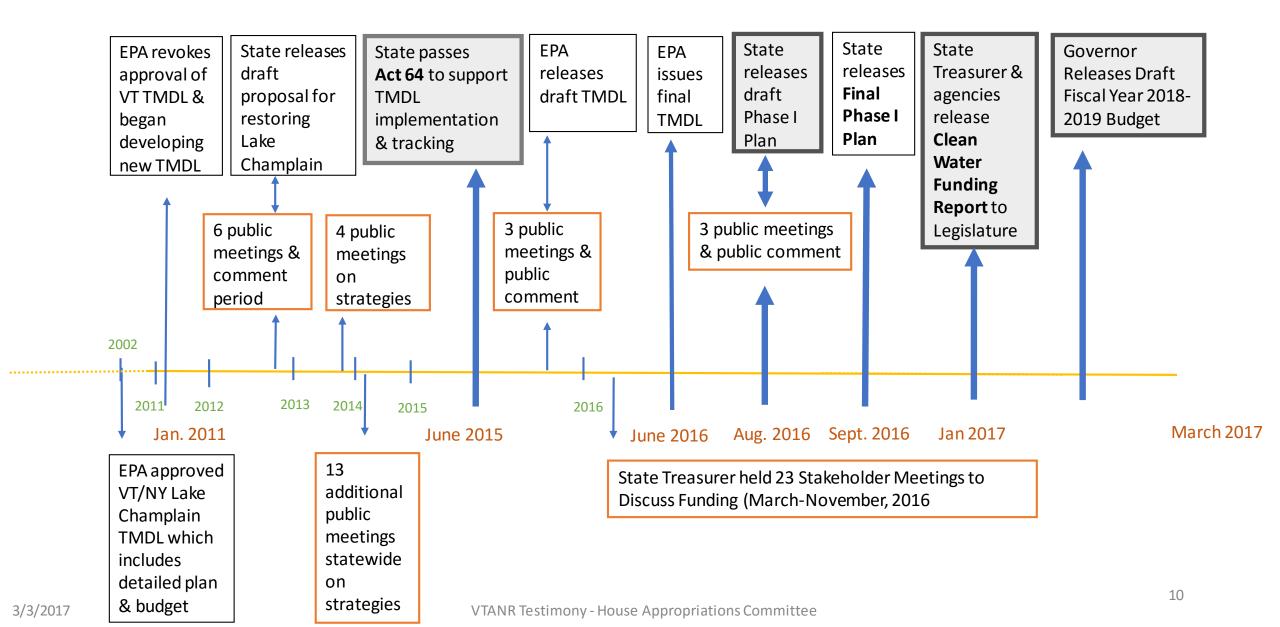






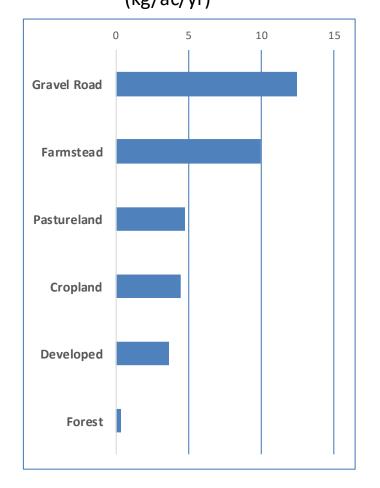
Roads

Lake Champlain TMDL and Phase I Implementation Plan Key Milestones, 2002-2017



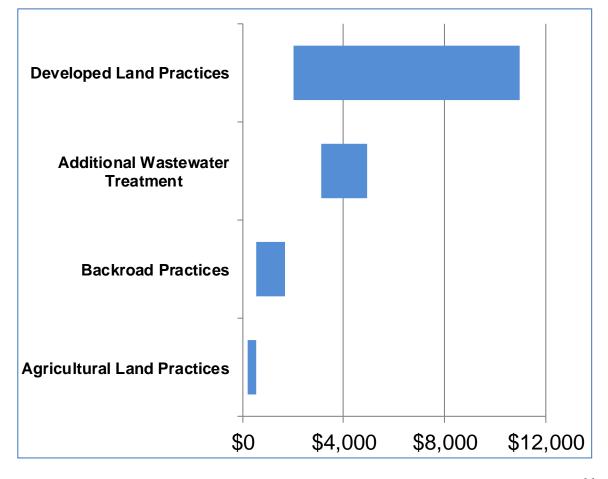
Relative Cost-Effectiveness of Actions by Source

Phosphorus loads (kg/ac/yr)



Range of Annualized Cost

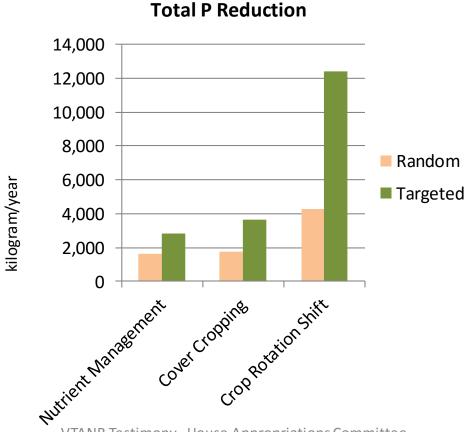
(per kilogram of Phosphorus Reduced)



Strategic Investment

Critical Source Area Targeting

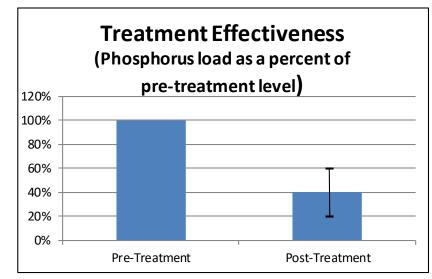
Critical Source Area Study in Missisquoi Bay Basin found that program effectiveness increases 1.5 to 3 times with targeting



Agricultural Programs

Required Agricultural Practices Example: Livestock Exclusion And Vegetated Buffer

- Achieves 40%-80% reduction in Total Phosphorus
- Estimated project cost = \$20,000
 (fencing, stream crossing, 1 acre of buffer)





Uncontrolled livestock access to stream

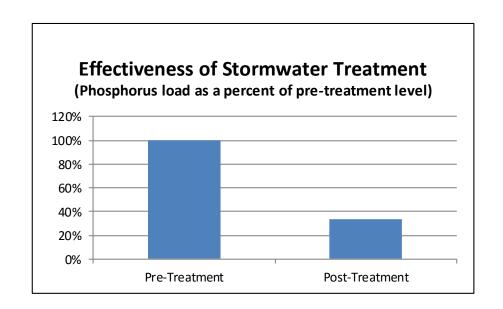


Installation of livestock fencing & buffer

Stormwater Management

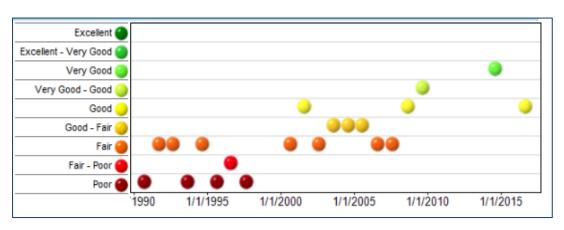
Stormwater Runoff from Existing Developed Lands Rice Brook, Sugarbush Ski Resort

- Reduced annual phosphorus and sediment concentrations by nearly 30%
- Restored Water Quality Standards





Stormwater Treatment Pond



Stream Health

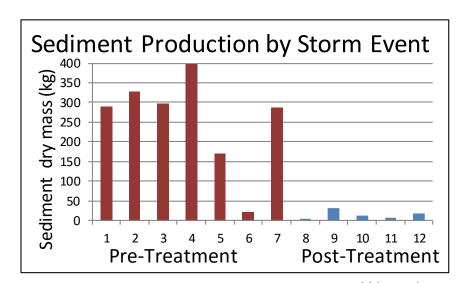
Stormwater Management

Stormwater Runoff - Municipal Roads Sediment and Erosion Control Washington County

- UVM Controlled Study found a dramatic reduction in polluted runoff from Best Practices such as rock-lining ditches on steep roads
- Estimated project cost = \$3,000 (1,000 linear feet treated)



Eroding roadside ditch





Wemple, 2013

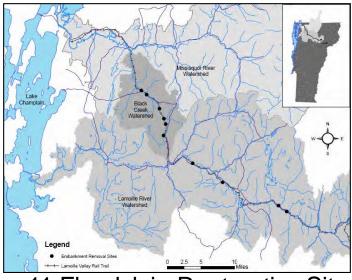
Rivers Channel Stability

Floodplain Restoration Lamoille River, Black Creek Franklin County

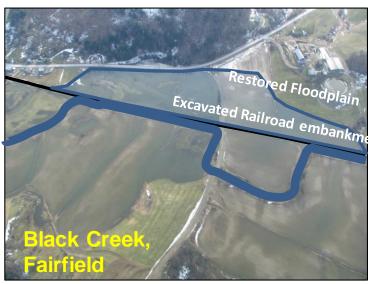
- Reconnected 200 acres of floodplain
- Monitored 3 of the 11 sites (21 acres)
- 3 sites captured 1.3 metric tons of total phosphorus
- Estimated cost for levee removal = \$50,000/mile



Removal of elevated railroad embankment



11 Floodplain Restoration Sites

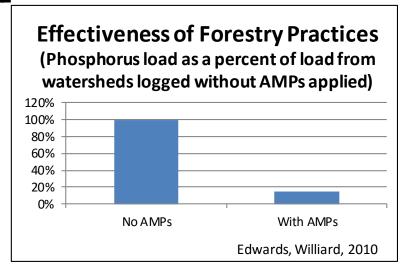


Restored floodplain

Forest Management

Acceptable Management Practices (AMPs)

- Can reduce phosphorus loading by 85%
- 60% of VT forests are subject to AMP compliance or equivalent, as required under Current Use Program and public land management practices
- Estimated project cost = \$3,000 (per crossing)



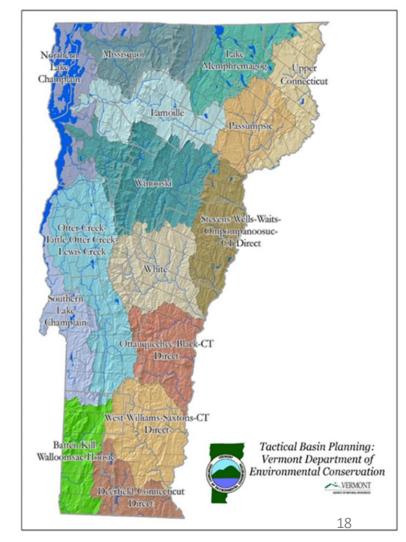




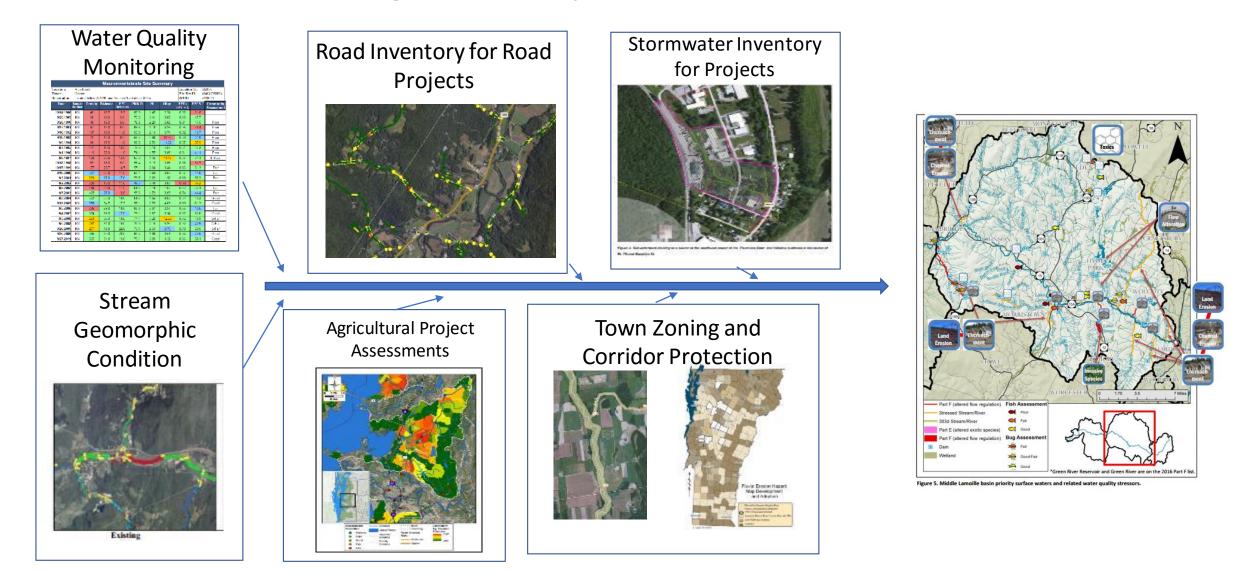
Temporary skidder bridge

Developing the projects necessary to implement Act 64

- Tactical Basin Planning is Vermont's approach to targeting funding to highest priority projects, across sectors.
- Basin Planning is a prescribed process involving many stakeholders, and different types of information gathering.
- Outcomes of basin plans are twofold
 - Protect the best
 - Restore the rest



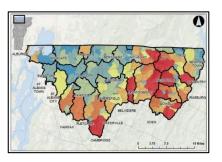
Tactical Basin Planning- Sector-specific assessments:



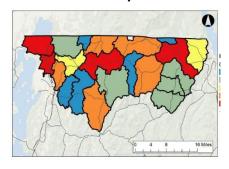
Pinpointed problems Project opportunities

Tactical Basin Planning - Modeling sector-specific reductions.

Forests



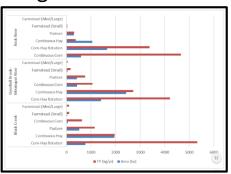
State roads/facilities



"MS4" communities

MS4 Municipality	Paved road (excluding Vtrans managed roads) (kg/yr)		Other developed lands (kg/yr)
Essex	30	37	260
Milton	181	18	373

Agriculture



Local roads

	Paved Unpaved Roads Roads (kg/yr) (kg/yr)		Тошн		Paved Roads (kg/yr)	Unpaved Roads (kg/yr)	
Bakersfield	332.5	263.4		Jay	249.5	70.1	
Belvidere				Lowell	316.6	67.4	
Berkshire	291.5	144.4		Montgomery	302.7	119.3	
Cambridge	108.4	53.3		Newport Town	256.2	104.4	
Eden	4.7			Richford	280.3	81.0	
Enosburgh	357.8	177.4		Sheldon	240.9	56.7	
Fairfax	0.1			St. Albans Town	87.1	43.5	
Fairfield	398.4	232.5		Swanton	398.6	27.0	
Fletcher	11.0	10.6		Troy	210.2	58.1	
Franklin	247.8	59.4		Westfield	196.7	43.9	
Highgate	402.9	66.4					
Total loading	from all ro	ads (kg/yr)	6374				
Total reduction	on based on	overall	2180				

Three-acre parcels

Town	Parcels (#)	Impervious (acres)		
Eden	1	0.1		
Highgate	8	75.5		
Jay	4	74.0		
Lowell	2	22.0		
Montgomery	2	15.8		
Richford	4	25.6		
Swanton	8	38.1		
Troy	1	3.6		
Total	30	254.7		

Wastewater treatment facilities

Facility (permit ID)	Permit expiration date	Planned permit re- issuance year	Design flow MGD	7Q10 /LMM	Current permitted load (mt P/yr)	TMDL WLA (mt P/yr)	2015 Flow (MGD) ² / Percent of Design Flow	Treatment type	II of CSOs	Receiving
Fairfax (3-1194)	9/30/10	2017-18	0.078	0.001/< 0.001	0.539	0.539	0.033 / 42%	Aerated lagoon	0	Lamoille River
Jeffersonville (3-1323)	3/31/10	2017-18	0.077	0.001/<	0.532	0.532	0.036 / 47%	Aerated lagoon	0	Lamoille River
Johnson (3-1149)	3/31/09	2017-18	0.270	0.029/0 .012	0.224	0.224	0.120 / 44%	Sequential batch reactor	0	Gihon River
Morrisville (3-1155)	12/31/13	2017-18	0.550	0.018/0	0.352	0.352	0.221 / 40%	Sequential batch reactor	0	Lamoille River
Milton (3-1203)	12/31/10	2017-18	1.000	.004	0.829	0.829	0.245 / 25%	Sequential batch reactor	0	Lamoille River
Hardwick (3-1143)	12/31/09	2017-18	0.371	0.023/0	0.410	0.410	0.220 / 59%	Aerated lagoon	0	Lamoille River
PBM Nutritionals (3-1209)	6/30/12	2017-18	0.425	NA	0.352	0.352	0.125 / 29%	Activated Sludge upgrade to Movable Bed Bio Reactor	0	Lamoille River

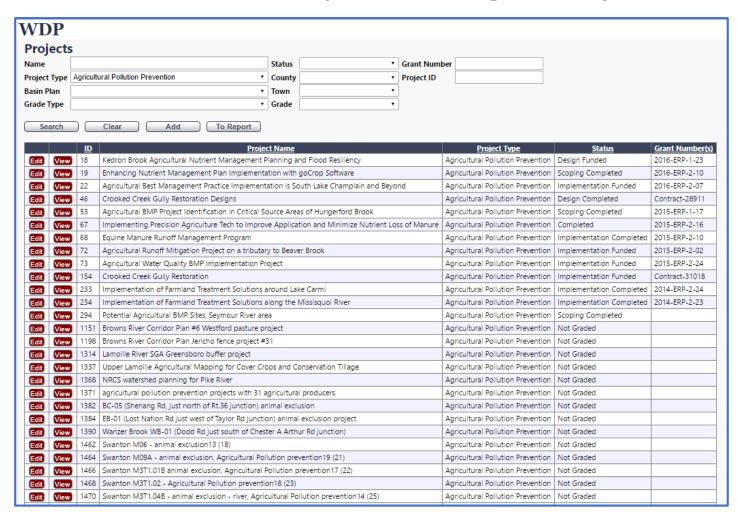
- Each tactical basin plan identifies estimated load reduction for each regulated sector.
- These estimates are expressed at appropriate geographic scales.
- "Critical Catchment maps" for each regulated sector
- Valuable planning and communication tool.

The Role of the Community



- ✓ Identify water quality issues what did we miss?
- ✓ Formulate a collaborative approach who should provide input?
- ✓ Identify partners to install a water quality improvements.

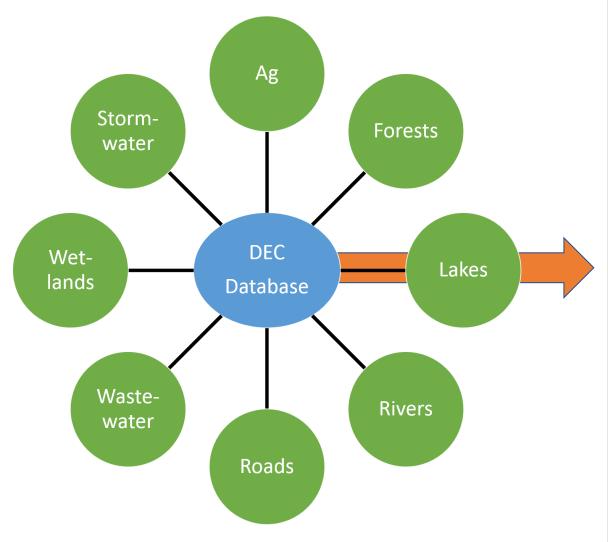
Tactical basin planning: Projects Database



- Online Projects and Tracking
- Projects are prioritized with partner input (RPCs, NRCDs).
- Database summaries are publicly available at appropriate scale.
- Ready projects meeting key criteria become the highest priority for funding.
- Tracking of practices to produce pollution reduction estimates

https://anrweb.vt.gov/DEC/IWIS/ARK/ProjectSearch.aspx

Work across Agencies to Track the State's Progress



Clean Water
Investment &
Performance Report

Financial Outcomes

Social Outcomes

Performance Outcomes

Environmental Outcomes

VERMONT CLEAN WATER INITIATIVE 2016 INVESTMENT REPORT







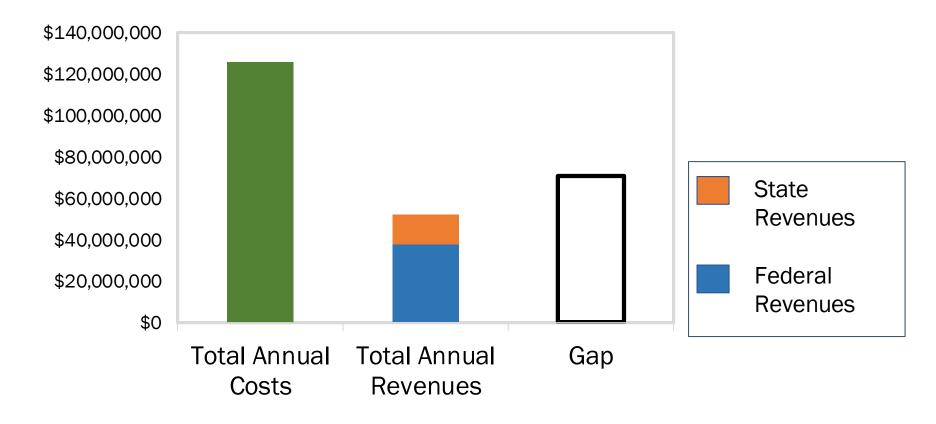
Agency of Administration
Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets
Agency of Commerce and Community Development
Agency of Natural Resources
Agency of Transportation

Funding for project implementation comes from many sources



... but current spending does not address full need \rightarrow funding gap

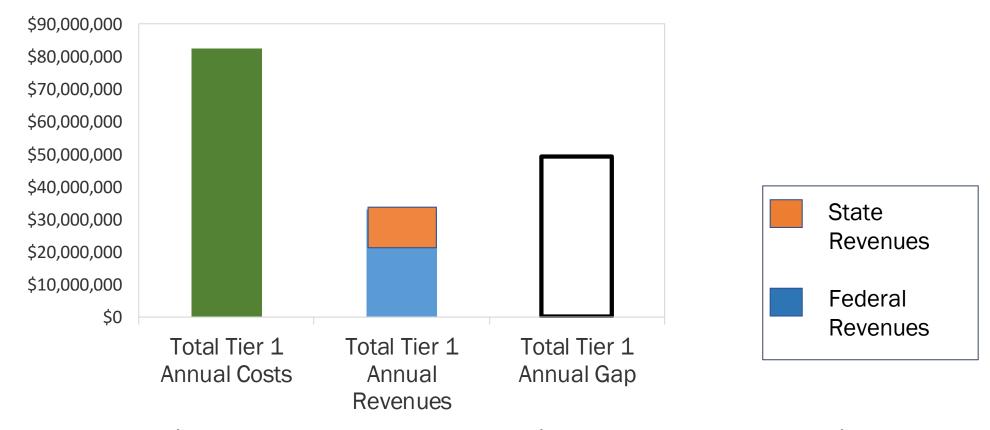
Vermont Total Annualized Clean Water Costs, Revenues and Funding Gap*



Annual Costs = \$116M, Annual Revenues = \$52.4M, Annual Gap = \$63.3M

^{*} Includes Public and Private Costs Statewide

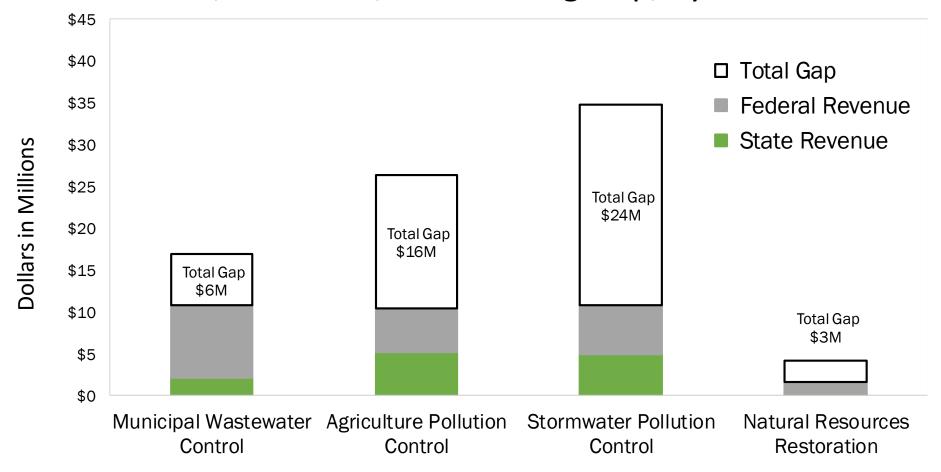
Vermont Tier 1 Annualized Clean Water Costs, State and Federal Revenues and Funding Gap*



Tier 1 Annual Costs = \$82M, Tier 1 Annual Revenues = \$32M, Tier 1 Annual Gap = \$49M

* Tier 1 Defined as: Incremental costs associated with TMDLs, Act 64 (2015) and CSO Policy (2016); includes public and private costs statewide

Vermont Total Annualized "Tier 1" Clean Water Costs, Revenues, and Funding Gap, by Sector*



Annual Tier 1 Costs = \$82M, Annual Revenues = \$32M, Annual Gap = \$49M

^{*} Tier 1 Defined as: Incremental costs associated with TMDLs, Act 64 (2015) and CSO Policy (2016); includes public and private costs statewide

Revenue Sources



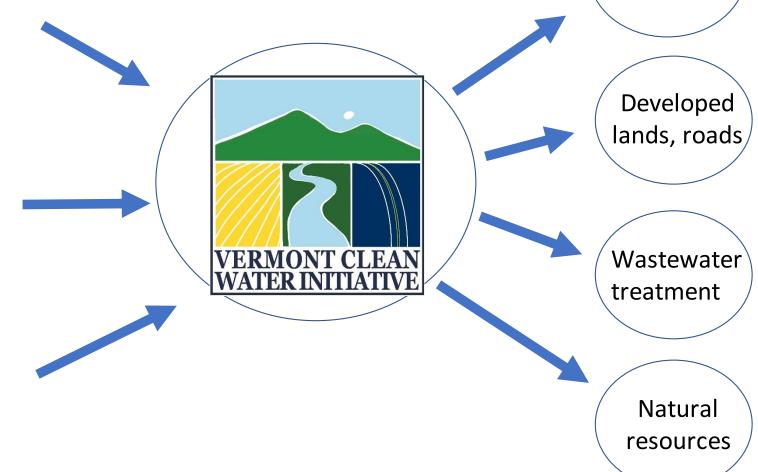
Revenue Sources that Support Vermont's Clean Water Needs

Targeted Actions

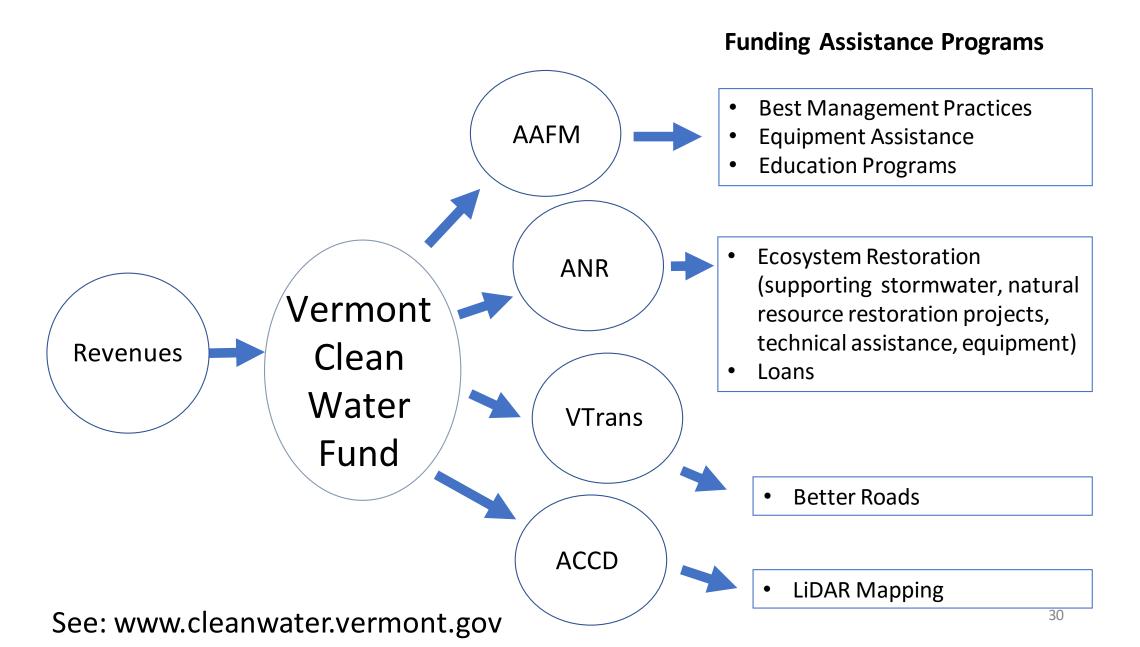
Agriculture







Vermont's Clean Water Fund



Proposed State Clean Water Funding, SFY2018*

State Agency to Manage Pass-Through Funds	Funding Source	FY18 Proposed Budget	FY18 Recommended Adjustment	FY18 Total Recommend ed Budget
Agency of Natural Resources	Clean Water Fund	\$2.09M		\$2.09M
	Capital Bill	\$12.0M	\$7.2M	\$8.7M
Agency of Transportation	Clean Water Fund	\$1.1M		\$1.1M
	Capital Bill		\$1.0M	\$1.0M
	Transportation Fund	\$0.4M		\$0.4M
	Federal (Fed. Highway Admin.)	\$6.3M		\$6.3M
Agency of Agriculture, Food & Markets	Clean Water Fund	\$0.85M		\$0.85M
	Capital Bill		\$2.25M	\$2.25M
Agency of Commerce & Community Development	Clean Water Fund	\$0.46M		\$0.46M
Not Yet Allocated	Clean Water Fund (10%) Reserve	\$0.5M		\$0.5M
TOTAL		\$23.7M	\$23.7M	\$23.7M



^{*} State Proposed 2-Year Budget (for FY18 & FY19) = \$50M

Websites:

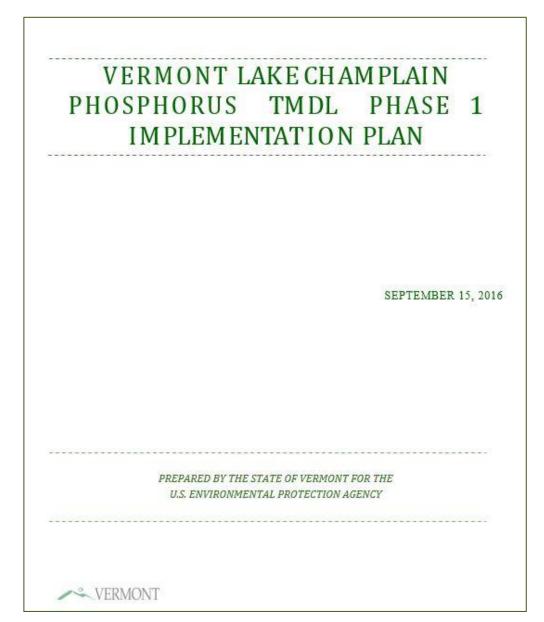
Tactical Basin Planning dec.vermont.gov/watershed/map/basin-planning

Vermont Clean Water Initiative cleanwater.vermont.gov/

Extra Slides

Vermont's Plan of Action – Act 64 and the Phase I Plan

- Enhance agricultural water quality rules-Required
 Agricultural Practices, RAPs
- Develop a stormwater permit for state highways
- Develop a stormwater permit for town roads
- Require additional stormwater treatment for more densely developed areas
- Improve rules for managing rivers and floodplains
- Enhance water quality rules for logging-Accepted
 Management Practices, AMPs
- Establish a new Clean Water Fund
- Develop implementation plans, tracking system and



annual report

We're All In! The Vermont Clean Water Act (Act 64, 2015)





Investments by Agency and Fund

