1	H.218
2	Introduced by Representatives Bartholomew of Hartland and Viens of
3	Newport City
4	Referred to Committee on
5	Date:
6	Subject: Crimes; animal cruelty; adequate shelter; dogs and cats
7	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to amend the
8	requirements for the humane shelter of dogs and cats.
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9	An act relating to the adequate shelter of dogs and cats
10	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
11	Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 351 is amended to read:
12	§ 351. DEFINITIONS
13	As used in this chapter:
14	(1) "Animal" means all living sentient creatures, not human beings.
15	* * *
16	(11) "Livestock" means cattle, bison, horses, sheep, goats, swine,
17	cervidae, ratites, and camelids.
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1	(13) "Livestock and poultry husbandry practices" means the raising,
2	management, and using of animals to provide humans with food, fiber, or
3	transportation in a manner consistent with:
4	(A) husbandry practices recommended for the species by agricultural
5	colleges and the U.S. Department of Agriculture Extension Service;
6	(B) husbandry practices modified for the species to conform to the
7	Vermont environment and terrain; and
8	(C) husbandry practices that minimize pain and suffering.
9	* * *
10	(15) "Living space" means any cage, crate, or other structure used to
11	confine an animal that serves as its principal, primary housing and that
12	provides protection from the elements. Living space does not include a
13	structure, such as a doghouse, in which an animal is not confined, or a cage,
14	crate, or other structure in which the animal is temporarily confined.
15	(16) "Adequate food" means food that is not spoiled or contaminated
16	and is of sufficient quantity and quality to meet the normal daily requirements
17	for the condition and size of the animal and the environment in which it is
18	kept. An animal shall be fed or have food available at least once each day,
19	unless a licensed veterinarian instructs otherwise, or withholding food is in
20	accordance with accepted agricultural or veterinarian veterinary practices or

livestock and poultry husbandry practices.

(17) "Adequate water" means fresh, potable water provided at suitable
intervals for the species, and which, in no event, shall exceed 24 hours at any
interval. The animal must have access to the water potable water that is either
accessible to the animal at all times or is provided at suitable intervals for the
species and in sufficient quantity for the health of the animal. In no event shall
the interval when water is not provided exceed 24 hours. Snow or ice is not an
adequate water source unless provided in accordance with livestock and
poultry husbandry practices.
(18) "Adequate shelter" means shelter which protects the animal from
injury and environmental hazards.
(19) "Enclosure" means any structure, fence, device, or other barrier
used to restrict an animal or animals to a limited amount of space.
(20) "Livestock guardian dog" means a purpose-bred dog that is:
(A) specifically trained to live with livestock without causing them
harm while repelling predators;
(B) being used to live with and guard livestock; and
(C) acclimated to local weather conditions.

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1 Sec. 2. 13 V.S.A. § 365 is amended to read: 2 § 365. SHELTER OF ANIMALS 3 (a) Adequate shelter. All livestock and animals which that are to be 4 predominantly maintained out-of-doors must in an outdoor area shall be 5 provided with adequate shelter to prevent direct exposure to the elements. 6 (b) Shelter for livestock. 7 (1) Adequate natural shelter, or a three-sided, roofed building with 8 exposure out of the prevailing wind and of sufficient size to adequately 9 accommodate all livestock maintained out-of-doors in an outdoor area shall be 10 provided. The building opening size and height must shall, at a minimum, 11 extend one foot above the withers of the largest animal housed and must shall 12 be maintained at that level even with manure and litter build-up. Nothing in 13 this section shall control dairy herd housing facilities, either loose housing, 14 comfort stall, or stanchion ties, or other housing under control of the 15 department of agriculture, food and markets Agency of Agriculture, Food and

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, livestock may be temporarily confined in a space sufficient for them to stand and turn about freely, provided that they are exercised in accordance with

Markets. This section shall not apply to any accepted housing or grazing

practices for any livestock industry.

1	livestock and poultry husbandry practices, and are provided sufficient food,
2	water, shelter, and proper ventilation.
3	(c) Minimum size of living space; dogs and cats.
4	(1) A dog , whether chained or penned, shall be provided <u>an adequate</u>
5	living space no less than three feet by four feet for 25 pound and smaller dogs,
6	four feet by four feet for 26 35 pound dogs, four feet by five feet for 36 50
7	pound dogs, five feet by five feet for 51-99 pound dogs, and six feet by five
8	feet for 100 pound and larger dogs that is large enough to allow the dog, in a
9	normal manner, to turn about freely, stand, sit, and lie down. A dog shall be
10	presumed to have adequate living space if provided with floor space in the
11	greater amount of the following:
12	(A) If the dog is:
13	(i) less than 15 kilograms, floor space of at least eight square feet;
14	(ii) 15 or more kilograms up to and including 30 kilograms, floor
15	space of at least 12 square feet; and
16	(iii) more than 30 kilograms, floor space of at least 24 square feet.
17	(B) Floor space in square footage calculated according to the
18	following formula: floor space in square feet = (length of dog in inches $+ 6$)
19	\times (length of dog in inches + 6) \div 144. The length of the dog in inches shall be
20	measured from the tip of the nose of the dog to the base of its tail.

1	(2) The specifications required by subdivision (c)(1) of this section shall
2	apply to be required for each dog, regardless of whether the dog is housed
3	individually or with other animals.
4	(3)(A) A cat over the age of two months shall be provided adequate
5	living space that is large enough to allow the cat, in a normal manner, to turn
6	about freely, stand, sit, and lie down. A cat shall be presumed to have
7	adequate living space if provided with:
8	(i) floor space, including raised resting platforms, of at least eight
9	square feet; and
10	(ii) a primary structure of at least 24 inches in height.
11	(B) The requirements of this subdivision (c)(3) shall apply to each cat
12	regardless of whether the cat is housed individually or with other animals.
13	(4)(A) Each female dog with nursing puppies shall be provided the
14	living space required under subdivision (1) of this subsection (c) plus sufficient
15	additional floor space to allow for a whelping box and the litter, based on the
16	size or the age of the puppies. When the puppies discontinue nursing, the
17	living space requirements of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection shall
18	apply for all dogs housed in the same living space.
19	(B) Each female cat with nursing kittens shall be provided the living
20	space required under subdivision (3) of this subsection (c) plus sufficient
21	additional floor space to allow for a queening box and the litter, based on the

1	size or the age of the kittens. When the kittens discontinue nursing, the living
2	space requirements of subdivision (3) of this subsection shall apply for all cats
3	housed in the same living space.
4	(5) Dogs or cats that are housed in the same primary living space or
5	enclosure shall be compatible, as determined by observation, provided that:
6	(A) Females in heat (estrus) shall not be housed in the same primary
7	living space or enclosure with males, except for breeding purposes.
8	(B) A dog or cat exhibiting a vicious or overly aggressive disposition
9	shall be housed separately from other dogs or cats.
10	(6) All dogs or cats shall have access to adequate water and adequate
11	<u>food.</u>
12	(d) <u>Daily exercise</u> ; dogs or cats. A dog or cat confined in a living space
13	shall be permitted outside the eage, crate, or structure living space for an
14	opportunity of at least one hour of daily exercise, unless otherwise modified or
15	restricted by a licensed veterinarian. Separate space for exercise is not
16	required if an animal's living space is at least three times larger than the
17	minimum requirements set forth in subdivision (c)(1) of this section.
18	(e) Shelter for dogs maintained outdoors in enclosures.
19	(1) A Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, a dog or
20	dogs maintained out-of-doors must outdoors in an enclosure shall be provided
21	with suitable housing that assures that the dog is protected from wind and

1	draft, and from excessive sun, rain and other environmental hazards throughout
2	the year one or more shelter structures. A shelter structure shall:
3	(A) Provide each dog housed in the structure sufficient space to, in a
4	normal manner, turn about freely, stand, sit, and lie down.
5	(B) Be structurally sound and constructed of suitable, durable
6	material.
7	(C) Have four sides, a roof, and a ground or floor surface that enables
8	the dog to stay clean and dry.
9	(D) Have an entrance or portal large enough to allow each dog
10	housed in the shelter unimpeded access to the structure, and the entrance or
11	portal shall be constructed with a windbreak or rainbreak.
12	(E) Provide adequate protection from cold and heat, including
13	protection from the direct rays of the sun and the direct effect of wind, rain, or
14	snow. Shivering due to cold is evidence of inadequate shelter for any dog.
15	(F) Contain clean, dry bedding material if the ambient temperature is
16	below 50 degrees Fahrenheit.
17	(2) A shelter structure is not required for a healthy livestock guardian
18	dog that is maintained outdoors in an enclosure.
19	(3) If multiple dogs are maintained outdoors in an enclosure at one time:

1	(A) Each dog will be provided with an individual structure, or the
2	structure or structures provided shall be cumulatively large enough to contain
3	all of the dogs at one time.
4	(B) A shelter structure shall be accessible to each dog in the
5	enclosure.
6	(4) The following categories of dogs shall not be maintained outdoors in
7	an enclosure when the ambient temperature is below 50 degrees Fahrenheit:
8	(A) dogs that are not acclimated to the temperatures prevalent in the
9	area or region where they are maintained;
10	(B) dogs that cannot tolerate the prevalent temperatures of the area
11	without stress or discomfort; and
12	(C) sick or infirm dogs or dogs that cannot regulate their own body
13	temperature.
14	(5) Metal barrels, cars, refrigerators, freezers, and similar objects shall
15	not be used as a shelter structure for a dog maintained in an outdoor enclosure.
16	(6) In addition to the shelter structure, one or more separate outdoor
17	areas of shade shall be provided, large enough to contain all the animals and
18	protect them from the direct rays of the sun.
19	(f) <u>Tethering of dog.</u>
20	(1) A Except as provided under subdivision (2) of this subsection, a dog
21	chained to a shelter must maintained outdoors on a tether shall be on a tether

1	ehain at least four times the length of the dog as measured from the tip of its
2	nose to the base of its tail, and shall allow the dog access to the shelter.
3	(2) A dog regularly used in training or participation in competitive or
4	recreational sled dog activities and housed outdoors in close proximity with
5	other dogs may, if necessary for the safety of the dog, be maintained on a
6	tether three times the length of the dog, as measured from the tip of its nose to
7	the base of its tail.
8	(3) A tether used for any dog shall be attached to both the dog and the
9	anchor using swivels or similar devices that prevent the tether from becoming
10	entangled or twisted. The tether shall be attached to a well-fitted collar or
11	harness on the dog. The tether shall be of a size and weight that will not cause
12	discomfort to a tethered dog. A choke collar shall not be used as part of a
13	tethering method.
14	(g) A cat, over the age of two months, shall be provided minimum living
15	space of nine square feet, provided the primary structure shall be constructed
16	and maintained so as to provide sufficient space to allow the cat to turn about
17	freely, stand, sit, and lie down. Each primary enclosure housing cats must be
18	at least 24 inches high. These specifications shall apply to each cat regardless
19	of whether the cat is housed individually or with other animals. [Repealed.]
20	(h) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, animals may be

temporarily confined in a space sufficient for them to stand and turn about

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1	freely, provided that they are exercised in accordance with accepted
2	agricultural or veterinarian practices, and are provided sufficient food, water,
3	shelter, and proper ventilation. [Repealed.]
4	(i) <u>Violations</u> . Failure to comply with this section shall be a violation of
5	subdivision 352(3) or (4) of this title.
6	(j) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, an animal may be
7	sheltered, chained, confined, or maintained out-of-doors if doing so is directed
8	by a licensed veterinarian or is in accordance with accepted agricultural or
9	veterinarian practices. [Repealed.]
10	Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE
11	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2017.