#### **RESULTS-BASED ACCOUNTABILITY EXERCISE – POPULATION SEVEN QUESTIONS**

# **Selecting Outcomes and Indicators: Factors for Success**

### **Inclusive Process:**

- Sponsoring group should consist of high-level, well respected leaders that can pull together cross-sector leaders
- Invite staff who can support the process with subject matter expertise
- Create a comment process with public hearings and focus groups

## **Selecting Outcomes**

Responsibility for progress does not, and cannot, rest with any one government - or even government itself.

- What statements capture the most important desired conditions? Reduce to phrases including population, geography, and desired condition.
- Avoid referencing services. Outcomes are not about data (indicators) and not about service (strategies).
  Outcomes that include services or providers create circular thinking:
  - o Outcome: All children receive high quality child care
  - o Indicator: % of children who receive high quality child care
  - o Story: Not enough high quality child care
  - o What works: More high quality child care

If the outcome is instead "All children are ready for school," the argument shifts to how child care is one part of a larger strategy, rather than another service competing for money purporting to be the only solution.

- **Avoid multiple levels of outcomes**. It makes the work more complicated. Try having one level of outcomes and then using indicators to address what would otherwise be a second or third level:
  - Outcome: Clean Environment
    - Indicator: % of days with clean air
    - *Indicator*: % of stream miles meeting water quality standards

## **Selecting Indicators**

For each outcome, there is a set of indicators that reflect the extent to which the result is being achieved.

- Avoid referencing services. Indicators that include services or providers create circular thinking.
- Select the best ones using simple criteria communication power, proxy power, and data power:
  - o Communication: Does the measure communicate to a broad and diverse audience?
  - <u>Proxy</u>: Does the measure say something of central importance about the desired result or outcome? If this indicator goes in the right direction, will others as well?
  - o Data: Do we have quality data that is timely, reliable, and consistent?

Outcome:			
Indicator	Comm.	<u>Data</u>	<b>Proxy</b>
	□H□M□L	□н□м□∟	□н□м□∟
	□H□M□L	□H□M□L	□H□M□L
	□H□M□L	□H□M□L	□H□M□L

- Don't make the need for better data a pre-condition for starting. Use a three-part indicator list:
  - o Primary/HeadlineIndicators: 3 or 4 most important, the ones that rise to the top
  - Secondary Indicators: Any other meaningful measures for which there is good data.
  - o <u>Data Development Agenda</u>: Priorities for new and improved data, with a plan to resource.