House Calendar

Friday, April 13, 2018
101st DAY OF THE ADJOURNED SESSION
House Convenes at 9:30 A.M.

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ACTION CALENDAR

Third Reading

S. 29
An act relating to decedents’ estates

S. 101
An act relating to the conduct of forestry operations

NOTICE CALENDAR

Favorable with Amendment

H. 482
An act relating to consumer protection

Rep. Marcotte of Coventry, for the Committee on Commerce and Economic Development, recommends the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 9 V.S.A. §41a is amended to read:

§ 41a. LEGAL RATES
   (a) Except as specifically provided by law, the rate of interest or the sum allowed for forbearance or use of money shall be 12 percent per annum computed by the actuarial method.
   (b) The rate of interest or the sum allowed:

* * *

(10) Interest on a judgment against a debtor in default on credit card debt incurred for personal, family, or household purposes shall accrue at the rate of 12 percent per annum using simple interest, unless a court suspends or reduces the accrual of interest pursuant to 12 V.S.A. §2903a.

* * *

Sec. 2. 12 V.S.A. chapter 113 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 113. JUDGMENT LIEN JUDGMENTS AND JUDGMENT LIENS

* * *

§ 2903. DURATION AND EFFECTIVENESS

* * *

(c) Interest. Unless a court suspends or reduces the accrual of interest pursuant to section 2903a of this title, interest on a judgment lien shall accrue at the rate of 12 percent per annum using simple interest.
   (d) If a judgment lien is not satisfied within 30 days of recording, it may be
foreclosed and redeemed as provided in this title and V.R.C.P. Rule 80.1 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure. Unless the court finds that as of the date of foreclosure the amount of the outstanding debt exceeds the value of the real property being foreclosed, section 4531 of this title shall apply to foreclosure of a judgment lien.

§ 2903a. ACCRUAL OF POSTJUDGMENT INTEREST ON CREDIT CARD DEBT; SUSPENSION; REDUCTION; REINSTATEMENT

(a) Upon or after entering a judgment against a debtor in default on credit card debt incurred for personal, family, or household purposes, a court may suspend or reduce the accrual of interest on the judgment if it finds:

(1) the judgment debtor’s income and assets are exempt from collection; or

(2) based on his or her current income, assets, and expenses, the judgment debtor does not have more financial resources available than what is reasonably necessary to support the debtor and his or her dependents.

(b) To request suspension or reduction of interest on a judgment, the debtor shall submit to the court a motion to suspend or reduce interest that includes:

(1) a completed financial disclosure, on a form adopted by the Vermont Judiciary; and

(2) any additional documentation the court prescribes.

(c) If the court approves the request, it:

(1) shall provide in its order that the suspension or reduction of interest is based on the judgment debtor’s current income, assets, and expenses; and

(2) may require the judgment debtor periodically to provide the judgment creditor with an updated financial disclosure form.

(d) The court may revise its order upon a motion by the judgment creditor or judgment debtor to reinstate, reduce further, or suspend the accrual of interest based on a substantial change in the judgment debtor’s income, assets, or expenses.

* * *

Sec. 3. 9 V.S.A. chapter 63, subchapter 9 is added to read:

Subchapter 9. Debt Collectors and Debt Collection

§ 2491. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

(1) “Credit card debtor” means a consumer who is in default on credit card debt incurred for personal, family, or household purposes.

(2) “Debt collector” means a person who engages, or directly or indirectly aids, in collecting a credit card debt incurred for personal, family, or household purposes, and includes a debt buyer.

§ 2491a. ENFORCEMENT
A person who violates a provision of this subchapter commits an unfair and deceptive act in commerce in violation of section 2453 of this title.

§ 2491b. CREDIT CARD DEBT COLLECTION; NOTICES TO CONSUMER

(a) Notice prior to initiating action. Prior to initiating an action to obtain a judgment against a credit card debtor, a debt collector shall deliver to the credit card debtor:
   (1) a claim of exemption form adopted by the Vermont Judiciary; and
   (2) a written notice that contains:
      (A) the amount of the debt;
      (B) the name of the person to whom the debt is owed;
      (C) the name of the original creditor, the last four digits of the account, and the alleged date of the last payment if any;
      (D) a statement that, if the credit card debtor indicates in writing that his or her current income and assets are exempt from collection, the debt collector will review the information in deciding whether and how to proceed in collecting the debt.

(b) Time for delivering notice prior to initiating action. A debt collector shall deliver the notice required in subsection (a) of this section not more than 90 days and not less than 30 days before initiating an action to obtain a judgment against a credit card debtor.

(c) Notice by assignee prior to filing a motion to collect on a judgment against credit card debtor. Prior to filing a motion to collect on a judgment against a credit card debtor, an assignee of the judgment shall deliver to the judgment debtor:
   (1) a copy of the judgment against the credit card debtor;
   (2) the date and parties to each assignment of the judgment;
   (3) a claim of exemption form adopted by the Vermont Judiciary; and
   (4) a written statement that, if the credit card debtor indicates in writing that his or her current income and assets are exempt from collection, the assignee will review the information in deciding whether and how to proceed in collecting on the judgment.

(d) Time for delivering notice by assignee prior to filing a motion to collect on a judgment against credit card debtor. The assignee of a judgment shall deliver the notice required in subsection (c) of this section not more than 90 days and not less than 30 days before filing a motion to collect on the judgment.

§ 2491c. DEBT COLLECTION AFTER STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS EXPIRED; LIMITATIONS

(a)(1) A debt collector shall not initiate a civil action to collect a debt from a credit card debtor when the debt collector knows or reasonably should know that the statute of limitations provided in 12 V.S.A. § 511 has expired.
(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when the limitations period provided in 12 V.S.A. § 511 expires, any subsequent payment toward, written or oral affirmation of, or other activity on the debt does not revive or extend the limitations period.

(b) After the statute of limitations provided in 12 V.S.A. § 511 has expired, a debt collector may only communicate with a credit card debtor concerning the debt after providing written or verbal notice that the credit card debtor has the right to request that the debt collector cease all communications with the credit card debtor concerning the debt and providing one of the following disclosures:

1. If the debt is not past the date for obsolescence set forth in the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681c(a):

   “The law limits how long you can be sued on a debt. Because of the age of your debt, we cannot sue you for it. However, if you do not pay the debt, [creditor or debt collector name] may [continue to] report it to the credit reporting agencies as unpaid for as long as the law permits this reporting.”

2. If the debt is past the date for obsolescence set forth in the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681c(a):

   “The law limits how long you can be sued on a debt. Because of the age of your debt, [creditor or debt collector name] cannot sue you for it and will not report it to any credit reporting agency.”

Sec. 4. 12 V.S.A. § 2732 is amended to read:

§ 2732. GOODS, EFFECTS, AND CREDITS HELD BY THIRD PERSON

On request of the judgment creditor, the clerk of the court granting judgment shall issue to the officer holding the execution a summons as trustee to a third person having in his or her hands goods, effects, or credits, other than earnings, of the debtor that have not previously been attached on trustee process in connection with the action. The summons shall be in such form as the Supreme Court may by rule provide for a summons to a trustee in connection with the commencement of an action and shall state the date and amount of the judgment. The summons shall be served by the officer upon the trustee in like manner and with the same effect as mesne process. A copy of the summons shall be served upon the judgment debtor with the officer’s endorsement thereon of the date of service upon the trustee. After service of the summons, proceedings shall be had as provided by law and by rule promulgated by the Supreme Court for trustee process in connection with the commencement of an action.

Sec. 5. 12 V.S.A. § 3170 is amended to read:

§ 3170. EXEMPTIONS; ISSUANCE OF ORDER

(a) No order approving the issuance of trustee process against earnings shall be entered against a judgment debtor who was, within the two-month
period preceding the hearing provided in section 3169 of this title, a recipient of assistance from the Vermont Department for Children and Families or the Department of Vermont Health Access. The judgment debtor must establish this exemption at the time of hearing.

(b) The earnings of a judgment debtor shall be exempt as follows:
   (1) 75 percent of the debtor’s weekly disposable earnings, or 30 times the federal minimum hourly wage, whichever is greater; or
   (2) if the judgment debt arose from a consumer credit transaction, as that term is defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1602 and implementing regulations of the Federal Reserve Board, 85 percent of the debtor’s weekly disposable earnings, or 40 times the federal minimum hourly wage, whichever is greater; or
   (3) if the court finds that the weekly expenses reasonably incurred by the debtor for his or her maintenance and that of dependents exceed the amounts exempted by subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, such greater amount of earnings as the court shall order.

* * *

Sec. 6. 12 V.S.A. § 3173 is added to read:
§ 3173. TRUSTEE PROCESS AGAINST JUDGMENT DEBTOR’S BANK ACCOUNTS; PROCEDURE
   (a)(1) A judgment creditor may, pursuant to this section, obtain trustee process against a judgment debtor’s accounts or funds in the possession of a bank or other financial institution to enforce a money judgment in a civil action.
   (2) Notwithstanding section 2732 of this title or any other provision of law, a judgment debtor’s accounts or funds in the possession of a bank or other financial institution shall not be attached, be subject to trustee process, or be subject to execution by a judgment creditor unless the requirements of this section are satisfied.
   (3) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a financial institution from exercising a contractual right of setoff against a judgment debtor’s deposit accounts with the financial institution.
   (b)(1) A judgment creditor may file an ex parte motion for trustee process against a judgment debtor’s accounts or funds in the possession of a bank or other financial institution describing in detail the grounds for the motion, the amount alleged to be unpaid, including estimated costs anticipated to be expended for court fees and service on parties in connection with the trustee process procedure.
   (2) The judgment creditor shall prepare a summons and a disclosure for the trustee, and a claim of exemption for the judgment debtor, on forms provided by the court.
   (c)(1) Upon receipt of a motion for trustee process filed under this section when a judgment is final and has not been satisfied, the Superior clerk is
authorized to issue one or more summonses to any trustee financial institution specified by the judgment creditor that possesses accounts or funds belonging to the judgment debtor.

(2) If the judgment creditor requests issuance of more than one summons, the judgment creditor shall specify, and the clerk shall include in the summons, which financial institution shall not freeze the amounts exempted by subdivision 2740(15) of this title.

(3) The clerk shall issue a notice of hearing concurrently with the summons and shall set the matter for hearing not sooner than 30 days after issuing the notice and summons.

(4) A summons issued pursuant to this subsection shall contain instructions to the trustee financial institution directing it not to freeze any funds of the judgment debtor that, based on deposit or other information kept by the trustee financial institution, are protected under 31 C.F.R. part 212 or exempt under subdivision 2740(15) of this title.

(d)(1) The judgment creditor shall serve on the trustee financial institution and the judgment debtor pursuant to Rule 4 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure, unless the judgment debtor files an appearance pursuant to Rule 5 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure after the motion for trustee process is filed:

(A) the motion for trustee process;
(B) the summons and notice of hearing issued by the clerk pursuant to subdivisions (c)(1) and (3) of this section;
(C) a claim of exemptions form approved by the Court Administrator that permits the judgment debtor to identify any of the debtor’s funds in the possession of the trustee financial institution that may be exempt from execution under section 2740 of this title; and
(D) a disclosure form for the trustee.

(2) If the judgment creditor does not provide proof of service on the judgment debtor by the time of the hearing and the judgment debtor does not appear at the hearing, the court shall issue an order denying the motion for trustee process and directing the trustee financial institution to release all of the judgment debtor’s held funds to the judgment debtor, unless the hearing is continued for good cause.

(e) Upon receipt of a summons served pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, a trustee financial institution, based on the instructions contained in the summons and deposit or other information kept by the institution:

(1) shall not freeze any funds in its possession belonging to the judgment debtor that are protected under 31 C.F.R. part 212 or that are exempt under subdivision 2740(15) of this title;
(2) shall freeze any funds up to the amount owed as provided in the summons to the trustee that are not protected under 31 C.F.R. part 212 and that
are not exempt under subdivision 2740(15) of this title; and

(3) shall return the disclosure form to the court and to the parties within 10 days.

(f)(1) A judgment debtor may request an expedited hearing to determine a claim of exemption.

(2) The judgment debtor shall:
   (A) submit the request in writing; and
   (B) send a copy of the request to the court, to the judgment creditor, and to the trustee financial institution.

(3) The court shall give notice to the parties and hold the hearing within three business days after the judgment debtor makes the request.

(4) If the judgment debtor requests an expedited hearing, he or she is deemed to have entered an appearance and waived any further service.

(g) At the hearing on the motion for trustee process or motion for expedited hearing, the court shall consider the disclosure form from the trustee and the testimony and affidavits offered by any party, provided that an affiant is available to testify in person or by telephone. The court shall issue an order granting or denying the motion for trustee process, which shall:

(1) state the amount of the judgment unpaid, including costs incurred since filing the motion;

(2) state the rate of postjudgment interest due under 9 V.S.A. § 41a(b)(10);

(3) identify any funds of the judgment debtor in the possession of the trustee financial institution that are exempt from execution under section 2740 of this title and order release of those funds to the judgment debtor;

(4) review any proposed settlement between the judgment creditor and the judgment debtor and make a finding as to whether any waiver of exemptions was knowing; and

(5) identify the amount of funds in the possession of the trustee financial institution that shall be released to the judgment creditor.

(h) A trustee financial institution shall not be subject to criminal or civil liability for any actions taken in reliance upon the provisions of this section.

Sec. 7. IMPLEMENTATION; REPORT

(a) On or before January 15, 2020, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Judicial Branch, representatives of creditors and debtors, and national nonprofit organizations representing the receivables industry, shall submit to the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary, the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development, and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs a report that addresses:

(1) the implementation, outcomes, and effectiveness of this act;

(2) whether to expand the applicability of the provisions of this act beyond credit card debt; and
(3) any recommendations for further legislative action related to this act.

(b) On or before January 15, 2019, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Judicial Branch and representatives of creditors and debtors, shall submit to the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary, the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development, and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs a report that addresses the potential costs and benefits of requiring a court to acquire and review a debtor’s credit report when considering a request to reduce or suspend the accrual of postjudgment interest, who should be responsible for producing the credit report, and how to ensure consumer privacy if a credit report is used for those purposes in a court action.

Sec. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on October 1, 2018.

and that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:  “An act relating to consumer protection, credit card debt, and trustee process”

(Committee Vote: 7-2-2)

Rep. Conquest of Newbury, for the Committee on Judiciary, recommends the bill ought to pass when amended as recommended by the Committee on Commerce and Economic Development.

(Committee Vote: 7-1-3)

Amendment to be offered by Reps. Sullivan of Dorset and McCoy of Poulney to the recommendation of amendment of the Committee on Commerce and Economic Development to H. 482

By striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 9 V.S.A. § 41a is amended to read:

§ 41a. LEGAL RATES

(a) Except as specifically provided by law, the rate of interest or the sum allowed for forbearance or use of money shall be 12 percent per annum computed by the actuarial method.

(b) The rate of interest or the sum allowed:

* * *

(10) Interest on a judgment against a consumer credit card debtor, as defined in 12 V.S.A. § 2903a(a)(1), shall accrue at the rate of 12 percent per annum using simple interest unless a court suspends or reduces the accrual of interest pursuant to 12 V.S.A. § 2903a.

* * *
Sec. 2. 12 V.S.A. chapter 113 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 113. JUDGMENT LIEN JUDGMENTS AND JUDGMENT LIENS

§ 2903. DURATION AND EFFECTIVENESS

(c) Interest Unless a court suspends or reduces the accrual of interest pursuant to section 2903a of this title, interest on a judgment lien shall accrue at the rate of 12 percent per annum using simple interest.

(d) If a judgment lien is not satisfied within 30 days of recording, it may be foreclosed and redeemed as provided in this title and V.R.C.P. Rule 80.1 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure. Unless the court finds that as of the date of foreclosure the amount of the outstanding debt exceeds the value of the real property being foreclosed, section 4531 of this title shall apply to foreclosure of a judgment lien.

§ 2903a. ACCRUAL OF POSTJUDGMENT INTEREST ON CREDIT CARD DEBT; SUSPENSION; REDUCTION; REINSTATEMENT

(a) As used in this section:

(1)(A) “Consumer credit card debtor” means a person who is in default on an unsecured consumer credit card debt and whose gross annual household income does not exceed 80 percent of the applicable county median income, as determined by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

(B) “Consumer credit card debtor” does not include a business entity, partnership, association, or limited liability company; an owner, member, officer, or authorized agent of a business entity, partnership, association, or limited liability company; or a self-employed person.

(2) “Consumer debt collection business” means an entity or person who in the regular course of its or their business engages or assists in the collection of defaulted unsecured consumer credit card debt.

(b) Upon or after entering a judgment against a consumer credit card debtor, a court may suspend or reduce the accrual of interest on the judgment if it finds:

(1) the consumer credit card debtor’s income and assets are exempt from collection; or

(2) the consumer credit card debtor does not have financial resources sufficient reasonably to support the debtor and his or her dependents.
(c) To request suspension or reduction of interest on a judgment, the consumer credit card debtor shall submit to the court a motion to suspend or reduce interest that includes:

(1) a completed financial disclosure, on a form adopted by the Vermont Judiciary; and

(2) any additional documentation the court prescribes.

(d) If the court approves the request, it:

(1) shall provide in its order that the suspension or reduction of interest is based on the consumer credit card debtor’s current income, assets, and expenses; and

(2) may require the consumer credit card debtor periodically to provide the judgment creditor with an updated financial disclosure form.

(e) The court may revise its order upon a motion by the judgment creditor or consumer credit card debtor to reinstate, reduce further, or suspend the accrual of interest based on a material change in the consumer credit card debtor’s income, assets, or expenses.

(f) This section shall not apply to, or affect the substantive rights and obligations of parties in, federal bankruptcy proceedings, actions brought by any court-ordered receiver, arbitration proceedings, or actions initiated in courts outside of this State.

* * *

Sec. 3. 9 V.S.A. chapter 63, subchapter 9 is added to read:

Subchapter 9. Consumer Debt Collection Business and Debt Collection

§ 2491. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

(1)(A) “Consumer credit card debtor” means a person who is in default on an unsecured consumer credit card debt and whose gross annual household income does not exceed 80 percent of the applicable county median income, as determined by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

(B) “Consumer credit card debtor” does not include a business entity, partnership, association, or limited liability company; an owner, member, officer, or authorized agent of a business entity, partnership, association, or limited liability company; or a self-employed person.

(2) “Consumer debt collection business” means an entity or person who in the regular course of its or their business engages or assists in the collection of defaulted unsecured consumer credit card debt.
§ 2491a. ENFORCEMENT

A person who violates a provision of this subchapter commits an unfair and deceptive act in commerce in violation of section 2453 of this title.

§ 2491b. CREDIT CARD DEBT COLLECTION; NOTICES TO CONSUMER

(a) Notice prior to initiating an action to obtain a judgment against a consumer credit card debtor. Prior to initiating an action in the courts of this State to obtain a judgment against a consumer credit card debtor, a consumer debt collection business shall deliver to the consumer credit card debtor:

(1) a claim of exemption from adopted by the Vermont Judiciary; and

(2) a written notice that contains:

(A) the amount of the debt;

(B) the name of the person to whom the debt is owed;

(C) the name of the original creditor, the last four digits of the account, and the alleged date of the last payment if any;

(D) a statement that, if the consumer credit card debtor indicates in writing that his or her current income and assets are exempt from collection, the consumer debt collection business will review the information in deciding whether and how to proceed in collecting the debt.

(b) Time for delivering notice prior to initiating an action to obtain a judgment against a consumer credit card debtor. A consumer debt collection business shall deliver the notice required in subsection (a) of this section not more than 90 days and not less than 30 days before initiating an action pursuant to Vermont law to obtain a judgment against a consumer credit card debtor.

(c) Notice by assignee prior to filing a motion to collect on a judgment against consumer credit card debtor. Prior to filing a motion to collect on a judgment obtained in the courts of this State against a consumer credit card debtor, an assignee of the judgment shall deliver to the judgment debtor:

(1) a copy of the judgment against the consumer credit card debtor;

(2) the date and parties to each assignment of the judgment;

(3) a claim of exemption form adopted by the Vermont Judiciary; and

(4) a written statement that, if the consumer credit card debtor indicates in writing that his or her current income and assets are exempt from collection, the assignee will review the information in deciding whether and how to proceed in collecting on the judgment.
(d) Time for delivering notice by assignee prior to filing a motion to collect on a judgment against consumer credit card debtor. The assignee of a judgment shall deliver the notice required in subsection (c) of this section not more than 90 days and not less than 30 days before filing a motion to collect on the judgment pursuant to Vermont law.

§ 2491c. DEBT COLLECTION AFTER STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS

EXPIRED; LIMITATIONS

(a) A consumer debt collection business shall not initiate an action to collect debt from a consumer credit card debtor when the consumer debt collection business knows or reasonably should know that the applicable statute of limitations has expired.

(b) After the statute of limitations to initiate an action to collect debt from a consumer credit card debtor has expired, a consumer debt collection business may only communicate with a consumer credit card debtor concerning the debt after providing written or verbal notice that the consumer credit card debtor has the right to request that the consumer debt collection business cease all communications with the consumer credit card debtor concerning the debt and providing one of the following disclosures:

(1) If the debt is not past the date for obsolescence set forth in the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681c(a):

“The law limits how long you can be sued on a debt. Because of the age of your debt, we cannot sue you for it. However, if you do not pay the debt, [creditor or consumer debt collection business name] may [continue to] report it to the credit reporting agencies as unpaid for as long as the law permits this reporting.”

(2) If the debt is past the date for obsolescence set forth in the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681c(a):

“The law limits how long you can be sued on a debt. Because of the age of your debt, [creditor or consumer debt collection business name] cannot sue you for it and will not report it to any credit reporting agency.”

§ 2491d. LIMITATION OF SCOPE

This subchapter shall not apply to, or affect the substantive rights and obligations of parties in, federal bankruptcy proceedings, actions brought by any court-ordered receiver, arbitration proceedings, or actions initiated in courts outside of this State.

Sec. 4. 12 V.S.A. § 2732 is amended to read:

§ 2732. GOODS, EFFECTS, AND CREDITS HELD BY THIRD PERSON
On request of the judgment creditor, the clerk of the court granting judgment shall issue to the officer holding the execution a summons as trustee to a third person having in his or her hands goods, effects, or credits, other than earnings, of the debtor that have not previously been attached on trustee process in connection with the action. The summons shall be in such form as the Supreme Court may by rule provide for a summons to a trustee in connection with the commencement of an action and shall state the date and amount of the judgment. The summons shall be served by the officer upon the trustee in like manner and with the same effect as mesne process. A copy of the summons shall be served upon the judgment debtor with the officer’s endorsement thereon of the date of service upon the trustee. After service of the summons, proceedings shall be had as provided by law and by rule promulgated by the Supreme Court for trustee process in connection with the commencement of an action.

Sec. 5. 12 V.S.A. § 3170 is amended to read:

§ 3170. EXEMPTIONS; ISSUANCE OF ORDER

(a) No order approving the issuance of trustee process against earnings shall be entered against a judgment debtor who was, within the two-month period preceding the hearing provided in section 3169 of this title, a recipient of assistance from the Vermont Department for Children and Families or the Department of Vermont Health Access. The judgment debtor must establish this exemption at the time of hearing.

(b) The earnings of a judgment debtor shall be exempt as follows:

(1) 75 percent of the debtor’s weekly disposable earnings, or 30 times the federal minimum hourly wage, whichever is greater; or

(2) if the judgment debt arose from a consumer credit transaction, as that term is defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1602 and implementing regulations of the Federal Reserve Board, 85 percent of the debtor’s weekly disposable earnings, or 40 times the federal minimum hourly wage, whichever is greater; or

(3) if the court finds that the weekly expenses reasonably incurred by the debtor for his or her maintenance and that of dependents exceed the amounts exempted by subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, such greater amount of earnings as the court shall order.

* * *

Sec. 6. 12 V.S.A. § 3173 is added to read:

§ 3173. TRUSTEE PROCESS AGAINST JUDGMENT DEBTOR’S BANK ACCOUNTS; PROCEDURE
(a)(1) A judgment creditor may, pursuant to this section, obtain trustee process against a judgment debtor’s accounts or funds in the possession of a bank or other financial institution to enforce a money judgment in a civil action.

(2) Notwithstanding section 2732 of this title or any other provision of law, a judgment debtor’s accounts or funds in the possession of a bank or other financial institution shall not be attached, be subject to trustee process, or be subject to execution by a judgment creditor unless the requirements of this section are satisfied.

(3) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a financial institution from exercising a contractual right of setoff against a judgment debtor’s deposit accounts with the financial institution.

(b)(1) A judgment creditor may file an ex parte motion for trustee process against a judgment debtor’s accounts or funds in the possession of a bank or other financial institution describing in detail the grounds for the motion, the amount alleged to be unpaid, including estimated costs anticipated to be expended for court fees and service on parties in connection with the trustee process procedure.

(2) The judgment creditor shall prepare a summons and a disclosure for the trustee, and a claim of exemption for the judgment debtor, on forms provided by the court.

(c)(1) Upon receipt of a motion for trustee process filed under this section when a judgment is final and has not been satisfied, the Superior clerk is authorized to issue one or more summonses to any trustee financial institution specified by the judgment creditor that possesses accounts or funds belonging to the judgment debtor.

(2) If the judgment creditor requests issuance of more than one summons, the judgment creditor shall specify, and the clerk shall include in the summons, which financial institution shall not freeze the amounts exempted by subdivision 2740(15) of this title.

(3) The clerk shall issue a notice of hearing concurrently with the summons and shall set the matter for hearing not sooner than 30 days after issuing the notice and summons.

(4) A summons issued pursuant to this subsection shall contain instructions to the trustee financial institution directing it not to freeze any funds of the judgment debtor that, based on deposit or other information kept by the trustee financial institution, are protected under 31 C.F.R. part 212 or exempt under subdivision 2740(15) of this title.
(d)(1) The judgment creditor shall serve on the trustee financial institution and the judgment debtor pursuant to Rule 4 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure, unless the judgment debtor files an appearance pursuant to Rule 5 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure after the motion for trustee process is filed:

(A) the motion for trustee process;
(B) the summons and notice of hearing issued by the clerk pursuant to subdivisions (c)(1) and (3) of this section;
(C) a claim of exemptions form approved by the Court Administrator that permits the judgment debtor to identify any of the debtor’s funds in the possession of the trustee financial institution that may be exempt from execution under section 2740 of this title; and
(D) a disclosure form for the trustee.

(2) If the judgment creditor does not provide proof of service on the judgment debtor by the time of the hearing and the judgment debtor does not appear at the hearing, the court shall issue an order denying the motion for trustee process and directing the trustee financial institution to release all of the judgment debtor’s held funds to the judgment debtor, unless the hearing is continued for good cause.

(e) Upon receipt of a summons served pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, a trustee financial institution, based on the instructions contained in the summons and deposit or other information kept by the institution:

1. shall not freeze any funds in its possession belonging to the judgment debtor that are protected under 31 C.F.R. part 212 or that are exempt under subdivision 2740(15) of this title;
2. shall freeze any funds up to the amount owed as provided in the summons to the trustee that are not protected under 31 C.F.R. part 212 and that are not exempt under subdivision 2740(15) of this title; and
3. shall return the disclosure form to the court and to the parties within 10 days.

(f)(1) A judgment debtor may request an expedited hearing to determine a claim of exemption.

(2) The judgment debtor shall:
(A) submit the request in writing; and
(B) send a copy of the request to the court, to the judgment creditor, and to the trustee financial institution.
(3) The court shall give notice to the parties and hold the hearing within three business days after the judgment debtor makes the request.

(4) If the judgment debtor requests an expedited hearing, he or she is deemed to have entered an appearance and waived any further service.

(g) At the hearing on the motion for trustee process or motion for expedited hearing, the court shall consider the disclosure form from the trustee and the testimony and affidavits offered by any party, provided that an affiant is available to testify in person or by telephone. The court shall issue an order granting or denying the motion for trustee process, which shall:

(1) state the amount of the judgment unpaid, including costs incurred since filing the motion;

(2) state the rate of postjudgment interest due under 9 V.S.A. § 41a(b)(10);

(3) identify any funds of the judgment debtor in the possession of the trustee financial institution that are exempt from execution under section 2740 of this title and order release of those funds to the judgment debtor;

(4) review any proposed settlement between the judgment creditor and the judgment debtor and make a finding as to whether any waiver of exemptions was knowing; and

(5) identify the amount of funds in the possession of the trustee financial institution that shall be released to the judgment creditor.

(h) A trustee financial institution shall not be subject to criminal or civil liability for any actions taken in reliance upon the provisions of this section.

Sec. 7. IMPLEMENTATION; REPORT
On or before January 15, 2020, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Judicial Branch, representatives of creditors and debtors, and national nonprofit organizations representing the receivables industry, shall submit to the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary, the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development, and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs a report that:

(1) addresses the implementation and outcomes of this act; and

(2) specifies the number of cases affected by this act involving low income Vermonters.

Sec. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on October 1, 2018.

and that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: “An act relating to consumer protection, credit card debt, and trustee process”
S. 166

An act relating to the provision of medication-assisted treatment for inmates

Rep. Shaw of Pittsford, for the Committee on Corrections and Institutions, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT

It is the intent of the General Assembly that medication-assisted treatment offered at or facilitated by a correctional facility is a medically necessary component of treatment for inmates diagnosed with opioid use disorder.

Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. § 4750 is added to read:

§ 4750. DEFINITION

As used in this chapter, “medication-assisted treatment” means the use of U.S. Federal Drug Administration-approved medications, in combination with counseling and behavioral therapies, to provide a whole patient approach to the treatment of substance use disorders.

Sec. 3. 28 V.S.A. § 801 is amended to read:

§ 801. MEDICAL CARE OF INMATES

* * *

(b)(1) Upon admission to a correctional facility for a minimum of 14 consecutive days, each inmate shall be given a physical assessment unless extenuating circumstances exist.

(2) Within 24 hours after admission to a correctional facility, each inmate shall be screened for substance use disorders as part of the initial and ongoing substance use screening and assessment process. This process includes screening and assessment for opioid use disorders.

* * *

(e)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, an offender inmate who is admitted to a correctional facility while under the medical care of a licensed physician, a licensed physician assistant, or a licensed advanced practice registered nurse, or a licensed nurse practitioner and who is taking medication at the time of admission pursuant to a valid prescription as verified by the inmate’s pharmacy of record, primary care provider, other licensed care provider, or as verified by the Vermont Prescription Monitoring System or other prescription monitoring or information system, including buprenorphine, methadone, or other medication prescribed in the course of medication-assisted treatment, shall be entitled to continue that medication and to be provided that
medication by the Department pending an evaluation by a licensed physician, a licensed physician assistant, a licensed nurse practitioner, or a licensed advanced practice registered nurse.

(2) However, notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, the Department may defer provision of a validly prescribed medication in accordance with this subsection if, in the clinical judgment of a licensed physician, a physician assistant, a nurse practitioner, or an advanced practice registered nurse, it is not in the inmate’s best interest medically necessary to continue the medication at that time.

(3) The licensed practitioner who makes the clinical judgment to discontinue a medication shall enter cause the reason for the discontinuation to be entered into the inmate’s permanent medical record, specifically stating the reason for the discontinuance. The inmate shall be provided, both orally and in writing, with a specific explanation of the decision to discontinue the medication and with notice of the right to have his or her community-based prescriber notified of the decision. If the inmate provides signed authorization, the Department shall notify the community-based prescriber in writing of the decision to discontinue the medication.

(4) It is not the intent of the General Assembly that this subsection shall create a new or additional private right of action.

(5) As used in this subchapter:

(A) “Medically necessary” describes health care services that are appropriate in terms of type, amount, frequency, level, setting, and duration to the individual’s diagnosis or condition, are informed by generally accepted medical or scientific evidence, and are consistent with generally accepted practice parameters. Such services shall be informed by the unique needs of each individual and each presenting situation, and shall include a determination that a service is needed to achieve proper growth and development or to prevent the onset or worsening of a health condition.

(B) “Medication-assisted treatment” shall have the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 4750.

* * *

Sec. 4. 28 V.S.A. § 801b is added to read:

§ 801b. MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT IN CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES

(a) If an inmate receiving medication-assisted treatment prior to entering the correctional facility continues to receive medication prescribed in the course of medication-assisted treatment pursuant to section 801 of this title, the
inmate shall be authorized to receive that medication for as long as medically necessary.

(b)(1) If at any time an inmate screens positive as having an opioid use disorder, the inmate may elect to commence buprenorphine-specific medication-assisted treatment if it is deemed medically necessary by a provider authorized to prescribe buprenorphine. The inmate shall be authorized to receive the medication as soon as possible and for as long as medically necessary.

(2) Nothing in this subsection shall prevent an inmate who commences medication-assisted treatment while in a correctional facility from transferring from buprenorphine to methadone if:

(A) methadone is deemed medically necessary by a provider authorized to prescribe methadone; and

(B) the inmate elects to commence methadone as recommended by a provider authorized to prescribe methadone.

(c) The licensed practitioner who makes the clinical judgment to discontinue a medication shall cause the reason for the discontinuance to be entered into the inmate’s medical record, specifically stating the reason for the discontinuance. The inmate shall be provided, both orally and in writing, with a specific explanation of the decision to discontinue the medication and with notice of the right to have his or her community-based prescriber notified of the decision. If the inmate provides signed authorization, the Department shall notify the community-based prescriber in writing of the decision to discontinue the medication.

(d) As part of reentry planning for an inmate who screens positive for an opioid use disorder and for whom medication assisted treatment is medically necessary, the Department shall commence medication-assisted treatment prior to release. If medication-assisted treatment is indicated and despite best efforts induction is not possible prior to release, the Department shall ensure comprehensive care coordination with a community-based provider.

(e) Any counseling or behavioral therapies provided in conjunction with the use of medication-assisted treatment shall be medically necessary.

* * *

Sec. 5. MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING; MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT IN STATE CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES

(a) On or before December 31, 2018, the Departments of Corrections and
of Health may enter into a memorandum of understanding with opioid treatment programs throughout the State, certified and accredited pursuant to 42 C.F.R. part 8, that serve regions in which a State correctional facility is located to provide medication-assisted treatment to those inmates for whom a licensed practitioner has determined medication-assisted treatment is medically necessary. Treatment received pursuant to this section shall be coordinated pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 4753.

(b) As used in this section, “medication-assisted treatment” shall have the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 4750.

Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2018.

(Committee vote: 10-0-1 )

(For text see Senate Journal March 13, 2018 )

S. 203

An act relating to systemic improvements of the mental health system

Rep. Donahue of Northfield, for the Committee on Health Care, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Order of Non-Hospitalization Study Committee * * *

Sec. 1. ORDER OF NON-HOSPITALIZATION STUDY COMMITTEE

(a) Creation. There is created the Order of Non-Hospitalization Study Committee to examine the strengths and weaknesses of Vermont’s orders of non-hospitalizations for the purpose of improving patient care.

(b) Membership. The Committee shall be composed of the following 12 members:

(1) the Commissioner of Mental Health or designee;
(2) the Commissioner of Public Safety or designee;
(3) the Chief Superior Judge or designee;
(4) a member appointed by the Vermont Care Partners;
(5) a member appointed by the Vermont Association of Hospitals and Health Systems;
(6) a member appointed by Vermont Legal Aid’s Mental Health Project;
(7) a member appointed by the Executive Director of the Department of State’s Attorneys and Sheriffs;
(8) the Vermont Defender General or designee;

(9) the Executive Director of Vermont Psychiatric Survivors or designee;

(10) the Mental Health Care Ombudsman designated pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 7259;

(11) an individual who was previously under an order of non-hospitalization, appointed by Vermont Psychiatric Survivors; and

(12) the family member of an individual who is currently or was previously under an order of non-hospitalization, appointed by the Vermont chapter of the National Alliance on Mental Illness.

c) Powers and duties. The Committee shall examine the strengths and weaknesses of Vermont’s orders of non-hospitalization for the purpose of improving patient care and may propose a pilot project that seeks to redress any weaknesses and build upon any existing strengths. The Committee shall:

(1) review and understand existing laws pertaining to orders of non-hospitalization, including 1998 Acts and Resolves No. 114;

(2) review existing studies and reports on whether or not outpatient commitment and involuntary treatment orders improve patient outcomes;

(3) review existing data pertaining to orders of non-hospitalization, including data pertaining to individuals entering the mental health system through both civil and forensic procedures;

(4) if appropriate, propose a pilot project for the purpose of improving the efficacy of orders of non-hospitalization;

(5) if appropriate, recommend any changes necessary to approve the efficacy of orders of non-hospitalization; and

(6) identify statutory changes necessary to implement recommended changes to orders of non-hospitalization, if any.

d) Assistance. The Committee shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Department of Mental Health.

e) Report. On or before November 1, 2018, the Committee shall submit a written report to the House Committee on Health Care and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare with its findings and any recommendations for legislative action.

f) Meetings.

(1) The Commissioner of Mental Health or designee shall call the first meeting of the Committee to occur on or before August 1, 2018.
(2) The Commissioner of Mental Health or designee shall be the Chair.

(3) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.

(4) The Committee shall cease to exist on December 1, 2018.

(g) Compensation and reimbursement. Members of the Committee who are not employees of the State of Vermont and who are not otherwise compensated or reimbursed for their attendance shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than four meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the Department of Mental Health.

*** Waiver of Certificate of Need Requirement for Secure Residential Recovery Facility ***

Sec. 2. WAIVER OF CERTIFICATE OF NEED REQUIREMENT FOR SECURE RESIDENTIAL RECOVERY FACILITY

Notwithstanding the provisions of 18 V.S.A. chapter 221, subchapter 5, the construction, development, purchase, or renovation of land or buildings, or a combination thereof, in order to establish a secure residential recovery facility as authorized in the fiscal year 2019 capital bill shall not be considered a “new health care project” for which a certificate of need is required.

*** Use of Emergency Involuntary Procedures in the Secure Residential Recovery Facility ***

Sec. 3. EMERGENCY INVOLUNTARY PROCEDURES IN SECURE RESIDENTIAL RECOVERY FACILITIES

In the event that the Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living amends its rules pertaining to secure residential recovery facilities to allow the use of emergency involuntary procedures in them, the rules adopted shall be identical to those rules adopted by the Department of Mental Health that govern the use of emergency involuntary procedures in psychiatric inpatient units.

*** Reports ***

Sec. 4. REPORT; TRANSPORTING PATIENTS

On or before January 15, 2019, the Secretary of Human Services shall submit a written report to the House Committees on Appropriations and on Health Care and to the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Health and Welfare regarding the implementation of 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 85, Sec. E.314 (transporting patients). Specifically, the report shall:

(1) describe specifications introduced into the Agency of Human Services’ fiscal year 2019 contracts as a result of 2017 Acts and Resolves
No. 85, Sec. E.314;

(2) summarize the Agency’s oversight and enforcement of 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 85, Sec. E.314; and

(3) provide data from each sheriff’s department in the State on the use of restraints during patient transports.

Sec. 5. DATA COLLECTION AND REPORT; PATIENTS SEEKING MENTAL HEALTH CARE IN HOSPITAL SETTINGS

(a) Pursuant to the authority granted to the Commissioner of Mental Health under 18 V.S.A. § 7401, the Commissioner shall collect the following information from hospitals in the State that have either an inpatient psychiatric unit or emergency department receiving patients with psychiatric health needs:

(1) the number of individuals seeking psychiatric care voluntarily and the number of individuals in the custody or temporary custody of the Commissioner who are admitted to inpatient psychiatric units and the corresponding lengths of stay on the unit;

(2) the lengths of stay in emergency departments for individuals seeking psychiatric care voluntarily and for individuals in the custody or temporary custody of the Commissioner; and

(3) data regarding emergency involuntary procedures performed in an emergency department on individuals seeking psychiatric care.

(b) On or before January 15 of each year between 2019 and 2021, the Commissioner of Mental Health shall submit a written report to the House Committee on Health Care and to the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare containing the data collected pursuant to subsection (a) of this section during the previous calendar year.

Sec. 6. REPORT; RATES OF PAYMENTS TO DESIGNATED AND SPECIALIZED SERVICE AGENCIES

On or before January 15, 2019, the Secretary of Human Services shall submit a written report to the House Committees on Appropriations and on Health Care and to the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Health and Welfare pertaining to the implementation of 18 V.S.A. § 8914 (rates of payments to designated and specialized services agencies). Specifically, the report shall address the cost adjustment factor used to reflect changes in reasonable costs of goods and services of designated and specialized service agencies, including those attributed to inflation and labor market dynamics. If new payment methodologies are developed, the report shall address how the payments cover reasonable costs of goods and services of designated and specialized service agencies, including labor market dynamics.
Sec. 7. 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 82, Sec. 3(c) is amended to read:

(c) On or before January 15, 2019, the Secretary shall submit a comprehensive evaluation of the overarching structure for the delivery of mental health services within a sustainable, holistic health care system in Vermont to the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare and to the House Committees on Health Care and on Human Services, including. The Secretary shall ensure that the evaluation process provides for input from persons who identify as psychiatric survivors, consumers, or peers; family members of such persons; providers of mental health services; and providers of services within the broader health care system. The evaluation process shall include direct stakeholder involvement in the development of a written statement that articulates a common, long-term, statewide vision of how integrated, recovery- and resiliency-oriented services shall emerge as part of a comprehensive and holistic health care system. The evaluation shall include:

* * *

(5) how mental health care is being fully integrated into health care payment reform; and

(6) any recommendations for structural changes to the mental health system that would assist in achieving the vision of an integrated, holistic health care system;

(7) how Vermont’s mental health system currently addresses, or should be revised better to address, the goals articulated in 18 V.S.A. § 7629 of achieving “high-quality, patient-centered health care, which the Institute of Medicine defines as ‘providing care that is respectful of and responsive to individual patient preferences, needs, and values and ensuring that patient values guide all clinical decisions’” and of achieving a mental health system that does not require coercion;

(8) recommendations for encouraging regulators and policymakers to account for mental health care spending growth as part of overall cost growth within the health care system rather than singled out and capped by the State’s budget; and

(9) recommendations for ensuring parity between providers with similar job descriptions regardless of whether they are public employees or are employed by a State-financed agency.

Sec. 8. REPORT, INSTITUTIONS FOR MENTAL DISEASE

The Secretary of Human Services, in partnership with entities in Vermont designated by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services as “institutions for mental disease” (IMDs), shall submit the following reports to the House Committees on Appropriations, on Corrections and Institutions, on Health
Care, and on Human Services and to the Senate Committees on Appropriations, on Health and Welfare, and on Institutions regarding the Agency’s progress in evaluating the impact of federal IMD spending on persons with serious mental illness or substance use disorders:

(1) status updates that shall provide possible solutions considered as part of the State’s response to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services’ requirement to begin reducing federal Medicaid spending due on or before July 15, September 15, and November 15 of 2019; and

(2) on or before January 15 of each year from 2019 to 2025, a written report evaluating:

(A) the impact to the State caused by the requirement to reduce and eventually terminate federal Medicaid IMD spending;

(B) the number of existing psychiatric and substance use disorder treatment beds at risk and the geographical location of those beds;

(C) the State’s plan to address the needs of Vermont residents if psychiatric and substance use disorder treatment beds are at risk;

(D) the potential of attaining a waiver from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for existing psychiatric and substance use disorder services; and

(E) alternative solutions, including alternative sources of revenue, such as general funds, or opportunities to repurpose buildings designated as IMDs.

* * * Mental Health Parity * * *

Sec. 9. 8 V.S.A. § 4062(h) is amended to read:

(h)(1) The authority of the Board under this section shall apply only to the rate review process for policies for major medical insurance coverage and shall not apply to the policy forms for major medical insurance coverage or to the rate and policy form review process for policies for specific disease, accident, injury, hospital indemnity, dental care, vision care, disability income, long-term care, student health insurance coverage, Medicare supplemental coverage, or other limited benefit coverage, or to benefit plans that are paid directly to an individual insured or to his or her assigns and for which the amount of the benefit is not based on potential medical costs or actual costs incurred. Premium rates and rules for the classification of risk for Medicare supplemental insurance policies shall be governed by sections 4062b and 4080e of this title.

(2) The policy forms for major medical insurance coverage, as well as the policy forms, premium rates, and rules for the classification of risk for the
other lines of insurance described in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be reviewed and approved or disapproved by the Commissioner. In making his or her determination, the Commissioner shall consider whether a policy form, premium rate, or rule is affordable and is not unjust, unfair, inequitable, misleading, or contrary to the laws of this State; and, for a policy form for major medical insurance coverage, whether it ensures equal access to appropriate mental health care in a manner equivalent to other aspects of health care as part of an integrated, holistic system of care. The Commissioner shall make his or her determination within 30 days after the date the insurer filed the policy form, premium rate, or rule with the Department. At the expiration of the 30-day period, the form, premium rate, or rule shall be deemed approved unless prior to then it has been affirmatively approved or disapproved by the Commissioner or found to be incomplete. The Commissioner shall notify an insurer in writing if the insurer files any form, premium rate, or rule containing a provision that does not meet the standards expressed in this subsection. In such notice, the Commissioner shall state that a hearing will be granted within 20 days upon the insurer’s written request.

Sec. 10. 18 V.S.A. § 7201 is amended to read:

§ 7201. MENTAL HEALTH

(a) The Department of Mental Health, as the successor to the Division of Mental Health Services of the Department of Health, shall centralize and more efficiently establish the general policy and execute the programs and services of the State concerning mental health, and integrate and coordinate those programs and services with the programs and services of other departments of the State, its political subdivisions, and private agencies, so as to provide a flexible comprehensive service to all citizens of the State in mental health and related problems.

(b) The Department shall ensure equal access to appropriate mental health care in a manner equivalent to other aspects of health care as part of an integrated, holistic system of care.

Sec. 11. 18 V.S.A. § 7251 is amended to read:

§ 7251. PRINCIPLES FOR MENTAL HEALTH CARE REFORM

The General Assembly adopts the following principles as a framework for reforming the mental health care system in Vermont:

* * *

(4) The mental health system shall be integrated into the overall health care system and ensure equal access to appropriate mental health care in a manner equivalent to other aspects of health care as part of an integrated, holistic system of care.
Sec. 12. 18 V.S.A. § 9371 is amended to read:

§ 9371. PRINCIPLES FOR HEALTH CARE REFORM

The General Assembly adopts the following principles as a framework for reforming health care in Vermont:

(4) Primary care must be preserved and enhanced so that Vermonters have care available to them, preferably within their own communities. The health care system must ensure that Vermonters have access to appropriate mental health care that meets the Institute of Medicine’s triple aims of quality, access, and affordability and that is equivalent to other components of health care as part of an integrated, holistic system of care. Other aspects of Vermont’s health care infrastructure, including the educational and research missions of the State’s academic medical center and other postsecondary educational institutions, the nonprofit missions of the community hospitals, and the critical access designation of rural hospitals, must be supported in such a way that all Vermonters, including those in rural areas, have access to necessary health services and that these health services are sustainable.

Sec. 13. 18 V.S.A. § 9382 is amended to read:

§ 9382. OVERSIGHT OF ACCOUNTABLE CARE ORGANIZATIONS

(a) In order to be eligible to receive payments from Medicaid or commercial insurance through any payment reform program or initiative, including an all-payer model, each accountable care organization shall obtain and maintain certification from the Green Mountain Care Board. The Board shall adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 to establish standards and processes for certifying accountable care organizations. To the extent permitted under federal law, the Board shall ensure these rules anticipate and accommodate a range of ACO models and sizes, balancing oversight with support for innovation. In order to certify an ACO to operate in this State, the Board shall ensure that the following criteria are met:

(2) The ACO has established appropriate mechanisms and care models to provide, manage, and coordinate high-quality health care services for its patients, including incorporating the Blueprint for Health, coordinating services for complex high-need patients, and providing access to health care providers who are not participants in the ACO. The ACO ensures equal access to appropriate mental health care that meets the Institute of Medicine’s triple
Sec. 14. 18 V.S.A. § 9405(a) is amended to read:

(a) No later than January 1, 2005, the Secretary of Human Services or designee, in consultation with the Chair of the Green Mountain Care Board and health care professionals and after receipt of public comment, shall adopt a State Health Improvement Plan that sets forth the health goals and values for the State. The Secretary may amend the Plan as the Secretary deems necessary and appropriate. The Plan shall include health promotion, health protection, nutrition, and disease prevention priorities for the State; identify available human resources as well as human resources needed for achieving the State’s health goals and the planning required to meet those needs; identify gaps in ensuring equal access to appropriate mental health care that meets the Institute of Medicine’s triple aims of quality, access, and affordability equivalent to other components of health care as part of an integrated, holistic system of care; and identify geographic parts of the State needing investments of additional resources in order to improve the health of the population. The Plan shall contain sufficient detail to guide development of the State Health Resource Allocation Plan. Copies of the Plan shall be submitted to members of the Senate and House Committees Committee on Health and Welfare no later than January 15, 2005 and the House Committee on Health Care.

Sec. 15. 18 V.S.A. § 9405a(a) is amended to read:

(a) Each hospital shall have a protocol for meaningful public participation in its strategic planning process for identifying and addressing health care needs that the hospital provides or could provide in its service area. Needs identified through the process shall be integrated with the hospital’s long-term planning. Each hospital shall post on its website a description of its identified needs, strategic initiatives developed to address the identified needs, annual progress on implementation of the proposed initiatives, and opportunities for public participation, and the ways in which the hospital ensures access to appropriate mental health care that meets the Institute of Medicine’s triple aims of quality, access, and affordability equivalent to other components of health care as part of an integrated, holistic system of care. Hospitals may meet the community health needs assessment and implementation plan requirement through compliance with the relevant Internal Revenue Service community health needs assessment requirements for nonprofit hospitals.

Sec. 16. 18 V.S.A. § 9437 is amended to read:

§ 9437. CRITERIA
A certificate of need shall be granted if the applicant demonstrates and the Board finds that:

* * *

(7) the applicant has adequately considered the availability of affordable, accessible patient transportation services to the facility; and

(8) if the application is for the purchase or lease of new Health Care Information Technology, it conforms with the health information technology plan established under section 9351 of this title; and

(9) The project will support equal access to appropriate mental health care that meets the Institute of Medicine’s triple aims of quality, access, and affordability equivalent to other components of health care as part of an integrated, holistic system of care, as appropriate.

Sec. 17. 18 V.S.A. § 9456(c) is amended to read:

(c) Individual hospital budgets established under this section shall:

(1) be consistent with the Health Resource Allocation Plan;

(2) take into consideration national, regional, or in-state peer group norms, according to indicators, ratios, and statistics established by the Board;

(3) promote efficient and economic operation of the hospital;

(4) reflect budget performances for prior years; and

(5) include a finding that the analysis provided in subdivision (b)(9) of this section is a reasonable methodology for reflecting a reduction in net revenues for non-Medicaid payers; and

(6) demonstrate that they support equal access to appropriate mental health care that meets the Institute of Medicine’s triple aims of quality, access, and affordability equivalent to other components of health care as part of an integrated, holistic system of care.

Sec. 18. 18 V.S.A. § 9491 is amended to read:

§ 9491. HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE; STRATEGIC PLAN

* * *

(b) The Director or designee shall collaborate with the area health education centers, the Workforce Development Council established in 10 V.S.A. § 541, the Prekindergarten-16 Council established in 16 V.S.A. § 2905, the Department of Labor, the Department of Health, the Department of Vermont Health Access, and other interested parties, to develop and maintain the plan. The Director of Health Care Reform shall ensure that the strategic
plan includes recommendations on how to develop Vermont’s health care workforce, including:

** * * * 

(2) the resources needed to ensure that:

(A) the health care workforce and the delivery system are able to provide sufficient access to services given demographic factors in the population and in the workforce, as well as other factors, and;

(B) the health care workforce and the delivery system are able to participate fully in health care reform initiatives, including how to ensure that all Vermont residents have establishing a medical home for all Vermont residents through the Blueprint for Health pursuant to chapter 13 of this title, and how to transition and transitioning to electronic medical records; and

(C) all Vermont residents have access to appropriate mental health care that meets the Institute of Medicine’s triple aims of quality, access, and affordability equivalent to other components of health care as part of an integrated, holistic system of care;

** * * *

** * * * Effective Date * * * 

Sec. 19. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2018.

(Committee vote: 9-0-2 )

(For text see Senate Journal February 27, 2018 )

Rep. Hooper of Montpelier, for the Committee on Appropriations, recommends the bill ought to pass in concurrence with proposal of amendment as recommended by the Committee on Health Care.

(Committee Vote: 10-0-1)

Favorable

S. 225

An act relating to pilot programs for coverage by commercial health insurers of costs associated with medication-assisted treatment

Rep. Pugh of South Burlington, for the Committee on Human Services, recommends that the bill ought to pass in concurrence.

(Committee Vote: 8-0-3)

(For text see Senate Journal March 14, 2018 )
Senate Proposal of Amendment

H. 551

An act relating to flying the Green Mountain Boys Flag at the State House

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill as follows:

First: By adding a new Sec. 5 to read:

Sec. 5. 1 V.S.A. § 496c is added to read:

§ 496c. POW-MIA FLAG; FLYING ON STATE FLAGPOLES

The State of Vermont shall fly on State-owned flagpoles, where practicable, the National League of Families Prisoner of War and Missing in Action Flag, as designated in 36 U.S.C. § 189, provided the flag is donated.

Second: By adding a Sec. 6 to read:

Sec. 6. 1 V.S.A. § 496d is added to read

496d. FLAG PROTOCOL

The Department of Buildings and General Services shall adopt and update as necessary a protocol for the flying of any flag on a State-owned flagpole and on municipally owned flagpoles if statutorily directed. The protocol shall incorporate any existing flag-flying policies or protocols that the Department has previously adopted.

Third: By adding a Sec. 7 to read:

Sec. 7. REPEAL

29 V.S.A. § 7 (POW-MIA flag) is repealed.

And by renumbering the remaining section to be numerically correct

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to flags and flag-flying protocol.

(For text see House Journal January 23, 2018 )

H. 566

An act relating to animal cruelty

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 352 is amended to read:

§ 352. CRUELTY TO ANIMALS

A person commits the crime of cruelty to animals if the person:
(1) intentionally Kills or attempts to kill any animal belonging to another person without first obtaining legal authority or consent of the owner.

(2) overworks Overworks, overloads, tortures, torments, abandons, administers poison to, cruelly beats harms or mutilates an animal, or exposes a poison with intent that it be taken by an animal.

(3) ties Ties, tethers, or restrains an animal, either a pet or livestock, in a manner that is inhumane or is detrimental to its welfare. Livestock and poultry husbandry practices are exempted.

(4) deprives Deprives an animal which that a person owns, possesses, or acts as an agent for, of adequate food, water, shelter, rest, sanitation, or necessary medical attention, or transports an animal in overcrowded vehicles.

(5)(A) owns Owns, possesses, keeps, or trains an animal engaged in an exhibition of fighting, or possesses, keeps, or trains any animal with intent that it be engaged in an exhibition of fighting, or permits any such act to be done on premises under his or her charge or control.

(B) owns Owns, possesses, ships, transports, delivers, or keeps a device, equipment, or implement for the purpose of training or conditioning an animal for participation in animal fighting, or enhancing an animal’s fighting capability.

(6) acts Acts as judge or spectator at events of animal fighting or bets or wagers on the outcome of such events.

(7) as As poundkeeper, officer, or agent of a humane society or as an owner or employee of an establishment for treatment, board, or care of an animal, knowingly receives, sells, transfers, or otherwise conveys an animal in his or her care for the purpose of research or vivisection.

(8) intentionally Intentionally torments or harasses an animal owned or engaged by a police department or public agency of the State or its political subdivisions, or interferes with the lawful performance of a police animal.

(9) knowingly Knowingly sells, offers for sale, barters, or displays living baby chicks, ducklings, or other fowl which that have been dyed, colored, or otherwise treated so as to impart to them an artificial color, or fails to provide poultry with proper brooder facilities.

(10) uses Uses a live animal as bait or lure in a race, game, or contest, or in training animals in a manner inconsistent with 10 V.S.A. Part 4 or the rules adopted thereunder.

(11)(A) engages Engages in sexual conduct with an animal.
(B) **possesses** Possesses, sells, transfers, purchases, or otherwise obtains an animal with the intent that it be used for sexual conduct;

(C) **organizes** Organizes, promotes, conducts, aids, abets, or participates in as an observer an act involving any sexual conduct with an animal;

(D) **causes** Causes, aids, or abets another person to engage in sexual conduct with an animal;

(E) **permits** Permits sexual conduct with an animal to be conducted on premises under his or her charge or control;

(F) **advertises** Advertises, offers, or accepts the offer of an animal with the intent that it be subject to sexual conduct in this State.

Sec. 1a. 13 V.S.A. § 353(a) is amended to read:

(a) Penalties.

* * *

(5) A person who violates subdivision 352(1) of this title by intentionally killing or attempting to kill an animal belonging to another or subdivision 352(2) of this title by torturing, administering poison to, or cruelly beating, harming or mutilating an animal shall be imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than $5,000.00, or both.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(For text see House Journal January 30, 2018 )

**H. 874**

An act relating to inmate access to prescription drugs

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 28 V.S.A. § 801 is amended to read:

§ 801. MEDICAL CARE OF INMATES

* * *

(e)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, an offender who is admitted to a correctional facility while under the medical care of a licensed physician, a licensed physician assistant, or a licensed advanced practice registered nurse, or a licensed nurse practitioner and who is taking medication at the time of admission pursuant to a valid prescription as verified by the inmate’s pharmacy of record, primary care provider, other licensed care
provider, or as verified by the Vermont Prescription Monitoring System or other prescription monitoring or information system shall be entitled to continue that medication and to be provided that medication by the Department pending an evaluation by a licensed physician, a licensed physician assistant, a licensed nurse practitioner, or a licensed advanced practice registered nurse.

(2) However, Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, the Department may defer provision of a validly prescribed medication in accordance with this subsection if, in the clinical judgment of a licensed physician, a physician assistant, a nurse practitioner, or an advanced practice registered nurse, it is not in the inmate’s best interest medically necessary to continue the medication at that time.

(3) The licensed practitioner who makes the clinical judgment to discontinue a medication shall enter cause the reason for the discontinuance to be entered into the inmate’s permanent medical record, specifically stating the reason for the discontinuance. The inmate shall be provided, both orally and in writing, with a specific explanation of the decision to discontinue the medication and with notice of the right to have his or her community-based prescriber notified of the decision. If the inmate provides signed authorization, the Department shall notify the community-based prescriber in writing of the decision to discontinue the medication.

(4) It is not the intent of the General Assembly that this subsection shall create a new or additional private right of action.

***

Sec. 2. DATA COLLECTION

(a) The Department of Corrections shall collect information on: how often a medication for which an inmate has a valid prescription is continued or discontinued upon incarceration at each correctional facility, the name of the medication, and the reason for discontinuance.

(b) The Department shall collect this information for a period of at least six months and provide a written report of its findings based on the data collected, including a breakdown by correctional facility of record, to the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Institutions on or before January 31, 2019. Prior to finalizing the report, the Department shall consult with the Prisoners’ Rights Office and Disability Rights Vermont.

(c) Nothing in this section shall require the Department to reveal individually identifiable health information in violation of State or federal law.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATES
(a) This section and Sec. 2 shall take effect on passage.

(b) Sec. 1 shall take effect on July 1, 2018.

(For text see House Journal March 13, 2018)

H. 906

An act relating to professional licensing for service members and veterans

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill as follows:

First:  In Sec. 1, 26 V.S.A. § 906(c)(3), after the following: “has completed a minimum of 8,000 hours and four years of active duty field work” by inserting the following: as a 12R Electrician or equivalent

Second:  In Sec. 3, 26 V.S.A. 2194(b)(3), after the following: “has completed a minimum of 8,000 hours and four years of active duty field work” by inserting the following: as a 12K Plumber or equivalent

Third:  After Sec. 7, by inserting a Sec. 8 to read as follows:

Sec. 8. REPORTING; UTILIZATION BY SERVICE MEMBERS AND VETERANS

(a) The Executive Director of the Division of Fire Safety shall, on or before February 1 of each year, report to the House Committees on Commerce and Economic Development, on General, Housing, and Military Affairs, and on Government Operations and the Senate Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and on Government Operations regarding:

(1) the number of journeyman electrician licenses issued to service members and veterans pursuant to 26 V.S.A. § 906(c) during the previous calendar year;

(2) the number of journeyman plumber licenses issued to service members and veterans pursuant to 26 V.S.A. § 2194(b) during the previous calendar year; and

(3) the number of instances during the previous calendar year in which the Electrician’s Licensing Board, in determining the qualifications of a service member or veteran for a master electrician license, gave recognition to an applicant’s experience as a 12R Electrician or equivalent in the U.S. Armed Forces as required by 26 V.S.A. § 907(b).

(b) The Director of the Office of Professional Regulation shall, on or before February 1 of each year, report to the House Committees on Commerce and Economic Development, on General, Housing, and Military Affairs, and on Government Operations and the Senate Committees on Economic
Development, Housing and General Affairs and on Government Operations regarding:

(1) the number of licenses to practice as a registered nurse issued to service members and veterans pursuant to 26 V.S.A. § 1622(b) during the previous calendar year; and

(2) the number of licenses to practice as a nursing assistant issued to service members and veterans pursuant to 26 V.S.A. § 1643(b) during the previous calendar year.

(c) The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall, on or before February 1 of each year, report to the House Committees on Commerce and Economic Development, on General, Housing, and Military Affairs, and on Government Operations and the Senate Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and on Government Operations regarding the number of service members and veterans who, during the previous calendar year, were certified to perform inspections without being required to pass an examination as provided pursuant to 23 V.S.A. § 1227(b)(2).

(d) The Commissioner of Health shall, on or before February 1 of each year, report to the House Committees on Commerce and Economic Development, on General, Housing, and Military Affairs, and on Government Operations and the Senate Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and on Government Operations regarding the number of service members and veterans who, during the previous calendar year, were deemed to have knowledge of the prevention of food-borne disease, be able to apply the Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point principles, and have met the criteria for “demonstration of knowledge” requirements set forth by the Department of Health in rule for the purposes of obtaining a food establishment license as provided pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 4303(b) and the total number of food establishment licenses issued to those service members and veterans.

And by renumbering the remaining section to be numerically correct.

(For text see House Journal March 13, 14, 2018)

Ordered to Lie

H. 167

An act relating to alternative approaches to addressing low-level illicit drug use.

Pending Question: Shall the House concur in the Senate proposal of amendment?
H. 219

An act relating to the Vermont spaying and neutering program.
Pending Question: Shall the House concur in the Senate proposal of amendment?

S. 267

An act relating to timing of a decree nisi in a divorce proceeding.
Pending Question: Second reading?

Consent Calendar

Concurrent Resolutions for Adoption Under Joint Rule 16a

The following concurrent resolutions have been introduced for approval by the Senate and House and will be adopted automatically unless a Senator or Representative requests floor consideration before today’s adjournment. Requests for floor consideration in either chamber should be communicated to the Secretary’s office and/or the House Clerk’s office, respectively. For text of resolutions, see Addendum to House Calendar and Senate Calendar of April 12, 2018.

H.C.R. 316

House concurrent resolution congratulating the 2018 Mount St. Joseph Academy Mounties on winning a fourth consecutive Division IV girls’ basketball championship

H.C.R. 317

House concurrent resolution congratulating the 2018 Windsor High School Yellowjackets Division III championship girls’ basketball team

H.C.R. 318

House concurrent resolution congratulating the 2018 St. Johnsbury Academy Hilltoppers State championship boys’ alpine skiing team

H.C.R. 319

House concurrent resolution congratulating the Boys & Girls Clubs of Vermont’s 2018 Youth of the Year honorees

H.C.R. 320

House concurrent resolution recognizing the centrality of small business in the growth and prosperity of the Vermont economy
H.C.R. 321
House concurrent resolution commemorating the 50th anniversary of the federal Fair Housing Act and designating April 2018 as Fair Housing Month in Vermont

H.C.R. 322
House concurrent resolution congratulating the 2018 Jr Iron Chef VT winning teams

H.C.R. 323
House concurrent resolution designating Tuesday, April 10, 2018 as Equal Pay Day

H.C.R. 324
House concurrent resolution congratulating the 2018 Vermont FARMS 2+2 program for its contribution to Vermont’s agricultural heritage and the program’s 2018 scholarship recipients

H.C.R. 325
House concurrent resolution honoring Rutland Superintendent of Schools Mary Moran on her extraordinary 47-year career in public education

H.C.R. 326
House concurrent resolution congratulating Owen Pelletier of Rivendell Academy on being named a 2017 Valley News High School Athlete of the Year

H.C.R. 327
House concurrent resolution honoring Chittenden community leader Robert Bearor