1	S. 285
2	Introduced by Senator Rodgers
3	Referred to Committee on Natural Resources and Energy
4	Date: January 3, 2018
5	Subject: Conservation and development; solid waste; universal recycling
6	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to amend
7	requirements related to the management of solid waste, mandated recyclables,
8	leaf and yard residuals, and food residuals. The bill would eliminate the
9	requirement that solid waste facilities may be certified only if included in a
10	solid waste implementation plan. The bill would require solid waste facilities
11	to accept leaf and yard residuals only between April 1 and November 15 and
12	would require solid waste facility to collect food residuals if the facility is
13	located within 20 miles of a certified organics management facility that
14	manages food residuals. The bill also would eliminate the requirement that by
15	2020 all persons shall separate food residuals from other solid waste and
16	manage the food residuals on site or arrange for transport off site. In addition,
17	the bill would eliminate the requirement that commercial haulers must offer
18	collection services for leaf and yard residuals and food residuals, and the bill
19	would authorize commercial haulers to charge a separate fee for the collection
20	of mandated recyclables. Lastly, the bill would eliminate the requirement for

municipalities to implement a variable rate pricing system that charges for the

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1 collection of municipal solid waste from a residential customer.

2	An act relating to universal recycling requirements
3	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
4	* * * Solid Waste Management Facility Requirements * * *
5	Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. § 6605 is amended to read:
6	§ 6605. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY CERTIFICATION
7	(a)(1) No person shall construct, substantially alter, or operate any solid
8	waste management heility without first obtaining certification from the
9	Secretary for such facility, site, or activity, except for sludge or septage
10	treatment or storage facilities located within the fenced area of a domestic
11	wastewater treatment plant permitted under chapter 47 of this title. This
12	exemption for sludge or septage treatment or storage facilities shall exist
13	only if:
14	(A) the treatment facility does not utilize a process to further reduce
15	pathogens in order to qualify for marketing and distribution; and
16	(B) the facility is not a drying bed, lagoon, or nonconcrete
17	bunker; and
18	(C) the owner of the facility has submitted a sludge and septage
19	management plan to the Secretary and the Secretary has approved the plan.

I	Nancompliance with an approved cludge and centage management plan chall
2	constitute a violation of the terms of this chapter, as well as a violation under
3	chapter 201 and 211 of this title.
4	(2) Certification shall be valid for a period not to exceed 10 years.
5	* * *
6	(c) The Secretary shall not issue a certification for a new facility or
7	renewal for an existing facility, except for a sludge or septage land application
8	project, unless it is included in an implementation plan adopted pursuant to 24
9	V.S.A. § 2202a, for the area in which the facility is located. [Repealed.]
0	* * *
1	(j) A facility certified under this section that offers the collection of
2	municipal solid waste shall:
3	(1) Beginning on July 1, 2014, collect mendated recyclables separate
4	from other solid waste and deliver mandated recyclobles to a facility
5	maintained and operated for the management and recycling of mandated
•	recyclables. A facility shall not be required to accept mandated recyclables
,	from a commercial hauler.
}	(2) Beginning on July 1, 2015, collect leaf and yard residuals between
)	April 1 and November 15 separate from other solid waste and deliver leaf and
)	yard residuals to a location that manages leaf and yard residuals in a manne
1	consistent with the priority uses established under subdivisions $6605k(a)(5)$ -(5)

1	of this title
2	(3) Beginning on July 1, 2017, <u>if located within 20 miles of a certified</u>
3	organics management facility that manages food residuals, collect food
4	residuals separate from other solid waste and deliver food residuals to a
5	location that manages food residuals in a manner consistent with the priority
6	uses established under subdivisions 6605k(a)(2)-(5) of this title.
7	* *** Food Residuals Management * * *
8	Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. § 6605k is amended to read
9 10	§ 6605k. FOOD RESIDUALS: MANAGEMENT HIERARCHY  (a) It is the policy of the State that food residuals collected under the
11	requirements of this chapter shall be managed according to the following order
12	of priority uses:
13	(1) reduction of the amount generated at the source;
14	(2) diversion for food consumption by humans;
15	(3) diversion for agricultural use, including consumption by animals;
16	(4) composting, land application, and digestion; and
17	(5) energy recovery.
18	(b) A person who produces more than an amount identified under
19	subsection (c) of this section in food residuals and is located within 20 miles of
20	a certified organics management facility that has available capacity and that is
21	willing to accept the food residuals shall:
22	(1) Separate separate food residuals from other solid waste, provided

1	that a de minimis amount of food reciduals may be disposed of in solid waste
2	when a person has established a program to separate food residuals and the
3	program includes a component for the education of program users regarding
4	the need to separate food residuals; and
5	(2) Arrange arrange for the transfer of food residuals to a location that
6	manages food residuals in a manner consistent with the priority uses
7	established under subdivisions (a)(2)-(5) of this section or shall manage food
8	residuals on site.
9	(c) The following persons shall be subject to the requirements of
10	subsection (b) of this section:
11	(1) beginning on July 1, 2014, a person whose acts or processes produce
12	more than 104 tons per year of food residuals; and
13	(2) beginning on July 1, 2015, a person whose acts or processes
14	produce more than 52 tons per year of food residuals;
15	(3) beginning July 1, 2016, a person whose acts or processes produce
16	more than 26 tons per year of food residuals;
17	(4) beginning July 1, 2017, a person whose acts or processes produce
18	more than 18 tons per year of food residuals; and
19	(5) beginning July 1, 2020, any person who generates any amount of
20	food residuals.
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Commerciai Trauler Requirements

1	Sec. 3 10 VS A & 6607a is amended to read:
2	§ 6 07a. WASTE TRANSPORTATION
3	(a) A commercial hauler desiring to transport waste within the State shall
4	apply to the Secretary for a permit to do so, by submitting an application on a
5	form prepared for this purpose by the Secretary and by submitting the
6	disclosure statement described in section 6605f of this title. These permits
7	shall have a duration of five years and shall be renewed annually. The
8	application shall indicate the nature of the waste to be hauled. The Secretary
9	may specify conditions that the Secretary deems necessary to assure
10	compliance with State law.
11	(b) As used in this section:
12	(1) "Commercial hauler" means:
13	(A) any person that transports regulated quantities of hazardous
14	waste; and
15	(B) any person that transports solid waste for tompensation in a
16	vehicle.
17	(2) The commercial hauler required to obtain a permit under this section
18	is the legal or commercial entity that is transporting the waste, rather than the
19	individual employees and subcontractors of the legal or commercial entity. In
20	the case of a sole proprietorship, the sole proprietor is the commercial entity

(3) The Secretary shall not require a commercial hauter to obtain a

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1	permit under this section, comply with the disclosure requirements of this
2	section, comply with the reporting and registration requirements of section
3	6608 of this title, or pay the fee specified in 3 V.S.A. § 2822, if:
4	(A) the commercial hauler does not transport more than four cubic
5	yards of solid waste at any time; and
6	(B) the solid waste transportation services performed are incidental
7	to other nonwaste transportation-related services performed by the commercial
8	hauler.
9	***
10	(g)(1) Except as set forth in subdivisions (2), (3), and (4), and (5) of this
11	subsection, a commercial hauler that offers the collection of municipal solid
12	waste <del>shall</del> :
13	(A) Beginning on July 1, 2015, shall offer to collect mandated
14	recyclables separated separate from other solid was e and deliver mandated
15	recyclables to a facility maintained and operated for the management and
16	recycling of mandated recyclables.
17	(B) Beginning on July 1, 2016, may offer to collect leaf and yard
18	residuals separate from other solid waste and deliver leaf and yard residuals to
19	a location that manages leaf and yard residuals in a manner consistent with the
20	priority uses established under subdivisions 6605k(a)(3)-(5) of this title.
21	(C) Beginning on July 1, 2018, <u>may</u> offer collection of food residuals

1	separate from other solid waste and deliver to a location that manages food
2	residuals in a manner consistent with the priority uses established under
3	subdivisions 6605k(a)(2)-(5) of this title.
4	(2) It a municipality that has adopted a solid waste management
5	ordinance addressing the collection of mandated recyclables, leaf and yard
6	residuals, or food residuals, a commercial hauler in that municipality is not
7	required to comply with the requirements of subdivision (1) of this subsection
8	and subsection (h) of this section for the material addressed by the ordinance if
9	the ordinance:
10	(A) is applicable to all residents of the municipality;
11	(B) prohibits a resident from opting out of municipally provided
12	solid waste services; and
13	(C) does not apply a variable rate for the collection for the material
14	addressed by the ordinance.
15	(3) A commercial hauler is not required to comply with the
16	requirements of subdivision (1)(A), (B), or (C) of this subsection in a specified
17	area within a municipality if:
18	(A) the Secretary has approved a solid waste implementation plan for
19	the municipality;
20	(B) for purposes of waiver of the requirements of subdivision (1)(A)
21	of this subsection (g), the Secretary determines that under the approved plan.

1	(i) the municipality is achieving the per capita disposal rate in the
2	State Solid Waste Plan; and
3	(ii) the municipality demonstrates that its progress toward meeting
4	the diversion goal in the State Solid Waste Plan is substantially equivalent to
5	that of municipalities complying with the requirements of subdivision (1)(A)
6	of this subsection (¿);
7	(C) the approved plan delineates an area where solid waste
8	management services required by subdivision (1)(A), (B), or (C) of this
9	subsection (g) are not required, and
10	(D) in the delineated area, alternatives to the services, including on-
11	site management, required under subdivision (1)(A), (B), or (C) of this
12	subsection (g) are offered, the alternative services have capacity to serve the
13	needs of all residents in the delineated area, and the alternative services are
14	convenient to residents of the delineated area.
15	(4) A commercial hauler is not required to comply with the
16	requirements of subdivision (1)(A), (B), or (C) of this subsection for mandated
17	recyclables, leaf and yard residuals, or food residuals collected is part of a
18	litter collection.
19	(h) A commercial hauler certified under this section that offers the
20	collection of municipal solid waste may not charge a separate line item fee in
21	a viii to a residential customer for the collection of mandated recyclables,

1	provided that a <u>A</u> commercial hauler may charge a fee for all service calls
2	stors, or collections at a residential property and a commercial hauler may
3	charge tiered or variable fee based on the size of the collection container
4	provided to a residential customer or the amount of waste collected from a
5	residential customer. A commercial hauler certified under this section may
6	incorporate the cost of the collection of mandated recyclables into the cost of
7	the collection of solid vaste and may adjust the charge for the collection of
8	solid waste. A commercial hauler certified under this section that offers the
9	collection of solid waste may charge a separate fee for the collection of
10	mandated recyclables, leaf and yard residuals, or food residuals from a
11	residential customer.
12	* * * Landfill Disposal * * *
13	Sec. 4. 10 V.S.A. § 6621a is amended to read.
14 15	§ 6621a. LANDFILL DISPOSAL REQUIREMENTS  (a) In accordance with the following schedule, no person shall knowingly
16	dispose of the following materials in solid waste or in landfills:
17	* * *
18	(9) Mandated recyclable materials after July 1, 2015.
19	(10) Leaf Source-separated leaf and yard residuals and wood waste after
20	July 1, 2016.
21	(11) Food residuals after July 1, 2020. [Repealed.]
22	

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only if:

and

(e) The Secretary of Natural Resources shall enforce violations of

2	subsection (a) of this section against the generator of the prohibited material
3	and not against the commercial hauler transporting the prohibited material to
4	the landfill.
5	* * * Municipal Solid Waste Pricing * * *
6	Sec. 5. 24 V.S.A. § 2202a(d) is amended to read:
7	(d) By no later than July 1, 2015, a municipality shall implement a variable
8	rate pricing system that charges for the collection of municipal solid waste
9	from a residential customer for disposal based on the volume or weight of the
10	waste collected. [Repealed.]
11	* * * Effective Date * * *
12	Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE
13	This act shall take effect on passage.
	* * * Solid Waste Management Facility Requirements * * *
	Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. § 6605 is amended to read:
	§ 6605. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY CERTIFICATION
	(a)(1) No person shall construct, substantially alter, or operate any solid waste management facility without first obtaining certification from the Secretary for such facility, site, or activity, except for sludge or septage treatment or storage facilities located within the fenced area of a domestic wastewater treatment plant permitted under chapter 47 of this title. This exemption for sludge or septage treatment or storage facilities shall exist

(A) the treatment facility does not utilize use a process to further

(B) the facility is not a drying bed, lagoon, or nonconcrete

reduce pathogens further in order to qualify for marketing and distribution;

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bunker; and

- (C) the owner of the facility has submitted a sludge and septage management plan to the Secretary and the Secretary has approved the plan. Noncompliance with an approved sludge and septage management plan shall constitute a violation of the terms of this chapter, as well as a violation under chapters 201 and 211 of this title.
  - (2) Certification shall be valid for a period not to exceed 10 years.

\* \* \*

- (j) A facility certified under this section that offers the collection of municipal solid waste shall:
- (1) Beginning on July 1, 2014, collect mandated recyclables separate from other solid waste and deliver mandated recyclables to a facility maintained and operated for the management and recycling of mandated recyclables. A facility shall not be required to accept mandated recyclables from a commercial hauler.
- (2) Beginning on July 1, 2015, collect leaf and yard residuals <u>between</u> <u>April 1 and December 15</u> separate from other solid waste and deliver leaf and yard residuals to a location that manages leaf and yard residuals in a manner consistent with the priority uses established under subdivisions 6605k(a)(3)-(5) of this title.
- (3) Beginning on July 1, 2017, collect food residuals separate from other solid waste and deliver food residuals to a location that manages food residuals in a manner consistent with the priority uses established under subdivisions 6605k(a)(2)-(5) of this title.

\* \*

\* \* \* Commercial Hauler Requirements \* \* \*

Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. § 6607a is amended to read:

## § 6607a. WASTE TRANSPORTATION

(a) A commercial hauler desiring to transport waste within the State shall apply to the Secretary for a permit to do  $so_{\bar{\tau}}$  by submitting an application on a form prepared for this purpose by the Secretary and by submitting the disclosure statement described in section 6605f of this title. These permits shall have a duration of five years and shall be renewed annually. The application shall indicate the nature of the waste to be hauled. The Secretary may specify conditions that the Secretary deems necessary to assure compliance with State law.

- (b) As used in this section:
  - (1) "Commercial hauler" means:
- (A) any person that transports regulated quantities of hazardous waste; and
- (B) any person that transports solid waste for compensation in a vehicle.
- (2) The commercial hauler required to obtain a permit under this section is the legal or commercial entity that is transporting the waste, rather than the individual employees and subcontractors of the legal or commercial entity. In the case of a sole proprietorship, the sole proprietor is the commercial entity.
- (3) The Secretary shall not require a commercial hauler to obtain a permit under this section, comply with the disclosure requirements of this section, comply with the reporting and registration requirements of section 6608 of this title, or pay the fee specified in 3 V.S.A. § 2822, if:
- (A) the commercial hauler does not transport more than four cubic yards of solid waste at any time; and
- (B) the solid waste transportation services performed are incidental to other nonwaste transportation-related services performed by the commercial hauler.

\* \* \*

- (g)(1) Except as set forth in subdivisions (2), (3), and (4) of this subsection, a commercial hauler that offers the collection of municipal solid waste shall:
- (A) Beginning on July 1, 2015, <u>shall</u> offer to collect mandated recyclables <u>separated</u> <u>separate</u> from other solid waste and deliver mandated recyclables to a facility maintained and operated for the management and recycling of mandated recyclables.
- (B) Beginning on July 1, 2016,  $\underline{may}$  offer to collect leaf and yard residuals separate from other solid waste and deliver leaf and yard residuals to a location that manages leaf and yard residuals in a manner consistent with the priority uses established under subdivisions 6605k(a)(3)-(5) of this title.
- (C) Beginning on July 1, 2018, offer collection of food residuals separate from other solid waste and deliver to a location that manages food residuals in a manner consistent with the priority uses established under subdivisions 6605k(a)(2)-(5) of this title. [Repealed.]
  - (2) In a municipality that has adopted a solid waste management

ordinance addressing the collection of mandated recyclables, leaf and yard residuals, or food residuals, a commercial hauler in that municipality is not required to comply with the requirements of subdivision (1) of this subsection and subsection (h) of this section for the material addressed by the ordinance if the ordinance:

- (A) is applicable to all residents of the municipality;
- (B) prohibits a resident from opting out of municipally provided solid waste services; and
- (C) does not apply a variable rate for the collection for the material addressed by the ordinance.
- (3) A commercial hauler is not required to comply with the requirements of subdivision (1)(A), (B), or (C) of this subsection in a specified area within a municipality if:
- (A) the Secretary has approved a solid waste implementation plan for the municipality;
- (B) for purposes of waiver of the requirements of subdivision (1)(A) of this subsection (g), the Secretary determines that under the approved plan:
- (i) the municipality is achieving the per capita disposal rate in the State Solid Waste Plan; and
- (ii) the municipality demonstrates that its progress toward meeting the diversion goal in the State Solid Waste Plan is substantially equivalent to that of municipalities complying with the requirements of subdivision (1)(A) of this subsection (g);
- (C) the approved plan delineates an area where solid waste management services required by subdivision (1)(A), (B), or (C) of this subsection (g) are not required; and
- (D) in the delineated area, alternatives to the services, including onsite management, required under subdivision (1)(A), (B), or (C) of this subsection (g) are offered, the alternative services have capacity to serve the needs of all residents in the delineated area, and the alternative services are convenient to residents of the delineated area.
- (4) A commercial hauler is not required to comply with the requirements of subdivision (1)(A), (B), or (C) of this subsection for mandated recyclables, or leaf and yard residuals, or food residuals collected as part of a litter collection.

\* \* \*

(i) A commercial hauler that operates a bag-drop or fast-trash site at a fixed location to collect municipal solid waste shall offer at the site all collection services required under 10 V.S.A. § 6605(j).

\* \* \* Landfill Disposal \* \* \*

Sec. 3. 10 V.S.A. § 6621a is amended to read:

## § 6621a. LANDFILL DISPOSAL REQUIREMENTS

(a) In accordance with the following schedule, no person shall knowingly dispose of the following materials in solid waste or in landfills:

\* \* \*

(10) Leaf Source separated leaf and yard residuals and wood waste after July 1, 2016.

\* \* \*

\* \* \* Unclaimed Beverage Container Deposits \* \* \*

Sec. 3a. 10 V.S.A. § 1530 is added to read:

## § 1530. ABANDONED BEVERAGE CONTAINER DEPOSITS; DEPOSIT TRANSACTION ACCOUNT; BEVERAGE REDEMPTION FUND

- (a) As used in this section, "deposit initiator" means the first distributor or manufacturer to collect the deposit on a beverage container sold to any person within the State.
- (b) A deposit initiator shall open a separate interest-bearing account in a Vermont branch of a financial institution to be known as the deposit transaction account. The deposit initiator shall keep the deposit transaction account separate from all other revenues and accounts.
- (c) Beginning on July 1, 2019, each deposit initiator shall deposit in its deposit transaction account the refund value established by section 1522 of this title for all beverage containers sold by the deposit initiator. The deposit initiator shall deposit the refund value for each beverage container in the account not more than three business days after the date on which the beverage container is sold. All interest, dividends, and returns earned on the deposit transaction account shall be paid directly to the account. The deposit initiator shall pay all refunds on returned beverage containers from the deposit transaction account.
- (d) Beginning on October 10, 2019, and quarterly thereafter, every deposit initiator shall report to the Secretary of Natural Resources and the Commissioner of Taxes concerning transactions affecting the deposit initiator's deposit transaction account in the preceding quarter. The deposit initiator

shall submit the report on a form provided by the Commissioner of Taxes. The report shall include:

- (1) the balance of the account at the beginning of the preceding quarter;
- (2) the number of beverage containers sold in the preceding quarter and the number of beverage containers returned in the preceding quarter;
- (3) the amount of beverage container deposits received by the deposit initiator and deposited into the deposit transaction account;
- (4) the amount of refund payments made from the deposit transaction account in the preceding quarter;
- (5) any income earned on the deposit transaction account in the preceding quarter;
- (6) any other transactions, withdrawals, or service charges on the deposit transaction account from the preceding quarter; and
  - (7) any additional information required by the Commissioner of Taxes.
- (e)(1) On or before October 10, 2019, and quarterly thereafter, each deposit initiator shall remit from its deposit transaction account to the Commissioner of Taxes any abandoned beverage container deposits from the preceding quarter. The amount of abandoned beverage container deposits for a quarter is the amount equal to the amount of deposits that should be in the deposit transaction account less the sum of:
- (A) income earned on amounts on the account during that quarter; and
- (B) the total amount of refund value paid out by the deposit initiator for beverage containers during that quarter.
- (2) In any calendar quarter, the deposit initiator may submit to the Commissioner of Taxes a request for reimbursement of refunds paid under this chapter that exceed the funds that are or should be in the deposit initiator's deposit transaction account. The Commissioner of Taxes shall pay a request for reimbursement under this subdivision from the funds remitted to the Commissioner under subdivision (1) of this subsection, provided that:
- (A) the Commissioner determines that the funds in the deposit initiator's deposit transaction action are insufficient to pay the refunds on returned beverage containers; and
- (B) a reimbursement paid by the Commissioner to the deposit initiator shall not exceed the amount paid by the deposit initiator under subdivision (1) of this subsection (e) in the preceding 12 months less amounts

paid to the initiator pursuant to this subdivision (2) during that same 12-month period.

(f) The Secretary of Natural Resources may prohibit the sale of a beverage that is sold or distributed in the State by a deposit initiator who fails to comply with the requirements of this chapter. The Secretary may allow the sale of a beverage upon the deposit initiator's coming into compliance with the requirements of this chapter.

\* \* \* Effective Date \* \* \*

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.