BILL AS PASSED BY THE HOUSE AND SENATE 2018 Page 1 of 35

1	H.728
2	Introduced by Representatives Grad of Moretown, Hooper of Montpelier,
3	Colburn of Burlington, Conquest of Newbury, LaLonde of
4	South Burlington, Morris of Bennington, Rachelson of
5	Burlington, and Willhoit of St. Johnsbury
6	Referred to Committee on
7	Date:
8	Subject: Crimes and criminal procedure; bail and recognizances
9	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to: 1) restrict
10	the imposition of an appearance bond at the initial court appearance of a
11	person charged with a violation of conditions of release; 2) impose a cap on
12	cash bail for certain misdemeanor offenses; 3) require the court to make a
13	finding establishing the defendant's financial means prior to imposing bail; 4)
14	create a presumption that courts will release defendants accused of certain
15	misdemeanor offenses who are detained for lack of bail to a home detention
16	program pretrial; 5) limit the offenses for which a court may impose pretrial
17	conditions on a defendant's place of abode; and 6) provide that repeatedly
18	violating conditions of release does not, by itself, entitle the court to revoke
19	bail entirely.

20

H.728

1 It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont: 2 c 1 13 VSA 8 7551 is amended to read: § 7551. IMPOSITION OF APPEARANCE BONDS; GENERALLY 3 4 (a) Appearance bonds; generally. A bond given by a person charged with a 5 criminal offense or by a witness in a criminal prosecution under section 6605 6 of this title, conditioned for the appearance of the person or witness before the 7 court in cases where the offense is punishable by fine or imprisonment, and in 8 appealed cases, shall be aken to the Criminal Division of the Superior Court where the prosecution is pending, and shall remain binding upon parties until 9 discharged by the court or until sentencing. The person or witness shall appear 10 11 at all required court proceedings. (b) Limitation on imposition of appearance bonds. 12 13 (1) No bond may be imposed at the initial appearance of a person 14 charged with: 15 (A) a misdemeanor if the person was cited for the offense in 16 accordance with Rule 3 of the Vermont Rules of Criminal Procedure; or (B) a violation of conditions of release imposed pursuant to section 17 18 7554 of this title. 19 (2) For a defendant charged with a misdemeanor offense that is vigible 20 for expungement pursuant to subdivision 7601(4)(A) of this title, the court 21 may impose a secured appearance bond, surery bond, or easil deposit in ficu

1	thereof in a maximum amount of \$200.00
2	(3) This subsection shall not be construed to restrict the court's ability to
3	impose conditions on such persons to reasonably ensure his or her appearance
4	at future proceedings or to reasonably protect the public in accordance with
5	section 7554 of this title.
6	Sec. 2. 13 V.S.A. §7554 is amended to read:
7	§ 7554. RELEASE PRIOR TO TRIAL
8	(a) <u>Release; conditions of release.</u> Any person charged with an offense,
9	other than a person held without bail under section 7553 or 7553a of this title,
10	shall at his or her appearance before a judicial officer be ordered released
11	pending trial in accordance with this section.
12	(1) The defendant shall be ordered released on personal recognizance or
13	upon the execution of an unsecured appearance bond in an amount specified
14	by the judicial officer unless the judicial officer determines that such a release
15	will not reasonably ensure the appearance of the person mitigate the risk of
16	flight from prosecution as required. In determining whether the defendant
17	presents a risk of nonappearance flight from prosecution, the judicial officer
18	shall consider, in addition to any other factors, the seriousness of the offense
19	charged and the number of offenses with which the person is charged. If the
20	officer determines that such a release will not reasonably ensure the
21	appearance mitigate the risk of fright of the defendant as required, the officer

1	shall either in lieu of or in addition to the methods of release in this section
2	impose the least restrictive of the following conditions or the least restrictive
3	combination of the following conditions that will reasonably ensure the
4	appearance mitigate the risk of flight of the defendant as required:
5	(A) Prace the defendant in the custody of a designated person or
6	organization agreeing to supervise him or her if the defendant is charged with
7	an offense that is not a conviolent misdemeanor or nonviolent felony as
8	defined in 28 V.S.A. § 301.
9	(B) Place restrictions on the travel, or association, or place of abode
10	of the defendant during the period of release.
11	(C) Require the defendant to participate in an alcohol or drug
12	treatment program. The judicial officer shall take into consideration the
13	defendant's ability to comply with an order of treatment and the availability of
14	treatment resources.
15	(D) Require Upon a finding establishing the defendant's financial
16	means, require the execution of a secured appearance bond in a specified
17	amount and the deposit with the clerk of the Court, in cash or other security as
18	directed, of a sum not to exceed 10 percent of the amount of the bond, such
19	deposit to be returned upon the appearance of the defendant as required
20	(E) Require Upon a finding establishing the defendant's financial
21	means, require the execution of a surery bond with sufficient solvent sureries.

21 <u>means, require</u> the execution of a surery bond with sufficient solvent sureries,

1	or the deposit of each in lieu thereof
2	(F) Impose any other condition found reasonably necessary to ensure
3	appearance as required, including a condition requiring that the defendant
4	return to custody after specified hours.
5	(G) Prace the defendant in a program of community-based electronic
6	monitoring in accordance with section 7554d of this title.
7	(2) If the judicial officer determines that conditions of release imposed
8	to ensure appearance will not reasonably protect the public, the judicial officer
9	may impose in addition the least restrictive of the following conditions or the
10	least restrictive combination of the following conditions that will reasonably
11	ensure protection of the public:
12	(A) Place the defendant in the cus ody of a designated person or
13	organization agreeing to supervise him or her in the defendant is charged with
14	an offense that is not a nonviolent misdemeanor or nonviolent felony as
15	defined in 28 V.S.A. § 301.
16	(B) Place restrictions on the travel, or association, or place of abode
17	of the defendant during the period of release.
18	(C) Require the defendant to participate in an alcohol or drug
19	treatment program. The judicial officer shall take into consideration the
20	defendant's ability to comply with an order of treatment and the availability of
21	ireaunent resources.

1	(D) Impose any other condition found reasonably necessary to
2	project the public, except that a physically restrictive condition may only be
3	imposet in extraordinary circumstances.
4	(B) If the defendant is a State, county, or municipal officer charged
5	with violating section 2537 of this title, the court may suspend Suspend the
6	officer's duties in whole or in part, if the defendant is a State, county, or
7	municipal officer charged with violating section 2537 of this title and the court
8	finds that it is necessary to protect the public.
9	(F) Place the defendant in a program of community-based electronic
10	monitoring in accordance with section 7554d of this title.
11	(G) Place restrictions on the defendant's place of abode during the
12	period of release if the defendant is charged with a domestic assault offense
13	under section 1042, 1043, or 1044 of this title or an offense involving violation
14	of a protection order in violation of section 1030 on this title.
15	(3) A judicial officer may order that a defendant not harass or contact or
16	cause to be harassed or contacted a victim or potential with ss. This order
17	shall take effect immediately, regardless of whether the defendant is
18	incarcerated or released.
19	(b) <u>Judicial considerations in imposing conditions of release.</u> In
20	determining which conditions of release to impose under:
21	(1) In subdivision $(a)(1)$ of this section, the judicial officer, on the basis

1	of available information, shall take into account the nature and circumstances
2	of the offense charged; the weight of the evidence against the accused; the
3	accused's employment; financial resources, including his or her ability to post
4	bail; character and mental condition; length of residence in the community;
5	and record of appearance at court proceedings or of flight to avoid prosecution
6	or failure to appear at court proceedings.
7	(2) subsection Insubdivision (a)(2) of this section, the judicial officer
8	shall, on the basis of available information, shall take into account the nature
9	and circumstances of the offense charged, the weight of the evidence against
10	the accused, the accused's family this, employment, financial resources,
11	character and mental condition, the length of residence in the community,
12	record of convictions, and record of appearance at court proceedings or of
13	flight to avoid prosecution or failure to appear at court proceedings. Recent
14	history of actual violence or threats of violence may be considered by the
15	judicial officer as bearing on the character and mental condition of the
16	accused.
17	(c) <u>Order.</u> A judicial officer authorizing the release of a perion under this
18	section shall issue an appropriate order containing a statement of the
19	conditions imposed, if any, shall inform such person of the penalties applicable
20	to violations of the conditions of release, and shall advise him or her that a
21	warrant for his or her arrest will be issued immediately upon any such

1	violation
2	(d) <u>Review of conditions.</u>
3	() A person for whom conditions of release are imposed and who is
4	detained as a result of his or her inability to meet the conditions of release or
5	who is ordered released on a condition that he or she return to custody after
6	specified hours shall, within 48 hours of following application, be entitled to
7	have the conditions reviewed by a judge in the court having original
8	jurisdiction over the offense charged. A person applying for review shall be
9	given the opportunity for a hearing. Unless the conditions of release are
10	amended as requested, the judge shall set forth in writing or orally on the
11	record a reasonable basis for continuing the conditions imposed. In the event
12	that a judge in the court having original jurisdiction over the offense charged is
13	not available, any Superior judge may review such conditions.
14	(2) A person for whom conditions of release are imposed shall, within
15	five working days of following application, be entitled to have the conditions
16	reviewed by a judge in the court having original jurisdiction over the offense
17	charged. A person applying for review shall be given the opportunity for a
18	hearing. Unless the conditions of release are amended as requested, the judge
19	shall set forth in writing or orally on the record a reasonable basis for
20	continuing the conditions imposed. In the event that a judge in the court
21	having original jurisdiction over the offense charged is not available, any

1	Superior judge may review such conditions
2	(e) <u>Amendment of order.</u> A judicial officer ordering the release of a person
3	on any condition specified in this section may at any time amend the order to
4	impose additional or different conditions of release;, provided that the
5	provisions of subsection (d) of this section shall apply.
6	(f) <u>Definition</u> . The term "judicial officer" as used in this section and
7	section 7556 of this title shall mean a clerk of a Superior Court or a Superior
8	Court judge.
9	(g) <u>Admissibility of evidence</u> . Information stated in, or offered in
10	connection with, any order entered pursuant to this section need not conform
11	to the rules pertaining to the admissibility of evidence in a court of law.
12	(h) <u>Forfeiture</u> . Nothing contained in the section shall be construed to
13	prevent the disposition of any case or class of cases by forfeiture of collateral
14	security where if such disposition is authorized by the court.
15	(i) Forms. The Court Administrator shall establish forms for appearance
16	bonds, secured appearance bonds, surety bonds, and for use in the posting of
17	bail. Each form shall include the following information:
18	(1) The bond or bail may be forfeited in the event that the defendant or
19	witness fails to appear at any required court proceeding.
20	(2) The surety or person posting bond or bail has the right to be released
21	from the obligations under the bond of ball agreement upon written application

1	to the judicial officer and detention of the defendant or witness
2	(3) The bond will continue through sentencing in the event that bail is
3	continued after final adjudication.
4	(j) <u>Juveniles.</u> Any juvenile between 14 and 16 years of age who is charged
5	with a listed crime as defined in subdivision 5301(7) of this title shall appear
6	before a judicial officer and be ordered released pending trial in accordance
7	with this section within 24 hours of <u>following</u> the juvenile's arrest.
8	Sec. 3. 13 V.S.A. § 7554b s amended to read:
9	§ 7554b. HOME DETENTION PROGRAM
10	(a) Definition. As used in this section, "home detention" means a program
11	of confinement and supervision that respricts a defendant to a preapproved
12	residence continuously, except for authorized absences, and is enforced by
13	appropriate means of surveillance and electronic monitoring by the
14	Department of Corrections. The court may authorize scheduled absences such
15	as work, school, or treatment. Any changes in the schedule shall be solely at
16	the discretion of the Department of Corrections. A defendant who is on home
17	detention shall remain in the custody of the Commissioner of Corrections with
18	conditions set by the court.
19	(b) Procedure. At the request of the court, the Department of Corrections,
20	or the defendant, the status of a defendant who is detained pretrial in a
21	correctional facility for lack of ball may be reviewed by the court to determine

1	whether the defendant is appropriate for home detention. At arraignment or
2	after a hearing, the court may order that the defendant be released to the Home
3	Detention Program, providing that the court finds placing the defendant on
4	home detention will reasonably assure ensure his or her appearance in court
5	when required and the proposed residence is appropriate for home detention.
6	(1) In making such a determination, the court shall consider:
7	(1)(A) the nature of the offense with which the defendant is charged;
8	(2) (B) the defendant's prior convictions, history of violence, medical
9	and mental health needs, history of supervision, and risk of flight; and
10	(3)(C) any risk or undue burden to other persons who reside at the
11	proposed residence or risk to third parties or to public safety that may result
12	from such placement.
13	(2) Unless the court finds it is contrary to the interests of justice, the
14	court shall order a defendant detained pretrial for lask of bail to be released to
15	the Home Detention Program if the defendant is charged with committing a
16	misdemeanor that is not:
17	(A) a listed crime as defined in subdivision 5301(7) of this title;
18	(B) an offense involving sexual exploitation of children in violation
19	of chapter 64 of this title; or
20	(C) an offense involving violation of a protection order in violation
21	of section 1030 of this title.

1	(c) Failure to comply. The Department of Corrections may revoke a
2	dependant's home detention status for an unauthorized absence or failure to
3	comply with any other condition of the Program and shall return the defendant
4	to a correctional facility.
5	(d) Credit for time served. A defendant shall receive credit for a sentence
6	of imprisonment for time served in the Home Detention Program.
7	Sec. 4. 13 V.S.A. § 7515 is amended to read:
8	§ 7575. REVOCATION OF THE RIGHT TO BAIL
9	The right to bail may be reveked entirely if the judicial officer finds that the
10	accused has:
11	(1) intimidated or harassed a victim, potential witness, juror, or judicial
12	officer in violation of a condition of release or
13	(2) repeatedly violated conditions of release; or [Repealed.]
14	(3) violated a condition or conditions of release which constitute a threat
15	to the integrity of the judicial system; or
16	(4) without just cause, failed to appear at a specified time and place
17	ordered by a judicial officer; or
18	(5) in violation of a condition of release, been charged with a felony or
19	a crime against a person or an offense like similar to the underlying charge, for
20	which, after hearing, probable cause is found.
21	Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2018

ec 1. 13 V.S.A. § 7551 is amended to read:

1

§ 7551. <u>IMPOSITION OF BAIL, SECURED APPEARANCE BONDS, AND</u> APPEARANCE BONDS; GENERALLY

(a) <u>Bonds; generally.</u> A bond given by a person charged with a criminal offense or by a winness in a criminal prosecution under section 6605 of this title, conditioned for the appearance of the person or witness before the court in cases where the offense is punishable by fine or imprisonment, and in appealed cases, shall be taken to the Criminal Division of the Superior Court where the prosecution is pending, and shall remain binding upon parties until discharged by the court or until semencing. The person or witness shall appear at all required court proceedings.

(b) <u>Limitation on imposition of bail, secured appearance bonds, and</u> <u>appearance bonds. No bail, secured appearance bond, or appearance bond</u> <u>may be imposed:</u>

(1) No bond may be imposed at the initial appearance of a person charged with a misdemeanor if the person was cited for the offense in accordance with Rule 3 of the Vermont Rules of Criminal Procedure: or

(2) upon the temporary release of a person pursuant to Rule 5(a) of the Vermont Rules of Criminal Procedure, or at the initial appearance of a person charged with a violation of a misdemeanor offense that is eligible for (3) This subsection shall not be construed to restrict the court's ability to impose conditions on such persons to reasonably ensure his or her appearance at future proceedings mitigate the risk of flight from prosecution or to reasonably protect the public in accordance with section 7554 of this title. Sec. 2. Rule 3(k) of the Vermont Rules of Criminal Procedure is amended to read:

diminion 7601(A)(A)

(k) Temporary Release. A law enforcement officer arresting a person shall <u>consult with the prosecuting attorney, and the prosecuting attorney shall</u> contact a judicial officer for determination of temporary release pursuant to Rule 5(b) of these rules without unnecessary delay. <u>The law enforcement</u> officer or prosecuting attorney shall provide the judicial officer with the information and affidavit or sworn statement required by Rule 4(a) of these rules.

Sec. 3. 13 V.S.A. § 7554 is amended to read:

§ 7554. RELEASE PRIOR TO TRIAL

(a) <u>Release; conditions of release.</u> Any person charged with an offense, other than a person held without bail under section 7553 or 7553 and this title, shall at his or her appearance before a judicial officer be ordered released pending trial in accordance with this section.

(1) The dejendum shall be ordered released on personal recognizance of

by the judicial officer unless the judicial officer determines that such a release will non-reasonably ensure the appearance of the person mitigate the risk of flight from prosecution as required. In determining whether the defendant presents a risk of nonappearance flight from prosecution, the judicial officer shall consider, in addition to any other factors, the seriousness of the offense charged and the number of offenses with which the person is charged. If the officer determines that such a release will not reasonably ensure the appearance of the defendant as required the defendant presents a risk of flight from prosecution, the officer shall either in lieu of or in addition to the methods of release in this section, impose the least restrictive of the following conditions or the least restrictive combination of the following conditions that will reasonably ensure the appearance mitheate the risk of flight defendant as required:

(A) Place the defendant in the custody of a designated person or organization agreeing to supervise him or her if the defendant is charged with an offense that is not a nonviolent misdemeanor or nonviolent felony as defined in 28 V.S.A. § 301.

(B) Place restrictions on the travel, <u>or</u> association, or place of abode of the defendant during the period of release.

(С) Керине те аејепаат то рагнстрате т ап асопот ог агиз

treatment program. The judicial officer shall take into consideration the dependent's ability to comply with an order of treatment and the availability of treatment resources.

(b) Require Upon consideration of the defendant's financial means, require the execution of a secured appearance bond in a specified amount and the deposit with the clerk of the Court court, in cash or other security as directed, of a sum not to exceed 10 percent of the amount of the bond, such deposit to be returned upon the appearance of the defendant as required.

(E) Require Upon consideration of the defendant's financial means, require the execution of a surety bond with sufficient solvent sureties, or the deposit of cash in lieu thereof.

(F) Impose any other condition found reasonably necessary to ensure appearance mitigate the risk of flight as required, including a condition requiring that the defendant return to custody after specified hours.

(G) Place the defendant in a program of community-based electronic monitoring in accordance with section 7554d of this title.

(2) If the judicial officer determines that conditions of velease imposed to ensure appearance mitigate the risk of flight will not reasonably protect the public, the judicial officer may impose in addition the least restrictive of the following conditions or the least restrictive combination of the following conditions that will reasonably ensure protection of the public. (4) Place the defendant in the custody of a designated person or organization agreeing to supervise him or her if the defendant is charged with an offense that is not a nonviolent misdemeanor or nonviolent felony as defined in 28 V.S.A. § 301.

(B) Place restrictions on the travel, <u>or</u> association, or place of abode of the defendant during the period of release.

(C) Require the defendant to participate in an alcohol or drug treatment program. The judicial officer shall take into consideration the defendant's ability to comply with an order of treatment and the availability of treatment resources.

(D) Impose any other condition found reasonably necessary to protect the public, except that a physically restrictive condition may only be imposed in extraordinary circumstances.

(E) If the defendant is a State, county, or municipal officer charged with violating section 2537 of this title, the court may suspend Suspend the officer's duties in whole or in part, if the defendant is a State, county, or municipal officer charged with violating section 2537 of this title and the court finds that it is necessary to protect the public.

(F) Place the defendant in a program of community-based electronic monitoring in accordance with section 7554d of this title.

(0) I face restrictions on the dejendant's place of aboue during the

period of release if the defendant is charged with a listed crime as defined in subdivision 5301(7) of this title or an offense involving sexual exploitation of children in violation of chapter 64 of this title.

(3) A judicial officer may order that a defendant not harass or contact or cause to be varassed or contacted a victim or potential witness. This order shall take effect immediately, regardless of whether the defendant is incarcerated or released

(b) Judicial considerations in imposing conditions of release. In determining which conditions of release to impose under:

(1) In subdivision (a)(1) of this section, the judicial officer, on the basis of available information, shall take into account the nature and circumstances of the offense charged; the weight of the evidence against the accused; the accused's employment; financial resources, including his or her ability to post bail; character and mental condition; length of residence in the community; and record of appearance at court proceedings or of flight to avoid prosecution or failure to appear at court proceedings.

(2) subsection In subdivision (a)(2) of this section, the judicial officer shall, on the basis of available information, shall take into account the nature and circumstances of the offense charged, the weight of the evidence against the accused, the accused's family ties, employment, financial resources, character and memory condition, the length of residence in the community,

flight to avoid prosecution or failure to appear at court proceedings. Recent history of actual violence or threats of violence may be considered by the judicial officer as bearing on the character and mental condition of the accused.

(c) <u>Order.</u> A judicial officer authorizing the release of a person under this section shall issue an appropriate order containing a statement of the conditions imposed, if $a_{i}v_{\overline{i}}$ shall inform such person of the penalties applicable to violations of the conditions of release; and shall advise him or her that a warrant for his or her errest will be issued immediately upon any such violation.

(d) <u>Review of conditions.</u>

(1) A person for whom conditions of please are imposed and who is detained as a result of his or her inability to meet the conditions of release or who is ordered released on a condition that he or she return to custody after specified hours shall, within 48 hours of following application, be entitled to have the conditions reviewed by a judge in the court having original jurisdiction over the offense charged. A person applying for review shall be given the opportunity for a hearing. Unless the conditions of release are amended as requested, the judge shall set forth in writing or orally on the record a reasonable basis for commung the conditions imposed. In the event that a judge in the court having original jurisdiction over the offense charged is not available, any Superior judge may review such conditions.

(1) A person for whom conditions of release are imposed shall, within five working days of following application, be entitled to have the conditions reviewed by a judge in the court having original jurisdiction over the offense charged. A person applying for review shall be given the opportunity for a hearing. Unless the conditions of release are amended as requested, the judge shall set forth in writing or orally on the record a reasonable basis for continuing the conditions imposed. In the event that a judge in the court having original jurisdiction over the offense charged is not available, any Superior judge may review such conditions.

(e) <u>Amendment of order.</u> A judicial officer ordering the release of a person on any condition specified in this section may at any time amend the order to impose additional or different conditions of release; provided that the provisions of subsection (d) of this section shall apply.

(f) <u>Definition</u>. The term "judicial officer" as used in this section and section 7556 of this title shall mean a clerk of a Superior Court or a Superior Court judge.

(g) <u>Admissibility of evidence.</u> Information stated in, or offered in connection with, any order entered pursuant to this section need not conform to the rules pertaining to the admissibility of evidence in a court of law.

(h) <u>Eorfeiture</u> Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prevent the disposition of any case or class of cases by forfeiture of collateral security where if such disposition is authorized by the court.

(i) <u>Forms.</u> The Court Administrator shall establish forms for appearance bonds, secured appearance bonds, surety bonds, and for use in the posting of bail. Each form shall include the following information:

(1) The bond or bail may be forfeited in the event that the defendant or witness fails to appear at any required court proceeding.

(2) The surety or person posting bond or bail has the right to be released from the obligations under the bond or bail agreement upon written application to the judicial officer and actention of the defendant or witness.

(3) The bond will continue through centencing in the event that bail is continued after final adjudication.

(*j*) <u>Juveniles</u>. Any juvenile between 14 and 16 years of age who is charged with a listed crime as defined in subdivision 5301(7) of this title shall appear before a judicial officer and be ordered released pending trial in accordance with this section within 24 hours of <u>following</u> the juvenile's arrest.

Sec. 4. 13 V.S.A. § 7575 is amended to read:

§ 7575. REVOCATION OF THE RIGHT TO BAIL

The right to bail may be revoked entirely if the judicial officer finds that the

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(1) intimidated or harassed a victim potential witness juror or judicia officer in violation of a condition of release; or

(2) repeatedly violated conditions of release; or [Repealed.]

(3) violated a condition or conditions of release which that constitute a threat to the integrity of the judicial system; or

(4) without just cause, failed to appear at a specified time and place ordered by a judicial officer; or

(5) in violation of a condition of release, been charged with a felony or a crime against a person or an offense like similar to the underlying charge, for which, after hearing, probable cause is found.

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE

Inis act shall take effect on July 1, 2010.

Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 7551 is amended to read:

§ 7551. <u>IMPOSITION OF BAIL, SECURED APPEARANCE BONDS, AND</u> APPEARANCE BONDS: GENERALLY

(a) <u>Bonds; generally.</u> A bond given by a person charged with a criminal offense or by a witness in a criminal prosecution under section 6605 of this title, conditioned for the appearance of the person or witness before the court in cases where the offense is punishable by fine or imprisonment, and in appealed cases, shall be taken to the Criminal Division of the Superior Court where the prosecution is pending, and shall remain binding upon parties until

discharged by the court or until sentencing. The person or witness shall appear at all required court proceedings.

(b) <u>Limitation on imposition of bail, secured appearance bonds, and</u> appearance bonds.

(1) No bond may be imposed Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, no bail, secured appearance bond, or appearance bond may be imposed:

(A) at the initial appearance of a person charged with a misdemeanor if the person was cited for the offense in accordance with Rule 3 of the Vermont Rules of Criminal Procedure; or

(B) at the initial appearance or upon the temporary release pursuant to Rule 5(b) of the Vermont Rules of Criminal Procedure of a person charged with a violation of a misdemeanor offense that is eligible for expungement pursuant to subdivision 7601(4)(A) of this title.

(2) In the event the court finds that imposing bail is necessary to mitigate the risk of flight from prosecution for a person charged with a violation of a misdemeanor offense that is eligible for expungement pursuant to subdivision 7601(4)(A) of this title, the court may impose bail in a maximum amount of \$200.00.

(3) This subsection shall not be construed to restrict the court's ability to impose conditions on such persons to reasonably ensure his or her appearance at future proceedings <u>mitigate the risk of flight from prosecution</u> or to reasonably protect the public in accordance with section 7554 of this title. Sec. 2. Rule 3(k) of the Vermont Rules of Criminal Procedure is amended to read:

(k) Temporary Release. A <u>Either a</u> law enforcement officer arresting a person <u>or the prosecuting attorney</u> shall contact a judicial officer for determination of temporary release pursuant to Rule 5(b) of these rules without unnecessary delay. <u>The law enforcement officer or prosecuting</u> <u>attorney shall provide the judicial officer with the information and affidavit or</u> <u>sworn statement required by Rule 4(a) of these rules.</u>

Sec. 3. 13 V.S.A. § 7554 is amended to read:

§ 7554. RELEASE PRIOR TO TRIAL

(a) <u>Release; conditions of release.</u> Any person charged with an offense, other than a person held without bail under section 7553 or 7553a of this title, shall at his or her appearance before a judicial officer be ordered released pending trial in accordance with this section.

(1) The defendant shall be ordered released on personal recognizance or upon the execution of an unsecured appearance bond in an amount specified by the judicial officer unless the judicial officer determines that such a release will not reasonably ensure the appearance of the person mitigate the risk of flight from prosecution as required. In determining whether the defendant presents a risk of nonappearance flight from prosecution, the judicial officer shall consider, in addition to any other factors, the seriousness of the offense charged and the number of offenses with which the person is charged. If the officer determines that such a release will not reasonably ensure the appearance of the defendant as required the defendant presents a risk of flight from prosecution, the officer shall, either in lieu of or in addition to the methods of release in this section, impose the least restrictive of the following conditions or the least restrictive combination of the following conditions that will reasonably ensure the appearance mitigate the risk of flight defendant as required:

(A) Place the defendant in the custody of a designated person or organization agreeing to supervise him or her if the defendant is charged with an offense that is not a nonviolent misdemeanor or nonviolent felony as defined in 28 V.S.A. § 301.

(B) Place restrictions on the travel, <u>or</u> association, or place of abode of the defendant during the period of release.

(C) Require the defendant to participate in an alcohol or drug treatment program. The judicial officer shall take into consideration the defendant's ability to comply with an order of treatment and the availability of treatment resources.

(D) Require Upon consideration of the defendant's financial means,

<u>require</u> the execution of a secured appearance bond in a specified amount and the deposit with the clerk of the <u>Court</u> <u>court</u>, in cash or other security as directed, of a sum not to exceed 10 percent of the amount of the bond, such deposit to be returned upon the appearance of the defendant as required.

(E) Require Upon consideration of the defendant's financial means, require the execution of a surety bond with sufficient solvent sureties, or the deposit of cash in lieu thereof.

(F) Impose any other condition found reasonably necessary to ensure appearance mitigate the risk of flight as required, including a condition requiring that the defendant return to custody after specified hours.

(G) Place the defendant in a program of community-based electronic monitoring in accordance with section 7554d of this title.

(2) If the judicial officer determines that conditions of release imposed to ensure appearance <u>mitigate the risk of flight</u> will not reasonably protect the public, the judicial officer may impose in addition the least restrictive of the following conditions or the least restrictive combination of the following conditions that will reasonably ensure protection of the public:

(A) Place the defendant in the custody of a designated person or organization agreeing to supervise him or her if the defendant is charged with an offense that is not a nonviolent misdemeanor or nonviolent felony as defined in 28 V.S.A. § 301.

(B) Place restrictions on the travel, association, or place of abode of the defendant during the period of release.

(C) Require the defendant to participate in an alcohol or drug treatment program. The judicial officer shall take into consideration the defendant's ability to comply with an order of treatment and the availability of treatment resources.

(D) Impose any other condition found reasonably necessary to protect the public, except that a physically restrictive condition may only be imposed in extraordinary circumstances.

(E) If the defendant is a State, county, or municipal officer charged with violating section 2537 of this title, the court may suspend Suspend the officer's duties in whole or in part, if the defendant is a State, county, or municipal officer charged with violating section 2537 of this title and the court finds that it is necessary to protect the public.

(F) Place the defendant in a program of community-based electronic monitoring in accordance with section 7554d of this title.

(3) A judicial officer may order that a defendant not harass or contact or cause to be harassed or contacted a victim or potential witness. This order shall take effect immediately, regardless of whether the defendant is incarcerated or released.

(b) Judicial considerations in imposing conditions of release. In

determining which conditions of release to impose under subsection:

(1) In subdivision (a)(1) of this section, the judicial officer, on the basis of available information, shall take into account the nature and circumstances of the offense charged; the weight of the evidence against the accused; the accused's employment; financial resources, including the accused's ability to post bail; the accused's character and mental condition; the accused's length of residence in the community; and the accused's record of appearance at court proceedings or of flight to avoid prosecution or failure to appear at court proceedings.

(2) In subdivision (a)(2) of this section, the judicial officer shall, on the basis of available information, shall take into account the nature and circumstances of the offense charged, the weight of the evidence against the accused, the accused's family ties, employment, financial resources, character and mental condition, the length of residence in the community, record of convictions, and record of appearance at court proceedings or of flight to avoid prosecution or failure to appear at court proceedings. Recent history of actual violence or threats of violence may be considered by the judicial officer as bearing on the character and mental condition of the accused.

(c) <u>Order.</u> A judicial officer authorizing the release of a person under this section shall issue an appropriate order containing a statement of the conditions imposed, if $any_{\overline{\tau}}$; shall inform such person of the penalties

applicable to violations of the conditions of release; and shall advise him or her that a warrant for his or her arrest will be issued immediately upon any such violation.

(d) <u>Review of conditions.</u>

(1) A person for whom conditions of release are imposed and who is detained as a result of his or her inability to meet the conditions of release or who is ordered released on a condition that he or she return to custody after specified hours, <u>or the State, following a material change in circumstances</u>, shall, within 48 hours of <u>following</u> application, be entitled to have the conditions reviewed by a judge in the court having original jurisdiction over the offense charged. A <u>person party</u> applying for review shall be given the opportunity for a hearing. Unless the conditions of release are amended as requested, the judge shall set forth in writing or orally on the record a judge in the court having original jurisdiction over the offense charged is not available, any Superior judge may review such conditions.

(2) A person for whom conditions of release are imposed shall, within five working days of <u>following</u> application, be entitled to have the conditions reviewed by a judge in the court having original jurisdiction over the offense charged. A person applying for review shall be given the opportunity for a hearing. Unless the conditions of release are amended as requested, the judge shall set forth in writing or orally on the record a reasonable basis for continuing the conditions imposed. In the event that a judge in the court having original jurisdiction over the offense charged is not available, any Superior judge may review such conditions.

(e) <u>Amendment of order</u>. A judicial officer ordering the release of a person on any condition specified in this section may at any time amend the order to impose additional or different conditions of release; provided that the provisions of subsection (d) of this section shall apply.

(f) <u>Definition</u>. The term "judicial officer" as used in this section and section 7556 of this title shall mean a clerk of a Superior Court or a Superior Court judge.

(g) <u>Admissibility of evidence.</u> Information stated in, or offered in connection with, any order entered pursuant to this section need not conform to the rules pertaining to the admissibility of evidence in a court of law.

(h) <u>Forfeiture</u>. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prevent the disposition of any case or class of cases by forfeiture of collateral security where if such disposition is authorized by the court.

(i) <u>Forms.</u> The Court Administrator shall establish forms for appearance bonds, secured appearance bonds, surety bonds, and for use in the posting of bail. Each form shall include the following information:

(1) The bond or bail may be forfeited in the event that the defendant or

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witness fails to appear at any required court proceeding.

(2) The surety or person posting bond or bail has the right to be released from the obligations under the bond or bail agreement upon written application to the judicial officer and detention of the defendant or witness.

(3) The bond will continue through sentencing in the event that bail is continued after final adjudication.

(j) <u>Juveniles.</u> Any juvenile between 14 and 16 years of age who is charged with a listed crime as defined in subdivision 5301(7) of this title shall appear before a judicial officer and be ordered released pending trial in accordance with this section within 24 hours of following the juvenile's arrest.

Sec. 4. 13 V.S.A. § 7575 is amended to read:

§ 7575. REVOCATION OF THE RIGHT TO BAIL

The right to bail may be revoked entirely if the judicial officer finds that the accused has:

(1) intimidated or harassed a victim, potential witness, juror, or judicial officer in violation of a condition of release; or

(2) repeatedly violated conditions of release <u>in a manner that impedes</u> the prosecution of the accused; or

(3) violated a condition or conditions of release which that constitute a threat to the integrity of the judicial system; or

(4) without just cause, failed to appear at a specified time and place

ordered by a judicial officer; or

(5) in violation of a condition of release, been charged with a felony or a crime against a person or an offense like <u>similar to</u> the underlying charge, for which, after hearing, probable cause is found.

Sec. 5. 13 V.S.A. § 7576 is amended to read:

§ 7576. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

(9) "Flight from prosecution" means any action or behavior undertaken by a person charged with a criminal offense to avoid court proceedings. Sec. 6. INCARCERATION RATES OF PEOPLE OF COLOR; STUDY

COMMITTEE; REPORT

(a) Study Committee. The Commissioner of the Department of Corrections, the Commissioner of the Department of Public Safety, the Attorney General, the Executive Director of the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs, and the Director of the Vermont State Police shall meet during the 2018 legislative interim to examine data regarding people of color who are incarcerated in Vermont. To the extent possible, the Committee shall also review data regarding people of color incarcerated in Maine and New Hampshire.

(b) On or before October 15, 2018, the committee shall report to the Joint Legislative Justice Oversight Committee on: (1) data regarding all nonwhite offenders in the custody of the Department of Corrections, including:

(A) demographic information about the offender, including race and ethnicity and all known places of residence;

(B) the crime or crimes for which the offender is serving a sentence or being detained; and

(C) the length of the sentence being served by the offender or the length of his or her detainment;

(2) sentence length comparison data between white and nonwhite offenders who committed the same offense; and

(3) comparison data among Vermont, Maine, and New Hampshire regarding sentence lengths and incarceration rates of people of color.

Sec. 7. 13 V.S.A. § 7554b is amended to read:

§ 7554b. HOME DETENTION PROGRAM

(a) Definition. As used in this section, "home detention" means a program of confinement and supervision that restricts a defendant to a preapproved residence continuously, except for authorized absences, and is enforced by appropriate means of surveillance and electronic monitoring by the Department of Corrections. The court may authorize scheduled absences such as <u>for</u> work, school, or treatment. Any changes in the schedule shall be solely at the discretion of the Department of Corrections. A defendant who is on home detention shall remain in the custody of the Commissioner of Corrections with conditions set by the court.

(b) Procedure. At the request of the court, the Department of Corrections, or the defendant, the status of a defendant who is detained pretrial in a correctional facility for lack of inability to pay bail after bail has been set by the court may be reviewed by the court to determine whether the defendant is appropriate for home detention. The review shall be scheduled upon the court's receipt of a report from the Department determining that the proposed residence is suitable for the use of electronic monitoring. A defendant held without bail pursuant to section 7553 or 7553a of this title shall not be eligible for release to the Home Detention Program on or after June 1, 2018. At arraignment or after a hearing, the court may order that the defendant be released to the Home Detention Program, providing provided that the court finds placing the defendant on home detention will reasonably assure his or her appearance in court when required and the proposed residence is appropriate for home detention. In making such a determination, the court shall consider:

(1) the nature of the offense with which the defendant is charged;

(2) the defendant's prior convictions, history of violence, medical and mental health needs, history of supervision, and risk of flight; and

(3) any risk or undue burden to other persons who reside at the

proposed residence or risk to third parties or to public safety that may result from such placement.

* * *

Sec. 8. JOINT LEGISLATIVE JUSTICE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE;

HOME DETENTION PROGRAM REVIEW

During the 2018 legislative interim, the Joint Legislative Justice Oversight Committee shall evaluate the Home Detention Program established under 13 V.S.A. § 7554b and recommend how to improve and expand the Program and what entity should manage the Program. Any resulting legislative recommendations shall be introduced as a bill in the 2019 legislative session. Sec. 9. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2018.