

## Senate proposal of amendment

### H. 424

An act relating to the Commission on Act 250: the Next 50 Years

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

#### Sec. 1. FINDINGS; PURPOSE

(a) Findings. The General Assembly finds as follows:

(1) In 1969, Governor Deane Davis by executive order created the Governor's Commission on Environmental Control, which consisted of 17 members and became known as the Gibb Commission because it was chaired by Representative Arthur Gibb.

(2) The Gibb Commission's recommendations, submitted in 1970, included a new State system for reviewing and controlling plans for large-scale and environmentally sensitive development. The system was not to be centered in Montpelier. Instead, the power to review projects and grant permits would be vested more locally, in commissions for districts within the State.

(3) In 1970, the General Assembly enacted 1970 Acts and Resolves No. 250, an act to create an environmental board and district environmental commissions. This act is now codified at 10 V.S.A. chapter 151 and is commonly known as Act 250. In Sec. 1 of Act 250 (the Findings), the General Assembly found that:

(A) "the unplanned, uncoordinated and uncontrolled use of the lands and the environment of the state of Vermont has resulted in usages of the lands and the environment which may be destructive to the environment and which are not suitable to the demands and needs of the people of the state of Vermont";

(B) "a comprehensive state capability and development plan and land use plan are necessary to provide guidelines for utilization of the lands and environment of the state of Vermont and to define the goals to be achieved through land environmental use, planning and control";

(C) "it is necessary to establish an environmental board and district environmental commissions and vest them with the authority to regulate the use of the lands and the environment of the state according to the guidelines and goals set forth in the state comprehensive capability and development plan and to give these commissions the authority to enforce the regulations and controls"; and

(D) "it is necessary to regulate and control the utilization and usages

of lands and the environment to insure that, hereafter, the only usages which will be permitted are not unduly detrimental to the environment, will promote the general welfare through orderly growth and development and are suitable to the demands and needs of the people of this state.”

(4) In 1973 Acts and Resolves No. 85, Secs. 6 and 7, the General Assembly adopted the Capability and Development Plan (the Plan) called for by Act 250. Among the Plan’s objectives are:

(A) “Preservation of the agricultural and forest productivity of the land, and the economic viability of agricultural units, conservation of the recreational opportunity afforded by the state’s hills, forests, streams and lakes, wise use of the state’s non-renewable earth and mineral reserves, and protection of the beauty of the landscape are matters of public good. Uses which threaten or significantly inhibit these resources should be permitted only when the public interest is clearly benefited thereby.”

(B) “Increased demands for and costs of public services, such as schools, road maintenance, and fire and police protection must be considered in relation to available tax revenues and reasonable public and private capital investment. . . . Accordingly, conditions may be imposed upon the rate and location of development in order to control its impact upon the community.”

(C) “Strip development along highways and scattered residential development not related to community centers cause increased cost of government, congestion of highways, the loss of prime agricultural lands, overtaxing of town roads and services and economic or social decline in the traditional community center.”

(D) “Provision should be made for the renovation of village and town centers for commercial and industrial development, where feasible, and location of residential and other development off the main highways near the village center on land which is other than primary agricultural soil.”

(E) “In order to achieve a strong economy that provides satisfying and rewarding job and investment opportunities and sufficient income to meet the needs and aspirations of the citizens of Vermont, economic development should be pursued selectively so as to provide maximum economic benefit with minimal environmental impact.”

(b) Purpose. The General Assembly establishes a Commission on Act 250: the Next 50 Years (the Commission) and intends that the Commission review the vision for Act 250 adopted in the 1970s and its implementation with the objective of ensuring that, over the next 50 years, Act 250 supports Vermont’s economic, environmental, and land use planning goals.

(c) Executive Branch working group. Contemporaneously with the consideration of this act by the General Assembly, the Chair of the Natural

Resources Board (NRB) has convened a working group on Act 250 to include the NRB and the Agencies of Commerce and Community Development and of Natural Resources, with assistance from the Agencies of Agriculture, Food and Markets and of Transportation. The working group intends to make recommendations during October 2017. The General Assembly intends that the Commission established by this act receive and consider information and recommendations offered by the working group convened by the Chair of the NRB.

## Sec. 2. COMMISSION ON ACT 250: THE NEXT 50 YEARS; REPORT

(a) Establishment. There is established the Commission on Act 250: the Next 50 Years (the Commission) to:

(1) Review the goals of Act 250, including the findings set forth in 1970 Acts and Resolves No. 250, Sec. 1 (the Findings) and the Capability and Development Plan adopted in 1973 Acts and Resolves No. 85, Secs. 6 and 7 (the Plan), and assess, to the extent feasible, the positive and negative outcomes of Act 250's implementation from 1970 to 2017. This review shall include consideration of the information, statistics, and recommendations described in subdivision (d)(1)(B) of this section.

(2) Engage Vermonters on their priorities for the future of the Vermont landscape, including how to maintain Vermont's environment and sense of place, and address relevant issues that have emerged since 1970.

(3) Perform the tasks and the review set forth in subsection (e) of this section and submit a report with recommended changes to Act 250 to achieve the goals stated in the Findings and the Plan, including any suggested revisions to the Plan.

(b) Membership; officers.

(1) The Commission shall be composed of the following six members:

(A) three members of the House of Representatives, not all from the same party, appointed by the Speaker of the House; and

(B) three members of the Senate, not all from the same party, appointed by the Committee on Committees.

(2) At its first meeting, the Commission shall elect a Chair and Vice Chair. The Vice Chair shall function as Chair in the Chair's absence.

(c) Advisors. Advisors to the Commission shall be appointed as set forth in this subsection. The advisors are referred to collectively as the "Act 250 Advisors." The Commission may seek assistance from additional persons or organizations with expertise relevant to the Commission's charge.

(1) The advisors may attend and participate in Commission meetings

and shall have the opportunity to present information and recommendations to the Commission. The Commission shall notify the advisors of each Commission meeting.

(2) The advisors to the Commission shall be:

(A) the Chair of the Natural Resources Board or designee;

(B) a representative of a Vermont-based, statewide environmental organization that has a focus on land use and significant experience in the Act 250 process, appointed by the Committee on Committees;

(C) a person with expertise in environmental science affiliated with a Vermont college or university, appointed by the Speaker of the House;

(D) a representative of the Vermont Association of Planning and Development Agencies, appointed by the Speaker of the House;

(E) a representative of the Vermont Planners Association, appointed by the Committee on Committees;

(F) a representative of a Vermont-based business organization with significant experience in real estate development and land use permitting, including Act 250, appointed by the Committee on Committees;

(G) a person currently serving or who formerly served in the position of an elected officer of a Vermont city or town, appointed by the Vermont League of Cities and Towns;

(H) the Chair of the Environmental Law Section of the Vermont Bar Association;

(I) each of the following or their designees:

(i) the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets;

(ii) the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development;

(iii) the Secretary of Natural Resources; and

(iv) the Secretary of Transportation; and

(J) a current or former district coordinator or district commissioner, appointed by the Chair of the Natural Resources Board.

(3) The Commission and the Chair of the Natural Resources Board each may appoint one advisor in addition to the advisors set forth in subdivision (c)(2) of this section.

(4) Each appointing authority for an advisor to the Commission shall promptly notify the Office of Legislative Council of the appointment when made.

(d) Meetings; phases. The Commission shall meet as needed to perform its

tasks and shall conduct three phases of meetings: a preliminary meeting phase, a public discussion phase, and a deliberation and report preparation phase. The initial meeting shall be part of the preliminary meeting phase, convened by the Office of Legislative Council during September 2017 after notice to the Commission members and the Act 250 Advisors. Subsequent Commission meetings shall be at the call of the Chair or of any three members of the Commission.

(1) Preliminary meeting phase.

(A) The preliminary meeting phase shall include the initial meeting of the Commission and such additional meetings as may be scheduled.

(B) During the preliminary meeting phase, the Commission shall become informed on the history, provisions, and implementation of Act 250, including its current permitting and appeals processes. This phase shall include:

(i) Review of available information on the outcomes of Act 250 from 1970 to 2017, including case studies and analyses. When information relevant to this review does not exist, the Commission may request its preparation.

(ii) Review of the history and implementation of land use planning in Vermont, including municipal and regional planning under 24 V.S.A. chapter 117.

(iii) Receipt of the information and recommendations of the working group described in Sec. 1(c) of this act;

(iv) Information prepared by the Natural Resources Board on:

(I) the Act 250 application process;

(II) coordination of the Act 250 program with the Agencies of Agriculture, Food and Markets, of Commerce and Community Development, of Natural Resources, and of Transportation;

(III) over multiple years, application processing times by district, number of appeals of application decisions and time to resolve, and number of appeals of jurisdictional opinions and time to resolve; and

(IV) an overview of the history of the Natural Resources Board.

(v) Opportunity for the Act 250 Advisors to present relevant information.

(2) Public discussion phase. Following the preliminary meeting phase, the Commission, with assistance from the Act 250 Advisors, shall conduct a series of information and interactive meetings on 2070: A Vision for

Vermont's Future.

(A) The purpose of this phase shall be to accomplish the public engagement set forth in subdivision (a)(2) of this section.

(B) The Commission shall conduct this phase during adjournment of the General Assembly.

(3) Deliberation and report preparation phase. Following completion of the public meeting phase, the Commission shall meet to perform the tasks set forth in subsection (e) of this section and deliberate and prepare its written report and recommendations, with assistance from the Act 250 Advisors.

(e) Tasks; report and recommendations. After considering the information from its public discussion meetings and consultation with the Act 250 Advisors, the Commission shall perform the tasks set forth in this subsection and submit its report, including:

(1) A statistical analysis based on available data on Vermont environmental and land use permitting in general and on Act 250 permit processing specifically, produced in collaboration with municipal, regional, and State planners and regulatory agencies.

(2) Review and recommendations related to:

(A) An evaluation of the degree to which Act 250 has been successful or unsuccessful in meeting the goals set forth in the Findings and the Plan.

(B) An evaluation of whether revisions should be made to the Plan.

(C) An examination of the criteria and jurisdiction of Act 250, including:

(i) Whether the criteria reflect current science and adequately address climate change and other environmental issues that have emerged since 1970. On climate change, the Commission shall seek to understand, within the context of the criteria of Act 250, the impacts of climate change on infrastructure, development, and recreation within the State, and methods to incorporate strategies that reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

(ii) Whether the criteria support development in areas designated under 24 V.S.A. chapter 76A, and preserve rural areas, farms, and forests outside those areas.

(iii) Whether the criteria support natural resources, working lands, farms, agricultural soils, and forests in a healthy ecosystem protected from fragmentation and loss of wildlife corridors.

(iv) Whether Act 250 promotes compact centers of mixed use and residential development surrounded by rural lands.

(v) Whether Act 250 applies to the type and scale of development that provides adequate protection for important natural resources as defined in 24 V.S.A. § 2791.

(vi) Whether the exemptions from Act 250 jurisdiction further or detract from achieving the goals set forth in the Findings and the Plan, including the exemptions for farming and for energy projects.

(D) An examination of changes that have occurred since 1970 that may affect Act 250, such as changes in demographics and patterns and structures of business ownership.

(E) An examination of the interface between Act 250 and other current permit processes at the local and State levels and opportunities to consolidate and reduce duplication. This examination shall include consideration of the relationship of the scope, criteria, and procedures of Act 250 with the scope, criteria, and procedures of Agency of Natural Resources permitting, municipal and regional land use planning and regulation, and designation under 24 V.S.A. chapter 76A.

(F) An evaluation of how well the Act 250 application, review, and appeals processes are serving Vermonters and the State's environment and how they can be improved, including consideration of:

(i) Public participation before the District Environmental Commissions and in the appeals process, including party status.

(ii) The structure of the Natural Resources Board.

(iii) De novo or on the record appeals.

(iv) Comparison of the history and structure of the former Environmental Board appeals process with the current process before the Environmental Division of the Superior Court.

(v) Other appellate structures.

(G) The following specific considerations:

(i) Circumstances under which land might be released from Act 250 jurisdiction.

(ii) Potential revisions to Act 250's definitions of development and subdivision for ways to better achieve the goals of Act 250, including the ability to protect forest blocks and habitat connectivity.

(iii) The scope of Act 250's jurisdiction over projects on ridgelines, including its ability to protect ridgelines that are lower than 2,500 feet, and projects on ridgelines that are expressly exempted from Act 250.

(iv) Potential jurisdictional solutions for projects that overlap

between towns with and without both permanent zoning and subdivision bylaws.

(v) The potential of a person that obtains party status to offer to withdraw the person's opposition or appeal in return for payment or other consideration that is unrelated to addressing the impacts of the relevant project under the Act 250 criteria.

(H) Such other issues related to Act 250 as the Commission may consider significant.

(f) Due date. On or before December 15, 2018, the Commission shall submit its report and recommendations to the House Committee on Natural Resources, Fish and Wildlife and the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy (the Natural Resource Committees). The report shall attach the Commission's proposed legislation.

(g) Assistance.

(1) The Office of Legislative Council shall provide administrative and legal assistance to the Commission, including the scheduling of meetings and the preparation of recommended legislation. The Joint Fiscal Office shall provide assistance to the Commission with respect to fiscal and statistical analysis.

(2) The Commission shall be entitled to technical and professional services from the Natural Resources Board and the Agencies of Commerce and Community Development, of Natural Resources, and of Transportation.

(3) On request, the Commission shall be entitled to available statistics and data from municipalities, regional planning commissions, and State agencies on land use and environmental permit processing and decisions.

(4) On request, the Commission shall be entitled to data from the Superior Court on appeals before the Environmental Division from decisions under Act 250, including annual numbers of appeals, length of time, and disposition.

(h) Subcommittees. The Commission may appoint members of the Commission to subcommittees to which it assigns tasks related to specific issues within the Commission's charge and may request one or more of the Act 250 Advisors to assist those subcommittees.

(i) Reimbursement.

(A) For attendance at no more than 10 Commission meetings during adjournment of the General Assembly, legislative members of the Commission shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 406.



(B) There shall be no reimbursement for attendance at subcommittee meetings or more than 10 Commission meetings.

(j) Cessation. The Commission shall cease to exist on February 15, 2019.

### Sec. 3. ASSISTANCE; PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT

If requested by the Commission established under Sec. 2 of this act, the Office of Legislative Council may retain professional assistance in the design and conduct of the public discussion phase set forth in Sec. 2(d)(2) of this act, provided the cost of this assistance does not exceed \$20,000.00.

### Sec. 3a. ADDITIONAL AUTHORIZED USE; PUBLIC TRUST LANDS

(a) The General Assembly finds that:

(1) the General Assembly has the authority to authorize public uses of filled public trust lands in the City of Burlington; and

(2) the use of the filled public trust lands in the City of Burlington authorized by this act is consistent with the public trust doctrine.

(b) In addition to the uses authorized by the General Assembly in 1990 Acts and Resolves No. 274, 1991 Acts and Resolves No. 53, 1996 Acts and Resolves No. 87, and 1997 Acts and Resolves No. 22, the filled public trust lands within the City of Burlington that are located north of the centerline of Maple Street extending north to the northern terminus of the Lake Street extension completed in 2016 and that extend to the waters of Lake Champlain may be utilized for public markets that benefit Vermont's public and are available to the public on an open and nondiscriminatory basis.

(c) Any use authorized under this act is subject to all applicable requirements of law.

Sec. 3b. 10 V.S.A. § 6607a(g)(1) is amended to read:

(g)(1) Except as set forth in subdivisions (2), (3), and (4) of this subsection, a commercial hauler that offers the collection of municipal solid waste shall:

(A) Beginning on July 1, 2015, offer to collect mandated recyclables separated from other solid waste and deliver mandated recyclables to a facility maintained and operated for the management and recycling of mandated recyclables.

(B) Beginning on July 1, 2016, offer to collect leaf and yard residuals separate from other solid waste and deliver leaf and yard residuals to a location that manages leaf and yard residuals in a manner consistent with the priority uses established under subdivisions 6605k(a)(3)-(5) of this title.

(C) Beginning on July 1, ~~2017~~ 2018, offer collection of food residuals

separate from other solid waste and deliver to a location that manages food residuals in a manner consistent with the priority uses established under subdivisions 6605k(a)(2)-(5) of this title.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.