Table IV.A. 6 Maximum Income for Ongoing Eligibility for a Family of Three, ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}{ }^{\mathbf{T}}$
July 2013

| State | Maximum Earnings a Recipient Can Retain and Still Remain Eligible for Assistance in Month: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2 | 7 | 13 | 25 |
| Alabama | No maximum | No maximum | \$268 | \$268 |
| Alaska | \$2,449 | \$2,449 | \$2,204 | \$2,076 |
| Arizona | \$585 | \$585 | \$585 | \$585 |
| Arkansas | \$697 | \$697 | \$697 | \$697 |
| California ${ }^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Nonexempt | \$1,387 | \$1,387 | \$1,387 | \$1,387 |
| Exempt | \$1,539 | \$1,539 | \$1,539 | \$1,539 |
| Colorado ${ }^{+}$ | \$1,387 | \$1,387 | \$421 | \$421 |
| Connecticut ${ }^{+}$ | \$1,628 | \$1,628 | \$1,628 | \$1,628 |
| Delaware | \$1,902 | \$1,313 | \$1,283 | \$1,283 |
| DC | \$1,444 | \$1,444 | \$1,444 | \$1,444 |
| Florida | \$805 | \$805 | \$805 | \$805 |
| Georgia | \$756 | \$544 | \$514 | \$514 |
| Hawaii | \$2,369 | \$1,944 | \$1,944 | \$1,441 |
| Idaho | \$648 | \$648 | \$648 | \$648 |
| Illinois ${ }^{+}$ | \$1,727 | \$1,727 | \$1,727 | \$1,727 |
| Indiana | \$1,151 | \$1,151 | \$1,151 | \$1,151 |
| Iowa | \$1,267 | \$1,267 | \$1,267 | \$1,267 |
| Kansas ${ }^{+}$ | \$1,162 | \$1,162 | \$1,162 | \$1,162 |
| Kentucky | No maximum | \$645 | \$645 | \$615 |
| Louisiana | \$1,259 | \$359 | \$359 | \$359 |
| Maine | \$1,023 | \$1,023 | \$1,023 | \$1,023 |
| Maryland | \$959 | \$959 | \$959 | \$959 |
| Massachusetts |  |  |  |  |
| Exempt | \$1,069 | \$1,069 | \$1,069 | \$1,069 |
| Nonexempt | \$1,143 | \$1,143 | \$1,143 | \$1,143 |
| Michigan | \$1,164 | \$1,164 | \$1,164 | \$1,164 |
| Minnesota ${ }^{2}$ | \$1,843 | \$1,843 | \$1,843 | \$1,843 |
| Mississippi | No maximum | \$458 | \$458 | \$458 |
| Missouri | \$1,145 | \$1,145 | \$381 | \$381 |
| Montana | \$817 | \$817 | \$817 | \$817 |
| Nebraska | \$923 | \$923 | \$923 | \$923 |
| Nevada | No maximum | \$1,531 | \$478 | \$478 |
| New Hampshire | \$1,348 | \$1,348 | \$1,348 | \$1,348 |
| New Jersey | \$1,695 | \$1,695 | \$847 | \$847 |
| New Mexico | \$1,017 | \$1,017 | \$1,017 | \$1,017 |
| New York | \$1,460 | \$1,640 | \$1,460 | \$1,460 |
| North Carolina | No maximum | \$681 | \$681 | \$681 |
| North Dakota | \$1,169 | \$899 | \$779 | \$584 |
| Ohio | \$1,163 | \$1,163 | \$1,163 | \$1,163 |
| Table IV.A. 6 Maximum Income for Ongoing Eligibility for a Family of Three, ${ }^{1}$ July 2013 |  |  |  |  |


| State | Maximum Earnings a Recipient Can Retain and Still Remain Eligible for Assistance in Month: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2 | 7 | 13 | 25 |
| Oklahoma | \$240 | \$240 | \$240 | \$240 |
| Oregon | \$616 | \$616 | \$616 | \$616 |
| Pennsylvania ${ }^{+}$ | \$805 | \$805 | \$805 | \$805 |
| Rhode Island | \$1,277 | \$1,277 | \$1,277 | \$1,277 |
| South Carolina | \$1,471 | \$895 | \$895 | \$895 |
| South Dakota | \$816 | \$816 | \$816 | \$816 |
| Tennessee | \$1,315 | \$1,315 | \$1,315 | \$1,315 |
| Texas | \$1,708 | \$308 | \$308 | \$308 ${ }^{3}$ |
| Utah | \$1,051 | \$1,051 | \$1,051 | \$1,051 |
| Vermont ${ }^{+}$ | \$1,053 | \$1,053 | \$1,053 | \$1,053 |
| Virginia ${ }^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
| VIEW | \$1,628 | \$1,628 | \$1,628 | \$1,628 |
| All, except VIEW | \$547 | \$547 | \$547 | \$547 |
| Washington | \$954 | \$954 | \$954 | \$954 |
| West Virginia | \$565 | \$565 | \$565 | \$565 |
| Wisconsin | - ${ }^{4}$ | - ${ }^{4}$ | --4 | --4 |
| Wyoming | \$815 | \$815 | \$815 | \$815 |

Source: The Urban Institute's Welfare Rules Database, funded by HHS/ACF and HHS/ASPE.
Note: Ongoing eligibility is calculated assuming that the unit found new employment while on assistance, has only earned income, has no child care expenses, contains one adult and no children subject to a family cap, has no special needs, pays for shelter, and lives in the most populated area of the state.

+ Dollar amount used to calculate benefit varies within the state, either by county or by region of the state. Calculations are based on the dollar amount that applies to the majority of the state. See WRD for more information.
${ }^{1}$ The values in this table represent the maximum amount of earnings a recipient in various months of combining work and TANF can retain and still be "technically eligible" for assistance in each state. Technical eligibility does not mean that the unit will necessarily receive a cash benefit, but it will have passed all the eligibility tests and is eligible for some positive amount. Most states only distribute a cash benefit equaling $\$ 10$ or more.
${ }^{2}$ This table captures the maximum earnings a recipient may have in the months following his/her completion of the mandatory four month diversion program. During the diversion program different earned income disregards and benefit computation rules apply.
${ }^{3}$ Based on the assumption made for these calculations, the recipient is not receiving the state's 90 percent disregard. However, under different assumptions, it is possible that the recipient may receive the 90 percent disregard in the 25 th month of combining work and welfare ${ }^{4}$ Units with earnings at application will not receive a cash benefit, except for some Community Service Job participants who may qualify for a prorated cash benefit. Applicants may earn up to $\$ 1,872$ and still be eligible for nonfinancial assistance.

