TO THE HOUSE	OF REPRESENTA	TIVES.

- The Committee on Commerce and Economic Development to which was referred Senate Bill No. 224 entitled "An act relating to warranty obligations of equipment dealers and suppliers" respectfully reports that it has considered the same and recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- Sec. 1. FINDINGS AND INTENT
- (a) The General Assembly finds:
 - (1) Vermont has long relied on economic activity relating to working farms and forestland in the State. These working lands, and the people who work the land, are part of the State's cultural and ecological heritage, and Vermont has made major policy and budget commitments in recent years in support of working lands enterprises. Farm and forest enterprises need a robust system of infrastructure to support their economic and ecological activities, and that infrastructure requires a strong economic base consisting of dealers, manufacturers, and repair facilities. Initiatives to help strengthen farm and forest working lands infrastructure are in the best interest of the State.
 - (2) Snowmobiles and all-terrain vehicles have a significant economic impact in the State, including the distribution and sale of these vehicles, use by residents, ski areas, and emergency responders, as well as tourists that come to

enjoy riding snowmobiles and all-terrain vehicles in Vermont. It is in the best interest of the State to ensure that Vermont consumers who want to purchase snowmobiles and all-terrain vehicles have access to a competitive marketplace and a strong network of dealers, suppliers, and repair facilities in the State.

- (3) The distribution and sale of equipment, snowmobiles, and all-terrain vehicles within this State vitally affects the general economy of the State and the public interest and the public welfare, and in order to promote the public interest and the public welfare, and in the exercise of its police power, it is necessary to regulate equipment, snowmobile, and all-terrain vehicle suppliers and their representatives, and to regulate dealer agreements issued by suppliers who are doing business in this State, in order to protect and preserve the investments and properties of the citizens of this State.
- (4) There continues to exist an inequality of a disparity in bargaining power between equipment, snowmobile, and all-terrain vehicle suppliers and the independent dealer network. This inequality of a disparity in bargaining power enables equipment, snowmobile, and all-terrain vehicle suppliers to compel dealers to execute dealer agreements, related contracts, and addenda that contain terms and conditions that would not routinely be agreed to by the equipment, snowmobile, and all-terrain vehicle dealer if this inequality disparity did not exist. It therefore is in the public interest to enact legislation to prevent unfair or arbitrary treatment of equipment, snowmobile, and all-

1	terrain vehicle dealers by equipment, snowmobile, and all-terrain vehicle
2	suppliers. It is also in the public interest that Vermont consumers,
3	municipalities, businesses, and others that purchase equipment, snowmobiles,
4	and all-terrain vehicles in Vermont have access to a robust independent dealer
5	network to obtain competitive prices when purchasing these items and to
6	obtain warranty, recall, or other repair work.
7	(b) It is the intent of the General Assembly that this act be liberally
8	construed in order to achieve its purposes.
9	Sec. 2. 9 V.S.A. chapter 107 is amended to read:
10	CHAPTER 107. EQUIPMENT AND MACHINERY DEALERSHIPS
11	§ 4071. DEFINITIONS
12	As used in this chapter:
13	(1) "Current net price" means the price listed in the supplier's price list
14	or catalog catalogue in effect at the time the dealer agreement is terminated,
15	less any applicable discounts allowed.
16	(2)(A) "Dealer" means a person, corporation, or partnership primarily
17	engaged in the business of retail sales of farm and utility tractors, farm
18	implements, farm machinery, forestry equipment, industrial equipment, utility
19	equipment, yard and garden equipment, attachments, accessories, and repair
20	parts inventory. Provided however, "dealer" shall

1	(B) "Dealer" does not include a "single line dealer," a person
2	primarily engaged in the retail sale and service of industrial, forestry, and
3	construction equipment. "Single line dealer" means a person, partnership or
4	corporation who:
5	(A)(i) has purchased 75 percent or more of the dealer's total new
6	product his or her new inventory from a single supplier; and
7	(B)(ii) has a total annual average sales volume for the previous
8	three years in excess of $$15$ $$100$ million for the entire territory for which the
9	dealer is responsible.
10	(3) "Dealer agreement" means a written or oral contract or agreement
11	between a dealer and a wholesaler, manufacturer, or distributor supplier by
12	which the supplier gives the dealer is granted the right to sell or distribute
13	goods or services or to use a trade name, trademark, service mark, logotype, or
14	advertising or other commercial symbol.
15	(4) "Inventory" means farm, utility, forestry, or industrial equipment,
16	implements, machinery, yard and garden equipment, attachments, or repair
17	parts. These terms do not include heavy construction equipment.
18	(A) "Inventory" means:
19	(i) farm, utility, forestry, yard and garden, or industrial:
20	(I) tractors;
21	(II) equipment;

1	(III) implements;
2	(IV) machinery;
3	(V) attachments;
4	(VI) accessories; and
5	(VII) repair parts;
6	(ii) snowmobiles, as defined in 23 V.S.A. § 3201(5), and
7	snowmobile implements, attachments, garments, accessories, and repair
8	parts; and
9	(iii) all-terrain vehicles, as defined in 23 V.S.A. § 3801(1), and
10	all-terrain vehicle implements, attachments, garments, accessories, and repair
11	<mark>parts</mark> .
12	(B) "Inventory" does not include heavy construction equipment.
13	(5) "Net cost" means the price the dealer paid the supplier for the
14	inventory, less all applicable discounts allowed, plus the amount the dealer
15	paid for freight costs from the supplier's location to the dealer's location. In
16	the event of termination of a dealer agreement by the supplier, "net cost" shall
17	include the reasonable cost of assembly or disassembly performed by a dealer
18	(6) "Supplier" means a wholesaler, manufacturer, or distributor of
19	inventory as defined in this chapter who enters into a dealer agreement with a
20	dealer.

1	(7) "Termination" of a dealer agreement means the cancellation,
2	nonrenewal, or noncontinuance of the agreement.
3	(8) "Coerce" means the failure to act in a fair and equitable manner in
4	performing or complying with a provision of a dealer agreement; provided,
5	however, that recommendation, persuasion, urging, or argument shall not be
6	synonymous with coerce or lack of good faith.
7	(9) "Good faith" means honesty in fact and the observance of reasonable
8	commercial standards of fair dealing, as interpreted under 9A V.S.A.
9	<u>§ 1-201(B)(20).</u>
10	§ 4072. NOTICE OF TERMINATION OF DEALER AGREEMENTS
11	(a) Notwithstanding any agreement to the contrary, prior to the termination
12	of a dealer agreement, a supplier shall notify the dealer of the termination not
13	less than 120 days prior to the effective date of the termination. No supplier
14	may terminate, cancel, or fail to renew a dealership agreement without cause.
15	"Cause" means failure by an equipment dealer to comply with the
16	requirements imposed upon the equipment dealer by the dealer agreement,
17	provided the requirements are not substantially different from those
18	requirements imposed upon other similarly situated equipment dealers in this
19	State.
20	(b) The supplier may immediately terminate the agreement at any time
21	upon the occurrence of any of the following events which in addition to the

1	above definition of cause, are also cause for termination, cancellation, or
2	failure to renew a dealership agreement:
3	(1) the filing of a petition for bankruptcy or for receivership either by or
4	against the dealer;
5	(2) the making by the dealer of an intentional and material
6	misrepresentation as to the dealer's financial status;
7	(3) any default by the dealer under a chattel mortgage or other security
8	agreement between the dealer and the supplier;
9	(4) the commencement of voluntary or involuntary dissolution or
10	liquidation of the dealer if the dealer is a partnership or corporation;
11	(5) a change or additions in location of the dealer's place of business as
12	provided in the agreement without the prior written approval of the supplier; or
13	(6) withdrawal of an individual proprietor, partner, major shareholder,
14	the involuntary termination of the manager of the dealership, or a substantial
15	reduction in the interest of a partner or major shareholder without the prior
16	written consent of the supplier.
17	(c) Unless there is an agreement to the contrary, a dealer who intends to
18	terminate a dealer agreement with a supplier shall notify the supplier of that
19	intent not less than 120 days prior to the effective date of termination.
20	(d) Notification required by this section shall be in writing and shall be
21	made by certified mail or by personal delivery and shall contain:

1	(1) a statement of intention to terminate the dealer agreement;
2	(2) a statement of the reasons for the termination; and
3	(3) the date on which the termination shall be effective.
4	TERMINATION OF DEALER AGREEMENT
5	(a) Requirements for notice.
6	(1) A person shall provide a notice required in this section by certified
7	mail or by personal delivery.
8	(2) A notice shall be in writing and shall include:
9	(A) a statement of intent to terminate the dealer agreement;
10	(B) a statement of the reasons for the termination, including specific
11	reference to one or more requirements of the dealer agreement that serve as the
12	basis for termination, if applicable; and
13	(C) the effective date of termination.
14	(b) Termination by a supplier for cause.
15	(1) In this subsection, "cause" means the failure of a dealer to meet one
16	or more requirements of a dealer agreement, provided that the requirement is
17	reasonable, justifiable, and substantially the same as requirements imposed on
18	similarly situated dealers in this State.
19	(2) A supplier shall not terminate a dealer agreement except for cause.

1	(3) To terminate a dealer agreement for cause, a supplier shall deliver a
2	notice of termination to the dealer at least 120 days before the effective date of
3	termination.
4	(4) A dealer has 60 days from the date it receives a notice of termination
5	to meet the requirements of the dealer agreement specified in the notice.
6	(5) If a dealer meets the requirements of the dealer agreement specified
7	in the notice within the 60-day period, the dealer agreement does not terminate
8	pursuant to the notice of termination.
9	(c) Termination by a supplier for failure to meet reasonable marketing or
10	market penetration requirements.
11	(1) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this section, a supplier shall not
12	terminate a dealer agreement for failure to meet reasonable marketing or
13	market penetration requirements except as provided in this subsection.
14	(2) A supplier shall deliver an initial notice of termination to the dealer
15	at least 18 24 months before the effective date of termination.
16	(3) After providing an initial notice, the supplier shall work with the
17	dealer in good faith to meet the reasonable marketing or market penetration
18	requirements specified in the notice, including reasonable efforts to provide the
19	dealer with adequate inventory and competitive marketing programs that are
20	substantially the same as those provided to dealers in this State or region,
21	whichever is more appropriate under the circumstances.

1	(4) If the dealer fails to meet reasonable marketing or market penetration
2	requirements specified in the notice by the end of the 18 24 -month period, the
3	supplier may terminate the dealer agreement by providing a final notice of
4	termination not less than 90 days prior to the effective date of the termination.
5	(5) A dealer has 90 days from the date it receives a final notice of
6	termination to meet the reasonable marketing or market penetration
7	requirements specified in the notice.
8	(6) If a dealer meets the reasonable marketing or market penetration
9	requirements within the 90-day 24-month period, the dealer agreement shall
10	not terminate does not terminate pursuant to the final notice of termination.
11	(d) Termination by a supplier upon a specified event. Notwithstanding
12	subsection (b) of this section, a supplier may terminate immediately a dealer
13	agreement if one of the following events occurs:
14	(1) A person files a petition for bankruptcy or for receivership on behalf
15	of or against the dealer.
16	(2) The dealer makes an intentional and material misrepresentation
17	regarding his or her financial status.
18	(3) The dealer defaults on a chattel mortgage or other security
19	agreement between the dealer and the supplier.
20	(4) A person commences the voluntary or involuntary dissolution or
21	liquidation of a dealer organized as a business entity.

1	(5) Without the prior written consent of the supplier:
2	(A) The dealer changes the business location specified in the dealer
3	agreement or adds an additional dealership of the supplier's same brand.
4	(B) An individual proprietor, partner, or major shareholder withdraws
5	from, or substantially reduces his or her interest in, the dealer.
6	(C) The dealer terminates a manager of the dealer.
7	(6) The dealer fails to operate in the normal course of business for eight
8	consecutive business days, unless the failure to operate is caused by an
9	emergency or other circumstances beyond the dealer's control.
10	(7) The dealer abandons the business.
11	(8) The dealer pleads guilty to or is convicted of a felony that is
12	substantially related to the qualifications, function, or duties of the dealer.
13	(e) Termination by a dealer. Unless a provision of a dealer agreement
14	provides otherwise, a dealer may terminate the dealer agreement by providing
15	a notice of termination to the supplier at least 120 days before the effective
16	date of termination.
17	* * *
18	§ 4074. REPURCHASE TERMS
19	(a)(1) Within 90 days from receipt of the written request of the dealer, a
20	supplier under the duty to repurchase inventory pursuant to section 4073 of this

title may examine any books or records of the dealer to verify the eligibility of
any item for repurchase.

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the supplier shall repurchase from the dealer the following items that the dealer previously purchased from the supplier, or other qualified vendor approved by the supplier, that are in the possession of the dealer on the date of termination of the dealer agreement:
- (A) all inventory previously purchased from the supplier in possession of the dealer on the date of termination of the dealer agreement; and
- (B) required signage, special tools, books, manuals, supplies, data processing equipment, and software previously purchased from the supplier or other qualified vendor approved by the supplier in the possession of the dealer on the date of termination of the dealer agreement.
- (b) The supplier shall pay the dealer:
 - (1) 100 percent of the net cost of all new, and unsold, undamaged, and complete farm and utility tractors, utility equipment, forestry equipment, industrial equipment, farm implements, farm machinery, yard and garden equipment, attachments, and accessories inventory, other than repair parts, purchased from the supplier within the 30-month period preceding the date of termination, less a reasonable allowance for deterioration attributable to weather conditions exposure at the dealer's location.

30 months of the date of termination.

1	(2) 90 100 percent of the current net prices of all new and undamaged
2	repair parts.
3	(3) 85 95 percent of the current net prices of all new and undamaged
4	superseded repair parts.
5	(4) 85 95 percent of the latest available published net price of all new
6	and undamaged noncurrent repair parts.
7	(5) Either the fair market value, or the supplier shall assume the lease
8	responsibilities of, any specific data processing hardware that the supplier
9	required the dealer to purchase to satisfy the reasonable requirements of the
10	dealer agreement, including computer systems equipment and software
11	required and approved by the supplier to communicate with the supplier.
12	(6) Repurchase at 75 percent of the net cost of specialized repair tools,
13	signage, books, and supplies previously purchased, pursuant to requirements of
14	the supplier and held by the dealer on the date of termination. Specialized
15	repair tools must be unique to the supplier's product line and must be complete
16	and in usable condition.
17	(7) Repurchase at average Average as-is value shown in current industry
18	guides, for dealer-owned rental fleet financed by the supplier or its finance
19	subsidiary, provided the equipment was purchased from the supplier within

1	(c) The party that initiates the termination of the dealer agreement shall pay
2	the cost of the return, handling, packing, and loading of the inventory. If the
3	termination is initiated by the supplier, the supplier shall reimburse the dealer
4	five percent of the net parts return credited to the dealer as compensation for
5	picking, handling, packing, and shipping the parts returned to the supplier.
6	(d) Payment to the dealer required under this section shall be made by the
7	supplier not later than 45 days after receipt of the inventory by the supplier. A
8	penalty shall be assessed in the amount of daily interest at the current New
9	York prime rate plus three percent of any outstanding balance over the
10	required 45 days. The supplier shall be entitled to apply any payment required
11	under this section to be made to the dealer as a setoff against any amount owed
12	by the dealer to the supplier.
13	§ 4075. EXCEPTIONS TO REPURCHASE REQUIREMENT
14	The provisions of this chapter shall not require a supplier to repurchase
15	from a dealer:
16	(1) a repair part with a limited storage life or otherwise subject to
17	physical or structural deterioration, including gaskets or batteries;
18	(2) a single repair part normally priced and sold in a set of two or more
19	items;

1	(3) a repair part that, because of its condition, cannot be marketed as a	
2	new part without repackaging or reconditioning by the supplier or	
3	manufacturer;	
4	(4) any inventory that the dealer elects to retain;	
5	(5) any inventory ordered by the dealer after receipt of notice of	
6	termination of the dealer agreement by either the dealer or supplier; or	
7	(6) any inventory that was acquired by the dealer from a source other	
8	than the supplier unless the source was approved by the supplier;	
9	(7) a specialized repair tool that is not unique to the supplier's product	
10	line, over 10 years old, incomplete, or in unusable condition;	
11	(8) a part identified by the supplier as nonreturnable at the time of the	
12	dealer's order; or	
13	(9) supplies that are not unique to the supplier's product line, over three	
14	years old, incomplete, or in unusable condition.	
15	* * *	
16	§ 4077a. PROHIBITED ACTS	
17	No supplier shall:	
18	(1) coerce any dealer to accept delivery of any equipment, parts, or	
19	accessories therefor, which such dealer has not voluntarily ordered, except that	
20	a supplier may require a dealer to accept delivery of equipment, parts or	
21	accessories that are necessary to maintain equipment generally sold in the	

1	dealer's area of responsibility, and a supplier may require a dealer to accept
2	delivery of safety-related equipment, parts, or accessories pertinent to
3	equipment generally sold in the dealer's area of responsibility;
4	(2) condition the sale of any equipment on a requirement that the dealer
5	also purchase any other goods or services, but nothing contained in this chapter
6	shall prevent the supplier from requiring the dealer to purchase all parts
7	reasonably necessary to maintain the quality of operation in the field of any
8	equipment used in the trade area;
9	(3) coerce any dealer into a refusal to purchase the equipment
10	manufactured by another supplier; or
11	(4) discriminate in the prices charged for equipment of like grade and
12	quality sold by the supplier to similarly situated dealers, but nothing contained
13	in this chapter shall prevent differentials which make only due allowance for a
14	difference in the cost of manufacture, sale, or delivery resulting from the
15	differing methods or quantities in which such equipment is sold or delivered by
16	the supplier.
17	PROHIBITED ACTS
18	(a) A supplier shall not coerce or attempt to coerce a dealer to accept
19	delivery of inventory that the dealer has not voluntarily ordered, except
20	inventory that is:

1	(1) necessary to maintain inventory in a quantity, and of the model
2	range, generally sold in the dealer's geographic area of responsibility; or
3	(2) safety-related and pertinent to inventory generally sold in the
4	dealer's geographic area of responsibility.
5	(b) A supplier shall not condition the sale of inventory on a requirement
6	that the dealer also purchase any other goods or services, provided that a
7	supplier may require a dealer to purchase parts reasonably necessary to
8	maintain inventory used in the dealer's geographic area of responsibility.
9	(c)(1) A supplier shall not prevent, coerce, or attempt to coerce a dealer
10	from investing in, or entering into an agreement for the sale of, a competing
11	product line or make of inventory.
12	(2) A supplier shall not require, coerce, or attempt to coerce a dealer to
13	provide a separate facility or personnel for a competing product line or make of
14	inventory.
15	(3) Subdivisions (1)–(2) of this subsection do not apply unless a dealer:
16	(A) maintains a reasonable line of credit for each product line or
17	make of inventory;
18	(B) maintains the principal management of the dealer; and
19	(C) remains in substantial compliance with the supplier's reasonable
20	facility requirements, which shall not include a requirement to provide a

1	separate facility or personnel for a competing product line or make of
2	inventory.
3	(d) A supplier shall not discriminate in the prices it charges for inventory of
4	like grade and quality it sells to similarly situated dealers, provided that a
5	supplier may use differentials that allow for a difference in the cost of
6	manufacture, sale, or delivery resulting from the differing methods or
7	quantities in which the supplier sells or delivers the inventory.
8	(e) A supplier shall not change the geographic area of responsibility
9	specified in a dealer agreement without good cause, which for purposes of this
10	subsection includes changes in the dealer's vehicle or warranty registration
11	pattern, demographics, and geographic barriers the dealer's market penetration
12	within the assigned geographic area of responsibility and changes in the
13	inventory warranty registration pattern in the area surrounding the dealer's
14	geographic area of responsibility.
15	§ 4078. WARRANTY OBLIGATIONS
16	(a) A supplier shall:
17	(1) specify in writing a dealer's reasonable obligation to perform
18	warranty service on the supplier's inventory;
19	(2) provide the dealer a schedule of reasonable compensation for
20	warranty service, including amounts for diagnostic work, parts, labor, and the
21	time allowance for the performance of warranty service; and

1	(3) compensate the dealer pursuant to the schedule of compensation for
2	the warranty service the supplier requires it to perform.
3	(b) Time allowances for the diagnosis and performance of warranty service
4	shall be reasonable and adequate for the service to be performed by a dealer
5	that is equipped to complete the requirements of the warranty service.
6	(c) The hourly rate paid to a dealer shall not be less than the rate the dealer
7	charges to customers for nonwarranty service.
8	(d) A supplier shall compensate a dealer for parts used to fulfill warranty
9	and recall obligations at a rate not less than the price the dealer actually paid
10	the supplier for the parts plus 20 percent, plus freight and handling if charged
11	by the supplier.
12	(e) The wholesale price on which a dealer's markup reimbursement is
13	based for any parts used in a recall or campaign shall not be less than the
14	highest wholesale price listed in the supplier's wholesale price catalogue
15	within six months prior to the start of the recall or campaign.
16	(f)(1) Whenever a supplier and a dealer enter into an agreement providing
17	consumer warranties, the supplier shall pay any warranty claim made for
18	warranty parts and service within 30 days after its receipt and approval.
19	(2) The supplier shall approve or disapprove a warranty claim within
20	30 days after its receipt.

1	(3) If a claim is not specifically disapproved in writing within 30 days
2	after its receipt, it shall be deemed to be approved and payment shall be made
3	by the supplier within 30 days after its receipt.
4	(g) A supplier violates this section if it:
5	(1) fails to perform its warranty obligations;
6	(2) fails to include in written notices of factory recalls to machinery
7	owners and dealers the expected date by which necessary parts and equipment
8	will be available to dealers for the correction of such defects; or
9	(3) fails to compensate a dealer for repairs required by a recall.
10	(h) A supplier shall not:
11	(1) impose an unreasonable requirement in the process a dealer must
12	follow to file a warranty claim; or
13	(2) impose a surcharge or fee, or otherwise increase the prices or
14	charges to a dealer, in order to recover the additional costs the supplier incurs
15	from complying with the provisions of this section.
16	§ 4079. REMEDIES
17	(a) A person damaged as a result of a violation of this chapter may bring an
18	action against the violator in a Vermont court of competent jurisdiction for
19	damages, together with the actual costs of the action, including reasonable
20	attorney's fees, injunctive relief against unlawful termination, cancellation,

1	nonrenewal, or substantial change of competitive circumstances, and such	
2	other relief as the Court deems appropriate.	
3	(b) A provision in a dealer agreement that purports to deny access to the	
4	procedures, forums, or remedies provided by the laws of this State is void and	
5	unenforceable.	
6	(c) Nothing contained in this chapter may prohibit Notwithstanding	
7	subsection (b) of this section, a dealer agreement may include a provision for	
8	binding arbitration of disputes in an agreement. Any arbitration shall be	
9	consistent with the provisions of this chapter and 12 V.S.A. chapter 192, and	
10	the place of any arbitration shall be in the county in which the dealer's	
11	principal place of business is maintained in this State.	
12	* * *	
13	Sec. 3. APPLICABILITY TO EXISTING DEALER AGREEMENTS	
14	Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, for a dealer agreement, as defined in	
15	9 V.S.A. § 4071, that is in effect on or before July 1, 2016, the provisions of	
16	this act shall apply on July 1, 2017 July 1, 2016.	
17	Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE	
18	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2016.	
19		
20		
21	(Committee vote:)	

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3 FOR THE COMMITTEE

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Representative _____