

2014 WRRDA Expansion of Eligibility to Private Entities:

Under the 2014 Water Resources Reform and Development Act (WRRDA), the federal government has expanded the scope of entities that may be eligible for loan funding under the Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) program for certain project types. Note, to provide CWSRF loan funding directly to private entities, state statute would need to be amended. Under H.610, the Agency of Natural Resources is proposing to prepare a report to the Legislature concerning expansion of loan eligibility. WRRDA's expansions are as follows:

Nonprofits only:

- Projects providing assistance to small and medium publicly owned treatment works for planning and construction. 33 U.S.C. § 1383(c)(11).

Private entities generally:

(a) Wastewater projects:

- (1) Decentralized wastewater treatment system projects that treat municipal wastewater or domestic sewage (33 U.S.C. § 1383(c)(4)); and
- (2) Projects to reuse or recycle wastewater. 33 U.S.C. § 1383(c)(9).

(b) Stormwater projects:

- (1) Projects that manage, reduce, treat, or recapture stormwater (33 U.S.C. § 1383(c)(5)); and
- (2) Projects to reuse or recycle stormwater. 33 U.S.C. § 1383(c)(9).

(c) Subsurface drainage projects:

- (1) Projects that manage, reduce, treat, or recapture subsurface drainage water (33 U.S.C. § 1383(c)(5)); and
- (2) Projects to reuse or recycle subsurface drainage water. 33 U.S.C. § 1383(c)(9).

(d) Pilot projects (i.e. - innovative projects to try out new technologies or approaches to managing pollutants; EPA is currently working on guidance):

- (1) Watershed management of wet weather discharge projects;
- (2) Stormwater BMP projects;
- (3) Watershed partnership projects;
- (4) Integrated water resource planning projects;
- (5) Municipality-wide stormwater management planning projects; and
- (6) Increased resilience of treatment works projects. 33 U.S.C. §§ 1274 and 1383(c)(7).