Today: Two Paths To Higher Ed

Loans How Will You Pay For College? Savings			
 Higher education plays a critical role in the U.S. economy, creating a ladder of economic opportunity for American children, especially for those in poverty. However, despite our collective belief in an American dream of equitable opportunities for all, higher education today increasingly reinforces patterns of relative privilege, particularly as students rely more and more on student loans to finance college access. As borrowing reduces the return on a college degree—by failing to support strong educational attainment and by compromising post-graduation financial security—the inequity of our financial aid system is laid bare. By supporting and investing in asset-based savings approaches for all U.S. children, we have the potential to deliver superior outcomes and strengthen the American dream. 			
ċМОН	Reliance on a "debt-dependent" financial aid system	Empowerment through an "asset- dependent" financial aid system	сMOH
COLLEGE READINESS	Concern About Student Loan Debt = A negative influence on low-income students' perception of college as a viable option	 Knowledge of Savings = Higher student and parental college expectations Weak but positive effect on reading and math scores Higher high school GPA 	COLLEGE READINESS
COLLEGE ACCESS	Access to loans creates a weak but positive effect on access to college More effective when combined with grants and scholarships	Even college savings of less than \$500 increase college entry for low and moderate income students 3x more likely to enroll in college than with no savings account	COLLEGE ACCESS
COLLEGE	Having even less than the average amount of debt (\$26,500) might have a negative relationship with college graduation for some low- income public school students	Even college savings of less than \$500 increase college completion for low and moderate income students 4x more likely to graduate college than with no savings account	COLLEGE COMPLETION
LONG-TERM FINANCIAL HEALTH	Household with college degree with student debt 63% less net worth 40% less home equity 52% less retirement savings	Young adult graduates who had savings as adolescents 2x more likely to own savings accounts 2x more likely to own credit cards 4x more likely to own stocks	LONG-TERM FINANCIAL HEALTH
How to Help More Families Save for College			
National Children's Savings Account (CSA) Program Basic Components of a CSA Program Savings Plan Mccounts Automatically Opened at Birth Initial Government Deposit			
By giving families savings incentives and building universal and progressive vehicles for saving, CSAs may improve the educational outcomes and financial health of low-income children.			

Elliott, W. and Lewis, M. (2013). Are student loans widening the wealth gap in America? It's a question of equity. Lawrence, KS: Assets and Education Initiative (AEDI).