TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:

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2	The Committee on Commerce and Economic Development to which was
3	referred Senate Bill No. 23 entitled "An act relating to required disclosures for
4	workers' compensation settlements" respectfully reports that it has considered
5	the same and recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be
6	amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu
7	thereof the following:
8	Sec. 1. 21 V.S.A. § 662a is added to read:
9	§ 662a. FINAL SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS; REQUIRED DISCLOSURE
10	If an employer and an injured employee enter into an agreement that
11	constitutes a full and final settlement of all or a part of the employee's claim,
12	the Commissioner shall not approve the agreement pursuant to section 662 of
13	this chapter unless:
14	(1) The employer provides the employee with a written disclosure
15	statement explaining the consequences of the proposed agreement with respec-
16	to the employee's rights under the provisions of this chapter to obtain
17	compensation, vocational rehabilitation, and medical benefits, including

ongoing and future surgical, medical, and nursing services and supplies. At a

(A) clearly state the amount for which the employer and employee

minimum, the disclosure statement shall:

have agreed to settle the claim;

1	(B) describe the employee's injury, including any rating assigned to
2	that injury:
3	(C) specifically identify all current or ongoing medical benefits that
4	will terminate as a result of the agreement; and
5	(D) specifically identify any rights to obtain compensation,
6	vocational rehabilitation, and medical benefits under the provisions of this
7	chapter that the employee will relinquish by agreeing to the settlement.
8	(2) The employee signs the disclosure statement provided pursuant to
9	subdivision (1) of this section acknowledging that he or she has been fully
10	informed of and understands the terms and conditions of the proposed
11	agreement and its consequences with respect to his or her rights under the
12	provisions of this chapter to obtain compensation, vocational rehabilitation,
13	and medical benefits, including ongoing and future surgical, medical, and
14	nursing services and supplies.
15	Sec. 2. 21 V.S.A. § 640 is amended to read:
16	§ 640. MEDICAL BENEFITS; ASSISTIVE DEVICES; HOME AND
17	AUTOMOBILE MODIFICATIONS
18	* * *
19	(c) An employer shall not withhold any wages from an employee for the
20	employee's absence If an employee is absent from work for treatment of a
21	work injury or to attend a medical examination related to a work injury, the

1	insurance carrier liable to provide compensation for the employee's injury or,
2	if the employer is self-insured, the employer liable to provide compensation for
3	the employee's injury shall pay the employee his or her current wages for the
4	time missed from work to attend the appointment. If the employee selects a
5	new health care provider in accordance with subsection (b) of this section, the
6	employer shall have the right to require other medical examinations as
7	provided in this chapter.
8	***
9	Sec. 3. 21 V.S.A. § 641 is amended to read:
10	§ 641. VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION
11	(a) When, as a result of an injury covered by this chapter, an employee is
12	unable to perform work for which the employee has previous training or
13	experience, the employee shall be entitled to vocational rehabilitation services,
14	including retraining and job placement, as may be reasonably necessary to
15	restore the employee to suitable employment. Vocational rehabilitation
16	services shall be provided as follows:
17	* * *
18	(3) The Commissioner shall adopt rules to ensure that a worker who
19	requests services or who has been out of work received temporary total
20	disability benefits for more than 90 60 days is timely and cost-effectively

- 1 screened for benefits under this section receives an entitlement assessment.
- 2 The rules shall <u>provide that</u>:

- (A) Provide that all vocational rehabilitation work, except for initial screenings, be performed by a Vermont-certified vocational rehabilitation counselor including counselors currently certified pursuant to the rules of the Department. Initial screenings shall be performed by an individual with sufficient knowledge or experience to perform adequately the vocational rehabilitation screening functions. If an injured worker receives temporary total disability benefits for a period of 60 consecutive days, the employer shall, within 15 days of the 60th day, submit a memorandum to the Department and shall refer the injured worker to a Vermont-certified vocational rehabilitation counselor for a preliminary entitlement assessment.
- (B) Provide for an initial screening to determine whether a full assessment is appropriate. An injured worker who is determined to be eligible for a full assessment shall be timely assessed and offered appropriate vocational rehabilitation services. Within 15 days of referral, the certified vocational rehabilitation counselor shall complete a preliminary entitlement assessment based on communications with the injured worker, the treating physician, and the employer. If the preliminary assessment determines that, more likely than not, the injured worker is unable to perform work for which he or she has previous training or experience without vocational services, then

the vocational rehabilitation counselor shall perform a full entitlement
assessment within 30 days, unless additional time is granted by the
Commissioner. The vocational rehabilitation counselor shall document all
communications with the injured worker, the treating physician, and the
employer, and any evidence relied on in making his or her preliminary or full
assessment.
(C) Provide a mechanism for a periodic and timely screening of
injured workers who are initially found not to be ready or eligible for a full
assessment to determine whether a full assessment has become appropriate. In
the preliminary assessment does not sufficiently establish the injured worker's
ability to perform work to enable the certified vocational rehabilitation
counselor to determine whether the worker is entitled to vocational
rehabilitation services, the counselor shall reevaluate the injured worker every
30 days, or at a longer interval if the Commissioner determines that the
circumstances justify it, until a preliminary determination can be made.
(D)(i) Protect against potential conflicts of interest in the assignment
and performance of initial screenings. An employer that fails to either submit
the memorandum or make a referral for a preliminary entitlement assessment
as required pursuant to subdivision (A) of this subdivision (3) shall be subject
to an administrative penalty of \$100.00 per occurrence

1	(ii) If an employer fails to make a referral within the time required
2	pursuant to subdivision (A) of this subdivision (3), then the injured worker
3	may choose, or the Commissioner may assign, a certified vocational
4	rehabilitation counselor to perform the preliminary assessment.
5	(iii) The cost of any assessments shall be paid by the employer in
6	accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.
7	(E) All vocational rehabilitation work shall be performed by a
8	Vermont-certified vocational rehabilitation counselor, including counselors
9	currently certified pursuant to the Department's rules.
10	(F) Ensure the The injured worker has a choice of a may select the
11	certified vocational rehabilitation counselor.
12	* * *
13	Sec. 4. 21 V.S.A. § 660a is amended to read:
14	§ 660a. ELECTRONIC FILING OF REPORTS OF INJURY
15	* * *
16	(f) An insurance carrier and its representatives or agents, a self-insured
17	employer, and, to the extent practicable, an injured worker and his or her
18	representative shall file all evidence electronically in a format specified by the
19	Commissioner.

1	Sec. 5. VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION WORKING GROUP
2	(a) Creation. There is created the Vocational Rehabilitation Working
3	Group to study and make recommendations concerning the most appropriate
4	location for the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation, and whether the
5	Division should be transferred from the Agency of Human Services to the
6	Department of Labor.
7	(b) Membership. The Working Group shall be composed of the following
8	five members:
9	(1) the Secretary of Administration or designee;
10	(2) the Secretary of Human Services or designee;
11	(3) the Commissioner of Finance and Management or designee;
12	(4) the Commissioner of Labor or designee; and
13	(5) the Director of the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation.
14	(c) Powers and duties.
15	(1) The Working Group shall study:
16	(A) the best organizational structure and most appropriate placement
17	for the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation; and
18	(B) whether the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation should be
19	housed within the Department of Labor.
20	(2) If the Working Group determines that the Division of Vocational
21	Rehabilitation should be housed within the Department of Labor, the Working

1	Group shall develop a plan to transfer the Division from the Agency of Human
2	Services to the Department of Labor. The plan shall include:
3	(A) the appropriate time frame for the transfer;
4	(B) an analysis of the steps necessary to carry out the transfer;
5	(C) an analysis of potential costs and savings associated with
6	the transfer;
7	(D) an analysis of any potential impact upon employees and
8	customers, and recommendations as to how to minimize any potential negative
9	impacts; and
10	(E) an analysis of any other issue that the Working Group deems
11	appropriate.
12	(d) Assistance. The Working Group shall have the administrative,
13	technical, and legal assistance of the Department of Labor. The Working
14	Group may consult with any stakeholders or persons it deems appropriate.
15	(e) Report. On or before December 1, 2016, the Working Group shall
16	submit a written report to the House Committees on Commerce and Economic
17	Development and on Government Operations, and the Senate Committees on
18	Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and on Government
19	Operations. The report shall set forth:
20	(1) The results of the study conducted pursuant to subdivision (c)(1) of
21	this section.

1	(2) The Working Group's recommendation as to whether the Division of
2	Vocational Rehabilitation should be housed within the Department of Labor.
3	(3) If the Working Group recommends that the Division of Vocational
4	Rehabilitation should be housed within the Department of Labor, the Working
5	Group's plan to transfer the Division from the Agency of Human Services to
6	the Department of Labor. The Working Group's plan shall address the issues
7	set forth in subdivision (c)(2) of this section and make recommendations as to
8	any legislation necessary to implement the transfer.
9	(f) Meetings.
10	(1) The Secretary of Administration shall call the first meeting of the
11	Working Group to occur on or before August 1, 2016.
12	(2) The Committee shall select a chair from among its members at the
13	first meeting.
14	(3) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.
15	(4) The Working Group shall cease to exist on December 1, 2016.
16	Sec. 6. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR STUDY ON WORKERS'
17	COMPENSATION AND OPIATES
18	(a) The Department of Labor shall study the best way to address the impact
19	of opiate abuse upon the workers' compensation system and Vermont's labor
20	market and workforce, including the following issues:

1	(1) whether to establish a pharmacy benefit manager program for
2	prescription drugs under the workers' compensation system;
3	(2) whether there are more effective ways to manage and control the
4	prescription of opiates for injured workers who are covered by the workers'
5	compensation system;
6	(3) whether there are alternative treatment approaches that may produce
7	better outcomes with respect to the ability of individuals to recover and return
8	to work;
9	(4) the number of injured workers who are covered by the workers'
10	compensation system that abuse opiates, and how to obtain and track data to be
11	able to measure whether this number increases or decreases in the future;
12	(5) how other states have addressed the impact of opiate abuse upon the
13	workers' compensation system, labor market, and workforce; and
14	(6) evidence-based best practices relevant to these issues, including:
15	(A) managing and controlling the prescription of opiates;
16	(B) the use of alternative treatments; and
17	(C) facilitating the ability of individuals to recover and return to work
18	or continue to work.
19	(b) The Department of Labor shall consult with stakeholders, including
20	health care and insurance providers, treatment and recovery providers, and
21	appropriate State agencies and departments. The Secretary of Administration

1	shall ensure that State agencies and departments cooperate with the
2	Department of Labor.
3	(c) On or before December 1, 2016, the Department shall submit a written
4	report to the House Committees on Commerce and Economic Development, or
5	Health Care, and on Human Services, and the Senate Committees on Economic
6	Development, Housing and General Affairs, on Finance, and on Health and
7	Welfare with its findings and recommendations.
8	* * * Unemployment Insurance * * *
9	Sec. 7. 21 V.S.A. § 1346 is amended to read:
10	§ 1346. CLAIMS FOR BENEFITS; REGULATIONS
11	(a) Claims for benefits shall be made in accordance with such regulations
12	as the board Board may prescribe. Each employer shall post and maintain
13	printed statements of such regulations in places readily accessible to
14	individuals in his or her service and shall make available to each such
15	individual, at the time he or she becomes unemployed, a printed statement of
16	such regulations. Such printed statements shall be supplied by the
17	commissioner Commissioner to each employer without cost to him or her.
18	(b) Each employing unit that is not an employer pursuant to subdivision
19	1301(5) of this chapter, or that employs individuals whose services are not
20	covered employment pursuant to subdivision 1301(6) of this chapter, shall do
21	the following:

1	(1) inform each affected employee in writing that wages earned by the
2	individual in the employ of the employing unit cannot be used for the purpose
3	of establishing monetary eligibility for benefits under this chapter; and
4	(2) inform each affected prospective employee in writing, at the time
5	that an offer of employment is made, that wages earned by the individual in the
6	employ of the employing unit cannot be used for the purpose of establishing
7	monetary eligibility for benefits under this chapter.
8	(c) Every person making a claim shall certify that he or she has not, during
9	the week with respect to which waiting period credit or benefits are claimed,
10	earned or received wages or other remuneration for any employment, whether
11	subject to this chapter or not, otherwise than as specified in his or her claim.
12	All benefits shall be paid in accordance with such regulations as the board
13	Board may prescribe.
14	* * * Domestic and Sexual Violence Survivors' * * *
15	Transitional Employment Program
16	Sec. 8. 21 V.S.A. § 1251 is amended to read:
17	§ 1251. PURPOSE
18	The purpose of the domestic and sexual violence survivors' transitional
19	employment program Domestic and Sexual Violence Survivors' Transitional
20	Employment Program is to provide temporary, partial wage replacement to
21	individuals who are discharged from employment or must leave employment,

1	without good cause attributable to the employer, because of circumstances
2	directly resulting from domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking.
3	Sec. 9. 21 V.S.A. § 1252 is amended to read:
4	§ 1252. DEFINITIONS
5	For the purposes of As used in this chapter:
6	* * *
7	(4) "Immediate family" means a spouse, parent, or child of an individua
8	that resides in the same household as the individual.
9	(5) "Weekly payment" means an amount determined in accordance with
10	section 1338 of this title.
11	Sec. 10. 21 V.S.A. § 1253 is amended to read:
12	§ 1253. ELIGIBILITY
13	(a) The Commissioner shall make all determinations for eligibility under
14	this chapter.
15	(b) An individual shall be eligible for up to 26 weekly payments when the
16	Commissioner determines that the individual:
17	(1) Separated from his or her last employing unit for one of the
18	following reasons:
19	(A) voluntarily The individual voluntarily left work his or her last
20	employing unit due to circumstances directly resulting from domestic and

1	sexual violence, provided the individual <u>left employment for one of the</u>
2	following reasons:
3	(1) Leaves employment for one of the following reasons:
4	(A)(i) The individual reasonably fears feared that the domestic and
5	sexual violence will would continue at or en route to or from the place of
6	employment.
7	(B)(ii) The individual intends intended to relocate in order to
8	avoid future domestic and sexual violence of against the individual or a
9	member of the individual's family.
10	(C)(iii) The individual reasonably believes believed that leaving
11	the employment is was necessary for the safety of the individual or a member
12	of the individual's family.
13	(D)(iv) The individual is was physically or emotionally unable to
14	work as a result of experiencing domestic or sexual violence as certified by a
15	medical professional. The certification shall be reviewed by the Commissioner
16	every six weeks and may be renewed until the individual is able to work or the
17	benefits are exhausted.
18	(B) The individual was discharged from his or her last employing
19	unit due to circumstances resulting from domestic or sexual violence against
20	the individual or any member of the individual's immediate family, unless the
21	individual was the perpetrator of the domestic or sexual violence.

1	(2) Complies with all the following:
2	(A) Prior If the individual has voluntarily left work due to
3	circumstances directly resulting from domestic and sexual violence, prior to
4	leaving employment the individual has pursued reasonable alternatives to
5	leaving the employment, which may include seeking a protection order,
6	relocating to a secure place, or seeking reasonable accommodation from the
7	employer, such as a transfer or different assignment. Failure to pursue
8	reasonable alternatives may be excused if the individual establishes that pursuit
9	of alternatives is was likely to:
10	(i) Be be futile:
11	(ii) Increase increase the risk of future incidents of domestic and
12	sexual violence-; or
13	(iii) Not not adequately address the specific circumstances that led
14	to the individual's decision to separate from employment.
15	(B)(i) Provides The individual provides the Department
16	Commissioner with satisfactory documentation of the domestic and sexual
17	violence. The documentation may include:
18	(I) a sworn statement from the individual attesting to the
19	abuse ; :
20	(II) law enforcement or court records; or
21	(III) other documentation from:

1	(aa) an attorney or legal advisor;
2	(bb) a member of the clergy;
3	(cc) a shelter official;
4	(dd) a counselor or therapist; or
5	(ee) a health care provider, as defined in 18 V.S.A.
6	§ 9432(9).
7	(ii) Information relating to the domestic and sexual violence,
8	including the claimant's statement and corroborating evidence, provided to the
9	Department Commissioner shall not be disclosed by the Department
10	Commissioner unless the claimant has signed a consent to disclose form. In
11	the event the Department Commissioner is legally required to release this
12	information without consent by the claimant, the Department Commissioner
13	shall notify the claimant at the time the notice or request for release of
14	information is received by the Department Commissioner and prior to
15	releasing the requested information.
16	(C) Has The individual has been found ineligible for unemployment
17	solely on the basis of the separation or discharge from employment.
18	* * * Employment Practices * * *
19	Sec. 11. 21 V.S.A. § 342a is amended to read:
20	§ 342a. INVESTIGATION OF COMPLAINTS OF UNPAID WAGES
21	* * *

(e) If, after the Commissioner has issued a written determination and an
order for collection, the Commissioner determines that the employer has
willfully failed to pay the wages due and that the willful failure is continuous
and ongoing, the Commissioner may issue an emergency order to that
employer to stop work until the employer has paid the amount due pursuant to
the order for collection. If the Commissioner determines that issuing a
stop-work order would immediately threaten the safety or health of the public,
the Commissioner may permit work to continue until the immediate threat to
public safety or health is removed. The Commissioner shall document the
reasons for permitting work to continue, and the document shall be available to
the public. In addition, the employer shall be assessed an administrative
penalty of not more than \$250.00 for every day that the employer fails to pay
the amount due pursuant to the order for collection after the Commissioner
issues the stop-work order. When a stop-work order is issued, the
Commissioner shall post a notice at a conspicuous place on the work site of the
employer informing the employees that their employer failed to comply with
this subchapter and that work at the work site has been ordered to cease until
the amount due pursuant to the collection order has been paid. The stop-work
order shall be rescinded as soon as the Commissioner determines that the
employer has paid the amount due pursuant to the collection order.

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employee may file an appeal from the determination to a departmental administrative law judge. The appeal shall, after notice to the employer and employee, be heard by the administrative law judge within a reasonable time. The administrative law judge shall review the complaint de novo, and after a hearing, the determination and order for collection shall be sustained, modified, or reversed by the administrative law judge. Prompt notice in writing of the decision of the administrative law judge and the reasons for it shall be given to all interested parties. (f)(g) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the employer or employee may appeal the decision of the administrative law judge within 30 days by filing a written request with the Employment Security Board. The appeal shall be heard by the Board after notice to the employee and employer. The Board may affirm, modify, or reverse the decision of the administrative law judge solely on the basis of evidence in the record or any additional evidence it may direct to be taken. Prompt notice of the decision of the Board shall be given to the employer and employee in the manner provided by section 1357 of this title. The Board's decision shall be final unless an appeal to the Supreme Court is taken. Testimony given at any hearing upon a complaint of unpaid wages shall be recorded, but the record need not be transcribed unless ordered. The costs of transcription shall be paid by the requesting party.

(f) Within 30 days after the date of the collection order, the employer or

1	(g)(h) The Commissioner may enforce a final order for collection under
2	this section within two years of the date of the final order in the Civil Division
3	of the Superior Court.
4	(h)(i) Information obtained from any employer, employee, or witness in the
5	course of investigating a complaint of unpaid wages shall be confidential and
6	shall not be disclosed or open to public inspection in any manner that reveals
7	the employee's or employer's identity or be admissible in evidence in any
8	action or proceeding other than one arising under this subchapter. However,
9	such information may be released to any public official for the purposes
10	provided in subdivision 1314(e)(1) of this title.
11	Sec. 12. 21 V.S.A. chapter 5, subchapter 14 is added to read:
12	Subchapter 14. Contingent Employees
13	§ 581. DEFINITIONS
14	As used in this subchapter:
15	(1) "Client company" means either:
16	(A) a person who enters into an agreement with an employee leasing
17	company to lease any or all of its regular employees; or
18	(B) a person who enters into an agreement with a temporary help
19	company to employ temporary employees hired by the temporary help
20	company.

1	(2) "Contingent employee" means a temporary employee, leased
2	employee, or home worker.
3	(3) "Employer" shall have the same meaning as in section 302 of this
4	chapter.
5	(4) "Employment agency" shall have the same meaning as in section
6	495d of this chapter.
7	(5) "Home worker" means an individual employed to work from his or
8	her home by an employer for whom he or she provides services or
9	manufactures goods according to specifications furnished by the employer that
10	are required to be delivered upon completion to the employer or a person
11	designated by the employer.
12	(6) "Labor organization" shall have the same meaning as in section 4956
13	of this chapter.
14	(7) "Leased employee" means an individual employed by an employee
15	leasing company, as that term is defined in section 1031 of this title, who is
16	provided to a client company to perform ongoing services for an indefinite
17	time pursuant to one or more employee leasing agreements executed between
18	the leasing company and the client company.
19	(8) "Temporary employee" means an individual employed by a client
20	company pursuant to an agreement with a temporary help company.

1	(9) "Temporary help company" means a person, corporation, or
2	association engaged in the business of hiring its own employees and assigning
3	them to clients to support or supplement the client's workforce in certain
4	situations, including employee absences, temporary skill shortages, seasonal
5	workloads, and special assignments and projects.
6	§ 582. TEMPORARY WORK ASSIGNMENTS; REQUIRED NOTICE
7	(a) Upon giving a temporary employee a new work assignment, a
8	temporary help company shall provide the temporary employee with written
9	notice of the following information related to the assignment:
10	(1) the name, address, and telephone number of the client company and
11	the temporary help company;
12	(2) a description of the job to be performed during the work assignment
13	(3) information regarding any hazards related to the job;
14	(4) the requirements for the work assignment, including any special
15	clothing, equipment, training, or licenses;
16	(5) the estimated length of the work assignment;
17	(6) the rate of pay, including benefits and overtime, and the designated
18	payday;
19	(7) the temporary employee's expected work schedule;
20	(8) any costs permitted by law that will be charged to the temporary
21	employee for meals, transportation, supplies, or training; and

1	(9) the name, address, and telephone number of the temporary help
2	company's workers' compensation insurance carrier and the policy number of
3	the temporary help company's valid Vermont workers' compensation policy
4	with that insurance carrier.
5	(b) A temporary help company shall retain a copy of each notice required
6	by subsection (a) of this section for three years after the termination of each
7	work assignment. A temporary employee may request a copy of the notice at
8	any time during the three years after the termination of the work assignment.
9	The temporary help company shall provide the temporary employee with a
10	copy of the required notice at no charge to the temporary employee within 10
11	days of receiving the request.
12	(c) A temporary help company shall post in a conspicuous place a notice of
13	the rights provided to temporary employees by this section on a form provided
14	by the Commissioner.
15	§ 583. PENALTIES AND ENFORCEMENT
16	The provisions against retaliation in subdivision 495(a)(8) of this title and
17	the penalty and enforcement provisions of section 495b of this title shall apply
18	to this subchapter.
19	Sec. 13. STUDY OF CONTINGENT WORK IN VERMONT
20	(a) The Commissioner of Labor shall examine and evaluate:
21	(1) the prevalence and types of contingent work in Vermont;

1	(2) the number, types, and geographic distribution of contingent workers
2	in Vermont, including temporary employees, leased employees, and home
3	workers;
4	(3) the current practices, policies, and procedures of employers in
5	relation to contingent workers; and
6	(4) the applicability and efficacy of Vermont's employment laws with
7	respect to contingent workers.
8	(b)(1) Any employer surveyed by the Commissioner in relation to this
9	section shall provide the requested information to the Commissioner within
10	<u>30 days.</u>
11	(2) An employer that fails to provide the requested information to the
12	Commissioner within 30 days of being surveyed shall be subject to a fine of
13	\$100.00 for each day after 30 days that the employer fails to provide the
14	requested information to the Commissioner.
15	(c) The Commissioner of Labor shall submit a report to the House
16	Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate
17	Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs on or
18	before January 15, 2018. The Commissioner's report shall include the study's
19	findings and the Commissioner's recommendation for legislation to improve
20	the protections afforded to contingent workers by Vermont's employment
21	statutes.

1	Sec. 14. PORTABLE EMPLOYEE BENEFITS STUDY COMMITTEE
2	(a) Creation. There is created the Portable Employee Benefits Study
3	Committee.
4	(b) Membership. The Committee shall be composed of the following
5	nine members:
6	(1) one member of the House of Representatives who shall be appointed
7	by the Speaker of the House;
8	(2) one member of the Senate who shall be appointed by the Committee
9	on Committees;
10	(3) the Commissioner of Labor or designee;
11	(4) the Commissioner of Financial Regulation or designee;
12	(5) the State Treasurer or designee;
13	(6) the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development or
14	designee; and
15	(7) three members appointed by the Governor to represent the interests
16	of freelance workers in e-commerce, self-employed workers, and workers in
17	the "on-demand" or "app" economy.
18	(c) Powers and duties. The Committee shall study mechanisms for creating
19	insurance, retirement, and other types of employment benefits that are portable
20	and easily accessible to freelance workers in e-commerce, self-employed

1	workers, and workers in the on-demand or app economy, including the
2	following issues:
3	(1) the potential advantages and challenges to making group insurance,
4	retirement, and other types of employment benefits available to freelance
5	workers in e-commerce, self-employed workers, and workers in the on-demand
6	or app economy;
7	(2) the potential benefits and challenges of implementing a public,
8	private, or public-private model for the administration and provision of group
9	insurance, retirement, and other types of employment benefits to freelance
10	workers, workers in e-commerce, and workers in the on-demand or app
11	economy, including a per-transaction fee model, an hour bank, private or
12	public pretax accounts, and other mechanisms;
13	(3) the availability of traditional social safety nets such as
14	unemployment compensation, group health insurance, employer-sponsored life
15	insurance, and workers' compensation to freelance workers, workers in
16	e-commerce, and workers in the on-demand or app economy who are not
17	connected to a traditional, full-time employer;
18	(4) the necessity for new mechanisms to replace or augment traditional
19	social safety nets such as unemployment compensation, group health
20	insurance, employer-sponsored life insurance, and workers' compensation for
21	workers who are not connected to a traditional, full-time employer;

1	(5) potential banking and insurance legislation that can allow freelance
2	workers, workers in e-commerce, and workers in the on-demand or app
3	economy to invest pretax dollars in accounts or insurance policies that would
4	replace or augment the traditional social safety nets;
5	(6) potential mechanisms to replace or augment traditional social safety
6	nets such as unemployment compensation, group health insurance,
7	employer-sponsored life insurance, and workers' compensation for workers
8	who are not connected to a traditional, full-time employer, including public or
9	private pretax accounts or insurance programs;
10	(7) potential funding models for mechanisms that would replace or
11	augment the traditional social safety nets, including both worker- and
12	consumer-driven funding models; and
13	(8) possible implementation plans with timelines for mechanisms that
14	would replace or augment the traditional social safety nets, including
15	mechanisms utilizing worker- or consumer-driven funding models.
16	(d) Assistance. The Committee shall have the administrative, technical,
17	and legal assistance of the Legislative Council, the Department of Labor, and
18	the Department of Financial Regulation.
19	(e) Report. On or before January 15, 2017, the Committee shall submit a
20	written report to the General Assembly with its findings and any
21	recommendations for legislative action.

1	(f) Meetings.		
2	(1) The Commissioner of Labor shall call the first meeting of the		
3	Committee to occur on or before September 15, 2016.		
4	(2) The Committee shall select a chair from among its members at the		
5	first meeting.		
6	(3) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.		
7	(4) The Committee shall cease to exist on January 15, 2017.		
8	(g) Reimbursement.		
9	(1) For attendance at meetings during adjournment of the General		
10	Assembly, legislative members of the Committee shall be entitled to per diem		
11	compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 406 for		
12	no more than four meetings.		
13	(2) Other members of the Committee who are not employees of the		
14	State of Vermont and who are not otherwise compensated or reimbursed for		
15	their attendance shall be entitled to reimbursement of expenses pursuant to		
16	32 V.S.A. § 1010 for no more than four meetings.		
17	* * * Effective Date * * *		
18	Sec. 15. EFFECTIVE DATE		
19	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2016.		
20			
21			

1		
2	(Committee vote:)	
3		
4		Representative

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FOR THE COMMITTEE