1	Introduced by Committee on Commerce and Economic Development
2	Date:
3	Subject: Insurance; life; standard valuation; principle-based; nonforfeiture
4	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to establish a
5	principle-based valuation for life insurance reserves and to update Vermont's
6	standard nonforfeiture law for life insurance policies, as required for
7	accreditation by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
8 9	An act relating to principle-based valuation for life insurance reserves and a standard nonforfeiture law for life insurance policies
10	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
11	* * * Standard Valuation Law for Life Insurance * * *
12	Sec. 1. 8 V.S.A. chapter 103 subchapter 4a is added to read:
13	Subchapter 4a. Standard Valuation Law
14	§ 3791. TITLE
15	This subchapter shall be known as the Standard Valuation Law.
16	§ 3791a. DEFINITIONS
17	As used in this subchapter:
18	(1) "Accident and health insurance" means contracts that incorporate
19	morbidity risk and provide protection against economic loss resulting from
20	accident, sickness, or medical conditions and as may be specified in the

1	Valuation Manual.
2	(2) "Appointed actuary" means a qualified actuary who is appointed in
3	accordance with the Valuation Manual to prepare the actuarial opinion
4	required in subsection 3791c(b) of this subchapter.
5	(3) "Company" means an entity that:
6	(A) has written, issued, or reinsured life insurance contracts, accident
7	and health insurance contracts, or deposit-type contracts in this State and has at
8	least one such policy in force or on claim; or
9	(B) has written, issued, or reinsured life insurance contracts, accident
10	and health insurance contracts, or deposit-type contracts in any state and is
11	required to hold a certificate of authority to write life insurance, accident and
12	health insurance, or deposit-type contracts in this State.
13	(4) "Deposit-type contract" means contracts that do not incorporate
14	mortality or morbidity risks and as may be specified in the Valuation Manual.
15	(5) "Life insurance" means contracts that incorporate mortality risk,
16	including annuity and pure endowment contracts, and as may be specified in
17	the Valuation Manual.
18	(6) "NAIC" means the National Association of Insurance
19	Commissioners.
20	(7) "Policyholder behavior" means any action a policyholder, contract
21	holder, or any other person with the right to elect options, such as a certificate

1	holder, may take under a policy or contract subject to this subchapter
2	including, lapse, withdrawal, transfer, deposit, premium payment, loan,
3	annuitization, or benefit elections prescribed by the policy or contract but
4	excluding events of mortality or morbidity that result in benefits prescribed in
5	their essential aspects by the terms of the policy or contract.
6	(8) "Principle-based valuation" means a reserve valuation that uses one
7	or more methods or one or more assumptions determined by the insurer and is
8	required to comply with section 37910 of this subchapter as specified in the
9	Valuation Manual.
10	(9) "Qualified actuary" means an individual who is qualified to sign the
11	applicable statement of actuarial opinion in accordance with the American
12	Academy of Actuaries qualification standards for actuaries signing such
13	statements and who meets the requirements specified in the Valuation Manual
14	(10) "Tail risk" means a risk that occurs either where the frequency of
15	low probability events is higher than expected under a normal probability
16	distribution or where there are observed events of very significant size or
17	magnitude.
18	(11) "Valuation Manual" means the manual of valuation instructions
19	adopted by the NAIC as specified in this subchapter or as subsequently
20	amended.
21	§ 3791b. RESERVE VALUATION

1	(a)(1) Policies and contracts issued prior to the operative date of the
2	Valuation Manual. The Commissioner shall annually value, or cause to be
3	valued, the reserve liabilities, hereinafter called reserves, for all outstanding
4	life insurance policies and annuity and pure endowment contracts of every life
5	company doing business in this State issued on or after the effective date of
6	July 1, 1968 and prior to the operative date of the Valuation Manual. In
7	calculating reserves, the Commissioner may use group methods and
8	approximate averages for fractions of a year or otherwise. In making a
9	valuation, the Commissioner may use the Department's actuary or employ an
10	actuary for that purpose, and the reasonable compensation and expenses of the
11	actuary, at a rate approved by the Commissioner, upon demand by the
12	Commissioner supported by an itemized statement of such compensation and
13	expenses, shall be paid by the insurer. In lieu of the valuation of the reserves
14	required of a foreign or alien company, the Commissioner may accept a
15	valuation made, or caused to be made, by the insurance supervisory official of
16	any state or other jurisdiction when the valuation complies with the minimum
17	standard provided in this subchapter.
18	(2) The provisions set forth in sections 3791d, 3791e, 3791f, 3791g,
19	3791h, 3791i, 3791j, 3791k, 3791l, and 3791m of this subchapter shall apply
20	to all policies and contracts, as appropriate, subject to this subchapter issued on
21	or after July 1, 1968 and prior to the operative date of the Valuation Manual

1	and the provisions set forth in sections 3791n and 3791o of this subchapter
2	shall not apply to any such policies and contracts.
3	(3) The minimum standard for the valuation of policies and contracts
4	issued prior to July 1, 1968 shall be that provided by the laws in effect
5	immediately prior to that date.
6	(b)(1) Policies and contracts issued on or after the operative date of the
7	Valuation Manual. The Commissioner shall annually value, or cause to be
8	valued, the reserve liabilities, hereinafter called reserves, for all outstanding
9	life insurance contracts, annuity and pure endowment contracts, accident and
10	health contracts, and deposit-type contracts of every company issued on or
11	after the operative date of the Valuation Manual. In making a valuation, the
12	Commissioner may use the Department's actuary or employ an actuary for that
13	purpose, and the reasonable compensation and expenses of the actuary, at a
14	rate approved by the Commissioner, upon demand by the Commissioner
15	supported by an itemized statement of such compensation and expenses, shall
16	be paid by the insurer. In lieu of the valuation of the reserves required of a
17	foreign or alien company, the Commissioner may accept a valuation made, or
18	caused to be made, by the insurance supervisory official of any state or other
19	jurisdiction when the valuation complies with the minimum standard provided
20	in this subchapter.
21	(2) The provisions set forth in sections 3791n and 3791o of this

1	subchapter shall apply to all policies and contracts issued on or after the
2	operative date of the Valuation Manual.
3	§ 3791c. ACTUARIAL OPINION OF RESERVES
4	(a) Actuarial Opinion of Reserves after the Operative Date of the Valuation
5	Manual; General. Every company with outstanding life insurance contracts,
6	accident and health insurance contracts, or deposit-type contracts in this State
7	and subject to regulation by the Commissioner shall annually submit the
8	opinion of the appointed actuary as to whether the reserves and related
9	actuarial items held in support of the policies and contracts are computed
10	appropriately, are based on assumptions that satisfy contractual provisions, are
11	consistent with prior reported amounts, and comply with applicable laws of
12	this State. The Valuation Manual will prescribe the specifics of this opinion,
13	including any items deemed to be necessary to its scope.
14	(b) Actuarial analysis of reserves and assets supporting reserves. Every
15	company with outstanding life insurance contracts, accident and health
16	insurance contracts, or deposit-type contracts in this State and subject to
17	regulation by the Commissioner, except as exempted in the Valuation Manual,
18	shall also annually include in the opinion required by subsection (a) of this
19	section, an opinion of the same appointed actuary as to whether the reserves
20	and related actuarial items held in support of the policies and contracts
21	specified in the Valuation Manual, when considered in light of the assets held

1	by the company with respect to the reserves and related actuarial items,
2	including the investment earnings on the assets and the considerations
3	anticipated to be received and retained under the policies and contracts, make
4	adequate provision for the company's obligations under the policies and
5	contracts, including the benefits under and expenses associated with the
6	policies and contracts.
7	(c)(1) Requirements for opinions subject to this section. Each opinion
8	required by this section, in a form and substance as specified in the Valuation
9	Manual, and acceptable to the Commissioner, shall be prepared to support each
10	actuarial opinion.
11	(2) If the company fails to provide a supporting memorandum at the
12	request of the Commissioner within a period specified in the Valuation Manual
13	or the Commissioner determines that the supporting memorandum provided by
14	the company fails to meet the standards prescribed by the Valuation Manual or
15	is otherwise unacceptable to the Commissioner, the Commissioner may engage
16	a qualified actuary at the expense of the company to review the opinion and the
17	basis for the opinion and prepare the supporting memorandum required by the
18	Commissioner.
19	(d)(1) Requirement for all opinions subject to this section. Every opinion
20	shall be in form and substance as specified in the Valuation Manual and
21	acceptable to the Commissioner.

1	(2) The opinion shall be submitted with the annual statement reflecting
2	the valuation of such reserve liabilities for each year ending on or after the
3	operative date of the Valuation Manual.
4	(3) The opinion shall apply to all policies and contracts subject to
5	subsection (b) of this section, plus other actuarial liabilities as may be specified
6	in the Valuation Manual.
7	(4) The opinion shall be based on standards adopted from time to time
8	by the Actuarial Standards Board or its successor, and on such additional
9	standards as may be prescribed in the Valuation Manual.
10	(5) In the case of an opinion required to be submitted by a foreign or
11	alien company, the Commissioner may accept the opinion filed by that
12	company with the insurance supervisory official of another state if the
13	Commissioner determines that the opinion reasonably meets the requirements
14	applicable to a company domiciled in this State.
15	(6) Except in cases of fraud or willful misconduct, the appointed actuary
16	shall not be liable for damages to any person, other than the company and the
17	Commissioner, for any act, error, omission, decision, or conduct with respect
18	to the appointed actuary's opinion.
19	(7) Disciplinary action by the Commissioner against the company or the
20	appointed actuary shall be defined in rules adopted by the Commissioner.
21	§ 3791d. COMPUTATION OF MINIMUM STANDARD

1	Except as provided in sections 3791e, 3791f, and 3791m of this subchapter,
2	the minimum standard for the valuation of policies and contracts issued prior
3	to the effective date of this subchapter shall be that provided by the laws in
4	effect immediately prior to that date. Except as otherwise provided in
5	sections 3791e, 3791f, and 3791m of this subchapter, the minimum standard
6	for the valuation of all policies and contracts issued on or after July 1, 1968
7	shall be the Commissioners reserve valuation methods defined in
8	sections 3791g, 3791h, 3791k, and 3791m of this subchapter, three and one-
9	half percent interest, or in the case of life insurance policies and contracts,
10	other than annuity and pure endowment contracts, issued on or after April 12,
11	1973, four percent interest for policies issued prior to January 1, 1980, five and
12	one-half percent interest for single premium life insurance policies and four
13	and one-half percent interest, and for all other policies issued on and after
14	January 1, 1980, and the following tables:
15	(1) For ordinary policies of life insurance issued on the standard basis,
16	excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in the policies: the
17	Commissioners 1941 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table for policies issued
18	prior to the operative date of section 3766 of this chapter, the Commissioners
19	1958 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table for policies issued on or after the
20	operative date of section 3766 of this chapter and prior to the operative date of
21	section 3768 of this chapter provided that for any category of policies issued

1	on female risks, all modified net premiums and present values referred to in
2	this subchapter may be calculated according to an age not more than six years
3	younger than the actual age of the insured; and for policies issued on or after
4	the operative date of section 3768 of this chapter:
5	(A) the Commissioners 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table;
6	(B) at the election of the company for any one or more specified
7	plans of life insurance, the Commissioners 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality
8	Table with Ten-Year Select Mortality Factors; or
9	(C) any ordinary mortality table, adopted after 1980 by the NAIC,
10	that is approved by rule adopted by the Commissioner for use in determining
11	the minimum standard of valuation for such policies.
12	(2) For industrial life insurance policies issued on the standard basis,
13	excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in the policies: the 1941
14	Standard Industrial Mortality Table for policies issued prior to the operative
15	date of section 3767 of this chapter, and for policies issued on or after the
16	operative date of section 3767 of this chapter, the Commissioners 1961
17	Standard Industrial Mortality Table or any industrial mortality table adopted
18	after 1980 by the NAIC that is approved by rule adopted by the Commissioner
19	for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for the policies.
20	(3) For individual annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any
21	disability and accidental death benefits in the policies: the 1937 Standard

1	Annuity Mortality Table, or at the option of the company, the Annuity
2	Mortality Table for 1949, Ultimate, or any modification of either of these
3	tables approved by the Commissioner.
4	(4) For group annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any
5	disability and accidental death benefits in the policies: the Group Annuity
6	Mortality Table for 1951, a modification of the table approved by the
7	Commissioner, or at the option of the company, any of the tables or
8	modifications of tables specified for individual annuity and pure endowment
9	contracts.
10	(5) For total and permanent disability benefits in or supplementary to
11	ordinary policies or contracts: for policies or contracts issued on or after
12	January 1, 1966, the tables of Period 2 disablement rates and the 1930 to 1950
13	termination rates of the 1952 Disability Study of the Society of Actuaries, with
14	due regard to the type of benefit or any tables of disablement rates and
15	termination rates adopted after 1980 by the NAIC, that are approved by rule
16	adopted by the Commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of
17	valuation for those policies; for policies or contracts issued on or after
18	January 1, 1961, and prior to January 1, 1966, either those tables or, at the
19	option of the company, the Class 3 Disability Table of 1926; and for policies
20	issued prior to January 1, 1961, the Class 3 Disability Table of 1926. Any
21	such table shall, for active lives, be combined with a mortality table permitted

for calculating the reserves for life insurance policies.

2 (6) For accidental death benefits in or supplementary to policies issued 3 on or after January 1, 1966: the 1959 Accidental Death Benefits Table or any 4 accidental death benefits table adopted after 1980 by the NAIC approved by 5 rule adopted by the Commissioner for use in determining the minimum 6 standard of valuation for those policies, for policies issued on or after 7 January 1, 1961, and prior to January 1, 1966, either that table or, at the option 8 of the company, the Inter-Company Double Indemnity Mortality Table; and for 9 policies issued prior to January 1, 1961, the Inter-Company Double Indemnity 10 Mortality Table. Either table shall be combined with a mortality table for 11 calculating the reserves for life insurance policies. 12 (7) For group life insurance, life insurance issued on the substandard 13 basis and other special benefits: tables approved by the Commissioner. 14 § 3791e. COMPUTATION OF MINIMUM STANDARD FOR ANNUITIES 15 (a) Except as provided in 3791f of this section, the minimum standard of 16 valuation for individual annuity and pure endowment contracts issued on or 17 after the effective date of this section and for annuities and pure endowments 18 purchased on or after the operative date under group annuity and pure 19 endowment contracts, shall be the Commissioners reserve valuation methods 20 defined in §§ 3791g and 3791h of this subchapter and the following tables and 21 interest rates:

1	(1) for individual annuity and pure endowment contracts issued prior to
2	January 1, 1980, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in those
3	contracts: the 1971 Individual Annuity Mortality Table, or any modification of
4	this table approved by the Commissioner, and six percent interest for single
5	premium immediate annuity contracts and four percent interest for all other
6	individual annuity and pure endowment contracts;
7	(2) for individual single premium immediate annuity contracts issued on
8	or after January 1, 1980, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits
9	in those contracts: the 1971 Individual Annuity Mortality Table or any
0	individual annuity mortality table adopted after 1980 by the NAIC that is
.1	approved by rule adopted by the Commissioner for use in determining the
2	minimum standard of valuation for these contracts, or any modification of
.3	these tables approved by the Commissioner, and seven and one-half percent
4	interest;
.5	(3) for individual annuity and pure endowment contracts issued on or
.6	after January 1, 1980, other than single premium immediate annuity contracts,
.7	excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in those contracts: the
8	1971 Individual Annuity Mortality Table or any individual annuity mortality
9	table adopted after 1980 by the NAIC, that is approved by rule adopted by the
20	Commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for
21	those contracts, or any modification of these tables approved by the

1	Commissioner, and five and one-half percent interest for single premium
2	deferred annuity and pure endowment contracts and four and one-half percent
3	interest for all other individual annuity and pure endowment contracts;
4	(4) for annuities and pure endowments purchased prior to January 1,
5	1980, under group annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any
6	disability and accidental death benefits purchased under those contracts: the
7	1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table or any modification of this table
8	approved by the Commissioner, and six percent interest; and
9	(5) for annuities and pure endowments purchased on or after January 1,
10	1980, under group annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any
11	disability and accidental death benefits purchased under those contracts: the
12	1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table, or any group annuity mortality table
13	adopted after 1980 by the NAIC approved by rule adopted by the
14	Commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for
15	annuities and pure endowments, or any modification of these tables approved
16	by the Commissioner, and seven and one-half percent interest;
17	(b) After April 12, 1973, any company may file with the Commissioner a
18	written notice of its election to comply with the provisions of this section after
19	a specified date before January 1, 1979, which shall be the operative date of
20	this section for that company. If a company makes no election, the operative
21	date of this section for that company shall be January 1, 1979.

1	§ 3791f. COMPUTATION OF MINIMUM STANDARD BY CALENDAR
2	YEAR OF ISSUE
3	(a) The interest rates used in determining the minimum standard for the
4	valuation of the following shall be the calendar year statutory valuation
5	interest rates as defined in this section:
6	(1) Life insurance policies issued in a particular calendar year, on or
7	after the operative date of section 3768 of this chapter;
8	(2) Individual annuity and pure endowment contracts issued in a
9	particular calendar year on or after January 1, 1984;
10	(3) Annuities and pure endowments purchased in a particular calendar
11	year on or after January 1, 1984 under group annuity and pure endowment
12	contracts; and
13	(4) The net increase, if any, in a particular calendar year after January 1.
14	1984 in amounts held under guaranteed interest contracts.
15	(b) The calendar year statutory valuation interest rates, I, shall be
16	determined as follows and the results rounded to the nearer one-quarter of one
17	percent:
18	(1) For life insurance:
19	$\underline{I} = .03 + W(R103) + W/2(R209);$

1	(2) For single premium immediate annuities and for annuity benefits			
2	involving life contingencies arising from other annuities with cash settlement			
3	options and from guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options:			
4	I = .03 + W(R03)			
5	where R1 is the lesser of R and .09;			
6	R2 is the greater of R and .09;			
7	R is the reference interest rate defined in this section; and			
8	W is the weighting factor defined in this section;			
9	(3) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed			
10	interest contracts with cash settlement options, valued on an issue year basis,			
11	except as stated in subdivision (2) of this section, the formula for life insurance			
12	stated in subdivision (1) of this section shall apply to annuities and guaranteed			
13	interest contracts with guarantee durations in excess of 10 years and the			
14	formula for single premium immediate annuities stated in subdivision (2) of			
15	this section shall apply to annuities and guaranteed interest contracts with			
16	guarantee duration of 10 years or less;			
17	(4) For other annuities with no cash settlement options and for			
18	guaranteed interest contracts with no cash settlement options, the formula for			
19	single premium immediate annuities stated in subdivision (2) of this section			
20	shall apply;			

1	(5) For other annuities with cash settlement opt	ions and guaranteed
2	interest contracts with cash settlement options, valued	l on a change in fund
3	basis, the formula for single premium immediate annu	uities stated in this section
4	shall apply.	
5	(6) Notwithstanding any provisions to the contr	rary in this subsection (b),
6	if the calendar year statutory valuation interest rate for	r any life insurance
7	policies issued in any calendar year determined witho	ut reference to this
8	sentence differs from the corresponding actual rate for	r similar policies issued
9	in the immediately preceding calendar year by less that	an one-half of one
10	percent, the calendar year statutory valuation interest	rate for such life
11	insurance policies shall be equal to the corresponding	actual rate for the
12	immediately preceding calendar year. For purposes o	f applying the
13	immediately preceding sentence, the calendar year sta	tutory valuation interest
14	rate for life insurance policies issued in a calendar year	ar shall be determined for
15	1980 (using the reference interest rate defined for 197	9) and shall be
16	determined for each subsequent calendar year regardle	ess of when section 3768
17	of this chapter becomes operative.	
18	(c) The weighting factors referred to in the formul	as stated above are given
19	in the following tables:	
20	(1) Weighting Factors for Life Insurance:	
21	Guarantee Duration	Weighting

1	(Years)	<u>Factors</u>	
2			
3	10 or less	<u>.50</u>	
4	More than 10, but not more than 20	<u>.45</u>	
5	More than 20	<u>.35</u>	
6	For life insurance, the guarantee duration is the	e maximum number of	
7	years the life insurance can remain in force on a basis guaranteed in the policy		
8	or under options to convert to plans of life insurance with premium rates or		
9	nonforfeiture values or both which are guaranteed in the original policy;		
10	(2) Weighting factor for single premium imm	ediate annuities and for	
11	annuity benefits involving life contingencies arising	from other annuities with	
12	cash settlement options and guaranteed interest cont	racts with cash settlement	
13	options: .80		
14	(3) Weighting factors for other annuities and	for guaranteed interest	
15	contracts, except as stated in subdivision (2) of this	section, shall be as	
16	specified in tables (A), (B), and (C) of this section, a	according to the rules and	
17	definitions in (D), (E), and (F) of this section:		
18	(A) For annuities and guaranteed interest of	contracts valued on an issue	
19	year basis:		
20	Guarantee Duration	Weighting Factor	
21		for Plan Type	

1	(Years)	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
2				
3	5 or less:	<u>.80</u>	<u>.60</u>	<u>.50</u>
4	More than 5, but not more			
5	<u>than 10:</u>	<u>.75</u>	<u>.60</u>	<u>.50</u>
6	More than 10, but not more			
7	<u>than 20:</u>	<u>.65</u>	<u>.50</u>	<u>.45</u>
8	More than 20:	<u>.45</u>	<u>.35</u>	<u>.35</u>
9	(B) For annuities and guaranteed interest	est contracts	s valued on a	<u>a</u>
10	change in fund basis, the factors shown in subdivision (A) increased by:			
	-		•	= '
11			Plan Type	_
11 12		<u>A</u>	Plan Type B	<u>C</u>
			• •	
12	(C) For annuities and guaranteed interest	<u>A</u> .15	<u>B</u> .25	<u>C</u> .05
12 13	(C) For annuities and guaranteed interconverse year basis (other than those with no cash settlem	A .15 est contracts	B .25 s valued on a	<u>C</u> .05 an issue
12 13 14	-	A .15 est contracts ent options	B .25 s valued on a) which do r	<u>C</u> .05 an issue
12 13 14 15	year basis (other than those with no cash settlem	A .15 est contracts ent options ore than one	B .25 s valued on a) which do r s year after is	C .05 an issue not ssue or
12 13 14 15 16	year basis (other than those with no cash settlem guarantee interest on considerations received mo	A .15 est contracts ent options ore than one est contracts	B .25 s valued on a) which do r s year after is valued on a	C .05 an issue not ssue or
12 13 14 15 16 17	year basis (other than those with no cash settlem guarantee interest on considerations received morpurchase and for annuities and guaranteed interests.)	A .15 est contracts ent options ore than one est contracts erest rates o	B .25 s valued on a) which do r s year after is valued on a	C .05 an issue not ssue or

1			Plan Type	
2		<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
3				
4		<u>.05</u>	<u>.05</u>	<u>.05</u>
5	(D) For other annuities with cash s	ettlement optio	ns and guar	anteed
6	interest contracts with cash settlement option	ns, the guarante	e duration i	s the
7	number of years for which the contract guara	antees interest r	ates in exce	ess of
8	the calendar year statutory valuation interest	rate for life ins	surance poli	<u>cies</u>
9	with guarantee duration in excess of 20 year	s. For other an	nuities with	no cash
10	settlement options and for guaranteed interes	st contracts with	n no cash se	ttlement
11	options, the guarantee duration is the number	r of years from	the date of	issue or
12	date of purchase to the date annuity benefits	are scheduled t	o commenc	ee.
13	(E) As used in the above tables:			
14	(i) Plan Type A means that at ar	ny time the poli	cyholder m	<u>ay</u>
15	withdraw funds only:			
16	(I) with an adjustment to refl	ect changes in	interest rate	s or
17	asset values since receipt of the funds by the	insurance com	pany;	
18	(II) without such adjustment	but in installme	ents over fiv	ve years
19	or more;			
20	(III) as an immediate life ann	nuity; or		
21	(IV) no withdrawal permitted	<u>d.</u>		

1	(ii) Plan Type B means that, before expiration of the interest rate
2	guarantee, the policyholder may withdraw funds only:
3	(I) with an adjustment to reflect changes in interest rates or
4	asset values since receipt of the funds by the insurance company;
5	(II) without such adjustment but in installments over five years
6	or more; or
7	(III) no withdrawal permitted.
8	(IV) At the end of interest rate guarantee, funds may be
9	withdrawn without such adjustment in a single sum or installments over less
10	than five years.
11	(iii) Plan Type C means a policyholder may withdraw funds
12	before expiration of interest rate guarantee in a single sum or installments over
13	less than five years either:
14	(I) without adjustment to reflect changes in interest rates or
15	asset values since receipt of the funds by the insurance company; or
16	(II) subject only to a fixed surrender charge stipulated in the
17	contract as a percentage of the fund.
18	(F) A company may elect to value guaranteed interest contracts with
19	cash settlement options and annuities with cash settlement options on either an
20	issue year basis or on a change in fund basis. Guaranteed interest contracts
21	with no cash settlement options and other annuities with no cash settlement

1	options must be valued on an issue year basis. As used in this section, an issue
2	year basis of valuation refers to a valuation basis under which the interest rate
3	used to determine the minimum valuation standard for the entire duration of
4	the annuity or guaranteed interest contract is the calendar year valuation
5	interest rate for the year of issue or year of purchase of the annuity or
6	guaranteed interest contract, and the change in fund basis of valuation refers to
7	a valuation basis under which the interest rate used to determine the minimum
8	valuation standard applicable to each change in the fund held under the annuity
9	or guaranteed interest contract is the calendar year valuation interest rate for
10	the year of the change in the fund.
11	(d) The Reference Interest Rate referred to in subsection (b) of this section
12	shall be defined as follows:
13	(1) For life insurance, the lesser of the average over a period of 36
14	months and the average over a period of 12 months, ending on June 30 of the
15	calendar year next preceding the year of issue, of the monthly average of the
16	composite yield on seasoned corporate bonds, as published by Moody's
17	Investors Service, Inc.
18	(2) For single premium immediate annuities and for annuity benefits
19	involving life contingencies arising from other annuities with cash settlement
20	options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options, the
21	average over a period of 12 months, ending on June 30 of the calendar year of

1	issue or year of purchase, of the monthly average of the composite yield on
2	seasoned corporate bonds, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.
3	(3) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed
4	interest contracts with cash settlement options, valued on a year of issue basis,
5	except as stated in subdivision (2) of this subsection, with guarantee duration
6	in excess of 10 years, the lesser of the average over a period of 36 months and
7	the average over a period of 12 months, ending on June 30 of the calendar year
8	of issue or purchase, of the monthly average of the composite yield on
9	seasoned corporate bonds, as published by Moody's Investors Services, Inc.
10	(4) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed
11	interest contracts with cash settlement options, valued on a year of issue basis,
12	except as stated in subdivision (2), with guaranteed duration of 10 years or
13	less, the average over a period of 12 months, ending on June 30 of the calendar
14	year of issue or purchase, of the monthly average of the composite yield on
15	seasoned corporate bonds, as published by Moody's Investors Services, Inc.
16	(5) For other annuities with no cash settlement options and for
17	guaranteed interest contracts with no cash settlement options, the average over
18	a period of 12 months, ending on June 30 of the calendar year of issue or
19	purchase, of the monthly average of the composite yield on seasoned corporate
20	bonds, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.

1	(6) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed
2	interest contracts with cash settlement options, valued on a change in fund
3	basis, except as stated in subdivision (2), the average over a period of 12
4	months, ending on June 30 of the calendar year of the change in the fund, of
5	the monthly average of the composite yield on seasoned corporate bonds, as
6	published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.
7	(7) Alternative Method for Determining Reference Interest Rates. In the
8	event that the monthly average of the composite yield on seasoned corporate
9	bonds is no longer published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or in the
10	event that the NAIC determines that the monthly average of the composite
11	yield on seasoned corporate bonds as published by Moody's Investors Service,
12	Inc. is no longer appropriate for the determination of the reference interest rate,
13	then an alternative method for determination of the reference interest rate
14	adopted by the NAIC and approved by rule adopted by the Commissioner may
15	be substituted.
16	§ 3791g. RESERVE VALUATION METHOD-LIFE INSURANCE AND
17	ENDOWMENT BENEFITS
18	(a) Except as otherwise provided in sections 3791g, 3791h, and 3791m of
19	this subchapter, reserves according to the Commissioners reserve valuation
20	method, for the life insurance and endowment benefits of policies providing
21	for a uniform amount of insurance and requiring the payment of uniform

premiums shall be the excess, if any, of the present value, at the date of	
valuation, of the future guaranteed benefits provided for by those policies, over	<u>er</u>
the then present value of any future modified net premiums therefor. The	
modified net premiums for a policy shall be the uniform percentage of the	
respective contract premiums for the benefits such that the present value, at the	<u>ie</u>
date of issue of the policy, of all modified net premiums shall be equal to the	
sum of the then present value of the benefits provided for by the policy and the	<u>e</u>
excess of subdivision (1) over subdivision (2) of this subsection, as follows:	
(1) A net level annual premium equal to the present value, at the date of	<u>f</u>
issue, of the benefits provided for after the first policy year, divided by the	
present value, at the date of issue, of an annuity of one per annum payable on	
the first and each subsequent anniversary of the policy on which a premium	
falls due. However, the net level annual premium shall not exceed the net	
level annual premium on the 19-year premium whole life plan for insurance o	<u>f</u>
the same amount at an age one year higher than the age at issue of the policy.	
(2) A net one-year term premium for the benefits provided for in the	
first policy year.	
(b) For a life insurance policy issued on or after January 1, 1997, for which	<u>h</u>
the contract premium in the first policy year exceeds that of the second year	
and for which no comparable additional benefit is provided in the first year fo	<u>r</u>
the excess and which provides an endowment benefit or a cash surrender value	e

	ording to the Commissioners reserve valuation method as of any policy
<u>ann</u>	niversary occurring on or before the assumed ending date defined as the fin
<u>pol</u>	icy anniversary on which the sum of any endowment benefit and any cash
sur	render value then available is greater than the excess premium shall, exce
as c	otherwise provided in section 3791k of this subchapter, be the greater of t
res	erve as of the policy anniversary calculated as described in subsection (a)
and	the reserve as of the policy anniversary calculated as described in
<u>sub</u>	esection (a) of this section, but with:
	(1) The value defined in subsection (a) of this section being reduced by
15	percent of the amount of such excess first year premium.
	(2) All present values of benefits and premiums being determined
wit	hout reference to premiums or benefits provided for by the policy after the
<u>ass</u>	umed ending date.
	(3) The policy being assumed to mature on that date as an endowmen
	(4) The cash surrender value provided on that date being considered a
an (endowment benefit. In making the above comparison, the mortality and
inte	erest bases stated in sections 3791d and 3791e of this subchapter shall be
use	<u>d.</u>
!	(c) Reserves according to the Commissioners reserve valuation method
cha	Il be calculated by a method consistent with the principles of the precedi

1	subsections of this section for:
2	(1) life insurance policies providing for a varying amount of insurance
3	or requiring the payment of varying premiums;
4	(2) group annuity and pure endowment contracts purchased under a
5	retirement plan or plan of deferred compensation, established or maintained by
6	an employer, including a partnership or sole proprietorship, or by an employee
7	organization, or by both, other than a plan providing individual retirement
8	accounts or individual retirement annuities under Section 408 of the Internal
9	Revenue Code, as may be amended;
10	(3) disability and accidental death benefits in all policies and
11	contracts; and
12	(4) all other benefits, except life insurance and endowment benefits in
13	life insurance policies and benefits provided by all other annuity and pure
14	endowment contracts.
15	§ 3791h. RESERVE VALUATION METHOD-ANNUITY AND PURE
16	ENDOWMENT BENEFITS
17	(a) This section shall apply to all annuity and pure endowment contracts
18	other than group annuity and pure endowment contracts purchased under a
19	retirement plan or plan of deferred compensation, established or maintained by
20	an employer, including a partnership or sole proprietorship, or by an employee
21	organization, or by both, other than a plan providing individual retirement

1	accounts or individual retirement annuities under Section 408 of the Internal
2	Revenue Code, as may be amended.
3	(b) Reserves according to the Commissioners annuity reserve method for
4	benefits under annuity or pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability
5	and accidental death benefits in the contracts, shall be the greatest of the
6	respective excesses of the present values, at the date of valuation, of the future
7	guaranteed benefits, including guaranteed nonforfeiture benefits, provided for
8	by the contracts at the end of each respective contract year, over the present
9	value, at the date of valuation, of any future valuation considerations derived
10	from future gross considerations, required by the terms of the contract, that
11	become payable prior to the end of the respective contract year. The future
12	guaranteed benefits shall be determined by using the mortality table, if any,
13	and the interest rate, or rates, specified in the contracts for determining
14	guaranteed benefits. The valuation considerations are the portions of the
15	respective gross considerations applied under the terms of the contracts to
16	determine nonforfeiture values.
17	§ 3791i. MINIMUM RESERVES
18	(a) In no event shall a company's aggregate reserves for all life insurance
19	policies, excluding disability and accidental death benefits, issued on or after
20	July 1, 1968 be less than the aggregate reserves calculated in accordance with
21	the methods set forth in sections 3791g, 3791h, 3791k, and 3791l of this

1	subchapter and the mortality table or tables and rate or rates of interest used in
2	calculating nonforfeiture benefits for the policies.
3	(b) In no event shall the aggregate reserves for all policies, contracts, and
4	benefits be less than the aggregate reserves determined by the appointed
5	actuary to be necessary to render the opinion required by § 3791c of this
6	subchapter.
7	§ 3791j. OPTIONAL RESERVE CALCULATION
8	(a) Reserves for policies and contracts issued prior to July 1, 1968 may be
9	calculated, at the option of the company, according to any standards that
10	produce greater aggregate reserves for all such policies and contracts than the
11	minimum reserves required by the laws in effect immediately prior to that date
12	(b) Reserves for any category of policies, contracts or benefits established
13	by the Commissioner, issued on or after July 1, 1968 may be calculated, at the
14	option of the company, according to any standards that produce greater
15	aggregate reserves for the category than those calculated according to the
16	minimum standard provided herein, but the rate or rates of interest used for
17	policies and contracts, other than annuity and pure endowment contracts, shall
18	not be greater than the corresponding rate or rates of interest used in
19	calculating any nonforfeiture benefits provided in the policies or contracts.
20	(c) A company, which adopts at any time a standard of valuation producing
21	greater aggregate reserves than those calculated according to the minimum

standard provided under this subchapter, may adopt a lower standard of
valuation with the approval of the Commissioner, but not lower than the
minimum provided herein; provided that, for the purposes of this section, the
holding of additional reserves previously determined by the appointed actuary
to be necessary to render the opinion required by section 3791c of this
subchapter shall not be deemed to be the adoption of a higher standard of
valuation.
§ 3791k. RESERVE CALCULATION-VALUATION NET PREMIUM
EXCEEDING THE GROSS PREMIUM CHARGED
(a) If in any contract year the gross premium charged by a company on a
policy or contract is less than the valuation net premium for the policy or
contract calculated by the method used in calculating the reserve but using the
minimum valuation standards of mortality and rate of interest, the minimum
reserve required for the policy or contract shall be the greater of either the
reserve calculated according to the mortality table, rate of interest, and method
actually used for the policy or contract, or the reserve calculated by the method
actually used for the policy or contract but using the minimum valuation
standards of mortality and rate of interest and replacing the valuation net
premium by the actual gross premium in each contract year for which the
valuation net premium exceeds the actual gross premium. The minimum

1	valuation standards of mortality and rate of interest referred to in this section
2	are those standards stated in sections 3791d and 3791f of this subchapter.
3	(b) For a life insurance policy issued on or after January 1, 1987, for which
4	the gross premium in the first policy year exceeds that of the second year and
5	for which no comparable additional benefit is provided in the first year for the
6	excess and which provides an endowment benefit or a cash surrender value or
7	a combination in an amount greater than the excess premium, the provisions of
8	this section shall be applied as if the method actually used in calculating the
9	reserve for the policy were the method described in section 3791g of this
10	subchapter, ignoring the section 3791g(b) of this subchapter. The minimum
11	reserve at each policy anniversary of such a policy shall be the greater of the
12	minimum reserve calculated in accordance with section 3791g of this
13	subchapter, including the subsection (b) of that section, and the minimum
14	reserve calculated in accordance with this section.
15	§ 37911. RESERVE CALCULATION-INDETERMINATE PREMIUM
16	<u>PLANS</u>
17	(a) In the case of a plan of life insurance that provides for future premium
18	determination, the amounts of which are to be determined by the company
19	based on then estimates of future experience, or in the case of a plan of life
20	insurance or annuity that is of such a nature that the minimum reserves cannot
21	be determined by the methods described in sections 3791g, 3791h, and 3791k

1	of this subchapter, the reserves that are held under the plan shall:
2	(1) be appropriate in relation to the benefits and the pattern of premiums
3	for that plan; and
4	(2) be computed by a method that is consistent with the principles of this
5	Standard Valuation Law, as determined by rules adopted by the Commissioner.
6	(b) Notwithstanding any other laws to the contrary, a policy, contract, or
7	certificate providing life insurance under such a plan shall be affirmatively
8	approved by the Commissioner before it can be marketed, issued, delivered, or
9	used in this State.
10	§ 3791m. MINIMUM STANDARD FOR ACCIDENT AND HEALTH
11	INSURANCE CONTRACTS
12	For accident and health insurance contracts issued on or after the operative
13	date of the Valuation Manual, the standard prescribed in the Valuation Manual
14	is the minimum standard of valuation required under subsection 3791b(b) of
15	this subchapter. For disability, accident and sickness, accident and health
16	insurance contracts issued on or after July 1, 1968 and prior to the operative
17	date of the Valuation Manual the minimum standard of valuation is the
18	standard adopted by the Commissioner by rule.
19	§ 3791n. VALUATION MANUAL FOR POLICIES ISSUED ON OR
20	AFTER THE OPERATIVE DATE OF THE VALUATION
21	<u>MANUAL</u>

1	(a) For policies issued on or after the operative date of the Valuation
2	Manual, the standard prescribed in the Valuation Manual is the minimum
3	standard of valuation required under subsection 3791b(b) of this subchapter,
4	except as provided under subsection (e) or (g) of this section.
5	(b) The operative date of the Valuation Manual is January 1 of the first
6	calendar year following the first July 1 as of which all of the following have
7	occurred:
8	(1) the Valuation Manual has been adopted by the NAIC by an
9	affirmative vote of at least 42 members, or three-fourths of the members
10	voting, whichever is greater;
11	(2) the Standard Valuation Law, as amended by the NAIC in 2009, or
12	legislation including substantially similar terms and provisions, has been
13	enacted by states representing greater than 75 percent of the direct premiums
14	written as reported in the following annual statements submitted for 2008: life
15	accident and health annual statements; health annual statements; or fraternal
16	annual statements;
17	(3) the Standard Valuation Law, as amended by the NAIC in 2009, or
18	legislation including substantially similar terms and provisions, has been
19	enacted by at least 42 of the following 55 jurisdictions: The 50 states of the
20	United States, American Samoa, the American Virgin Islands, the District of
21	Columbia, Guam, and Puerto Rico.

1	(c) Unless a change in the Valuation Manual specifies a later effective date,
2	changes to the Valuation Manual shall be effective on January 1 following the
3	date when the change to the Valuation Manual has been adopted by the NAIC
4	by an affirmative vote representing:
5	(1) at least three-fourths of the members of the NAIC voting, but not
6	less than a majority of the total membership, and
7	(2) members of the NAIC representing jurisdictions totaling greater than
8	75 percent of the direct premiums written as reported in the following annual
9	statements most recently available prior to the vote in subdivision (1) of this
10	subsection: life, accident and health annual statements, health annual
11	statements, or fraternal annual statements.
12	(d) The Valuation Manual must specify all of the following:
13	(1) Minimum valuation standards for and definitions of the policies or
14	contracts subject to subsection 3791b(b) of this subchapter. Such minimum
15	valuation standards shall be:
16	(A) The Commissioners reserve valuation method for life insurance
17	contracts, other than annuity contracts, subject to subsection 3791b(b) of this
18	subchapter;
19	(B) The Commissioners annuity reserve valuation method for annuity
20	contracts subject to subsection 3791b(b) of this subchapter; and
21	(C) Minimum reserves for all other policies or contracts subject to

1	subsection 3791b(b) of this subchapter.
2	(2) Which policies or contracts or types of policies or contracts that are
3	subject to the requirements of a principle-based valuation in subsection
4	3791o(a) of this subchapter and the minimum valuation standards consistent
5	with those requirements;
6	(3) For policies and contracts subject to a principle-based valuation
7	under section 37910 of this subchapter:
8	(A) Requirements for the format of reports to the Commissioner
9	under subdivision 3791o(b)(3) of this subchapter and which shall include
10	information necessary to determine if the valuation is appropriate and in
11	compliance with this subchapter;
12	(B) Assumptions shall be prescribed for risks over which the
13	company does not have significant control or influence.
14	(C) Procedures for corporate governance and oversight of the
15	actuarial function, and a process for appropriate waiver or modification of such
16	procedures.
17	(4) For policies not subject to a principle-based valuation § 3791o, the
18	minimum valuation standard shall either:
19	(A) be consistent with the minimum standard of valuation prior to the
20	operative date of the Valuation Manual; or

1	(B) develop reserves that quantify the benefits and guarantees, and
2	the funding, associated with the contracts and their risks at a level of
3	conservatism that reflects conditions that include unfavorable events that have
4	a reasonable probability of occurring.
5	(5) Other requirements including those relating to reserve methods,
6	models for measuring risk, generation of economic scenarios, assumptions,
7	margins, use of company experience, risk measurement, disclosure,
8	certifications, reports, actuarial opinions and memorandum, transition rules,
9	and internal controls; and
10	(6) The data and form of the data required under section 3791p of this
11	subchapter with whom the data must be submitted, and may specify other
12	requirements including data analyses and reporting of analyses.
13	(e) In the absence of a specific valuation requirement or if a specific
14	valuation requirement in the Valuation Manual is not, in the opinion of the
15	Commissioner, in compliance with this subchapter, then the company shall,
16	with respect to such requirements, comply with minimum valuation standards
17	prescribed by the Commissioner by rule.
18	(f) The Commissioner may engage a qualified actuary, at the expense of the
19	company, to perform an actuarial examination of the company and opine on
20	the appropriateness of any reserve assumption or method used by the company,
21	or to review and opine on a company's compliance with any requirement of

1	this subchapter. The Commissioner may rely upon the opinion, regarding
2	provisions contained within this subchapter, of a qualified actuary engaged by
3	the Commissioner of another state, district, or territory of the United States.
4	As used in this subsection, the term "engage" includes employ or contract
5	with.
6	(g) The Commissioner may require a company to change any assumption
7	or method that in the opinion of the Commissioner is necessary in order to
8	comply with the requirements of the Valuation Manual or this subchapter; and
9	the company shall adjust the reserves as required by the Commissioner. The
10	Commissioner may take other disciplinary action he or she deems appropriate.
11	§ 3791o. REQUIREMENTS OF A PRINCIPLE-BASED VALUATION
12	(a) A company must establish reserves using a principle-based valuation
13	that meets the following conditions for policies or contracts as specified in the
14	Valuation Manual:
15	(1) Quantify the benefits and guarantees, and the funding, associated
16	with the contracts and their risks at a level of conservatism that reflects
17	conditions that include unfavorable events that have a reasonable probability
18	of occurring during the lifetime of the contracts. For policies or contracts
19	with significant tail risk, reflects conditions appropriately adverse to quantify
20	the tail risk.

1	(2) Incorporate assumptions, risk analysis methods and financial
2	models, and management techniques that are consistent with, but not
3	necessarily identical to, those used within the company's overall risk
4	assessment process, while recognizing potential differences in financial
5	reporting structures and any prescribed assumptions or methods.
6	(3) Incorporate assumptions that are derived in one of the following
7	manners:
8	(A) The assumption is prescribed in the Valuation Manual.
9	(B) For assumptions that are not prescribed, the assumptions shall:
10	(i) be established using the company's available experience, to
11	the extent it is relevant and statistically credible; or
12	(ii) to the extent that company data is not available, relevant, or
13	statistically credible, be established using other relevant, statistically credible
14	experience.
15	(4) Provide margins for uncertainty including adverse deviation and
16	estimation error, such that the greater the uncertainty the larger the margin
17	and resulting reserve.
18	(b) A company using a principle-based valuation for one or more policies
19	or contracts subject to this section as specified in the Valuation Manual shall:

1	(1) Establish procedures for corporate governance and oversight of the
2	actuarial valuation function consistent with those described in the Valuation
3	Manual.
4	(2) Provide to the Commissioner and its Board of Directors an annual
5	certification of the effectiveness of the internal controls with respect to the
6	principle-based valuation. Such controls shall be designed to ensure that all
7	material risks inherent in the liabilities and associated assets subject to such
8	valuation are included in the valuation, and that valuations are made in
9	accordance with the Valuation Manual. The certification shall be based on
10	the controls in place as of the end of the preceding calendar year.
11	(3) Develop and file with the Commissioner, upon request, a
12	principle-based valuation report that complies with standards prescribed in
13	the Valuation Manual.
14	(c) A principle-based valuation may include a prescribed formulaic reserve
15	component.
16	§ 3791p. EXPERIENCE REPORTING FOR POLICIES IN FORCE ON OR
17	AFTER THE OPERATIVE DATE OF THE VALUATION
18	MANUAL
19	A company shall submit mortality, morbidity, policyholder behavior, or
20	expense experience and other data as prescribed in the Valuation Manual.

§ 3791c	. CONFIDENTIALITY

2	(a) As used in this subchapter, "confidential information" means:
3	(1) a memorandum in support of an opinion submitted under § 3791c
4	of this subchapter and any other documents, materials, and information
5	including all working papers and copies thereof, created, produced, or
6	obtained by or disclosed to the Commissioner or any other person in
7	connection with such memorandum;
8	(2) all documents, materials, and other information including all
9	working papers, and copies thereof, created, produced, or obtained by or
10	disclosed to the Commissioner or any other person in the course of an
11	examination made under subsection 3791h(f) of this subchapter; provided,
12	however, that if an examination report or other material prepared in
13	connection with an examination made under chapter 101, subchapter 7 of this
14	title is not held as private and confidential information under such subchapter,
15	an examination report or other material prepared in connection with an
16	examination made under subsection 3791h(f) of this subchapter shall not be
17	"confidential information" to the same extent as if such examination report or
18	other material had been prepared under chapter 101, subchapter 7 of this title;
19	(3) any reports, documents, materials, and other information developed
20	by a company in support of, or in connection with, an annual certification by
21	the company under subdivision 3791o(b)(2) of this subchapter evaluating the

effectiveness of the company's internal controls with respect to a
principle-based valuation and any other documents, materials, and other
information including all working papers, and copies thereof, created,
produced, or obtained by or disclosed to the Commissioner or any other
person in connection with such reports, documents, materials, and other
information;
(4) any principle-based valuation report developed under
subdivision 3791o(b)(3) of this subchapter and any other documents,
materials, and other information including all working papers and copies
thereof, created, produced, or obtained by or disclosed to the Commissioner
or any other person in connection with such report; and
(5) any documents, materials, data, and other information submitted by
a company under section 3791p of this subchapter—collectively, "experience
data"—and any other documents, materials, data, and other information,
including all working papers and copies thereof, created or produced in
connection with such experience data, in each case that include any
potentially company-identifying or personally identifiable information, that is
provided to or obtained by the Commissioner, together with any experience
data, and other experience materials, and any other documents, materials,
data, and other information including all working papers and copies thereof.

1	created, produced, or obtained by or disclosed to the Commissioner or any
2	other person in connection with such experience materials.
3	(b) Except as provided in this section, a company's confidential
4	information is confidential by law and privileged, and shall be exempt from
5	public inspection and copying under the Public Records Act, shall not be
6	subject to subpoena and shall not be subject to discovery or admissible in
7	evidence in any private civil action; provided, however, that the Commissioner
8	is authorized to use the confidential information in the furtherance of any
9	regulatory or legal action brought against the company as a part of the
10	Commissioner's official duties.
11	(c) Neither the Commissioner nor any person who received confidential
12	information while acting under the authority of the Commissioner shall be
13	permitted or required to testify in any private civil action concerning any
14	confidential information.
15	(d) In order to assist in the performance of the Commissioner's duties, the
16	Commissioner may share confidential information:
17	(1) with other state, federal, and international regulatory agencies and
18	with the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries; and
19	(2) in the case of confidential information specified in subdivisions
20	(a)(1) and (a)(4) of this section only, with the Actuarial Board for Counseling
21	and Discipline or its successor upon request stating that the confidential

1	information is required for the purpose of professional disciplinary
2	proceedings and with State, federal, and international law enforcement
3	officials; in the case of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection (d),
4	provided that such recipient agrees, and has the legal authority to agree, to
5	maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of such documents,
6	materials, data, and other information in the same manner and to the same
7	extent as required for the Commissioner.
8	(e) The Commissioner may receive documents, materials, data, and other
9	information, including otherwise confidential and privileged documents,
10	materials, data, or information, from the NAIC and its affiliates and
11	subsidiaries, from regulatory or law enforcement officials of other foreign or
12	domestic jurisdictions and from the Actuarial Board for Counseling and
13	Discipline, or its successor, and shall maintain as confidential or privileged
14	any document, material, data, or other information received with notice or the
15	understanding that it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the
16	jurisdiction that is the source of the document, material, or other information.
17	(f) The Commissioner may enter into agreements governing sharing and
18	use of information consistent with subsection (b) of this section.
19	(g) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the
20	confidential information shall occur as a result of disclosure to the

1	Commissioner under this section or as a result of sharing as authorized in
2	subdivision (b)(3) of this section.
3	(h) A privilege established under the law of any state or jurisdiction that is
4	substantially similar to the privilege established under this subsection (b) of
5	this section shall be available and enforced in any proceeding in, and in any
6	court of, this State.
7	(i) As used in this section, "regulatory agency," "law enforcement
8	agency," and the NAIC include their employees, agents, consultants, and
9	contractors.
10	(j) Notwithstanding any provision in this section to the contrary, any
11	confidential information specified in subdivisions (a)(1) or (a)(4) of this
12	section:
13	(1) may be subject to subpoena for the purpose of defending an action
14	seeking damages from the appointed actuary submitting the related
15	memorandum in support of an opinion submitted under section 3791c of this
16	subchapter or principle-based valuation report developed under
17	subdivision 3791o(b)(3) of this subchapter by reason of an action required by
18	this subchapter or by rules adopted hereunder;
19	(2) may otherwise be released by the Commissioner with the written
20	consent of the company; and

1	(3) once any portion of a memorandum in support of an opinion
2	submitted under section 3791c of this subchapter or a principle-based
3	valuation report developed under subdivision 3791o(b)(3) of this subchapter
4	is cited by the company in its marketing or is publicly volunteered to or
5	before a governmental agency other than a state insurance department or is
6	released by the company to the news media, all portions of such
7	memorandum or report shall no longer be confidential.
8	§ 3791r. SINGLE STATE EXEMPTION
9	(a) The Commissioner may exempt specific product forms or product
10	lines of a domestic company that is licensed and doing business only in
11	Vermont from the requirements of section 3791n of this subchapter provided:
12	(1) the Commissioner has issued an exemption in writing to the
13	company and has not subsequently revoked the exemption in writing; and
14	(2) the company computes reserves using assumptions and methods
15	used prior to the operative date of the Valuation Manual in addition to any
16	requirements established by rule adopted by the Commissioner.
17	(b) For any company granted an exemption under this section,
18	sections 3791c, 3791d, 3791e, 3791f, 3791g, 3791h, 3791i, 3791j, 3791k,
19	37911, and 3791m shall be applicable. With respect to any company applying
20	this exemption, any reference to section 3791n found in sections 3791c,

1	3/91d, 3/91e, 3/91f, 3/91g, 3/91h, 3/91j, 3/91j, 3/91k, 3/91l and 3/91m
2	shall not be applicable.
3	* * * Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Life Insurance * * *
4	Sec. 2. 8 V.S.A. chapter 103, subchapter 3b is added to read:
5	Subchapter 3b. Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Life Insurance
6	<u>§ 3760. TITLE</u>
7	This subchapter shall be known as the Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Life
8	Insurance.
9	§ 3761. DEFINITIONS
10	As used in this subchapter, "operative date of the Valuation Manual"
11	means January 1 of the first calendar year that the Valuation Manual as
12	defined in subchapter 4a of this chapter is effective.
13	§ 3762. NONFORFEITURE BENEFITS
14	(a) In the case of policies issued on or after the effective date of this
15	subchapter, as defined in section 3773 of this subchapter, a policy of life
16	insurance, except as stated in section 3772 of this subchapter, shall not be
17	delivered or issued for delivery in this State unless it contains in substance the
18	following provisions, or corresponding provisions that, in the opinion of the
19	Commissioner, are at least as favorable to the defaulting or surrendering
20	policyholder as are the minimum requirements specified in this section and
21	are essentially in compliance with section 3771 of this subchapter.

1	(1) In the event of default in any premium payment, the company shall
2	grant, upon proper request not later than 60 days after the due date of the
3	premium in default, a paid-up nonforfeiture benefit on a plan stipulated in the
4	policy, effective as of the due date, of such amount as may be specified in this
5	section. In lieu of the stipulated paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, the company
6	may substitute, upon proper request not later than 60 days after the due date
7	of the premium in default, an actuarially equivalent alternative paid-up
8	nonforfeiture benefit that provides a greater amount or earlier payment of
9	endowment benefits.
10	(2) Upon surrender of the policy within 60 days after the due date of
11	any premium payment in default after premiums have been paid for at least
12	three full years in the case of ordinary insurance or five full years in the case
13	of industrial insurance, the company shall pay, in lieu of any paid-up
14	nonforfeiture benefit, a cash surrender value of an amount as may be
15	specified in this section.
16	(3) A specified paid-up nonforfeiture benefit shall become effective as
17	specified in the policy unless the person entitled to make the election elects
18	another available option not later than 60 days after the due date of the
19	premium in default.
20	(4) If the policy becomes paid-up by completion of all premium
21	payments or if it is continued under any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit that

became effective on or after the third policy anniversary in the case of
ordinary insurance or the fifth policy anniversary in the case of industrial
insurance, the company shall pay upon surrender of the policy within 30 days
after any policy anniversary, a cash surrender value of an amount as may be
specified in this section.
(5) If a policy causes, on a basis guaranteed in the policy, unscheduled
changes in benefits or premiums, or provides an option for changes in
benefits or premiums, other than a change to a new policy, the company shall
provide the policyholder a statement of the mortality table, interest rate, and
method used in calculating cash surrender values and the paid-up
nonforfeiture benefits available under the policy. In the case of all other
policies, a company shall provide to its policyholders a statement of the
mortality table and interest rate used in calculating the cash surrender values
and the paid-up nonforfeiture benefits available under the policy, together
with a table showing the cash surrender value, if any, and paid-up
nonforfeiture benefit, if any, available under the policy on each policy
anniversary either during the first 20 policy years or during the term of the
policy, whichever is shorter, such values and benefits to be calculated upon
the assumption that there are no dividends or paid-up additions credited to the
policy and that there is no indebtedness to the company on the policy.

(6) A company shall provide statement that the cash surrender values
and the paid-up nonforfeiture benefits available under the policy are not less
than the minimum values and benefits required by or pursuant to the insurance
law of the state in which the policy is delivered; an explanation of the manner
in which the cash surrender values and the paid-up nonforfeiture benefits are
altered by the existence of any paid-up additions credited to the policy or any
indebtedness to the company on the policy; if a detailed statement of the
method of computation of the values and benefits shown in the policy is not
stated therein, a statement that such method of computation has been filed with
the insurance supervisory official of the state in which the policy is delivered;
and a statement of the method to be used in calculating the cash surrender
value and a paid-up nonforfeiture benefit available under the policy on any
policy anniversary beyond the last anniversary for which values and benefits
are consecutively shown in the policy.
(b) Any of the provisions in subsection (a) of this section, or portions
thereof not applicable by reason of the plan of insurance may be omitted from
the policy, to the extent inapplicable.
(c) The company shall reserve the right to defer the payment of any cash
surrender value for a period of six months after demand therefor with surrender
of the policy.
8 3763 COMPUTATION OF CASH SURRENDER VALUE

1	(a) Any cash surrender value available under the policy in the event of
2	default in a premium payment due on any policy anniversary, whether or not
3	required by section 3762 of this subchapter, shall be an amount not less than
4	the excess, if any, of the present value, on the anniversary, of the future
5	guaranteed benefits that would have been provided for by the policy, including
6	any existing paid-up additions, if there had been no default, over the sum of:
7	(1) the then present value of the adjusted premiums as defined in
8	sections 3765-3768 of this subchapter, corresponding to premiums which
9	would have fallen due on and after the anniversary; and
10	(2) the amount of any indebtedness to the company on the policy.
11	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, for a policy issued on or
12	after the operative date of section 3768 of this subchapter that provides
13	supplemental life insurance or annuity benefits at the option of the insured and
14	for an identifiable additional premium by rider or supplemental policy
15	provision, the cash surrender value referred to in subsection (a) of this section
16	shall be an amount not less than the sum of the cash surrender value for an
17	otherwise similar policy issued at the same age without the rider or
18	supplemental policy provision and the cash surrender value as defined in
19	subsection (a) of this section for a policy which provides only the benefits
20	otherwise provided by such rider or supplemental policy provision.

(c) For a family policy issued on or after the operative date of section 3768
of this subchapter that defines a primary insured and provides term insurance
on the life of the spouse of the primary insured expiring before the spouse
turns 71 years of age, the cash surrender value referred to in subsection (a) of
this section shall be an amount not less than the sum of the cash surrender
value for an otherwise similar policy issued at the same age without term
insurance on the life of the spouse and the cash surrender value as defined in
subsection (a) of this section for a policy that provides only the benefits
otherwise provided by term insurance on the life of the spouse.
(d) A cash surrender value available within 30 days after any policy
anniversary under any policy paid up by completion of all premium payments
or any policy continued under any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, whether or
not required under section 3762 of this subchapter, shall be an amount not less
than the present value, on the anniversary, of the future guaranteed benefits
provided for by the policy, including any existing paid-up additions, decreased
by any indebtedness to the company on the policy.
§ 3764. COMPUTATION OF PAID-UP NONFORFEITURE BENEFITS
A paid-up nonforfeiture benefit available under a policy in the event of
default in a premium payment due on any policy anniversary shall be such that
its present value as of the anniversary shall be at least equal to the cash
surrender value then provided for by the policy or, if none is provided for, that

1	cash surrender value that would have been required under this subchapter in
2	the absence of the condition that premiums shall have been paid for at least a
3	specified period.
4	§ 3765. CALCULATION OF ADJUSTED PREMIUMS
5	(a)(1) This section shall not apply to policies issued on or after the
6	operative date of section 3768 of this subchapter. Except as provided in
7	subsection (c) of this section, the adjusted premiums for any policy shall be
8	calculated on an annual basis and shall be such uniform percentage of the
9	respective premiums specified in the policy for each policy year, excluding
10	amounts stated in the policy as extra premiums to cover impairments or special
11	hazards, that the present value, at the date of issue of the policy, of all such
12	adjusted premiums shall be equal to the sum of:
13	(A) the then present value of the future guaranteed benefits provided
14	for by the policy:
15	(B) two percent of the amount of insurance, if the insurance be
16	uniform in amount, or of the equivalent uniform amount, as hereinafter
17	defined, if the amount of insurance varies with duration of the policy;
18	(C) 40 percent of the adjusted premium for the first policy year; and
19	(D) 25 percent of either the adjusted premium for the first policy year
20	or the adjusted premium for a whole life policy of the same uniform or

1	equivalent uniform amount with uniform premiums for the whole of life issued
2	at the same age for the same amount of insurance, whichever is less.
3	(2) In applying the percentages specified in subdivisions(a)(C) and (D)
4	of this section, no adjusted premium shall be deemed to exceed four percent of
5	the amount of insurance or level amount equivalent. The date of issue of a
6	policy for the purpose of this section shall be the date as of which the rated age
7	of the insured is determined.
8	(b) In the case of a policy providing an amount of insurance varying with
9	duration of the policy, the equivalent level amount for the purpose of this
10	section shall be deemed to be the level amount of insurance provided by an
11	otherwise similar policy, containing the same endowment benefit or benefits, if
12	any, issued at the same age and for the same term, the amount of which does
13	not vary with duration and the benefits under which have the same present
14	value at the inception of the insurance as the benefits under the policy.
15	(c)(1) The adjusted premiums for any policy providing term insurance
16	benefits by rider or supplemental policy provision shall be equal to:
17	(A) the adjusted premiums for an otherwise similar policy issued at
18	the same age without such term insurance benefits, increased, during the period
19	for which premiums for such term insurance benefits are payable, by
20	(B) the adjusted premiums for such term insurance,

(2) Subdivisions (1)(A) and (B) of this subsection shall be calculated
separately except that, for purposes of subdivisions (a)(1)(B)-(D) of this
section, the amount of insurance or equivalent uniform amount of insurance
used in the calculation of the adjusted premiums referred to in subsection
(a)(1)(B) of this section shall be equal to the excess of the corresponding
amount determined for the entire policy over the amount used in the
calculation of the adjusted premiums in subdivision (1) of this subsection (c).
(d) Except as otherwise provided in sections 3766 and 3767, all adjusted
premiums and present values referred to in this subchapter shall for all policies
of ordinary insurance be calculated on the basis of the Commissioners' 1941
Standard Ordinary Mortality Table, provided that for any category of ordinary
insurance issued on female risks, adjusted premiums and present values may
be calculated according to any age not more than three years younger than the
actual age of the insured and such calculations for all policies of industrial
insurance shall be made on the basis of the 1941 Standard Industrial Mortality
Table. All calculations shall be made on the basis of the rate of interest, not
exceeding three and one-half percent per annum, specified in the policy for
calculating cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits. Provided,
however, that in calculating the present value of any paid-up term insurance
with accompanying pure endowment, if any, offered as a nonforfeiture benefit,
the rates of mortality assumed may be not more than 130 percent of the rates of

1	mortality according to the applicable table. Provided, further, that for
2	insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculation of any adjusted
3	premiums and present values may be based on such other table of mortality as
4	may be specified by the company and approved by the Commissioner.
5	§ 3766. CALCULATION OF ADJUSTED PREMIUMS; ORDINARY
6	<u>POLICIES</u>
7	(a) This section does not apply to ordinary policies issued on or after the
8	operative date of section 3768 of this subchapter. In the case of ordinary
9	policies issued on or after the operative date of this section, all adjusted
10	premiums and present values referred to in this subchapter shall be calculated
11	on the basis of the Commissioners' 1958 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table
12	and the rate of interest specified in the policy for calculating cash surrender
13	values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits, provided that such rate of interest
14	shall not exceed three and one-half percent per annum, except that a rate of
15	interest not exceeding four percent per annum may be used for policies issued
16	on or after April 12, 1973, and prior to January 1, 1980, and a rate of interest
17	not exceeding five and one-half percent per annum may be used for policies
18	issued on or after January 1, 1980, except that for any single premium whole
19	life or endowment insurance policy, a rate of interest not exceeding six and
20	one-half percent per annum may be used, provided that for any category of
21	ordinary insurance issued on female risks, adjusted premiums and present

values may be calculated according to an age not more than six years younger
than the actual age of the insured. In calculating the present value of any paid-
up term insurance with accompanying pure endowment, if any, offered as a
nonforfeiture benefit, the rates of mortality assumed may not be more than
those shown in the Commissioners' 1958 Extended Term Insurance Table. For
insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculation of any adjusted
premiums and present values may be based on such other table of mortality as
may be specified by the company and approved by the Commissioner.
(b) After the effective date of this section, any company may file with the
Commissioner a written notice of its election to comply with the provisions of
this section after a specified date before January 1, 1966. After the filing of
such notice, upon the specified date (which shall be the operative date of this
section for that company), this section shall become operative with respect to
the ordinary policies thereafter issued by the company. If a company makes no
election, the operative date of this section for the company shall be January 1,
<u>1966.</u>
§ 3767. CALCULATION OF ADJUSTED PREMIUMS; INDUSTRIAL
<u>POLICIES</u>
(a) This section does not apply to industrial policies issued on or after the
operative date of section 3768 of this subchapter. In the case of industrial
policies issued on or after the operative date of this section, all adjusted

premiums and present values referred to in this subchapter shall be calculated
on the basis of the Commissioners' 1961 Standard Industrial Mortality Table
and the rate of interest specified in the policy for calculating cash surrender
values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits provided that such rate of interest
shall not exceed three and one-half percent per annum, except that a rate of
interest not exceeding four percent per annum may be used for policies issued
on or after April 12, 1973, and prior to January 1, 1980, and a rate of interest
not exceeding five and one-half percent per annum may be used for policies
issued on or after January 1, 1980, except that for any single premium whole
life or endowment insurance policy, a rate of interest not exceeding six and
one-half percent per annum may be used. In calculating the present value of
any paid-up term insurance with accompanying pure endowment, if any,
offered as a nonforfeiture benefit, the rates of mortality assumed may be not
more than those shown in the Commissioners' 1961 Industrial Extended Term
Insurance Table. For insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculations
of any such adjusted premiums and present values may be based on such other
table of mortality as may be specified by the company and approved by the
Commissioner.
(b) After the effective date of this section, any company may file with the
Commissioner a written notice of its election to comply with the provisions of
this section after a specified date before January 1, 1968. After the filing of

1	such notice, upon the specified date, which shall be the operative date of this
2	section for that company, this section shall become operative with respect to
3	the industrial policies thereafter issued by the company. If a company makes
4	no election, the operative date of this section for the company shall be
5	<u>January 1, 1968.</u>
6	§ 3768. CALCULATIONS OF ADJUSTED PREMIUMS BY THE
7	NONFORFEITURE NET LEVEL PREMIUM METHOD
8	(a)(1) This section shall apply to all policies issued on or after the operative
9	date of this section. Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section. the
10	adjusted premiums for any policy shall be calculated on an annual basis and
11	shall be such uniform percentage of the respective premiums specified in the
12	policy for each policy year, excluding amounts payable as extra premiums to
13	cover impairments or special hazards and also excluding any uniform annual
14	contract charge or policy fee specified in the policy in a statement of the
15	method to be used in calculating the cash surrender values and paid-up
16	nonforfeiture benefits, that the present value, at the date of issue of the policy,
17	of all adjusted premiums shall be equal to the sum of:
18	(A) the then present value of the future guaranteed benefits provided
19	for by the policy;

1	(B) one percent of either the amount of insurance, if the insurance be
2	uniform in amount, or the average amount of insurance at the beginning of
3	each of the first 10 policy years; and
4	(C) 125 percent of the nonforfeiture net level premium as defined in
5	this section.
6	(2) In applying the percentage specified in subdivision (1)(C) of this
7	subsection, no nonforfeiture net level premium shall be deemed to exceed four
8	percent of either the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in
9	amount, or the average amount of insurance at the beginning of each of the
10	first 10 policy years. The date of issue of a policy for the purpose of this
11	section shall be the date as of which the rated age of the insured is determined.
12	(b) The nonforfeiture net level premium shall be equal to the present value,
13	at the date of issue of the policy, of the guaranteed benefits provided for by the
14	policy divided by the present value, at the date of issue of the policy, of an
15	annuity of one per annum payable on the date of issue of the policy and on
16	each anniversary of the policy on which a premium falls due.
17	(c) In the case of policies which cause, on a basis guaranteed in the policy,
18	unscheduled changes in benefits or premiums, or which provide an option for
19	changes in benefits or premiums, other than a change to a new policy, the
20	adjusted premiums and present values shall be calculated initially on the
21	assumption that future benefits and premiums do not change from those

1	stipulated at the date of issue of the policy. At the time of any change in the
2	benefits or premiums, the future adjusted premiums, nonforfeiture net level
3	premiums and present values shall be recalculated on the assumption that
4	future benefits and premiums do not change from those stipulated by the policy
5	immediately after the change.
6	(d) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (g) of this section, the
7	recalculated future adjusted premiums for any policy shall be the uniform
8	percentage of the respective future premiums specified in the policy for each
9	policy year, excluding amounts payable as extra premiums to cover
10	impairments and special hazards, and also excluding any uniform annual
11	contract charge or policy fee specified in the policy in a statement of the
12	method to be used in calculating the cash surrender values and paid-up
13	nonforfeiture benefits, that the present value, at the time of change to the newly
14	defined benefits or premiums, of all such future adjusted premiums shall be
15	equal to the excess of:
16	(1) The sum of:
17	(A) the then present value of the then future guaranteed benefits
18	provided for by the policy, and
19	(B) the additional expense allowance, if any, over
20	(2) the then cash surrender value, if any, or present value of any paid-up
21	nonforfeiture benefit under this policy.

1	(e) The additional expense allowance, at the time of the change to the
2	newly defined benefits or premiums, shall be the sum of:
3	(1) One percent of the excess, if positive, of the average amount of
4	insurance at the beginning of each of the first 10 policy years subsequent to the
5	change over the average amount of insurance prior to the change at the
6	beginning of each of the first 10 policy years subsequent to the time of the
7	most recent previous change, or, if there has been no previous change, the date
8	of issue of the policy; and
9	(2) 125 percent of the increase, if positive, in the nonforfeiture net level
10	premium.
11	(f) The recalculated nonforfeiture net level premium shall be equal to the
12	result obtained by dividing the sum arrived at under subdivision (1) of this
13	subsection by the value specified in subdivision (2) of this subsection.
14	(1) For purposes of this subsection, "sum" means:
15	(A) the nonforfeiture net level premium applicable prior to the
16	change times the present value of an annuity of one per annum payable on each
17	anniversary of the policy on or subsequent to the date of the change on which a
18	premium would have fallen due had the change not occurred, plus
19	(B) the present value of the increase in future guaranteed benefits
20	provided for by the policy.

1	(2) For purposes of this subsection, "value" means the present value of
2	an annuity of one per annum payable on each anniversary of the policy on or
3	subsequent to the date of change on which a premium falls due.
4	(g) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section to the contrary, in
5	the case of a policy issued on a substandard basis which provides reduced
6	graded amounts of insurance so that, in each policy year, the policy has the
7	same tabular mortality cost as an otherwise similar policy issued on the
8	standard basis which provides higher uniform amount of insurance, adjusted
9	premiums and present values for the substandard policy may be calculated as if
10	it were issued to provide higher uniform amounts of insurance on the standard
11	<u>basis.</u>
12	(h) All adjusted premiums and present values referred to in this subchapter
13	shall for all policies of ordinary insurance be calculated on the basis of the
14	Commissioners' 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table or, at the election of
15	the company, for any one or more specified plans of life insurance, the
16	Commissioners' 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table with Ten-Year
17	Select Mortality Factors, shall for all policies of industrial insurance be
18	calculated on the basis of the Commissioners' 1961 Standard Industrial
19	Mortality Table, and shall for all policies issued in a particular calendar year be
20	calculated on the basis of a rate of interest not exceeding the nonforfeiture

1	interest rate as defined in this section, for policies issued in that calendar year,
2	provided that:
3	(1) At the option of the company, calculations for all policies issued in a
4	particular calendar year may be made on the basis of a rate of interest not
5	exceeding the nonforfeiture interest rate, as defined in this section, for policies
6	issued in the immediately preceding calendar year.
7	(2) Under a paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, including any paid-up
8	dividend additions, any cash surrender value available, whether or not required
9	by section 3762 of this subchapter, shall be calculated on the basis of the
10	mortality table and rate of interest used in determining the amount of such
11	paid-up nonforfeiture benefit and paid-up dividend additions, if any.
12	(3) A company may calculate the amount of any guaranteed paid-up
13	nonforfeiture benefit including any paid-up additions under the policy on the
14	basis of an interest rate no lower than that specified in the policy for
15	calculating cash surrender values.
16	(4) In calculating the present value of any paid-up term insurance with
17	accompanying pure endowment, if any, offered as a nonforfeiture benefit, the
18	rates of mortality assumed may be not more than those shown in the
19	Commissioners' 1980 Extended Term Insurance Table for policies of ordinary
20	insurance and not more than the Commissioners' 1961 Industrial Extended
21	Term Insurance Table for policies of industrial insurance.

1	(5) For insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculation of any
2	adjusted premiums and present values may be based on appropriate
3	modifications of the aforementioned tables.
4	(6)(A) For policies issued prior to the operative date of the Valuation
5	Manual defined in subchapter 4a or this chapter, any Commissioners' Standard
6	Ordinary Mortality Tables, adopted after 1980 by the National Association of
7	Insurance Commissioners, approved by rule adopted by the Commissioner for
8	use in determining the minimum nonforfeiture standard may be substituted for
9	the Commissioners' 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table with or without
10	10-Year Select Mortality Factors or for the Commissioners' 1980 Extended
11	Term Insurance Table.
12	(B) For policies issued on or after the operative date of the Valuation
13	Manual the Valuation Manual shall provide the Commissioners' Standard
14	Mortality Table for use in determining the minimum nonforfeiture standard
15	that may be substituted for the Commissioners' 1980 Standard Ordinary
16	Mortality Table with or without 10-Year Select Mortality Factors or for the
17	Commissioners' 1980 Extended Term Insurance Table. If the Commissioner
18	adopts by rule a Commissioners' Standard Ordinary Mortality Table adopted
19	by the NAIC for use in determining the minimum nonforfeiture standard for
20	policies issued on or after the operative date of the Valuation Manual then that

1	minimum nonforfeiture standard supersedes the minimum nonforfeiture
2	standard provided by the Valuation Manual.
3	(7)(A) For policies issued prior to the operative date of the Valuation
4	Manual, any Commissioners' Standard Industrial Mortality Tables, adopted
5	after 1980 by the NAIC, approved by rule adopted by the Commissioner for
6	use in determining the minimum nonforfeiture standard may be substituted for
7	the Commissioners' 1961 Standard Industrial Mortality Table or the
8	Commissioners' 1961 Industrial Extended Term Insurance Table.
9	(B) For policies issued on or after the operative date of the Valuation
10	Manual the Valuation Manual shall provide the Commissioners' Standard
11	Mortality Table for use in determining the minimum nonforfeiture standard
12	that may be substituted for the Commissioners' 1961 Standard Industrial
13	Mortality Table or the Commissioners' 1961 Industrial Extended Term
14	Insurance Table. If the Commissioner adopts by rule a Commissioners'
15	Standard Industrial Mortality Table adopted by the NAIC for use in
16	determining the minimum nonforfeiture standard for policies issued on or after
17	the operative date of the Valuation Manual then that minimum nonforfeiture
18	standard supersedes the minimum nonforfeiture standard provided by the
19	Valuation Manual.
20	(i) The nonforfeiture interest rate is defined as follows:

(1) For policies issued prior to the operative date of the Valuation
Manual, the nonforfeiture interest rate per annum for any policy issued in a
particular calendar year shall be equal to 125 percent of the calendar year
statutory valuation interest rate for such policy as defined under subchapter 4a
of this chapter, rounded to the nearer one quarter of one percent, provided the
nonforfeiture interest rate shall not be less than four percent.
(2) For policies issued on and after the operative date of the Valuation
Manual, the nonforfeiture interest rate per annum for any policy issued in a
particular calendar year shall be provided by the Valuation Manual.
(j) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any refiling
of nonforfeiture values or their methods of computation for any previously
approved policy form which involves only a change in the interest rate or
mortality table used to compute nonforfeiture values shall not require refiling
of any other provisions of that policy form.
(k) After the effective date of this section, any company may file with the
Commissioner a written notice of its election to comply with the provision of
this section after a specified date before January 1, 1989, which shall be the
operative date of this section for the company. If a company makes no
election, the operative date of this section for the company shall be January 1,
1989.

1	§ 3769. NONFORFEITURE BENEFITS FOR INDETERMINATE
2	PREMIUM PLANS
3	In the case of any plan of life insurance which provides for future premium
4	determination, the amounts of which are to be determined by the insurance
5	company based on estimates of future experience, or in the case of any plan of
6	life insurance which is of such a nature that minimum values cannot be
7	determined by the methods described in sections 3762–3768 of this
8	subchapter:
9	(1) The Commissioner must be satisfied that the benefits provided under
10	the plan are substantially as favorable to policyholders and insureds as the
11	minimum benefit s otherwise required by sections 3762-3768 of this
12	subchapter.
13	(2) The Commissioner must be satisfied that the benefits and the pattern
14	of premiums of that plan are not such as to mislead prospective policyholders
15	or insureds.
16	(3) The cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits
17	provided by such plan must not be less than the minimum values and benefits
18	required for the plan computed by a method consistent with the principles of
19	this Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Life Insurance, as determined by
20	subchapter 4a of this chapter and any rules adopted thereunder.

1	§ 3770. PRORATION OF VALUES; NET VALUE OF PAID-UP
2	<u>ADDITIONS</u>
3	Any cash surrender value and any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit available
4	under a policy in the event of default in a premium payment due at any time
5	other than on the policy anniversary shall be calculated with allowance for the
6	lapse of time and the payment of fractional premiums beyond the last
7	preceding policy anniversary. All values referred to in sections 3763–3768 of
8	this subchapter may be calculated upon the assumption that any death benefit
9	is payable at the end of the policy year of death. The net value of any paid-up
10	additions, other than paid-up term additions, shall not be less than the amounts
11	used to provide such additions. Notwithstanding the provisions of section
12	3763 of this subchapter, additional benefits shall be disregarded in ascertaining
13	cash surrender values and nonforfeiture benefits required under this
14	subchapter, and no such additional benefits shall be required to be included in
15	any paid-up nonforfeiture benefits. As used in this section, "additional
16	benefits" means benefits payable:
17	(1) in the event of death or dismemberment by accident or accidental
18	means;
19	(2) in the event of total and permanent disability;
20	(3) as reversionary annuity or deferred reversionary annuity benefits;

1	(4) as term insurance benefits provided by a rider or supplemental policy
2	provision to which, if issued as a separate policy, this subchapter would not
3	apply;
4	(5) as term insurance in the life on a child or on the lives of children
5	provided in a policy on the life of a parent of the child, if such term insurance
6	expires before the child turns 26 years of age, is uniform in amount after the
7	child's age is one year of age, and has not become paid-up by reason of the
8	death of a parent of the child; or
9	(6) as other policy benefits additional to life insurance and endowment
10	benefits, and premiums for all such additional benefits.
11	§ 3771. CONSISTENCY OF PROGRESSION OF CASH SURRENDER
12	VALUES WITH INCREASING POLICY DURATION
13	(a) This section, in addition to all other applicable sections of this chapter,
14	shall apply to all policies issued on or after January 1, 1987. Any cash
15	surrender value available under the policy in the event of default in a premium
16	payment due on any policy anniversary shall be in an amount which does not
17	differ by more than two tenths of one percent of either the amount of
18	insurance, if the insurance be uniform in amount, or the average amount of
19	insurance at the beginning of each of the first 10 policy years, from the sum of:
20	(1) the greater of zero and the basic cash value specified in this
21	section; and

1	(2) The present value of any existing paid-up additions less the amount
2	of any indebtedness to the company under the policy.
3	(b) The basic cash value shall be equal to the present value, on such
4	anniversary, of the future guaranteed benefits which would have been provided
5	for by the policy, excluding any existing paid-up additions and before
6	deduction of any indebtedness to the company, if there had been no default,
7	less the then present value of the nonforfeiture factors, as defined in this
8	subchapter, corresponding to premiums which would have fallen due on and
9	after the anniversary. The effects on the basic cash value of supplemental life
10	insurance or annuity benefits or of family coverage, as described in sections
11	3763 or 3765 of this subchapter, whichever is applicable, shall be the same as
12	the effects specified in those sections, as applicable, on the cash surrender
13	values defined therein.
14	(c) The nonforfeiture factor for each policy year shall be an amount equal
15	to a percentage of the adjusted premium for the policy year, as defined in
16	section 3765 or section 3768 of this subchapter, as applicable, except that the
17	percentage:
18	(1) must be the same percentage for each policy year between the
19	second policy anniversary and the later of:
20	(A) the fifth policy anniversary; or

1	(B) the first policy anniversary at which there is available under the
2	policy a cash surrender value in an amount, before including any paid-up
3	additions and before deducting any indebtedness, of at least two tenths of one
4	percent of either the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in
5	amount, or the average amount of insurance at the beginning of each of the
6	first 10 policy years; and
7	(2) must be such that no percentage after the later of the two policy
8	anniversaries specified in subsection (a) of this section may apply to fewer
9	than five consecutive policy years.
10	(d) Basic cash value shall not be less than the value which would be
11	obtained if the adjusted premiums for the policy, as defined in section 3768 of
12	this subchapter, were substituted for the nonforfeiture factors in the calculation
13	of the basic cash value.
14	(e) All adjusted premiums and present values referred to in this section
15	shall for a particular policy be calculated on the same mortality and interest
16	bases as are used in demonstrating the policy's compliance with the other
17	sections of this subchapter. The cash surrender values referred to in this
18	section shall include any endowment benefits provided for by the policy.
19	(f) A cash surrender value available other than in the event of default in a
20	premium payment due on a policy anniversary, and the amount of any paid-up
21	nonforfeiture benefit available under the policy in the event of default in a

1	premium payment shall be determined in manners consistent with the manners
2	specified for determining the analogous minimum amounts in sections 3762,
3	3763, 3764, 3768, and 3770 of this subchapter. The amounts of any cash
4	surrender values and of any paid-up nonforfeiture benefits granted in
5	connection with additional benefits such as those listed subsections 3770(a)–(f)
6	of this subchapter shall conform with the principles of this section.
7	§ 3772. EXCEPTIONS
8	(a) This subchapter shall not apply to:
9	(1) reinsurance;
10	(2) group insurance;
11	(3) pure endowment;
12	(4) an annuity or reversionary annuity contract;
13	(5) a term policy of uniform amount, which provides no guaranteed
14	nonforfeiture or endowment benefits, or renewal thereof, of 20 years or less
15	expiring before 71 years of age, for which uniform premiums are payable
16	during the entire term of the policy;
17	(6) a term policy of decreasing amount, which provides no guaranteed
18	nonforfeiture or endowment benefits, on which each adjusted premium,
19	calculated as specified in sections 3765, 3766, 3767, 3768 of this subchapter, is
20	less than the adjusted premium so calculated, on a term policy of uniform
21	amount, or renewal thereof, that provides no guaranteed nonforfeiture or

1	endowment benefits, issued at the same age and for the same initial amount of
2	insurance and for a term of 20 years or less expiring before 71 years of age, for
3	which uniform premiums are payable during the entire term of the policy;
4	(7) a policy, which provides no guaranteed nonforfeiture or endowment
5	benefits, for which no cash surrender value, if any, or present value of any
6	paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, at the beginning of any policy year, calculated as
7	specified in sections 3763, 3764, 3765, 3766, 3767, 3768 of this subchapter,
8	exceeds two and one-half percent of the amount of insurance at the beginning
9	of the same policy year; nor
10	(8) a policy delivered outside this State through an agent or other
11	representative of the company issuing the policy.
12	(b) For purposes of determining the applicability of this subchapter, the age
13	at expiry for a joint term life insurance policy shall be the age at expiry of the
14	oldest life.
15	§ 3773. EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICABILITY
16	After the effective date of this subchapter, any company may file with the
17	Commissioner a written notice of its election to comply with the provisions of
18	this subchapter after a specified date before January 1, 1948. After the filing
19	of such notice, then upon the specified date (which shall be the operative date
20	for the company), this subchapter shall become operative with respect to the
21	policies thereafter issued by the company. If a company makes no such

1 election, the operative date of this subchapter for the company shall be 2 January 1, 1948. * * * Miscellaneous Banking Provisions * * * 3 4 Sec. 3. 8 V.S.A. § 15(b) is amended to read: 5 (b) The Commissioner may, whether or not requested by any person, issue 6 written advisory interpretations of Part 5 Part 4 of this title and regulations 7 issued under it, including interpretations of the applicability of any provision 8 of this title and regulations issued under it. Such interpretations shall be 9 presumed to be correct unless found to be clearly erroneous by a court of 10 competent jurisdiction. The Commissioner may make public all or a portion of 11 an advisory interpretation. 12 Sec. 4. 8 V.S.A. § 19(f) is amended to read: 13 (f) There is hereby created a fund to be known as the Financial Institution 14 Supervision Fund for the purpose of providing the financial means for the 15 Commissioner of Financial Regulation to administer Parts 2, 5, and 6 4, and 5 16 of this title, 9 V.S.A. Parts 1 and 3, and Title 9A. All fees and assessments 17 received by the Department pursuant to such administration shall be deposited 18 in this Fund.

Sec. 5. 8 V.S.A. § 23(a) is amended to read:

This act shall take effect on passage.

9

(a) This section shall apply to all persons licensed, authorized, or 1 2 registered, or required to be licensed, authorized, or registered, under Parts 2 3 and $\frac{5}{4}$ of Title 8. * * * Repeal; Effective Date * * * 4 Sec. 6. REPEAL 5 6 Title 8 chapter 103, subchapters 3 (standard nonforfeiture law for life 7 insurance) and 4 (standard valuation law) are repealed. 8 Sec. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE

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