Senate Calendar

THURSDAY, MARCH 17, 2016

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ACTION CALENDAR

UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16, 2016

Third Reading

S. 245.

An act relating to disclosure of health care provider affiliations.

Second Reading

Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment

S. 257.

An act relating to residential rental agreements.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Balint for the Committee on Economic Development, Housing & General Affairs.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 9 V.S.A. § 4451 is amended to read:

§ 4451. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

- (9) <u>"Sublease" means a rental agreement, written or oral, embodying terms and conditions concerning the use and occupancy of a dwelling unit and premises between two tenants, a sublessor and a sublessee.</u>
- (10) "Tenant" means a person entitled under a rental agreement to occupy a residential dwelling unit to the exclusion of others.
- Sec. 2. 9 V.S.A. § 4452 is amended to read:

§ 4452. EXCLUSIONS

Unless created to avoid the application of this chapter, this chapter does not apply to any of the following:

* * *

(7) transient residence in a campground, which for the purposes of this chapter means any property used for seasonal or short-term vacation or

recreational purposes on which are located cabins, tents, or lean-tos, or campsites designed for temporary set-up of portable or mobile camping, recreational, or travel dwelling units, including tents, campers, and recreational vehicles such as motor homes, travel trailers, truck campers, and van campers; or

- (8) transient occupancy in a hotel, motel, or lodgings during the time the occupant is a recipient of General Assistance or Emergency Assistance temporary housing assistance, regardless of whether the occupancy is subject to a tax levied under 32 V. S.A. chapter 225; or
- (9) occupancy of a dwelling unit without right or permission by a person who is not a tenant.
- Sec. 3. 9 V.S.A. 4456b is added to read:

§ 4456b. SUBLEASES; LANDLORD AND TENANT RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

- (a)(1) A landlord may condition or prohibit subleasing a dwelling unit under the terms of a written rental agreement, and may require a tenant to provide actual notice of the name and contact information of any sublessee occupying the dwelling unit.
- (2) If the terms of a written rental agreement prohibit subleasing the dwelling unit, the landlord or tenant may give a person who is not a tenant and is occupying the dwelling unit without right or permission notice against trespass pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 3705(a). This subdivision (2) shall not be construed to limit the rights and remedies available to a landlord pursuant to this chapter.
- (b) In the absence of a written rental agreement, a tenant shall provide the landlord with actual notice of the name and contact information of any sublessee occupying the dwelling unit.
- Sec. 4. 13 V.S.A. § 3705 is amended to read:

§ 3705. UNLAWFUL TRESPASS

(a)(1) A person shall be imprisoned for not more than three months or fined not more than \$500.00, or both, if, without right or permission, he or she is occupying a dwelling unit for which a written rental agreement has prohibited subleasing pursuant to 9 V.S.A. § 4456b as to which notice against trespass is given, or, without legal authority or the consent of the person in lawful possession, he or she enters or remains on any land or in any place as to which notice against trespass is given. Notice against trespass may be given by:

(A) actual communication by the person in lawful possession or his or her agent or by a law enforcement officer acting on behalf of such person or his or her agent;

* * *

(D) in the case of a dwelling unit for which a written rental agreement has prohibited subleasing pursuant to 9 V.S.A. § 4456b, actual communication by the landlord or his or her agent or by a law enforcement officer acting on behalf of the landlord or his or her agent.

* * *

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2016.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

Resolutions for Action

J.R.S. 47.

Joint resolution expressing appreciation to the National Milk Producers Federation and Vermont's dairy farmers for their phasing out the tail docking of dairy farm animals.

PENDING QUESTION: Shall the Senate adopt the resolution?

(For text of resolution, see Senate Journal of March 15, 2016, page 547.)

J.R.H. 23.

Joint resolution authorizing Green Mountain Boys State educational program to use the State House.

PENDING QUESTION: Shall the resolution be adopted in concurrence?

(For text of resolution, see Senate Journal of March 15, 2016, page 549.)

NEW BUSINESS

Third Reading

S. 91.

An act relating to qualifications of judicial officers and judicial selection and retention.

S. 132.

An act relating to the prohibition of conversion therapy on minors.

Amendment to S. 132 to be offered by Senator Flory before Third Reading

Senator Flory moves to amend the bill in Sec. 2, 18 V.S.A. § 8352, after the word "age" by inserting the following: , even with parental consent

S. 174.

An act relating to a model State policy for use of body cameras by law enforcement officers.

S. 176.

An act relating to an income tax credit for home modifications required by a disability or physical hardship.

S. 215.

An act relating to the regulation of vision insurance plans.

S. 216.

An act relating to prescription drug formularies.

S. 224.

An act relating to warranty obligations of equipment dealers and suppliers.

NOTICE CALENDAR

Second Reading

Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment

S. 52.

An act relating to the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator White for the Committee on Judiciary.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. SPOUSAL SUPPORT AND MAINTENANCE TASK FORCE

- (a) Creation. There is created a Spousal Support and Maintenance Task Force for the purpose of reviewing and modernizing Vermont's law concerning spousal support and maintenance.
- (b) Membership. The Task Force shall be composed of the following seven members:

- (1) a current member of the House of Representatives who shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House;
- (2) a current member of the Senate who shall be appointed by the Committee on Committees;
- (3) a Superior Court judge who has significant experience in the Family Division of Superior Court appointed by the Chief Justice;
 - (4) the Chief Superior Court Judge;
- (5) two experienced family law attorneys appointed by the Family Law Section of the Vermont Bar Association; and
- (6) a representative of Vermont Alimony Reform who is a resident of Vermont.
- (c) Powers and duties. The Task Force shall consider amendments to Vermont's spousal support and maintenance laws aimed to improve clarity, fairness, and predictability in recognition of changes to the family structure in recent decades. The Task Force may hold public hearings and shall endeavor to hear a wide variety of perspectives from stakeholders and interested parties.
- (d) Assistance. The Task Force shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Office of Legislative Council.
- (e) Recommendation. On or before January 15, 2017, the Task Force shall submit its recommendations for any legislative action to the Senate and House Committees on Judiciary.
 - (f) Meetings.
- (1) The Superior Court judge appointed in accordance with subdivision (b)(3) of this section shall serve as chair.
 - (2) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.
 - (3) The Task Force shall cease to exist on March 1, 2017.
 - (g) Reimbursement.
- (1) For attendance at meetings during adjournment of the General Assembly, legislative members of the Task Force shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 406 for no more than four regular meetings and two public hearings.
- (2) Other members of the Task Force who are not employees of the State of Vermont and who are not otherwise compensated or reimbursed for their attendance shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of

expenses pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for no more than four regular meetings and two public hearings.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: "An act relating to creating a Spousal Support and Maintenance Task Force"

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

Reported favorably by Senator Nitka for the Committee on Appropriations.

(Committee vote: 6-0-1)

S. 169.

An act relating to the Rozo McLaughlin Farm-to-School Program.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Sirotkin for the Committee on Agriculture.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 6 V.S.A. chapter 211 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 211. THE ROZO MCLAUGHLIN FARM-TO-SCHOOL PROGRAM

§ 4719. PURPOSE AND STATE GOAL

- (a) Purpose. It is the purpose of this chapter to establish a farm-to-school program to:
- (1) encourage Vermont residents in developing healthy and lifelong habits of eating nutritious local foods;
- (2) maximize use by Vermont schools of fresh and locally grown, produced, or processed food;
- (3) work with partners to establish a food, farm, and nutrition education program that educates Vermont students regarding healthy eating habits through the use of educational materials, classes, and hands-on techniques that inform students of the connections between farming and the foods that students consume;
- (4) increase the size and stability of direct sales markets available to farmers; and

- (5) increase participation of Vermont students in school meal programs by increasing the selection of available foods.
- (b) State Farm to School Network goal. It is the goal of the Farm-to-School Program to establish a food system that by 2025:
- (1) engages 75 percent of Vermont schools in an integrated food system education program that incorporates community-based learning; and
 - (2) purchases 50 percent of food from local or regional food sources.

§ 4720. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter, "Farm-to-School Program" means an integrated food, farm, and nutrition education program that utilizes community-based learning opportunities to connect schools with nearby farms to provide students with locally produced fresh fruits and vegetables, dairy and protein products, and other nutritious, locally produced foods in school breakfasts, lunches, and snacks; help children develop healthy eating habits; provide nutritional and agricultural education in the classroom, cafeteria, and school community; and improve farmers' incomes and direct access to markets.

§ 4721. LOCAL FOODS GRANT PROGRAM

- (a) There is created in the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets the Rozo McLaughlin Farm-to-School Program to award local grants for the purpose of helping Vermont schools develop <u>farm-to-school programs that will sustain</u> relationships with local farmers and producers, <u>enrich the educational experience of students</u>, <u>improve the health of Vermont children</u>, and <u>enhance Vermont's agricultural economy</u>.
- (b) A school, a school district, a consortium of schools, or a consortium of school districts, or licensed childcare providers may apply to the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets for a grant award to:
- (1) fund equipment, resources, training, and materials that will help to increase use of local foods in the School Food Service Nutrition Program;
- (2) fund items, including local farm food products, gardening supplies, field trips to farms, and stipends to visiting farmers, that will help teachers to use hands-on educational techniques to teach children about nutrition and farm-to-school connections; and
- (3) provide <u>fund</u> professional development and technical assistance, in <u>partnership</u> with the Agency of Education and farm-to-school technical service <u>providers</u>, to help teachers, <u>school nutrition personnel</u>, and <u>members of the farm-to-school community</u> educate students about nutrition and farm-to-school connections and assist schools in developing a farm-to-school program.

- (4) fund technical assistance or support strategies to increase participation in federal child nutrition programs that increase viability of sustainable meal programs.
- (c) The Secretaries of Agriculture, Food and Markets and of Education <u>and</u> the Commissioner of Health, in consultation with farmers, food service workers school nutrition staff, and educators, <u>and farm-to-school technical service providers jointly</u> shall jointly adopt rules <u>procedures</u> relating to the content of the grant application and the criteria for making awards.
- (d) The Secretary shall determine that there is significant interest in the school community before making an award and shall give priority consideration to schools and, school districts and licensed child care providers that are developing farm-to-school connections and education that indicate a willingness to make changes to their school or childcare nutrition programs that increase student access and participation and that are making progress toward the implementation of the Vermont nutrition and fitness policy guidelines School Wellness Policy Guidelines developed by the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets, the Agency of Education, and the Department of Health, dated November 2005 updated in June 2015 or of the successor of these guidelines.
 - (e) No award shall be greater than \$15,000.00.

§ 4722. FARM ASSISTANCE; SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE, FOOD AND MARKETS

- (a) The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall work with existing programs and organizations to develop and implement educational opportunities for farmers to help them to increase their markets through selling their products to schools, licensed child care providers, and State government agencies and participating in the federal food commodities program, including the federal Department of Defense Fresh Program, and selling to regulated child care programs participating in the Adult and Child Food Program that operate or participate in child nutrition programs.
- (b) The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall work with distributors that sell products to schools, licensed child care providers, and State government agencies to increase the availability of local products.

§ 4723. PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT FOR FOOD SERVICE PERSONNEL

(a) The Secretary of Education, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets, the Commissioner of Health, and farm-to-school organizations and partners, shall offer expanded regional

training sessions for public school food service <u>and child</u> care personnel and child care resource development specialists <u>as funds are made available</u>. Training shall include information about strategies for <u>purchasing procuring</u>, processing, and serving locally grown foods, <u>especially with regard to federal procurement program requirements</u>, as well as information about nutrition, obesity prevention, coping with severe food allergies, and food service operations. The Secretary of Education may use a portion of the funds appropriated for this training session to pay a portion of or all expenses for attendees and to develop manuals or other materials to help in the training.

- (b) The Secretary of Education shall train people as funds are made available to, with existing programs and organizations, provide training related to procurement of local food and technical assistance to school food service and child care personnel and use a portion of the funds appropriated for this purpose to enable the trained people to provide technical assistance at the school and school district levels.
- (c) Training provided under this section shall promote the policies established in the Vermont nutrition and fitness policy guidelines School Wellness Policy Guidelines developed by the Agencies of Agriculture, Food and Markets and of Education and the Department of Health, dated November 2005 updated in June 2015, or the guidelines' successor.

§ 4724. LOCAL FOODS COORDINATOR FOOD SYSTEMS ADMINISTRATOR

- (a) The position of local food coordinator Food Systems Administrator is established in the agency of agriculture, food and markets Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets for the purpose of assisting Vermont producers to increase in increasing their access to commercial markets and institutions, including schools, state licensed child care providers, State and municipal governments, and hospitals.
- (b) The duties of the local foods coordinator <u>Food Systems Administrator</u> shall include:
- (1) working with institutions, <u>schools</u>, <u>licensed child care providers</u>, distributors, producers, commercial markets, and others to create matchmaking opportunities that increase the number of Vermont institutions that purchase foods grown or produced in Vermont;
- (2) coordinating funding and providing support to the farm-to-school and farm-to-institutions programs within the agency of agriculture, food and markets Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets, and coordinating with interested parties to access funding or create matchmaking opportunities across the supply chain that increase participation in those programs;

- (3) encouraging and facilitating the enrollment of state employees <u>State</u> employee access and awareness of opportunities for purchasing local food, <u>including: enrollment</u> in a local community supported agriculture (CSA) organization, <u>purchasing from local farm stands</u>, and <u>participation in a farmers'</u> market;
- (4) developing a database of producers and potential purchasers and enhancing the agency's website Agency and partners' ability to improve and support local foods coordination through the use of information technology; and
- (5) providing technical support to local communities with their food security efforts.
- (c) The local foods coordinator Food Systems Administrator, working with the commissioner of buildings and general services Commissioner of <u>Buildings and General Services</u> pursuant to rules adopted under 29 V.S.A. § 152(14), shall:
- (1) encourage and facilitate <u>CSA enrollment</u> <u>awareness of and opportunities to procure healthy local foods</u> by <u>state State</u> employees through the use of approved advertisements and solicitations on <u>state-owned State-owned</u> property; and
- (2) implement guidelines for the appropriate use of <u>state State</u> property for employee participation in CSA organizations, including reasonable restrictions on the time, place, and manner of solicitations, advertisements, deliveries, and related activities to ensure the safety and welfare of <u>state State</u> property and its occupants.
- (d) The local foods coordinator Food Systems Administrator shall administer a local foods grant program, the purpose of which shall be to provide grants to allow Vermont producers to increase their access to commercial and institutional markets.

Sec. 2. UNIVERSAL MEALS PROGRAM; SCHOOL FUNDING

In addition to any other funds appropriated to the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets in fiscal year 2017 for the Farm-to-School Program, there is appropriated to the Farm-to-School Program at the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets \$80,000.00 for the purpose of executing, operating, and providing grants under 6 V.S.A. § 4721 to assist schools in developing universal meals programs when the schools are eligible for universal meals participation under federal school nutrition programs.

Sec. 3. 16 V.S.A. § 559 is amended to read:

§ 559. PUBLIC BIDS

- (a) When the cost exceeds \$15,000.00. A school board or supervisory union board shall publicly advertise or invite three or more bids from persons deemed capable of providing items or services if costs are in excess of \$15,000.00 for any of the following:
- (1) the construction, purchase, lease, or improvement of any school building;
- (2) the purchase or lease of any item or items required for supply, equipment, maintenance, repair, or transportation of students; or
 - (3) a contract for transportation, maintenance, or repair services.

* * *

(e) Application of this section. Any contract entered into or purchase made in violation of the provisions of this section shall be void; provided, however, that:

* * *

(4) nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a school board from awarding a school nutrition contract after using any method of bidding or requests for proposals permitted under federal law for award of the contract. Notwithstanding the monetary amount in subsection (a) of this section for which a school board is required to use a method of bidding or request for proposal, a school board is required to use a method of public bidding or request for proposal for purchases made from the nonprofit school food service account for purchases in excess of \$25,000.00, unless a municipality sets a lower threshold for purchases from the nonprofit school food service account;

* * *

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2016.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Starr for the Committee on Appropriations.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Agriculture with the following amendment thereto:

By striking out Sec. 2 in its entirety.

(Committee vote: 6-0-1)

An act relating to foster parents' rights and protections.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator McCormack for the Committee on Health & Welfare.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. FOSTER PARENT WORKING GROUP; REPORT

- (a) Creation. There is created a Foster Parent Working Group to recommend legislation, rules, or policies, or any combination thereof, pertaining to rights and protections for foster parents in Vermont.
- (b) Membership. The Working Group shall be composed of the following eight members:
 - (1) the Commissioner for Children and Families or designee;
- (2) the Deputy Commissioner for Children and Families' Family Services Division;
- (3) the System of Care Manager in the Department for Children and Families' Family Services Division or designee;
- (4) a representative of the Vermont Foster and Adoptive Family Association;
 - (5) a representative of Voices for Vermont's Children;
 - (6) the Chief Superior Court Judge or designee; and
- (7) two fosters parents from different regions of the State, appointed by the Governor.
- (c) Powers and duties. The Working Group shall examine the relationship between foster parents, the Department for Children and Families, and the court system to assess whether any laws, rules, or policies should be amended or implemented to better support the work of foster parents, including the following:
- (1) access to the Department for Children and Families on evenings and weekends;
- (2) access to the Department for Children and Families' records about a particular foster child or foster family;
- (3) scheduling court-ordered visits and appointments with the Department for Children and Families;

- (4) fear of reprisal for refusal of a placement or raising concerns about the Department for Children and Families or the foster care system; and
 - (5) any regional differences identified in the State's foster care system.
- (d) Assistance. The Working Group shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Department for Children and Families.
- (e) Report. On or before January 15, 2017, the Working Group shall submit a written report to the House Committee on Human Services and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare with its findings and any proposed changes to law, rule, or policy.

(f) Meetings.

- (1) The Commissioner shall call the first meeting of the Working Group to occur on or before September 1, 2016.
- (2) The Working Group shall select a chair from among its members at the first meeting.
 - (3) The Working Group shall cease to exist on January 31, 2017.
- (g) Reimbursement. Members of the Working Group who are not employees of the State of Vermont and who are not otherwise compensated or reimbursed for their attendance shall be entitled to both per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for no more than three meetings.
- (h) Appropriation. The sum of \$1,080.00 is appropriated to the Department for Children and Families from the General Fund in fiscal year 2017 for per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses for members of the Working Group.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2016.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Sears for the Committee on Appropriations.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Health & Welfare with the following amendment thereto:

In Sec. 1, by striking out subsection (h) in its entirety.

(Committee vote: 6-0-1)

An act relating to farm distilleries and Vermont barrel aged maple spirits.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Baruth for the Committee on Economic Development, Housing & General Affairs.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 7 V.S.A. § 2 is amended to read:

§ 2. DEFINITIONS

The following words as used in this title, unless a contrary meaning is required by the context, shall have the following meaning:

* * *

- (5) "Cabaret license": a first-class license or first- and third-class licenses where the business is devoted primarily to providing entertainment, dancing, and the sale of alcoholic beverages to the public and not the service of food. The holder of a "cabaret license" shall serve food at all times when open for business and shall have adequate and sanitary space and equipment for preparing and serving food. However, the gross receipts from the sale of food shall be less than the combined receipts from the sales of alcoholic beverages, entertainment, and dancing in the prior reporting year. All laws and regulations pertaining to a first-class license or first- and third-class licenses shall apply to the first-class or first- and third-class cabaret licenses. [Repealed.]
- (6) "Caterer's license": a license issued by the Liquor Control Board authorizing the holder of a first-class license or first- and third-class licenses for a eabaret, restaurant, or hotel premises to serve malt or vinous beverages, spirits, or fortified wines at a function located on premises other than those occupied by a first-, first- and third-, or second-class licensee to sell alcoholic beverages.

* * *

(15) "Manufacturer's or rectifier's license": a license granted by the Liquor Control Board that permits the holder to manufacture or rectify spirits or malt beverages, or vinous beverages and fortified wines, or spirits and fortified wines. Spirits and fortified wines may be manufactured or rectified by a license holder for export and sale to the Liquor Control Board, or and malt beverages and vinous beverages may be manufactured or rectified by a license holder for export and sale to bottlers or wholesale dealers. This license permits

a manufacturer of vinous beverages or fortified wines to receive from another manufacturer licensed in or outside this State bulk shipments of vinous beverages to rectify with the licensee's own product, provided that the vinous beverages or fortified wines produced by a Vermont manufacturer may contain no more than 25 percent imported vinous beverage. The Liquor Control Board may grant to a licensed manufacturer or rectifier of spirits, fortified wines, vinous beverages, or malt beverages a first-class restaurant or cabaret license or a first- and a third-class restaurant or cabaret license permitting the licensee to sell alcoholic beverages to the public only at the manufacturer's premises, which for the purposes of a manufacturer of malt beverages, includes up to two licensed establishments that are located on the contiguous real estate of the holder of the manufacturer's license, provided the manufacturer or rectifier owns or has direct control over those establishments. A manufacturer of malt beverages who also holds a first-class restaurant or cabaret license may serve to a customer malt beverage by the glass, not to exceed eight glasses at one time and not to exceed four ounces in each glass. The Liquor Control Board may grant to a licensed manufacturer or a rectifier of malt beverages a secondclass license permitting the licensee to sell alcoholic beverages to the public anywhere on the manufacturer's or rectifier's premises. manufacturer or rectifier of vinous beverages may serve, with or without charge, at an event held on the premises of the licensee or the vineyard property at a location on the contiguous real estate of the licensee, spirits, fortified wines, vinous beverages, and malt beverages, provided the licensee gives the Department written notice of the event, including details required by the Department, at least five days before the event. Any beverages not manufactured by the licensee and served at the event shall be purchased on invoice from a licensed manufacturer or wholesale dealer or the Liquor Control Board.

* * *

(27) "Special events permit": a permit granted by the Liquor Control Board permitting a person holding a manufacturer's or rectifier's license licensed manufacturer or rectifier to sell by the glass or by unopened bottle spirits, fortified wines, malt beverages, or vinous beverages manufactured or rectified by the license holder at an event open to the public that has been approved by the local licensing authority. For the purposes of tasting only, the permit holder may distribute, with or without charge, beverages manufactured by the permit holder by the glass no more than two ounces per product and eight ounces total of malt beverages or vinous beverages and no more than one ounce in total of spirits or fortified wines to each individual. No more than 104 special events permits may be issued to a holder of a manufacturer's or rectifier's license licensed manufacturer or rectifier during a year. A special

event events permit shall be valid for the duration of each public event or four days, whichever is shorter. Requests for a special events permit, accompanied by the fee as required by subdivision 231(13) of this title, shall be submitted to the Department of Liquor Control at least five days prior to the date of the event. Each manufacturer or rectifier planning to attend a single special event under this permit may be listed on a single permit. However, each attendance at a special event shall count toward the manufacturer's or rectifier's annual limit of 104 special event permit limitation special events permits.

(28) "Fourth-class license" or "farmers' market license": the license granted by the Liquor Control Board permitting a manufacturer or rectifier of malt beverages, vinous beverages, fortified wines, or spirits licensed manufacturer or rectifier to sell by the unopened container and distribute by the glass with or without charge, beverages manufactured by the licensee. No more than a combined total of ten fourth-class and farmers' market licenses may be granted to a licensed manufacturer or rectifier. fourth-class license location, a manufacturer or rectifier of vinous beverages, malt beverages, fortified wines, or spirits licensed manufacturer or rectifier may sell by the unopened container and distribute by the glass, with or without charge, vinous beverages, malt beverages, fortified wines, or spirits produced by no more than five additional manufacturers or rectifiers, provided these beverages are purchased on invoice from the manufacturer or rectifier. A manufacturer or rectifier of vinous beverages, malt beverages, fortified wines, or spirits may sell its product to no more than five additional manufacturers or rectifiers. A fourth-class licensee may distribute by the glass no more than two ounces of malt beverages or vinous beverages with a total of eight ounces to each retail customer and no more than one-quarter ounce of spirits or fortified wine with a total of one ounce to each retail customer for consumption on the manufacturer's premises or at a farmers' market. A fourth class fourth-class licensee may distribute by the glass up to four mixed drinks containing a combined total of no more than one ounce of spirits or fortified wine to each retail customer for consumption only on the manufacturer's premises. farmers' market license is valid for all dates of operation for a specific farmers' market location.

* * *

(36) "Outside consumption permit": a permit granted by the Liquor Control Board allowing the holder of a first-class of, first- and third-class license holder and, or fourth-class license holder to allow for consumption of alcohol in a delineated outside area.

* * *

- (40) "Retail delivery permit": a permit granted by the Liquor Control Board that permits a second-class licensee to deliver malt beverages or vinous beverages sold by the licensee to the purchaser at a location in Vermont.
- (41) "Destination resort master license": a license granted by the Liquor Control Board pursuant to section 472 of this title permitting a destination resort to designate licensed caterers and commercial caterers that will be permitted to cater individual events within the boundaries of the resort without being required to obtain a request to cater permit for each individual event. For purposes of a destination resort master license, a "destination resort" is a resort that contains at least 100 acres of land, offers at least 50 units of sleeping accommodations, offers food and beverage service to the public for consideration, and has related sports and recreational facilities for the convenience or enjoyment of its guests.
- Sec. 2. 7 V.S.A. § 67 is amended to read:
- § 67. ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE TASTINGS; PERMIT; PENALTIES

* * *

- (d) Promotional alcoholic beverage tasting:
- (1) At the request of a holder of a first- or second-class license, a holder of a manufacturer's, rectifier's, or wholesale dealer's license may distribute without charge to the first- or second-class licensee's management and staff, provided they are of legal drinking age and are off duty for the rest of the day, two ounces per person of vinous or malt beverages for the purpose of promoting the beverage. At the request of a holder of a third-class license, a manufacturer or rectifier of spirits or fortified wines may distribute without charge to the third-class licensee's management and staff, provided they are of legal drinking age and are off duty for the rest of the day, one-quarter ounce of each beverage and no more than a total of one ounce to each individual for the purpose of promoting the beverage. No permit is required under this subdivision, but written notice of the event shall be provided to the Department of Liquor Control at least five days two days prior to the date of the tasting.

* * *

(e) Tastings for product quality assurance. A licensed manufacturer or rectifier may distribute to its management and staff who are directly involved in the production of the licensee's products, provided they are of legal drinking age and at the licensed premises, samples of the licensee's products for the purpose of assuring the quality of the products. Each sample of vinous or malt beverages shall be no larger than two ounces, and each sample of spirits or

fortified wines shall be no larger than one-quarter ounce. No permit is required under this subsection.

- (f) Age and training of servers. No individual who is under the age of 18 years of age or who has not received training as required by the Department may serve alcoholic beverages at an event under this section.
- (f)(g) Penalties. The holder of a permit issued under this section that provides alcoholic beverages to an underage individual or permits an individual under the age of 18 years of age to serve alcoholic beverages at a beverage tasting event under this section shall be fined not less than \$500.00 nor more than \$2,000.00 or imprisoned not more than two years, or both.
- Sec. 3. 7 V.S.A. § 70 is added to read:

§ 70. MANUFACTURERS OF MALT BEVERAGES; TRANSFER OF MALT BEVERAGES BETWEEN LICENSED LOCATIONS

- (a) A licensed manufacturer of malt beverages may transfer malt beverages to a second licensed manufacturer of malt beverages without payment of taxes pursuant to section 421 of this title provided:
 - (1) the manufacturers are part of the same company;
- (2) one manufacturer owns the controlling interest in the other manufacturer; or
- (3) the controlling interest in each manufacturer is owned by the same person.
- (b) For each transfer of malt beverages pursuant to this section, the manufacturers shall:
- (1) document on invoices the amount of malt beverages transferred without payment of taxes; and
- (2) prepare and maintain records of each transfer in accordance with all applicable federal laws and regulations.
- Sec. 4. 7 V.S.A. § 231 is amended to read:

§ 231. FEES FOR LICENSES AND PERMITS; DISPOSITION OF FEES

- (a) The following fees shall be paid:
- (1) For a manufacturer's or rectifier's license to manufacture or rectify malt beverages and, or vinous beverages and fortified wines, or to manufacture or rectify spirits and fortified wines, \$310.00 for either each license.

* * *

(11) For up to ten fourth-class vinous licenses, \$70.00.

* * *

- (25) For a retail delivery permit, \$100.00.
- (26) For a destination resort master license, \$500.00.

* * *

Sec. 5. 7 V.S.A. § 222 is amended to read:

§ 222. FIRST- AND SECOND-CLASS LICENSES; GRANTING OF; SALE TO MINORS; CONTRACTING FOR FOOD SERVICE

With the approval of the Liquor Control Board, the control commissioners may grant the following licenses to a retail dealer for the premises where the dealer carries on business:

(1) Upon making application and paying the license fee provided in section 231 of this title, a first-class license which authorizes the dealer to sell malt and vinous beverages for consumption only on those premises, and upon satisfying the Liquor Control Board that the premises are leased, rented, or owned by the retail dealer and are devoted primarily to dispensing meals to the public, except clubs and cabarets, and that the premises have adequate and sanitary space and equipment for preparing and serving meals. The term "public" includes patrons of hotels, boarding houses, restaurants, dining cars, and similar places where meals are served. A retail dealer carrying on business in more than one place shall acquire a first-class license for each place where the retail dealer sells malt and vinous beverages. No malt or vinous beverages shall be sold by a first-class licensee to a minor. Partially consumed bottles of vinous beverages or specialty beers that were purchased with a meal may be removed from first-class licensed premises provided the beverages are recapped or resealed.

* * *

- (7)(A) The Liquor Control Board may grant a retail delivery permit to a second-class licensee if the licensee files an application accompanied by the fee provided in section 231 of this title.
- (B)(i) A retail delivery permit holder may deliver malt beverages or vinous beverages sold from the licensed premises for consumption off the premises to the purchaser at a location in Vermont between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m.
- (ii) An employee of a retail delivery permit holder shall not be permitted to make deliveries of malt beverages or vinous beverages pursuant to

the permit unless he or she has completed a training program approved by the Department as required pursuant to section 239 of this chapter.

- (C) The Liquor Control Board shall adopt rules to implement this subdivision (7).
- Sec. 6. 7 V.S.A. § 224 is amended to read:

§ 224. THIRD-CLASS LICENSES; OPEN CONTAINERS

(a) The Liquor Control Board may grant to a person who operates a hotel, restaurant, cabaret, or club a license of the third class if the person files an application accompanied by the license fee as provided in section 231 of this title for the premises in which the business of the hotel, restaurant, cabaret, or club is carried on. The holder of a third-class license may sell spirits and fortified wines for consumption only on the premises covered by the license. The applicant for a third-class license shall satisfy the Liquor Control Board that the applicant is the bona fide owner or lessee of the premises and that the premises are operated for the purpose covered by the license.

* * *

Sec. 7. 7 V.S.A. § 242 is added to read:

§ 242. DESTINATION RESORT MASTER LICENSES

- (a) The Liquor Control Board may grant a destination resort master license to a person that operates a destination resort if the applicant files an application with the Liquor Control Board accompanied by the license fee provided in section 231 of this title. In addition to any information required pursuant to rules adopted by the Board, the application shall:
- (1) designate all licensed caterers and commercial caterers that are proposed to be permitted to cater individual events within the boundaries of the resort pursuant to the destination resort master license;
 - (2) demonstrate that the destination resort:
 - (A) contains at least 100 acres of land; and
 - (B) offers at least 50 units of sleeping accommodations; and
 - (3) include a plan of the destination resort that sets forth:
 - (A) the destination resort boundaries;
 - (B) the ownership of the destination resort lands;
- (C) the location and general design of buildings and other improvements within the resort boundaries; and

- (D) the location of any sports and recreational facilities within the resort boundaries.
- (b) A licensee may, upon five days' notice to the Department, amend the list of licensed caterers and commercial caterers that are designated in the destination resort master license.
- (c) The holder of the destination resort master license shall, at least two days prior to the date of the event, provide the Department and local control commissioners with written notice of an event within the resort boundaries that will be catered pursuant to the master licenses. A licensed caterer or commercial caterer that is designated in the master license shall not be required to obtain a request to cater permit to cater an event occurring within the destination resort boundaries if the master licensee has provided the Department and local control commissioners with the required notice pursuant to this subsection.
- (d) Real estate of a destination resort master license holder that is not contiguous with the license holder's principal premises or is located in a different municipality from the license holder's principal premises may be included in the destination resort's boundaries if it is clearly identified and delineated on the plan of the destination resort that is submitted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.
- Sec. 8. 7 V.S.A. § 424 is amended to read:

§ 424. COLLECTION

The <u>liquor control board</u> <u>Liquor Control Board</u> shall collect the tax imposed under section 422 of this title <u>from the purchaser thereof</u>. The taxes <u>so</u> collected <u>on sales by the Liquor Control Board</u> shall be paid weekly to the <u>state</u> <u>treasurer</u> <u>State Treasurer</u>, and the taxes collected on sales by a manufacturer or <u>rectifier shall be paid quarterly to the State Treasurer</u>.

Sec. 9. 7 V.S.A. § 101 is amended to read:

§ 101. COMPOSITION OF DEPARTMENT; COMMISSIONER OF LIQUOR CONTROL; LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD

- (a) The Department of Liquor Control, created by 3 V.S.A. § 212, shall include the Commissioner of Liquor Control and the Liquor Control Board.
- (b)(1) The Liquor Control Board shall consist of five persons, not more than three members of which shall belong to the same political party.
- (2)(A) Biennially, with With the advice and consent of the Senate, the Governor shall appoint a person as a member members of such the Board for a staggered five-year term, whose staggered five-year terms.

- (B) The Governor shall fill a vacancy occurring during a term by an appointment for the unexpired term in accordance with the provisions of 3 V.S.A. § 257(b).
- (C) A member's term of office shall commence on February 1 of the year in which such appointment is made the member is appointed.
- (3) The Governor shall biennially designate a member of such the Board to be its Chair.

Sec. 10. 7 V.S.A. § 102 is amended to read:

§ 102. REMOVAL

After Notwithstanding any provision of 3 V.S.A. § 2004 to the contrary, after notice and hearing, the governor Governor may remove a member of the liquor control board Liquor Control Board for incompetency, failure to discharge his or her duties, malfeasance, immorality, or other cause inimical to the general good of the state State. In case of such removal, the governor Governor shall appoint a person to fill the unexpired term.

Sec. 11. 7 V.S.A. § 106 is amended to read:

§ 106. COMMISSIONER OF LIQUOR CONTROL; REPORTS; RECOMMENDATIONS

The board shall employ an executive officer, who shall be the secretary of the board and shall be called the commissioner of liquor control. The commissioner shall be appointed for an indefinite period and shall be subject to removal upon the majority vote of the entire board. At such times and in such detail as the board directs, the commissioner shall make reports to the board concerning the liquor distribution system of the state, together with such recommendations as he deems proper for the promotion of the general good of the state.

- (a)(1) With the advice and consent of the Senate, the Governor shall appoint from among no fewer than three candidates proposed by the Liquor Control Board a Commissioner of Liquor Control for a term of four years.
- (2) The Board shall review the applicants for the position of Commissioner of Liquor Control and by a vote of the majority of the members of the Board shall select candidates to propose to the Governor. The Board shall consider each applicant's administrative expertise and his or her knowledge regarding the business of distributing and selling alcoholic beverages.

- (b) The Commissioner shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor until the end of the term for which he or she is appointed or until a successor is appointed.
- Sec. 12. 7 V.S.A. § 107 is amended to read:

§ 107. DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER OF LIQUOR CONTROL

The Commissioner of Liquor Control shall:

- (1) In towns which that vote to permit the sale of spirits and fortified wines, establish such number of local agencies therein as the Board shall determine, enter into agreements for the rental of necessary and adequate quarters, and employ suitable assistants for the operation thereof. However, it shall not be obligatory upon the Liquor Control Board shall not be obligated to establish an agency in every town which that votes to permit the sale of spirits and fortified wines.
- (2) Make regulations Recommend rules subject to the approval of and adoption by the Board governing the hours during which such local agencies shall be open for the sale of spirits and fortified wines and governing, the qualifications, deportment, and salaries of the agencies' employees, and the business, operational, financial, and revenue standards that must be met for the establishment of an agency and its continued operation.
- (3) Make regulations Recommend rules subject to the approval of and adoption by the Board governing:
- (A) the prices at which spirits shall be sold by local agencies, the method for their delivery, and the quantities of spirits that may be sold to any one person at any one time; and
- (B) the minimum prices at which fortified wines shall be sold by local agencies and second-class licensees that hold fortified wine permits, the method for their delivery, and the quantities of fortified wines that may be sold to any one person at any one time.
- (4) Supervise the quantities and qualities of spirits and fortified wines to be kept as stock in local agencies and make regulations recommend rules subject to the approval of and adoption by the Board regarding the filling of requisitions therefor on the Commissioner of Liquor Control.
- (5) Purchase through the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services spirits and fortified wines for and in behalf of the Liquor Control Board, supervise the their storage thereof and the distribution to local agencies, druggists and, licensees of the third class, third-class licensees, and holders of fortified wine permits, and make regulations recommend rules subject to the

approval of and adoption by the Board regarding the sale and delivery from the central storage plant.

- (6) Check and audit the income and disbursements of all local agencies, and the central storage plant.
- (7) Report to the Board regarding the State's liquor control system and make recommendations for the promotion of the general good of the State.
- (8) Devise methods and plans for eradicating intemperance and promoting the general good of the <u>state</u> and make effective such methods and plans as part of the administration of this title.

Sec. 13. RULEMAKING

On or before July 1, 2017, the Commissioner shall prepare and submit to the Liquor Control Board for its approval and adoption his or her recommendation for rules to govern the business, operational, financial, and revenue standards for local agencies as necessary to implement this act.

Sec. 14. LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL; DRAFT LEGISLATION

On or before January 15, 2017, the Legislative Council, in consultation with the Commissioner of Liquor Control, the Liquor Control Board, and the Office of the Attorney General, shall prepare and submit a draft bill to the House Committee on General, Housing and Military Affairs and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs that makes statutory amendments of a technical nature to improve the clarity of Title 7 through the reorganization of its provisions and the modernization of its statutory language. The draft bill shall also identify all statutory sections of Title 7 that the General Assembly shall amend substantively in order to remove out-of-date and obsolete provisions or to reflect more accurately the current practices and programs of the Liquor Control Board and the Department of Liquor Control.

Sec. 15. COMMISSIONER OF LIQUOR CONTROL; CURRENT TERM; APPOINTMENT OF SUCCESSOR

The Commissioner of Liquor Control in office on the effective date of this act shall be deemed to have commenced a four-year term pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 106(a)(1) on February 1, 2016. The Commissioner shall serve until the end of the four-year term or until a successor is appointed as provided pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 106. Notwithstanding any provision of 3 V.S.A. § 2004 or 7 V.S.A. § 106(b) to the contrary, during this current term, the Governor may remove the Commissioner for cause after notice and a hearing.

Sec. 16. EFFECTIVE DATE

- (a) This section shall take effect on July 1, 2016.
- (b) In Sec. 4, 7 V.S.A. § 231, subdivisions (a)(1) (manufacturer's or rectifier's license) and (a)(11) (fourth-class license) shall take effect on July 2, 2016. The remaining provisions of Sec. 4 shall take effect on July 1, 2016.
 - (c) The remaining sections of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2016.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: "An act relating to alcoholic beverages"

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Westman for the Committee on Finance.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Economic Development, Housing & General Affairs with the following amendment thereto:

In Sec. 4, 7 V.S.A. § 231, by striking out subdivision (a)(26) in its entirety and inserting a new subdivision (a)(26) to read as follows:

(26) For a destination resort master license, \$1,000.00.

(Committee vote: 7-0-0)

ORDERED TO LIE

S. 220.

An act relating to the public financing of campaigns.

PENDING QUESTION: Shall the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Government Operations?

(For text of report of the Committee on Government Operations, see Senate Journal of March 16, 2016, page 577)

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS FOR NOTICE

Concurrent Resolution for Notice under Joint Rule 16

The following joint concurrent resolution has been introduced for approval by the Senate and House and will be adopted by the Senate unless a Senator requests floor consideration before the end of the session of the next legislative day. Requests for floor consideration should be communicated to the Secretary's Office.

H.C.R. 279-286 (For text of Resolutions, see Addendum to House Calendar for March 17, 2016)

CONFIRMATIONS

The following appointments will be considered by the Senate, as a group, under suspension of the Rules, as moved by the President *pro tempore*, for confirmation together and without debate, by consent thereby given by the Senate. However, upon request of any senator, any appointment may be singled out and acted upon separately by the Senate, with consideration given to the report of the Committee to which the appointment was referred, and with full debate; and further, all appointments for the positions of Secretaries of Agencies, Commissioners of Departments, Judges, Magistrates, and members of the Public Service Board shall be fully and separately acted upon.

<u>Kirstin Schoonover</u> of Huntington – Superior Court Judge – By Sen. Benning for the Committee on Judiciary. (2/25/16)

<u>Brian Valentine</u> of Huntington – Magistrate Division Judge – By Sen. Nitka for the Committee on Judiciary. (3/9/16)

<u>Mary Morrissey</u> of Jericho – Superior Court Judge – By Sen. Ashe for the Committee on Judiciary. (3/9/16)

<u>Christopher Cole</u> of Richmond – Secretary of the Agency of Transportation – By Sen. Mazza for the Committee on Transportation. (3/16/16)

Kevin Bourdon of Waltham – Member, Electricians Licensing Board – By Sen. Balint for the Committee on Econ. Dev., Housing and General Affairs. (3/11/16)

Hannah Sessions of Salisbury – Member, Vermont Housing and Conservation Board – By Sen. Balint for the Committee on Econ. Dev., Housing and General Affairs. (3/11/16)

Robert Williams of Poultney – Member, Electricians Licensing Board – By Sen. Mullin for the Committee on Econ. Dev., Housing and General Affairs. (3/15/16)

Thomas Lauzon of Barre – Member, Liquor Control Board – By Sen. Cummings for the Committee on Econ. Dev., Housing and General Affairs. (3/15/16)

NOTICE OF JOINT ASSEMBLY

March 17, 2016 - 10:30 A.M. - Retention of Superior Court Judges: David Howard, Robert A. Mello, Helen M. Toor and Thomas S. Durkin.

FOR INFORMATION ONLY CROSS OVER DATES

The Joint Rules Committee established the following Crossover deadlines:

- (1) All **Senate/House** bills must be reported out of the last committee of reference (including the Committees on Appropriations and Finance/Ways and Means, except as provided below in (2) and the exceptions listed below) on or before **Friday, March 11, 2016**, and filed with the Secretary/Clerk so they may be placed on the Calendar for Notice the next legislative day.
- (2) All **Senate/House** bills referred pursuant to Senate Rule 31 or House Rule 35(a) to the Committees on Appropriations and Finance/Ways and Means must be reported out by the last of those committees on or before **Friday**, **March 18**, **2016**, and filed with the Secretary/Clerk so they may be placed on the Calendar for Notice the next legislative day.

Note: The Senate will not act on bills that do not meet these crossover deadlines, without the consent of the Senate Rules Committee.

Exceptions to the foregoing deadlines include the major money bills (Appropriations "Big Bill", Transportation Spending Bill, Capital Construction Bill, and Miscellaneous Tax Bill).