Senate Calendar

WEDNESDAY, MAY 06, 2015

SENATE CONVENES AT: 1:00 P.M.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS
Page No.
ACTION CALENDAR
UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF MAY 5, 2015
Second Reading
Favorable with Proposal of Amendment
H. 18 An act relating to Public Records Act exemptions
Government Operations Report - Sen. White
NEW BUSINESS
House Proposal of Amendment
H. 105 An act relating to disclosure of sexually explicit images without
consent
NOTICE CALENDAR
Second Reading
Favorable
J.R.H. 8 Joint resolution relating to military suicides Government Operations Report - Sen. Collamore
House Proposal of Amendment
S. 9 An act relating to improving Vermont's system for protecting children from abuse and neglect
S. 44 An act relating to creating flexibility in early college enrollment numbers
S. 108 An act relating to repealing the sunset on provisions pertaining to patient choice at end of life
S. 139 An act relating to pharmacy benefit managers and hospital observation status
ORDERED TO LIE
S. 137 An act relating to penalties for selling and dispensing marijuana 1268

ORDERS OF THE DAY

ACTION CALENDAR

UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF TUESDAY, MAY 5, 2015

Second Reading

Favorable with Proposal of Amendment

H. 18.

An act relating to Public Records Act exemptions.

Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator White for the Committee on Government Operations.

The Committee recommends that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill by striking out Sec. 21 and the reader assistance thereto in their entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Presentence and Preparole Reports; Supervision History * * *

Sec. 21. 28 V.S.A. § 204 is amended to read:

§ 204. SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN REPORT; PROTECTION OF RECORDS

* * *

(d) Any presentence report, pre-parole preparole report, or supervision history prepared by any employee of the Department in the discharge of the employee's official duty, except as provided in subdivision 204a(b)(5) and section 205 of this title, is privileged confidential and shall not be disclosed to anyone outside the Department other than the judge or the Parole Board, except that the court or Board may in its discretion permit the inspection of the report or parts thereof by the State's Attorney, the defendant or inmate, or his or her attorney, or other persons having a proper interest therein, whenever the best interest or welfare of the defendant or inmate makes that action desirable or helpful. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the Department for Children and Families from accessing the supervision history of probationers or parolees for the purpose of child protection.

* * *

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

(For House amendments, see House Journal for March 10, 2015, page 371 and March 11, 2015, page 378)

NEW BUSINESS

House Proposal of Amendment to Senate Proposal of Amendment H. 105

An act relating to disclosure of sexually explicit images without consent

The House concurs in the Senate proposal of amendment with further amendment thereto as follows:

In Sec. 2, 13 V.S.A. § 2606, in subdivision (b)(2), by striking out "and causes harm to the person depicted"

NOTICE CALENDAR

Second Reading

Favorable

J.R.H. 8.

Joint resolution relating to military suicides.

Reported favorably by Senator Collamore for the Committee on Government Operations.

(For text of resolution, see Senate Journal for April 14, 2015)

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

(For House amendments, see House Journal of April 10, 2015, page 1007)

House Proposal of Amendment

S. 9

An act relating to improving Vermont's system for protecting children from abuse and neglect.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Legislative Findings * * *

Sec. 1. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS

(a) In 2014, the tragic deaths of two children exposed problems with Vermont's system intended to protect children from abuse and neglect. This act is intended to address these problems and implement the recommendations of the Joint Legislative Committee on Child Protection created by 2014 Acts and Resolves No. 179, Sec. C.109 and improve our State's system for protecting our children to help prevent future tragedies.

- (b) To better prevent child abuse and neglect, Vermont must invest in proven strategies to support and strengthen families.
- (c) To better protect Vermont's children from abuse and neglect, and to address the increasing burden of drug abuse and other factors that are ripping families apart, the General Assembly believes that our State's child protection system must be focused on the safety and best interests of children, comprehensive, and properly funded. This system must ensure that:
- (1) the dedicated frontline professionals, including guardians ad litem, who struggle to handle the seemingly ever-increasing caseloads have the support, training, and resources necessary to do their job;
- (2) children who have suffered abuse and neglect can find safe, nurturing, and permanent homes, whether with their custodial parents, relatives, or other caring families and individuals;
- (3) the most serious cases of abuse are thoroughly investigated and prosecuted if appropriate;
- (4) courts have the information and tools necessary to make the best possible decisions;
- (5) all participants in the child protection system, from the frontline caseworker to the judge determining ultimate custody, work together to prioritize the child's safety and best interests; and
 - (6) an effective oversight structure is established.
- (d) This act is only the beginning of what must be an ongoing process in which the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary, the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare, the House Committee on Human Services, in consultation with the Senate and House Committees on Appropriations, continue to enhance the statewide approach to the prevention of child abuse and neglect.
 - * * * Agency of Human Services; Evidence-Informed Models * * *

Sec. 2. AGENCY OF HUMAN SERVICES EVIDENCE-INFORMED MODELS

The Secretary of Human Services shall identify and utilize evidence-informed models of serving families that prioritize child safety and prevention of child abuse and neglect through early interventions with high risk families that develop family strengths and reduce the impact of adverse childhood experiences. The Secretary shall make recommendations in the FY2017 budget that reflect the utilization of these models.

* * * Human Services; Child Welfare Services; Definitions * * *

Sec. 3. 33 V.S.A. § 4912 is amended to read:

§ 4912. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

* * *

- (14) "Risk of harm" means a significant danger that a child will suffer serious harm <u>by</u> other than accidental means, which harm would be likely to cause physical injury, <u>neglect</u>, <u>emotional maltreatment</u>, or sexual abuse, <u>including as the result of:</u>
- (A) a single, egregious act that has caused the child to be at significant risk of serious physical injury;
- (B) the production or preproduction of methamphetamines when a child is actually present;
- (C) failing to provide supervision or care appropriate for the child's age or development and as a result, the child is at significant risk of serious physical injury;
- (D) failing to provide supervision or care appropriate for the child's age or development due to use of illegal substances, or misuse of prescription drugs or alcohol;
- (E) failing to supervise appropriately a child in a situation in which drugs, alcohol, or drug paraphernalia are accessible to the child; and
- (F) a registered sex offender or person substantiated for sexually abusing a child residing with or spending unsupervised time with a child.

* * *

(15) "Sexual abuse" consists of any act or acts by any person involving sexual molestation or exploitation of a child, including incest, prostitution, rape, sodomy, or any lewd and lascivious conduct involving a child. Sexual abuse also includes the aiding, abetting, counseling, hiring, or procuring of a child to perform or participate in any photograph, motion picture, exhibition, show, representation, or other presentation which, in whole or in part, depicts sexual conduct, sexual excitement, or sadomasochistic abuse involving a child. Sexual abuse also includes the viewing, possession, or transmission of child pornography, with the exclusion of the exchange of images between mutually consenting minors, including the minor whose image is exchanged.

* * *

(17) "Serious physical injury" means any intentional or malicious conduct that leaves a child with an injury or injuries that leave significant or permanent bodily damage or disfigurement, or both, or that leaves a child without the ability to perform normal functions of daily living.

* * * Confidentiality * * *

- Sec. 4. 33 V.S.A. § 4913 is amended to read:
- § 4913. REPORTING CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT; REMEDIAL ACTION
 - (a) Any A mandated reporter is any:
 - (1) health care provider, including any:
- (A) physician, surgeon, osteopath, chiropractor, or physician assistant licensed, certified, or registered under the provisions of Title 26;
 - (B) any resident physician;
 - (C) intern₇;
 - (D) or any hospital administrator in any hospital in this State;
 - (F) whether or not so registered, and any registered nurse;
 - (G) licensed practical nurse;
 - (H) medical examiner;
 - (I) emergency medical personnel as defined in 24 V.S.A. § 2651(6);
 - (J) dentist;
 - (K) psychologist; and
 - (L) pharmacist, any other health care provider, child care worker,;
- (2) individual who is employed by a school district or an approved or recognized independent school, or who is contracted and paid by a school district or an approved or recognized independent school to provide student services, including any:
 - (A) school superintendent;
- (B) headmaster of an approved or recognized independent school as defined in 16 V.S.A. $\S 11_{\frac{1}{2}}$
 - (C) school teacher;
 - (D) student teacher;
 - (E) school librarian;

- (F) school principal; and
- (G) school guidance counselor, and any other individual who is employed by a school district or an approved or recognized independent school, or who is contracted and paid by a school district or an approved or recognized independent school to provide student services;
 - (3) child care worker;
 - (4) mental health professional;
 - (5) social worker;
 - (6) probation officer;
- (7) any employee, contractor, and grantee of the Agency of Human Services who have contact with clients;
 - (8) police officer;
 - (9) camp owner;
 - (10) camp administrator;
 - (11) camp counselor; or
 - (12) member of the clergy.
- (b) As used in subsection (a) of this section, "camp" includes any residential or nonresidential recreational program.
- (c) Any mandated reporter who has reasonable cause to believe that any child has been abused or neglected reasonably suspects abuse or neglect of a child shall report or cause a report to be made in accordance with the provisions of section 4914 of this title within 24 hours of the time information regarding the suspected abuse or neglect was first received or observed. As used in this subsection, "camp" includes any residential or nonresidential recreational program.
- $\frac{\text{(b)}(d)(1)}{\text{(d)}}$ The Commissioner shall inform the person who made the report under subsection (a) of this section:
- (1)(A) whether the report was accepted as a valid allegation of abuse or neglect;
- (2)(B) whether an assessment was conducted and, if so, whether a need for services was found; and
- (3)(C) whether an investigation was conducted and, if so, whether it resulted in a substantiation.

- (2) Upon request, the Commissioner shall provide relevant information contained in the case records concerning a person's report to a person who:
 - (A) made the report under subsection (a) of this section; and
- (B) is engaged in an ongoing working relationship with the child or family who is the subject of the report.
- (3) Any information disclosed under subdivision (2) of this subsection shall not be disseminated by the mandated reporter requesting the information. A person who intentionally violates the confidentiality provisions of this section shall be fined not more than \$2,000.00.
- (4) In providing information under subdivision (2) of this subsection, the Department may withhold information that could:
- (A) compromise the safety of the reporter or the child or family who is the subject of the report; or
 - (B) threaten the emotional well-being of the child.

* * *

Sec. 4a. 33 V.S.A. § 4914 is amended to read:

§ 4914. NATURE AND CONTENT OF REPORT; TO WHOM MADE

A report shall be made orally or in writing to the Commissioner or designee. The Commissioner or designee shall request the reporter to follow the oral report with a written report, unless the reporter is anonymous. Reports shall contain the name and address or other contact information of the reporter as well as the names and addresses of the child and the parents or other persons responsible for the child's care, if known; the age of the child; the nature and extent of the child's injuries together with any evidence of previous abuse and neglect of the child or the child's siblings; and any other information that the reporter believes might be helpful in establishing the cause of the injuries or reasons for the neglect as well as in protecting the child and assisting the family. If a report of child abuse or neglect involves the acts or omissions of the Commissioner or employees of the Department, then the report shall be directed to the Secretary of Human Services who shall cause the report to be investigated by other appropriate Agency staff. If the report is substantiated, services shall be offered to the child and to his or her family or caretaker according to the requirements of section 4915b of this title.

Sec. 5. 33 V.S.A. § 4921 is amended to read:

§ 4921. DEPARTMENT'S RECORDS OF ABUSE AND NEGLECT

(a) The Commissioner shall maintain all records of all investigations, assessments, reviews, and responses initiated under this subchapter. The

Department may use and disclose information from such records in the usual course of its business, including to assess future risk to children, to provide appropriate services to the child or members of the child's family, or for other legal purposes.

- (b) The Commissioner shall promptly inform the parents, if known, or guardian of the child that a report has been accepted as a valid allegation pursuant to subsection 4915(b) of this title and the Department's response to the report. The Department shall inform the parent or guardian of his or her ability to request records pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. This section shall not apply if the parent or guardian is the subject of the investigation.
 - (c) Upon request, the redacted investigation file shall be disclosed to:
- (1) the child's parents, foster parent, or guardian, absent good cause shown by the Department, provided that the child's parent, foster parent, or guardian is not the subject of the investigation; and
- (2) the person alleged to have abused or neglected the child, as provided for in subsection 4916a(d) of this title.
- (d) Upon request, Department records created under this subchapter shall be disclosed to:
- (1) the <u>court</u> Court, parties to the juvenile proceeding, and the child's guardian ad litem if there is a pending juvenile proceeding or if the child is in the custody of the Commissioner;
- (2) the Commissioner or person designated by the Commissioner to receive such records;
 - (3) persons assigned by the Commissioner to conduct investigations;
- (4) law enforcement officers engaged in a joint investigation with the Department, an assistant attorney general Assistant Attorney General, or a state's attorney State's Attorney; and
- (5) other State agencies conducting related inquiries or proceedings; and.
- (6) a Probate Division of the Superior Court involved in guardianship proceedings. The Probate Division of the Superior Court shall provide a copy of the record to the respondent, the respondent's attorney, the petitioner, the guardian upon appointment, and any other individual, including the proposed guardian, determined by the Court to have a strong interest in the welfare of the respondent. [Repealed.]

- (e)(1) Upon request, relevant Department records <u>or information</u> created under this subchapter <u>may shall</u> be disclosed to:
- (A) service providers working with a person or child who is the subject of the report; and A person, agency, or organization, including a multidisciplinary team empaneled under section 4917 of this title, authorized to diagnose, care for, treat, or supervise a child or family who is the subject of a report or record created under this subchapter, or who is responsible for the child's health or welfare.
- (B) <u>Health and mental health care providers working directly with the child or family who is the subject of the report or record.</u>
- (C) Educators working directly with the child or family who is the subject of the report or record.
 - (D) Licensed or approved foster care givers for the child.
- (E) Mandated reporters as defined by section 4913 of this subchapter, making a report in accordance with the provisions of section 4914 of this subchapter and engaging in an ongoing working relationship with the child or family who is the subject of the report.
- (F) A Family Division of the Superior Court involved in any proceeding in which custody of a child or parent-child contact is at issue.
- (G) A Probate Division of the Superior Court involved in guardianship proceedings.
- $\underline{\text{(H)}}$ other $\underline{\text{Other}}$ governmental entities for purposes of child protection.
 - (2) Determinations of relevancy shall be made by the Department.
- (3) In providing records or information under this subsection (e), the Department may withhold information that could:
- (A) compromise the safety of the reporter or the child or family who is the subject of the report; or
 - (B) threaten the emotional well-being of the child.
- (4) In providing records or information under this section, the Department may also provide other records related to its child protection activities for the child.
- (5) Any persons or agencies authorized to receive confidential information under this section may share such information with other persons or agencies authorized to receive confidential information under this section

for the purposes of providing services and benefits to the children and families those persons or agencies mutually serve.

(f) Any records or information disclosed under this section and information relating to the contents of those records or reports shall not be disseminated by the receiving persons or agencies to any persons or agencies, other than to those persons or agencies authorized to receive information pursuant to this section. A person who intentionally violates the confidentiality provisions of this section shall be fined not more than \$2,000.00.

Sec. 6. 33 V.S.A. § 5110 is amended to read:

§ 5110. CONDUCT OF HEARINGS

- (a) Hearings under the juvenile judicial proceedings chapters shall be conducted by the Court without a jury and shall be confidential.
- (b) The general public shall be excluded from hearings under the juvenile judicial proceedings chapters, and only the parties, their counsel, witnesses, persons accompanying a party for his or her assistance, and such other persons as the Court finds to have a proper interest in the case or in the work of the Court, including a foster parent or a representative of a residential program where the child resides, may be admitted by the Court. An individual without party status seeking inclusion in the hearing in accordance with this subsection may petition the Court for admittance by filing a request with the clerk of the Court. This subsection shall not prohibit a victim's exercise of his or her rights under sections 5233 and 5234 of this title, and as otherwise provided by law.
- (c) There shall be no publicity given by any person to any proceedings under the authority of the juvenile judicial proceedings chapters except with the consent of the child, the child's guardian ad litem, and the child's parent, guardian, or custodian. A person who violates this provision may be subject to contempt proceedings pursuant to Rule 16 of the Vermont Rules for Family Proceedings.
 - * * * Juvenile Proceedings; General Provisions; Children in Need of Care or Supervision; Request for an Emergency Care Order * * *

Sec. 7. 33 V.S.A. § 5302 is amended to read:

§ 5302. REQUEST FOR EMERGENCY CARE ORDER

(a) If an officer takes a child into custody pursuant to <u>subdivision section</u> 5301(1) or (2) of this title, the officer shall immediately notify the child's custodial parent, guardian, or custodian and release the child to the care of the child's custodial parent, guardian, or custodian unless the officer determines that the child's immediate welfare requires the child's continued absence from the home.

- (b) If the officer determines that the child's immediate welfare requires the child's continued absence from the home, the officer shall:
- (1) Remove The officer shall remove the child from the child's surroundings, contact the Department, and deliver the child to a location designated by the Department. The Department shall have the authority to make reasonable decisions concerning the child's immediate placement, safety, and welfare pending the issuance of an emergency care order.
- (2) Prepare The officer or a social worker employed by the Department for Children and Families shall prepare an affidavit in support of a request for an emergency care order and provide the affidavit to the State's Attorney. The affidavit shall include: the reasons for taking the child into custody; and to the degree known, potential placements with which the child is familiar; the names, addresses, and telephone number of the child's parents, guardian, custodian, or care provider; the name, address, and telephone number of any relative who has indicated an interest in taking temporary custody of the child. The officer or social worker shall contact the Department and the Department may prepare an affidavit as a supplement to the affidavit of the law enforcement officer or social worker if the Department has additional information with respect to the child or the family.

* * *

* * * Temporary Care Order; Custody * * *

Sec. 8. 33 V.S.A. § 5308 is amended to read:

§ 5308. TEMPORARY CARE ORDER

- (a) The Court shall order that legal custody be returned to the child's custodial parent, guardian, or custodian unless the Court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that a return home would be contrary to the best interests of the child's welfare child because any one of the following exists:
- (1) A return of legal custody could result in substantial danger to the physical health, mental health, welfare, or safety of the child.
- (2) The child or another child residing in the same household has been physically or sexually abused by a custodial parent, guardian, or custodian, or by a member of the child's household, or another person known to the custodial parent, guardian, or custodian.
- (3) The child or another child residing in the same household is at substantial risk of physical or sexual abuse by a custodial parent, guardian, or custodian, or by a member of the child's household, or another person known to the custodial parent, guardian, or custodian. It shall constitute prima facie

evidence that a child is at substantial risk of being physically or sexually abused if:

- (A) a custodial parent, guardian, or custodian receives actual notice that a person has committed or is alleged to have committed physical or sexual abuse against a child; and
- (B) a custodial parent, guardian, or custodian knowingly or recklessly allows the child to be in the physical presence of the alleged abuser after receiving such notice.
- (4) The custodial parent, guardian, or guardian custodian has abandoned the child.
- (5) The child or another child in the same household has been neglected and there is substantial risk of harm to the child who is the subject of the petition.
- (b) Upon a finding that any of the conditions set forth in subsection (a) of this section exists a return home would be contrary to the best interests of the child, the Court may issue such temporary orders related to the legal custody of the child as it deems necessary and sufficient to protect the welfare and safety of the child, including, in order of preference:
- (1) A <u>a</u> conditional custody order returning <u>or granting legal</u> custody of the child to the custodial parent, guardian, or custodian, <u>noncustodial parent, relative, or a person with a significant relationship with the child, subject to such conditions and limitations as the Court may deem necessary and sufficient to protect the child.;</u>
- (2)(A) An order transferring temporary legal custody to a noncustodial parent. Provided that parentage is not contested, upon a request by a noncustodial parent for temporary legal custody and a personal appearance of the noncustodial parent, the noncustodial parent shall present to the Court a care plan that describes the history of the noncustodial parent's contact with the child, including any reasons why contact did not occur, and that addresses:
 - (i) the child's need for a safe, secure, and stable home;
 - (ii) the child's need for proper and effective care and control; and
- (iii) the child's need for a continuing relationship with the custodial parent, if appropriate.
- (B) The Court shall consider court orders and findings from other proceedings related to the custody of the child.

- (C) The Court shall transfer legal custody to the noncustodial parent unless the Court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the transfer would be contrary to the child's welfare because any of the following exists:
- (i) The care plan fails to meet the criteria set forth in subdivision (2)(A) of this subsection.
- (ii) Transferring temporary legal custody of the child to the noncustodial parent could result in substantial danger to the physical health, mental health, welfare, or safety of the child.
- (iii) The child or another child residing in the same household as the noncustodial parent has been physically or sexually abused by the noncustodial parent or a member of the noncustodial parent's household, or another person known to the noncustodial parent.
- (iv) The child or another child residing in the same household as the noncustodial parent is at substantial risk of physical or sexual abuse by the noncustodial parent or a member of the noncustodial parent's household, or another person known to the noncustodial parent. It shall constitute prima facie evidence that a child is at substantial risk of being physically or sexually abused if:
- (I) a noncustodial parent receives actual notice that a person has committed or is alleged to have committed physical or sexual abuse against a child; and
- (II) the noncustodial parent knowingly or recklessly allows the child to be in the physical presence of the alleged abuser after receiving such notice.
- (v) The child or another child in the noncustodial parent's household has been neglected, and there is substantial risk of harm to the child who is the subject of the petition.
- (D) If the noncustodial parent's request for temporary custody is contested, the Court may continue the hearing and place the child in the temporary custody of the Department, pending further hearing and resolution of the custody issue. Absent good cause shown, the Court shall hold a further hearing on the issue within 30 days.
- (3) An order transferring temporary legal custody of the child to a relative, provided:
- (A) The relative seeking legal custody is a grandparent, great-grandparent, aunt, great aunt, uncle, great-uncle, stepparent, sibling, or step-sibling of the child.

- (B) The relative is suitable to care for the child. In determining suitability, the Court shall consider the relationship of the child and the relative and the relative's ability to:
 - (i) Provide a safe, secure, and stable environment.
 - (ii) Exercise proper and effective care and control of the child.
- (iii) Protect the child from the custodial parent to the degree the Court deems such protection necessary.
 - (iv) Support reunification efforts, if any, with the custodial parent.
 - (v) Consider providing legal permanence if reunification fails.
- (2) an order transferring temporary legal custody of the child to a noncustodial parent or to a relative;
- (3) an order transferring temporary legal custody of the child to a person with a significant relationship with the child; or
- (4) an order transferring temporary legal custody of the child to the Commissioner.
- (C)(c) The Court shall consider orders and findings from other proceedings relating to the custody of the child, the child's siblings, or children of any adult in the same household as the child.
- (d) In considering the suitability of a relative under this subdivision (3) an order under subsection (b) of this section, the Court may order the Department to conduct an investigation of a person seeking custody of the child, and the suitability of that person's home, and file a written report of its findings with the Court. The Court may place the child in the temporary custody of the Department Commissioner, pending such investigation.
- (4) A temporary care order transferring temporary legal custody of the child to a relative who is not listed in subdivision (3)(A) of this subsection or a person with a significant relationship with the child, provided that the criteria in subdivision (3)(B) of this subsection are met. The Court may make such orders as provided in subdivision (3)(C) of this subsection to determine suitability under this subdivision.
- (5) A temporary care order transferring temporary legal custody of the child to the Commissioner.
- (e)(e) If the Court transfers legal custody of the child, the Court shall issue a written temporary care order.
 - (1) The order shall include:

- (A) a \underline{A} finding that remaining in the home is contrary to the child's welfare best interests of the child and the facts upon which that finding is based; and.
- (B) a \underline{A} finding as to whether reasonable efforts were made to prevent unnecessary removal of the child from the home. If the Court lacks sufficient evidence to make findings on whether reasonable efforts were made to prevent the removal of the child from the home, that determination shall be made at the next scheduled hearing in the case but, in any event, no later than 60 days after the issuance of the initial order removing a child from the home.
- (2) The order may include other provisions as may be necessary for the protection and welfare in the best interests of the child, such as including:
- (A) establishing parent-child contact under such and terms and conditions as are necessary for the protection of the child. and terms and conditions for that contact;
- (B) requiring the Department to provide the child with services, if legal custody of the child has been transferred to the Commissioner;
- (C) requiring the Department to refer a parent for appropriate assessments and services, including a consideration of the needs of children and parents with disabilities, provided that the child's needs are given primary consideration;
 - (D) requiring genetic testing if parentage of the child is at issue;
- (E) requiring the Department to make diligent efforts to locate the noncustodial parent;
- (F) requiring the custodial parent to provide the Department with names of all potential noncustodial parents and relatives of the child; <u>and</u>
- (G) establishing protective supervision and requiring the Department to make appropriate service referrals for the child and the family, if legal custody is transferred to an individual other than the Commissioner.
- (3) <u>If legal custody of a child is transferred to the Commissioner, the Commissioner shall provide the child with assistance and services.</u> In his or her discretion, the Commissioner may provide assistance and services to <u>other</u> children and families to the extent that funds permit, <u>notwithstanding subdivision (2)(B) of this subsection.</u>
- (d) If a party seeks to modify a temporary care order in order to transfer legal custody of a child from the Commissioner to a relative or a person with a significant relationship with the child, the relative shall be entitled to preferential consideration under subdivision (b)(3) of this section, provided

that a disposition order has not been issued and the motion is filed within 90 days of the date that legal custody was initially transferred to the Commissioner. [Repealed.]

- * * * Adoption Act; Postadoption Contact Agreements * * *
- Sec. 9. 15A V.S.A. § 1-109 is amended to read:

§ 1-109. TERMINATION OF ORDERS AND AGREEMENTS FOR VISITATION OR COMMUNICATION UPON ADOPTION

When a decree of adoption becomes final, except as provided in Article 4 of this title and 33 V.S.A. § 5124, any order or agreement for visitation or communication with the minor shall be unenforceable.

Sec. 10. 33 V.S.A. § 5124 is added to read:

§ 5124. POSTADOPTION CONTACT AGREEMENTS

- (a) Either or both parents and each intended adoptive parent may enter into a postadoption contact agreement regarding communication or contact between either or both parents and the child after the finalization of an adoption by the intended adoptive parent or parents who are parties to the agreement. Such an agreement may be entered into if:
- (1) the child is in the custody of the Department for Children and Families;
 - (2) an order terminating parental rights has not yet been entered; and
- (3) either or both parents agree to a voluntary termination of parental rights, including an agreement in a case which began as an involuntary termination of parental rights.
 - (b) The Court shall approve the postadoption contact agreement if:
- (1)(A) it determines that the child's best interests will be served by postadoption communication or contact with either or both parents; and
 - (B) in making a best interests determination, it may consider:
 - (i) the age of the child;
- (ii) the length of time that the child has been under the actual care, custody, and control of a person other than a parent;
- (iii) the desires of the child, the child's parents; and the child's intended adoptive parents;

- (iv) the child's relationship with and the interrelationships between the child's parents, the child's intended adoptive parents, the child's siblings, and any other person with a significant relationship with the child;
- (v) the willingness of the parents to respect the bond between the child and the child's intended adoptive parents;
- (vi) the willingness of the intended adoptive parents to respect the bond between the child and the parents;
 - (vii) the adjustment to the child's home, school, and community;
 - (viii) any evidence of abuse or neglect of the child;
 - (ix) the recommendation of any guardian ad litem;
- (x) the recommendation of a therapist or mental health care provider working directly with the child; and
 - (xi) the recommendation of the Department;
- (2) it has reviewed and made each of the following a part of the Court record:
- (A) a sworn affidavit by the parties to the agreement which affirmatively states that the agreement was entered into knowingly and voluntarily and is not the product of coercion, fraud, or duress and that the parties have not relied on any representations other than those contained in the agreement;
- (B) a written acknowledgment by each parent that the termination of parental rights is irrevocable, even if the intended adoption is not finalized, the adoptive parents do not abide by the postadoption contact agreement, or the adoption is later dissolved;
- (C) an agreement to the postadoption contact or communication from the child to be adopted, if he or she is 14 years of age or older; and
- (D) an agreement to the postadoption contact or communication in writing from the Department, the guardian ad litem, and the attorney for the child.
- (c) A postadoption contact agreement must be in writing and signed by each parent and each intended adoptive parent entering into the agreement. There may be separate agreements for each parent. The agreement shall specify:
 - (1) the form of communication or contact to take place;
 - (2) the frequency of the communication or contact;

- (3) if visits are agreed to, whether supervision shall be required, and if supervision is required, what type of supervision shall be required;
- (4) if written communication or exchange of information is agreed upon, whether that will occur directly or through the Vermont Adoption Registry, set forth in 15A V.S.A. § 6-103;
- (5) if the Adoption Registry shall act as an intermediary for written communication, that the signing parties will keep their addresses updated with the Adoption Registry;
- (6) that failure to provide contact due to the child's illness or other good cause shall not constitute grounds for an enforcement proceeding;
- (7) that the right of the signing parties to change their residence is not impaired by the agreement;
- (8) an acknowledgment by the intended adoptive parents that the agreement grants either or both parents the right to seek to enforce the postadoption contact agreement;
- (9) an acknowledgment that once the adoption is finalized, the court shall presume that the adoptive parent's judgment concerning the best interests of the child is correct;
- (10) the finality of the termination of parental rights and of the adoption shall not be affected by implementation of the provisions of the postadoption contact agreement; and
- (11) a disagreement between the parties or litigation brought to enforce or modify the agreement shall not affect the validity of the termination of parental rights or the adoption.
- (d) A copy of the order approving the postadoption contact agreement and the postadoption contact agreement shall be filed with the Probate Division of the Superior Court with the petition to adopt filed under 15A V.S.A. Article 3, and, if the agreement specifies a role for the Adoption Registry, with the Registry.
- (e) The order approving a postadoption contact agreement shall be a separate order issued before and contingent upon the final order of voluntary termination of parental rights.
- (f) The executed postadoption contact agreement shall become final upon legal finalization of an adoption under 15A V.S.A. Article 3.

Sec. 11. 15A V.S.A. Article 9 is added to read:

<u>ARTICLE 9. ENFORCEMENT, MODIFICATION, AND TERMINATION</u> <u>OF POSTADOPTION CONTACT AGREEMENTS</u>

§ 9-101. ENFORCEMENT, MODIFICATION, AND TERMINATION OF POSTADOPTION CONTACT AGREEMENTS

- (a) An adoptive parent may petition the Court to modify or terminate a postadoption contact agreement entered into under 33 V.S.A. § 5124 if the adoptive parent believes the best interests of the child are being compromised by the terms of the agreement. In an action brought under this section, the burden of proof shall be on the adoptive parent to show by clear and convincing evidence that the modification or termination of the agreement is in the best interests of the child.
- (b) A former parent may petition for enforcement of a postadoption contact agreement entered into under 33 V.S.A. § 5124 if the adoptive parent is not in compliance with the terms of the agreement. In an action brought under this section, the burden of proof shall be on the former parent to show by a preponderance of the evidence that enforcement of the agreement is in the best interests of the child.
- (c) A disagreement between the parties or litigation brought to enforce or modify the agreement shall not affect the validity of the termination of parental rights or the adoption.
- (d) The Court shall not act on a petition to modify or enforce the agreement unless the petitioner had in good faith participated or attempted to participate in mediation or alternative dispute resolution proceedings to resolve the dispute prior to bringing the petition for enforcement.
- (e) Parties to the proceeding shall be the individuals who signed the original agreement created under 33 V.S.A. § 5124. The adopted child, if 14 years of age or older, may also participate. The Department for Children and Families shall not be required to be a party to the proceeding and the Court shall not order further investigation or evaluation by the Department.
- (f) The Court may order the communication or contact be terminated or modified if the Court deems such termination or modification to be in the best interests of the child. In making a best interests determination, the Court may consider:
- (1) the protection of the physical safety of the adopted child or other members of the adoptive family;
 - (2) the emotional well-being of the adopted child;

- (3) whether enforcement of the agreement undermines the adoptive parent's parental authority; and
- (4) whether, due to a change in circumstances, continued compliance with the agreement would be unduly burdensome to one or more of the parties.
- (g) A Court-imposed modification of the agreement may limit, restrict, condition, or decrease contact between the former parents and the child, but in no event shall a Court-imposed modification serve to expand, enlarge, or increase the amount of contact between the former parents and the child or place new obligations on the adoptive parents.
- (h) A hearing held to enforce, modify, or terminate an agreement for postadoption contact shall be confidential.
- (i) Failure to comply with the agreement or petitioning the Court to enforce, modify, or terminate an agreement shall not form the basis for an award of monetary damages.
- (j) An agreement for postadoption contact or communication under 33 V.S.A. § 5124 shall cease to be enforceable on the date the adopted child turns 18 years of age or upon dissolution of the adoption.

Sec. 12. 33 V.S.A. § 152 is amended to read:

§ 152. ACCESS TO RECORDS

(a) The Commissioner may obtain from the Vermont Crime Information Center the record of convictions of any person to the extent required by law or the Commissioner has determined by rule that such information is necessary to regulate a facility or individual subject to regulation by the Department or to carry out the Department's child protection obligations under chapters 49–59 of this title. The Commissioner shall first notify the person whose record is being requested.

* * *

Sec. 13. 33 V.S.A. § 6911 is amended to read:

§ 6911. RECORDS OF ABUSE, NEGLECT, AND EXPLOITATION

- (a) Information obtained through reports and investigations, including the identity of the reporter, shall remain confidential and shall not be released absent a court order, except as follows:
- (1) The investigative report shall be disclosed only to: the Commissioner or person designated to receive such records; persons assigned by the Commissioner to investigate reports; the person reported to have abused, neglected, or exploited a vulnerable adult; the vulnerable adult or his

or her representative; the Office of Professional Regulation when deemed appropriate by the Commissioner; the Secretary of Education when deemed appropriate by the Commissioner; the Commissioner for Children and Families or designee, for purposes of review of expungement petitions filed pursuant to section 4916c of this title; a law enforcement agency; the State's Attorney, or the Office of the Attorney General, when the Department believes there may be grounds for criminal prosecution or civil enforcement action, or in the course of a criminal or a civil investigation. When disclosing information pursuant to this subdivision, reasonable efforts shall be made to limit the information to the minimum necessary to accomplish the intended purpose of the disclosure, and no other information, including the identity of the reporter, shall be released absent a court order.

* * *

(c) The Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee may disclose Registry information only to:

* * *

- (5) the Commissioner for Children and Families, or the Commissioner's designee, for purposes related to:
- (A) the licensing or registration of facilities <u>and individuals</u> regulated by the Department for Children and Families; <u>and</u>
- (B) the Department's child protection obligations under chapters 49–59 of this title.

* * *

Sec. 14. 33 V.S.A. § 4916c is amended to read:

§ 4916c. PETITION FOR EXPUNGEMENT FROM THE REGISTRY

- (a)(1) A Except as provided in this subdivision, a person whose name has been placed on the Registry prior to July 1, 2009 and has been listed on the Registry for at least three years may file a written request with the Commissioner, seeking a review for the purpose of expunging an individual Registry record. A person whose name has been placed on the Registry on or after July 1, 2009 and has been listed on the Registry for at least seven years may file a written request with the Commissioner seeking a review for the purpose of expunging an individual Registry record. The Commissioner shall grant a review upon request.
- (2) A person who is required to register as a sex offender on a state's sex offender registry shall not be eligible to petition for expungement of his or her

Registry record during the period in which the person is subject to sex offender registry requirements.

- (b)(1) The person shall have the burden of proving that a reasonable person would believe that he or she no longer presents a risk to the safety or well-being of children.
- (2) Factors to be considered by the The Commissioner shall include consider the following factors in making his or her determination:
- (1)(A) the nature of the substantiation that resulted in the person's name being placed on the Registry;
 - (2)(B) the number of substantiations, if more than one;
 - (3)(C) the amount of time that has elapsed since the substantiation;
- (4)(D) the circumstances of the substantiation that would indicate whether a similar incident would be likely to occur;
- (5)(E) any activities that would reflect upon the person's changed behavior or circumstances, such as therapy, employment, or education; and
 - (6)(F) references that attest to the person's good moral character; and
 - (G) any other information that the Commissioner deems relevant.

* * *

- * * * Municipal and County Government; Special Investigative Units; Mission and Jurisdiction * * *
- Sec. 15. 24 V.S.A. § 1940 is amended to read:
- § 1940. TASK FORCES; SPECIALIZED SPECIAL INVESTIGATIVE UNITS; BOARDS; GRANTS
- (a) Pursuant to the authority established under section 1938 of this title, and in collaboration with law enforcement agencies, investigative agencies, victims' advocates, and social service providers, the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs shall coordinate efforts to provide access in each region of the state State to special investigative units to investigate sex crimes, child abuse, domestic violence, or crimes against those with physical or developmental disabilities. The General Assembly intends that access to special investigative units be available to all Vermonters as soon as reasonably possible, but not later than July 1, 2009 which:
 - (1) shall investigate:
- (A) an incident in which a child suffers, by other than accidental means, serious bodily injury as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1021; and

- (B) potential violations of:
 - (i) 13 V.S.A. § 2602 (lewd or lascivious conduct with child);
 - (ii) 13 V.S.A. chapter 60 (human trafficking);
 - (iii) 13 V.S.A. chapter 64 (sexual exploitation of children);
 - (iv) 13 V.S.A. chapter 72 (sexual assault); and
 - (v) 13 V.S.A. § 1379 (sexual abuse of a vulnerable adult); and
- (2) may investigate:
 - (A) an incident in which a child suffers:
- (i) bodily injury, by other than accidental means, as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1021; or
 - (ii) death;
 - (B) potential violations of:
 - (i) 13 V.S.A. § 2601 (lewd and lascivious conduct);
 - (ii) 13 V.S.A. § 2605 (voyeurism); and
 - (iii) 13 V.S.A. § 1304 (cruelty to a child); and
- (C) an incident involving potential domestic violence or crimes against those with physical or developmental disabilities.
- (b) A task force or specialized special investigative unit organized and operating under this section may accept, receive, and disburse in furtherance of its duties and functions any funds, grants, and services made available by the State of Vermont and its agencies, the federal government and its agencies, any municipality or other unit of local government, or private or civic sources. Any employee covered by an agreement establishing a special investigative unit shall remain an employee of the donor agency.
- (c) A Specialized Special Investigative Unit Grants Board is created which shall be comprised of comprise the Attorney General, the Secretary of Administration, the Executive Director of the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs, the Commissioner of Public Safety, the Commissioner for Children and Families, a representative of the Vermont Sheriffs' Association, a representative of the Vermont Association of Chiefs of Police, the Executive Director of the Center for Crime Victim Services, and the Executive Director of the Vermont League of Cities and Towns. Specialized Special investigative units organized and operating under this section for the investigation of sex erimes, child abuse, elder abuse, domestic violence, or crimes against those with physical or developmental disabilities may apply to the Board for a grant

or grants covering the costs of salaries and employee benefits to be expended during a given year for the performance of unit duties as well as unit operating costs for rent, utilities, equipment, training, and supplies. Grants under this section shall be approved by a majority of the entire Board and shall not exceed 50 percent of the yearly salary and employee benefit costs of the unit. Preference shall be given to grant applications which include the participation of the Department of Public Safety, the Department for Children and Families, sheriffs' departments, community victims' advocacy organizations, and municipalities within the region. Preference shall also be given to grant applications which promote policies and practices that are consistent across the State, including policies and practices concerning the referral of complaints, the investigation of cases, and the supervision and management of special investigative units. However, a sheriff's department in a county with a population of less fewer than 8,000 residents shall upon application receive a grant of up to \$20,000.00 for 50 percent of the yearly salary and employee benefits costs of a part-time specialized special investigative unit investigator which shall be paid to the department as time is billed on a per hour rate as agreed by contract up to the maximum amount of the grant.

- (d) The Board may adopt rules relating to grant eligibility criteria, processes for applications, awards, and reports related to grants authorized pursuant to this section. The Attorney General shall be the adopting authority.
- Sec. 16. 33 V.S.A. § 4915b(e) is amended to read:
- (e) The Department shall report to and request assistance from law enforcement in the following circumstances:
- (1) investigations of child sexual abuse by an alleged perpetrator age 10 or older:
- (2) investigations of serious physical abuse or neglect likely to result in criminal charges or requiring emergency medical care;
- (3) situations potentially dangerous to the child or Department worker. [Repealed.]
- Sec. 17. 33 V.S.A. § 4915 is amended to read:
- § 4915. ASSESSMENT AND INVESTIGATION

* * *

- (g) The Department shall report to and receive assistance from law enforcement in the following circumstances:
- (1) investigations of child sexual abuse by an alleged perpetrator 10 years of age or older;

- (2) investigations of serious physical abuse or neglect requiring emergency medical care, resulting in death, or likely to result in criminal charges; and
 - (3) situations potentially dangerous to the child or Department worker.
- (h) The Department shall report to the appropriate special investigative unit any valid allegation pursuant to subsection (b) of this section concerning an incident in which a child suffers, by other than accidental means:
 - (1) serious bodily injury as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1021; and
 - (2) potential violations of:
 - (A) 13 V.S.A. § 2602 (lewd or lascivious conduct with child);
 - (B) 13 V.S.A. chapter 60 (human trafficking);
 - (C) 13 V.S.A. chapter 64 (sexual exploitation of children); and
 - (D) 13 V.S.A. chapter 72 (sexual assault).
 - * * * Penalties for Mandated Reporters, Public Officers, and Others * * *
- Sec. 18. [Deleted]
- Sec. 19. [Deleted]
- Sec. 20. [Deleted]
- Sec. 21. [Deleted]
 - * * * Department for Children and Families; Policies * * *
- Sec. 22. THE DEPARTMENT FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES, POLICIES, PROCEDURES, AND PRACTICES
 - (a) The Commissioner for Children and Families shall:
- (1) ensure that Family Services Division policies, procedures, and practices are consistent with the best interests of the child and are consistent with statute;
- (2) ensure that Family Services Division policies, procedures, and practices are consistent with each other and are applied in a consistent manner, in all Department offices and in all regions of the State;
- (3) develop metrics as to the appropriate case load for social workers in the Family Services Division that take into account the experience and training of a social worker, the number of families and the total number of children a social worker is responsible for, and the acuity or difficulty of cases;

- (4) ensure that all Family Services Division employees receive training on:
 - (A) relevant policies, procedures, and practices; and
 - (B) the employees' legal responsibilities and obligations;
 - (5) develop policies, procedures, and practices to:
- (A) ensure the consistent sharing of information, in a manner that complies with statute, treatment providers, courts, State's Attorneys, guardians ad litem, law enforcement, and other relevant parties;
- (B) encourage treatment providers and all agencies, departments, and other persons that support recovery to provide regular treatment progress updates to the Commissioner;
- (C) ensure that courts have all relevant information in a timely fashion, and that Department employees file paperwork and reports in a timely manner;
- (D) require that the Family Services Division assess a child's safety if:
- (i) the child remains in a home from which other children have been removed; or
- (ii) the child remains in the custody of a parent or guardian whose parental rights as to another child have been terminated;
- (E) improve information sharing with mandatory reporters who have an ongoing relationship with a child;
- (F) ensure that mandatory reporters are informed that any confidential information they may receive cannot be disclosed to a person who is not authorized to receive that information;
- (G) ensure all parties authorized to receive confidential information are informed of their right to receive that information; and
- (H) apply results-based accountability or other data-based quality measures to determine if children who receive services from the Family Services Division in different areas of the State have different outcomes and the reasons for those differences;
- (6) ensure that all employees assigned to carry out investigations of child abuse and neglect have training or experience in conducting investigations and have a master's degree in social work or an equivalent degree, or relevant experience; and

- (7) by September 30, 2015, develop and implement a Family Services Division policy requiring a six-month supervision period by the Department after a child is returned to the home from which he or she was removed due to abuse or neglect.
- (b) The Commissioner for Children and Families shall, within available resources, develop a plan to implement the following policies, procedures, and practices, including identifying potential costs to:
- (1) increase the number of required face-to-face meetings between Family Services Division social workers and children;
- (2) increase the number of required home visits and require unannounced home visits by Family Services Division social workers; and
- (3) require that all persons living in a household, or that will have child care responsibilities, will be assessed for criminal history and potential safety risks whenever a child who has been removed from a home is returned to that home.
- (c) On or before September 30, 2015, the Commissioner shall submit a written response to the House Committees on Human Services and on Judiciary and to the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Judiciary with the Commissioner's response to the issues in subsection (a) of this section, including the language of any new or amended policies and procedures.
 - * * * Legislature; Establishing a Joint Legislative Child Protection Oversight Committee * * *

Sec. 23. JOINT LEGISLATIVE CHILD PROTECTION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

- (a) Creation. There is created a Joint Legislative Child Protection Oversight Committee.
- (b) Membership. The Committee shall be composed of the following six members, who shall be appointed each biennial session of the General Assembly:
- (1) Three current members of the House of Representatives, not all from the same political party, who shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House; and
- (2) Three current members of the Senate, not all from the same political party, who shall be appointed by the Committee on Committees.
 - (3) One appointment shall be made from the following committees:

- (A) House Committee on Education;
- (B) Senate Committee on Education;
- (C) House Committee on Judiciary;
- (D) Senate Committee on Judiciary;
- (E) House Committee on Human Services; and
- (F) Senate Committee on Health and Welfare.

(c) Powers and duties.

(1) The Committee shall:

- (A) Exercise oversight over Vermont's system for protecting children from abuse and neglect, including:
- (i) evaluating whether the branches, departments, agencies, and persons that are responsible for protecting children from abuse and neglect are effective;
- (ii) determining if there are deficiencies in the system and the causes of those deficiencies;
 - (iii) evaluating which programs are the most cost-effective;
- (iv) determining whether there is variation in policies, procedures, practices, and outcomes between different areas of the State and the causes and results of any such variation;
- (v) evaluating whether licensed mandatory reporters should be required to certify that they completed training on the requirements set forth under 33 V.S.A. § 4913; and
- (vi) evaluating the measures recommended by the Working Group to Recommend Improvements to CHINS Proceedings established in Sec. 24 of this act to ensure that once a child is returned to his or her family, the court or the Department for Children and Families may continue to monitor the child and family where appropriate.
- (B) At least annually, report on the Committee's activities and recommendations to the General Assembly.
- (2) The Committee may review and make recommendations to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations regarding budget proposals and appropriations relating to protecting children from abuse and neglect.
- (d) Assistance. The Committee shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Office of Legislative Council.

(e) Retaliation. No person who is an employee of the State of Vermont, or of any State, local, county, or municipal department, agency, or person involved in child protection, and who testifies before, supplies information to, or cooperates with the Committee shall be subject to retaliation by his or her employer. Retaliation shall include job termination, demotion in rank, reduction in pay, alteration in duties and responsibilities, transfer, or a negative job performance evaluation based on the person's having testified before, supplied information to, or cooperated with the Committee.

(f) Meetings.

- (1) The member appointed from the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare shall call the first meeting of the Committee.
- (2) The Committee shall select a Chair, Vice Chair, and Clerk from among its members and may adopt rules of procedure. The Chair shall rotate biennially between the House and the Senate members. A quorum shall consist of five members.
- (3) When the General Assembly is in session, the Committee shall meet at the call of the Chair. The Committee may meet six times during adjournment, and may meet more often subject to approval of the Speaker of the House and the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.
- (g) Reimbursement. For attendance at meetings during adjournment of the General Assembly, members of the Committee shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 406.
- (h) Sunset. On June 1, 2018 this section (creating the Joint Legislative Child Protection Oversight Committee) is repealed and the Committee shall cease to exist.
 - * * * Improvements to CHINS Proceedings * * *

Sec. 24. WORKING GROUP TO RECOMMEND IMPROVEMENTS TO CHINS PROCEEDINGS

- (a) Creation. There is created a working group to recommend ways to improve the efficiency, timeliness, and process of Children in Need of Care or Supervision (CHINS) proceedings.
- (b) Membership. The Working Group shall be composed of the following members:
 - (1) the Chief Administrative Judge or designee;
 - (2) the Defender General or designee;
 - (3) the Attorney General or designee;

- (4) the Commissioner for Children and Families or designee;
- (5) the Executive Director of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs or designee; and
- (6) a guardian ad litem who shall be appointed by the Chief Superior Judge.
- (c) Powers and duties. The Working Group shall study and make recommendations concerning:
- (1) how to ensure that statutory time frames are met in 90 percent of proceedings;
- (2) how to ensure that attorneys, judges, and guardians ad litem appear on time and are prepared;
- (3) how to monitor and improve the performance and work quality of attorneys, judges, and guardians ad litem;
- (4) how to ensure that there is a sufficient number of attorneys available to handle all CHINS cases, in all regions of the State, in a timely manner;
- (5) the role of guardians ad litem, and how to ensure their information is presented to, and considered by, the court;
- (6) how to expedite a new proceeding that concerns a family with repeated contacts with the child protection system;
- (7) whether the adoption of American Bar Association standards for attorneys who work in the area of child abuse and neglect would be appropriate;
- (8) the feasibility of creating a statewide Family Drug Treatment Court initiative to improve substance abuse treatment and child welfare outcomes;
- (9) whether requiring a reunification hearing would improve child welfare outcomes;
- (10) how and whether to provide financial assistance to individuals seeking to mediate a dispute over a postadoption contact agreement;
- (11) how and whether to change the confidentiality requirements for juvenile judicial proceedings under 33 V.S.A. chapter 53;
- (12) best practices regarding representation of children in juvenile judicial proceedings; and
- (13) any other issue the Working Group determines is relevant to improve the efficiency, timeliness, process, and results of CHINS proceedings.

- (d) Assistance. The Working Group shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Office of the Attorney General. The Working Group may consult with any persons necessary in fulfilling its powers and duties.
- (e) Report. On or before November 1, 2015, the Working Group shall provide a report on its findings and recommendations with respect to subdivisions (c)(1)–(5) of this section to the Joint Legislative Child Protection Oversight Committee, the House Committees on Human Services and on Judiciary, and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Judiciary. On or before November 1, 2016, the Working Group shall report its findings and recommendations with respect to subdivisions (c)(6)-(13) of this section to the same Committees.

(f) Meetings and sunset.

- (1) The Attorney General or designee shall call the first meeting of the Working Group.
- (2) The Working Group shall select a chair from among its members at the first meeting.
 - (3) The Working Group shall cease to exist on November 2, 2016.
 - * * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 25. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2015, except for this section, Secs. 22 (Department for Children and Families; policies, procedures, and practices), 23 (Joint Legislative Child Protection Oversight Committee), and 24 (Working Group to Recommend Improvements to CHINS Proceedings), which shall take effect on passage.

House Proposal of Amendment

S. 44

An act relating to creating flexibility in early college enrollment numbers.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill as follows:

By striking out Sec. 2. (effective date) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof four new sections to be Secs. 2–5 to read as follows:

Sec. 2. 16 V.S.A. chapter 87, subchapter 8 is added to read:

Subchapter 8. Vermont Universal Children's Higher Education
Savings Account Program

§ 2880. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

- (1) "Approved postsecondary education institution" means any institution of postsecondary education that is:
- (A) certified by the State Board of Education as provided in section 176 or 176a of this title;
- (B) accredited by an accrediting agency approved by the U.S. Secretary of Education pursuant to the Higher Education Act;
- (C) a non-U.S. institution approved by the U.S. Secretary of Education as eligible for use of education loans made under Title IV of the Higher Education Act; or
- (D) a non-U.S. institution designated by the Corporation as eligible for use of its grant awards.
- (2) "Committee" means the Vermont Universal Children's Higher Education Savings Account Program Fund Advisory Committee.
 - (3) "Corporation" means Vermont Student Assistance Corporation.
- (4) "Eligible child" means a minor who is Vermont resident at the time the Corporation deposits or allocates funds pursuant to this subchapter for his or her benefit.
- (5) "Postsecondary education costs" means the qualified costs of tuition, fees, and other expenses for attendance at an institution of postsecondary education, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, together with the regulations promulgated thereunder.
- (6) "Program" means the Vermont Universal Children's Higher Education Savings Account Program.
- (7) "Program beneficiary" means an individual who is or who was at one time an eligible child for whom the Corporation deposited or allocated funds pursuant to this subchapter and who has not yet attained 29 years of age or, for national service program participants, the extended maturity date.
- (8) "Program Fund" means the Vermont Universal Children's Higher Education Savings Account Program Fund.
- (9) "Vermont Higher Education Investment Plan" or "Investment Plan" means the plan created pursuant to subchapter 7 of this chapter.
- (10) "Vermont resident" means an individual who is domiciled in Vermont as evidenced by the individual's intent to maintain a principal dwelling place in Vermont indefinitely and to return there if temporarily absent, coupled with an act or acts consistent with that intent. A minor is a

Vermont resident if his or her parent or legal guardian is a Vermont resident, unless a parent or legal guardian with sole legal and physical parental rights and responsibilities lives outside the State of Vermont.

§ 2880a. VERMONT UNIVERSAL CHILDREN'S HIGHER EDUCATION SAVINGS ACCOUNT PROGRAM ESTABLISHED; POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE VERMONT STUDENT ASSISTANCE CORPORATION

- (a) It is the policy of the State to expand educational opportunity for all children. Consistent with this policy, the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation shall partner with one or more foundations or other philanthropies to establish and fund the Vermont Universal Children's Higher Education Savings Account Program to expand educational opportunity and financial capability for Vermont children and their families.
- (b) Pursuant to this subchapter, the Corporation shall establish and administer the Program, which shall include the Vermont Universal Children's Higher Education Savings Account Program Fund and financial education for Program beneficiaries and their families and legal guardians. The Corporation, in addition to its other powers and authority, shall have the power and authority to adopt rules, policies, and procedures, including those pertaining to residency in the State, to implement this subchapter in conformance with federal and State law.
- (c) The Vermont Departments of Health and of Taxes and the Vermont Agencies of Education and of Human Services shall enter into agreements with the Corporation to enable the exchange of such information as may be necessary for the efficient administration of the Program.
- (d) The Corporation's obligations under this subchapter are limited to funds deposited in the Program Fund specifically for the purpose of the Program.
- (e) The Corporation shall annually on or before January 15 release a written report with a detailed description of the status and operation of the Program and management of accounts.

§ 2880b. VERMONT UNIVERSAL CHILDREN'S HIGHER EDUCATION SAVINGS ACCOUNT PROGRAM FUND

(a) The Vermont Universal Children's Higher Education Savings Account Program Fund is established as a fund to be held, directed, and administered by the Corporation. The Corporation shall invest and reinvest, or cause to be invested and reinvested, funds in the Program Fund for the benefit of the Program.

- (b) The following sources of funds shall be deposited into the Program Fund:
- (1) any grants, gifts, and other funds intended for deposit into the Program Fund from any individual or private or public entity, provided that contributions may be limited in application to specified age cohorts of beneficiaries; and
- (2) all interest, dividends, and other pecuniary gains from investment of funds in the Program Fund.
- (c) Funds in the Program Fund shall be used solely to carry out the purposes and provisions of this subchapter, including payment by the Corporation of the administrative costs of the Program and the Program Fund and of the costs associated with providing financial education to benefit Program beneficiaries and their parents and legal guardians. Funds in the Program Fund may not be transferred or used by the Corporation or the State for any purposes other than the purposes of the Program.

§ 2880c. INITIAL DEPOSITS TO THE PROGRAM FUND

- (a) Each year, the Corporation shall deposit \$250.00 into the Program Fund for each eligible child born that year, beginning on or after January 1, 2016.
- (b) In addition, if the eligible child has a family income of less than 250 percent of the federal poverty level at the time the deposit under subsection (a) of this section is made, the Corporation shall make an additional deposit into the Program Fund for the child that is equal to the deposit made under subsection (a).
- (c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of this section, if the available funds in a given calendar year are insufficient to provide for the maximum deposits under this section, the Corporation shall prorate the deposits accordingly.

§ 2880d. VERMONT HIGHER EDUCATION INVESTMENT PLAN ACCOUNTS; MATCHING ALLOCATIONS FOR FAMILIES WITH LIMITED INCOME

- (a) The Corporation shall invite the parents or legal guardians of each Program beneficiary to open a Vermont Higher Education Investment Plan account on the beneficiary's behalf.
- (b) The beneficiary, his or her parents or legal guardians, other individuals, and private and public entities may make additional deposits into a beneficiary's Investment Plan account.

- (c) Annually, the Corporation shall deposit into the Program Fund a matching allocation of up to \$250.00 per eligible child on a dollar-to-dollar basis for contributions made that year to a single Investment Plan account established for the child under this section, provided that at the time of deposit, the eligible child has a family income of less than 250 percent of the federal poverty level.
- (d) Notwithstanding subsection (c) of this section, if the available funds in a given calendar year are insufficient to provide for the maximum allocation amounts under this subsection, the Corporation shall prorate the allocations accordingly.

§ 2880e. WITHDRAWAL OF PROGRAM FUNDS

- (a) Subject to the provisions of this section, the Investment Plan requirements under subchapter 7 of this chapter, and the rules, policies, and procedures adopted by the Corporation, a Program beneficiary shall be entitled to Program funds deposited or allocated by the Corporation for his or her benefit if:
- (1) the beneficiary has attained 18 years of age or has enrolled full-time in an approved postsecondary education institution;
- (2) the Corporation has sufficient proof that the beneficiary was an eligible child at the time the deposit or allocation was made;
- (3) the funds are used for postsecondary education costs and made payable to an approved postsecondary education institution on behalf of the beneficiary; and
- (4) the withdrawal is made prior to the beneficiary's attaining 29 years of age, provided that for a beneficiary who serves in a national service program, including in the U.S. Armed Forces, AmeriCorps, or the Peace Corps, each month of service shall increase the maturity date by one month.
- (b) If a Program beneficiary does not use all of the funds deposited or allocated by the Corporation for his or her use prior to the maturity date, the beneficiary shall no longer be permitted to use these funds and the Corporation shall unallocate the unused funds from the beneficiary within the Program Fund.
- (c) This section shall not apply to withdrawal of funds that are contributed to an Investment Plan account opened for the benefit of the account's beneficiary under subsection 2880d(a) and (b) of this title and that are not Program funds deposited or allocated by the Corporation.

§ 2880f. RIGHTS OF BENEFICIARIES AND THEIR FAMILIES

- (a) A parent or legal guardian shall be allowed to opt out of the Program on behalf of his or her child.
- (b) An individual otherwise eligible for any benefit program for elders, persons who are disabled, families, or children shall not be subject to any State resource limit based on funds deposited, allocated, or contributed on behalf of an eligible child or Program beneficiary to the Program Fund or an Investment Plan.

§ 2880g. FINANCIAL LITERACY PROGRAMS

State agencies and offices, including the Agencies of Education and of Human Services and the Office of the State Treasurer, in collaboration with existing statewide community partners and nonprofit partners that specialize in financial education delivery and have developed an available infrastructure to support financial education across multiple sectors, shall develop and support programs to encourage the financial literacy of Program beneficiaries and their families and legal guardians throughout the duration of the Program via mail, mass media, and in-person delivery methods.

§ 2880h. PROGRAM FUND ADVISORY COMMITTEE

- (a) There is created a Vermont Universal Children's Higher Education Savings Account Program Fund Advisory Committee to identify and solicit public and private funds for the Program and to advise the Corporation on disbursement of funds.
 - (b) The Committee shall be composed of the following 11 members:
 - (1) the Governor or designee, ex officio;
 - (2) the President of the Corporation or designee, ex officio;
- (3) two representatives of the Vermont philanthropy community, appointed by the Governor;
- (4) two representatives of the Vermont business community, appointed by the Governor;
- (5) two members from Vermont advocacy organizations representing individuals and families with limited income, appointed by the Governor; and
 - (6) three members selected by the Committee.
- (c) Non-ex-officio members shall serve four-year terms, appointed and selected in such a manner that no more than three terms shall expire annually.

Sec. 3. VERMONT UNIVERSAL CHILDREN'S HIGHER EDUCATION SAVINGS ACCOUNT PROGRAM; INITIAL MEETING

The President of the Corporation or designee shall call the first meeting of the Committee to occur on or before August 1, 2015. The Committee shall select three members pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 2880h(b)(6), and a chair from among the Committee members, at the first meeting or as soon as possible thereafter.

Sec. 4. VERMONT STUDENT ASSISTANCE CORPORATION; ELIGIBILITY, RESIDENCY, AND RECIPROCITY REPORT

- (a) On or before January 15, 2016, the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation shall report to the House and Senate Committees on Education with its findings on the following:
- (1) whether the Program established in 16 V.S.A. chapter 87, subchapter 8 provides for Program eligibility in a manner that adequately and equitably serves the Program's purposes;
- (2) whether the Corporation has encountered, or expects to encounter, any difficulties in administering the Program on account of State residency issues:
- (3) whether the Program could partner with children's savings account programs in other New England states to develop a system or systems of program reciprocity; and
 - (4) any other recommendations for legislative action.
- (b) The reporting requirement of this section may be satisfied by providing testimony to the Committees.

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATES

- (a) Sec. 1 shall take effect on passage and shall apply retroactively to enrollments beginning in the 2014–2015 academic year.
 - (b) Secs. 2–4 shall take effect on July 1, 2015.
 - (c) This section shall take effect on passage.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to creating flexibility in early college enrollment numbers and to creating the Vermont Universal Children's Higher Education Saving Account Program.

House Proposal of Amendment

S. 108

An act relating to repealing the sunset on provisions pertaining to patient choice at end of life.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill as follows:

By adding two new sections to be Sec. 2 and Sec. 3 to read as follows:

Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. § 5293 is added to read:

§ 5293. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- (a) The Department of Health shall adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 to facilitate the collection of information regarding compliance with this chapter, including identifying patients who filled prescriptions written pursuant to this chapter. Except as otherwise required by law, information regarding compliance shall be confidential and shall be exempt from public inspection and copying under the Public Records Act.
- (b) Beginning in 2018, the Department of Health shall generate and make available to the public a biennial statistical report of the information collected pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, as long as releasing the information complies with the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191.
- Sec. 3. 18 V.S.A. § 4284(b)(2) is amended to read:
- (2) The Department shall provide reports of data available to the Department through the VPMS only to the following persons:

* * *

(G) The Commissioner of Health or the Commissioner's designee in order to identify patients who filled prescriptions written pursuant to chapter 113 of this title.

And by renumbering the remaining section (effective date) to be numerically correct.

House Proposal of Amendment

S. 139

An act relating to pharmacy benefit managers and hospital observation status.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Pharmacy Benefit Managers * * *

Sec. 1. 18 V.S.A. § 9471 is amended to read:

§ 9471. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

* * *

- (6) "Maximum allowable cost" means the per unit drug product reimbursement amount, excluding dispensing fees, for a group of equivalent multisource generic prescription drugs.
- Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. § 9473 is amended to read:
- § 9473. PHARMACY BENEFIT MANAGERS; REQUIRED PRACTICES WITH RESPECT TO PHARMACIES

* * *

- (c) For each drug for which a pharmacy benefit manager establishes a maximum allowable cost in order to determine the reimbursement rate, the pharmacy benefit manager shall do all of the following:
- (1) Make available, in a format that is readily accessible and understandable by a pharmacist, the actual maximum allowable cost for each drug and the source used to determine the maximum allowable cost.
- (2) Update the maximum allowable cost at least once every seven calendar days. In order to be subject to maximum allowable cost, a drug must be widely available for purchase by all pharmacies in the State, without limitations, from national or regional wholesalers and must not be obsolete or temporarily unavailable.
- (3) Establish or maintain a reasonable administrative appeals process to allow a dispensing pharmacy provider to contest a listed maximum allowable cost.
- (4) Respond in writing to any appealing pharmacy provider within 10 calendar days after receipt of an appeal, provided that a dispensing pharmacy

provider shall file any appeal within 10 calendar days from the date its claim for reimbursement is adjudicated.

* * * Notice of Hospital Observation Status * * *

Sec. 3. 18 V.S.A. § 1905 is amended to read:

§ 1905. LICENSE REQUIREMENTS

Upon receipt of an application for license and the license fee, the licensing agency shall issue a license when it determines that the applicant and hospital facilities meet the following minimum standards:

* * *

- (22) All hospitals shall provide oral and written notices to each individual that the hospital places in observation status as required by section 1911a of this title.
- Sec. 4. 18 V.S.A. § 1911a is added to read:

1911a. NOTICE OF HOSPITAL OBSERVATION STATUS

- (a)(1) Each hospital shall provide oral and written notice to each Medicare beneficiary that the hospital places in observation status as soon as possible but no later than 24 hours following such placement, unless the individual is discharged or leaves the hospital before the 24-hour period expires. The written notice shall be a uniform form developed by the Department of Health, in consultation with interested stakeholders, for use in all hospitals.
- (2) If a patient is admitted to the hospital as an inpatient before the notice of observation has been provided, and under Medicare rules the observation services may be billed as part of the inpatient stay, the hospital shall not be required to provide notice of observation status.
 - (b) Each oral and written notice shall include:
- (1) a statement that the individual is under observation as an outpatient and is not admitted to the hospital as an inpatient;
- (2) a statement that observation status may affect the individual's Medicare coverage for hospital services, including medications and pharmaceutical supplies, and for rehabilitative or skilled nursing services at a skilled nursing facility if needed upon discharge from the hospital; and
- (3) a statement that the individual may contact the Office of the Health Care Advocate or the Vermont State Health Insurance Assistance Program to understand better the implications of placement in observation status.

- (c) Each written notice shall include the name and title of the hospital representative who gave oral notice; the date and time oral and written notice were provided; the means by which written notice was provided, if not provided in person; and contact information for the Office of the Health Care Advocate and the Vermont State Health Insurance Assistance Program.
- (d) Oral and written notice shall be provided in a manner that is understandable by the individual placed in observation status or by his or her representative or legal guardian.
- (e) The hospital representative who provided the written notice shall request a signature and date from the individual or, if applicable, his or her representative or legal guardian, to verify receipt of the notice. If a signature and date were not obtained, the hospital representative shall document the reason.

Sec. 4a. NOTICE OF OBSERVATION STATUS FOR PATIENTS WITH COMMERCIAL INSURANCE

The General Assembly requests that the Vermont Association of Hospitals and Health Systems and the Office of the Health Care Advocate consider the appropriate notice of hospital observation status that patients with commercial insurance should receive and the circumstances under which such notice should be provided. The General Assembly requests that the Vermont Association of Hospitals and Health Systems and the Office of the Health Care Advocate provide their findings and recommendations to the House Committee on Health Care and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare on or before January 15, 2016.

* * * Reports * * *

Sec. 5. VERMONT HEALTH CARE INNOVATION PROJECT; UPDATES

The Project Director of the Vermont Health Care Innovation Project (VHCIP) shall provide an update at least quarterly to the House Committees on Health Care and on Ways and Means, the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Finance, and the Health Reform Oversight Committee regarding VHCIP implementation and the use of the federal State Innovation Model (SIM) grant funds. The Project Director's update shall include information regarding:

- (1) the VHCIP pilot projects and other initiatives undertaken using SIM grant funds, including a description of the projects and initiatives, the timing of their implementation, the results achieved, and the replicability of the results;
- (2) how the VHCIP projects and initiatives fit with other payment and delivery system reforms planned or implemented in Vermont;

- (3) how the VHCIP projects and initiatives meet the goals of improving health care access and quality and reducing costs;
- (4) how the VHCIP projects and initiatives will reduce administrative costs;
- (5) how the VHCIP projects and initiatives compare to the principles expressed in 2011 Acts and Resolves No. 48;
- (6) what will happen to the VHCIP projects and initiatives when the SIM grant funds are no longer available; and
- (7) how to protect the State's interest in any health information technology and security functions, processes, or other intellectual property developed through the VHCIP.

Sec. 6. REDUCING DUPLICATION OF SERVICES; REPORT

- (a) The Agency of Human Services shall evaluate the services offered by each entity licensed, administered, or funded by the State, including the designated agencies, to provide services to individuals receiving home- and community-based long-term care services or who have developmental disabilities, mental health needs, or substance use disorder. The Agency shall determine areas in which there are gaps in services and areas in which programs or services are inconsistent with the Health Resource Allocation Plan or are overlapping, duplicative, or otherwise not delivered in the most efficient, cost-effective, and high-quality manner and shall develop recommendations for consolidation or other modification to maximize high-quality services, efficiency, service integration, and appropriate use of public funds.
- (b) On or before January 15, 2016, the Agency shall report its findings and recommendations to the House Committee on Human Services and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare.
 - * * * Strengthening Affordability and Access to Health Care * * *

Sec. 7. 33 V.S.A. § 1812(b) is amended to read:

- (b)(1) An individual or family with income at or below 300 percent of the federal poverty guideline shall be eligible for cost-sharing assistance, including a reduction in the out-of-pocket maximums established under Section 1402 of the Affordable Care Act.
- (2) The Department of Vermont Health Access shall establish cost-sharing assistance on a sliding scale based on modified adjusted gross income for the individuals and families described in subdivision (1) of this subsection. Cost-sharing assistance shall be established as follows:

- (A) for households with income at or below 150 percent of the federal poverty level (FPL): 94 percent actuarial value;
- (B) for households with income above 150 percent FPL and at or below 200 percent FPL: 87 percent actuarial value;
- (C) for households with income above 200 percent FPL and at or below 250 percent FPL: 77 83 percent actuarial value;
- (D) for households with income above 250 percent FPL and at or below 300 percent FPL: 73 79 percent actuarial value.
- (3) Cost-sharing assistance shall be available for the same qualified health benefit plans for which federal cost-sharing assistance is available and administered using the same methods as set forth in Section 1402 of the Affordable Care Act.

Sec. 8. COST-SHARING SUBSIDY; APPROPRIATION

- (a) Increasing the cost-sharing subsidies available to Vermont residents will not only make it easier for people with incomes below 300 percent of the federal poverty level to access health care services, but it may encourage some residents without insurance to enroll for coverage if they know they will be able to afford to use it.
- (b) The sum of \$761,308.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Vermont Health Access in fiscal year 2016 for the Exchange cost-sharing subsidies for individuals at the actuarial levels in effect on January 1, 2015.
- (c) The sum of \$2,000,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Vermont Health Access in fiscal year 2016 to increase Exchange cost-sharing subsidies beginning on January 1, 2016 to provide coverage at an 83 percent actuarial value for individuals with incomes between 200 and 250 percent of the federal poverty level and at a 79 percent actuarial value for individuals with incomes between 250 and 300 percent of the federal poverty level.

* * * Strengthening Primary Care * * *

Sec. 9. INVESTING IN PRIMARY CARE SERVICES

The sum of \$7,000,000.00 in Global Commitment funds is appropriated to the Department of Vermont Health Access in fiscal year 2016 to increase reimbursement rates for primary care providers for services provided to Medicaid beneficiaries.

Sec. 10. BLUEPRINT FOR HEALTH INCREASES

- (a) The sum of \$4,085,826.00 in Global Commitment funds is appropriated to the Department of Vermont Health Access in fiscal year 2016 to increase payments to patient-centered medical homes and community health teams pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 702.
- (b) In its use of the funds appropriated in this section, the Blueprint for Health shall work collaboratively to begin including family-centered approaches and adverse childhood experience screenings consistent with the report entitled "Integrating ACE-Informed Practice into the Blueprint for Health." Considerations should include prevention, early identification, and screening, as well as reducing the impact of adverse childhood experiences through trauma-informed treatment and suicide prevention initiatives.

Sec. 11. AREA HEALTH EDUCATION CENTERS

The sum of \$700,000.00 in Global Commitment funds is appropriated to the Department of Health in fiscal year 2016 for a grant to the Area Health Education Centers for repayment of educational loans for health care providers and health care educators.

* * * Investing in Structural Reform for Long-Term Savings * * *

Sec. 12. GREEN MOUNTAIN CARE BOARD; ALL-PAYER WAIVER; RATE-SETTING

- (a) The sum of \$862,767.00 is appropriated to the Green Mountain Care Board in fiscal year 2016, of which \$184,636.00 comes from the General Fund, \$224,774.00 is in Global Commitment funds, \$393,357.00 comes from the Board's bill-back authority pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 9374(h), and \$60,000.00 comes from the Health IT-Fund.
 - (b) Of the funds appropriated pursuant to this section, the Board shall use:
- (1) \$502,767.00 for positions and operating expenses related to the Board's provider rate-setting authority, the all-payer model, and the Medicaid cost shift;
- (2) \$300,000.00 for contracts and third-party services related to the all-payer model, provider rate-setting, and the Medicaid cost shift; and
- (3) \$60,000.00 to provide oversight of the budget and activities of the Vermont Information Technology Leaders, Inc.

Sec. 13. GREEN MOUNTAIN CARE BOARD; POSITIONS

(a) On July 1, 2015, two classified positions are created for the Green Mountain Care Board.

(b) On July 1, 2015, one exempt position, attorney, is created for the Green Mountain Care Board.

* * * Consumer Information, Assistance, and Representation * * *

Sec. 14. OFFICE OF THE HEALTH CARE ADVOCATE; APPROPRIATION; INTENT

- (a) The Office of the Health Care Advocate has a critical function in the Vermont's health care system. The Health Care Advocate provides information and assistance to Vermont residents who are navigating the health care system and represents their interests in interactions with health insurers, health care providers, Medicaid, the Green Mountain Care Board, the General Assembly, and others. The continuation of the Office of the Health Care Advocate is necessary to achieve additional health care reform goals.
- (b) The sum of \$40,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Agency of Administration in fiscal year 2016 for its contract with the Office of the Health Care Advocate.
- (c) It is the intent of the General Assembly that, beginning with the 2017 fiscal year budget, the Governor's budget proposal developed pursuant to 32 V.S.A. chapter 5 should include a separate provision identifying the aggregate sum to be appropriated from all State sources to the Office of the Health Care Advocate.

Sec. 15. CONSUMER INFORMATION AND PRICE TRANSPARENCY

The Green Mountain Care Board shall evaluate potential models for providing consumers with information about the cost and quality of health care services available across the State, including a consideration of the models used in Maine, Massachusetts, and New Hampshire, as well as any platforms developed and implemented by health insurers doing business in this State. On or before October 1, 2015, the Board shall report its findings and a proposal for a robust Internet-based consumer health care information system to the House Committee on Health Care, the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Finance, and the Health Reform Oversight Committee.

* * * Universal Primary Care * * *

Sec. 16. PURPOSE

The purpose of Secs. 16 through 20 of this act is to establish the administrative framework and reduce financial barriers as preliminary steps to the implementation of the principles set forth in 2011 Acts and Resolves No. 48 to enable Vermonters to receive necessary health care and examine the cost of providing primary care to all Vermonters without deductibles, coinsurance, or co-payments or, if necessary, with limited cost-sharing.

Sec. 17. [Deleted.]

Sec. 18. DEFINITION OF PRIMARY CARE

As used in Secs. 16 through 20 of this act, "primary care" means health services provided by health care professionals who are specifically trained for and skilled in first-contact and continuing care for individuals with signs, symptoms, or health concerns, not limited by problem origin, organ system, or diagnosis, and includes pediatrics, internal and family medicine, gynecology, primary mental health services, and other health services commonly provided at federally qualified health centers. Primary care does not include dental services.

Sec. 19. COST ESTIMATES FOR UNIVERSAL PRIMARY CARE

- (a) On or before October 15, 2015, the Joint Fiscal Office, in consultation with the Green Mountain Care Board and the Secretary of Administration or designee, shall provide to the Joint Fiscal Committee, the Health Reform Oversight Committee, the House Committees on Appropriations, on Health Care, and on Ways and Means, and the Senate Committees on Appropriations, on Health and Welfare, and on Finance an estimate of the costs of providing primary care to all Vermont residents, with and without cost-sharing by the patient, beginning on January 1, 2017.
- (b) The report shall include an estimate of the cost of primary care to those Vermonters who access it if a universal primary care plan is not implemented, and the sources of funding for that care, including employer-sponsored and individual private insurance, Medicaid, Medicare, and other government-sponsored programs, and patient cost-sharing such as deductibles, coinsurance, and co-payments.
- (c) Departments and agencies of State government and the Green Mountain Care Board shall provide such data to the Joint Fiscal Office as needed to permit the Joint Fiscal Office to perform the estimates and analysis required by this section. If necessary, the Joint Fiscal Office may enter into confidentiality agreements with departments, agencies, and the Board to ensure that confidential information provided to the Office is not further disclosed.

Sec. 20. APPROPRIATION

Up to \$200,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Joint Fiscal Office in fiscal year 2016 to be used for assistance in the calculation of the cost estimates required in Sec. 19 of this act; provided, however, that the appropriation shall be reduced by the amount of any external funds received by the Office to carry out the estimates and analysis required by Sec. 19.

* * * Green Mountain Care Board * * *

- Sec. 21. 18 V.S.A. § 9375(b) is amended to read:
 - (b) The Board shall have the following duties:

* * *

- (2)(A) Review and approve Vermont's statewide Health Information Technology Plan pursuant to section 9351 of this title to ensure that the necessary infrastructure is in place to enable the State to achieve the principles expressed in section 9371 of this title. <u>Vermont Information Technology Leaders</u>, Inc. shall be an interested party in the Board's review.
- (B) Review and approve the criteria required for health care providers and health care facilities to create or maintain connectivity to the State's health information exchange as set forth in section 9352 of this title. Within 90 days following this approval, the Board shall issue an order explaining its decision.
- (C) Annually review and approve the budget, consistent with available funds, and the core activities associated with public funding, of the Vermont Information Technology Leaders, Inc., which shall include establishing the interconnectivity of electronic medical records held by health care professionals, and the storage, management, and exchange of data received from such health care professionals, for the purpose of improving the quality of and efficiently providing health care to Vermonters. This review shall take into account the Vermont Information Technology Leaders' responsibilities in section 9352 of this title and shall be conducted according to a process established by the Board by rule pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25.

* * *

- Sec. 21a. 18 V.S.A. § 9376(b)(2) is amended to read:
 - (2) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to:
- (A) limit the ability of a health care professional to accept less than the rate established in subdivision (1) of this subsection from a patient without health insurance or other coverage for the service or services received; or
- (B) reduce or limit the covered services offered by Medicare or Medicaid.
 - * * * Vermont Information Technology Leaders * * *
- Sec. 22. 18 V.S.A. § 9352 is amended to read:
- § 9352. VERMONT INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY LEADERS
- (a)(1) Governance. The General Assembly and the Governor shall each appoint one representative to the Vermont Information Technology Leaders,

- Inc. (VITL) Board of Directors shall consist of no fewer than nine nor more than 14 members. The term of each member shall be two years, except that of the members first appointed, approximately one-half shall serve a term of one year and approximately one-half shall serve a term of two years, and members shall continue to hold office until their successors have been duly appointed. The Board of Directors shall comprise the following:
- (A) one member of the General Assembly, appointed jointly by the Speaker of the House and the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, who shall be entitled to the same per diem compensation and expense reimbursement pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 406 as provided for attendance at sessions of the General Assembly;
 - (B) one individual appointed by the Governor;
 - (C) one representative of the business community;
 - (D) one representative of health care consumers;
 - (E) one representative of Vermont hospitals;
 - (F) one representative of Vermont physicians;
- (G) one practicing clinician licensed to practice medicine in Vermont;
- (H) one representative of a health insurer licensed to do business in Vermont;
- (I) the President of VITL, who shall be an ex officio, nonvoting member;
- (J) two individuals familiar with health information technology, at least one of whom shall be the chief technology officer for a health care provider; and
 - (K) two at-large members.
- (2) Except for the members appointed pursuant to subdivisions (1)(A) and (B) of this subsection, whenever a vacancy on the Board occurs, the members of the Board of Directors then serving shall appoint a new member who shall meet the same criteria as the member he or she replaces.
- (b) Conflict of interest. In carrying out their responsibilities under this section, Directors of VITL shall be subject to conflict of interest policies established by the Secretary of Administration to ensure that deliberations and decisions are fair and equitable.
- (c)(1) Health information exchange operation. VITL shall be designated in the Health Information Technology Plan pursuant to section 9351 of this title

to operate the exclusive statewide health information exchange network for this State. The After the Green Mountain Care Board approves VITL's core activities and budget pursuant to chapter 220 of this title, the Secretary of Administration or designee shall enter into procurement grant agreements with VITL pursuant to 8 V.S.A. § 4089k. Nothing in this chapter shall impede local community providers from the exchange of electronic medical data.

(2) Notwithstanding any provision of 3 V.S.A. § 2222 or 2283b to the contrary, upon request of the Secretary of Administration, the Department of Information and Innovation shall review VITL's technology for security, privacy, and interoperability with State government information technology, consistent with the State's health information technology plan required by section 9351 of this title.

* * *

* * * Referral Registry * * *

Sec. 23. REFERRAL REGISTRY

On or before October 1, 2015, the Department of Mental Health and the Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs in the Department of Health shall develop jointly a registry of mental health and addiction services providers in Vermont, organized by county. The registry shall be updated at least annually and shall be made available to primary care providers participating in the Blueprint for Health and to the public.

* * * Ambulance Reimbursement * * *

Sec. 24. MEDICAID; AMBULANCE REIMBURSEMENT

The Department of Vermont Health Access shall evaluate the methodology used to determine reimbursement amounts for ambulance and emergency medical services delivered to Medicaid beneficiaries to determine the basis for the current reimbursement amounts and the rationale for the current level of reimbursement, and shall consider any possible adjustments to revise the methodology in a way that is budget neutral or of minimal fiscal impact to the Agency of Human Services for fiscal year 2016. On or before December 1, 2015, the Department shall report its findings and recommendations to the House Committees on Health Care and on Human Services, the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare, and the Health Reform Oversight Committee.

* * * Direct Enrollment for Individuals * * *

Sec. 25. 33 V.S.A. § 1803(b)(4) is amended to read:

(4) To the extent permitted by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, the Vermont Health Benefit Exchange shall permit <u>qualified</u> <u>individuals and</u> qualified employers to purchase qualified health benefit plans through the Exchange website, through navigators, by telephone, or directly from a health insurer under contract with the Vermont Health Benefit Exchange.

Sec. 26. 33 V.S.A. § 1811(b) is amended to read:

- (b)(1) No person may provide a health benefit plan to an individual unless the plan is offered through the Vermont Health Benefit Exchange To the extent permitted by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, an individual may purchase a health benefit plan through the Exchange website, through navigators, by telephone, or directly from a registered carrier under contract with the Vermont Health Benefit Exchange, if the carrier elects to make direct enrollment available. A registered carrier enrolling individuals in health benefit plans directly shall comply with all open enrollment and special enrollment periods applicable to the Vermont Health Benefit Exchange.
- (2) To the extent permitted by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, a small employer or an employee of a small employer may purchase a health benefit plan through the Exchange website, through navigators, by telephone, or directly from a health insurer registered carrier under contract with the Vermont Health Benefit Exchange.
- (3) No person may provide a health benefit plan to an individual or small employer unless the plan complies with the provisions of this subchapter.
 - * * * Extension of Presuit Mediation * * *

Sec. 27. 12 V.S.A. chapter 215, subchapter 2 is added to read:

Subchapter 2. Mediation Prior to Filing a Complaint of Malpractice

§ 7011. PURPOSE

The purpose of mediation prior to filing a medical malpractice case is to identify and resolve meritorious claims and reduce areas of dispute prior to litigation, which will reduce the litigation costs, reduce the time necessary to resolve claims, provide fair compensation for meritorious claims, and reduce malpractice-related costs throughout the system.

§ 7012. PRESUIT MEDIATION; SERVICE

(a) A potential plaintiff may serve upon each known potential defendant a request to participate in presuit mediation prior to filing a civil action in tort or in contract alleging that an injury or death resulted from the negligence of a

health care provider and to recover damages resulting from the personal injury or wrongful death.

- (b) Service of the request required in subsection (a) of this section shall be in letter form and shall be served on all known potential defendants by certified mail. The date of mailing such request shall toll all applicable statutes of limitations.
- (c) The request to participate in presuit mediation shall name all known potential defendants, contain a brief statement of the facts that the potential plaintiff believes are grounds for relief, and be accompanied by a certificate of merit prepared pursuant to section 1051 of this title, and may include other documents or information supporting the potential plaintiff's claim.
- (d) Nothing in this chapter precludes potential plaintiffs and defendants from presuit negotiation or other presuit dispute resolution to settle potential claims.

§ 7013. MEDIATION RESPONSE

- (a) Within 60 days of service of the request to participate in presuit mediation, each potential defendant shall accept or reject the potential plaintiff's request for presuit mediation by mailing a certified letter to counsel or if the party is unrepresented to the potential plaintiff.
- (b) If the potential defendant agrees to participate, within 60 days of the service of the request to participate in presuit mediation, each potential defendant shall serve a responsive certificate on the potential plaintiff by mailing a certified letter indicating that he or she, or his or her counsel, has consulted with a qualified expert within the meaning of section 1643 of this title and that expert is of the opinion that there are reasonable grounds to defend the potential plaintiff's claims of medical negligence. Notwithstanding the potential defendant's acceptance of the request to participate, if the potential defendant does not serve such a responsive certificate within the 60-day period, then the potential plaintiff need not participate in the presuit mediation under this title and may file suit. If the potential defendant is willing to participate, presuit mediation may take place without a responsive certificate of merit from the potential defendant at the plaintiff's election.

§ 7014. PROCESS; TIME FRAMES

(a) The mediation shall take place within 60 days of the service of all potential defendants' acceptance of the request to participate in presuit mediation. The parties may agree to an extension of time. If in good faith the mediation cannot be scheduled within the 60-day time period, the potential plaintiff need not participate and may proceed to file suit.

- (b) If presuit mediation is not agreed to, the mediator certifies that mediation is not appropriate, or mediation is unsuccessful, the potential plaintiff may initiate a civil action as provided in the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure. The action shall be filed upon the later of the following:
- (1) within 90 days of the potential plaintiff's receipt of the potential defendant's letter refusing mediation, the failure of the potential defendant to file a responsive certificate of merit within the specified time period, or the mediator's signed letter certifying that mediation was not appropriate or that the process was complete; or
 - (2) prior to the expiration of the applicable statute of limitations.
- (c) If presuit mediation is attempted unsuccessfully, the parties shall not be required to participate in mandatory mediation under Rule 16.3 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure.

§ 7015. CONFIDENTIALITY

All written and oral communications made in connection with or during the mediation process set forth in this chapter shall be confidential. The mediation process shall be treated as a settlement negotiation under Rule 408 of the Vermont Rules of Evidence.

* * * Blueprint for Health; Reports * * *

Sec. 28. BLUEPRINT FOR HEALTH; REPORTS

- (a) The 2016 annual report of the Blueprint for Health shall present an analysis of the value-added benefits and return on investment to the Medicaid program of the new funds appropriated in the fiscal year 2016 budget, including the identification of any costs avoided that can be directly attributed to those funds, and the means of the analysis that was used to draw any such conclusions.
- (b) The Blueprint for Health shall explore and report back to the General Assembly on or before January 15, 2016 on potential wellness incentives.

Sec. 28a. PREVENTABLE ILLNESSES RELATED TO OBESITY

While the General Assembly is adjourned during fiscal year 2016, the Health Reform Oversight Committee shall review existing data on expenditures from the treatment of preventable illnesses related to obesity, including costs borne by the private sector, and shall survey existing and proposed policy measures to reduce the incidence of obesity in Vermont.

* * * Green Mountain Care Board; Payment Reform * * *

Sec. 29. PAYMENT REFORM AND DIFFERENTIAL PAYMENTS TO PROVIDERS

<u>In implementing an all-payer model and provider rate-setting, the Green</u> Mountain Care Board shall consider:

- (1) the benefits of prioritizing and expediting payment reform in primary care that shifts away from fee-for-service models;
- (2) the impact of hospital acquisitions of independent physician practices on the health care system costs, including any disparities between reimbursements to hospital-owned practices and reimbursements to independent physician practices;
- (3) the effects of differential reimbursement for different types of providers when providing the same services billed under the same codes; and
- (4) the advantages and disadvantages of allowing health care providers to continue to set their own rates for customers without health insurance or other health care coverage.
 - * * * Independent Analysis of Exchange Alternatives * * *

Sec. 29a. INDEPENDENT ANALYSIS; JOINT FISCAL OFFICE

- (a) The Joint Fiscal Office shall conduct a preliminary, independent risk analysis of the advantages and disadvantages, including the costs and the quantitative and qualitative benefits, of alternative options for the Vermont Health Benefit Exchange, including continuing the current State-based marketplace known as Vermont Health Connect, transitioning to a federally facilitated State-based marketplace, and other available options. The Chief of Health Care Reform shall provide the Joint Fiscal Office with regular updates on the Agency of Administration's analysis of alternative options. The Joint Fiscal Office may enter into contracts for assistance in performing some or all of the analysis and shall provide the results of the analysis to the Joint Fiscal Committee and the Health Reform Oversight Committee on or before September 15, 2015.
- (b) The sum of \$85,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Joint Fiscal Office in fiscal year 2016 to conduct the analysis required by this section.

Sec. 29b. VERMONT HEALTH CONNECT REPORTS

The Chief of Health Care Reform shall provide monthly reports to the House Committee on Health Care, the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Finance, the Health Reform Oversight Committee, and the Joint Fiscal Committee regarding:

- (1) the schedule, cost, and scope status of the Vermont Health Connect system's Release 1 and Release 2 development efforts, including whether any critical path items did not meet their milestone dates and the corrective actions being taken;
- (2) an update on the status of current risks in Vermont Health Connect's implementation;
- (3) an update on the actions taken to address the recommendations in the Auditor's report on Vermont Health Connect dated April 14, 2015 and any other audits of Vermont Health Connect; and
- (4) an update on the preliminary analysis of alternatives to Vermont Health Connect.

Sec. 29c. INDEPENDENT REVIEW OF VERMONT HEALTH CONNECT

The Chief of Health Care Reform shall provide the Joint Fiscal Office with the materials provided by the Independent Verification and Validation (IVV) firms evaluating Vermont Health Connect. The reports shall be provided in a manner that protects security and confidentiality as required by any memoranda of understanding entered into by the Joint Fiscal Office and the Executive Branch. For the period between July 1, 2015 and January 1, 2016, the Joint Fiscal Office shall analyze the reports and shall provide information regarding Vermont Health Connect information technology systems at least once every two months to the House Committee on Health Care, the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Finance, the Health Reform Oversight Committee, and the Joint Fiscal Committee.

* * * Alternatives to Vermont Health Connect * * *

Sec. 29d. VERMONT HEALTH CONNECT OUTCOMES; ALTERNATIVES TO VERMONT HEALTH CONNECT

- (a) The Agency of Administration shall explore all feasible alternatives to Vermont Health Connect.
- (b) The General Assembly expects Vermont Health Connect to achieve the following milestones with respect to qualified health plans offered in the individual market:

- (1) On or before May 31, 2015, the vendor under contract with the State to implement the Vermont Health Benefit Exchange shall deliver the information technology release providing the "back end" of the technology supporting changes in circumstances and changes in information to allow for a significant reduction, as described in subdivision (5) of this subsection, in the amount of time necessary for the State to process changes requested by individuals and families enrolled in qualified health plans.
- (2) On or before May 31, 2015, the State shall complete a contract to ensure automated renewal functionality for qualified health plans offered to individuals and families that has been reviewed and agreed to by the State, by registered carriers offering qualified health plans, and by the chosen vendor. The contract shall be sent to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for its review by the same date.
- (3) On or before August 1, 2015, Vermont Health Connect shall develop a contingency plan for renewing qualified health plans offered to individuals and families for calendar year 2016 and shall ensure that the registered carriers offering these qualified health plans agree to the process.
- (4) On or before October 1, 2015, the vendor under contract with the State for automated renewal of qualified health plans offered to individuals and families shall deliver the information technology release providing for the automated renewal of those qualified health plans.
- (5) On or before October 1, 2015, Vermont Health Connect customer service representatives shall begin processing new requests for changes in circumstances and for changes in information received in the first half of a month in time to be reflected on the next invoice and shall begin processing requests for changes received in the latter half of the month in time to be reflected on one of the next two invoices.
- (6) On or before October 1, 2015, registered carriers that offer qualified health plans and wish to enroll individuals and families directly shall have completed implementation of any necessary information technology upgrades.
- (c) If Vermont Health Connect fails to meet one or more of the milestones set forth in subsection (b) of this section, the Agency of Administration shall begin exploring with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services a transition to a federally supported State-based marketplace (FSSBM). The Chief of Health Care Reform shall report on the status of the exploration at the next scheduled meetings of the Joint Fiscal Committee and the Health Reform Oversight Committee.
- (d) The Joint Fiscal Committee may at any time direct the Chief of Health Care Reform to prepare an analysis and potential implementation plan

- regarding a transition from Vermont Health Connect to a different model for Vermont's health benefit exchange, including an FSSBM, and to present information about such a transition, including:
- (1) the outcome of King v. Burwell, Docket No. 14-114 (U.S. Supreme Court), relating to whether federal advance premium tax credits will be available to reduce the cost of health insurance provided through a federally facilitated exchange, and the likely impacts on Vermont individuals and families if the State moves to an FSSBM or to another exchange model;
- (2) whether it is feasible to offer State premium and cost-sharing assistance to individuals and families purchasing qualified health plans through an FSSBM or through another exchange model, how such assistance could be implemented, whether federal financial participation would be available through the Medicaid program, and applicable cost implications;
- (3) how the Department of Financial Regulation's and Green Mountain Care Board's regulatory authority over health insurers and qualified health plans would be affected, including the timing of health insurance rate and form review;
- (4) any impacts on the State's other health care reform efforts, including the Blueprint for Health and payment reform initiatives;
- (5) any available estimates of the costs attributable to a transition from a State-based exchange to an FSSBM or to another exchange model; and
- (6) whether any new developments have occurred that affect the availability of additional alternatives that would be more beneficial to Vermonters by minimizing negative effects on individuals and families enrolling in qualified health plans, reducing the financial impacts of the transition to an alternative model, lessening the administrative burden of the transition on the registered carriers, and decreasing the potential impacts on the State's health insurance regulatory framework.
- (e) On or before November 15, 2015, the Chief of Health Care Reform shall provide the Joint Fiscal Committee and Health Reform Oversight Committee with a recommendation regarding the future of Vermont's health benefit exchange, including a proposed timeline for 2016. The Chief's recommendation shall include an analysis of whether the recommended course of action would be likely to minimize any negative effects on individuals and families enrolling in qualified health plans, the financial impacts of the transition, the ability of the registered carriers to accomplish the transition, and the potential impacts of the transition on the State's health insurance regulatory framework.

- (1)(A) If the Chief of Health Care Reform recommends requesting approval from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services to allow Vermont to transition to an FSSBM, then on or before December 1, 2015, the Joint Fiscal Committee shall determine whether to concur with the recommendation. In determining whether to concur, the Joint Fiscal Committee shall consider whether the transition to an FSSBM would be likely to minimize any negative effects on individuals and families enrolling in qualified health plans, the financial impacts of the transition, the ability of the registered carriers to accomplish the transition, and the potential impacts of the transition on the State's health insurance regulatory framework. The Joint Fiscal Committee shall also consider relevant input offered by legislative committees of jurisdiction.
- (B) If the Chief of Health Care Reform recommends requesting approval from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services to allow Vermont to transition from a State-based exchange to an FSSBM and the Joint Fiscal Committee concurs with that recommendation, the Chief of Health Care Reform and the Commissioner of Vermont Health Access shall:
- (i) prior to December 31, 2015, request that the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services begin the approval process with the Department of Vermont Health Access; and
- (ii) on or before January 15, 2016, provide to the House Committee on Health Care and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Finance the recommended statutory changes necessary to align with operating an FSSBM if approved by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.
- (2) If the Chief of Health Care Reform either does not recommend that Vermont transition to an FSSBM or the Joint Fiscal Committee does not concur with the Chief's recommendation to transition to an FSSBM, the Chief of Health Care Reform shall submit information to the House Committee on Health Care and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Finance on or before January 15, 2016 regarding the advantages and disadvantages of alternative models and options for Vermont's health benefit exchange and the proposed statutory changes that would be necessary to accomplish them.

* * * Cigarette and Tobacco Taxes * * *

Sec. 30. 32 V.S.A. § 7771 is amended to read:

§ 7771. RATE OF TAX

* * *

(d) The tax imposed under this section shall be at the rate of 437.5 142.5 mills per cigarette or little cigar and for each 0.0325 ounces of roll-your-own tobacco. The interest and penalty provisions of section 3202 of this title shall apply to liabilities under this section.

Sec. 30a. 32 V.S.A. § 7811 is amended to read:

§ 7811. IMPOSITION OF TOBACCO PRODUCTS TAX

There is hereby imposed and shall be paid a tax on all other tobacco products, snuff, and new smokeless tobacco possessed in the State of Vermont by any person for sale on and after July 1, 1959 which were imported into the State or manufactured in the State after that date, except that no tax shall be imposed on tobacco products sold under such circumstances that this State is without power to impose such tax, or sold to the United States, or sold to or by a voluntary unincorporated organization of the U.S. Armed Forces operating a place for the sale of goods pursuant to regulations promulgated by the appropriate executive agency of the United States. The tax is intended to be imposed only once upon the wholesale sale of any other tobacco product and shall be at the rate of 92 percent of the wholesale price for all tobacco products except tobacco substitutes, which shall be taxed at a rate of 46 percent of the wholesale price, snuff, which shall be taxed at \$2.29 \$2.38 per ounce, or fractional part thereof, new smokeless tobacco, which shall be taxed at the greater of \$2.29 \$2.38 per ounce or, if packaged for sale to a consumer in a package that contains less than 1.2 ounces of the new smokeless tobacco, at the rate of \$2.75 \$2.85 per package, and cigars with a wholesale price greater than \$2.17, which shall be taxed at the rate of \$2.00 per cigar if the wholesale price of the cigar is greater than \$2.17 and less than \$10.00, and at the rate of \$4.00 per cigar if the wholesale price of the cigar is \$10.00 or more. Provided, however, that upon payment of the tax within 10 days, the distributor or dealer may deduct from the tax two percent of the tax due. It shall be presumed that all other tobacco products, snuff, and new smokeless tobacco within the State are subject to tax until the contrary is established and the burden of proof that any other tobacco products, snuff, and new smokeless tobacco are not taxable hereunder shall be upon the person in possession thereof. Licensed wholesalers of other tobacco products, snuff, and new smokeless tobacco shall state on the invoice whether the price includes the Vermont tobacco products tax.

Sec. 30b. 32 V.S.A. § 7814 is amended to read:

§ 7814. FLOOR STOCK TAX

(a) Snuff. A floor stock tax is hereby imposed upon every retail dealer of snuff in this State in the amount by which the new tax exceeds the amount of

the tax already paid on the snuff. The tax shall apply to snuff in the possession or control of the retail dealer at 12:01 a.m. on July 1, 2014 2015, but shall not apply to retail dealers who hold less than \$500.00 in wholesale value of such snuff. Each retail dealer subject to the tax shall, on or before July 25, 2014 2015, file a report to the Commissioner in such form as the Commissioner may prescribe showing the snuff on hand at 12:01 a.m. on July 1, 2014 2015, and the amount of tax due thereon. The tax imposed by this section shall be due and payable on or before August 25, 2014 2015, and thereafter shall bear interest at the rate established under section 3108 of this title. In case of timely payment of the tax, the retail dealer may deduct from the tax due two percent of the tax. Any snuff with respect to which a floor stock tax has been imposed and paid under this section shall not again be subject to tax under section 7811 of this title.

(b) Cigarettes, little cigars, or roll-your-own tobacco. Notwithstanding the prohibition against further tax on stamped cigarettes, little cigars, or roll-your-own tobacco under section 7771 of this title, a floor stock tax is hereby imposed upon every dealer of cigarettes, little cigars, or roll-your-own tobacco in this State who is either a wholesaler, or a retailer who at 12:01 a.m. on July 1, 2014 2015, has more than 10,000 cigarettes or little cigars or who has \$500.00 or more of wholesale value of roll-your-own tobacco, for retail sale in his or her possession or control. The amount of the tax shall be the amount by which the new tax exceeds the amount of the tax already paid for each cigarette, little cigar, or roll-your-own tobacco in the possession or control of the wholesaler or retail dealer at 12:01 a.m. on July 1, 2014 2015, and on which cigarette stamps have been affixed before July 1, 2014 2015. A floor stock tax is also imposed on each Vermont cigarette stamp in the possession or control of the wholesaler at 12:01 a.m. on July 1, 2014 2015, and not yet affixed to a cigarette package, and the tax shall be at the rate of \$0.13\$0.10 per stamp. Each wholesaler and retail dealer subject to the tax shall, on or before July 25, 2014 2015, file a report to the Commissioner in such form as the Commissioner may prescribe showing the cigarettes, little cigars, or roll-your-own tobacco and stamps on hand at 12:01 a.m. on July 1, 2014 2015, and the amount of tax due thereon. The tax imposed by this section shall be due and payable on or before July 25, 2014 2015, and thereafter shall bear interest at the rate established under section 3108 of this title. In case of timely payment of the tax, the wholesaler or retail dealer may deduct from the tax due two and three-tenths of one percent of the tax. Any cigarettes, little cigars, or roll-your-own tobacco with respect to which a floor stock tax has been imposed under this section shall not again be subject to tax under section 7771 of this title.

Sec. 30c. 32 V.S.A. § 7771 is amended to read:

§ 7771. RATE OF TAX

* * *

(d) The tax imposed under this section shall be at the rate of 142.5 154 mills per cigarette or little cigar and for each 0.0325 ounces of roll-your-own tobacco. The interest and penalty provisions of section 3202 of this title shall apply to liabilities under this section.

Sec. 30d. 32 V.S.A. § 7811 is amended to read:

§ 7811. IMPOSITION OF TOBACCO PRODUCTS TAX

There is hereby imposed and shall be paid a tax on all other tobacco products, snuff, and new smokeless tobacco possessed in the State of Vermont by any person for sale on and after July 1, 1959 which were imported into the State or manufactured in the State after that date, except that no tax shall be imposed on tobacco products sold under such circumstances that this State is without power to impose such tax, or sold to the United States, or sold to or by a voluntary unincorporated organization of the U.S. Armed Forces operating a place for the sale of goods pursuant to regulations promulgated by the appropriate executive agency of the United States. The tax is intended to be imposed only once upon the wholesale sale of any other tobacco product and shall be at the rate of 92 percent of the wholesale price for all tobacco products except tobacco substitutes, which shall be taxed at a rate of 46 percent of the wholesale price, snuff, which shall be taxed at \$2.38 \$2.57 per ounce, or fractional part thereof, new smokeless tobacco, which shall be taxed at the greater of \$2.38 \$2.57 per ounce or, if packaged for sale to a consumer in a package that contains less than 1.2 ounces of the new smokeless tobacco, at the rate of \$2.85 \$3.08 per package, and cigars with a wholesale price greater than \$2.17, which shall be taxed at the rate of \$2.00 per cigar if the wholesale price of the cigar is greater than \$2.17 and less than \$10.00, and at the rate of \$4.00 per cigar if the wholesale price of the cigar is \$10.00 or more. Provided, however, that upon payment of the tax within 10 days, the distributor or dealer may deduct from the tax two percent of the tax due. It shall be presumed that all other tobacco products, snuff, and new smokeless tobacco within the State are subject to tax until the contrary is established and the burden of proof that any other tobacco products, snuff, and new smokeless tobacco are not taxable hereunder shall be upon the person in possession thereof. wholesalers of other tobacco products, snuff, and new smokeless tobacco shall state on the invoice whether the price includes the Vermont tobacco products tax.

Sec. 30e. 32 V.S.A. § 7814 is amended to read:

§ 7814. FLOOR STOCK TAX

- (a) Snuff. A floor stock tax is hereby imposed upon every retail dealer of snuff in this State in the amount by which the new tax exceeds the amount of the tax already paid on the snuff. The tax shall apply to snuff in the possession or control of the retail dealer at 12:01 a.m. on July 1, 2015 2016, but shall not apply to retail dealers who hold less than \$500.00 in wholesale value of such snuff. Each retail dealer subject to the tax shall, on or before July 25, 2015 2016, file a report to the Commissioner in such form as the Commissioner may prescribe showing the snuff on hand at 12:01 a.m. on July 1, 2015 2016, and the amount of tax due thereon. The tax imposed by this section shall be due and payable on or before August 25, 2015 2016, and thereafter shall bear interest at the rate established under section 3108 of this title. In case of timely payment of the tax, the retail dealer may deduct from the tax due two percent of the tax. Any snuff with respect to which a floor stock tax has been imposed and paid under this section shall not again be subject to tax under section 7811 of this title.
- (b) Cigarettes, little cigars, or roll-your-own tobacco. Notwithstanding the prohibition against further tax on stamped cigarettes, little cigars, or roll-your-own tobacco under section 7771 of this title, a floor stock tax is hereby imposed upon every dealer of cigarettes, little cigars, or roll-your-own tobacco in this State who is either a wholesaler, or a retailer who at 12:01 a.m. on July 1, 2015, has more than 10,000 cigarettes or little cigars or who has \$500.00 or more of wholesale value of roll-your-own tobacco, for retail sale in his or her possession or control. The amount of the tax shall be the amount by which the new tax exceeds the amount of the tax already paid for each cigarette, little cigar, or roll-your-own tobacco in the possession or control of the wholesaler or retail dealer at 12:01 a.m. on July 1, 2015, 2016, and on which cigarette stamps have been affixed before July 1, 2015 2016. A floor stock tax is also imposed on each Vermont cigarette stamp in the possession or control of the wholesaler at 12:01 a.m. on July 1, 2015 2016, and not yet affixed to a cigarette package, and the tax shall be at the rate of \$0.13 \$0.23 per stamp. Each wholesaler and retail dealer subject to the tax shall, on or before July 25, 2015 2016, file a report to the Commissioner in such form as the Commissioner may prescribe showing the cigarettes, little cigars, or roll-your-own tobacco and stamps on hand at 12:01 a.m. on July 1, 2015 2016, and the amount of tax due thereon. The tax imposed by this section shall be due and payable on or before July 25, 2015, and thereafter shall bear interest at the rate established under section 3108 of this title. In case of timely payment of the tax, the wholesaler or retail dealer may deduct from the tax due two and three-tenths of one percent of the tax. Any cigarettes, little cigars, or

roll-your-own tobacco with respect to which a floor stock tax has been imposed under this section shall not again be subject to tax under section 7771 of this title.

* * * Meals and Room Tax * * *

Sec. 30f. 32 V.S.A. § 9202 is amended to read:

§ 9202. DEFINITIONS

* * *

- (10) "Taxable meal" means:
- (A) Any food or beverage furnished within the State by a restaurant for which a charge is made, including admission and minimum charges, whether furnished for consumption on or off the premises.
- (B) Where furnished by other than a restaurant, any nonprepackaged food or beverage furnished within the State and for which a charge is made, including admission and minimum charges, whether furnished for consumption on or off the premises. Fruits, vegetables, candy, flour, nuts, coffee beans, and similar unprepared grocery items sold self-serve for take-out from bulk containers are not subject to tax under this subdivision.
 - (C) Regardless where sold and whether or not prepackaged:
 - (i) sandwiches of any kind except frozen;
 - (ii) food or beverage furnished from a salad bar;
 - (iii) heated food or beverage;
 - (iv) food or beverage sold through a vending machine.

* * *

(19) "Vending machine" means a machine operated by coin, currency, credit card, slug, token, coupon, or similar device that dispenses food or beverages.

Sec. 30g. 32 V.S.A. § 9271 is amended to read:

§ 9271. LICENSES REQUIRED

Each operator prior to commencing business shall register with the Commissioner each place of business within the state State where he or she operates a hotel or sells taxable meals or alcoholic beverages; provided however, that an operator who sells taxable meals through a vending machine shall not be required to hold a license for each individual machine. Upon receipt of an application in such form and containing such information as the

Commissioner may require for the proper administration of this chapter, the Commissioner shall issue without charge a license for each such place in such form as he or she may determine, attesting that such registration has been made. No person shall engage in serving taxable meals or alcoholic beverages or renting hotel rooms without the license provided in this section. The license shall be nonassignable and nontransferable and shall be surrendered to the Commissioner, if the business is sold or transferred or if the registrant ceases to do business at the place named.

* * * Sales Tax * * *

Sec. 30h. 32 V.S.A. § 9701(31) is amended to read:

(31) "Food and food ingredients" means substances, whether in liquid, concentrated, solid, frozen, dried, or dehydrated form, that are sold for ingestion or chewing by humans and are consumed for their taste or nutritional value. "Food and food ingredients" does not include alcoholic beverages or, tobacco, soft drinks, or candy.

* * *

- (53) "Soft drink" means nonalcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice, or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50 percent of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.
- (54) "Candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts, or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" shall not include any preparation containing flour and shall require no refrigeration.

* * * Nonresidential Education Property Tax Rate * * *

Sec. 30i. FISCAL YEAR 2016 NONRESIDENTIAL PROPERTY TAX RATE

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for fiscal year 2016 only, the nonresidential education property tax imposed under 32 V.S.A. § 5402(a)(1) shall be reduced from the rate of \$1.59 to \$1.515.

Sec. 30j. ELECTRONIC CIGARETTES; REVENUE

Notwithstanding the provisions of 32 V.S.A. § 7823 and 33 V.S.A. § 1910d, the Department of Finance and Management shall determine the amount to be raised by the taxation of electronic cigarettes by this act in fiscal year 2016 and shall reserve that amount in the Tobacco Trust Fund established pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 9502.

- Sec. 31a. 7 V.S.A. § 1003(d) is amended to read:
- (d)(1) No person holding a tobacco license shall display or store tobacco products or tobacco substitutes where those products are accessible to consumers without direct assistance by the sales personnel Persons holding a tobacco license may only display or store tobacco products or tobacco substitutes:
- (A) behind a sales counter in an area accessible only to sales personnel; or
 - (B) in a locked container that is not located on a sales counter.
 - (2) This subsection shall not apply to the following:
- (1)(A) A <u>a</u> display of tobacco products that is located in a commercial establishment in which by law no person younger than 18 years of age is permitted to enter at any time:
- (2)(B) Cigarettes cigarettes in unopened cartons and smokeless tobacco in unopened multipack containers of 10 or more packages, any of which shall be displayed in plain view and under the control of a responsible employee so that removal of the cartons or multipacks from the display can be readily observed by that employee.; or
- (3)(C) Cigars cigars and pipe tobacco stored in a humidor on the sales counter in plain view and under the control of a responsible employee so that the removal of these products from the humidor can be readily observed by that employee.
- Sec. 31b. 18 V.S.A. § 1421 is amended to read:

§ 1421. SMOKING IN THE WORKPLACE; PROHIBITION

- (a) The use of lighted tobacco products <u>and tobacco substitutes</u> is prohibited in any workplace.
- (b)(1) As used in this subchapter, "workplace" means an enclosed structure where employees perform services for an employer, including restaurants, bars, and other establishments in which food or drinks, or both, are served. In the case of an employer who assigns employees to departments, divisions, or similar organizational units, "workplace" means the enclosed portion of a structure to which the employee is assigned.
- (2) Except for schools, workplace does not include areas commonly open to the public or any portion of a structure that also serves as the employee's or employer's personal residence.

- (3) For schools, workplace includes any enclosed location where instruction or other school-sponsored functions are occurring.
- (4) For lodging establishments used for transient traveling or public vacationing, such as resorts, hotels, and motels, workplace includes the sleeping quarters and adjoining rooms rented to guests.
- (5) The prohibition on using tobacco substitutes in a workplace shall not apply to a business that does not sell food or beverages but is established for the purpose of providing a setting for patrons to purchase and use electronic cigarettes and related paraphernalia.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict the ability of residents of the Vermont veterans' home Veterans' Home to use lighted tobacco products or tobacco substitutes in the indoor area of the facility in which smoking is permitted.

Sec. 31c. 18 V.S.A. § 1741 is amended to read:

§ 1741. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

(5) "Tobacco substitutes" shall have the same meaning as in 7 V.S.A. § 1001.

Sec. 31d. 18 V.S.A. § 1742 is amended to read:

§ 1742. RESTRICTIONS ON SMOKING IN PUBLIC PLACES

- (a) The possession of lighted tobacco products <u>or use of tobacco substitutes</u> in any form is prohibited in:
- (1) the common areas of all enclosed indoor places of public access and publicly owned buildings and offices;
- (2) all enclosed indoor places in lodging establishments used for transient traveling or public vacationing, such as resorts, hotels, and motels, including sleeping quarters and adjoining rooms rented to guests;
- (3) designated smoke-free areas of property or grounds owned by or leased to the State; and
- (4) any other area within 25 feet of State-owned buildings and offices, except that to the extent that any portion of the 25-foot zone is not on State property, smoking is prohibited only in that portion of the zone that is on State property unless the owner of the adjoining property chooses to designate his or her property smoke-free.

- (b) The possession of lighted tobacco products <u>or use of tobacco substitutes</u> in any form is prohibited on the grounds of any hospital or secure residential recovery facility owned or operated by the State, including all enclosed places in the hospital or facility and the surrounding outdoor property.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict the ability of residents of the Vermont Veterans' Home to use lighted tobacco products or tobacco substitutes in the indoor area of the facility in which smoking is permitted.
- (d) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit the use of tobacco substitutes in a business that does not sell food or beverages but is established for the purpose of providing a setting for patrons to purchase and use electronic cigarettes and related paraphernalia.

Sec. 31e. 18 V.S.A. § 1743 is amended to read:

§ 1743. EXCEPTIONS

The restrictions in this chapter on possession of lighted tobacco products <u>and use of tobacco substitutes</u> do not apply to areas not commonly open to the public of owner-operated businesses with no employees.

Sec. 31f. 18 V.S.A. § 1745 is amended to read:

§ 1745. ENFORCEMENT

A proprietor, or the agent or employee of a proprietor, who observes a person in possession of lighted tobacco products <u>or using tobacco substitutes</u> in apparent violation of this chapter shall ask the person to extinguish all lighted tobacco products <u>or cease using the tobacco substitutes</u>. If the person persists in the possession of lighted tobacco products <u>or use of tobacco substitutes</u>, the proprietor, agent, or employee shall ask the person to leave the premises.

Sec. 31g. 23 V.S.A. § 1134b is amended to read:

§ 1134b. SMOKING IN MOTOR VEHICLE WITH CHILD PRESENT

- (a) A person shall not possess a lighted tobacco product <u>or use a tobacco</u> <u>substitute</u> in a motor vehicle that is occupied by a child required to be properly restrained in a federally approved child passenger restraining system pursuant to subdivision 1258(a)(1) or (2) of this title.
- (b) A person who violates subsection (a) of this section shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$100.00. No points shall be assessed for a violation of this section.

Sec. 31h. 32 V.S.A. § 7702(15) is amended to read:

(15) "Other tobacco products" means any product manufactured from, derived from, or containing tobacco that is intended for human consumption by smoking, chewing, or in any other manner, including products sold as a tobacco substitute, as defined in 7 V.S.A. § 1001(8); but shall not include cigarettes, little cigars, roll-your-own tobacco, snuff, or new smokeless tobacco as defined in this section.

* * * Repeal * * *

Sec. 32. REPEAL

12 V.S.A. chapter 215, subchapter 2 (presuit mediation) is repealed on July 1, 2018.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 33. EFFECTIVE DATES

- (a) Secs. 1 and 2 (pharmacy benefit managers), 4a (report on observation status), 5 and 6 (reports), 15 (consumer information), 21 (Green Mountain Care Board duties), 21a (impact of rate-setting authority), 22 (VITL), 23 (referral registry), 24 (ambulance reimbursement), 27 (extension of presuit mediation), 28 (Blueprint for Health; reports), 28a (obesity data review), 29 (Green Mountain Care Board; payment reform), 29a–29d (Exchange alternatives and reports), 32 (repeal), and this section shall take effect on passage.
- (b) Secs. 7 and 8 (Exchange cost-sharing subsidies), 9 (primary care provider increases), 10 (Blueprint increases), 11 (AHEC appropriation), 12 (Green Mountain Care Board appropriation), 13 (Green Mountain Care Board positions), 14 (Health Care Advocate), and 16–20 (primary care study) shall take effect on July 1, 2015.
- (c) Secs. 25 and 26 (direct enrollment in Exchange plans) shall take effect on July 1, 2015 and shall apply beginning with the 2016 open enrollment period.
- (d) Secs. 3 and 4 (notice of hospital observation status) shall take effect on December 1, 2015.
- (e) Secs. 30 (cigarette tax), 30a (tobacco products tax), 30b (floor stock tax), 30f (meals and rooms tax definitions), 30g (meals and rooms tax licenses), 30h (sales tax definitions), 30i (property tax), 30j (electronic cigarette revenue), 31a–31g (electronic cigarettes), and 31h (tax on electronic cigarettes) shall take effect July 1, 2015. The Tax Department shall provide to vendors subject to the sales tax under this act outreach, education, and ongoing support to implement the tax effectively.

(f) Secs. 30c (cigarette tax), 30d (tobacco products tax), and 30e (floor stock tax) shall take effect July 1, 2016.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to health care.

ORDERED TO LIE

S. 137.

An act relating to penalties for selling and dispensing marijuana.

PENDING ACTION: Committee Bill for Second Reading