House Calendar

Thursday, April 21, 2016
108th DAY OF THE ADJOURNED SESSION
House Convenes at 1:00 PM

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Third Reading

H. 885

An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the Town of Shelburne

S. 157

An act relating to breast density notification and education

S. 174

An act relating to a model State policy for use of body cameras by law enforcement officers

Reps. Branagan of Georgia, Berry of Manchester, Clarkson of Woodstock, Donahue of Northfield, Feltus of Lyndon, McCullough of Williston, Rachelson of Burlington, Sheldon of Middlebury, and Troiano of Stannard move to propose to the Senate to amend the bill as follows:

First: In Sec. 1, subdivision (a)(1), by striking the word “establish” and inserting in lieu thereof the word “recommend”

Second: In Sec. 1, subsection (b), by striking subdivisions (3) and (4) in their entirety and inserting in lieu thereof new subdivisions (3), (4), and (5) to read as follows:

(3) when a video recording made by a law enforcement officer’s body camera should be exempt from disclosure under the Public Records Act as determined by 1 V.S.A. chapter 5, subchapter 3;

(4) treatment of situations when a law enforcement officer’s body camera malfunctions or is unavailable; and

(5) the measures that will be instituted to ensure that civil liberties and civil rights are protected.

Third: In Sec. 1, by striking subsection (c) in its entirety.

J.R.S. 35

Joint resolution urging Vermont’s participation in the Stepping Up initiative to reduce the number of incarcerated Vermonters with a mental illness
Favorable with Amendment

S. 66

An act relating to persons who are deaf, DeafBlind, or hard of hearing

Rep. McFaun of Barre Town, for the Committee on Human Services, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 33 V.S.A. chapter 16 is added to read:

CHAPTER 16. VERMONT DEAF, HARD OF HEARING, AND DEAFBLIND ADVISORY COUNCIL

§ 1601. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) “Communication or language mode” means verbal or nonverbal communication that includes listening, speaking, American Sign Language (ASL), Signed English, Signed Support, reading, and writing in all domains of a language. Reference to the communication mode of individuals who are Deaf, Hard of Hearing, or DeafBlind distinguishes between modality and language. Systems that assist individuals using a particular modality or language include ASL, spoken English, signed English, sign-supported speech, speech or lip reading, cued speech, and assistive technology.

(2) “Deaf” means having a severe or complete absence of auditory sensitivity that impairs processing of linguistic information through hearing, with or without amplification or cochlear implants. Typically, people who identify as Deaf use ASL and are involved with the Deaf community.

(3) “DeafBlind” means having concomitant hearing and visual impairments.

(4) “Department” means the Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living.

(5) “Hard of Hearing” means a reduced level of functional hearing and reliance on residual hearing and technology, including hearing aids, cochlear implants, FM listening systems, and other types of assistive listening devices to communicate via verbal language. Typically, people who identify as hard of hearing do not use ASL and are not involved in the Deaf community.

§ 1602. VERMONT DEAF, HARD OF HEARING, AND DEAFBLIND ADVISORY COUNCIL
(a) Creation; purpose. There is created a Vermont Deaf, Hard of Hearing, and DeafBlind Advisory Council to promote diversity, equality, awareness, and access among individuals who are Deaf, Hard of Hearing, or DeafBlind.

(b) Membership. The Advisory Council shall consist of the following members:

(1) sixteen members of the public, appointed by the Governor in a manner that ensures geographically diverse membership, including:

(A) nine or fewer members who are Deaf, Hard of Hearing, or DeafBlind provided each population is represented and that if a member represents an organization for persons who are Deaf, Hard of Hearing, or DeafBlind no other member on the Advisory Council shall also represent that organization;

(B) two members who are each a parent or guardian of a child who is Deaf, Hard of Hearing, or DeafBlind;

(C) two members who serve persons who are Deaf, Hard of Hearing, or DeafBlind in a professional capacity, provided that these members do not represent the same organization;

(D) a professional deaf-education specialist who understands all communication and language modes;

(E) a professional interpreter; and

(F) an audiologist or hard-of-hearing education specialist;

(2) the Senior Counselor for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing in the Department’s Division of Vocational Rehabilitation or designee;

(3) the Secretary of Education or designee;

(4) the Secretary of Human Services or designee;

(5) the director of the Department for Children and Families’ Children’s Integrated Services or designee;

(6) the director of the Vermont Early Detection and Intervention Project;

(7) a representative of the Vermont Association of the Deaf;

(8) a superintendent, selected by the Vermont Superintendents Association; and

(9) a special education administrator, selected by the Vermont Council of Special Education Administrators.

(c) Powers and duties.

- 1675 -
(1) The Advisory Council shall assess the services, resources, and opportunities available to children in the State who are Deaf, Hard of Hearing, or DeafBlind. It may consider and make recommendations to the General Assembly and the Governor on the following:

(A) the educational rights of children who are Deaf, Hard of Hearing, or DeafBlind, including full communication and language access in all educational environments and accessibility of qualified teachers, interpreters, and paraprofessionals;

(B) appropriate and ongoing educational opportunities that recognize each child’s unique learning needs, including access to a sufficient number of communication or language mode peers and exposure to adult role models who are Deaf, Hard of Hearing, or DeafBlind;

(C) adequate family supports that promote both early development of communication skills and informed participation by parents and guardians in the education of their children;

(D) identification of all losses of or reductions in services arising from the closures of the Austine School for the Deaf and the Vermont Center for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing and evaluation of the adequacy of existing services and resources, as well as identification of those resources not currently available, adequate, or accessible to children;

(E) opportunities to restore and expand educational opportunities to children in the State who are Deaf, Hard of Hearing, or DeafBlind and their families; and

(F) appropriate data collection and reporting requirements concerning students with disabilities.

(2) The Advisory Council shall assess the services, resources, and opportunities available to adults and elders in the State who are Deaf, Hard of Hearing, or DeafBlind. It may consider and make recommendations to the General Assembly and the Governor on the following:

(A) the needs of and opportunities for adults and elders within the State who are Deaf, Hard of Hearing, or DeafBlind and their families;

(B) the adequacy and systemic coordination of existing services and resources for adults and elders throughout the State who are Deaf, Hard of Hearing, or DeafBlind and their families;

(C) proposed legislation and administrative rules pertaining to adults and elders who are Deaf, Hard of Hearing, or DeafBlind; and
(D) delivery models in other states as a point of comparison for the adequacy and systemic coordination of Vermont’s existing services and resources for adults and elders who are Deaf, Hard of Hearing, or DeafBlind.

(d) Assistance. The Advisory Council shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Agencies of Education and of Human Services. The Advisory Council and Department may consult with national experts on education of persons who are Deaf, Hard of Hearing, or DeafBlind as necessary to fulfill their obligations under this section.

(e) Reports. On or before January 15 of each year, notwithstanding 2 V.S.A. § 20(d), the Advisory Council shall submit a written report to the Senate and House Committees on Education, the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare, the House Committee on Human Services, and the Governor with any findings and recommendations. A reading of each report shall be video recorded using ASL to ensure accessibility.

(f) Appointments; meetings.

(1) The Commissioner of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living shall convene the first meeting of the Advisory Council on or before July 1, 2016 and shall select interpreting services, computer assisted captioning in real time (CART), or FM listening system for the meeting if a member so requests.

(2) At its first meeting, the Advisory Council shall elect a chair and vice chair.

(3) The Chair shall select interpreting services, CART, or FM listening system for any Advisory Council meeting if a member so requests.

(4) The Advisory Council may meet up to eight times each year to perform its functions under this section. The Secretaries of Education and of Human Services may jointly authorize additional meetings.

(5) The Advisory Council may organize its members into subcommittees to carry out the purposes of this section, including subcommittees designed to address specific age groups within the Deaf, Hard of Hearing, and DeafBlind population.

(g) Reimbursement.

(1) Members of the Advisory Council who are not State employees or otherwise compensated or reimbursed for their attendance shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 1010, payable by the Department.
(2) The Agency of Human Services shall pay for interpreting services, CART, or FM listening systems necessary to conduct all Advisory Council meetings.

(3) The Agency of Education, Department of Health, and Department of Disabilities, Aging and Independent Living shall share costs for interpreting services, CART, or FM listening systems necessary to conduct all Advisory Council subcommittee meetings.

Sec. 2. INTERPRETERS; PROFESSIONAL REGULATION

On or before January 15, 2017, the Vermont Deaf, Hard of Hearing, and DeafBlind Advisory Council shall submit a report to the House Committees on Government Operations and on Human Services and to the Senate Committees on Government Operations and on Health and Welfare regarding its findings and recommendations for legislative action pertaining to the regulation of interpreters by the Secretary of State’s Office of Professional Regulation.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 9-0-2 )

(For text see Senate Journal March 18, 2016 )

Rep. Lanpher of Vergennes, for the Committee on Appropriations, recommends the bill ought to pass in concurrence with proposal of amendment as recommended by the Committee on Human Services.

(Committee Vote: 10-0-1)

Amendment to be offered by Reps. McFaun of Barre Town, Berry of Manchester, Dame of Essex, Fiske of Enosburgh, French of Randolph, Haas of Rochester, Krowinski of Burlington, McCoy of Poultney, Mrowicki of Putney, Pugh of South Burlington, and Troiano of Stannard to S. 66

That the proposal of amendment of the committee on Human Services be amended as follows:

First: In Sec. 1, in 16 V.S.A. § 1601, in subdivision (2), by striking the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Participation in Deaf Community culture and use of ASL are characteristic of persons who identify as Deaf.

Second: In Sec. 1, in 16 V.S.A. § 1601, by striking subdivision (5) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
(5) “Hard of Hearing” means a reduced level of functional hearing and reliance on residual hearing and technology, including hearing aids, cochlear implants, FM listening systems, and other types of assistive listening devices to communicate via verbal language, with or without use of ASL.

Senate Proposal of Amendment

H. 261

An act relating to criminal record inquiries by an employer

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill as follows:

In Sec. 1, 21 V.S.A. § 495j, in subsection (b), by striking out the subsection in its entirety and inserting a new subsection (b) to read as follows:

(b)(1) An employer may inquire about criminal convictions on an initial employee application form if the following conditions are met:

(A)(i) the prospective employee is applying for a position for which any federal or State law or regulation creates a mandatory or presumptive disqualification based on a conviction for one or more types of criminal offenses; or

(ii) the employer or an affiliate of the employer is subject to an obligation imposed by any federal or State law or regulation not to employ an individual, in either one or more positions, who has been convicted of one or more types of criminal offenses; and

(B) the questions on the application form are limited to the types of criminal offenses creating the disqualification or obligation.

(2) An employer shall be permitted to inquire about criminal convictions on an initial employee application form pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection even if the federal or State law or regulation creating an obligation for the employer or its affiliate not to employ an individual who has been convicted of one or more types of criminal offenses also permits the employer or its affiliate to obtain a waiver that would allow the employer or its affiliate to employ such an individual.

(For text see House Journal March 17, 2016 )
Action Postponed Until April 26, 2016

H. 84
An act relating to Internet dating services

Pending Question: Shall the House concur in the Senate proposal of amendment to House proposal of amendment to the Senate proposal of amendment

NOTICE CALENDAR
Favorable with Amendment

S. 20
An act relating to establishing and regulating dental therapists

Rep. French of Randolph, for the Committee on Human Services, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS

This bill establishes and regulates a new category of oral health practitioners: dental therapists. It is the intent of the General Assembly to do so in order to increase access for Vermonters to oral health care, especially in areas with a significant volume of patients who are low income, or who are uninsured or underserved.

Sec. 2. 26 V.S.A. chapter 12 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 12. DENTISTS, DENTAL THERAPISTS, DENTAL HYGIENISTS, AND DENTAL ASSISTANTS


§ 561. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) “Board” means the board of dental examiners Board of Dental Examiners.

(2) “Director” means the director of the office of professional regulation Director of the Office of Professional Regulation.

(3) “Practicing dentistry” means an activity in which a person:

(A) undertakes by any means or method to diagnose or profess to diagnose or to treat or profess to treat or to prescribe for or profess to prescribe for any lesions, diseases, disorders, for deficiencies of the human oral cavity, teeth, gingiva, maxilla, or mandible or adjacent associated structures;
(B) extracts human teeth or corrects malpositions of the teeth or jaws;

(C) furnishes, supplies, constructs, reproduces, or repairs prosthetic dentures, bridges, appliances, or other structures to be used or worn as substitutes for natural teeth or adjusts those structures, except on the written prescription of a duly licensed dentist and by the use of impressions or casts made by a duly licensed and practicing dentist;

(D) administers general dental anesthetics;

(E) administers local dental anesthetics, except dental hygienists as authorized by board rule; or

(F) engages in any of the practices included in the curricula of recognized dental colleges.

(4) “Dental therapist” means an individual licensed to practice as a dental therapist under this chapter.

(5) “Dental hygienist” means an individual licensed to practice as a dental hygienist under this chapter.

(6) “Dental assistant” means an individual registered to practice as a dental assistant under this chapter.

(7) “Direct supervision” means supervision by a licensed dentist who is readily available at the dental facility for consultation or intervention.

(8) “General supervision” means:

(A) the direct or indirect oversight of a dental therapist by a dentist, which need not be on-site; or

(B) the oversight of a dental hygienist by a dentist as prescribed by Board rule in accordance with sections 582 and 624 of this chapter.

§ 562. PROHIBITIONS

(a) No person may use in connection with a name any words, including “Doctor of Dental Surgery” or “Doctor of Dental Medicine,” or any letters, signs, or figures, including the letters “D.D.S.” or “D.M.D.,” which imply that a person is a licensed dentist when not authorized under this chapter.

(b) No person may practice as a dentist, dental therapist, or dental hygienist unless currently licensed to do so under the provisions of this chapter.

(c) No person may practice as a dental assistant unless currently registered under the provisions of this chapter.

(d) A person who violates this section shall be subject to the penalties provided in 3 V.S.A. § 127.
§ 565. DISPLAY OF LICENSE OR REGISTRATION

Every dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist, and dental assistant shall display a copy of his or her current license or registration at each place of practice and in such a manner so as to be easily seen and read.

* * *

Subchapter 2. Board of Dental Examiners

§ 581. CREATION; QUALIFICATIONS

(a) The state board of dental examiners State Board of Dental Examiners is created and shall consist of:

(1) six licensed dentists in good standing who have practiced in this state State for a period of five years or more and are in active practice;

(2) one licensed dental therapist who has practiced in this State for a period of at least three years immediately preceding appointment and is in active practice;

(3) two licensed dental hygienists who have practiced in this state State for a period of at least three years immediately preceding the appointment and are in active practice;

(4) one registered dental assistant who has practiced in this state State for a period of at least three years immediately preceding the appointment and is in active practice; and

(5) two members of the public who are not associated with the practice of dentistry.

(b) Board members shall be appointed by the governor Governor pursuant to 3 V.S.A. §§ 129b and 2004.

(c) No A member of the board Board shall not be an officer or serve on a committee of his or her respective state or local professional dental, dental therapy, dental hygiene, or dental assisting organization, nor shall any member of the board be on the faculty of a school of dentistry, dental hygiene, or dental assisting.

* * *

§ 584. UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

The board Board may refuse to give an examination or issue a license to practice dentistry, to practice as a dental therapist, or to practice dental hygiene or to register an applicant to be a dental assistant and may suspend or revoke
any such license or registration or otherwise discipline an applicant, licensee, or registrant for unprofessional conduct. Unprofessional conduct means the following conduct and the conduct set forth in 3 V.S.A. § 129a by an applicant or person licensed or registered under this chapter:

***

(2) rendering professional services to a patient if the dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist, or dental assistant is intoxicated or under the influence of drugs;

***

(6) practicing a profession regulated under this chapter with a dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist, or dental assistant who is not legally practicing within the state or aiding or abetting such practice;

***

Subchapter 3A. Dental Therapists
§ 611. LICENSE BY EXAMINATION

(a) Qualifications for examination. To be eligible for examination for licensure as a dental therapist, an applicant shall:

(1) have attained the age of majority;

(2) be a licensed dental hygienist;

(3) be a graduate of a dental therapist educational program administered by an institution accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation to train dental therapists;

(4) have successfully completed an emergency office procedure course approved by the Board; and

(5) pay the application fee set forth in section 662 of this chapter and an examination fee established by the Board by rule.

(b) Completion of examination.

(1)(A) An applicant for licensure meeting the qualifications for examination set forth in subsection (a) of this section shall pass a comprehensive, competency-based clinical examination approved by the Board and administered independently of an institution providing dental therapist education.

(B) An applicant shall also pass an examination testing the applicant’s knowledge of the Vermont statutes and rules relating to the practice of dentistry approved by the Board.
(2) An applicant who has failed the clinical examination twice is ineligible to retake the clinical examination until further education and training are obtained as established by the Board by rule.

(c) The Board may grant a license to an applicant who has met the requirements of this section.

§ 612. LICENSE BY ENDORSEMENT

The Board may grant a license as a dental therapist to an applicant who:

(1) is currently licensed in good standing to practice as a dental therapist in any jurisdiction of the United States or Canada that has licensing requirements deemed by the Board to be at least substantially equivalent to those of this State;

(2) has passed an examination testing the applicant’s knowledge of the Vermont statutes and rules relating to the practice of dentistry approved by the Board;

(3) has successfully completed an emergency office procedure course approved by the Board;

(4) has met active practice requirements and any other requirements established by the Board by rule; and

(5) pays the application fee set forth in section 662 of this chapter.

§ 613. PRACTICE; SCOPE OF PRACTICE

(a) A person who provides oral health care services, including prevention, evaluation, and assessment; education; palliative therapy; and restoration under the general supervision of a dentist within the parameters of a collaborative agreement as provided under section 614 of this subchapter shall be regarded as practicing as a dental therapist within the meaning of this chapter.

(b) A dental therapist may perform the following oral health care services:

(1) Oral health instruction and disease prevention education, including nutritional counseling and dietary analysis.

(2) Periodontal charting, including a periodontal screening examination.

(3) Exposing radiographs.

(4) Oral evaluation and assessment of dental disease.

(5) Dental prophylaxis.

(6) Mechanical polishing.
(7) Applying topical preventive or prophylactic agents, including fluoride varnishes, antimicrobial agents, and pit and fissure sealants.

(8) Pulp vitality testing.

(9) Applying desensitizing medication or resin.

(10) Fabricating athletic mouthguards.

(11) Suture removal.

(12) Changing periodontal dressings.

(13) Brush biopsies.

(14) Administering local anesthetic.

(15) Placement of temporary restorations.

(16) Interim therapeutic restorations.

(17) Placement of temporary and preformed crowns.

(18) Emergency palliative treatment of dental pain in accordance with the other requirements of this subsection.

(19) Formulating an individualized treatment plan, including services within the dental therapist’s scope of practice and referral for services outside the dental therapist’s scope of practice.

(20) Minor repair of defective prosthetic devices.

(21) Recementing permanent crowns.

(22) Placement and removal of space maintainers.

(23) Prescribing, dispensing, and administering analgesics, anti-inflammatories, and antibiotics, except Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substances.

(24) Administering nitrous oxide.

(25) Fabricating soft occlusal guards, but not for treatment of temporomandibular joint disorders.

(26) Tissue conditioning and soft reline.

(27) Tooth reimplantation and stabilization.

(28) Extractions of primary teeth.

(29) Nonsurgical extractions of periodontally diseased permanent teeth with tooth mobility of +3. A dental therapist shall not extract a tooth if it is unerupted, impacted, fractured, or needs to be sectioned for removal.
(30) Cavity preparation.

(31) Restoring primary and permanent teeth, not including permanent tooth crowns, bridges, veneers, or denture fabrication.

(32) Preparation and placement of preformed crowns for primary teeth.

(33) Pulpotomies on primary teeth.

(34) Indirect and direct pulp capping on primary and permanent teeth.

§ 614. COLLABORATIVE AGREEMENT

(a) Before a dental therapist may enter into his or her first collaborative agreement, he or she shall:

(1) complete 1,000 hours of direct patient care using dental therapy procedures under the direct supervision of a dentist; and

(2) receive a certificate of completion signed by that supervising dentist that verifies the dental therapist completed the hours described in subdivision (1) of this subsection.

(b) In order to practice as a dental therapist, a dental therapist shall enter into a written collaborative agreement with a dentist. The agreement shall include:

(1) practice settings where services may be provided and the populations to be served;

(2) any limitations on the services that may be provided by the dental therapist, including the level of supervision required by the supervising dentist;

(3) age- and procedure-specific practice protocols, including case selection criteria, assessment guidelines, and imaging frequency;

(4) a procedure for creating and maintaining dental records for the patients that are treated by the dental therapist;

(5) a plan to manage medical emergencies in each practice setting where the dental therapist provides care;

(6) a quality assurance plan for monitoring care provided by the dental therapist, including patient care review, referral follow-up, and a quality assurance chart review;

(7) protocols for prescribing, administering, and dispensing medications, including the specific conditions and circumstances under which these medications may be prescribed, dispensed, and administered.
(8) criteria relating to the provision of care to patients with specific medical conditions or complex medication histories, including requirements for consultation prior to the initiation of care;

(9) criteria for the supervision of dental assistants and dental hygienists; and

(10) a plan for the provision of clinical resources and referrals in situations that are beyond the capabilities of the dental therapist.

(c)(1) The supervising dentist shall be professionally responsible and legally liable for all services authorized and performed by the dental therapist pursuant to the collaborative agreement.

(2) A supervising dentist shall be licensed and practicing in Vermont.

(3) A supervising dentist is limited to entering into a collaborative agreement with no more than two dental therapists at any one time.

(d)(1) A collaborative agreement shall be signed and maintained by the supervising dentist and the dental therapist.

(2) A collaborative agreement shall be reviewed, updated, and submitted to the Board on an annual basis and as soon as a change is made to the agreement.

§ 615. APPLICATION OF OTHER LAWS

(a) A dental therapist authorized to practice under this chapter shall not be in violation of section 562 of this chapter as it relates to the unauthorized practice of dentistry if the practice is authorized under this chapter and under the collaborative agreement.

(b) A dentist who permits a dental therapist to perform a dental service other than those authorized under this chapter or any dental therapist who performs an unauthorized service shall be in violation of section 584 of this chapter.

§ 616. USE OF DENTAL HYGIENISTS AND DENTAL ASSISTANTS

(a) A dental therapist may supervise dental assistants and dental hygienists directly to the extent permitted in the collaborative agreement.

(b) At any one practice setting, a dental therapist may have under his or her direct supervision no more than a total of two assistants or hygienists or a combination thereof.
§ 617. REFERRALS

(a) The supervising dentist shall refer patients to another dentist or specialist to provide any necessary services needed by a patient that are beyond the scope of practice of the dental therapist and which the supervising dentist is unable to provide.

(b) A dental therapist, in accordance with the collaborative agreement, shall refer patients to another qualified dental or health care professional to receive any needed services that exceed the scope of practice of the dental therapist.

* * *

Subchapter 6. Renewals, Continuing Education, and Fees

§ 661. RENEWAL OF LICENSE

(a) Licenses and registrations shall be renewed every two years on a schedule determined by the office of professional regulation. Office of Professional Regulation.

(b) No continuing education reporting is required at the first biennial license renewal date following licensure.

(c) The board may waive continuing education requirements for licensees who are on active duty in the armed forces of the United States. U.S. Armed Forces.

(d) Dentists.

* * *

(e) Dental therapists. To renew a license, a dental therapist shall meet active practice requirements established by the Board by rule and document completion of no fewer than 20 hours of Board-approved continuing professional education which shall include an emergency office procedures course during the two-year licensing period preceding renewal.

(f) Dental hygienists. To renew a license, a dental hygienist shall meet active practice requirements established by the Board by rule and document completion of no fewer than 18 hours of Board-approved continuing professional education which shall include an emergency office procedures course during the two-year licensing period preceding renewal.

(g) Dental assistants. To renew a registration, a dental assistant shall meet the requirements established by the Board by rule.

§ 662. FEES
(a) Applicants and persons regulated under this chapter shall pay the following fees:

(1) Application
   (A) Dentist $ 225.00
   (B) Dental therapist $ 185.00
   (C) Dental hygienist $ 150.00
   (D) Dental assistant $ 60.00

(2) Biennial renewal
   (A) Dentist $ 355.00
   (B) Dental therapist $ 225.00
   (C) Dental hygienist $ 125.00
   (D) Dental assistant $ 75.00

(b) The licensing fee for a dentist, dental therapist, or dental hygienist or the registration fee for a dental assistant who is otherwise eligible for licensure or registration and whose practice in this State will be limited to providing pro bono services at a free or reduced-fee clinic or similar setting approved by the Board shall be waived.

* * *

Sec. 3. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH; REPORT ON GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION OF DENTAL THERAPISTS

Two years after the graduation of the first class of dental therapists from a Vermont accredited program, the Department of Health, in consultation with the Board of Dental Examiners, shall report to the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Government Operations and the House Committees on Human Services and on Government Operations regarding:

(1) the geographic distribution of licensed dental therapists practicing in this State;

(2) the geographic areas of this State that are underserved by licensed dental therapists; and

(3) recommended strategies to promote the practice of licensed dental therapists in underserved areas of this State, particularly those areas that are rural in nature and have high numbers of people living in poverty.
Sec. 4. BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS; REQUIRED RULEMAKING

The Board of Dental Examiners shall adopt the rules and perform all other acts necessary to implement the provisions of those sections.

Sec. 5. TRANSITIONAL PROVISION; BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS; INITIAL DENTAL THERAPIST MEMBER

Notwithstanding the provision of 26 V.S.A. § 581(a)(2) in Sec. 1 of this act that requires the dental therapist member of the Board of Dental Examiners to have practiced in this State for a period of at least three years immediately preceding appointment, the initial dental therapist appointee may fulfill this practice requirement if he or she has practiced as a licensed dental hygienist in this State for a period of at least three years immediately preceding appointment, so long as that appointee is a licensed dental therapist in active practice in this State at the time of appointment.

Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 9-2-0)
(For text see Senate Journal April 2, 2015)

S. 20

An act relating to establishing and regulating dental therapists

Rep. LaClair of Barre Town, for the Committee on Government Operations, recommends that the House proposal of amendment offered by the Committee on Human Services be amended as follows:

First: In Sec. 2, in 26 V.S.A. § 581 (Board of Dental Examiners; creation; qualifications), by striking out subsection (a) (Board members) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * *

Second: In Sec. 4 (Board of Dental Examiners; required rulemaking), following “implement the provisions of” by striking out “those sections” and inserting in lieu thereof “this act”

Third: By striking out Sec. 5 (transitional provision; Board of Dental Examiners; initial dental therapist member) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 5. [Deleted.]

(Committee vote: 11-0-0)
(For text see Senate Journal April 2, 2015)

S. 20

An act relating to establishing and regulating dental therapists

Rep. Till of Jericho, for the Committee on Ways & Means, recommends that recommends that the House proposal of amendment offered by the Committee on Human Services, as amended by the Committee on Government Operations, be further amended as follows

First: In Sec. 2, 26 V.S.A. chapter 12, in § 611 (license by examination), in subdivision (a)(2), following “be a” by inserting “Vermont”

Second: In Sec. 2, 26 V.S.A. chapter 12, in § 611 (license by examination), by adding a new subsection (d) to read:

(d) A person licensed as a dental therapist under this section shall not be required to maintain his or her dental hygienist license.

(Committee vote: 9-2-0)

(For text see Senate Journal April 2, 2015)

S. 132

An act relating to the prohibition of conversion therapy on minors

Rep. Mrowicki of Putney, for the Committee on Human Services, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

*** Findings ***

Sec. 1. FINDINGS

In recognition that being lesbian, gay, bisexual, or transgender is part of the natural spectrum of human identity and is not a disease, disorder, illness, deficiency, or shortcoming, the General Assembly finds:

(1) Vermont has a compelling interest in protecting the physical and psychological well-being of children, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender youth, and in protecting its children against exposure to serious harms.

(2) A 2015 report published by the U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Service’s Administration states “conversion therapy . . . is a practice that is not supported by credible evidence and has been disavowed by behavioral health experts and associations . . . [m]ost importantly, it may put young people at risk of serious harm.”
The American Academy of Pediatrics, the American Counseling Association, the American Psychiatric Association, the American Psychological Association, the American School Counselor Association, and the National Association of Social Workers, together representing more than 477,000 health and mental health professionals, have all taken the position that homosexuality is not a mental disorder and thus there is no need for a “cure.”

* * * Conversion Therapy * * *

Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. chapter 196 is added to read:

CHAPTER 196. CONVERSION THERAPY

§ 8351. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) “Conversion therapy” means any practice by a mental health care provider that seeks to change an individual’s sexual orientation or gender identity, including efforts to change behaviors or gender expressions or to change sexual or romantic attractions or feelings toward individuals of the same sex or gender. “Conversion therapy” does not include psychotherapies that:

(A) provide support to an individual undergoing gender transition; or

(B) provide acceptance, support, and understanding of clients or the facilitation of clients’ coping, social support, and identity exploration and development, including sexual-orientation-neutral or gender-identity-neutral interventions to prevent or address unlawful conduct or unsafe sexual practices without seeking to change an individual’s sexual orientation or gender identity.

(2) “Mental health care provider” means a person licensed to practice medicine pursuant to 26 V.S.A. chapter 23, 33, or 81 who specializes in the practice of psychiatry; a psychologist, a psychologist-doctorate, or a psychologist-master as defined in 26 V.S.A. § 3001; a clinical social worker as defined in 26 V.S.A. § 3201; a clinical mental health counselor as defined in 26 V.S.A. § 3261; a licensed marriage and family therapist as defined in 26 V.S.A. § 4031; a psychoanalyst as defined in 26 V.S.A. § 4051; any other allied mental health professional; or a student, intern, or trainee of any such profession.

§ 8352. TREATMENT OF MINORS

A mental health care provider shall not use conversion therapy with a client younger than 18 years of age.
§ 8353. UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

Any conversion therapy used on a client younger than 18 years of age by a mental health care provider shall constitute unprofessional conduct as provided in the relevant provisions of Title 26 and shall subject the mental health care provider to discipline pursuant to the applicable provisions of that title and of 3 V.S.A. chapter 5.

*** Physicians ***

Sec. 3. 26 V.S.A. § 1354(a) is amended to read:

(a) The board shall find that any one of the following, or any combination of the following, whether or not the conduct at issue was committed within or outside the state, constitutes unprofessional conduct:

   (39) use of the services of a physician assistant by a physician in a manner which is inconsistent with the provisions of chapter 31 of this title; or

   (40) use of conversion therapy as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 8351 on a client younger than 18 years of age.

*** Osteopathy ***

Sec. 4. 26 V.S.A. § 1842(b) is amended to read:

(b) Unprofessional conduct means the following conduct and conduct set forth in 3 V.S.A. § 129a:

   (13) Use of conversion therapy as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 8351 on a client younger than 18 years of age.

*** Psychologists ***

Sec. 5. 26 V.S.A. § 3016 is amended to read:

§ 3016. UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

Unprofessional conduct means the conduct listed in this section and in 3 V.S.A. § 129a:

***

(11) Use of conversion therapy as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 8351 on a client younger than 18 years of age.

*** Clinical Social Workers ***

Sec. 6. 26 V.S.A. § 3210(a) is amended to read:

- 1693 -
(a) The following conduct and the conduct set forth in 3 V.S.A. § 129a by a licensed social worker constitutes unprofessional conduct. When that conduct is by an applicant or a person who later becomes an applicant, it may constitute grounds for denial of a license:

***

(12) failing to clarify the clinical social worker’s role with the parties involved and to take appropriate action to minimize any conflicts of interest, when the clinical social worker anticipates a conflict of interest among the individuals receiving services or anticipates having to perform in conflicting roles such as testifying in a child custody dispute or divorce proceedings involving clients; or

(13) using conversion therapy as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 8351 on a client younger than 18 years of age.

Sec. 7. 26 V.S.A. § 3210(a) is amended to read:

(a) The following conduct and the conduct set forth in 3 V.S.A. § 129a by a person licensed under this chapter constitutes unprofessional conduct. When that conduct is by an applicant or a person who later becomes an applicant, it may constitute grounds for denial or discipline of a license:

***

(12) failing to clarify the licensee’s role with the parties involved and to take appropriate action to minimize any conflicts of interest, when the clinical social worker anticipates a conflict of interest among the individuals receiving services or anticipates having to perform in conflicting roles such as testifying in a child custody dispute or divorce proceedings involving clients; or

(13) using conversion therapy as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 8351 on a client younger than 18 years of age.

*** Clinical Mental Health Counselors ***

Sec. 8. 26 V.S.A. § 3271(a) is amended to read:

(a) Unprofessional conduct means the following conduct and conduct set forth in 3 V.S.A. § 129a:

***

(7) independently practicing outside or beyond a clinical mental health counselor’s area of training, experience or competence without appropriate supervision; or

(8) using conversion therapy as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 8351 on a client younger than 18 years of age.
**Marriage and Family Therapists**

Sec. 9. 26 V.S.A. § 4042(a) is amended to read:

(a) Unprofessional conduct means the following conduct and the conduct set forth in 3 V.S.A. § 129a:

**Psychoanalysts**

Sec. 10. 26 V.S.A. § 4062(a) is amended to read:

(a) Unprofessional conduct means the following conduct and the conduct set forth in 3 V.S.A. § 129a:

**Naturopathic Physicians**

Sec. 11. 26 V.S.A. § 4132(a) is amended to read:

(a) The following conduct and conduct set forth in 3 V.S.A. § 129a by a person licensed under this chapter or an applicant for licensure constitutes unprofessional conduct:

**Effective Dates**

Sec. 12. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2016, except Sec. 7 shall take effect on July 1, 2017.

(Committee vote: 11-0-0)

(For text see Senate Journal March 16, 2016)
S. 215

An act relating to the regulation of vision insurance plans

Rep. Poirier of Barre City, for the Committee on Health Care, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 8 V.S.A. § 4088j is amended to read:

§ 4088j. CHOICE OF PROVIDERS FOR VISION CARE AND MEDICAL EYE CARE SERVICES

* * *

(e)(1) An agreement between a health insurer or an entity that writes vision insurance and an optometrist or ophthalmologist for the provision of vision services to plan members or subscribers in connection with coverage under a stand-alone vision care plan or other health insurance plan shall not require that an optometrist or ophthalmologist provide services or materials at a fee limited or set by the plan or insurer unless the services or materials are reimbursed as covered services under the contract.

(2) An optometrist or ophthalmologist shall not charge more for services and materials that are noncovered services under a vision care plan than his or her usual and customary rate for those services and materials.

(3) Reimbursement paid by a vision care plan for covered services and materials shall be reasonable and shall not provide nominal reimbursement in order to claim that services and materials are covered services.

(4)(A) A vision care plan shall not restrict or otherwise limit, directly or indirectly, an optometrist’s or ophthalmologist’s choice of or relationship with sources and suppliers of services or materials or use of optical laboratories. The plan shall not impose any penalty or fee on an optometrist or ophthalmologist for using any supplier, optical laboratory, product, service, or material.

(B) The provisions of this subdivision (4) shall not apply to Medicaid.

(f) The Department of Financial Regulation shall enforce the provisions of this section as they relate to health insurance policies, health benefit plans, and vision care plans other than Medicaid.

(g) As used in this section:

(1) “Covered services” means services and materials for which reimbursement from a vision care plan or other health insurance plan is provided by a member’s or subscriber’s plan contract, or for which a
reimbursement would be available but for application of the deductible, co-payment, or coinsurance requirements under the member’s or subscriber’s health insurance plan.

(2) “Health insurance plan” means any health insurance policy or health benefit plan offered by a health insurer or a subcontractor of a health insurer, as well as Medicaid and any other public health care assistance program offered or administered by the State or by any subdivision or instrumentality of the State. The term includes vision care plans but does not include policies or plans providing coverage for a specified disease or other limited benefit coverage.

* * *

(7) “Vision care plan” means an integrated or stand-alone plan, policy, or contract providing vision benefits to enrollees with respect to covered services or covered materials, or both.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2016.

(Committee vote: 11-0-0)

(For text see Senate Journal March 16, 2016)

S. 224

An act relating to warranty obligations of equipment dealers and suppliers

Rep. Marcotte of Coventry, for the Committee on Commerce & Economic Development, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. FINDINGS AND INTENT

(a) The General Assembly finds:

(1) Vermont has long relied on economic activity relating to working farms and forestland in the State. These working lands, and the people who work the land, are part of the State’s cultural and ecological heritage, and Vermont has made major policy and budget commitments in recent years in support of working lands enterprises. Farm and forest enterprises need a robust system of infrastructure to support their economic and ecological activities, and that infrastructure requires a strong economic base consisting of dealers, manufacturers, and repair facilities. Initiatives to help strengthen farm and forest working lands infrastructure are in the best interest of the State.
(2) Snowmobiles and all-terrain vehicles have a significant economic impact in the State, including the distribution and sale of these vehicles, use by residents, ski areas, and emergency responders, as well as tourists that come to enjoy riding snowmobiles and all-terrain vehicles in Vermont. It is in the best interest of the State to ensure that Vermont consumers who want to purchase snowmobiles and all-terrain vehicles have access to a competitive marketplace and a strong network of dealers, suppliers, and repair facilities in the State.

(3) The distribution and sale of equipment, snowmobiles, and all-terrain vehicles within this State vitally affects the general economy of the State and the public interest and the public welfare, and in order to promote the public interest and the public welfare, and in the exercise of its police power, it is necessary to regulate equipment, snowmobile, and all-terrain vehicle suppliers and their representatives, and to regulate dealer agreements issued by suppliers who are doing business in this State, in order to protect and preserve the investments and properties of the citizens of this State.

(4) There continues to exist a disparity in bargaining power between equipment, snowmobile, and all-terrain vehicle suppliers and the independent dealer network. This disparity in bargaining power enables equipment, snowmobile, and all-terrain vehicle suppliers to compel dealers to execute dealer agreements, related contracts, and addenda that contain terms and conditions that would not routinely be agreed to by the equipment, snowmobile, and all-terrain vehicle dealer if this disparity did not exist. It therefore is in the public interest to enact legislation to prevent unfair or arbitrary treatment of equipment, snowmobile, and all-terrain vehicle dealers by equipment, snowmobile, and all-terrain vehicle suppliers. It is also in the public interest that Vermont consumers, municipalities, businesses, and others that purchase equipment, snowmobiles, and all-terrain vehicles in Vermont have access to a robust independent dealer network to obtain competitive prices when purchasing these items and to obtain warranty, recall, or other repair work.

(b) It is the intent of the General Assembly that this act be liberally construed in order to achieve its purposes.

Sec. 2. 9 V.S.A. chapter 107 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 107. EQUIPMENT AND MACHINERY DEALERSHIPS

§ 4071. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:
(1) “Current net price” means the price listed in the supplier’s price list or catalog in effect at the time the dealer agreement is terminated, less any applicable discounts allowed.

(2)(A) “Dealer” means a person, corporation, or partnership primarily engaged in the business of retail sales of farm and utility tractors, farm implements, farm machinery, forestry equipment, industrial equipment, utility equipment, yard and garden equipment, attachments, accessories, and repair parts inventory. Provided however, “dealer” shall not include a “single line dealer,” a person primarily engaged in the retail sale and service of industrial, forestry, and construction equipment. “Single line dealer” means a person, partnership or corporation who:

(A)(i) has purchased 75 percent or more of the dealer’s total new product inventory from a single supplier; and

(B)(ii) has a total annual average sales volume for the previous three years in excess of $150 million for the entire territory for which the dealer is responsible.

(3) “Dealer agreement” means a written or oral contract or agreement between a dealer and a wholesaler, manufacturer, or distributor by which the supplier grants the dealer the right to sell or distribute goods or services or to use a trade name, trademark, service mark, logotype, or advertising or other commercial symbol.

(4) “Inventory” means farm, utility, forestry, or industrial equipment, implements, machinery, yard and garden equipment, attachments, or repair parts. These terms do not include heavy construction equipment.

(A) “Inventory” means:

(i) farm, utility, forestry, yard and garden, or industrial:

(I) tractors;

(II) equipment;

(III) implements;

(IV) machinery;

(V) attachments;

(VI) accessories; and

(VII) repair parts;
(ii) snowmobiles, as defined in 23 V.S.A. § 3201(5), and snowmobile implements, attachments, garments, accessories, and repair parts; and

(iii) all-terrain vehicles, as defined in 23 V.S.A. § 3801(1), and all-terrain vehicle implements, attachments, garments, accessories, and repair parts.

(B) “Inventory” does not include heavy construction equipment.

(5) “Net cost” means the price the dealer paid the supplier for the inventory, less all applicable discounts allowed, plus the amount the dealer paid for freight costs from the supplier’s location to the dealer’s location. In the event of termination of a dealer agreement by the supplier, “net cost” shall include the reasonable cost of assembly or disassembly performed by a dealer.

(6) “Supplier” means a wholesaler, manufacturer, or distributor of inventory as defined in this chapter who enters into a dealer agreement with a dealer.

(7) “Termination” of a dealer agreement means the cancellation, nonrenewal, or noncontinuance of the agreement.

(8) “Coerce” means the failure to act in a fair and equitable manner in performing or complying with a provision of a dealer agreement; provided, however, that recommendation, persuasion, urging, or argument shall not be synonymous with coerce or lack of good faith.

(9) “Good faith” means honesty in fact and the observance of reasonable commercial standards of fair dealing, as interpreted under 9A V.S.A. § 1-201(B)(20).

§ 4072. NOTICE OF TERMINATION OF DEALER AGREEMENTS

(a) Notwithstanding any agreement to the contrary, prior to the termination of a dealer agreement, a supplier shall notify the dealer of the termination not less than 120 days prior to the effective date of the termination. No supplier may terminate, cancel, or fail to renew a dealership agreement without cause. “Cause” means failure by an equipment dealer to comply with the requirements imposed upon the equipment dealer by the dealer agreement, provided the requirements are not substantially different from those requirements imposed upon other similarly situated equipment dealers in this State.

(b) The supplier may immediately terminate the agreement at any time upon the occurrence of any of the following events which in addition to the above definition of cause, are also cause for termination, cancellation, or failure to renew a dealership agreement:

- 1700 -
(1) the filing of a petition for bankruptcy or for receivership either by or against the dealer;

(2) the making by the dealer of an intentional and material misrepresentation as to the dealer’s financial status;

(3) any default by the dealer under a chattel mortgage or other security agreement between the dealer and the supplier;

(4) the commencement of voluntary or involuntary dissolution or liquidation of the dealer if the dealer is a partnership or corporation;

(5) a change or additions in location of the dealer’s place of business as provided in the agreement without the prior written approval of the supplier; or

(6) withdrawal of an individual proprietor, partner, major shareholder, the involuntary termination of the manager of the dealership, or a substantial reduction in the interest of a partner or major shareholder without the prior written consent of the supplier.

(c) Unless there is an agreement to the contrary, a dealer who intends to terminate a dealer agreement with a supplier shall notify the supplier of that intent not less than 120 days prior to the effective date of termination.

(d) Notification required by this section shall be in writing and shall be made by certified mail or by personal delivery and shall contain:

(1) a statement of intention to terminate the dealer agreement;

(2) a statement of the reasons for the termination; and

(3) the date on which the termination shall be effective.

TERMINATION OF DEALER AGREEMENT

(a) Requirements for notice.

(1) A person shall provide a notice required in this section by certified mail or by personal delivery.

(2) A notice shall be in writing and shall include:

(A) a statement of intent to terminate the dealer agreement;

(B) a statement of the reasons for the termination, including specific reference to one or more requirements of the dealer agreement that serve as the basis for termination, if applicable; and

(C) the effective date of termination.
(b) Termination by a supplier for cause.

(1) In this subsection, “cause” means the failure of a dealer to meet one or more requirements of a dealer agreement, provided that the requirement is reasonable, justifiable, and substantially the same as requirements imposed on similarly situated dealers in this State.

(2) A supplier shall not terminate a dealer agreement except for cause.

(3) To terminate a dealer agreement for cause, a supplier shall deliver a notice of termination to the dealer at least 120 days before the effective date of termination.

(4) A dealer has 60 days from the date it receives a notice of termination to meet the requirements of the dealer agreement specified in the notice.

(5) If a dealer meets the requirements of the dealer agreement specified in the notice within the 60-day period, the dealer agreement does not terminate pursuant to the notice of termination.

c) Termination by a supplier for failure to meet reasonable marketing or market penetration requirements.

(1) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this section, a supplier shall not terminate a dealer agreement for failure to meet reasonable marketing or market penetration requirements except as provided in this subsection.

(2) A supplier shall deliver an initial notice of termination to the dealer at least 24 months before the effective date of termination.

(3) After providing an initial notice, the supplier shall work with the dealer in good faith to meet the reasonable marketing or market penetration requirements specified in the notice, including reasonable efforts to provide the dealer with adequate inventory and marketing programs that are substantially the same as those provided to dealers in this State or region, whichever is more appropriate under the circumstances.

(4) If the dealer fails to meet reasonable marketing or market penetration requirements specified in the notice by the end of the 24-month period, the supplier may terminate the dealer agreement by providing a final notice of termination not less than 90 days prior to the effective date of the termination.

(5) If a dealer meets the reasonable marketing or market penetration requirements within the 24-month period, the dealer agreement shall not terminate.

d) Termination by a supplier upon a specified event. Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this section, a supplier may terminate immediately a dealer agreement if one of the following events occurs:
(1) A person files a petition for bankruptcy or for receivership on behalf of or against the dealer.

(2) The dealer makes an intentional and material misrepresentation regarding his or her financial status.

(3) The dealer defaults on a chattel mortgage or other security agreement between the dealer and the supplier.

(4) A person commences the voluntary or involuntary dissolution or liquidation of a dealer organized as a business entity.

(5) Without the prior written consent of the supplier:

   (A) The dealer changes the business location specified in the dealer agreement or adds an additional dealership of the supplier’s same brand.

   (B) An individual proprietor, partner, or major shareholder withdraws from, or substantially reduces his or her interest in, the dealer.

(6) The dealer fails to operate in the normal course of business for eight consecutive business days, unless the failure to operate is caused by an emergency or other circumstances beyond the dealer’s control.

(7) The dealer abandons the business.

(8) The dealer pleads guilty to or is convicted of a felony that is substantially related to the qualifications, function, or duties of the dealer.

(e) Termination by a dealer. Unless a provision of a dealer agreement provides otherwise, a dealer may terminate the dealer agreement by providing a notice of termination to the supplier at least 120 days before the effective date of termination.

* * *

§ 4074. REPURCHASE TERMS

(a)(1) Within 90 days from receipt of the written request of the dealer, a supplier under the duty to repurchase inventory pursuant to section 4073 of this title may examine any books or records of the dealer to verify the eligibility of any item for repurchase.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the supplier shall repurchase from the dealer the following items that the dealer previously purchased from the supplier, or other qualified vendor approved by the supplier, that are in the possession of the dealer on the date of termination of the dealer agreement:

- 1703 -
(A) all inventory previously purchased from the supplier in possession of the dealer on the date of termination of the dealer agreement; and

(B) required signage, special tools, books, manuals, supplies, data processing equipment, and software previously purchased from the supplier or other qualified vendor approved by the supplier in the possession of the dealer on the date of termination of the dealer agreement.

(b) The supplier shall pay the dealer:

(1) 100 percent of the net cost of all new, and unsold, undamaged, and complete farm and utility tractors, utility equipment, forestry equipment, industrial equipment, farm implements, farm machinery, yard and garden equipment, attachments, and accessories inventory, other than repair parts, purchased from the supplier within the 30-month period preceding the date of termination, less a reasonable allowance for deterioration attributable to weather conditions exposure at the dealer’s location.

(2) 90-100 percent of the current net prices of all new and undamaged repair parts.

(3) 85-95 percent of the current net prices of all new and undamaged superseded repair parts.

(4) 85-95 percent of the latest available published net price of all new and undamaged noncurrent repair parts.

(5) Either the fair market value, or the supplier shall assume the lease responsibilities of any specific data processing hardware that the supplier required the dealer to purchase to satisfy the reasonable requirements of the dealer agreement, including computer systems equipment and software required and approved by the supplier to communicate with the supplier.

(6) Repurchase at 75 percent of the net cost of specialized repair tools, signage, books, and supplies previously purchased, pursuant to requirements of the supplier and held by the dealer on the date of termination. Specialized repair tools must be unique to the supplier’s product line and must be complete and in usable condition.

(7) Repurchase at average as-is value shown in current industry guides, for dealer-owned rental fleet financed by the supplier or its finance subsidiary, provided the equipment was purchased from the supplier within 30 months of the date of termination.

(c) The party that initiates the termination of the dealer agreement shall pay the cost of the return, handling, packing, and loading of the inventory. If the termination is initiated by the supplier, the supplier shall reimburse the dealer
five percent of the net parts return credited to the dealer as compensation for picking, handling, packing, and shipping the parts returned to the supplier.

(d) Payment to the dealer required under this section shall be made by the supplier not later than 45 days after receipt of the inventory by the supplier. A penalty shall be assessed in the amount of daily interest at the current New York prime rate plus three percent of any outstanding balance over the required 45 days. The supplier shall be entitled to apply any payment required under this section to be made to the dealer as a setoff against any amount owed by the dealer to the supplier.

§ 4075. EXCEPTIONS TO REPURCHASE REQUIREMENT

The provisions of this chapter shall not require a supplier to repurchase from a dealer:

(1) a repair part with a limited storage life or otherwise subject to physical or structural deterioration, including gaskets or batteries;

(2) a single repair part normally priced and sold in a set of two or more items;

(3) a repair part that, because of its condition, cannot be marketed as a new part without repackaging or reconditioning by the supplier or manufacturer;

(4) any inventory that the dealer elects to retain;

(5) any inventory ordered by the dealer after receipt of notice of termination of the dealer agreement by either the dealer or supplier;

(6) any inventory that was acquired by the dealer from a source other than the supplier unless the source was approved by the supplier;

(7) a specialized repair tool that is not unique to the supplier’s product line, over 10 years old, incomplete, or in unusable condition;

(8) a part identified by the supplier as nonreturnable at the time of the dealer’s order; or

(9) supplies that are not unique to the supplier’s product line, over three years old, incomplete, or in unusable condition.

* * *

§ 4077a. PROHIBITED ACTS

No supplier shall:

(1) coerce any dealer to accept delivery of any equipment, parts, or accessories therefor, which such dealer has not voluntarily ordered, except that
a supplier may require a dealer to accept delivery of equipment, parts or accessories that are necessary to maintain equipment generally sold in the dealer’s area of responsibility, and a supplier may require a dealer to accept delivery of safety-related equipment, parts, or accessories pertinent to equipment generally sold in the dealer’s area of responsibility;

(2) condition the sale of any equipment on a requirement that the dealer also purchase any other goods or services, but nothing contained in this chapter shall prevent the supplier from requiring the dealer to purchase all parts reasonably necessary to maintain the quality of operation in the field of any equipment used in the trade area;

(3) coerce any dealer into a refusal to purchase the equipment manufactured by another supplier; or

(4) discriminate in the prices charged for equipment of like grade and quality sold by the supplier to similarly situated dealers, but nothing contained in this chapter shall prevent differentials which make only due allowance for a difference in the cost of manufacture, sale, or delivery resulting from the differing methods or quantities in which such equipment is sold or delivered by the supplier.

PROHIBITED ACTS

(a) A supplier shall not coerce or attempt to coerce a dealer to accept delivery of inventory that the dealer has not voluntarily ordered, except inventory that is:

(1) necessary to maintain inventory in a quantity, and of the model range, generally sold in the dealer’s geographic area of responsibility; or

(2) safety-related and pertinent to inventory generally sold in the dealer’s geographic area of responsibility.

(b) A supplier shall not condition the sale of inventory on a requirement that the dealer also purchase any other goods or services, provided that a supplier may require a dealer to purchase parts reasonably necessary to maintain inventory used in the dealer’s geographic area of responsibility.

(c)(1) A supplier shall not prevent, coerce, or attempt to coerce a dealer from investing in, or entering into an agreement for the sale of, a competing product line or make of inventory.

(2) A supplier shall not require, coerce, or attempt to coerce a dealer to provide a separate facility or personnel for a competing product line or make of inventory.

(3) Subdivisions (1)–(2) of this subsection do not apply unless a dealer:
(A) maintains a reasonable line of credit for each product line or make of inventory;
(B) maintains the principal management of the dealer; and
(C) remains in substantial compliance with the supplier’s reasonable facility requirements, which shall not include a requirement to provide a separate facility or personnel for a competing product line or make of inventory.

(d) A supplier shall not discriminate in the prices it charges for inventory of like grade and quality it sells to similarly situated dealers, provided that a supplier may use differentials that allow for a difference in the cost of manufacture, sale, or delivery resulting from the differing methods or quantities in which the supplier sells or delivers the inventory.

(e) A supplier shall not change the geographic area of responsibility specified in a dealer agreement without good cause, which for purposes of this subsection includes the dealer’s market penetration within the assigned geographic area of responsibility and changes in the inventory warranty registration pattern in the area surrounding the dealer’s geographic area of responsibility.

§ 4078. WARRANTY OBLIGATIONS

(a) A supplier shall:

(1) specify in writing a dealer’s reasonable obligation to perform warranty service on the supplier’s inventory;
(2) provide the dealer a schedule of reasonable compensation for warranty service, including amounts for diagnostic work, parts, labor, and the time allowance for the performance of warranty service; and
(3) compensate the dealer pursuant to the schedule of compensation for the warranty service the supplier requires it to perform.

(b) Time allowances for the diagnosis and performance of warranty service shall be reasonable and adequate for the service to be performed by a dealer that is equipped to complete the requirements of the warranty service.

(c) The hourly rate paid to a dealer shall not be less than the rate the dealer charges to customers for nonwarranty service.

(d) A supplier shall compensate a dealer for parts used to fulfill warranty and recall obligations at a rate not less than the price the dealer actually paid the supplier for the parts plus 20 percent, plus freight and handling if charged by the supplier.
(e) The wholesale price on which a dealer’s markup reimbursement is based for any parts used in a recall or campaign shall not be less than the highest wholesale price listed in the supplier’s wholesale price catalogue within six months prior to the start of the recall or campaign.

(f)(1) Whenever a supplier and a dealer enter into an agreement providing consumer warranties, the supplier shall pay any warranty claim made for warranty parts and service within 30 days after its receipt and approval.

(2) The supplier shall approve or disapprove a warranty claim within 30 days after its receipt.

(3) If a claim is not specifically disapproved in writing within 30 days after its receipt, it shall be deemed to be approved and payment shall be made by the supplier within 30 days after its receipt.

(g) A supplier violates this section if it:

(1) fails to perform its warranty obligations;

(2) fails to include in written notices of factory recalls to machinery owners and dealers the expected date by which necessary parts and equipment will be available to dealers for the correction of such defects; or

(3) fails to compensate a dealer for repairs required by a recall.

(h) A supplier shall not:

(1) impose an unreasonable requirement in the process a dealer must follow to file a warranty claim; or

(2) impose a surcharge or fee to recover the additional costs the supplier incurs from complying with the provisions of this section.

§ 4079. REMEDIES

(a) A person damaged as a result of a violation of this chapter may bring an action against the violator in a Vermont court of competent jurisdiction for damages, together with the actual costs of the action, including reasonable attorney’s fees, injunctive relief against unlawful termination, cancellation, nonrenewal, or substantial change of competitive circumstances, and such other relief as the Court deems appropriate.

(b) A provision in a dealer agreement that purports to deny access to the procedures, forums, or remedies provided by the laws of this State is void and unenforceable.

(c) Nothing contained in this chapter may prohibit Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this section, a dealer agreement may include a provision for binding arbitration of disputes in an agreement. Any arbitration shall be
consistent with the provisions of this chapter and 12 V.S.A. chapter 192, and the place of any arbitration shall be in the county in which the dealer’s principal place of business is maintained in this State.

* * *

Sec. 3. APPLICABILITY TO EXISTING DEALER AGREEMENTS

Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, for a dealer agreement, as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 4071, that is in effect on or before July 1, 2016, the provisions of this act shall apply on July 1, 2016.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2016.

(Committee vote: 11-0-0)

(For text see Senate Journal March 16, 2016)

S. 250
An act relating to alcoholic beverages

Rep. Stevens of Waterbury, for the Committee on General, Housing & Military Affairs, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 7 V.S.A. § 2 is amended to read:

§ 2. DEFINITIONS

The following words as used in this title, unless a contrary meaning is required by the context, shall have the following meaning:

* * *

(5) “Cabaret license”: a first-class license or first- and third-class licenses where the business is devoted primarily to providing entertainment, dancing, and the sale of alcoholic beverages to the public and not the service of food. The holder of a “cabaret license” shall serve food at all times when open for business and shall have adequate and sanitary space and equipment for preparing and serving food. However, the gross receipts from the sale of food shall be less than the combined receipts from the sales of alcoholic beverages, entertainment, and dancing in the prior reporting year. All laws and regulations pertaining to a first-class license or first- and third-class licenses shall apply to the first-class or first- and third-class cabaret licenses. [Repealed.]
(6) “Caterer’s license”: a license issued by the Liquor Control Board authorizing the holder of a first-class license or first- and third-class licenses for a cabaret, restaurant, or hotel premises to serve malt or vinous beverages, spirits, or fortified wines at a function located on premises other than those occupied by a first-, first- and third-, or second-class licensee to sell alcoholic beverages.

* * *

(15) “Manufacturer’s or rectifier’s license”: a license granted by the Liquor Control Board that permits the holder to manufacture or rectify spirits or malt beverages, or vinous beverages and fortified wines, or spirits and fortified wines. Spirits and fortified wines may be manufactured or rectified by a license holder for export and sale to the Liquor Control Board, or malt beverages and vinous beverages may be manufactured or rectified by a license holder for export and sale to bottlers or wholesale dealers. This license permits a manufacturer of vinous beverages or fortified wines to receive from another manufacturer licensed in or outside this State bulk shipments of vinous beverages to rectify with the licensee’s own product, provided that the vinous beverages or fortified wines produced by a Vermont manufacturer may contain no more than 25 percent imported vinous beverage. The Liquor Control Board may grant to a licensed manufacturer or rectifier of spirits, fortified wines, vinous beverages, or malt beverages a first-class restaurant or cabaret license or a first- and a third-class restaurant or cabaret license permitting the licensee to sell alcoholic beverages to the public only at the manufacturer’s premises, which for the purposes of a manufacturer of malt beverages, includes up to two licensed establishments that are located on the contiguous real estate of the holder of the manufacturer’s license, provided the manufacturer or rectifier owns or has direct control over those establishments. A manufacturer of malt beverages who also holds a first-class restaurant or cabaret license may serve to a customer malt beverage by the glass, not to exceed eight glasses at one time and not to exceed four ounces in each glass. The Liquor Control Board may grant to a licensed manufacturer or a rectifier of malt beverages a second-class license permitting the licensee to sell alcoholic beverages to the public anywhere on the manufacturer’s or rectifier’s premises. A licensed manufacturer or rectifier of vinous beverages may serve, with or without charge, at an event held on the premises of the licensee or the vineyard property at a location on the contiguous real estate of the licensee, spirits, fortified wines, vinous beverages, and malt beverages, provided the licensee gives the Department written notice of the event, including details required by the Department, at least five days before the event. Any beverages not manufactured by the licensee and served at the event shall be purchased on
invoice from a licensed manufacturer or wholesale dealer or the Liquor Control Board.

(16) “Person,” as applied to licensees, means individuals, an individual who are citizens is a citizen or a lawful permanent resident of the United States, partnerships, a partnership composed of individuals, a majority of whom are citizens or lawful permanent residents of the United States, and corporations, a corporation organized under the laws of this State or another state in which a majority of the directors are citizens or lawful permanent residents of the United States, or a limited liability companies company organized under the laws of this State or another state in which a majority of the members or managers are citizens or lawful permanent residents of the United States.

* * *

(27) “Special events permit”: a permit granted by the Liquor Control Board permitting a person holding a manufacturer’s or rectifier’s license licensed manufacturer or rectifier to sell by the glass or by unopened bottle spirits, fortified wines, malt beverages, or vinous beverages manufactured or rectified by the license holder at an event open to the public that has been approved by the local licensing authority. For the purposes of tasting only, the permit holder may distribute, with or without charge, beverages manufactured by the permit holder by the glass no more than two ounces per product and eight ounces total of malt beverages or vinous beverages and no more than one ounce in total of spirits or fortified wines to each individual. No more than 104 special events permits may be issued to a holder of a manufacturer’s or rectifier’s license licensed manufacturer or rectifier during a year. A special event permit shall be valid for the duration of each public event or four days, whichever is shorter. Requests for a special events permit, accompanied by the fee as required by subdivision 231(13) of this title, shall be submitted to the Department of Liquor Control at least five days prior to the date of the event. Each manufacturer or rectifier planning to attend a single special event under this permit may be listed on a single permit. However, each attendance at a special event shall count toward the manufacturer’s or rectifier’s annual limit of 104 special events permits.

(28) “Fourth-class license” or “farmers’ market license”: the license granted by the Liquor Control Board permitting a manufacturer or rectifier of malt beverages, vinous beverages, fortified wines, or spirits licensed manufacturer or rectifier to sell by the unopened container and distribute by the glass with or without charge, beverages manufactured by the licensee. No more than a combined total of ten fourth-class and farmers’ market licenses may be granted to a licensed manufacturer or rectifier. At only one
fourth-class license location, a manufacturer or rectifier of vinous beverages, malt beverages, fortified wines, or spirits licensed manufacturer or rectifier may sell by the unopened container and distribute by the glass, with or without charge, vinous beverages, malt beverages, fortified wines, or spirits produced by no more than five additional manufacturers or rectifiers, provided these beverages are purchased on invoice from the manufacturer or rectifier. A manufacturer or rectifier of vinous beverages, malt beverages, fortified wines, or spirits may sell its product to no more than five additional manufacturers or rectifiers. A fourth-class licensee may distribute by the glass no more than two ounces of malt beverages or vinous beverages with a total of eight ounces to each retail customer and no more than one-quarter ounce of spirits or fortified wine with a total of one ounce to each retail customer for consumption on the manufacturer’s premises or at a farmers’ market. A fourth-class licensee may distribute by the glass up to four mixed drinks containing a combined total of no more than one ounce of spirits or fortified wine to each retail customer for consumption only on the manufacturer’s premises. A farmers’ market license is valid for all dates of operation for a specific farmers’ market location.

***

(36) “Outside consumption permit”: a permit granted by the Liquor Control Board allowing the holder of a first-class or first- and third-class license holder and, or fourth-class license holder to allow for consumption of alcohol in a delineated outside area.

***

(40) “Retail delivery permit”: a permit granted by the Liquor Control Board that permits a second-class licensee to deliver malt beverages or vinous beverages sold from the licensed premises for consumption off the premises to an individual who is at least 21 years of age at a physical address in Vermont.

(41) “Destination resort master license”: a license granted by the Liquor Control Board pursuant to section 472 of this title permitting a destination resort to designate licensed caterers and commercial caterers that will be permitted to cater individual events within the boundaries of the resort without being required to obtain a request to cater permit for each individual event. For purposes of a destination resort master license, a “destination resort” is a resort that contains at least 100 acres of land, offers at least 50 units of sleeping accommodations, offers food and beverage service to the public for consideration, and has related sports and recreational facilities for the convenience or enjoyment of its guests. “Destination resort” does not include the University of Vermont, the Vermont State Colleges, or any other university, college, or postsecondary school.
Sec. 2. 7 V.S.A. § 67 is amended to read:

§ 67. ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE TASTINGS; PERMIT; PENALTIES

(d) Promotional alcoholic beverage tasting:

(1) At the request of a holder of a first- or second-class license, a holder of a manufacturer’s, rectifier’s, or wholesale dealer’s license may distribute without charge to the first- or second-class licensee’s management and staff, provided they are of legal drinking age and are off duty for the rest of the day, two ounces per person of vinous or malt beverages for the purpose of promoting the beverage. At the request of a holder of a third-class license, a manufacturer or rectifier of spirits or fortified wines may distribute without charge to the third-class licensee’s management and staff, provided they are of legal drinking age and are off duty for the rest of the day, one-quarter ounce of each beverage and no more than a total of one ounce to each individual for the purpose of promoting the beverage. No permit is required under this subdivision, but written notice of the event shall be provided to the Department of Liquor Control at least five days prior to the date of the tasting.

(e) Tastings for product quality assurance. A licensed manufacturer or rectifier may distribute to its management and staff who are directly involved in the production of the licensee’s products, provided they are of legal drinking age and at the licensed premises, samples of the licensee’s products for the purpose of assuring the quality of the products. Each sample of vinous or malt beverages shall be no larger than two ounces, and each sample of spirits or fortified wines shall be no larger than one-quarter ounce. No permit is required under this subsection.

(f) Age and training of servers. No individual who is under the age of 18 years of age or who has not received training as required by the Department may serve alcoholic beverages at an event under this section.

(g) Penalties. The holder of a permit issued under this section that provides alcoholic beverages to an underage individual or permits an individual under the age of 18 years of age to serve alcoholic beverages at a beverage tasting event under this section shall be fined not less than $500.00 nor more than $2,000.00 or imprisoned not more than two years, or both.

Sec. 3. 7 V.S.A. § 231 is amended to read:

§ 231. FEES FOR LICENSES AND PERMITS; DISPOSITION OF FEES

(a) The following fees shall be paid:
(1) For a manufacturer’s or rectifier’s license to manufacture or rectify malt beverages and, or vinous beverages and fortified wines, or to manufacture or rectify spirits and fortified wines, $285.00 for either each license.

* * *

(11) For up to ten fourth-class vinous licenses, $70.00.

* * *

(25) For a retail delivery permit, $100.00.

(26) For a destination resort master license, $1,000.00.

* * *

Sec. 4. 7 V.S.A. § 222 is amended to read:

§ 222. FIRST- AND SECOND-CLASS LICENSES; GRANTING OF; SALE TO MINORS; CONTRACTING FOR FOOD SERVICE

With the approval of the Liquor Control Board, the control commissioners may grant the following licenses to a retail dealer for the premises where the dealer carries on business:

(1) Upon making application and paying the license fee provided in section 231 of this title, a first-class license which authorizes the dealer to sell malt and vinous beverages for consumption only on those premises, and upon satisfying the Liquor Control Board that the premises are leased, rented, or owned by the retail dealer and are devoted primarily to dispensing meals to the public, except clubs and cabarets, and that the premises have adequate and sanitary space and equipment for preparing and serving meals. The term “public” includes patrons of hotels, boarding houses, restaurants, dining cars, and similar places where meals are served. A retail dealer carrying on business in more than one place shall acquire a first-class license for each place where the retail dealer sells malt and vinous beverages. No malt or vinous beverages shall be sold by a first-class licensee to a minor. Partially consumed bottles of vinous beverages or specialty beers that were purchased with a meal may be removed from first-class licensed premises provided the beverages are recapped or resealed.

* * *

(7)(A)(i) The Liquor Control Board may grant a retail delivery permit to a second-class licensee if the licensee files an application accompanied by the fee provided in section 231 of this title.

(ii) Notwithstanding subdivision (i) of this subdivision (7)(A), the Liquor Control Board shall not grant a retail delivery permit in relation to a
second-class license issued to a licensed manufacturer or rectifier for the manufacturer’s or rectifier’s premises.

(B) A retail delivery permit holder may deliver malt beverages or vinous beverages sold from the licensed premises for consumption off the premises to an individual who is at least 21 years of age subject to the following requirements:

(i) Deliveries shall only be made by the permit holder or an employee of the permit holder.

(ii) Deliveries shall only occur between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m.

(iii) Deliveries shall only be made to a physical address located in Vermont.

(iv) An employee of a retail delivery permit holder shall not be permitted to make deliveries of malt beverages or vinous beverages pursuant to the permit unless he or she has completed a training program approved by the Department as required pursuant to section 239 of this chapter.

(v) Malt beverages and vinous beverages delivered pursuant to a retail delivery permit shall be for personal use and not for resale.

Sec. 5. RETAIL DELIVERY PERMIT; RULEMAKING

On or before January 1, 2017, the Liquor Control Board shall adopt rules necessary to implement the retail delivery permit created by Sec. 4 of this act. The rules shall include:

(1) minimum insurance requirements for a retail delivery permit holder;

(2) limitations on the quantity of malt beverages and vinous beverages that may be delivered;

(3) training and age requirements for employees permitted to make deliveries; and

(4) requirements related to age verification of delivery recipients, recordkeeping, labeling of deliveries, and the identification of delivery personnel or delivery vehicles.

Sec. 6. 7 V.S.A. § 224 is amended to read:

§ 224. THIRD-CLASS LICENSES; OPEN CONTAINERS

(a) The Liquor Control Board may grant to a person who operates a hotel, restaurant, cabaret, or club a license of the third class if the person files an application accompanied by the license fee as provided in section 231 of this
title for the premises in which the business of the hotel, restaurant, cabaret, or club is carried on. The holder of a third-class license may sell spirits and fortified wines for consumption only on the premises covered by the license. The applicant for a third-class license shall satisfy the Liquor Control Board that the applicant is the bona fide owner or lessee of the premises and that the premises are operated for the purpose covered by the license.

* * *

Sec. 7. 7 V.S.A. § 242 is added to read:

§ 242. DESTINATION RESORT MASTER LICENSES

(a) The Liquor Control Board may grant a destination resort master license to a person that operates a destination resort if the applicant files an application with the Liquor Control Board accompanied by the license fee provided in section 231 of this title. In addition to any information required pursuant to rules adopted by the Board, the application shall:

(1) designate all licensed caterers and commercial caterers that are proposed to be permitted to cater individual events within the boundaries of the resort pursuant to the destination resort master license;

(2) demonstrate that the destination resort:

(A) contains at least 100 acres of land; and

(B) offers at least 50 units of sleeping accommodations; and

(3) include a plan of the destination resort that sets forth:

(A) the destination resort boundaries;

(B) the ownership of the destination resort lands;

(C) the location and general design of buildings and other improvements within the resort boundaries; and

(D) the location of any sports and recreational facilities within the resort boundaries.

(b) A licensee may, upon five days’ notice to the Department, amend the list of licensed caterers and commercial caterers that are designated in the destination resort master license.

(c) The holder of the destination resort master license shall, at least two days prior to the date of the event, provide the Department and local control commissioners with written notice of an event within the resort boundaries that will be catered pursuant to the master license. A licensed caterer or commercial caterer that is designated in the master license shall not be required
to obtain a request to cater permit to cater an event occurring within the destination resort boundaries if the master licensee has provided the Department and local control commissioners with the required notice pursuant to this subsection.

(d) Real estate of a destination resort master license holder that is not contiguous with the license holder’s principal premises or is located in a different municipality from the license holder’s principal premises may be included in the destination resort’s boundaries if it is clearly identified and delineated on the plan of the destination resort that is submitted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

Sec. 8. 7 V.S.A. § 421 is amended to read:

§ 421. TAX ON MALT AND VINOUS BEVERAGES

(a) Every bottler and wholesaler shall pay to the Commissioner of Taxes the sum of 26 and one-half cents per gallon for every gallon or its equivalent of malt beverage containing not more than six percent of alcohol by volume at 60 degrees Fahrenheit sold by them to retailers in the State and the sum of 55 cents per gallon for each gallon of malt beverage containing more than six percent of alcohol by volume at 60 degrees Fahrenheit and each gallon of vinous beverages sold by them to retailers in the State and shall also pay to the Liquor Control Board all fees for bottler’s and wholesaler’s licenses. A manufacturer or rectifier of malt or vinous beverages shall pay the taxes required by this subsection to the Commissioner of Taxes for all malt and vinous beverages manufactured or rectified by them and sold at retail.

* * *

(c)(1) For the purpose of ascertaining the amount of tax, on or before the tenth day of each calendar month on the filing dates set out in subdivision (2) of this subsection according to tax liability, each bottler and wholesaler shall transmit to the Commissioner of Taxes, upon a form prepared and furnished by the Commissioner, a statement or return under oath or affirmation showing the quantity of malt and vinous beverages sold by the bottler or wholesaler during the preceding calendar month filing period, and report any other information requested by the Commissioner accompanied by payment of the tax required by this section. The amount of tax computed under subsection (a) of this section shall be rounded to the nearest whole cent. At the same time this form is due, each bottler and wholesaler also shall transmit to the Commissioner in electronic format a separate report showing the description, quantity, and price of malt and vinous beverages sold by the bottler or wholesaler to each retail dealer as defined in subdivision 2(18) of this title; provided, however, for direct sales to retail dealers by manufacturers or rectifiers of vinous beverages,
the report required by this subsection may be submitted in a nonelectronic format.

(2) Where the tax liability for the immediately preceding full calendar year has been (or would have been in cases when the business was not operating for the entire year):

(A) $2,000.00 or less, then payment of the tax and submission of the documents required by this section shall be due and payable in quarterly installments on or before the 25th day of the calendar month succeeding the quarter ending the last day of March, June, September, and December of each year; or

(B) More than $2,000.00, then payment of the tax and submission of the documents required by this section shall be due and payable monthly on or before the 25th (23rd of February) day of the month following the month for which the tax is due.

* * *

Sec. 9. 7 V.S.A. § 423 is amended to read:

§ 423. REGULATIONS RULES

(a) The tax commissioner Commissioner of Taxes and the liquor control board Liquor Control Board shall make such rules and regulations as they deem necessary for the proper administration and collection of the tax imposed under section 422 of this title.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, where the spirits and fortified wines tax liability of a manufacturer or rectifier under section 422 of this title for the immediately preceding full calendar year has been (or would have been in cases when the business was not operating for the entire year) $1,000.00 or less, the tax imposed on the manufacturer or rectifier by section 422 of this title shall be due and payable in one annual payment on or before the 25th day of January. Where the spirits and fortified wines tax liability of a manufacturer or rectifier under section 422 of this title for the immediately preceding full calendar year has been (or would have been in cases when the business was not operating for the entire year) more than $1,000.00, the tax imposed on the manufacturer or rectifier by section 422 of this title shall be due and payable in quarterly installments on or before the 25th day of the calendar month succeeding the quarter ending the last day of March, June, September, and December of each year.
Sec. 10. 7 V.S.A. § 424 is amended to read:

§ 424. COLLECTION

The Liquor Control Board shall collect the tax imposed under section 422 of this title from the purchaser thereof. The taxes so collected on sales by the Liquor Control Board shall be paid weekly to the State Treasurer, and the taxes collected on sales by a manufacturer or rectifier shall be paid quarterly to the State Treasurer.

Sec. 11. 32 V.S.A. § 9202 is amended to read:

§ 9202. DEFINITIONS

The following words, terms, and phrases when used in this chapter shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section unless the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

* * *

(4) “Operator” means any person, or his or her agent, operating a hotel, whether as owner or proprietor or lessee, sublessee, mortgagee, licensee, or otherwise; and any person, or his or her agent, charging for a taxable meal or alcoholic beverage; and any person, or his or her agent, engaged in both of the foregoing activities. In the event that an operator is a corporation or other entity, the term “operator” shall include any officer or agent of such corporation or other entity who, as an officer or agent of the corporation, is under a duty to pay the gross receipts tax to the Commissioner as required by this chapter.

* * *

(11) “Alcoholic beverages” means any malt beverages, vinous beverages, or spirituous liquors or fortified wines as defined in 7 V.S.A. § 2 and served on premises by a holder of a first or third class license issued under 7 V.S.A. chapter 9 for immediate consumption. “Alcoholic beverages” do not include any beverages served under the circumstances enumerated in subdivision 9202(10)(D)(ii) of this chapter under which beverages are excepted from the definition of “taxable meal.”

* * *

Sec. 12. 32 V.S.A. § 9741 is amended to read:

§ 9741. SALES NOT COVERED

Retail sales and use of the following shall be exempt from the tax on retail sales imposed under section 9771 of this title and the use tax imposed under section 9773 of this title.
Sec. 13. DEPARTMENT OF TAXES; STUDY OF TRANSFER OF MALT BEVERAGES BETWEEN LICENSED MANUFACTURING LOCATIONS; REPORT

(a) The Department of Taxes, in consultation with the Department of Liquor Control and interested stakeholders, shall study the bulk transfer of malt beverages without the payment of taxes pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 421 between licensed manufacturers of malt beverages that are under the same ownership. In particular, the Department shall study:

(1) what legislative, regulatory, or administrative changes, if any, are necessary to enable the bulk transfer of malt beverages without the payment of taxes pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 421 between licensed manufacturers of malt beverages that are under the same ownership; and

(2) whether permitting the bulk transfer of malt beverages without the payment of taxes pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 421 between licensed manufacturers of malt beverages that are under the same ownership would adversely impact the State’s tax revenues.

(b) On or before January 15, 2017, the Department of Taxes shall submit a written report to the House Committees on General, Housing and Military Affairs and on Ways and Means, and the Senate Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and on Finance regarding its findings and any recommendations for legislative action.

(c) For purposes of this section, two licensed manufacturers of malt beverages are “under the same ownership” if:

(1) the manufacturers are part of the same company;

(2) one manufacturer owns the controlling interest in the other manufacturer; or

(3) the controlling interest in each manufacturer is owned by the same person.
Sec. 14. 7 V.S.A. § 101 is amended to read:

§ 101. COMPOSITION OF DEPARTMENT; COMMISSIONER OF LIQUOR CONTROL; LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD

(a) The Department of Liquor Control, created by 3 V.S.A. § 212, shall include the Commissioner of Liquor Control and the Liquor Control Board.

(b)(1) The Liquor Control Board shall consist of five persons, not more than three members of which shall belong to the same political party.

(2)(A) Biennially, with the advice and consent of the Senate, the Governor shall appoint a person as a member of such the Board for a staggered five-year term, whose staggered five-year terms.

(B) The Governor shall fill a vacancy occurring during a term by an appointment for the unexpired term in accordance with the provisions of 3 V.S.A. § 257(b).

(C) A member’s term of office shall commence on February 1 of the year in which such appointment is made.

(3) The Governor shall biennially designate a member of such the Board to be its Chair.

Sec. 15. 7 V.S.A. § 102 is amended to read:

§ 102. REMOVAL

After notice and hearing, the Governor may remove a member of the liquor control board for incompetency, failure to discharge his or her duties, malfeasance, immorality, or other cause inimical to the general good of the state. In case of such removal, the Governor shall appoint a person to fill the unexpired term.

Sec. 16. 7 V.S.A. § 106 is amended to read:

§ 106. COMMISSIONER OF LIQUOR CONTROL; REPORTS; RECOMMENDATIONS

The board shall employ an executive officer, who shall be the secretary of the board and shall be called the commissioner of liquor control. The commissioner shall be appointed for an indefinite period and shall be subject to removal upon the majority vote of the entire board. At such times and in such detail as the board directs, the commissioner shall make reports to the board concerning the liquor distribution system of the state, together with such
recommendations as he deems proper for the promotion of the general good of the state.

(a)(1) With the advice and consent of the Senate, the Governor shall appoint from among no fewer than three candidates proposed by the Liquor Control Board a Commissioner of Liquor Control for a term of four years.

(2) The Board shall review the applicants for the position of Commissioner of Liquor Control and by a vote of the majority of the members of the Board shall select candidates to propose to the Governor. The Board shall consider each applicant’s administrative expertise and his or her knowledge regarding the business of distributing and selling alcoholic beverages.

(b) The Commissioner shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor until the end of the term for which he or she is appointed or until a successor is appointed.

Sec. 17. 7 V.S.A. § 107 is amended to read:

§ 107. DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER OF LIQUOR CONTROL

The Commissioner of Liquor Control shall:

(1) In towns which vote to permit the sale of spirits and fortified wines, establish such number of local agencies therein as the Board shall determine, enter into agreements for the rental of necessary and adequate quarters, and employ suitable assistants for the operation thereof. However, it shall not be obligatory upon the Liquor Control Board to establish an agency in every town which votes to permit the sale of spirits and fortified wines.

(2) Make regulations subject to the approval and adoption by the Board governing the hours during which such local agencies shall be open for the sale of spirits and fortified wines and governing the qualifications, deportment, and salaries of the agencies’ employees and the business, operational, financial, and revenue standards that must be met for the establishment of an agency and its continued operation.

(3) Make regulations subject to the approval and adoption by the Board governing:

(A) the prices at which spirits shall be sold by local agencies, the method for their delivery, and the quantities of spirits that may be sold to any person at any one time; and

(B) the minimum prices at which fortified wines shall be sold by local agencies and second-class licensees that hold fortified wine permits, the
method for their delivery, and the quantities of fortified wines that may be sold to any one person at any one time.

(4) Supervise the quantities and qualities of spirits and fortified wines to be kept as stock in local agencies and make regulations recommend rules subject to the approval of and adoption by the Board regarding the filling of requisitions therefor on the Commissioner of Liquor Control.

(5) Purchase through the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services spirits and fortified wines for and in behalf of the Liquor Control Board, supervise the their storage thereof and the distribution to local agencies, druggists and, licensees of the third class, third-class licensees, and holders of fortified wine permits, and make regulations recommend rules subject to the approval of and adoption by the Board regarding the sale and delivery from the central storage plant.

(6) Check and audit the income and disbursements of all local agencies, and the central storage plant.

(7) Report to the Board regarding the State’s liquor control system and make recommendations for the promotion of the general good of the State.

(8) Devise methods and plans for eradicating intemperance and promoting the general good of the state and make effective such methods and plans as part of the administration of this title.

Sec. 18. RULEMAKING

On or before July 1, 2017, the Commissioner shall prepare and submit to the Liquor Control Board for its approval and adoption his or her recommendation for rules to govern the business, operational, financial, and revenue standards for local agencies as necessary to implement this act.

Sec. 19. LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL; DRAFT LEGISLATION

On or before January 15, 2017, the Office of Legislative Council shall prepare and submit a draft bill to the House Committee on General, Housing and Military Affairs and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs that makes statutory amendments of a technical nature to improve the clarity of Title 7 through the reorganization of its provisions and the modernization of its statutory language. The draft bill shall also identify provisions of Title 7 that may require amendment in order to remove out-of-date and obsolete provisions or to reflect more accurately the current practices and programs of the Liquor Control Board and the Department of Liquor Control. The Office of Legislative Council shall consult with the Commissioner of Liquor Control, the Liquor Control Board, and the Office of the Attorney General to identify language requiring modernization.
and provisions that are out-of-date, obsolete, or do not reflect accurately the current practices and programs of the Liquor Control Board and the Department of Liquor Control.

Sec. 20. COMMISSIONER OF LIQUOR CONTROL; CURRENT TERM; APPOINTMENT OF SUCCESSOR

The Commissioner of Liquor Control in office on the effective date of this act shall be deemed to have commenced a four-year term pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 106(a)(1) on February 1, 2016. The Commissioner shall serve until the end of the four-year term or until a successor is appointed as provided pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 106. Notwithstanding any provision of 3 V.S.A. § 2004 or 7 V.S.A. § 106(b) to the contrary, during this current term, the Governor may remove the Commissioner for cause after notice and a hearing.

Sec. 21. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) In Sec. 3, 7 V.S.A. § 231, subdivisions (a)(1) (manufacturer’s or rectifier’s license) and (a)(11) (fourth-class license) shall take effect on July 2, 2016. The remaining provisions of Sec. 3 shall take effect on July 1, 2016.

(b) In Sec. 4, 7 V.S.A. § 222, subdivision (7) shall take effect on January 1, 2017. The remaining provisions of Sec. 4 shall take effect on July 1, 2016.

(c) This section and the remaining sections of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2016.

(Committee vote: 8-0-0 )

(For text see Senate Journal March 18, 2016 )

S. 255

An act relating to regulation of hospitals, health insurers, and managed care organizations

Rep. Donahue of Northfield, for the Committee on Health Care, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended as follows:

First: In Sec. 2, 18 V.S.A. § 9405b, in subsection (b), by striking out the renumbered subdivision (3) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subdivision (3) to read as follows:

(II)(3) Information on membership and governing body qualifications; a listing of the current governing body members, including each member’s name, town of residence, occupation, employer, and job title, and the amount of compensation, if any, for serving on the governing body;
and means of obtaining a schedule of meetings of the hospital’s governing body, including times scheduled for public participation; and

Second: By adding a section to be Sec. 2a to read as follows:

Sec. 2a. 18 V.S.A. § 9456(d) is amended to read:

(d)(1) Annually, the Board shall establish a budget for each hospital by on or before September 15, followed by a written decision by October 1. Each hospital shall operate within the budget established under this section.

* * *

(3)(A) The Office of the Health Care Advocate shall have the right to receive copies of all materials related to the hospital budget review and may:

(i) ask questions of employees of the Green Mountain Care Board related to the Board’s hospital budget review;

(ii) submit written questions to the Board that the Board will ask of hospitals in advance of any hearing held in conjunction with the Board’s hospital review:

(iii) submit written comments for the Board’s consideration; and

(iv) ask questions and provide testimony in any hearing held in conjunction with the Board’s hospital budget review.

(B) The Office of the Health Care Advocate shall not further disclose any confidential or proprietary information provided to the Office pursuant to this subdivision (3).

Third: By striking out Secs. 10, recommendations for potential alignment, and 11, effective dates, in their entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 10. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR POTENTIAL ALIGNMENT

(a) The Director of Health Care Reform in the Agency of Administration, in collaboration with the Green Mountain Care Board and the Department of Financial Regulation, shall compare the requirements in federal law applicable to Vermont’s accountable care organizations and to the Department of Vermont Health Access in its role as a public managed care organization with the rules adopted in accordance with 18 V.S.A. § 9414(a)(1) as they apply to managed care organizations to identify opportunities for alignment, including alignment of mental health standards. The Director of Health Care Reform shall make recommendations on or before December 15, 2017 to the House Committee on Health Care and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Finance on appropriate ways to improve alignment. In preparing his or
her recommendations, the Director shall take into consideration the financial and operational implications of alignment and shall consult with interested stakeholders, including the Department of Health, the Department of Mental Health, health care providers, accountable care organizations, the Office of the Health Care Advocate, the Vermont Association of Hospitals and Health Systems, the Vermont Medical Society, and health insurance and managed care organizations, as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 9402.

(b) In advance of the implementation of any of the recommendations provided pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and to the extent permitted under federal law, when making a utilization review determination on or after January 1, 2017, the Department of Vermont Health Access shall ensure that:

1. a mental health professional licensed in Vermont whose training and expertise is at least comparable to the treating provider is involved in the review whenever authorization for mental health or substance abuse services is denied or when payment is stopped for mental health or substance abuse services already being provided;

2. a physician under the direction of the Department’s Chief Medical Officer is involved in the review whenever authorization for health care services other than mental health or substance abuse services is denied or when payment is stopped for health care services already being provided;

3. adverse action letters delineate the specific clinical criteria upon which the adverse action was based; and

4. for determinations applicable to patients receiving inpatient care, Department staff are available by telephone to discuss the individual case with the clinician requesting the benefit determination.

Sec. 11. 18 V.S.A. § 115 is amended to read:

§ 115. CHRONIC DISEASES; STUDY; PROGRAM PUBLIC HEALTH SURVEILLANCE ASSESSMENT AND PLANNING

(a) The Department of Health may, in the discretion of the Commissioner, accept for treatment children who have chronic diseases such as cystic fibrosis and severe hemophilia or developmental disabilities.

(b) The State Board Commissioner of Health is authorized to:

1. study the prevalence of chronic disease;

2. make such morbidity studies as may be necessary to evaluate the over-all problem of chronic disease and developmental disabilities;

3. develop an early case-finding program, in cooperation with the medical profession;
(4) develop and carry on an educational program as to the causes, prevention and alleviation of chronic disease and developmental disabilities; and

(5) integrate this program with that of the State rehabilitation center where possible, by seeking the early referral of persons with chronic disease, who could benefit from the State rehabilitation program adopt rules for the purpose of screening chronic diseases and developmental disabilities in newborns.

(c) The State Board Department of Health is directed to consult and cooperate with the medical profession and interested official and voluntary agencies and societies in the development of this program.

(d) The Board Department is authorized to accept contributions or gifts which are given to the State for any of the purposes as stated in this section, and the Department is authorized to charge and retain monies to offset the cost of providing newborn screening program services.

Sec. 12. 18 V.S.A. § 115a is amended to read:

§ 115a. CHRONIC DISEASES OF CHILDREN; TREATMENT

The Department of Health may, in the discretion of the Commissioner, accept for treatment children who have chronic diseases such as cystic fibrosis. [Repealed.]

Sec. 13. 18 V.S.A. § 5087 is amended to read:

§ 5087. ESTABLISHMENT OF BIRTH INFORMATION NETWORK

* * *

(b) The Department of Health is authorized to collect information for the birth information network for the purpose of preventing and controlling disease, injury, and disability. The Commissioner of Health, in collaboration with appropriate partners, shall coordinate existing data systems and records to enhance the network’s comprehensiveness and effectiveness, including:

(1) vital records (birth, death, and fetal death certificates);

(2) the children with special health needs database;

(3) newborn metabolic screening;

(4) a voluntary developmental screening test;

(5) universal newborn hearing screening;

(6) the Hearing Outreach Program;
the cancer registry;
the lead screening registry;
the immunization registry;
the special supplemental nutrition program for women, infants, and children;
the Medicaid claims database;
the hospital discharge data system;
health records, (such as including discharge summaries, disease indexes, nursery logs, pediatric logs, and neonatal intensive care unit logs) from hospitals, outpatient specialty clinics, genetics clinics, and cytogenetics laboratories; and
the Vermont health care claims uniform reporting and evaluation system.

* * *

Sec. 14. CONGENITAL HEART DEFECT SCREENING; RULEMAKING

On or before January 1, 2017, the Commissioner of Health shall adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 requiring the screening for a congenital heart defect on every newborn in the State, unless a critical congenital heart defect was detected prenatally. Screening tests for critical congenital heart defects may include pulse oximetry or other methodologies that reflect the standard of care.

Sec. 15. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) Secs. 1 (hospital needs assessment) and 2 (hospital community reports) and this section shall take effect on passage.

(b) The remaining sections shall take effect on July 1, 2016.

(Committee vote: 11-0-0 )

(For text see Senate Journal March 11, 15, 2016 )

Senate Proposal of Amendment

H. 559

An act relating to an exemption from licensure for visiting team physicians

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill as follows:

By adding a new section to be Sec. 5 to read as follows:

Sec. 5. 26 V.S.A. § 1583 is amended to read:
§ 1583. EXEMPTIONS

This chapter does not prohibit:

***

(10) An advanced practice registered nurse who is duly licensed and in good standing in another state, territory, or jurisdiction of the United States or in Canada if the APRN is employed as or formally designated as the team APRN by an athletic team visiting Vermont for a specific sporting event and the APRN limits the practice of advanced practice registered nursing in this State to treatment of the members, coaches, and staff of the sports team employing or designating the APRN.

And by renumbering the existing Sec. 5, effective date, to be Sec. 6

(For text see House Journal April 15, 2016)

H. 845

An act relating to legislative review of certain report requirements

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

*** Amendment to 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) Language ***

Sec. 1. 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) is amended to read:

(d) Unless it is the intent of the General Assembly that, except for reports required by interstate compacts and except as otherwise provided by law, whenever an agency is required by law to submit an annual, biennial, or other periodic report to the General Assembly, that requirement shall no longer be required after five years or after five years from July 1, 2009 the last date that the statutory or session law section containing the report was amended, whichever date is later. The Legislative Council, pursuant to section 424 of this title, may revise the Vermont Statutes Annotated accordingly shall prepare for the General Assembly’s review a list of the reports subject to this subsection. A report requirement shall only expire pursuant to legislative enactment.

*** Reports Exempt from 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) ***

Sec. 2. 7 V.S.A. § 1007 is amended to read:

§ 1007. FURNISHING TOBACCO TO PERSONS UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE: REPORT

(a) An individual who sells or furnishes tobacco products, tobacco substitutes, or tobacco paraphernalia to a person under 18 years of age shall be
subject to a civil penalty of not more than $100.00 for the first offense and not more than $500.00 for any subsequent offense. An action under this section shall be brought in the same manner as for a traffic violation pursuant to 23 V.S.A. chapter 24 and shall be brought within 24 hours of the occurrence of the alleged violation.

(b)(1) The Department of Liquor Control shall conduct or contract for compliance tests of tobacco licensees as frequently and as comprehensively as necessary to ensure consistent statewide compliance with the prohibition on sales to minors of at least 90 percent for buyers 17 years of age. An individual under 18 years of age participating in a compliance test shall not be in violation of 7 V.S.A. § 1005.

(2) Any violation by a tobacco licensee of subsection 1003(a) of this title and this section after a first sale violation or during a compliance test conducted within six months of a previous violation shall be considered a multiple violation and shall result in the minimum license suspension in addition to any other penalties available under this title. Minimum license suspensions for multiple violations shall be assessed as follows:

(A) Two violations one weekday;
(B) Three violations two weekdays;
(C) Four violations three weekdays;
(D) Five violations three weekend days, Friday through Sunday.

(3) The Department shall report to the House Committee on General, Housing and Military Affairs, the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs, and the Tobacco Evaluation and Review Board annually, on or before January 15, the methodology and results of compliance tests conducted during the previous year. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the required report to be made under this subsection.

Sec. 3. 9 V.S.A. § 4553(b) is amended to read:

(b) The Human Rights Commission shall forward, on or before January 1 of each year, to the Speaker of the House and the President of the Senate an annual report on the status of Commission program operations, the number and type of calls received, complaints filed and investigated, closure of litigated and nonlitigated complaints, public educational activities undertaken, and recommendations for improved human rights advocacy and activities. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this subsection.
Sec. 4. 16 App. V.S.A. chapter 1, § 1-8 is amended to read:

§ 1-8. LEGISLATIVE REPORTS; BOARD OF VISITORS

The corporation hereby created shall make annual reports to the Legislature of this State, of its condition, financially and otherwise, and make and distribute the reports required by the act of Congress, herein referred to, and the Legislature may annually appoint a Board of Visitors, who may annually examine the affairs of the corporation. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this section.

Sec. 5. 24 V.S.A. § 290b(d) is amended to read:

(d) Annually, each sheriff shall furnish the Auditor of Accounts on forms provided by the Auditor a financial report reflecting the financial transactions and condition of the sheriff’s department. The sheriff shall submit a copy of this report to the assistant judges of the county. The assistant judges shall prepare a report reflecting funds disbursed by the county in support of the sheriff’s department and forward a copy of their report to the Auditor of Accounts. The Auditor of Accounts shall compile the reports and submit one report to the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the required report to be made under this subsection.

Sec. 6. 32 V.S.A. § 182(a) is amended to read:

(a) In addition to the duties expressly set forth elsewhere by law, the Commissioner of Finance and Management shall:

(1) Prescribe appropriate systems for all State departments and agencies to use in accounting and each department and agency shall keep their accounts in accordance with a system prescribed by the Commissioner. The Commissioner may review and examine any accounting system to determine its compliance with the prescribed system.

(2) Maintain a system of central accounting of income and disbursement so as to enable fiscal officers of the State at any time to provide an evaluation and analysis of the status of state finances.

(3) Coordinate the fiscal procedures of the State, including all departments, institutions, and agencies with the controlling accounts kept under this section.

(4) Maintain a system of encumbrance accounting to control expenditures within budget appropriations.
(5) In the Commissioner’s discretion, pre-audit receipts, expenditures, and encumbrances.

(6) Draw warrants on the Treasurer for all valid and legal payroll disbursements certified by voucher.

(7) Draw warrants on the Treasurer for all disbursements.

(8) Prepare monthly revenue reports for the Governor, Secretary of Administration, and other officials and for release to the general public, and a comprehensive annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles which shall be distributed to the Chairs of the House Committees on Appropriations, on Corrections and Institutions, and on Ways and Means and to the Senate Committees on Appropriations, on Finance, and on Institutions on or before December 31 of each year. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the required report to be made under this subdivision.

(9) Make available monthly reports of appropriations, expenditures, encumbrances, and balances for all operating departments.

(10) Maintain a standard chart of accounts structure pertaining to appropriation, revenue, and expenditure codes.

(11) [Deleted. [Repealed.]

(12) Exercise central management of the appropriation act.

(13) Maintain the general control ledger of State accounts.

* * *

Sec. 7. 32 V.S.A. § 434(a)(5) is amended to read:

(5) Annually, the Treasurer shall prepare a report to the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Finance on the financial activity of the Trust Investment Account. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the required report to be made under this subdivision.

Sec. 8. 32 V.S.A. § 3205(c) is amended to read:

(c) The Taxpayer Advocate shall prepare an annual report detailing the actions the Taxpayer Advocate has taken to improve taxpayer services and the responsiveness of the Department of Taxes. The report shall identify the problems encountered by taxpayers in interacting with the Department of Taxes and include specific recommendations for administrative and legislative actions to resolve those problems. The report shall identify any problems that span an entire class of taxpayer or specific industry, and propose class- or
industry-wide solutions. The report of the Taxpayer Advocate shall be submitted to the Senate Committee on Finance and the House Committee on Ways and Means no later than on or before January 15th of each year. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the required report to be made under this subsection.

Sec. 9. 33 V.S.A. § 2115 is added to read:

§ 2115. GENERAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM REPORT

On or before of January 15 of each year, the Commissioner for Children and Families shall submit a written report to the House Committees on Appropriations, on General, Housing and Military Affairs and on Human Services and the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Health and Welfare containing:

(1) an evaluation of the General Assistance program during the previous fiscal year;
(2) any recommendations for changes to the program; and
(3) a plan for continued implementation of the program.

Sec. 10. 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 162, Sec. E.321(b) is amended to read:

(b) The program may operate in up to 12 districts designated by the Secretary of Human Services. This program will be budget neutral. For each district in which the agency operates the program, it shall establish procedures for evaluating the pilot and its effects. The agency shall report annually to the General Assembly on its findings from the programs, its recommendations for changes in the general assistance program, and a plan for further implementation of the program. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the required report to be made under this subsection.

*** Report Requirements Repealed ***

Sec. 11. 18 V.S.A. § 1553(c) is amended to read:

(c) On or before January 15 of each year, the commissioner of health shall submit a report to the house committees on health care and on human services and the senate committee on health and welfare containing at least the following information:

(1) a description of the adverse events reviewed by the panel during the preceding 12 months, including statistics and causes;
(2) corrective action plans to address, in the aggregate, such adverse events; and
(3) recommendations for system changes and legislation relating to the delivery of health care in Vermont. [Repealed.]

Sec. 12. 18 V.S.A. § 4632(a)(5) and (6) is amended to read:

(5) The office of the attorney general shall report annually on the disclosures made under this section to the general assembly and the governor on or before October 1. The report shall include:

(A) Information on allowable expenditures and permitted gifts required to be disclosed under this section, which shall present information in aggregate form by selected types of health care providers or individual health care providers, as prioritized each year by the office; and showing the amounts expended on the Green Mountain Care board established in chapter 220 of this title. In accordance with subdivisions (1)(B), (1)(D), and (2)(A) of this subsection, information on samples and donations to free clinics of prescribed products and of over-the-counter drugs, nonprescription medical devices, items of nonprescription durable medical equipment, medical food, and infant formula shall be presented in aggregate form.

(B) Information on violations and enforcement actions brought pursuant to this section and section 4631a of this title. [Repealed.]

(6) After issuance of the report required by subdivision (5) of this subsection and except Except as otherwise provided in subdivisions (1)(B) and (2)(A) of this subsection, the office of the attorney general Office of the Attorney General shall make all disclosed data used for the report publicly available and searchable through an Internet website.

Sec. 13. 32 V.S.A. § 5930z(g) is amended to read:

(g) On a regular basis, the Department shall notify the House and Senate Committees on Natural Resources and Energy of solar energy tax credits claimed pursuant to this section, and the Board shall cause to be transferred from the Clean Energy Development Fund to the General Fund an amount equal to the amount of solar energy tax credits as and when the credits are claimed.

Sec. 14. 2000 Acts and Resolves No. 125, Sec. 2(b)(7) as amended by 2009 Acts and Resolves No. 33, Sec. 71 and 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 68, Sec. 3 is further amended to read:

(7) Report annually to the house and senate committees on education on the extent of indoor air and hazardous exposure problems in Vermont schools and on the percentage of Vermont schools that have established a school environmental health program or qualified for environmental health certification. [Repealed.]
Sec. 15. 2011 Acts and Resolves No. 54, Sec. 5(e) is amended to read:

(e) On or before January 15, 2012, and annually thereafter, the department of fish and wildlife shall report to the house committee on fish, wildlife and water resources and the senate committee on natural resources and energy regarding the status of the relevant captive cervidae facility’s compliance with:

(1) the requirements of this section; and

(2) the fish and wildlife board’s rule governing the importation and possession of animals for taking by hunting. [Repealed.]

* * * Reports Expiration Extension * * *

Sec. 16. REPORT REPEAL DELAYED

The reports set forth in this section shall not be subject to review under the provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) until July 1, 2020:

(1) 10 V.S.A. §§ 21(b)(2) (report on the condition of the EB-5 Special Fund), 1978(e)(3) (Technical Advisory Committee report on potable water supply and wastewater systems), 2609a (income from sites used for communication purposes), and 6604(b) (Agency of Natural Resources recommendations regarding solid waste management);

(2) 13 V.S.A. § 5256 (Defender General summarized activities);

(3) 18 V.S.A. §§ 4474j(b) (Marijuana for Symptom Relief Oversight Committee annual report) and 9375a(b)(4) (final projections for three-year projection of health care expenditures);

(4) 28 V.S.A. § 104(e) (Commissioner of Corrections notification of release of offenders);

(5) 29 V.S.A. §§ 155(c) (deposits and disbursements from Historic Property Stabilization and Rehabilitation Special Fund) and 160(e) (condition of Property Management Revolving Fund); and

(6) 1999 Acts and Resolves No. 49, Sec. 96, as amended by 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 139, Sec. 39 (economic advancement tax incentives awarded under 32 V.S.A. chapter 151, subchapter 11E); 2005 Acts and Resolves No. 56, Sec. 1(b)(2)(B), as amended by 2007 Acts and Resolves No. 65, Sec. 112a (utilization of services and expenses under Choices for Care); 2010 Acts and Resolves No. 110, Sec. 8 (status of river corridor, shoreland, and buffer zoning within Vermont); 2010 Acts and Resolves No. 161, Sec. 20, as amended by 2012 Acts and Resolves 139, Sec. 49 (status of improvements funded by State capital appropriations); 2011 Acts and Resolves No. 59, Sec. 15 (contested cases involving Public Records Act); 2011 Acts and Resolves No. 63, Sec.
E.321.1(a), as amended by 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 139, Sec. 50 (outcomes and measures for Emergency Shelter grants); and 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 113, Sec. 3 (report on Genuine Progress Indicator).

*** Technical Amendments ***

Sec. 17. 2 V.S.A. § 263(j) is amended to read:

(j) The Secretary of State shall prepare a list of names and addresses of lobbyists and their employers and the list shall be published at the end of the second legislative week of each regular or adjourned session. Supplemental lists shall be published monthly during the remainder of the legislative session. No later than On or before March 15 of the first year of each legislative biennium, the Secretary of State shall publish no fewer than 500 booklets containing an alphabetical listing of all registered lobbyists, including, at a minimum, a current passport-type photograph of the lobbyist, the lobbyist’s business address, telephone, and fax numbers, a list of the lobbyist’s clients, and a subject matter index. The provisions of subsection 20(d) (expiration of required reports) of this title shall not apply to the report to be made under this subsection.

Sec. 18. 2 V.S.A. § 404(b)(6) is amended to read:

(6) Except when the General Assembly is in session and upon the request of any person provide him or her, on a weekly basis, with a list of all public hearings or meetings scheduled by a council, committee, subcommittee, commission, or study committee of the General Assembly or any cancellations of hearings or meetings thereof previously scheduled. The provisions of subsection 20(d) (expiration of required reports) of this title shall not apply to the report to be made under this subdivision.

Sec. 19. 3 V.S.A. § 847(b) is amended to read:

(b) The Secretary of State shall publish not less than quarterly a bulletin setting forth the text of all rules filed since the immediately preceding publication and any objections filed under subsection 842(b) or 844(e) of this title. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this subsection.

Sec. 20. 3 V.S.A. § 2222(c) is amended to read:

(c) The Secretary shall compile, weekly, a list of all public hearings and meetings scheduled by all Executive Branch State agencies, departments, boards, or commissions during the next ensuing week. The list shall be distributed to any person in the State at that person’s request. Each Executive Branch State agency, department, board, or commission shall notify the Secretary of all public hearings and meetings to be held and any cancellations
of such hearings or meetings. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this subsection.

Sec. 21. 4 V.S.A. § 608(e) is amended to read:

(e) On or before the tenth Thursday after the convening of each biennial and adjourned session, the Committee shall report to the General Assembly its recommendation whether the candidates should continue in office, with any amplifying information which it may deem appropriate, in order that the General Assembly may discharge its obligation under section 34 of Chapter II § 34 of the Constitution of the State of Vermont. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this subsection.

Sec. 22. 10 V.S.A. § 6503(a) is amended to read:

(a) The Committee shall report to the General Assembly its recommendation to approve or not to approve the petition for the facility together with such additional information and comment it deems appropriate. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this subsection.

Sec. 23. 16 V.S.A. § 164(17) is amended to read:

(17) Report annually on the condition of education statewide and on a school by school basis. The report shall include information on attainment of standards for student performance adopted under subdivision (9) of this section, number and types of complaints of harassment, hazing, or bullying made pursuant to chapter 9, subchapter 5 of this title and responses to the complaints, financial resources and expenditures, and community social indicators. The report shall be organized and presented in a way that is easily understandable by the general public and that enables each school to determine its strengths and weaknesses. The Secretary shall use the information in the report to determine whether students in each school are provided educational opportunities substantially equal to those provided in other schools pursuant to subsection 165(b) of this title. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this subdivision.

Sec. 24. 16 V.S.A. § 165(a)(2) is amended to read:

(2) The school, at least annually, reports student performance results to community members in a format selected by the school board. In the case of a regional career technical center, the community means the school districts in the service region. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this subsection.
reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this subdivision. The school report shall include:

* * *

Sec. 25. 16 V.S.A. § 2967(a) is amended to read:

(a) On or before December 15, the Secretary shall publish an estimate, by town school district, city school district, union school district, unified union school district, incorporated school district, and the member school districts of an interstate school district, of the amount of State assistance necessary to fully fund sections 2961 through 2963 of this title in the ensuing school year. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this subsection.

Sec. 26. 16 V.S.A. § 3862 is amended to read:

§ 3862. REPORTS

Notwithstanding the provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d), the Vermont Education and Health Buildings Finance Agency shall prepare and annually submit to the Governor a complete report listing all projects applied for, planned, in progress, and completed, and a complete financial report duly audited and certified by a certified public accountant.

Sec. 27. 24 V.S.A. § 1354 is amended to read:

§ 1354. ACCOUNTS; ANNUAL REPORT

The Supervisor or Supervisors shall maintain an account showing in detail the revenue raised and the expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of the Supervisor’s duties. The Supervisor or Supervisors shall prepare an annual fiscal report by on or before July 1 which shall conform to procedural and substantive requirements to be established by the Board of Governors and which, upon approval by the Board of Governors, shall be distributed to the residents of the gores. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this section.

Sec. 28. 24 V.S.A. § 4753b(b) is amended to read:

(b) The Commissioner shall report receipt of a grant under this section to the Chairs of the Senate Committee on Institutions and the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Joint Fiscal Committee. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this subsection.

Sec. 29. 26 V.S.A. § 3105(d) is amended to read:
(d) Prior to review under this chapter and consideration by the General Assembly of any bill to regulate a profession or occupation, the Office of Professional Regulation shall make, in writing, a preliminary assessment of whether any particular request for regulation meets the criteria set forth in subsection (a) of this section. The Office shall report its preliminary assessment to the appropriate House or Senate Committee on Government Operations. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this subsection.

Sec. 30. 29 V.S.A. § 152(a)(25) is amended to read:

(25) Transfer any unexpended project balances from previous capital construction acts for the purpose of emergency projects not authorized in a capital construction act in an amount not to exceed $100,000.00; provided the Commissioner shall send timely written notice of such expenditures to the Chairs of the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Institutions. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this subdivision.

Sec. 31. 32 V.S.A. § 166 is amended to read:

§ 166. PAYMENTS TO TOWNS; RETURNS BY COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE AND MANAGEMENT

On or before January 10 of each year, the Commissioner of Finance and Management shall transmit to the auditors of each town a statement showing the amount of money paid by the State to the town and the purpose for which paid during the year ending December 31 preceding the date of such statement, the date of such payments and purpose for which made, unless the Commissioner of Finance and Management is requested to send such statement at some other date to conform to the fiscal year of such municipality. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this section.

Sec. 32. 32 V.S.A. § 311(b) is amended to read:

(b) At the request of the House or Senate Committee on Government Operations or on Appropriations, the State Treasurer, and the Commissioner of Finance and Management shall present to the requesting committees the recommendations submitted under 3 V.S.A. § 471(n) and 16 V.S.A. § 1942(r). The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this subsection.

Sec. 33. 32 V.S.A. § 704(i) is amended to read:
(i) The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the plan to be made under this section. [Repealed.]

Sec. 34. 32 V.S.A. § 3101(b)(11) is amended to read:

(11) From time to time prepare and publish statistics reasonably available with respect to the operation of this title, including amounts collected, classification of taxpayers, tax liabilities, and such other facts as the Commissioner or the General Assembly considers pertinent. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this subdivision.

Sec. 35. 2009 Acts and Resolves No. 43, Sec. 49 as amended by 2014 Acts and Resolves No. 142, Sec. 76 is further amended to read:

Sec. 49. CLOSING OF CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES; APPROVAL

The Secretary of Administration shall not plan to close or significantly reduce operations at any correctional facility unless approval to proceed with such closing or reduction plans is granted by both the Joint Committee on Corrections Oversight Joint Legislative Justice Oversight Committee and the Joint Fiscal Committee. Any plan submitted to the committees shall include an analysis of the regional impact, including how the increased transportation costs will be funded. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this section.

Sec. 36. 2014 Acts and Resolves No. 142, Sec. 112 as amended by 2015 Acts and Resolves No. 23, Sec. 65 is further amended to read:

Sec. 112. REPORT REPEAL DELAYED

The reports set forth in this section shall not be subject to expiration under the provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) until July 1, 2018:

* * *

(4) 10 V.S.A. §§ 291 (Entrepreneurs' seed capital fund Seed Capital Fund report), 323 (Vermont Housing and Conservation Trust Fund report), 329 (The Sustainable Jobs Fund Program report), 580(b) (25 by 25 state goal State Goal report), 685(g) (Vermont Community Development Board report), 1196 (Connecticut River Watershed Advisory Commission report), 1942 (Underground Storage Tank Assistance Program report), and 1961(a)(4) (Vermont Citizens Advisory Committee on Lake Champlain’s Future report), and 7563 (ANR report on federal laws relating to collection and recycling of electronic devices).

* * *

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(6) 18 V.S.A. §§ 1756 (lead poisoning report), 7402 (Commissioner of Mental Health report), 9505(9) (Vermont Tobacco Evaluation and Review Board conflict of interest policy report recommendations), and 9507(a) (Vermont Tobacco Evaluation and Review Board report).

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*** Repeal ***

Sec. 37. REPEAL

The following are repealed:

1. 1997 Acts and Resolves No. 58, Sec. 13 (tobacco sales to minors compliance testing);

2. 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 143, Sec. 40 (calculation of dollar equivalent); and

3. 2014 Acts and Resolves No. 142, Sec. 113 (Legislative Council report repeal authority).

*** Effective Date ***

Sec. 38. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2016.

(For text see House Journal February 12, 2016)

Consent Calendar

Concurrent Resolutions

The following concurrent resolutions have been introduced for approval by the Senate and House and will be adopted automatically unless a Senator or Representative requests floor consideration before the end of the session of the next legislative day. Requests for floor consideration in either chamber should be communicated to the Secretary’s office and/or the House Clerk’s office, respectively. For text of resolutions, see Addendum to House Calendar and Senate Calendar.

H.C.R. 345

House concurrent resolution congratulating the Shelburne Volunteer Fire Department on its 75th anniversary

H.C.R. 346

House concurrent resolution honoring Joseph Woodin on his outstanding leadership of Gifford Medical Center
H.C.R. 347
House concurrent resolution congratulating the 2016 Junior Iron Chef championship teams

H.C.R. 348
House concurrent resolution congratulating Ernie Farrar of St. Albans on his induction into the Vermont Sports Hall of Fame

H.C.R. 349
House concurrent resolution designating April 28, 2016 as Vermont Water Stewardship Day

H.C.R. 350
House concurrent resolution congratulating the 2016 Mill River Union High School Division II championship cheerleading team

H.C.R. 351
House concurrent resolution honoring Thomas Donahue for his dynamic leadership at the Rutland Region Chamber of Commerce

H.C.R. 352
House concurrent resolution congratulating James Messier on his receipt of the National FFA VIP Award

H.C.R. 353
House concurrent resolution honoring Robin Hadden for her 28 years of outstanding public service as a rural letter carrier in Huntington

H.C.R. 354
House concurrent resolution commemorating the 150th anniversary of the founding of the Grand Army of the Republic

H.C.R. 355
House concurrent resolution designating April 27, 2016 as Walk@Lunch Day in Vermont

H.C.R. 356
House concurrent resolution congratulating the Vermont Maple Festival on its golden anniversary

H.C.R. 357
House concurrent resolution congratulating Katey Comstock on her 2016 Division II indoor track and field individual championships
H.C.R. 358
House concurrent resolution honoring Hugh Tallman for a half century of public service in the Town of Belvidere

H.C.R. 359
House concurrent resolution congratulating Saint Peter Roman Catholic Parish in Rutland on its solar energy leadership

H.C.R. 360
House concurrent resolution honoring Coach Scott Legacy on his remarkable career directing the Mt. Anthony Union High School Patriots’ wrestling program

H.C.R. 361
House concurrent resolution congratulating the Solomon Wright Public Library on its 50th anniversary

H.C.R. 362
House concurrent resolution honoring the American Association of University Women of Vermont for its advancement of equity for women