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1	TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:
2	The Committee on Fish, Wildlife and Water Resources to which was
3	referred House Bill No. 586 entitled "An act relating to improving the quality
4	of State waters" respectfully reports that it has considered the same and
5	recommends that the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause
6	and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
7	* * * Agricultural Water Quality;
8	Small Farm Certification and Inspection * * *
9	Sec. 1. 6 V.S.A. § 4858a is added to read:
10	<u>§ 4858a. SMALL FARM CERTIFICATION</u>
11	(a) Definitions. As used in this section, "small farm" means:
12	(1) a "small farm," as that term is defined in subdivision 4857(3) of this
13	title, that is authorized to ship milk by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and
14	Markets; or
15	(2) an "animal feeding operation," as that term is defined in subdivision
16	4857(1) of this title, which houses:
17	(A) five to 299 mature beef cattle; or
18	(B) four to 150 horses or equines.
19	(b) Certification required. A person shall not operate a small farm in the
20	State without a certification from the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and
21	Markets.

[Bolded language = question or need for additional detail]	
(c) Content of certification. On or before January 1, 2015, and every fi	ive
years thereafter, the owner or operator of a small farm shall certify to the	
Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets that the owner or operator	
complies with the accepted agricultural practices adopted under section 48	10
of this title. The certification shall identify the farm subject to the certification	<u>ition</u>
and the person or persons who own or operate the farm. The owner or ope	rator
of the farm shall certify that:	
(1) The farm does not directly discharge wastes into the surface wat	<u>ers</u>
from a discrete conveyance such as a pipe, ditch, or conduit without a perm	<u>nit</u>
under 10 V.S.A. § 1258.	
(2) Manure stacking sites, fertilizer storage, and other nutrient source	<u>:e</u>
storage on the farm are not located within 100 feet of private wells.	
(3) Manure is not stacked or stored on lands subject to annual overfl	low
from adjacent waters.	
(4) Manure is not field stacked on unimproved sites within 100 feet	of a
surface water.	

- 17 (5) Barnyards, waste management systems, animal holding areas, and
- 18 production areas shall be constructed, managed, and maintained to prevent
- 19 <u>runoff of waste to surface water, to groundwater, or across property</u>
- 20 <u>boundaries.</u>

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1	(6) Nutrient application on the farm is based on soil testing	by field and
2	is consistent with university recommendations, standard agricultur	ral practices,
3	or a Secretary-approved nutrient management plan for the farm.	
4	(7) Manure on the farm is not applied within 25 feet of an a	<u>djoining</u>
5	surface water, is not applied within 10 feet of a ditch, or applied in	<u>ı such a</u>
6	manner as to enter surface water.	
7	(8) Fertigation and chemigation equipment is operated only	with an
8	adequate anti-siphon device between the system and the water sou	irce.
9	(9) Cropland on the farm is cultivated in a manner that resu	<u>lts in an</u>
10	average soil loss of less than or equal to the soil loss tolerance for	the prevalent
11	soil, known as 1T, as calculated through application of the Revise	d Universal
12	Soil Loss Equation, or through the application of similarly accepted	ed models.
13	(10) A vegetative buffer zone of perennial vegetation is ma	intained
14	between annual croplands and the top of the bank of adjoining sur	face waters
15	in a manner that complies with requirements of the accepted agric	<u>ultural</u>
16	practices.	
17	(11) Manure, fertilizer, pesticide storage structures, and far	m structures
18	are not located within a floodway area as presented on National F	lood
19	Insurance Maps on file with town clerks or within a Fluvial Erosic	on Hazard
20	Zone as designated by municipal bylaw or ordinance.	

1	(d) Required assessment. The Secretary shall visit small farms in the State
2	for purposes of assessing compliance with the accepted agricultural practices
3	and for consistency with a certification issued under this section. The
4	Secretary may establish procedures by which visits to small farms in the State
5	are prioritized based on the potential water quality issue posed by a farm.
6	(e)(1) Identification; ranking of water quality needs. During a visit to a
7	small farm under subsection (d) of this section, the Secretary shall identify
8	areas where the farm could benefit from capital, structural, or technical
9	assistance that could reduce the risk of discharge or runoff to surface waters of
10	the State.
11	(2) Annually, the Secretary shall establish a priority ranking system for
12	small farms according to the risk of potential discharge or runoff to a water of
13	the State if the identified capital, structural, or technical needs on the farm are
14	not addressed.
15	(3) Notwithstanding the requirements of section 4823 of this title, a farm
16	identified under subdivision (2) of this subsection as a high risk of discharge or
17	runoff to a water of the State shall be given first priority for state financial
18	assistance under subchapter 3 of this chapter.
19	[Flexibility]

- 1 Sec. 2. 6 V.S.A. § 4860 is amended to read:
- 2 § 4860. REVOCATION; ENFORCEMENT

3 (a) The secretary <u>Secretary</u> may revoke coverage under a general permit or, an individual permit, or a small farm certification issued under this subchapter 4 5 after following the same process prescribed by section 2705 of this title 6 regarding the revocation of a handler's license. The secretary Secretary may 7 also seek enforcement remedies under sections 1, 11, 12, 13, 16, and 17 of this 8 title as well as assess an administrative penalty under section 15 of this title 9 from any person who fails to comply with any permit provision as required by 10 this subchapter or who violates the terms or conditions of coverage under any 11 general permit or, any individual permit, or any small farm certification issued 12 under this subchapter. However, notwithstanding provisions of section 15 of 13 this title to the contrary, the maximum administrative penalty assessed for a 14 violation of this subchapter shall not exceed \$5,000.00 for each violation, and 15 the maximum amount of any penalty assessed for separate and distinct 16 violations of this chapter shall not exceed \$50,000.00. 17 (b) Any person who violates any provision of this subchapter or who fails 18 to comply with any order or the terms of any permit or certification issued in

accordance with this subchapter shall be fined not more than \$10,000.00 for

each violation. Each violation may be a separate offense and, in the case of a

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- 1 continuing violation, each day's continuance may be deemed a separate
- 2 offense.

3	(c) Any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation,
4	or certification in any application, record, report, plan, certification, or other
5	document filed or required to be maintained by this subchapter or by any
6	permit, rule, regulation, or order issued under this subchapter, or who falsifies,
7	tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or
8	method required to be maintained by this subchapter or by any permit, rule,
9	regulation, or order issued under this subchapter shall upon conviction be
10	punished by a fine of not more than \$5,000.00 for each violation. Each
11	violation may be a separate offense and, in the case of a continuing violation,
12	each day's continuance may be deemed a separate offense.
13	Sec. 3. 6 V.S.A. § 4810 is amended to read:
14	§ 4810. AUTHORITY; COOPERATION; COORDINATION
15	(a) Agricultural land use practices. In accordance with 10 V.S.A.
16	§ 1259(i), the secretary Secretary shall adopt by rule, pursuant to <u>3 V.S.A.</u>
17	chapter 25 of Title 3, and shall implement and enforce agricultural land use
18	practices in order to reduce the amount of agricultural pollutants entering the
19	waters of the state State. These agricultural land use practices shall be created
20	in two categories, pursuant to subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection.

1	(1) "Accepted Agricultural Practices" (AAPs) shall be standards to be
2	followed in conducting agricultural activities in this state State. These
3	standards shall address activities which have a potential for causing pollutants
4	to enter the groundwater and waters of the state State, including dairy and
5	other livestock operations plus all forms of crop and nursery operations and
6	on-farm or agricultural fairground, registered pursuant to 20 V.S.A. § 3902,
7	livestock and poultry slaughter and processing activities. The AAPs shall
8	include, as well as promote and encourage, practices for farmers in preventing
9	pollutants from entering the groundwater and waters of the state State when
10	engaged in, but not limited to, animal waste management and disposal, soil
11	amendment applications, plant fertilization, and pest and weed control.
12	Persons engaged in farming, as defined in 10 V.S.A. § 6001, who follow these
13	practices shall be presumed to be in compliance with water quality standards.
14	AAPs shall be practical and cost effective to implement. The AAPs for
15	groundwater shall include a process under which the agency Agency shall
16	receive, investigate, and respond to a complaint that a farm has contaminated
17	the drinking water or groundwater of a property owner.
18	(2) "Best Management Practices" (BMPs) may be required by the
19	secretary Secretary on a case by case case-by-case basis. Before requiring
20	BMPs, the secretary Secretary shall determine that sufficient financial

1	assistance is available to assist farmers in achieving compliance with
2	applicable BMPs. BMPs shall be practical and cost effective to implement.
3	(b) Cooperation and coordination. The secretary of agriculture, food and
4	markets Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall coordinate with the
5	secretary of natural resources Secretary of Natural Resources in implementing
6	and enforcing programs, plans, and practices developed for reducing and
7	eliminating agricultural non-point source pollutants and discharges from
8	concentrated animal feeding operations. The secretary of agriculture, food and
9	markets Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets and the secretary of
10	natural resources Secretary of Natural Resources shall develop a memorandum
11	of understanding for the non-point program describing program administration,
12	grant negotiation, grant sharing, and how they will coordinate watershed
13	planning activities to comply with Public Law 92-500. The secretary of
14	agriculture, food and markets Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets and
15	the secretary of the agency of natural resources Secretary of Natural Resources
16	shall also develop a memorandum of understanding according to the public
17	notice and comment process of 10 V.S.A. § 1259(i) regarding the
18	implementation of the federal concentrated animal feeding operation program
19	and the relationship between the requirements of the federal program and the
20	state State agricultural water quality requirements for large, medium, and small
21	farms under chapter 215 of this title. The memorandum of understanding shall

1	describe and success administration associations on an annullate message and
1	describe program administration, permit issuance, an appellate process, and
2	enforcement authority and implementation. The memorandum of
3	understanding shall be consistent with the federal National Pollutant Discharge
4	Elimination System permit regulations for discharges from concentrated
5	animal feeding operations. The allocation of duties under this chapter between
6	the secretary of agriculture, food and markets Secretary of Agriculture, Food
7	and Markets and the secretary of natural resources Secretary of Natural
8	Resources shall be consistent with the secretary's Secretary's duties,
9	established under the provisions of 10 V.S.A. § 1258(b), to comply with Public
10	Law 92-500. The secretary of natural resources Secretary of Natural
11	Resources shall be the state State lead person in applying for federal funds
12	under Public Law 92-500, but shall consult with the secretary of agriculture,
13	food and markets Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets during the
14	process. The agricultural non-point source program may compete with other
15	programs for competitive watershed projects funded from federal funds. The
16	secretary of agriculture, food and markets Secretary of Agriculture, Food and
17	Markets shall be represented in reviewing these projects for funding. Actions
18	by the secretary of agriculture, food and markets Secretary of Agriculture,
19	Food and Markets under this chapter concerning agricultural non-point source
20	pollution shall be consistent with the water quality standards and water
21	pollution control requirements of <u>10 V.S.A.</u> chapter 47 of Title 10 and the

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1	federal Clean Water Act as amended. In addition, the secretary of agriculture,
2	food and markets Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall coordinate
3	with the secretary of natural resources Secretary of Natural Resources in
4	implementing and enforcing programs, plans, and practices developed for the
5	proper management of composting facilities when those facilities are located
6	on a farm.
7	(c) On or before January 1, 2016, the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and
8	Markets shall amend by rule the accepted agricultural practices required under
9	this section to include requirements for the certification of small farms. The
10	rules adopted under this section shall be at least as stringent as the
11	requirements of section 4858a of this title.
12	Sec. 4. REPEAL
13	6 V.S.A. § 4858a (small farm certification) shall be repealed on January 1,
14	<u>2016.</u>
15	* * * Agricultural Water Quality; Corrective Actions * * *
16	Sec. 5. 6 V.S.A. § 4812 is amended to read:
17	§ 4812. CORRECTIVE ACTIONS
18	(a) When the secretary of agriculture, food and markets Secretary of
19	Agriculture, Food and Markets determines that a person engaged in farming is
20	managing a farm using practices which are inconsistent with the practices
21	defined by requirements of this chapter or rules adopted under this subchapter,

1	the secretary Secretary may issue a written warning which shall be served in
2	person or by certified mail, return receipt requested. The warning shall include
3	a brief description of the alleged violation, identification of this statute and
4	applicable rules, a recommendation for corrective actions that may be taken by
5	the person, along with a summary of federal and state assistance programs
6	which may be utilized by the person to remedy the violation and a request for
7	an abatement schedule from the person according to which the practice shall be
8	altered. The person shall have 30 days to respond to the written warning and
9	shall provide an abatement schedule for curing the violation and a description
10	of the corrective action to be taken to cure the violation. If the person fails to
11	respond to the written warning within this period or to take corrective action to
12	change the practices in order to protect water quality, the secretary Secretary
13	may act pursuant to subsection (b) of this section in order to protect water
14	quality.
15	(b) After an opportunity for a hearing, the secretary The Secretary may:
16	(1) issue cease and desist orders and administrative penalties in
17	accordance with the requirements of sections 15, 16, and 17 of this title; and
18	(2) institute appropriate proceedings on behalf of the agency Agency to
19	enforce this subchapter.
20	(c) Whenever the secretary Secretary believes that any person engaged in
21	farming is in violation of this subchapter or rules adopted thereunder, an action

1	may be brought in the name of the agency Agency in a court of competent
2	jurisdiction to restrain by temporary or permanent injunction the continuation
3	or repetition of the violation. The court may issue temporary or permanent
4	injunctions, and other relief as may be necessary and appropriate to curtail any
5	violations.
6	(d) The secretary may assess administrative penalties in accordance with
7	sections 15, 16, and 17 of this title against any farmer who violates a cease and
8	desist order or other order issued under subsection (b) of this section.
9	[Repealed.]
10	(e) Any person subject to an enforcement order or an administrative
11	penalty who is aggrieved by the final decision of the secretary Secretary may
12	appeal to the superior court Superior Court within 30 days of the decision. The
13	administrative judge may specially assign an environmental Environmental
14	judge to superior court Superior Court for the purpose of hearing an appeal.
15	* * * Agricultural Water Quality; Livestock Exclusion * * *
16	Sec. 6 V.S.A. chapter 215, subchapter 8 is added to read:
17	Subchapter 8. Livestock Exclusion
18	<u>§ 4971. DEFINITIONS</u>
19	As used in this subchapter:
20	(1) "Livestock" means cattle, sheep, goats, equines, fallow deer, red
21	deer, American bison, swine, water buffalo, poultry, pheasant, Chukar

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1	partridge, Coturnix quail, camelids, ratites, and, as necessary, other animals
2	designated by the Secretary by rule.
3	(2) "Waters" shall have the same meaning as in 10 V.S.A. § 1251(13).
4	<u>§ 4972. PURPOSE</u>
5	The purpose of this subchapter is to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture,
6	Food and Markets to require exclusion of livestock from a water of the State
7	where continued access to the water by livestock poses a high risk of
8	negatively impacting water quality in the State.
9	<u>§ 4973. LIVESTOCK EXCLUSION; PERMIT CONDITION</u>
10	As a condition of a small farm certification, an animal waste permit, or a
11	large permit issued under this chapter, the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and
12	Markets may require exclusion of livestock from a water of the State where
13	continued access to the water by livestock poses a high risk of negatively
14	impacting water quality in the State.
15	* * * Seasonal Exemption for Manure Application * * *
16	Sec. 7. 6 V.S.A. § 4816 is added to read:
17	§ 4816. SEASONAL EXEMPTION FOR MANURE APPLICATION
18	(a) The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Market may authorize an
19	exemption to the prohibition on the application of manure to land in the State
20	between December 15 and April 1 of any calendar year. An exemption issued
21	under this section may authorize land application of manure on a weekly,

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1	monthly, or seasonal basis or in authorized regions, areas, or fields in the State
2	provided that the requirements of subsection (b) of this section are complied
3	with.
4	(b) Any exemption issued under this section shall:
5	(1) prohibit application of manure:
6	(A) in areas with established channels of concentrated stormwater
7	runoff to surface water, including ditches and ravines;
8	(B) in nonharvested permanent vegetative buffers;
9	(C) in a nonfarmed wetland, as that term is defined in 10 V.S.A.
10	<u>§ 902(5);</u>
11	(D) within 50 feet of a potable water supply, as that term is defined in
12	<u>10 V.S.A. § 1972(6);</u>
13	(E) to fields exceeding tolerable soil loss; and
14	(F) to saturated soils;
15	(2) establish requirements for the application of manure when frozen or
16	snow-covered soils prevent effective incorporation at the time of application;
17	(3) require manure to be applied according to a nutrient management
18	plan; and
19	(4) establish the maximum tons of manure that may be applied per acre
20	during any one application.

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1	(c) A person shall not apply manure to land in the State betw	veen_
2	December 15 and April 1 of any calendar year unless authorized	by the
3	procedure adopted by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Ma	arkets under
4	subsection (a) of this section.	
5	* * * Agricultural Water Quality; Training* * *	
6	Sec. 8. 6 V.S.A. chapter 215, subchapter 9 is added to read:	
7	Subchapter 9. Agricultural Water Quality Certification	<u>Fraining</u>
8	<u>§ 4981. AGRICULTURAL WATER QUALITY CERTIFICAT</u>	ION
9	<u>TRAINING<mark>; RULEMAKING</mark></u>	
10	(a) On or before July 1, 2016, the Secretary of Agriculture, F	Food and
11	Markets shall adopt by rule requirements for training classes or j	programs for
12	owners or operators of small farms, medium farms, or large farm	ns certified or
13	permitted under this chapter regarding:	
14	(1) the prevention of discharges, as that term is defined in	10 V.S.A.
15	<u>§ 1251(3); and</u>	
16	(2) the mitigation and management of stormwater runoff,	as that term is
17	defined in 10 V.S.A. § 1264, from farms.	
18	(b) Any training required by rules under this section shall:	
19	(1) address the existing statutory and regulatory requirement	ents for
20	operation of a large, medium, or small farm in the State; and	

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1	(2) address the management practices and technical and financial
2	resources available to assist in compliance with statutory or regulatory
3	agricultural requirements.
4	* * * Agricultural Water Quality;
5	Certification of Custom Applicators * * *
6	Sec. 9. 6 V.S.A. chapter 215, subchapter 10 is added to read:
7	Subchapter 10. Certification of Custom Manure Applicators
8	<u>§ 4987. DEFINITIONS</u>
9	As used in this subchapter:
10	(1) "Custom manure applicator" means a person who applies manure,
11	nutrients, or sludge to land and who charges for the service.
12	(2) "Manure" means livestock waste that may also contain bedding,
13	spilled feed, water, or soil.
14	(3) "Sludge" means any solid, semisolid, or liquid generated from a
15	municipal, commercial, or industrial wastewater treatment plant or process,
16	water supply treatment plant, air pollution control facility, or any other such
17	waste having similar characteristics and effects.
18	§ 4988. CERTIFICATION OF CUSTOM MANURE APPLICATOR
19	(a) On or before January 1, 2015, the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and
20	Markets shall adopt by procedure a process by which a custom applicator shall
21	be certified to operate within the State. The certification process shall require

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1	a custom applicator to complete 16 hours of training over each five-year period
2	regarding:
3	(1) application methods or techniques to minimize the runoff of
4	land-applied manure, nutrients, or sludge to waters of the State; and
5	(2) identification of weather or soil conditions that increase the risk of
6	runoff of land-applied manure, nutrients, or sludge to waters of the State.
7	(b) Beginning January 1, 2016, a custom applicator shall not apply manure.
8	nutrients, or sludge unless certified by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and
9	Markets.
10	* * * Stream Alteration * * *
11	Sec. 10. 10 V.S.A. § 1002 is amended to read:
12	§ 1002. DEFINITIONS
13	Wherever used or referred to in this chapter, unless a different meaning
14	clearly appears from the context:
15	* * *
16	(10) "Watercourse" means any perennial stream. "Watercourse" shall
17	not include ditches or other constructed channels primarily associated with
18	land drainage or water conveyance through or around private or public
19	infrastructure.
20	* * *

(Draft No. 1.3 – H.586) Page 18 of 44 2/6/2014 - MOG - 11:58 AM [Highlight language = change from previous version] [Bolded language = question or need for additional detail] * * * Stormwater Management * * * 1 2 Sec. 11. 10 V.S.A. § 1264 is amended to read: 3 § 1264. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT 4 (a) The general assembly General Assembly finds that the management of 5 stormwater runoff is necessary to reduce stream channel instability, pollution, 6 siltation, sedimentation, and local flooding, all of which have adverse impacts 7 on the water and land resources of the state State. The general assembly 8 General Assembly intends, by enactment of this section, to reduce the adverse 9 effects of stormwater runoff. The general assembly General Assembly 10 determines that this intent may best be attained by a process that: assures 11 broad participation; focuses upon the prevention of pollution; relies on 12 structural treatment only when necessary; establishes and maintains 13 accountability; tailors strategies to the region and the locale; assures an 14 adequate funding source; builds broadbased programs; provides for the 15 evaluation and appropriate evolution of programs; is consistent with the federal 16 Clean Water Act and the state State water quality standards; and accords 17 appropriate recognition to the importance of community benefits that 18 accompany an effective stormwater runoff management program. In 19 furtherance of these purposes, the secretary Secretary shall implement two

20 stormwater permitting programs. The first program is based on the

21 requirements of the federal National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

1	(NPDES) permit program in accordance with section 1258 of this title. The
2	second program is a state State permit program based on the requirements of
3	this section for the discharge of "regulated stormwater runoff" as that term is
4	defined in subdivision (11) of this subsection. As used in this section:
5	(1) "2002 stormwater management manual" means the agency of natural
6	resources' Agency of Natural Resources' stormwater management manual
7	dated April 2002, as amended from time to time by rule.
8	(2) "Best management practice" (BMP) means a schedule of activities,
9	prohibitions of practices, maintenance procedures, and other management
10	practices to prevent or reduce water pollution.
11	(3) "Development" means the construction of impervious surface on a
12	tract or tracts of land where no impervious surface previously existed.
13	(4) "Existing stormwater discharge" means a discharge of regulated
14	stormwater runoff which first occurred prior to June 1, 2002 and that is subject
15	to the permitting requirements of this chapter.
16	(5) "Expansion" and "the expanded portion of an existing discharge"
17	mean an increase or addition of impervious surface, such that the total resulting
18	impervious area is greater than the minimum regulatory threshold. Expansion
19	does not mean an increase or addition of impervious surface of less than 5,000
20	square feet.

1	(6) "Impervious surface" means those manmade surfaces, including
2	paved and unpaved roads, parking areas, roofs, driveways, and walkways, from
3	which precipitation runs off rather than infiltrates.
4	(7) "New stormwater discharge" means a new or expanded discharge of
5	regulated stormwater runoff, subject to the permitting requirements of this
6	chapter, which first occurs after June 1, 2002 and has not been previously
7	authorized pursuant to this chapter.
8	(8) "Offset" means a state-permitted or approved State-permitted
9	or -approved action or project within a stormwater-impaired water that a
10	discharger or a third person may complete to mitigate the impacts that a
11	discharge of regulated stormwater runoff has on the stormwater-impaired
12	water.
13	(9) "Offset charge" means the amount of sediment load or hydrologic
14	impact that an offset must reduce or control in the stormwater-impaired water
15	in which the offset is located.
16	(10) "Redevelopment" means the construction or reconstruction of an
17	impervious surface where an impervious surface already exists when such new
18	construction involves substantial site grading, substantial subsurface
19	excavation, or substantial modification of existing stormwater conveyance,
20	such that the total of impervious surface to be constructed or reconstructed is
21	greater than the minimum regulatory threshold. Redevelopment does not mean

1	the construction or reconstruction of impervious surface where impervious
2	surface already exists when the construction or reconstruction involves less
3	than 5,000 square feet. Redevelopment does not mean public road
4	management activities, including any crack sealing, patching, coldplaning,
5	resurfacing, reclaiming, or grading treatments used to maintain pavement,
6	bridges, and unpaved roads.
7	(11) "Regulated stormwater runoff" means precipitation, snowmelt, and
8	the material dissolved or suspended in precipitation and snowmelt that runs off
9	impervious surfaces and discharges into surface waters or into groundwater via
10	infiltration.
11	(12) "Stormwater impact fee" means the monetary charge assessed to a
12	permit applicant for the discharge of regulated stormwater runoff to a
13	stormwater-impaired water that mitigates a sediment load level or hydrologic
14	impact that the discharger is unable to control through on-site treatment or
15	completion of an offset on a site owned or controlled by the permit applicant.
16	(13) "Stormwater-impaired water" means a state State water that the
17	secretary Secretary determines is significantly impaired by discharges of
18	regulated stormwater runoff.
19	(14) "Stormwater runoff" means precipitation and snowmelt that does
20	not infiltrate into the soil, including material dissolved or suspended in it, but

1	does not include discharges from undisturbed natural terrain or wastes from
2	combined sewer overflows.
3	(15) "Total maximum daily load" (TMDL) means the calculations and
4	plan for meeting water quality standards approved by the U.S. Environmental
5	Protection Agency (EPA) and prepared pursuant to 33 U.S.C. § 1313(d) and
6	federal regulations adopted under that law.
7	(16) "Water quality remediation plan" means a plan, other than a TMDL
8	or sediment load allocation, designed to bring an impaired water body into
9	compliance with applicable water quality standards in accordance with
10	40 C.F.R. § 130.7(b)(1)(ii) and (iii).
11	(17) "Watershed improvement permit" means a general permit specific
12	to a stormwater-impaired water that is designed to apply management
13	strategies to existing and new discharges and that includes a schedule of
14	compliance no longer than five years reasonably designed to assure attainment
15	of the Vermont water quality standards in the receiving waters.
16	(18) "Stormwater system" means the storm sewers; outfall sewers;
17	surface drains; manmade wetlands; channels; ditches; wet and dry bottom
18	basins; rain gardens; and other control equipment necessary and appurtenant to
19	
19	the collection, transportation, conveyance, pumping, treatment, disposal, and
20	the collection, transportation, conveyance, pumping, treatment, disposal, and discharge of regulated stormwater runoff.

1	(19) "Net zero standard" means:
2	(A) A new discharge or the expanded portion of an existing discharge
3	meets the requirements of the 2002 stormwater management manual and does
4	not increase the sediment load in the receiving stormwater-impaired water; or
5	(B) A discharge from redevelopment; from an existing discharge
6	operating under an expired stormwater discharge permit where the property
7	owner applies for a new permit; or from any combination of development,
8	redevelopment, and expansion meets on-site the water quality, recharge, and
9	channel protection criteria set forth in Table 1.1 of the 2002 stormwater
10	management manual that are determined to be technically feasible by an
11	engineering feasibility analysis conducted by the agency Agency and if the
12	sediment load from the discharge approximates the natural runoff from an
13	undeveloped field or open meadow that is not used for agricultural activity.
14	(b) The secretary Secretary shall prepare a plan for the management of
15	collected stormwater runoff found by the secretary Secretary to be deleterious
16	to receiving waters. The plan shall recognize that the runoff of stormwater is
17	different from the discharge of sanitary and industrial wastes because of the
18	influence of natural events of stormwater runoff, the variations in
19	characteristics of those runoffs, and the increased stream flows and natural
20	degradation of the receiving water quality at the time of discharge. The plan
21	shall be cost effective and designed to minimize any adverse impact of

1	stormwater runoff to waters of the state State. By no later than February 1,
2	2001, the secretary Secretary shall prepare an enhanced stormwater
3	management program and report on the content of that program to the house
4	committees on fish, wildlife and water resources and on natural resources and
5	energy and to the senate committee on natural resources and energy House
6	Committees on Fish, Wildlife and Water Resources and on Natural Resources
7	and Energy and to the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy. In
8	developing the program, the secretary Secretary shall consult with the board,
9	affected municipalities, regional entities, other state State and federal agencies,
10	and members of the public. The secretary Secretary shall be responsible for
11	implementation of the program. The secretary's Secretary's stormwater
12	management program shall include, at a minimum, provisions that:
13	* * *
14	(12) Encourage municipal governments to utilize existing regulatory and
15	planning authority to implement improved stormwater management by
16	providing technical assistance, training, research and coordination with respect
17	to stormwater management technology, and by preparing and distributing a
18	model local stormwater management ordinance or bylaw. Beginning on
19	July 1, 2014, the Secretary annually shall provide municipalities with outreach
20	and education through published materials or training courses regarding the
21	environmental and municipal benefits of adoption of a local stormwater

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1	management ordinance or bylaw. Any education and outreach c	onducted
2	under this subdivision (12) shall inform municipalities of model	stormwater
3	management ordinances or bylaws that are available in the State	
4	(13) Promote public education and participation among ci	tizens and
5	municipalities about cost-effective and innovative measures to re-	educe
6	stormwater discharges to the waters of the state State.	
7	* * *	
8	(e)(1) Except as otherwise may be provided in subsection (f)	of this
9	section, the Secretary shall, for new stormwater discharges, requ	ire a permit
10	for discharge of, regulated stormwater runoff consistent with, at	a minimum,
11	the 2002 Stormwater Management Manual. The Secretary may	issue,
12	condition, modify, revoke, or deny discharge permits for regulate	ed stormwater
13	runoff, as necessary to assure achievement of the goals of the pro-	ogram and
14	compliance with State law and the federal Clean Water Act. The	e permit shall
15	specify the use of best management practices to control regulated	1 stormwater
16	runoff. The permit shall require as a condition of approval, prop	er operation,
17	and maintenance of any stormwater management facility and sub	mittal by the
18	permittee of an annual inspection report on the operation, mainte	enance, and
19	condition of the stormwater management system. The permit sh	all contain
20	additional conditions, requirements, and restrictions as the Secre	tary deems
21	necessary to achieve and maintain compliance with the water qu	ality standards,

including requirements concerning recording, reporting, and monitoring the
 effects on receiving waters due to operation and maintenance of stormwater
 management facilities.

4	(2) As one of the principal means of administering an enhanced
5	stormwater program, the Secretary may issue and enforce general permits. To
6	the extent appropriate, such permits shall include the use of certifications of
7	compliance by licensed professional engineers practicing within the scope of
8	their engineering specialty. The Secretary may issue general permits for
9	classes of regulated stormwater runoff permittees and may specify the period
10	of time for which the permit is valid other than that specified in subdivision
11	1263(d)(4) of this title when such is consistent with the provisions of this
12	section. General permits shall be adopted and administered in accordance with
13	the provisions of subsection 1263(b) of this title. No permit is required under
14	this section for:
15	(A) Stormwater runoff from farms subject to accepted agricultural
16	practices adopted by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets;
17	(B) Stormwater runoff from concentrated animal feeding operations
18	that require a permit under subsection 1263(g) of this chapter; or
19	(C) Stormwater runoff from silvicultural activities subject to accepted
20	management practices adopted by the Commissioner of Forests, Parks and
21	Recreation.

1	(3) Prior to issuing a permit under this subsection, the Secretary shall		
2	review the permit applicant's history of compliance with the requirements of		
3	this chapter. The Secretary may, at his or her discretion and as necessary to		
4	assure achievement of the goals of the program and compliance with State law		
5	and the federal Clean Water Act, deny an application for the discharge of		
6	regulated stormwater under this subsection if review of the applicant's		
7	compliance history indicates that the applicant is discharging regulated		
8	stormwater in violation of this chapter or is the holder of an expired permit for		
9	an existing discharge of regulated stormwater.		
10	(4) As a condition of a permit issued under this section, the Secretary		
10 11	(4) As a condition of a permit issued under this section, the Secretary may require any permit applicant to undergo a compliance assessment		
11	may require any permit applicant to undergo a compliance assessment		
11 12	may require any permit applicant to undergo a compliance assessment performed by the Secretary. The compliance assessment will evaluate the		
11 12 13	may require any permit applicant to undergo a compliance assessment performed by the Secretary. The compliance assessment will evaluate the permittee's compliance with the permit conditions and the adequacy of the		
11 12 13 14	may require any permit applicant to undergo a compliance assessment performed by the Secretary. The compliance assessment will evaluate the permittee's compliance with the permit conditions and the adequacy of the performance of any best management practice or stormwater treatment		
 11 12 13 14 15 	may require any permit applicant to undergo a compliance assessment performed by the Secretary. The compliance assessment will evaluate the permittee's compliance with the permit conditions and the adequacy of the performance of any best management practice or stormwater treatment infrastructure authorized under the permit.		

19 <u>§ 1284. WATER QUALITY DATA COORDINATION</u>

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1	(a) To facilitate attainment or accomplishment of	the purposes <mark>of this</mark>
2	chapter, the Secretary shall coordinate and assess all a	vailable data and science
3	regarding the quality of the waters of the State, includ	<u>ling:</u>
4	(1) light detection and ranging information data	a (LIDAR) identifying
5	water quality issues;	
6	(2) stream gauge data;	
7	(3) stream mapping, including fluvial erosion h	azard maps;
8	(4) water quality monitoring or sampling data;	and
9	(5) any other data available to the Secretary.	
10	(b) After coordination of the data required under s	ubsection (a) of this
11	section, the Secretary shall:	
12	(1) assess where additional data are needed and	the best methods for
13	collection of such data;	
14	(2) identify and map on a regional basis areas of	of the State that are
15	significant contributors to water quality problems or a	re in critical need of
16	water quality remediation or response.	
17	* * * Shoreland Contractor Certificat	ion * * *
18	Sec. 13. 10 V.S.A. § 1429 is added to read:	
19	<u>§ 1429. SHORELAND CONTRACTOR; CERTIFIC</u>	ATION
20	(a) Definitions. As used in this section:	
21	(1) "Impervious surface" shall have the same n	neaning as in section

1	<u>1264 of this title.</u>	
2	(2) "Lake" means a body of standing water, including a pond or a	
3	reservoir, which may have natural or artificial water level control. Private	
4	ponds shall not be considered lakes.	
5	(3) "Mean water level" means the mean water level of a lake as defined	
6	in the Mean Water Level Rules of the Agency of Natural Resources adopted	
7	under 29 V.S.A. § 410.	
8	(4) "Shoreland area" means all land located within 250 feet of the mean	
9	water level of a lake that is greater than 10 acres in surface area.	
10	(b) Required certification. Beginning January 1, 2015, a person shall not	
11	disturb soil, clear vegetation, or construct impervious surface of more than 500	
12	square feet in a shoreland area unless a person certified in erosion control	
13	practices by the Secretary is:	
14	(1) responsible for management of erosion and sediment control	
15	practices at the site; and	
16	(2) present at the site each day earth-moving activity, vegetation	
17	clearing, or the construction of impervious surface occurs for a duration that is	
18	sufficient to ensure that proper erosion and sedimentation control practices are	
19	followed.	
20	(c) The requirements of this section apply until:	
21	(1) erosion control measures that shall permanently stay in place are	

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1	installed at the site; or	
2	(2) if the site is to be revegetated, erosion control measures that shall	
3	stay in place until the area is sufficiently covered with vegetation necessary to	
4	prevent soil erosion are installed.	
5	(d) The requirements of this section shall not apply to agricultural activities	
6	that comply with the rules adopted by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and	
7	Markets under 6 V.S.A. chapter 215, regarding agricultural water quality,	
8	including accepted agricultural practices, best management practices, medium	
9	and small farm operation, and large farm operation,	
10	* * * Forestry Practices * * *	
11	Sec. 14. DEPARTMENT OF FOREST, PARKS AND RECREATION;	
12	FORESTRY; PORTABLE SKIDDER PROJECT	
13	In addition to any other funds appropriated to the Department of Forests,	
14	Parks and Recreation in fiscal year 2015, there is appropriated from the	
15	General Fund to the Department \$75,000.00 in fiscal year 2015 for the purpose	
16	of providing technical assistance to persons engaged in silvicultural practices	

- 17 regarding improved stream crossing practices, including the rental or financing
- 18 <u>of portable skidder bridges.</u>

1	* * * Town Road and Bridge Standards * * *		
2	Sec. 15. 19 V.S.A. § 309b is amended to read:		
3	§ 309B. LOCAL MATCH; CERTAIN TOWN HIGHWAY PROGRAMS		
4	(a) Notwithstanding subsection 309a(a) of this title, grants provided to		
5	towns under the town highway structures program shall be matched by local		
6	funds sufficient to cover 20 percent of the project costs, unless the town has		
7	adopted road and bridge standards, has completed a network inventory, and has		
8	submitted an annual certification of compliance for town road and bridge		
9	standards to the secretary, in which event the local match shall be sufficient to		
10	cover 10 five percent of the project costs. The secretary Secretary may adopt		
11	rules to implement the town highway structures program. Town highway		
12	structures projects receiving funds pursuant to this subsection shall be the		
13	responsibility of the applicant municipality.		
14	(b) Notwithstanding subsection 309a(a) of this title, grants provided to		
15	towns under the class 2 town highway roadway program shall be matched by		
16	local funds sufficient to cover 30 percent of the project costs, unless the town		
17	has adopted road and bridge standards, has completed a network inventory, and		
18	has submitted an annual certification of compliance for town road and bridge		
19	standards to the secretary, in which event the local match shall be sufficient to		
20	cover 20 15 percent of the project costs. The secretary Secretary may adopt		
21	rules to implement the class 2 town highway roadway program. Class 2 town		

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1	highway roadway projects receiving funds pursuant to this subse	ction shall be
2	the responsibility of the applicant municipality, and a municipali	ty shall not
3	receive a grant in excess of \$175,000.00.	
4	<mark>* * *</mark>	
5	* * * Best Management Practices Income Tax Credit * * *	
6	Sec. 16. 32 V.S.A. § 5930mm is added to read:	
7	§ 5930mm. AGRICULTURAL BEST MANAGEMENT PRAC	TICES TAX
8	CREDIT	
9	(a) A taxpayer of this State who is engaged in the business of	farming or
10	who is implementing a nutrient management plan approved by the	ne Secretary of
11	Agriculture, Food and Markets may claim a credit against his or	her income
12	taxes imposed by this chapter in an amount equal to 25 percent of	of the first
13	\$70,000.00 expended by the taxpayer for an agricultural best ma	nagement
14	practice approved by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Man	<u>kets under</u>
15	6 V.S.A. chapter 215, provided that that the credit shall not exce	ed the liability
16	of the taxpayer under this chapter for the year in which the credit	t is claimed.
17	(b) Best management practices eligible for the credit under the	nis section
18	shall include approved activities to:	
19	(1) manage the waste from livestock, as that term is define	ed in 6 V.S.A.
20	<u>§ 761;</u>	
21	(2) control soil erosion;	

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1	(3) nutrient and sediment filtration and detention;	
2	(4) nutrient management planning; and	
3	(5) pest and pesticide handling.	
4	(c) After completion of the best management practice, the Secretary shall	
5	certify the practice as approved and completed, and eligible for credit. The	
6	taxpayer shall forward the certification of completion to the Department of	
7	Taxes on forms provided by the Department. The credit shall be allowed only	
8	for expenditures made by the taxpayer from his or her own funds.	
9	(d) The credit under this section shall be available only for the tax year in	
10	which the project was completed, as certified by the Secretary of Agriculture,	
11	Food and Markets. Any taxpayer claiming a credit under this section shall not	
12	claim a credit under any similar State law for costs related to the same eligible	
13	practices.	
14	(e) The amount of any credit claimed under this section attributable to	
15	agricultural best management practices by a pass-through entity such as a	
16	partnership, limited liability company, or electing small business corporation	
17	(S Corporation) shall be allocated to the individual partners, members, or	
18	shareholders in proportion to their ownership or interest in such entity.	
19	(f) As used in this section, "engaged in the business of farming" means a	
20	taxpayer earns at least one-half of his or her annual gross income from the	

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1	business of farming, as that term is defined in the Internal Revenue Code,
2	<u>26 C.F.R. § 1.175-3</u>
3	* * *Ecosystem Restoration Fee* * *
4	Sec. 17. 32 V.S.A. chapter 216 is added to read:
5	CHAPTER 216. ECOSYSTEM RESTORATION FEE
6	<u>§ 8731. ECOSYSTEM RESTORATION FEE</u>
7	(a) Creation of fee. There is assessed a fee, known as the Ecosystem
8	Restoration fee, on all developed property in the State for the support of the
9	Ecosystem Restoration Program Fund and its purposes as set forth under
10	<u>10 V.S.A. § 1287.</u>
11	(b) Amount of fee. The Ecosystem Restoration fee shall be:
12	(1) \$10.00 per parcel for all residential property;
13	(2) \$20.00 per parcel for all nonresidential property.
14	(c) Applicability of fee.
15	(1) Property exempt from taxation under 32 V.S.A. § 3802, 32 V.S.A.
16	chapter 135, or by municipal vote shall not be exempt from assessment of the
17	fee under this section.

1	(2) Properties in the following municipalities shall be exempt from the
2	fee assessed under this chapter:
3	(A) a municipality that has established or is a member of a system
4	or utility under 24 V.S.A. chapter 97 for the treatment or disposal
5	of stormwater; or
6	(B) a municipality that has enacted zoning bylaws, a municipal
7	ordinance, or other mechanism that the Secretary of Natural Resources
8	approves as functionally equivalent to a system or utility established under
9	24 V.S.A. chapter 97.
10	(d) Collection of fee. Beginning on July 1, 2016, the Ecosystem
11	Restoration fee shall be assessed and collected as part of the tax bill issued
12	under 32 V.S.A. § 5402(b). The treasurer of each municipality shall remit the
13	collected Ecosystem Restoration fees to the State Treasurer in two payments
14	due on December 1 and June 1 of each year for deposit in the Ecosystem
15	Restoration Program Fund. The Department of Taxes shall specify the form or
16	format for the remission of the collected fees.
17	(e) Lien. If a property owner required to pay and transmit a fee under this
18	chapter neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount, together
19	with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto, shall be a lien in favor of
20	the State of Vermont upon all property and rights to property, whether real or
21	personal, belonging to such operator. The lien shall arise at the time demand is

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- 2 such sum with interest and costs is satisfied or becomes unenforceable. The
- 3 <u>lien shall have the same force and effect as the lien for taxes withheld under</u>
- 4 the withholding provisions of the Vermont income tax law, as provided under
- 5 section 5895 of this title, provided that a lien under this section shall be
- 6 subordinate to a primary mortgage on the property subject to the fee. Notice of
- 7 <u>a lien under this section shall be recorded in the land records of the town in</u>
- 8 which the property is located. Certificates of release of such lien shall also be
- 9 given by the Commissioner as in the case of the aforesaid tax liens.
- 10 * * * Rooms and Meals Tax; Ecosystem Restoration Program * * *
- 11 Sec. 18. 32 V.S.A. § 9241(b) is amended to read:
- 12 (b) An operator shall collect a tax on the sale of each taxable meal at the
- 13 rate of nine <u>and one-half</u> percent of each full dollar of the total charge and on
- 14 each sale for less than one dollar and on each part of a dollar in excess of a full
- 15 dollar in accordance with the following formula:
- 16 **\$0.01-0.11 \$0.01**
- 17 0.12-0.22 0.02
- 18 0.23 0.33 0.03
- 19 0.34-0.44 0.04
- 20 0.45-0.55 0.05
- 21 0.56-0.66 0.06

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1	0.67-0.77 0.07
2	0.78 0.88 0.08
3	0.89-1.00 0.09
4	<u>\$0.01-0.05</u> <u>\$0.00</u>
5	<u>0.06-0.15</u> <u>0.01</u>
6	<u>0.16-0.26</u> <u>0.02</u>
7	<u>0.27-0.36</u> <u>0.03</u>
8	<u>0.37-0.47</u> <u>0.04</u>
9	<u>0.48-0.57</u> <u>0.05</u>
10	<u>0.58-0.68</u> <u>0.06</u>
11	<u>0.69-0.78</u> <u>0.07</u>
12	<u>0.79-0.89</u> <u>0.08</u>
13	<u>0.90-0.99</u> <u>0.09</u>
14	(c) An operator shall collect a tax on each sale of alcoholic beverages at the
15	rate of $\frac{10.5}{10.5}$ percent of each full dollar of the total charge and on each sale
16	for less than one dollar and on each part of a dollar in excess of a full dollar in
17	accordance with the following formula:
18	\$.01.14 \$.01
19	.1524 .02
20	.25 .34 .03
21	.35 .44 .04

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1	.4554	.05
2	.55 .64	.06
3	.65 .7 4	.07
4	.7584	.08
5	.85 .9 4	.09
6	.95-1.00	.10
7	<u>\$0.01-0.05</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>
8	<u>0.06-0.14</u>	<u>0.01</u>
9	<u>0.15-0.24</u>	<u>0.02</u>
10	<u>0.25-0.33</u>	<u>0.03</u>
11	<u>0.34-0.43</u>	<u>0.04</u>
12	<u>0.44-0.52</u>	<u>0.05</u>
13	<u>0.53-0.69</u>	<u>0.06</u>
14	<u>0.70-0.78</u>	<u>0.07</u>
15	<u>0.79-0.88</u>	<u>0.08</u>
16	<u>0.89-0.99</u>	<u>0.09</u>
17	Sec. 19. 32 V.S.A. § 9242(c)	is amended to read:
18	(c) A tax of nine percent of	f the gross receipts from meals and occupancies.
19	nine and one-half percent of th	he gross receipts from meals, and 10 10.5 percent
20	of the gross receipts from alco	pholic beverages, exclusive of taxes collected
21	pursuant to section 9241 of thi	is title, received from occupancy rentals, taxable

- 2 and shall be paid to the State by the operator as herein provided. Every person
- 3 required to file a return under this chapter shall, at the time of filing the return,
- 4 pay the Commissioner the taxes imposed by this chapter as well as all other
- 5 monies collected by him or her under this chapter; provided, however, that
- 6 every person who collects the taxes on taxable meals and alcoholic beverages
- 7 according to the tax bracket schedules of section 9241 of this title shall be
- 8 allowed to retain any amount lawfully collected by the person in excess of the
- 9 tax imposed by this chapter as compensation for the keeping of prescribed
- 10 records and the proper account and remitting of taxes.
- 11 Sec. 20. 32 V.S.A. § 435 is amended to read:
- 12 § 435. GENERAL FUND
- 13 (a) There is established a General Fund which shall be the basic operating
- 14 fund of the State. The General Fund shall be used to finance all expenditures
- 15 for which no special revenues have otherwise been provided by law.
- 16 (b) The General Fund shall be composed of revenues from the following
- 17 sources:
- 18 (1) Alcoholic beverage tax levied pursuant to 7 V.S.A. chapter 15;
- 19 (2) [Repealed.]
- 20 (3) Electrical energy tax levied pursuant to chapter 213 of this title;

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1	(4) Corporate income and franchise taxes levied pursuant to chapter 151
2	of this title;
3	(5) Individual income taxes levied pursuant to chapter 151 of this title;
4	(6) All corporation taxes levied pursuant to chapter 211 of this title;
5	(7) Meals 95 percent of the meals and rooms taxes levied pursuant to
6	chapter 225 of this title;
7	(8) [Repealed.]
8	(9) Revenues from the Racing Fund consistent with 31 V.S.A. § 611;
9	(10) 33 percent of the revenue from the property transfer taxes levied
10	pursuant to chapter 231 of this title and the revenue from the gains taxes levied
11	each year pursuant to chapter 236 of this title;
12	(11) 65 percent of the revenue from sales and use taxes levied pursuant
13	to chapter 233 of this title;
14	(12) All other revenues accruing to the State not otherwise required by
15	law to be deposited in any other designated fund or used for any other
16	designated purpose.
17	* * * Ecosystem Restoration Program Fund * * *
18	Sec. 21. 10 V.S.A. § 1285 is added to read:
19	<u>§ 1285. ECOSYSTEM RESTORATION PROGRAM FUND</u>
20	(a) Creation of Fund. There is created a special fund in the State Treasury
21	to be known as the "Ecosystem Restoration Program Fund" to be administered

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1	and expended by the Secretary to fund administration and implementation of
2	the Ecosystem Restoration Program. The Secretary may authorize
3	disbursement or expenditures from the Fund for administration of, education
4	and outreach related to, monitoring or, and implementation of project funds
5	under the Ecosystem Restoration Program at the Agency of Natural Resources.
6	(b) Deposits to Fund. There shall be deposited into the Fund:
7	(1) five percent of the meals and rooms tax levied pursuant to chapter
8	225 of this title;
9	(2) the Ecosystem Restoration fee assessed under 32 V.S.A. chapter
10	<u>216.</u>
11	(3) private gifts, bequests, grants, or donations made to the State from
12	any public or private source for the purposes for which the Fund was
13	established; and
14	(4) such sums as may be appropriated by the General Assembly.
15	(c) Interest. Interest earned by the Fund shall be credited and deposited to
16	the Fund. All balances in the Fund at the end of the fiscal year shall be carried
17	forward and remain a part of the Fund.
18	(d) Awards; priority. Grants or loans from the Ecosystem Restoration
19	Program shall be awarded in each fiscal year according to the following
20	priorities:

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1	(1) First priority shall be given to projects to address projects identified
2	by the Secretary as significant contributors to water quality problems or in
3	critical need of water quality remediation or response.
4	(2) Next priority shall be given to proposed projects to address or repair
5	riparian conditions that increase the risk of flooding or pose a threat to life or
6	property.
7	(3) Next priority shall be given to proposed projects or programs to
8	address areas of high risk of pollution or high loading of sediment to a water
9	listed as impaired on the list of waters required by 33 U.S.C. § 1313(d).
10	(4) Next priority shall be given to other projects implementing a total
11	maximum daily load plan in a water listed as impaired on the list of waters
12	required by 33 U.S.C. § 1313(d).
13	(5) Next priority shall be given to projects or programs to address areas
14	of high risk of pollution or high loading of sediment to an unimpaired water.
15	(e) Secretary discretion. The Secretary may award financial assistance
16	under this section for a project or program that otherwise would not receive
17	assistance under the priorities established by this section when the Secretary
18	determines a severe risk to water quality or risk of discharge exists which
19	requires immediate abatement.

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1	(f) Rule. The Secretary may adopt by rule additional priorities for the
2	award of loans or grants in order to ensure equity in the distribution of awards
3	under this section among service sectors or land use categories.
4	Towns collect, nonpayment is lien, is not subordinate to the primary
5	Churches, museums, universities are subject to fee
6	Properties with utility or other assessment exempt
7	[Special environmental revolving fund efficiency for water]
8	Sec. 22. EFFECTIVE DATES
9	(a) This section and Secs. 1–4 (small farm certification), 5 (Agency of
10	Agriculture, Food and Markets corrective action), 6 (livestock exclusion),
11	7 (seasonal exemption for application of manure), 9 (custom applicator
12	certification), 10 (stream alteration), 11 (stormwater compliance; model
13	bylaw), 12 (water quality data coordination), 13 (shoreland contractor
14	certification), 14 (financing; technical assistance for forestry), and
15	16 (agricultural best management practices tax credit) shall take effect on
16	passage.
17	(b) Sec. 8 (agricultural water quality certification) shall take effect on
18	January 1, 2015.
19	(c) Secs. 15 (town road and bridge standards), 17 (Ecosystem Restoration
20	fee), 18–20 (meals and rooms tax) and 21 (Ecosystem Restoration Fund) shall
21	take effect on July 1, 2015.

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1		
2		
3	(Committee vote:)	
4		
5		Representative [surname]
6		FOR THE COMMITTEE