1	

NOTE: The Committee has not yet determined how it will describe the new
 districts or various elements of the process envisioned by this bill.
 Legislative Counsel selected names such as "expanded prekindergarten—
 12 school districts," and "Essential Components" as placeholders to be
 used in this draft. ALSO – all dates are preliminary.

7

8

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- Introduced by Committee on Education
- 9 Date:
- 10 Subject: Education;
 - Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to require that, as of [July 1, 2019], supervisory unions shall cease to exist and current school districts shall be realigned into expanded prekindergarten grade 12 school districts (Expanded Districts). The Expanded districts would be governed by a single board, operate on a single budget, and meet elements specifically identified in the bill (the Essential Components). The Essential Components conform generally to the requirements for the formation of Regional Education Districts (REDs) authorized in 2010 Acts and Resolves No. 153, Sec. 3. The process to achieve realignment includes the following:
 - (1) The bill creates a working group to analyze and develop options on or before [January 15, 2015] to address legal and fiscal issues, including issues relating to voting and representation on school boards, the [integration] of

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

- operating and nonoperating districts, and tax rates. The work of this group shall be used to inform decisions to be made by the State Board of Education and the Design Team, which is also created in the bill.
 - (2) The bill provides opportunity for the voluntary realignment of existing school districts into Expanded Districts. Through plans and a process that conforms generally to those for union school district and RED formation, districts would develop voluntary realignment plans and submit them for final approval by the State Board and the electorate on or before [March 15, 2017]. Districts interested in voluntary realignment could submit preliminary applications to the State Board. In consultation with the Design Team, the State Board would review the preliminary applications individually and collectively. Districts that submitted preliminary applications would be eligible to submit final plans of realignment to the State Board. The Board would approve any application that (A) complies with the Essential Components and (B) does not exclude an existing district that would be a [suitable] member of the Expanded District and is either geographically isolated from, or would otherwise be an [unsuitable] member of, another proposed or potential Expanded District.
 - (3) The bill creates a Design Team to monitor the voluntary realignment of school districts and to design a statewide plan for all remaining districts to be realigned into Expanded Districts. The Design Team would conduct public

1	engagement activities to inform design of the statewide plan. It would then
2	submit the proposed statewide plan for approval by the State Board and
3	Legislative Committee on Administrative Rules through the statutory
4	rulemaking process.
5	An act relating to expanded prekindergarten – grade 12 school districts
6	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
7	Sec. 1. STATEMENT OF ISSUES AND PURPOSE [or INTENT]
8	(a) The General Assembly finds:
9	(1) In Brigham v. State, the Vermont Supreme Court stated: "In
10	Vermont the right to education is so integral to our constitutional form of
11	government, and its guarantees of political and civil rights, that any statutory
12	framework that infringes upon the equal enjoyment of that right bears a
13	commensurate heavy burden of justification." 692 A.2d 384, 390 (1997). In
14	reaching the judgment that led to Vermont's current finance system, the Court
15	ruled that "the conclusion becomes inescapable that the [then-current] system
16	[had] fallen short of providing every school-age child in Vermont an equal
17	educational opportunity." Id. at 386.
18	(2) The current education finance system, adopted by the State in
19	response to the <i>Brigham</i> decision, has considerably reduced the variability in
20	what our communities spend on education. Nevertheless, across the State, our

1	communities are characterized by sharp inequities in the breadth, depth, and
2	quality of opportunities to learn that they provide. This leaves children in
3	some of our communities ill-equipped to thrive in careers or to take advantage
4	of post-secondary opportunities to which they would otherwise have access.
5	(3) At the same time, technology and globalization and other societal
6	demands are changing what our students need to know and be able to do in
7	order to contribute to building a strong economic and civic future for the
8	State. Notably, our students need to acquire what are generally called
9	"21st century skills," which include the ability to innovate, adapt,
10	handle non-routine problems, reason from evidence, synthesize and analyze
11	complex data, work confidently with technology, collaborate in teams, and
12	communicate effectively through a variety of media. Just as importantly,
13	because many of the low skill jobs that paid a livable wage are being replaced
14	by technology or sent overseas, we have to ensure that all students acquire the
15	capabilities they need to hold or create meaningful work, so that
16	growing inequality doesn't cripple the economic vitality of our State. The
17	remaining low skill jobs will likely be poorly compensated and inadequate to
18	comfortably support a family.
19	(4) These changes place tremendous demands on our schools.
20	Responding to these challenges will require substantial changes in how and
21	what teachers teach, how schools are organized, and what opportunities they

provide. In particular, these changes challenge our teachers to rethink the
work of teaching to support 21st century skills and challenge our schools to
organize in ways that ensure accountability around high expectations for all
students, while at the same time enabling sufficient resources and support to
allow flexibility and personalization in how we challenge students to meet
those high expectations. A growing body of research suggests that systematic
improvement of learning requires a systems level approach that provides
teachers with the professional support and high quality information they need
to customize learning effectively.
(5) In many districts across the State, tight financial circumstances at the
local level mean the current challenge of boards is to decide which programs to
cut, not which opportunities will enable students to meet our ambitious
goals. In addition, the isolation of some districts and schools means they do
not have access to critical expertise in special education or assessment or
instructional improvement that could help local communities make
more educationally and cost-effective decisions about how to meet the needs of
their students.
(6) Because federal mandates and State obligations impose the same
responsibilities on every district, regardless of size, we see increasing
proportions of our educational leaders' time — particularly in our smallest
districts— consumed by administrative tasks. These tasks are often related to

1	issues such as fiscal audits and federal reporting, rather than focused on the
2	critical work of improving learning. These functions could just as easily be
3	accomplished at a higher level, freeing up capacity for building leaders and
4	teachers to focus on more productive work.
5	(7) In some cases, a merger of governance structures may yield savings
6	that local voters can use to invest in other priorities, or in relief for
7	taxpayers. Over the long run, we expect that the elimination of redundancies
8	and sharing of resources to bend the cost curve, reducing the unsustainable
9	but persistent growth in expenditures we have seen in the State.
10	(8) We understand that a change in governance alone will not yield
11	better outcomes for students. We believe, however, that a strong supervisory
12	district structure will make it possible for our schools to collaborate, share
13	resources, and work systematically to provide more opportunities to learn and
14	higher quality instruction for our children. We believe that the
15	current structure, with its substantial inequities, multiple small governing units,
16	and conflicting lines of authority makes it too difficult for our schools to work
17	together coherently to support our ambitious goals for our students.
18	(9) This current effort is not an effort to standardize learning across all
19	schools. We recognize and cherish the value of our strong local voice and
20	local commitment to our children and our communities. We seek instead to
21	define a governance structure that will support strict accountability for learning

1	with respect to our ambitious goals for Vermont learners, as outlined in the
2	Vermont Education Quality Standards and various statutes, as well as provide
3	local flexibility around strategies for sharing and targeting resources that
4	reflect local strengths and innovative approaches for achieving our shared
5	goals.
6	(b) Legislative purposes of this act.
7	(1) This legislation replaces our current governance structure, which
8	relies primarily on singular governing units presiding over very small schools
9	and loosely affiliated through a supervisory union, with a unified union school
10	district model that includes multiple towns in one shared governance structure.
11	(2) This new model will streamline operations and facilitate
12	comparisons of operations across districts, so that board members and district
13	leaders can analyze their operations, make adjustments, and draw on the
14	experience of other districts in order to ensure the most educationally and
15	cost-effective decisions possible.
16	(3) Governance reform will bend the curve on expenditure increases
17	over the long term, because board members and district leaders will have better
18	data on which to base their decisions.
19	(4) The new governance model will enable local educational leaders to
20	focus on improving learning in a customized, locally appropriate way, while
21	spreading administrative functions over larger numbers of units to achieve

1	efficiencies in those functions that can be standardized or which are improved
2	when administered at scale. This will enable principals to become
3	building-based leaders of instruction, and superintendents of these larger
4	districts to become systems-level district leaders and managers.
5	(5) In the Vermont tradition of local control, the new governance model
6	involves strict criteria for outcomes and goals at the district level, but supports
7	flexibility around how schools and districts approach those goals. This would
8	support local innovation, while preserving the capacity to analyze effectiveness
9	and compare performance.
10	(6) This new model will facilitate better support and technical assistance
11	from the State to the districts around special education, in the interest of
12	providing more educationally effective, and ultimately more cost effective,
13	strategies for supporting the learning of students with disabilities.
14	(7) Larger districts, because they include multiple schools and serve a
15	greater number of students, have the potential to expand opportunities for
16	school choice to all public schools and eligible independent schools within the
17	district. The ability to include these options and manage grade configuration
18	could foster an array of possibilities regarding the mission and make-up of
19	schools, including grade-specific schools (e.g., prekindergarten through grade
20	three), magnet schools, and schools that provide for more diverse cultural,
21	socio-economic, and educational diversity.

Additiona	l considerations tl	hat you may wa	nt to include in	(a) Findings:

- (1) In many areas of the State, we face a profound leadership challenge. 30% of our principals [turn over] every year, on average. This year, over 25% of our superintendencies will also [turn over]. This leadership instability makes it difficult to sustain continuous improvements in learning or to put in place any kind of coherent, comprehensive strategies for providing teachers with [feedback] and support as they develop their practice to meet the challenges of the 21st century
- (2) Research supports systematic, continuous approaches to improving learning. It is impossible to build coherence in prekindergarten through grade 12 across multiple governing units. The result is a limitation in the educational experience of many of our students that can be corrected. [Rep Buxton expressed concerns with this subdivision (2)]
- (3) We see some evidence suggesting variability in the educational and cost effectiveness of special education services across districts. We also hear reports from the field that the current governance structure may make it difficult to achieve regional solutions to certain challenges related to the provision of special education services. These challenges include, among other items: heavy reliance on 1:1 aides and limited access to the full range of increasingly specialized expertise of special educators, especially in small districts.

1	Sec. 2. EXPANDED PREKINDERGARTEN – GRADE 12 SCHOOL
2	DISTRICTS; CREATION
3	As of [July 1, 2019], pursuant to the processes and criteria set forth in this
4	act:
5	(1) all existing supervisory unions shall cease to exist; and
6	(2) all school districts in the State, except interstate school districts, shall
7	be realigned into expanded prekindergarten-12 school districts (Expanded
8	Districts).
9	Sec. 3. EXPANDED PREKINDERGARTEN – GRADE 12 SCHOOL
10	DISTRICTS; ESSENTIAL COMPONENTS; PERFORMANCE
11	INDICATORS
12	(a) Essential Components. Each Expanded District created under this act
13	<u>shall:</u>
14	(1) be designed to recognize historic relationships among communities,
15	existing connections between school districts, and potential obstacles caused
16	by geography, and consider the existing transportation infrastructure and [the
17	existing boundaries of human services regions and other State service
18	<u>regions];</u>
19	(2) provide for the education of resident prekindergarten-12 students
20	through educational opportunities that meet the educational quality standards
21	(EQS) adopted by the State Board of Education pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 165;

1	(3) operate at least one career technical education (CTE) center or enter
2	into an agreement for resident students to attend at least one CTE center not
3	operated by the district, or both;
4	(4) have an average daily membership of at least 1,250 students or result
5	from the realignment of at least four existing districts, or both, unless the
6	district obtains a waiver from the State Board under the provisions of Sec. 7 of
7	this act;
8	(5) be governed by no more than one elected school board;
9	(6) adopt one district-wide budget;
10	(7) negotiate district-wide collective bargaining agreements and employ
11	all licensed and nonlicensed personnel as employees of the district;
12	(8) be designed to: [these are the general ideas rewritten as suggested
13	by Rep Rachelson]
14	(A) maximize the effective and efficient use of fiscal, human, and
15	facility resources to support student achievement and success;
16	(B) foster stable leadership by developing and supporting both
17	school and district leaders;
18	(C) hire, train, support, and retain excellent teachers and staff;
19	(D) [promote stability and sustainability for taxpayers];
20	(E) categorize and report expenditures in a manner that promotes
21	transparency and public accountability; and

1	(F) [achieve flexibility in the deployment of resources] and promote
2	a shared commitment to a strong, flexible, and coherent system.
3	(9) create school-based community councils designed to build
4	partnerships among families, staff, and the community and strong community
5	involvement. A school council may, for example, serve as a liaison between
6	the school and the elected local representative or representatives to the school
7	board and perform advisory duties requested by the principal or included in the
8	articles of agreement creating the Expanded District. The articles of agreement
9	shall determine membership on the council and the manner in which members
10	are selected. [NOTE: language as written would not prohibit elections but
11	"one elected board" in (5) above would
12	(b) Performance indicators. On or before [DATE], the Agency of
13	Education [, in consultation with the State Board,] shall develop criteria to
14	measure performance under the Essential Components itemized under
15	subdivision (a)(8) of this section. It shall publish the indicators on its website
16	to provide guidance to school districts pursuing voluntary realignment pursuant
17	to Sec. 5 of this act. The State Board shall use the indicators to measure
18	compliance with those components when reviewing a proposed voluntary plan
19	of realignment and the Design Team's statewide plan developed pursuant to
20	Sec. <mark>6</mark> .

1	Sec. 4. EXPANDED PREKINDERGARTEN – GRADE 12 SCHOOL
2	DISTRICTS; LEGAL AND FISCAL WORKING GROUP; REPORT
3	(a) There is established a Working Group that shall facilitate and inform
4	the work required under this act by analyzing and developing options to
5	address legal and fiscal issues, including issues relating to:
6	(1) voting and representation on school boards;
7	(2) current districts that operate schools, that operate schools for some
8	grades and pay tuition for the remaining grades, and that operate no schools;
9	(3) the Vermont Supreme Court decision in Brigham v. State;
10	(4) assessments, common level of appraisal, grand lists, and tax rates;
11	(5) uniform data and financial accounting and reporting; and
12	<u>(6)</u> .
13	(b) The Working Group shall be composed of:
14	(c) On or before [January 15, 2015], the Working Group shall submit a
15	written report of its analysis of identified issues, together with potential options
16	to address the issues, to the House Committees on Education and on Ways and
17	Means, the Senate Committees on Education and Finance, the Agency of
18	Education, the State Board of Education, and the Design Team created in
19	Sec. 7 of this act. After that date, the Working Group shall analyze additional
20	issues at the request of one or more of the entities named in this subsection.
21	(d) The Working Group shall cease to exist on [June 30, 2016].

1	Sec. 5. EXPANDED PREKINDERGARTEN – GRADE 12 SCHOOL
2	DISTRICTS; VOLUNTARY REALIGNMENT
3	(a) Process. Existing school districts may realign into Expanded Districts
4	pursuant to the provisions of 16 V.S.A. chapter 11 governing the formation of
5	unified union school districts, as amended by this act.
6	(b) Plan. Existing school districts may realign into Expanded Districts by
7	appointing a study committee and preparing of a plan of realignment
8	(Realignment Plan) to be approved by the State Board of Education (State
9	Board) and the electorate of the districts. If approved, the Realignment Plan
10	shall become the Expanded District's articles of agreement. The Realignment
11	Plan shall:
12	(1) incorporate the Essential Components of an Expanded District
13	identified in Sec. 3 of this act as may be clarified by the Working Group [and
14	the Design Team] created in Secs. 4 [and 6 respectively]; and [timing?]
15	(2) provide for the education of the resident prekindergarten–12 students
16	in one of the following ways:
17	(A) by operating one or more public schools that offer elementary
18	and secondary education;
19	(B) by operating one or more public schools that offer elementary
20	education and may offer some secondary education and by entering into an
21	agreement with [one of the four approved independent schools that has

1	historically served as the public school for the community in which it is
2	located] to provide education for the remaining grades [and to provide data
3	and information as required by 16 V.S.A. § 242(4)(A)]; or
4	(C) in some other manner pursuant to a waiver from the State Board
5	granted under the provisions of Sec. 7 of this act, including by paying tuition
6	for all resident students in some or all grades to attend a public school located
7	in another state and operating one or more public schools that provide
8	education for any remaining grades.
9	(c) Technical assistance. The Agency shall provide technical support to
10	assist districts to develop a proposed Realignment Plan.
11	(d) Preliminary application.
12	(1) On or before [DATE], districts that are preparing Realignment Plans
13	may submit a preliminary application to the Secretary in a format developed by
14	the Agency. The Secretary shall review the preliminary applications and
15	submit them with his or her recommendations to the State Board on or before
16	[DATE].
17	(2) The State Board, in consultation with the Design Team created in
18	Sec. 6 of this act, shall review each preliminary application on its own merits
19	and in relation to the other preliminary applications.
20	(3) The State Board shall provide preliminary approval to an application
21	if it preliminarily complies with the Essential Components identified in Sec. 3

1	of this act and it does not exclude an existing district that would be a [suitable]
2	member of the Expanded District and is geographically isolated from, or would
3	otherwise be an [unsuitable] member of another proposed or potential
4	Expanded District.
5	(4) If the Board does not give preliminary approval to an application,
6	then it shall provide guidance regarding the issues to be addressed prior to
7	submission of a final Realignment Plan pursuant to subsection (e) of this
8	section. The Board shall make a decision regarding each preliminary
9	application on or before [DATE].
10	(5) An existing unified union school district that is also a supervisory
11	district, that has an average daily membership of at least 1,250 students, and
12	that does not wish to realign with another district may submit a preliminary
13	application and have it reviewed pursuant to the provisions of this subsection.
14	If approval is granted under this subsection, then the unified union school
15	district shall be considered an Expanded District and shall not be realigned
16	under the statewide plan created pursuant to Sec. 6 of this act.
17	(e) Final application.
18	(1) Districts that have submitted a preliminary application may submit a
19	proposed final Realignment Plan to the Secretary and State Board pursuant to
20	16 V.S.A. § 706c. In addition to the other considerations required by that

1	section, the State Board, in consultation with the Design Team, shall review the
2	proposed Realignment Plan to ensure:
3	(A) compliance with the Essential Components of Expanded Districts
4	identified in Sec. 3 of this act; and
5	(B) that the plan does not exclude an existing district that:
6	(i) would be a [suitable] member of the Expanded District; and
7	(ii) is geographically isolated from, or would otherwise be an
8	[unsuitable] member of another Expanded District.
9	(2) If the State Board determines that the proposed Realignment Plan
10	does not comply with subdivision (1)(A) or (1)(B) of this subsection, then the
11	Board shall not approve it and the districts shall be realigned according to the
12	statewide plan developed by the Design Team and approved by the State Board
13	and Legislative Committee on Administrative Rules pursuant to Sec. 6 of this
14	act.
15	(3) If the State Board determines that the proposed Realignment Plan
16	complies with subdivisions (1)(A) and (1)(B) and that it satisfies all other
17	considerations under 16 V.S.A. § 706c, then the study committee shall proceed
18	to a vote of the electorate pursuant to the provisions of 16 V.S.A. chapter 11.
19	(f) District vote. An Expanded District created under this section shall be
20	approved by the electorate pursuant to the provisions of 16 V.S.A. chapter 11
21	on [at?] or before [the district's annual meeting in 2017]. If an Expanded

1	District is approved, then it shall not be realigned under the statewide plan
2	created pursuant to Sec. 6 of this act. If an Expanded District is not approved,
3	then it shall be subject to realignment under the statewide plan.
4	(g) Tax rates. During the first four years an Expanded District created
5	under this section operates, the tax rate for each town within the District shall
6	not increase or decrease by more than five percent in a single year. The
7	household income percentage shall be calculated accordingly.
8	Sec. 6. EXPANDED PREKINDERGARTEN – GRADE 12 SCHOOL
9	DISTRICTS; DESIGN TEAM; REPORT
10	(a) Creation. There is created a Design Team to assist with the voluntary
11	realignment of school districts authorized pursuant to Sec. 5 of this act and to
12	design the plan for all remaining districts to be realigned into Expanded
13	Districts by [July 1, 2019] (Statewide Plan). The plan shall be submitted to the
14	State Board for adoption under the rulemaking process.
15	(b) Number and qualifications of members. The Design Team shall be
16	composed of nine members who are [geographically representative, have a
17	broad range of knowledge of and experience in the Vermont education system
18	and in Vermont communities, and represent diverse points of view and
19	interests, such as].
20	(c) Appointment. On or before [July 1, 2014], the Speaker of the House,
21	the Committee on Committees, and the Governor shall each choose three

1	members, none of whom shall be members of the House of Representatives or
2	the Senate during the period of appointment. In order to ensure the diversity of
3	knowledge, experience, and opinions required by this section, the Speaker, the
4	Committee on Committees, and the Governor, or their designees, shall work
5	collectively to identify potential candidates for appointment. The Speaker, the
6	Committee on Committees, and the Governor shall jointly appoint one of the
7	nine members to serve as Chair of the Design Team.
8	(d) Powers and duties. The Design Team shall:
9	(1) engage the public in all areas of the State in order to inform the
10	Statewide Plan design process;
11	(2) monitor the progress of voluntary realignment of school districts and
12	provide guidance to the State Board and the Agency [in order to support broad
13	inclusion of districts in the voluntary realignment process].
14	(3) design the Statewide Plan by which the districts that did not
15	voluntarily realign shall be assigned to Expanded Districts
16	on or before [July 1, 2019]; and
17	(4) submit the Statewide Plan on or before [August 1, 2017] to the State
18	Board for adoption as rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25, which shall occur
19	on or before [April 1, 2018].
20	(e) The Statewide Plan.

1	(1) The Statewide Plan shall be guided by the Essential Components as
2	set forth in Sec. 3 of this act, the analysis of the Working Group created in
3	Sec. 4, and the public engagement process required under subsection (d) of this
4	section.
5	(2) Among other things, the Statewide Plan shall:
6	(A) include articles of agreement that will govern the actions of the
7	Expanded Districts that were not created during the voluntary realignment
8	process, including the method of apportioning the representation that each prior
9	school district shall have on the new school board of the Expanded District;
10	(B) establish transition procedures necessary for the creation of the
11	Expanded District, including assumption of debt by the Expanded District, [the
12	allocation of capital and operating expenses?], and provisions regarding the
13	transition of employees to the new employer, including impacts upon
14	membership in the Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System and in
15	collective bargaining units.
16	(3) If the Design Team determines it is [in the best interest of the State],
17	the Statewide Plan may include gradual transition to new tax rates as
18	[provided] to voluntarily realigned districts under Sec. 5(g).
19	(f) Assistance. The Design Team shall have the administrative, technical,
20	and legal assistance of the Agency of Education, the Department of Taxes, the
21	Joint Fiscal Office, and the Office of Legislative Council. [hire staff?]

1	(g) Updates. Beginning in [October 2014], the Design Team shall provide
2	quarterly updates to the House Committees on Education and on Ways and
3	Means, the Senate Committees on Education and Finance, the Agency of
4	Education, and the State Board of Education regarding the status of voluntary
5	realignment and the development of the Statewide Plan.
6	(h) Meetings.
7	(1) The Chair of the Design Team shall call the first meeting of the
8	Design Team to occur on or before [August 15, 2014].
9	(2) The Design Team shall conduct its meetings pursuant to 1 V.S.A.
10	chapter 5, subchapter 2.
11	(i) Reimbursement. [is this how you want to handle it?] Members of the
12	Design Team who are not employees of the State and who are not otherwise
13	compensated or reimbursed for their participation shall be entitled to [per diem
14	compensation/reimbursement of expenses/both] pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 1010.
15	(j) Appropriation. The sum of [\$.00] is appropriated to Agency of
16	Education from the [FUND] for use in Fiscal Years 2015 through [YEAR] for
17	[per diem compensation] [and reimbursement of expenses], the costs of
18	conducting public engagement activities, and [add in any other expenses that
19	the section authorizes/directs the Design Team to incur – staff?].
20	[(1) This should probably be enough money to cover the Team for all
21	years of work]

1	[(2) Do you want to authorize them to hire staff?]
2	(k) The Design Team shall cease to exist on [DATE].
3	Sec. 7. EXPANDED PREKINDERGARTEN – GRADE 12 SCHOOL
4	DISTRICTS; WAIVERS
5	The State Board of Education shall develop criteria and a process under
6	which it may grant waivers under Sec. 3(4) (1,250 average daily membership
7	or 4 districts) and Sec. 5(b)(2)(C) (voluntary realignment of districts that do
8	not operate any or all grades) to districts that wish to realign in an alternative
9	manner. The waiver criteria shall be guided by the Essential Components set
10	forth in Sec. 3 of this act and the analysis of the Working Group created in
11	Sec. 4. In addition, the State Board shall grant a waiver only if doing so:
12	(1) would not isolate an existing district that would be a [suitable]
13	member of the alternative district and that is geographically isolated from, or
14	would otherwise be an [unsuitable] member of any other potential Expanded
15	District; and
16	(2) would not inhibit the uniform collection and reporting of student and
17	financial data throughout the State.

1	FOR INITIAL DISCUSSION
2	Sec. 8. REPEAL; REGIONAL EDUCATION DISTRICTS
3	• Keep all / any?
4	• Grandfather any – as of what event occurring on what date?
5	(a) The following are repealed:
6	(1) 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 156, Sec. 2 (reimbursement of up to
7	\$5,000.00 for fees relating to initial exploration of joint activity by school
8	districts or supervisory unions).
9	(2) 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 156, Sec. 4 (reimbursement of up to
10	\$10,000.00 for fees relating to joint activity other than a merger by school
11	districts or supervisory unions).
12	(3) 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 156, Sec. 5 (reimbursement of up to
13	\$20,000.00 in fees relating to analysis of supervisory unions' potential
14	<u>merger).</u>
15	(4) 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 156, Sec. 6 (\$150,000.00 facilitation
16	grant for successful merger of supervisory unions).
17	() [Rutland Windsor / Windsor SW? – No. 156, Sec. 7?]
18	(5) 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 156, Sec. 9 (reimbursement of up to
19	\$20,000.00 in fees relating to analysis of school districts' potential merger).
20	(6) 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 156, Sec. 11 (facilitation grant for
21	successful merger of school districts).

1	() [joint contract schools? –No. 156, Sec. 12?]
2	(7) 2010 Acts and Resolves No. 153, Sec. 2, as amended by 2012 Acts
3	and Resolves No. 156, Sec. 1 (regional school district (RED) merger incentive
4	program; creation).
5	(8) 2010 Acts and Resolves No. 153, Sec. 3 (REDs; criteria).
6	(9) 2010 Acts and Resolves No. 153, Sec. 4, , as amended by 2012 Acts
7	and Resolves No. 156, Sec. 13 (REDs; incentives).
8	(10) 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 156, Sec. 15 (exception to RED
9	criteria; two or more simultaneous mergers).
10	(11) 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 156, Sec. 16 (exception to RED
11	criteria; union elementary school districts).
12	(12) 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 156, Sec. 17, as amended by 2013
13	Acts and Resolves No. 56, Sec. 3 (exception to RED criteria; modified unified
14	union school districts).
15	(13) 2010 Acts and Resolves No. 153, Sec. 8 (RED reports to General
16	Assembly through 2018).
17	<u>NOTE: The following sections are for consideration if you decide to repeal</u>
18	the mandatory movement of SpEd / Transportation to the SU level
19	Sec. 9. 16 V.S.A. § 261a is amended to read:
20	§ 261a. DUTIES OF SUPERVISORY UNION BOARD
21	[this section is amended to be essentially as written before Act 153]

(a) Duties. The board of each supervisory union shall:

2 ***

- union board, coordinate the provision of special education services on behalf of its member districts and, except as provided in section 144b of this title, compensatory and remedial services, and provide or coordinate the provision of other educational services as directed by the State Board or local boards; provided, however, if a supervisory union determines that services would be provided more efficiently and effectively in whole or in part at the district level, then it may ask the Secretary to grant it a waiver from this provision;
- (7) employ a person or persons qualified to provide financial and student data management services for the supervisory union and the member districts;
- (8) provide the following services for the benefit of member districts in a manner that promotes the efficient use of financial and human resources, which shall be provided pursuant to joint agreements under section 267 of this title whenever feasible; provided, however, if a supervisory union determines that services would be provided more efficiently and effectively in another manner, then it may ask the Secretary to grant it a waiver from this subdivision:

20 ***

1	(E) at the option of the supervisory union [board], provide
2	transportation or arrange for the provision of transportation, or both in any
3	districts in which it is offered within the supervisory union;
4	* * *
5	Sec. 10. 2010 Acts and Resolves No. 153, Sec. 23(b), as amended by 2011
6	Acts and Resolves No. 30, Sec. 1; 2011 Acts and Resolves No. 58, Sec. 34;
7	and 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 156, Sec. 20, is further amended to read:
8	(b) Secs. 9 through 12 of this act shall take effect on passage and shall be
9	fully implemented on July 1, 2013, subject to the provisions of existing
10	contracts; provided, however, that the special education provisions of Sec. 9,
11	16 V.S.A. § 261a(a)(6), and the transportation provisions of Sec. 9, 16 V.S.A
12	§ 261a(a)(8)(E), shall be fully implemented on July 1, 2014. [DRS: does this
13	work?]
14	Sec. 11. 2010 Acts and Resolves No. 153, Sec. 18, as amended by 2011 Acts
15	and Resolves No. 30, Sec. 2; 2011 Acts and Resolves No. 58, Sec. 18; 2013
16	Acts and Resolves No. 56, Sec. 23; and 2014 Acts and Resolves No. 92, Sec.
17	303, is further amended to read:
18	Sec. 18. TRANSITION
19	(a) Each \underline{A} supervisory union shall provide for any transition of
20	employment of special education and transportation employees by member

- districts to employment by the supervisory union, pursuant to Sec. 9 of this act,

 16 V.S.A. § 261a(a)(6) and (8)(E), by:
- 3 ***

- (b) For purposes of this section and Sec. 9 of this act, "special education employee" shall include a special education teacher, a special education administrator, and a special education paraeducator, which means a teacher, administrator, or paraeducator whose job assignment consists of providing special education services directly related to students' individualized education programs or to the administration of those services. Provided, however, that "special education employee" shall include a "special education paraeducator" only if the supervisory union board elects to employ some or all special education paraeducators because it determines that doing so will lead to more effective and efficient delivery of special education services to students. If the supervisory union board does not elect to employ all special education paraeducators, it must use objective, nondiscriminatory criteria and identify specific duties to be performed when determining which categories of special education paraeducators to employ.
- (c) Education-related parties to negotiations under either Title 16 or 21 shall incorporate in their current or next negotiations matters addressing the terms and conditions of special education employees.

1	(d) If a supervisory union has not entered into a collective bargaining
2	agreement with the representative of its prospective special education
3	employees by August 15, 2015, it shall provide the Secretary of Education
4	with a report identifying the reasons for not meeting the deadline and an
5	estimated date by which it expects to ratify the agreement. [Repealed.]
6	Sec. 12. 24 V.S.A. § 5053a(a) is amended to read:
7	(a) For purposes of this section, the term "transferred employee" means an
8	employee under this chapter who transitioned from employment solely by a
9	school district to employment, wholly or in part, by a supervisory union
10	pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 261a(a)(6) or (8)(E) as amended on June 3, 2010.
11	[2012 Acts and resolves No. 156, Sec. 26 (transition) and other pension-
12	related legislation don't need to be amended because they apply if voluntary
13	transfer to SUs]
14	to do / consider:
15	** how to ensure AOE has whatever support it needs to provide assistance to
16	the districts and to the Design Team
17	** how to ensure that the State Board has whatever support it needs to
18	review the plans of voluntary realignment and to adopt the Statewide Plan by
19	rulemaking
20	Sec. X. EFFECTIVE DATE
21	This act shall take effect on