

Journal of the Senate

WEDNESDAY, MAY 7, 2014

The Senate was called to order by the President.

Devotional Exercises

A moment of silence was observed in lieu of devotions.

Message from the Governor

A message was received from His Excellency, the Governor, by Louis Porter, Secretary of Civil and Military Affairs, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed by the Governor to inform the Senate that on the sixth, day of May, 2014, he approved and signed bills originating in the Senate of the following titles:

S. 100. An act relating to forest integrity.

S. 283. An act relating to the changing of the name of the Vermont Criminal Information Center.

Message from the House No. 72

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Melissa Kucserik, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House proposal of amendment to Senate bill of the following title:

S. 220. An act relating to furthering economic development.

And has severally concurred therein with a further proposal of amendment thereto, in the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Message from the House No. 73

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Melissa Kucserik, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered bills originating in the Senate of the following titles:

S. 195. An act relating to increasing the penalties for second or subsequent convictions for disorderly conduct, and creating a new crime of aggravated disorderly conduct.

S. 225. An act relating to a report on recommended changes in the structure of Vermont State employment in order to reduce employment-related stress.

And has passed the same in concurrence.

The House has adopted joint resolution of the following title:

J.R.H. 19. Joint resolution relating to encouraging New Hampshire to enact laws protecting emergency responders from across state lines.

In the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Pursuant to the request of the Senate for a Committee of Conference upon the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on Senate bill of the following title:

S. 295. An act relating to pretrial services, risk assessments, and criminal justice programs.

The Speaker has appointed as members of such committee on the part of the House:

Rep. Lippert of Hinesburg
Rep. Haas of Rochester
Rep. Emmons of Springfield.

The House has considered the report of the Committee of Conference upon the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on House bill of the following title:

H. 526. An act relating to the establishment of lake shoreland protection standards.

And has adopted the same on its part.

The House has considered Senate proposals of amendment to the following House bills:

H. 217. An act relating to smoking in lodging establishments, hospitals, and child care facilities, and on State lands.

H. 270. An act relating to providing access to publicly funded prekindergarten education .

H. 612. An act relating to Gas Pipeline Safety Program penalties.

H. 823. An act relating to encouraging growth in designated centers and protecting natural resources.

And has severally concurred therein.

The Governor has informed the House that on the May 6, 2014, he approved and signed a bill originating in the House of the following title:

H. 356. An act relating to prohibiting littering in or on the waters of the State.

Message from the House No. 74

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Melissa Kucserik, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House bill entitled:

H. 501. An act relating to operating a motor vehicle under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

And has refused to concur therein and asks for a Committee of Conference upon the disagreeing votes of the two Houses;

The Speaker appointed as members of such Committee on the part of the House:

Rep. Waite-Simpson of Essex
Rep. Koch of Barre Town
Rep. Potter of Clarendon

Rules Suspended; House Proposal of Amendment; Consideration Postponed

S. 28.

Appearing on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Campbell, the rules were suspended and House proposal of amendment to Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to gender-neutral nomenclature for the identification of parents on birth certificates.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the as follows:

First: In Sec. 1, 18 V.S.A. § 5071, in subsection (a), in the first new sentence, after “a parent of the child” and before “shall file” insert or a legal guardian of a mother under 18 years of age

and in subsection (b), by striking out subdivision (2) in its entirety and by striking out the subdivision (1) designation

and by striking out subsection (e) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(e) When a birth certificate is issued, a parent or parents shall be identified with gender-neutral nomenclature.

Second: By striking out Sec. 5 in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof three new sections to read as follows:

Sec. 5. 18 V.S.A. § 5078 is amended to read:

§ 5078. ADOPTION; NEW BIRTH CERTIFICATE

(a) The ~~supervisor of vital records registration~~ Supervisor of Vital Records Registration shall establish a new birth certificate for a person born in the ~~state~~ State when the ~~supervisor~~ Supervisor receives a record of adoption as provided in 15 V.S.A. § 449 or a record of adoption prepared and filed in accordance with the laws of another state or foreign country.

(b) The new birth certificate shall be on a form prescribed by the ~~commissioner of health~~ Commissioner of Health. The new birth certificate shall include:

- (1) the actual place and date of birth;
- (2) the date of the filing of the original birth certificate; and
- (3) the adoptive parents as though they were natural parents;
- ~~(3) a notation that it was issued by authority of this chapter.~~

(c) The new birth certificate shall not contain a statement whether the adopted person was illegitimate and it shall not contain any content or statement that would distinguish it from any other original certificate of birth.

(d) The new certificate, and sufficient information to identify the original certificate, shall be transmitted to the clerk of the town of birth to be filed according to the procedures in 15 V.S.A. § 451.

(e) The ~~supervisor of vital records registration~~ Supervisor of Vital Records Registration shall not establish a new birth certificate if the ~~supervisor~~ Supervisor receives, accompanying the record of adoption, a written request that a new certificate not be established:

- (1) from the adopted person if 18 years of age or older; or
- (2) from the adoptive parent or parents if the adopted person is under 18 years of age.

(f) When the ~~supervisor of vital records registration~~ Supervisor of Vital Records Registration receives a record of adoption for a person born in another state, the ~~supervisor~~ Supervisor shall forward a certified copy of the record of adoption to the state registrar in the state of birth, with a request that a new birth certificate be established under the laws of that state.

Sec. 6. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH REPORT; CERTIFIED COPIES OF BIRTH AND DEATH RECORDS

On or before January 15, 2015, the Commissioner of Health shall submit to the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary and the House and Senate Committees on Government Operations recommended requirements for the issuance of certified birth and death certificates in the State in a manner that complies with the generally accepted, national standards for the issuance of certified copies of birth and death certificates and that reduces the potential for identity theft. The recommendations shall include:

- (1) persons to whom a certified birth or death certificate may be issued;
- (2) application requirements for a birth or death certificate;
- (3) requirements for the custodians of certified birth or death certificates;
- (4) proposed legislative changes necessary to implement any recommendation; and
- (5) any other information that the Commissioner determines is relevant.

Sec. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2014.

Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment?, Senator Flory moved that consideration be postponed until later in the day.

Rules Suspended; House Proposal of Amendment Concurred In

S. 40.

Appearing on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House proposal of amendment to Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to establishing an interim committee that will develop policies to restore the 1980 ratio of state funding to student tuition at Vermont State Colleges and to make higher education more affordable.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. INTERIM STUDY OF HIGHER EDUCATION FUNDING; REPORT

(a) The higher education subcommittee of the Prekindergarten-16 Council established in 16 V.S.A. § 2905 shall study and develop proposed policies to make the Vermont State Colleges (VSC) and the University of Vermont (UVM) more affordable for Vermont residents by lowering costs and restoring the 1980 ratio of State funding to tuition costs and by restoring funding to the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation (VSAC) incentive grant program to reduce the difference between the VSAC incentive grant and the VSC and UVM tuition rates to the amount of that difference in 1980.

(b) In addition to the members of the higher education subcommittee identified in 16 V.S.A. § 2905(d), the following individuals shall be members of the subcommittee solely for purposes of this interim study:

(1) one UVM faculty member to be appointed by United Professions American Federation of Teachers Vermont;

(2) one VSC faculty member to be appointed by United Professions American Federation of Teachers Vermont;

(3) two students, one from UVM and one from VSC, at least one of whom is a current or past recipient of a VSAC incentive grant, appointed by their respective student government associations; and

(4) one VSAC outreach program counselor to be appointed by the VSAC President.

(c) Powers and duties.

(1) The subcommittee shall develop proposed policies to:

(A) lower student and family costs and debt so that UVM and VSC are more affordable for Vermonters;

(B) return to the 1980 level of State funding for the student tuition support ratio for UVM and VSC; and

(C) restore funding to the VSAC incentive grant program to reduce the difference between the VSAC incentive grant and the VSC and UVM tuition rates to the amount of that difference in 1980.

(2) In developing the proposed policies, the subcommittee shall consider:

(A) higher education funding for state colleges and universities in other states, with a particular focus on tuition ratios and funding methods supporting students and public institutions;

(B) the best policies for increasing the enrollment of Vermont students and keeping students in Vermont after they graduate from college;

(C) total spending as compared to instructional spending, and how institutional spending affects student costs;

(D) the uses of VSAC incentive grant funds, including the portability of use for attendance at in-state and out-of-state institutions;

(E) how to minimize the financial impact of living expenses on student costs; and

(F) any information available regarding the impact of VSC and UVM graduates and VSAC incentive grant recipients on Vermont's economy and on job creation and retention.

(d) The chair of the Prekindergarten-16 Council shall convene the first meeting of the interim subcommittee to occur on or before July 1, 2014, at which meeting the members shall elect a chair or co-chairs. On or before January 15, 2015, the subcommittee shall report to the General Assembly on its findings and any recommendations for legislative action.

(e) The subcommittee may meet no more than six times between July 1, 2014 and January 15, 2015 for the purposes of this interim study. For attendance at meetings during adjournment of the General Assembly, legislative members of the subcommittee shall be entitled to compensation and reimbursement for expenses under 2 V.S.A. § 406, and other members of the subcommittee who are not employees of the State of Vermont may be reimbursed at the per diem rate under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 if not otherwise compensated or benefited.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to establishing an interim committee that will develop proposed policies to restore the 1980 ratio of State funding to student tuition at Vermont State Colleges and to make higher education more affordable.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

Rules Suspended; House Proposal of Amendment to Senate Proposal of Amendment to House Proposal of Amendment Concurred In

S. 211.

Appearing on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House proposal of amendment to Senate proposal of amendment to House proposal of amendment to Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to permitting of sewage holding and pumpout tanks for public buildings.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

The House concurs in the Senate proposal of amendment to the House proposal of amendment with further proposal of amendment, as follows:

By inserting a new Sec. 2 to read as follows:

Sec. 2. WATER CONNECTION PERMIT MUNICIPAL DELEGATION STUDY

On or before January 1, 2015, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall report to the House Committee on Fish, Wildlife and Water Resources and the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy with recommendations on the following:

(1) how to improve the process for municipal delegation under 10 V.S.A. § 1976;

(2) other ways to streamline permitting and approval under 10 V.S.A. § 1973, including through partial delegation under 10 V.S.A. § 1976; and

(3) a plan for outreach and education to municipalities about the delegation process under 10 V.S.A. § 1976 and the provision for approval of sewer connections at the time of sewer line construction as provided under Section 1-304(a)(14) of the Vermont Wastewater System and Potable Water Supply Rules.

And by renumbering the remaining section to be numerically correct.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment to the Senate proposal of amendment to the House proposal of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

Rules Suspended; House Proposal of Amendment Concurred In

S. 218.

Appearing on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House proposal of amendment to Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to temporary employees.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill as follows:

First: By inserting a new section to be Sec. 1a to read:

Sec. 1a. COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN RESOURCES; REPORT;
TEMPORARY STATE EMPLOYEES; SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

(a) On or before January 15, 2015, the Commissioner of Human Resources shall report to the House and Senate Committees on Government Operations regarding his or her analysis of whether temporary State employees should be able to earn sick leave benefits.

(b) In conducting his or her analysis, the Commissioner shall consider and include in the report:

(1) how many temporary employees are employed by the State;

(2) the departments in which those temporary employees are employed;

(3) how long those temporary employees have been employed in that capacity;

(4) how much it would cost the State to offer the temporary employees sick leave benefits; and

(5) whether there should be a pathway to permanent employment for temporary employees, and if so, what the standards for permanent employment should be.

Second: In Sec. 2, by striking out the section in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 2 to read:

Sec. 2. DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS PROVISIONS RELATING TO
CONTRABAND

(a) The Commissioner of Corrections shall adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 regarding procedures for conducting searches of the personal belongings of any person who enters the secure portion of a State correctional facility. The Commissioner shall consult with the Joint Legislative Corrections Oversight Committee in developing these rules and shall report periodically to the Committee regarding the implementation of these procedures and any issues of concern.

(b) The Commissioner shall identify the types and amounts of contraband, and the methods used to transport contraband into each State correctional facility, including perimeter breaches, mail, and contacts with visitors. The Commissioner shall include this information in the Commissioner's regular

monthly reports to the Joint Legislative Corrections Oversight Committee from July 1, 2014 through December 1, 2014.

(c) On or before December 1, 2015, the Commissioner shall make recommendations to the Joint Legislative Corrections Oversight Committee regarding strategies to prevent contraband from entering State correctional facilities.

(d) The Commissioner may conduct preemployment drug screening in accordance with 21 V.S.A. § 512 of all permanent and temporary employees hired after July 1, 2014 and may conduct background investigations, including obtaining criminal history records in accordance with 20 V.S.A. § 2056a, prior to hiring any permanent or temporary employee.

(e) On or before October 15, 2014, the Department of Corrections shall prepare and submit a report to the Joint Legislative Corrections Oversight Committee on security and safety concerns at State correctional facilities arising from public or private entities employing offenders through work programs.

Third: In Sec. 4, by striking out the section in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof two new sections to read:

Sec. 4. CONTACT VISITS

The Commissioner of Corrections shall update the Joint Legislative Corrections Oversight Committee on a process for permitting offenders to earn contact visits if the contact privilege was taken away.

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Secs. 1a, 2, and 4 shall take effect on passage.

(b) Secs. 1 and 3 shall take effect on July 1, 2014.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

Rules Suspended; House Proposal of Amendment Concurred in With Further Proposal Amendment

S. 221.

Appearing on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House proposal of amendment to Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to providing statutory purposes for tax expenditures.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Income, Bank Franchise, Insurance Premium,
and Property Taxes * * *

Sec. 1. 16 V.S.A. § 2826 is added to read:

§ 2826. STATUTORY PURPOSES

(a) The statutory purpose of the exemption for interest income from Vermont Student Assistance Corporation (VSAC) bonds in section 2825 of this title is to lower the cost of borrowing in order to finance education loan programs.

(b) The statutory purpose of the exemption for Vermont Student Assistance Corporation property tax in section 2825 of this title is to allow State instrumentalities that provide financial and information resources for postsecondary education and training to use all of their resources for those purposes.

Sec. 2. 30 V.S.A. § 8060(c) is added to read:

(c) The statutory purpose of the exemption for Vermont Telecommunications Authority (VTA) bonds and notes in section 8074 of this title is to lower the cost of borrowing in order to finance the expansion of broadband access across the State.

Sec. 3. 32 V.S.A. § 5813 is added to read:

§ 5813. STATUTORY PURPOSES

(a) The statutory purpose of the exemption for Vermont municipal bond income in subdivision 5811(21)(A)(i) of this title is to lower the cost of borrowing in order to finance State and municipal projects.

(b) The statutory purpose of the Vermont flat capital gains exclusion in subdivision 5811(21)(B)(ii) of this title is intended to increase savings and investment by making the effective tax rate on capital gains income lower than the effective tax rate on earned income while exempting a portion of the gain that may represent inflation. The 40 percent business capital gains exclusion mitigates the impact of one-time realizations in a progressive tax structure.

(c) The statutory purpose of the Vermont credit for child and dependent care in subsection 5822(d) of this title is to provide financial assistance to employees who must incur dependent care expenses to stay in the workforce in the absence of prekindergarten programming.

(d) The statutory purpose of the Vermont credit for persons who are elderly or disabled in subsection 5822(d) of this title is to provide financial assistance

to seniors and persons who are disabled with little tax-exempt retirement or disability income.

(e) The statutory purpose of the Vermont investment tax credit in subsection 5822(d) of this title is to encourage Vermont business investments by lowering the effective costs of certain activities.

(f) The statutory purpose of the Vermont farm income averaging credit in subdivision 5822(c)(2) of this title is to mitigate the adverse tax consequences of fluctuating farm incomes under a progressive tax structure and to provide stability to farm operations.

(g) The statutory purpose of the exemption for military pay in subdivisions 5823(a)(2) and (b)(3) of this title is to provide additional compensation for military personnel in recognition of their service to Vermont and to the country.

(h) The statutory purpose of the Vermont charitable housing credit in section 5830c of this title is to enable lower capital cost to certain affordable housing charities by restoring some of the forgone investment income through a tax credit to the investor.

(i) The statutory purpose of the Vermont affordable housing credit in section 5930u of this title is to increase the capital available to certain affordable housing projects for construction or rehabilitation by attracting up-front private investment.

(j) The statutory purpose of the Vermont qualified sale of a mobile home park credit in section 5828 of this title is to encourage sales of mobile home parks to a group composed of a majority of the mobile home park leaseholders, or to a nonprofit organization that represents such a group, and, in doing so, to provide stability to the inhabitants of such mobile home parks.

(k) The statutory purpose of the Vermont higher education investment credit in section 5825a of this title is to encourage contributions to Vermont 529 plans that would not otherwise occur and to lower the cost of higher education for Vermont students and the Vermont taxpayers who financially support them.

(l) The statutory purpose of the Vermont entrepreneurs' seed capital fund credit in section 5830b of this title is to provide incentives for investment in the Seed Capital Fund, ensuring it has sufficient capital to make equity investments in Vermont businesses.

(m) The statutory purpose of the Vermont historical rehabilitation tax credit in subsection 5930cc(a) of this title is to provide incentives to improve and rehabilitate historic properties in designated downtowns and village centers.

(n) The statutory purpose of the Vermont facade improvement tax credit in subsection 5930cc(b) and sections 5930aa–5930ff of this title is to provide incentives to improve facades and rehabilitate historic properties in designated downtowns and village centers.

(o) The statutory purpose of the Vermont code improvement tax credit in subsection 5930cc(c) and sections 5930aa–5930ff of this title is to provide incentives to improve and rehabilitate historic properties in designated downtowns and village centers.

(p) The statutory purpose of the Vermont research and development tax credit in section 5930ii of this title is to encourage business investment in research and development within Vermont and to attract and retain intellectual-property-based companies.

(q) The statutory purpose of the Vermont downtown tax credits in sections 5930n–5930r of this title is to provide incentives to improve and rehabilitate historic properties in designated downtowns and village centers.

(r) The statutory purpose of the Vermont low-income child and dependent care tax credit in section 5828c of this title is to provide cash relief to lower-income employees who incur dependent care expenses in certified centers to enable them to remain in the workforce.

(s) The statutory purpose of the Vermont earned income tax credit in section 5828b of this title is to provide incentives for low-income working families and individuals and to offset the effect on these Vermonters of conventionally regressive taxes.

(t) The statutory purpose of the Vermont machinery and equipment tax credit in section 5930ll of this title is to provide an incentive to make a major, long-term capital investment in Vermont-based plant and property to ensure the continuation of in-state employment.

(u) The statutory purpose of the Vermont employment growth incentive in section 5930b of this title is to provide a cash incentive to encourage quality job growth in Vermont.

(v) The statutory purpose of the Vermont Downtown and Village Center Program tax credits in section 5930cc of this title is to provide incentives to improve and rehabilitate historic properties in designated downtowns and village centers.

* * * Meals and Rooms Taxes and Insurance
Premium Taxes * * *

Sec. 4. 32 V.S.A. § 9247 is added to read:

§ 9247. HOSPITAL AND MEDICAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS AND CREDIT UNIONS

Notwithstanding 8 V.S.A. §§ 4518, 4590, and 30901, hospital service corporations, medical service corporations, and credit unions shall be subject to the meals and rooms tax. The statutory purpose of the remaining exemptions in 8 V.S.A. § 4518 is to lower the cost of health services to Vermonters. The statutory purpose of the remaining exemptions in 8 V.S.A. § 4590 is to lower the cost of health services to Vermonters. The statutory purpose of the remaining exemptions in 8 V.S.A. § 30901 is to affirm the nonprofit, cooperative structure of credit unions.

Sec. 5. 32 V.S.A. § 9201 is added to read:

§ 9201. STATUTORY PURPOSES

(a) The statutory purpose of the exemption for grocery-type items furnished for take-out in subdivision 9202(10)(D)(i) of this title is to limit the cost of goods that are necessary for the health and welfare of all people in Vermont.

(b) The statutory purpose of the exemption for meals served or furnished on the premises of a nonprofit organization in subdivision 9202(10)(D)(ii)(I) of this title is to allow more of the revenues generated by certain activities to be dedicated to furthering the public-service missions of the organizations.

(c) The statutory purpose of the exemption for meals provided on school premises in subdivision 9202(10)(D)(ii)(II) of this title is to reduce the overall cost of education in Vermont.

(d) The statutory purpose of the exemption for meals provided at hospitals and convalescent and nursing homes in subdivision 9202(10)(D)(ii)(IV) of this title is to reduce the overall costs of health care and senior care in Vermont.

(e) The statutory purpose of the exemption for summer camps for children in subdivision 9202(10)(D)(ii)(VI) of this title is to reduce the cost of summer education and outdoor activities for youth.

(f) The statutory purpose of the exemption for nonprofits at fairs, bazaars, picnics, and similar events in subdivision 9202(10)(D)(ii)(VII) of this title is to allow more of the revenues generated by certain activities to be dedicated to furthering the public-service missions of the organizations.

(g) The statutory purpose of the exemption for meals furnished to an employee of a hotel or restaurant operator as remuneration for his or her

employment in subdivision 9202(10)(D)(ii)(VIII) of this title is to avoid the taxation of in-kind benefits.

(h) The statutory purpose of the exemption for meals served on the premises of a continuing care retirement community in subdivision 9202(10)(D)(ii)(XI) is to exclude meals prepared in a person's home from taxation.

(i) The statutory purpose of the exemption for student housing in subdivision 9202(8) of this title is to reduce the overall costs of education in Vermont.

(j) The statutory purpose of the exemption for rooms furnished to an employee of a hotel or restaurant operator as remuneration for his or her employment in subdivision 9202(6) of this title is to exclude the taxation of in-kind benefits.

(k) The statutory purpose of the exemption for summer camps for children in subdivision 9202(6) of this title is to reduce the cost of summer education and outdoor activities for youth.

(l) The statutory purpose of the exemption for rooms on the premises of a nonprofit in subdivision 9202(3)(C) of this title is to allow more of the revenues generated by certain activities to be dedicated to furthering the public-service missions of the organizations.

(m) The statutory purpose of the exemption for rooms on the premises of a continuing care retirement community in subdivision 9202(3)(D) of this title is to exclude from taxation rooms that are a person's residence.

* * * Sales Taxes * * *

Sec. 6. 32 V.S.A. § 9706 is added to read:

§ 9706. STATUTORY PURPOSES

(a) The statutory purpose of the exemption for medical products in subdivision 9741(2) of this title is to lower the cost of medical products in order to support the health and welfare of Vermont residents.

(b) The statutory purpose of the exemption for agricultural inputs in subdivision 9741(3) of this title is to promote Vermont's agricultural economy.

(c) The statutory purpose of the exemption for veterinary supplies in subdivision 9741(3) of this title is to lessen the cost of veterinary services in order to support the health and welfare of Vermont animals.

(d) The statutory purpose of the exemption for fuels for railroads and boats in subdivision 9741(7) of this title is to avoid the taxation of fuels for the types of transportation for which public expenditure on infrastructure is unnecessary.

(e) The statutory purpose of the exemption for sales of food in subdivision 9741(13) of this title is to limit the cost of goods that are necessary for the health and welfare of all people in Vermont.

(f) The statutory purpose of the exemption for newspapers in subdivision 9741(15) of this title is to reduce the cost of access to news and community information for people in Vermont.

(g) The statutory purpose of the exemption for rentals of coin-operated washing facilities in subdivision 9741(19) of this title is to exclude from taxation facilities that are still operated with coins.

(h) The statutory purpose of the exemption for admission fees to nonprofit museums in subdivision 9741(20) of this title is to support the missions of certain nonprofit facilities and encourage higher visitation.

(i) The statutory purpose of the exemption for items sold to fire, ambulance, and rescue squads in subdivision 9741(21) of this title is to limit the tax on organizations charged with protecting the safety of the public.

(j) The statutory purpose of the exemption for funeral charges in subdivision 9741(22) of this title is to lessen the costs accumulated by the bereaved.

(k) The statutory purpose of the exemption for commercial, industrial, or agricultural research tangible personal property use in subdivision 9741(24) of this title is to reduce financial barriers to research and innovation in the commercial, industrial, and agricultural industries.

(l) The statutory purpose of the exemption for agricultural machinery and equipment in subdivision 9741(25) of this title is to promote Vermont's agricultural economy.

(m) The statutory purpose of the exemption for energy purchases for a residence in subdivision 9741(26) of this title is to limit the cost of goods that are necessary for the health and welfare of Vermonters.

(n) The statutory purpose of the exemption for energy purchases for farming in subdivision 9741(27) of this title is to promote Vermont's agricultural economy.

(o) The statutory purpose of the exemption for sales of films to movie theaters in subdivision 9741(28) of this title is to avoid double taxation.

(p) The statutory purpose of the exemption for aircraft and depreciable parts for commercial and private use in subdivision 9741(29) of this title is to promote the growth of the aircraft maintenance industry in Vermont.

(q) The statutory purpose of the exemption for railroad rolling stock and depreciable parts in subdivision 9741(30) of this title is to increase the use of rail for transport.

(r) The statutory purpose of the exemption for ferryboats and depreciable parts in subdivision 9741(31) of this title is to increase the use of ferries for transport.

(s) The statutory purpose of the exemption for sales of mobile homes and modular housing in subdivision 9741(32) of this title is to create equity between mobile and modular housing and traditional residential construction by providing an exemption for the estimated portion of the cost attributable to labor (versus materials).

(t) The statutory purpose of the exemption for the United States flag sold to or by exempt veterans' organizations in subdivision 9741(33) of this title is to support veterans' organizations in performing their traditional functions.

(u) The statutory purpose of the exemption for property transferred as an incidental part of a personal service transaction or transfer of intangible property rights in subdivision 9741(35) of this title is to forgo taxation when the cost of compliance exceeds the revenues.

(v) The statutory purpose of the exemption for advertising materials in subdivision 9741(36) of this title is to exclude tangible personal property from taxation if it is incidental to a larger service.

(w) The statutory purpose of the exemption for documents that record a professional service in subdivision 9741(37) of this title is to exclude tangible personal property from taxation if it is incidental to a service package.

(x) The statutory purpose of the tracked vehicles cap in subdivision 9741(38) of this title is to lessen the cost of capital investments.

(y) The statutory purpose of the exemption for sales of building materials in subdivisions 9741(39) of this title is to provide incentives to restore and revitalize downtown districts.

(z) The statutory purpose of the exemption for third party scrap construction materials in subdivision 9741(43) of this title is to promote the reuse and recycling of scrap construction materials.

(aa) The statutory purpose of the exemption for property incorporated in a railroad line in subdivision 9741(44) of this title is to increase the use of rail for transport by lowering the costs of materials.

(bb) The statutory purpose of the exemption for clothing and footwear in subdivision 9741(45) of this title is to limit the tax burden on the purchase of goods that are necessary for the health and welfare of all people in Vermont.

(cc) The statutory purpose of the exemptions for property incorporated into a net metering system, on-premise energy systems not connected to the electric distribution system, and solar hot water heating systems in subdivision 9741(46) of this title are to increase the deployment of solar technologies until the price of solar materials and installation decreases to the point it does not need State subsidization.

(dd) The statutory purpose of the exemption for purchases by and limited purchases from 501(c)(3) organizations in subdivision 9743(3) of this title is to reduce costs for certain nonprofit organizations in order to allow them to dedicate more of their financial resources to furthering the public-service missions of the organizations.

(ee) The statutory purpose of the exemption for building materials and supplies used in construction or repair of buildings by governmental bodies, 501(c)(3) organizations, or development corporations in subdivision 9743(4) of this title is to reduce the costs of construction for certain nonprofit organizations in order to allow them to dedicate more financial resources to their public-service missions.

(ff) The statutory purpose of the exemption for amusement charges for four events per year for 501(c)(4)–(13) and (19) organizations and political organizations in subdivision 9743(5) of this title is to reduce the costs for and encourage participation in a limited number of events organized by certain nonprofit organizations in order to allow these organizations to dedicate more financial resources to their public-service missions.

(gg) The statutory purpose of the exemption for amusement charges for events presented by 501(c)(3) organizations in subdivision 9743(7) of this title is to reduce the costs for and encourage participation in fundraising events organized by certain nonprofit organizations in order to allow these organizations to dedicate more financial resources to their public-service missions.

(hh) The statutory purpose of the reallocation of receipts from tax imposed on sales of construction materials in section 9819 of this title is to provide incentives to restore and revitalize certain properties in designated downtown districts.

(ii) The statutory purpose of the exemption for sales by licensed auctioneers in subdivision 9741(48) of this title is to extend the “casual sale” exemption to sales involving an auctioneer selling on behalf of a third party.

* * * Property Taxes * * *

Sec. 7. 10 V.S.A. § 210 is added to read:

§ 210. STATUTORY PURPOSES

The statutory purpose of the exemption for local development corporations in section 236 of this title is to promote economic development.

Sec. 8. 10 V.S.A. § 602 is added to read:

§ 602. STATUTORY PURPOSES

The statutory purpose of the exemption for the Vermont Housing Finance Agency in subsection 641(a) of this title is to provide and promote affordable housing.

Sec. 9. 16 V.S.A. § 2170 is added to read:

§ 2170. STATUTORY PURPOSES

The statutory purpose of the exemption for the Vermont State Colleges in section 2178 of this title is to allow institutions providing higher education to deploy more of their financial resources to their educational missions.

Sec. 10. 16 App. V.S.A. § 1-15a is added to read:

§ 1-15a. STATUTORY PURPOSES

The statutory purpose of the exemption for the University of Vermont in section 1-15 of this chapter is to allow institutions providing higher education to deploy more of their financial resources to their educational missions.

Sec. 11. 18 V.S.A. § 5300 is added to read:

§ 5300. STATUTORY PURPOSES

The statutory purpose of the exemption for cemeteries in sections 5317 and 5376 of this title is to lower the cost of establishing and maintaining cemeteries.

Sec. 12. 22 V.S.A. § 68 is added to read:

§ 68. STATUTORY PURPOSES

The statutory purpose of the exemption for libraries in section 109 of this title is to aid libraries in offering free and public access to information and research resources.

Sec. 13. 24 V.S.A. § 4000 is added to read:

§ 4000. STATUTORY PURPOSES

The statutory purpose of the exemption for housing authorities in section 4020 of this title is to promote, provide, and preserve affordable housing.

Sec. 14. 32 V.S.A. § 3750 is added to read:

§ 3750. STATUTORY PURPOSES

The statutory purpose of the Vermont Use Value Appraisal Program in chapter 124 of this title is to preserve the working landscape and the rural character of Vermont.

Sec. 15. 32 V.S.A. § 3800 is added to read:

§ 3800. STATUTORY PURPOSES

(a) The statutory purpose of the exemption for congressionally chartered organizations in subdivision 3802(2) of this title is to support certain organizations with a patriotic, charitable, historical, or educational purpose.

(b) The statutory purpose of the exemption for public, pious, and charitable property in sections 3832 and 3840 and subdivision 3802(4) of this title is to allow these organizations to dedicate more of their financial resources to furthering their public-service missions.

(c) The statutory purpose of the exemption for college fraternities and societies in subdivision 3802(5) of this title is to promote civic services.

(d) The statutory purpose of the exemption for Young Men's and Women's Christian Associations in subdivision 3802(6) of this title is to allow these organizations to dedicate more of their financial resources to furthering their public-service missions.

(e) The statutory purpose of the exemption for cemeteries in subdivision 3802(7) of this title is to lower the cost of establishing and maintaining cemeteries.

(f) The statutory purpose of the exemption for property owned by agricultural societies in subdivision 3802(9) of this title is to lower the cost of public access to agricultural events.

(g) The statutory purpose of the exemption for \$10,000.00 of appraised value of a residence for a veteran in subdivision 3802(11) of this title is to recognize disabled veterans' service to Vermont and to the country.

(h) The statutory purpose of the exemption for property exclusively installed and operated for the abatement of water pollution in subdivision 3802(12) of this title is to encourage real property improvements that abate

water pollution by nonpublic entities that would not qualify for an exemption as a government entity.

(i) The statutory purpose of the exemption for humane societies in subdivision 3802(15) of this title is to lower operating costs for organizations that protect animals to allow them to dedicate more of their financial resources to furthering their public-service missions.

(j) The statutory purpose of the exemption for federally qualified health centers or rural health clinics in subdivision 3802(16) of this title is to support health centers that serve an underserved area or population, offer a sliding fee scale, provide comprehensive services, and have an ongoing quality assurance program.

(k) The statutory purpose of the railroad property alternative tax method in subdivision 3803(1) of this title is to provide an alternative to the traditional valuation method in order to achieve consistency across municipalities.

(l) The statutory purpose of the telephone property alternative tax method referenced in subdivision 3803(2) of this title is to provide an alternative to the traditional valuation method in order to achieve consistency across municipalities.

(m) The statutory purpose of the exemptions in Vermont permanent session law in 2008 Acts and Resolves No. 190, 1892 Acts and Resolves No. 213, 1945 Acts and Resolves No. 204, 1939 Acts and Resolves No. 250, 1921 Acts and Resolves No. 31, 1921 Acts and Resolves No. 262, 1910 Acts and Resolves No. 370, and 1900 Acts and Resolves No. 244 is to provide relief to specific properties that have demonstrated an individual purpose to the General Assembly.

Sec. 16. 32 V.S.A. § 5400 is added to read:

§ 5400. STATUTORY PURPOSES

(a) The statutory purpose of the exemption for whey processing fixtures in subdivision 5401(10)(G) of this title is to support industries using whey processing facilities to convert waste into value-added products.

(b) The statutory purpose of the exemption for municipalities hosting large power plants in subsection 5402(d) of this title is to compensate businesses and residents of the community hosting a nuclear power facility.

(c) The statutory purpose of the exemption for qualified housing in subdivision 5404a(a)(6) of this title is to ensure that taxes on this rent restricted housing provided to low- and moderate-income Vermonters are more equivalent to property taxed using the State homestead rate and to adjust the costs of investment in rent restricted housing to reflect more accurately the revenue potential of such property.

(d) The statutory purpose of the tax increment financing districts in subsection 5404a(f) of this title is to allow communities to encourage investment and improvements that would not otherwise occur and to use locally the additional property tax revenue attributable to those investments to pay off the debt incurred to construct the improvements.

(e) The statutory purpose of the Vermont Economic Progress Council approved stabilization agreements in section 5404a of this title is to provide exemptions on a case-by-case basis in conjunction with other economic development efforts in order to facilitate economic development that would not otherwise occur.

(f) The statutory purpose of the large power plants alternative tax method in subdivision 5401(10)(B) of this title is to provide an alternative to the traditional valuation method for a unique property.

(g) The statutory purpose of the wind-powered electric generating facilities alternative tax scheme in subdivision 5401(10)(J)(i) of this title is to provide an alternative to the traditional valuation method in order to achieve consistent valuation across municipalities.

(h) The statutory purpose of the renewable energy plant generating electricity from solar power alternative tax structure in subdivision 5401(10)(J)(ii) is to provide an alternative to the traditional valuation method in order to achieve consistent valuation across municipalities.

* * * Insurance Premium Taxes * * *

Sec. 17. 8 V.S.A. § 3700 is added to read:

§ 3700. STATUTORY PURPOSES

The statutory purpose of the exemption for annuity considerations in section 3718 of this title is to avoid reciprocity from other states.

Sec. 18. 8 V.S.A. § 4460 is added to read:

§ 4460. STATUTORY PURPOSES

The statutory purpose of the exemption for fraternal societies in section 4500 of this title is to support benevolent societies that provide benefits to members and to the community.

* * * Transportation Taxes * * *

Sec. 19. 23 V.S.A. § 3000 is added to read:

§ 3000. STATUTORY PURPOSES

The statutory purpose of the exemption for diesel tax in section 3003 of this title is to relieve off-road uses and farm truck uses from the user fee for the State highway system.

Sec. 20. 32 V.S.A. § 8900 is added to read:

§ 8900. STATUTORY PURPOSES

(a) The statutory purpose of the exemption for pious or charitable institutions or volunteer fire companies in subdivision 8911(3) of this title is to lower the operating costs of pious and charitable organizations considered exempt under subdivision 3802(4) of this title to allow them to dedicate more of their financial resources to furthering their public-service missions.

(b) The statutory purpose of the exemption for nonregistered vehicles in subdivision 8911(5) of this title is to exclude from the tax vehicles that are not entitled to use the State highway system.

(c) The statutory purpose of the exemption for gifts in subdivision 8911(8) of this title is to avoid the intrusion of a tax into sharing transactions that are common within families.

(d) The statutory purpose of the exemption for persons with disabilities in subdivision 8911(12) of this title is to lessen the cost of purchasing a vehicle that has been modified to meet the physical needs of a qualifying Vermonter.

(e) The statutory purpose of the exemption for veterans in subdivision 8911(14) of this title is to remove every cost to a qualifying veteran of receiving a vehicle granted by the Veterans' Administration.

(f) The statutory purpose of the general exemption of trade-in value in subdivisions 8902(4) and (5) of this title is to ensure the use value of a vehicle is taxed only once.

* * * Tax Expenditure Report * * *

Sec. 21. 32 V.S.A. § 312 is amended to read:

§ 312. TAX EXPENDITURE REPORT

(a) As used in this section, "tax expenditure" shall mean the actual or estimated loss in tax revenue resulting from any exemption, exclusion, deduction, ~~or~~ credit, preferential rate, or deferral of liability applicable to the tax. Tax expenditures shall not include the following:

- (1) revenue outside the taxing power of the State;
- (2) provisions outside the normal structure of a particular tax, or taxed under an alternative tax structure;
- (3) revenue forgone as unduly burdensome to administer; and
- (4) for the purpose of avoiding government taxing itself.

(b) Tax expenditure reports. Biennially, as part of the budget process, beginning January 15, 2009, the Department of Taxes and the Joint Fiscal Office shall file with the House Committees on Ways and Means and on Appropriations and the Senate Committees on Finance and on Appropriations a report on tax expenditures in the personal and corporate income taxes, sales and use tax, and meals and rooms tax, insurance premium tax, bank franchise tax, education property tax, diesel fuel tax, gasoline tax, motor vehicle purchase and use tax, ~~and such other tax expenditures for which the Joint Fiscal Office and the Department of Taxes jointly have produced revenue estimates.~~ The Office of Legislative Council shall also be available to assist with this tax expenditure report. The report shall include, for each tax expenditure, the following information:

- (1) ~~A~~ a description of the tax expenditure;
- (2) ~~The~~ the most recent fiscal information available on the direct cost of the tax expenditure in the past two years;
- (3) ~~The~~ the date of enactment of the expenditure;
- (4) ~~A~~ a description of and estimate of the number of taxpayers directly benefiting from the expenditure provision;
- (5) a description of the statutory purpose explaining the policy goal behind the expenditure as required by subsection (d) of this section and 2013 Acts and Resolves No.73, Sec. 5; and
- (6) a compilation of the items excluded under subsection (a) of this section.

(c) [Deleted.]

(d) Every tax expenditure, as defined in subsection (a) of this section, in the tax expenditure report required by this section shall be accompanied in statute by a statutory purpose explaining the policy goal behind the exemption, exclusion, deduction, or credit applicable to the tax. The statutory purpose shall appear as a separate subsection or subdivision in statute and shall bear the title "Statutory Purpose." Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a tax expenditure listed in the tax expenditure report that lacks a statutory purpose in statute shall not be implemented or enforced until a statutory purpose is provided.

* * * Repeals * * *

Sec. 22. REPEALS

The following are repealed:

(1) 32 V.S.A. § 9741(39)(ii) (tax exemption on sales of building materials in excess of \$250,000.00).

(2) 32 V.S.A. § 9771a (limitation of tax on telecommunications services).

(3) 2010 Acts and Resolves No. 160, Sec. 2(d) (requiring January 15, 2015 tax expenditure report to include list of federal tax expenditures).

* * * Effective Date * * *

Sec. 23. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2014, except for Sec. 22(2) (Repeals; limitation of tax on telecommunications), which is repealed on January 1, 2015.

Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment? Senator Galbraith moved that the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment with further proposal of amendment, as follows:

First: In Sec. 6, in 32 V.S.A. § 9706, in subsection (p), after “the aircraft maintenance industry in Vermont” by inserting “by lowering the cost of parts and equipment relative to other states with private airplane maintenance facilities”

Second: In Sec. 15, in 32 V.S.A. § 3800, by striking subsection (c) in its entirety and by relettering the remaining subsections to be alphabetically correct.

Third: In Sec. 21, in 32 V.S.A. § 312, in subsection (a), subdivision (2), by striking out: “, or taxed under an alternative tax structure”

Fourth: In Sec. 21, in 32 V.S.A. § 312, by adding a sentence at the end of subsection (d) to read: “The Department of Taxes shall notify the General Assembly when it has determined that a tax expenditure listed in the tax expenditure report lacks a statutory purpose, and the Department shall specify a date, no later than one year after its determination, that it will cease implementation or enforcement of the tax expenditure.”

Fifth: in Sec. 22 (repeals), by inserting a subdivision (4) to read:

(4) 32 V.S.A. § 3802(5) (college fraternities and societies exemption) is repealed on July 1, 2014.

Which was agreed to.

**Consideration Resumed; House Proposal of Amendment Concurred in
With Further Proposal of Amendment**

S. 28.

Consideration was resumed on House proposal of amendment to Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to gender-neutral nomenclature for the identification of parents on birth certificates.

Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment?, Senator Flory moved that the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment with further proposal of amendment as follows:

By striking out Sec. 5 (adoption; new birth certificate) in its entirety.

And by renumbering the remaining sections to be numerically correct.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment with further proposal of amendment, as moved by Senator Flory, was decided in the affirmative.

**Rules Suspended; Report of Committee of Conference Accepted and
Adopted on the Part of the Senate**

H. 699.

Appearing on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and the report of the Committee of Conference on House bill entitled:

An act relating to temporary housing.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Lyons, for the Committee of Conference, submitted the following report:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The Committee of Conference to which were referred the disagreeing votes of the two Houses upon House bill entitled:

H. 699. An act relating to temporary housing.

Respectfully reports that it has met and considered the same and recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 33 V.S.A. § 2103 is amended to read:

§ 2103. ELIGIBILITY

* * *

(f) An eligible participant for temporary housing shall not be required to furnish more than 30 percent of his or her income toward the cost of temporary housing. The Secretary of Human Services may adopt rules as necessary, pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25, to implement this subsection. On or before March 1, 2017, the Secretary of Human Services shall submit data to the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare and the House Committee on Human Services regarding the impact of this policy on the program and its participants.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on passage, except in Sec. 1, 33 V.S.A. § 2103, subsection (f) shall be repealed on July 1, 2018.

*VIRGINIA V. LYONS
ANN E. CUMMINGS
ANTHONY POLLINA*

Committee on the part of the Senate

*MICHAEL MROWICKI
FRANCIS M. MCFAUN
LYNN D. BATCHELOR*

Committee on the part of the House

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate accept and adopt the report of the Committee of Conference?, was decided in the affirmative.

Message from the House No. 75

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Melissa Kucserik, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has passed a House bill of the following title:

H. 673. An act relating to retired teachers' health care costs.

In the passage of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House bill of the following title:

H. 497. An act relating to the open meeting law.

And has severally concurred therein with a further proposal of amendment thereto, in the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The House has considered Senate proposals of amendment to House bill of the following title:

H. 790. An act relating to Reach Up eligibility.

And has refused to concur therein and asks for a Committee of Conference upon the disagreeing votes of the two Houses;

And the Speaker appointed as members of such Committee on the part of the House:

Rep. Trieber of Rockingham
Rep. Pugh of South Burlington
Rep. O'Brien of Richmond

Adjournment

On motion of Senator Campbell, the Senate adjourned until three o'clock and thirty minutes in the afternoon.

Afternoon

The Senate was called to order by the President.

Bill Referred

House bill of the following title was read the first time and referred:

H. 673.

An act relating to retired teachers' health care costs.

To the Committee on Rules.

Bills Referred to Committee on Appropriations

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, House bills of the following titles, on motion of Senator Baruth, were severally referred to the Committee on Appropriations:

H. 869. An act relating to miscellaneous agricultural subjects.

H. 876. An act relating to making miscellaneous amendments and technical corrections to education laws.

Message from the House No. 76

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Melissa Kucserik, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered the report of the Committee of Conference upon the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on Senate bill of the following title:

S. 314. An act relating to miscellaneous amendments to laws related to motor vehicles.

And has adopted the same on its part.

Rules Suspended; Proposals of Amendment; Third Reading Ordered

H. 695.

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House bill entitled:

An act relating to establishing a product stewardship program for primary batteries.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Rodgers, for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy, to which the bill was referred, reported recommending that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill as follows:

First: In Sec. 1, in 10 V.S.A. § 7581, by striking out subdivisions (10) and (11) in their entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following to read as follows:

(10) "Primary battery" means a nonrechargeable battery weighing two kilograms or less, including alkaline, carbon-zinc, and lithium metal batteries. "Primary battery" shall not mean:

(A) batteries intended for industrial, business-to-business, warranty or maintenance services, or nonpersonal use;

(B) a battery that is sold in a computer, computer monitor, computer peripheral, printer, television, or device containing a cathode ray tube;

(C) a battery that is not easily removable or is not intended to be removed from a consumer product; and

(D) a battery that is sold or used in a medical device, as that term is defined in the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. § 321(h), as may be amended.

(11) "Primary battery producer" or "producer" means one of the following with regard to a primary battery that is sold or offered for sale in the State:

(A) a person who manufactures a primary battery and who sells or offers for sale that primary battery in the State under the person's own name or brand;

(B) if subdivision (A) of this subdivision (11) does not apply, a person who owns or licenses a trademark or brand under which a primary battery is sold or offered for sale whether or not the trademark is registered; or

(C) if subdivisions (A) and (B) of this subdivision (11) do not apply, a person who imports a primary battery into the State for sale.

and in subdivision (18)(B), before "medical device" by striking out "an implanted" and inserting in lieu thereof a

Second: In Sec. 1, in 10 V.S.A. § 7582, by striking out subsections (a) and (b) in their entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following to read as follows:

(a) Sale prohibited. Except as set forth under subsections (b) and (c) of this section, beginning on January 1, 2016, a producer of a primary battery shall not sell, offer for sale, or deliver to a retailer for subsequent sale a primary battery unless:

(1) the producer or the primary battery stewardship organization in which the producer is participating is registered under an approved and implemented primary battery stewardship plan;

(2) the producer or primary battery stewardship organization has paid the fee under section 7594 of this title; and

(3) the name of the producer and the producer's brand are designated on the Agency website as covered by an approved primary battery stewardship plan.

and by relettering the remaining subsections to be alphabetically correct.

Third: In Sec. 1, in 10 V.S.A. § 7584, by striking out subdivision (b)(8) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following to read as follows:

(8) Performance goal; collection rate. A primary battery stewardship plan shall include a collection rate performance goal for the primary batteries subject to the plan. The collection rate includes the estimated total weight of primary batteries that will be sold or offered for sale in the State by the producer or the producers participating in the primary battery stewardship plan.

Fourth: In Sec. 1, in 10 V.S.A. § 7585, by striking out subsection (a) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following to read as follows:

(a) Annual report. On or before March 1, 2017, and annually thereafter, a producer or a primary battery stewardship organization shall submit a report to the Secretary that contains the following:

(1) the weight of primary batteries collected by the producer or the primary battery stewardship organization in the prior calendar year;

(2) the estimated percentage, by weight, of rechargeable batteries collected by the producer or the primary battery stewardship organization in the prior calendar year;

(3) the percentage of primary batteries collected in the prior calendar year that are from producers who are not participating in any approved stewardship plan, based on periodic sorting of primary batteries by the reporting producer;

(4) the collection rate achieved in the prior calendar year under the primary battery stewardship plan, including a report of the estimate total sales data by weight for primary batteries sold in the State for the previous three calendar years;

(5) the locations for all collection points set up by the primary battery producers covered by the primary battery stewardship plan and contact information for each location;

(6) examples and description of educational materials used to increase collection;

(7) the manner in which the collected primary batteries were managed;

(8) any material change to the primary battery stewardship plan approved by the Secretary pursuant to section 7586 of this title; and

(9) the cost of implementation of the primary battery stewardship plan, including the costs of collection, recycling, education, and outreach.

Fifth: In Sec. 1, in 10 V.S.A. § 7586, in subsection (f), in the last sentence, by striking out “7582(d)” where it appears and inserting in lieu thereof 7582(c)

Sixth: In Sec. 1, in 10 V.S.A. § 7589, in subdivision (a)(1), after “reimbursement from the following entities of” and before “costs per unit” by striking out “direct” and inserting in lieu thereof reimbursable

and by striking out subsection (c) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(c) Reimbursable costs. Under this subchapter, reimbursement shall be allowed only for those costs incurred in collecting the batteries subject to the reimbursement request. Reimbursable costs include:

(1) costs of collection, transport, recycling, and other methods of disposition identified in a primary battery stewardship plan approved pursuant to section 7586 of this title; and

(2) reasonable educational, promotional, or administrative costs.

Seventh: In Sec. 1, in 10 V.S.A. § 7590, in subdivision (a)(1), after “organization that incurs reimbursable” and before “costs under section 7589” by striking out “direct”

and in subdivision (a)(3), after “the amount of reimbursement, and the” and before “costs assessed by each” by striking out “direct” and inserting in lieu thereof reimbursable

Eighth: In Sec. 1, in 10 V.S.A. § 7591, by striking out subsections (a)–(e) in their entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following to read:

(a) Action against producer with no primary battery stewardship plan. A producer, a primary battery stewardship organization implementing an approved primary battery stewardship plan in compliance with the requirements of this chapter, a rechargeable battery steward, or a rechargeable battery stewardship organization may bring a civil action against another producer or primary battery stewardship organization for damages when:

(1) the plaintiff producer, primary battery stewardship organization, rechargeable battery steward, or rechargeable battery stewardship organization incurs more than \$1,000.00 in actual reimbursable costs collecting, handling, recycling, or properly disposing of primary batteries sold or offered for sale in the State by that other producer;

(2) the producer from whom damages are sought:

(A) can be identified as the producer of the collected primary batteries from a brand or marking on the discarded battery or from other information available to the plaintiff producer, primary battery stewardship organization, rechargeable battery steward, or rechargeable battery stewardship organization; and

(B) does not operate or participate in an approved primary battery stewardship organization in the State or is not otherwise in compliance with the requirements of this chapter.

(b) Action against producer with an approved primary battery stewardship plan. A producer, a primary battery stewardship organization in compliance with the requirements of this chapter, a rechargeable battery steward, or a rechargeable battery stewardship organization may bring a civil action for damages against a primary producer or primary battery stewardship organization in the State that is in compliance with the requirements of this

chapter, provided that the conditions of subsection (d) of this section have been met.

(c) Action against rechargeable battery stewardship organization. A producer, a primary battery stewardship organization in compliance with the requirements of this chapter, a rechargeable battery steward, or a rechargeable battery stewardship organization may bring a civil action for damages against a rechargeable battery stewardship organization registered by the Secretary, provided that the conditions of subsection (d) of this section have been met.

(d) Condition precedent to cause of action. Except as authorized under subsection (a) of this section, a cause of action under this section shall be allowed only if:

(1) a plaintiff producer, primary battery stewardship organization, or rechargeable battery stewardship organization submitted a reimbursement request to another producer, primary battery stewardship organization, or rechargeable battery stewardship organization under subchapter 4 of this chapter; and

(2) the plaintiff producer, primary battery stewardship organization, or rechargeable battery stewardship organization does not receive reimbursement within:

(A) 90 days of the reimbursement request, if no independent audit is requested under subchapter 4 of this chapter; or

(B) 60 days after completion of an audit if an independent audit is requested under subchapter 4 of this chapter, and the audit confirms the validity of the reimbursement request.

and by relettering the remaining subsections to be alphabetically correct

and in the new subsection (g) (Damages; definition), after “means the actual,” and before “costs a plaintiff producer” by striking out “direct” and inserting in lieu thereof reimbursable

And that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with such proposals of amendment.

Senator Hartwell, for the Committee on Finance, to which the bill was referred, reported recommending that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with proposal of amendment as recommended by the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, the proposals of amendment were collectively agreed to, and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Rules Suspended; House Proposal of Amendment to Senate Proposal of Amendment Concurred In

H. 497.

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House proposal of amendment to Senate proposal of amendment to House bill entitled:

An act relating to the open meeting law.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator White moved that the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment to the Senate proposal of amendment with the further proposal of amendment, as follows:

In Sec. 3, 1 V.S.A. § 313, in subsection (a), subdivision (3), by striking out the words “employee other than the appointment of a person to a public body or to any elected office” and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “employee, provided that the public body shall make a final decision to hire or appoint a public officer or employee in an open meeting and shall explain the reasons for its final decision during the open meeting”

Which was agreed to.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment with further proposal of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

Rules Suspended; Report of Committee of Conference Accepted and Adopted on the Part of the Senate

H. 765.

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and the report of the Committee of Conference on House bill entitled:

An act relating to eliminating the part-time certification of law enforcement officers.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator French, for the Committee of Conference, submitted the following report:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The Committee of Conference to which were referred the disagreeing votes of the two Houses upon House bill entitled:

H. 765. An act relating to eliminating the part-time certification of law enforcement officers.

Respectfully reports that it has met and considered the same and recommends that the Senate recede from its proposal of amendment and that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council * * *

Sec. 1. 20 V.S.A. § 2351 is amended to read:

§ 2351. PURPOSE; ~~DEFINITION OF COUNCIL~~

(a) In order to promote and protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public, it is in the public interest to provide for the creation of ~~“the the~~ the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council.” Council.

(b) The Council is created to encourage and assist municipalities, counties, and governmental agencies of this State in their efforts to improve the quality of law enforcement and citizen protection by maintaining a uniform standard of recruit and in-service training for law enforcement officers, including members of the Department of Public Safety, capitol police officers, municipal police officers, constables, correctional officers, prosecuting personnel, motor vehicle inspectors, State investigators employed on a full-time basis by the Attorney General, fish and game wardens, sheriffs and their deputies who exercise law enforcement powers pursuant to the provisions of 24 V.S.A. §§ 307 and 311, ~~and~~ railroad police commissioned pursuant to 5 V.S.A. chapter 68, subchapter 8, and police officers appointed to the University of Vermont’s Department of Police Services.

(c) The Council shall offer continuing programs of instruction in up-to-date methods of law enforcement and the administration of criminal justice.

(d) It is the responsibility of the Council to encourage the participation of local governmental units in the program and to aid in the establishment of adequate training facilities.

Sec. 2. 20 V.S.A. § 2352 is amended to read:

§ 2352. CREATION OF COUNCIL

(a) ~~The criminal justice training council~~ Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council shall consist of the ~~commissioners of public safety, corrections, motor vehicles, fish and wildlife~~ Commissioners of Public Safety, of Corrections, of Motor Vehicles, and of Fish and Wildlife, the attorney general Attorney General, a member of the Vermont ~~state police~~ State Police bargaining unit of the Vermont ~~state employees’ association~~ State Employees’ Association or its

successor entity, elected by its membership, and a member of the Vermont ~~police association~~ Police Association, elected by its membership. The ~~governor~~ Governor shall appoint five additional members so as to provide broad representation of all aspects of law enforcement and the public in Vermont on the ~~council~~ Council. The ~~governor~~ Governor shall solicit recommendations for appointment from the Vermont ~~state's attorneys association~~ State's Attorneys Association, the Vermont ~~state's sheriffs association~~ State's Sheriffs Association, and the Vermont ~~police chiefs association~~ Police Chiefs Association, and the Vermont Constables Association. Their term shall be three years.

* * *

Sec. 3. 20 V.S.A. § 2355 is amended to read:

§ 2355. POWERS AND DUTIES

(a) The ~~council~~ Council shall adopt rules with respect to:

(1) ~~The~~ the approval, or revocation thereof, of law enforcement officer training schools and off-site training programs;

(2) ~~Minimum~~ minimum courses of study, attendance requirements, and equipment and facilities to be required at approved law enforcement officer training schools and off-site training programs;

(3) ~~Minimum~~ minimum qualifications for instructors at approved law enforcement officer training schools and off-site training programs;

(4) ~~Minimum~~ minimum basic training for law enforcement officers in each level of law enforcement officer certification and the time within which that training shall be completed;

(5) ~~Minimum basic training in order to retain their status for law enforcement officers who are appointed on a permanent basis, and the time within which that basic training shall be completed following appointment; [Repealed.]~~

(6) ~~Minimum~~ minimum annual in-service training requirements for law enforcement officers in each level of law enforcement officer certification;

(7) ~~Minimum~~ minimum courses of training for other criminal justice personnel;

(8) ~~Categories~~ categories or classifications of advanced in-service training programs and minimum courses of study and attendance requirements with respect to those categories or classifications;

(9) ~~Recertification~~ recertification of persons who have not been employed as law enforcement officers for a three-year period;

(10) ~~A~~ a definition of criminal justice personnel and criminal justice training for purposes of this title;

(11) ~~Decertification~~ decertification of persons who have been convicted of a felony subsequent to their certification as law enforcement officers;

(12) ~~Decertification~~ decertification of persons who have not complied with in-service training requirements, provided that the ~~council~~ Council, through its ~~executive director~~ Executive Director, may grant a 60-day waiver to a ~~police~~ law enforcement officer who has failed to meet his or her annual in-service training requirements but who is able to complete those training requirements within that 60-day period.

(b) The ~~council~~ Council shall conduct and administer training schools and offer courses of instruction for law enforcement officers and other criminal justice personnel. The ~~council~~ Council may also offer the basic officer's course for pre-service students.

(c)(1) The ~~council~~ Council shall appoint, subject to the approval of the ~~governor~~ Governor, an ~~executive director~~ Executive Director who shall be an exempt ~~state~~ State employee, and who shall hold office during the pleasure of the ~~council~~ Council.

(2)(A) ~~He or she~~ The Executive Director shall perform such duties as may be assigned by the ~~council~~ Council. ~~The executive director is entitled to compensation, as established by law, and reimbursement for the expenses within the amounts available by appropriation.~~

(B) The ~~executive director~~ Executive Director may appoint officers, employees, agents, and consultants as he or she may deem necessary, and prescribe their duties, with the approval of the ~~council~~ Council.

(3) The Executive Director is entitled to compensation as established by law and reimbursement for expenses within the amounts available by appropriation.

(d) The ~~council~~ Council may, in addition:

(1) ~~Accept~~ accept and administer under this chapter and for its purposes contributions, capital grants, gifts, services, and other financial assistance from any individual, association, corporation, or other organization having an interest in criminal justice training, and from this ~~state~~ State and the United States and any of their agencies and instrumentalities, corporate or otherwise; and

(2) ~~Perform~~ perform such other acts as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

(e) Any agency or department of ~~state government, municipality or State, county, or municipal government~~ may, notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, engage in and pay for, from sums appropriated for that purpose, training activities for employees in addition to any minimum training required by the ~~council~~ Council.

(f) The ~~council~~ Council shall charge participants or employers of participants in law enforcement training programs as follows:

(1) The tuition ~~fee fees~~ for any of the basic training or annual in-service training required under section 2358 of this ~~title chapter~~ shall be \$6,417.00 set forth in rules adopted by the Council. The tuition fees shall be set to reflect the actual costs for operation of the particular programs offered. ~~This fee~~ The fees for basic training shall not be charged for persons employed by police agencies at the time of training.

(2) The tuition fees for training not required under section 2358 of this ~~title chapter~~ shall be set to reflect the actual costs for operation of the particular programs offered, with an additional \$30.00 entrance exam fee.

(g) The ~~criminal justice training council~~ Council shall develop and maintain a comprehensive drug training program ~~by July 1, 1988.~~

Sec. 4. 20 V.S.A. § 2357 is amended to read:

§ 2357. POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

The ~~executive director~~ Executive Director of the ~~council~~ Council, on behalf of the ~~council~~ Council, shall have the following powers and duties, subject to the supervision of the ~~council~~ Council and to be exercised only in accordance with rules adopted under this chapter:

(1) ~~To~~ to approve, on applications made in advance, criminal justice personnel training programs and their lesson plans and instructors, to issue certificates of approval to those programs, and to revoke those approvals or certificates;

(2) ~~To~~ to certify, as qualified, instructors at approved criminal justice personnel training schools and to issue appropriate certificates to those instructors;

(3) ~~To~~ to certify criminal justice personnel who have satisfactorily completed approved training programs and to issue appropriate certificates to them;

(4) ~~To~~ to cause studies and surveys to be made relating to the establishment, operation, and approval of criminal justice training schools;

(5) ~~To~~ to consult and cooperate with law enforcement officer criminal justice training schools:

(A) to recommend a course of study in crime prevention for law enforcement students; and

(B) for the development of advanced in-service training programs for law enforcement officers, which shall include a course of study on crime prevention;

(6) ~~To~~ to consult and cooperate with universities, colleges, and institutes for the development of specialized courses of study including a course of study on crime prevention, where appropriate;

(7) ~~To~~ to consult and cooperate with other departments and agencies of the state State and federal government concerned with criminal justice personnel training;

(8) ~~To provide courses for persons who wish to make application for licensing as a private detective as provided in 32 V.S.A. § 9506, and to charge the applicant a reasonable fee, based on the cost of providing courses; [Repealed.]~~

(9) ~~To~~ to perform such other acts as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out his or her powers and duties as set forth in this chapter;

(10) ~~To~~ to report to the ~~council~~ Council at each regular meeting of the ~~council~~ Council and at such other times as may be required; and

(11) ~~Approve~~ to approve and accept pre-service and military students for any of the basic officer's training course courses set forth in section 2358 of this chapter.

Sec. 5. 20 V.S.A. § 2358 is amended to read:

§ 2358. MINIMUM TRAINING STANDARDS; DEFINITIONS

(a) Unless waived by the Council under standards adopted by rule, and notwithstanding any statute or charter to the contrary, no person shall exercise law enforcement authority: as a law enforcement officer without completing a basic training course and annual in-service training within a time and manner prescribed by the Council by rule.

~~(1) as a part time law enforcement officer without completing a basic training course within a time prescribed by rule of the Council; or~~

~~(2) as a full time law enforcement officer without either:~~

~~(A) completing a basic training course in the time and manner prescribed by the Council; or~~

~~(B) having received, before July 1, 1968, permanent full-time appointment as a law enforcement officer, and completing a basic training course before July 1, 1982.~~

~~(3) as a full or part time law enforcement officer without completing annual in-service training requirements as prescribed by the Council.~~

(b) The Council shall offer or approve basic training and annual in-service training for each of the following three levels of law enforcement officer certification in accordance with the scope of practice for each level, and shall determine by rule the scope of practice for each level in accordance with the provisions of this section:

(1) Level I certification.

(A) An applicant for certification as a Level I law enforcement officer shall first complete an off-site training program prior to entering and completing Level I basic training. Level I basic training shall include training to react to the circumstances described in subdivision (B) of this subdivision (1).

(B)(i) The scope of practice of a Level I law enforcement officer shall be limited to security, transport, vehicle escorts, and traffic control, as those terms are defined by the Council by rule, except that a Level I officer may react in the following circumstances if the officer determines that it is necessary to do any of the following:

(I) protect an individual in the presence of the officer from the imminent infliction of serious bodily injury;

(II) provide immediate assistance to an individual who has suffered or is threatened with serious bodily injury;

(III) detain an individual whom the officer reasonably believes has committed a crime in the presence of the officer; or

(IV) detain an individual whom the officer reasonably believes has committed a felony under Vermont law.

(ii) If a Level I officer reacts to any of the circumstances described in subdivision (i) of this subdivision (B), he or she shall call upon an officer certified to respond and assume law enforcement authority over the incident.

(2) Level II certification.

(A) An applicant for certification as a Level II law enforcement officer shall first complete Level II basic training and may then become certified in a specialized practice area as set forth in subdivision (B)(ii) of this subdivision (2). Level II basic training shall include training to respond to

calls regarding alleged crimes in progress and to react to the circumstances described in subdivision (B)(iii) of this subdivision (2).

(B)(i) Except as provided in subdivisions (ii) and (iii) of this subdivision (B), the scope of practice of a Level II law enforcement officer shall be limited to investigating the following matters:

- (I) 13 V.S.A. chapter 7 (advertisements);
- (II) 13 V.S.A. chapter 8 (humane and proper treatment of animals);
- (III) 13 V.S.A. chapter 19, subchapter 1 (riots);
- (IV) 13 V.S.A. §§ 1022 (noise in the nighttime), 1023 (simple assault), 1026 (disorderly conduct), and 1031 (interference with access to emergency services);
- (V) 13 V.S.A. chapter 35 (escape);
- (VI) 13 V.S.A. chapter 41 (false alarms and reports);
- (VII) 13 V.S.A. chapter 45 (flags and ensigns);
- (VIII) 13 V.S.A. chapter 47 (frauds);
- (IX) 13 V.S.A. chapter 49 (fraud in commercial transactions);
- (X) 13 V.S.A. chapter 51 (gambling and lotteries);
- (XI) 13 V.S.A. chapter 57 (larceny and embezzlement), except for subchapter 2 (embezzlement);
- (XII) 13 V.S.A. chapter 67 (public justice and public officers);
- (XIII) 13 V.S.A. chapter 69 (railroads);
- (XIV) 13 V.S.A. chapter 77 (trees and plants);
- (XV) 13 V.S.A. chapter 81 (trespass and malicious injuries to property);
- (XVI) 13 V.S.A. chapter 83 (vagrants);
- (XVII) 13 V.S.A. chapter 85 (weapons);
- (XVIII) any matter within the jurisdiction of the Judicial Bureau as set forth in 4 V.S.A. § 1102;
- (XIX) municipal ordinance violations;
- (XX) any matter within the jurisdiction of a game warden or deputy game warden as set forth in 10 V.S.A. chapter 103, subchapter 4 (game wardens); and

(XXI) any matter within the scope of practice of a Level I law enforcement officer.

(ii) In addition to the scope of practice permitted under subdivision (i) of this subdivision (B), a Level II law enforcement officer may also practice in additional areas approved in writing by the Council based on a special certification or training approved by the Council pursuant to rules adopted by the Council.

(iii) Notwithstanding the limitations set forth in subdivisions (i) and (ii) of this subdivision (B), a Level II officer may respond to calls regarding alleged crimes in progress and may react in the following circumstances if the officer determines that it is necessary to do any of the following:

(I) protect an individual in the presence of the officer from the imminent infliction of serious bodily injury;

(II) provide immediate assistance to an individual who has suffered or is threatened with serious bodily injury;

(III) detain an individual whom the officer reasonably believes has committed a crime in the presence of the officer; or

(IV) detain an individual whom the officer reasonably believes has committed a felony under Vermont law.

(iv) If a Level II officer responds to calls regarding alleged crimes in progress or reacts to any of the circumstances described in subdivision (iii) of this subdivision (B) and that response or reaction is outside the scope of his or her scope of practice, he or she shall call upon an officer certified to respond and assume law enforcement authority over the incident.

(3) Level III certification.

(A) An applicant for certification as a Level III law enforcement officer shall complete Level III basic training.

(B) The scope of practice of a Level III law enforcement officer shall include all law enforcement authority.

(c) All programs required by this section shall be approved by the Council. Completion of a program shall be established by a certificate to that effect signed by the Executive Director of the Council.

(e)(d) As used in this section:

(1) "Law enforcement officer" means a member of the Department of Public Safety who exercises law enforcement powers, a member of the State police, a capitol police officer, a municipal police officer, a constable who

exercises law enforcement powers, a motor vehicle inspector, an employee of the Department of Liquor Control who exercises law enforcement powers, an investigator employed by the Secretary of State, Board of Medical Practice investigators employed by the Department of Health, Attorney General, or a ~~state's attorney~~ State's Attorney, a fish and game warden, a sheriff, or deputy sheriff who exercises law enforcement powers, ~~or~~ a railroad police officer commissioned pursuant to 5 V.S.A. chapter 68, subchapter 8, or a police officer appointed to the University of Vermont's Department of Police Services.

(2) ~~"Full time law enforcement officer" means a law enforcement officer with duties of a predictable and continuing nature which require more than 32 hours per week and more than 25 weeks per year~~ "Off-site training" means training provided off the premises of a law enforcement officer training school and approved by the Council under the provisions of section 2355 of this chapter.

(3) ~~"Part time law enforcement officer" means a law enforcement officer who is not employed full time. [Repealed.]~~

~~(d) The council may determine whether a particular position is full time or part time.~~

(e) The criteria for all minimum training standards under this section shall include anti-bias training approved by the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council.

Sec. 6. 20 V.S.A. § 2361 is amended to read:

§ 2361. ADDITIONAL TRAINING

(a) ~~Nothing in this chapter prohibits any commissioner, department or State agency head, department, or office or any municipality or county of the State from providing additional training beyond basic training to its personnel in their agencies or departments where no certification is requested from the director of or required by the council~~ Council or its Executive Director.

(b) ~~The commissioner of public safety head of a State agency, department, or office, a municipality's chief of police, or a sheriff may seek certification from the criminal justice training council of~~ Council for any additional in-service training he or she may provide to his or her employees.

Sec. 7. TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS; OFFICER CERTIFICATION AND RULEMAKING AUTHORITY

(a) On the effective date of Sec. 5 of this act, 20 V.S.A. § 2358 (minimum training standards; definitions), any law enforcement officer certified by the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council immediately prior to the effective date of Sec. 5 as:

(1) a part-time law enforcement officer shall be considered to be a Level II law enforcement officer, unless that officer submits in writing to the Council that he or she would like to be considered a Level I officer.

(2) a full-time law enforcement officer shall be considered to be a Level III law enforcement officer, unless that officer submits in writing to the Council that he or she would like to be considered a Level I or Level II officer.

(b) Any special certification that a part- or full-time law enforcement officer described in subsection (a) of this section held as part of his or her part- or full-time certification shall transfer to his or her new level of certification described in subsection (a).

(c) The Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council shall adopt rules in order to implement the provisions of Secs. 3, 20 V.S.A. § 2355 (powers and duties), and 5, 20 V.S.A. § 2358 (minimum training standards; definitions), of this act prior to the effective date of Secs. 3 and 5.

Sec. 8. VERMONT CRIMINAL JUSTICE TRAINING COUNCIL;
RECOMMENDED TRANSITION BETWEEN DIFFERENT LEVELS OF
LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER CERTIFICATION

On or before January 15, 2015, the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council shall submit to the House and Senate Committees on Government Operations:

(1) the Council's recommendation regarding the manner in which a law enforcement officer should be able to transition to a different level of law enforcement officer certification, once the officer has obtained one of the levels of certification described in Sec. 5 of this act, 20 V.S.A. § 2358 (minimum training standards; definitions); and

(2) after consulting with the Vermont Police Association, Inc., the Chiefs of Police Association of Vermont, the Vermont Constables Association, the Vermont Sheriffs' Association, Inc., and a representative from the Department of Public Safety, any Council recommendation regarding whether there should be any changes to the scope of practice for any of the levels of law enforcement officer certification described in Sec. 5 of this act, 20 V.S.A. § 2358.

* * * Law Enforcement Advisory Board * * *

Sec. 9. 24 V.S.A. § 1939 is amended to read:

§ 1939. LAW ENFORCEMENT ADVISORY BOARD

(a) A Law Enforcement Advisory Board is created within the Department of Public Safety to advise the Commissioner of Public Safety, the Governor,

and the General Assembly on issues involving the cooperation and coordination of all agencies which exercise law enforcement responsibilities. The Board shall review any matter which affects more than one law enforcement agency. The ~~board~~ Board shall comprise the following members:

* * *

(3) the Director of the Vermont Criminal Justice ~~Support~~ Services Division;

* * *

(12) the Defender General or ~~his or her~~ designee; ~~and~~

(13) one employee-representative of the Vermont State Police, appointed by the Director of the Vermont State Employees' Association; and

(14) a member of the Vermont Constables Association appointed by the President of the Association.

* * *

* * * Capitol Police * * *

Sec. 10. 2 V.S.A. § 70 is amended to read:

§ 70. CAPITOL POLICE DEPARTMENT

* * *

(b) Powers; training.

(1) Capitol police officers shall have all the same powers and authority as sheriffs and other law enforcement officers anywhere in the State, which shall include the authority to arrest persons and enforce the civil and criminal laws, keep the peace, provide security, and to serve civil and criminal process. For this purpose, capitol police officers shall subscribe to the same oaths required for sheriffs.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a capitol police officer shall be a Level II or Level III law enforcement officer certified by the Vermont ~~criminal justice training council~~ Criminal Justice Training Council pursuant to the provisions of 20 V.S.A. chapter 151.

* * *

* * * Investigators Employed by the Secretary of State * * *

Sec. 11. 3 V.S.A. § 123(f) is amended to read:

(f) Classified State employees who are employed as investigators by the Secretary of State who have successfully met the standards of training for a

~~full-time~~ Level III law enforcement officer under 20 V.S.A. chapter 151 shall have the same powers as sheriffs in criminal matters and the enforcement of the law and in serving criminal process, and shall have all the immunities and matters of defense now available or hereafter made available to sheriffs in a suit brought against them in consequence for acts done in the course of their employment.

* * * Vermont Employees Retirement System * * *

Sec. 12. 3 V.S.A. § 455 is amended to read:

§ 455. DEFINITIONS

(a) Unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context, the following words and phrases as used in this subchapter shall have the following meanings:

* * *

(9) "Employee" shall mean:

* * *

(B) any regular officer or employee of the Department of Public Safety assigned to police and law enforcement duties, including the Commissioner of Public Safety appointed before July 1, 2001; but, irrespective of the member's classification, shall not include any member of the General Assembly as such, any person who is covered by the Vermont Teachers' Retirement System, any person engaged under retainer or special agreement or C beneficiary employed by the Department of Public Safety for not more than 208 hours per year, or any person whose principal source of income is other than State employment. In all cases of doubt, the Retirement Board shall determine whether any person is an employee as defined in this subchapter. Also included under this subdivision are employees of the Department of Liquor Control who exercise law enforcement powers, employees of the Department of Fish and Wildlife assigned to law enforcement duties, motor vehicle inspectors, full-time deputy sheriffs ~~employed~~ compensated by the State of Vermont whose primary function is transports, full-time members of the capitol police force, investigators employed by the Criminal Division of the Office of the Attorney General, Department of State's Attorneys, Department of Health, or Office of the Secretary of State, who have attained ~~full-time~~ Level III law enforcement officer certification from the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council, who are required to perform law enforcement duties as the primary function of their employment, and who may be subject to mandatory retirement permissible under 29 U.S.C. ~~section~~ § 623(j), who are first included in membership of the system on or after July 1, 2000. Also

included under this subdivision are full-time firefighters employed by the State of Vermont.

* * * Labor Relations * * *

Sec. 13. 3 V.S.A. § 972 is amended to read:

§ 972. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

* * *

(3) "Public body" means:

* * *

(E) a law enforcement officer as defined in 20 V.S.A. § 2358(e)(d)(1);

* * *

* * * Railroad Police * * *

Sec. 14. 5 V.S.A. chapter 68, subchapter 8 is amended to read:

Subchapter 8. Railroad Police

§ 3755. COMMISSIONS

Upon petition of a person or corporation owning or operating a railroad, the ~~commissioner of public safety~~ Commissioner of Public Safety may, subject to the provisions of section 3757 of this subchapter, commission any employees of the railroad as the person or corporation designates to act as police officers in and upon the premises and equipment owned, managed, or used by a railroad, shall issue commissions to the employees ~~to act as police so~~ commissioned, and shall have the authority to rescind such commissions.

* * *

§ 3757. QUALIFICATIONS

Persons commissioned pursuant to section 3755 of this ~~title~~ subchapter shall be subject to minimum training standards established by rule of the Vermont ~~criminal justice training council~~ Criminal Justice Training Council pursuant to 20 V.S.A. chapter 151; ~~provided that persons employed as full-time railroad police before January 1, 1981, shall have until July 1, 1984, to meet the minimum training standards or equivalent standards as determined by the council, and may continue to function under laws in effect prior to passage of this subchapter until July 1984, or until receiving a commission under this subchapter, whichever occurs sooner.~~

* * *

§ 3763. TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY

Upon termination of employment as a railroad police officer of any person commissioned pursuant to this subchapter, the person's commission shall be automatically rescinded and his or her powers as a police officer shall terminate. Within 10 days after the termination, the employing railroad shall file a notice of the termination with the ~~commissioner of public safety~~ Commissioner of Public Safety and the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council. The ~~state~~ State of Vermont shall not be responsible for the supervision, discipline, or decision to terminate the employment of persons commissioned as railroad police officers under this subchapter.

* * *

* * * Liquor Control * * *

Sec. 15. 7 V.S.A. § 561 is amended to read:

§ 561. AUTHORITY OF LIQUOR CONTROL INVESTIGATORS; ARREST FOR UNLAWFULLY MANUFACTURING, POSSESSING, OR TRANSPORTING ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES; SEIZURE OF PROPERTY

(a) The Director of the Enforcement Division of the Department of Liquor Control and investigators employed by the Liquor Control Board or by the Department of Liquor Control shall be certified as ~~full-time~~ Level III law enforcement officers by the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council and shall have the same powers and immunities as those conferred on the State Police by 20 V.S.A. § 1914.

* * *

* * * Game Wardens * * *

Sec. 16. 10 V.S.A. § 4198 is amended to read:

§ 4198. POLICE POWERS; TRAINING; STATE GAME WARDENS; DEPUTY GAME WARDENS

Upon ~~certification by the executive director of the criminal justice training council of the successful completion of the training program for obtaining from the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council Level II or Level III~~ law enforcement ~~officers~~ officer certification as established in 20 V.S.A. § 2358, ~~state~~ State game wardens and deputy game wardens shall have the same law enforcement authority, duties, and powers as ~~state police~~ State Police, sheriffs, constables, and municipal police, and shall have all immunities and defenses now or hereafter available to ~~state police~~ State Police, sheriffs, constables, and municipal police in a suit brought against them in consequence of acts done in

the course of their employment. State game wardens and deputy game wardens shall receive their regular compensation during the time they are enrolled in the training program.

* * * Crimes and Criminal Procedure * * *

Sec. 17. 13 V.S.A. § 4010 is amended to read:

§ 4010. GUN SILENCERS

A person who manufactures, sells, uses, or possesses with intent to sell or use an appliance known as or used for a gun silencer shall be fined \$25.00 for each offense. The provisions of this section shall not prevent the use or possession of gun silencers by:

(1) a Level III certified, full-time law enforcement officer or ~~department of fish and wildlife~~ Department of Fish and Wildlife employee in connection with his or her duties and responsibilities and in accordance with the policies and procedures of that officer's or employee's agency or department; or

(2) the Vermont National Guard in connection with its duties and responsibilities.

* * * Investigators Appointed by a State's Attorney * * *

Sec. 18. 24 V.S.A. § 364 is amended to read:

§ 364. INVESTIGATOR

(a)(1) A ~~state's attorney~~ State's Attorney may appoint an investigator and, with the approval of the Governor, shall fix the investigator's pay not to exceed that of a noncommissioned officer of the Department of Public Safety, and may remove the investigator at will.

(2) An investigator shall be reimbursed for necessary expenses incurred in connection with his or her official duties when approved by the ~~state's attorney~~ State's Attorney and the Commissioner of Human Resources.

(3) Investigators shall take part in the investigation of crime, the detection of persons suspected of committing crimes, the preparation of any criminal cause for trial, and other tasks related to the ~~state's attorney's office~~ Office of the State's Attorney.

(4) No person may be appointed as an investigator unless he or she has had appropriate experience in investigative work for a period of not less than two years, including employment as a private detective or a law enforcement officer, or has successfully completed a course of training under 20 V.S.A. chapter 151.

(b) A person appointed as an investigator who has ~~successfully completed a course of training under 20 V.S.A. chapter 151~~ obtained certification as a Level II or Level III law enforcement officer under the provisions of 20 V.S.A. § 2358 shall have the same powers as sheriffs in criminal matters and the enforcement of the law and in serving criminal process, and shall have all the immunities and matters of defense now available or hereafter made available to sheriffs in a suit brought against them in consequence for acts done in the course of their employment.

* * * Constables * * *

Sec. 19. 24 V.S.A. § 1936a is amended to read:

§ 1936a. CONSTABLES; POWERS AND QUALIFICATIONS

* * *

(d) A municipal legislative body may vote to allow a constable elected or appointed in another municipality to exercise law enforcement authority in its municipality, provided that:

(1) the constable is not prohibited from exercising law enforcement authority under subsection (a) of this section;

(2) the constable ~~has completed the training requirements for a full time or part time law enforcement officer~~ is certified to exercise that level of authority under 20 V.S.A. § 2358; and

(3) the exercise of law enforcement authority is conducted in accordance with policies and procedures adopted by the legislative body establishing the circumstances under which the authority may be exercised.

* * * Investigators Employed by the Board of Medical Practice * * *

Sec. 20. 26 V.S.A. § 1351 is amended to read:

§ 1351. BOARD OF MEDICAL PRACTICE

* * *

(f) Classified ~~state~~ State employees who are employed as investigators by the ~~department of health~~ Department of Health who ~~have successfully met the standards of training for a full time~~ are certified as a Level III law enforcement officer under ~~20 V.S.A. chapter 151~~ 20 V.S.A. § 2358 shall have the same powers as sheriffs in criminal matters and the enforcement of the law and in serving criminal process, and shall have all the immunities and matters of defense now available or hereafter made available to sheriffs in a suit brought against them in consequence for acts done in the course of their employment.

* * * Correctional Officers * * *

Sec. 21. 28 V.S.A. § 551a is amended to read:

§ 551a. LAW ENFORCEMENT POWERS OF CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS; TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

(a) The ~~commissioner of corrections~~ Commissioner of Corrections shall establish training requirements necessary for a correctional officer to be authorized to exercise the power to arrest a person on probation under section 301 of this title, to arrest a person serving supervised community sentence under section 363 of this title, or to arrest a person on parole under section 551 of this title. The required training shall include ~~but not be limited to~~ training in search and seizure, criminal law, authority to arrest, use of force, reporting and record keeping, and liability for actions and conduct.

(b) The ~~commissioner~~ Commissioner may also authorize and designate any correctional officer as defined in subdivision 3(10) of this title to become certified by the ~~criminal justice training council~~ Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council as a ~~part-time~~ law enforcement officer, pursuant to the provisions of ~~chapter 151 of Title 20 V.S.A. chapter 151~~. The ~~commissioner~~ Commissioner and the ~~director of the training academy~~ Executive Director of the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council shall develop curriculum subject to the approval of the ~~training council~~ Council. The ~~commissioner~~ Commissioner by ~~department~~ Department policy may prescribe the use of those law enforcement powers consistent with the official duties and job descriptions of the correctional officer, and may direct that the correctional officer not carry any weapon while on duty. Any person hereby certified shall be sworn by the ~~commissioner~~ Commissioner.

* * * Sheriffs * * *

Sec. 22. 32 V.S.A. § 1182 is amended to read:

§ 1182. SHERIFFS

(a) The annual salaries of the sheriffs of all counties except Chittenden shall be \$67,688.00 as of July 1, 2012 and \$70,192.00 as of July 14, 2013. The annual salary of the sheriff of Chittenden County shall be \$71,631.00 as of July 1, 2012 and \$74,281.00 as of July 14, 2013.

(b) Compensation under subsection (a) of this section shall be reduced by 10 percent for any sheriff who has not ~~completed the full-time training requirements~~ obtained Level III law enforcement officer certification under 20 V.S.A. § 2358.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 23. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2015 except:

(1) this section and Secs. 7 (transitional provisions; officer certification and rulemaking authority) and 8 (Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council; recommended transition between different levels of law enforcement officer certification) shall take effect on passage; and

(2) Sec. 2, 20 V.S.A. § 2352 (creation of Council), and Sec. 9, 24 V.S.A. § 1939 (Law Enforcement Advisory Board), shall take effect on July 1, 2014.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: “An act relating to establishing new levels of law enforcement officer certification”.

*ELDRED FRENCH
NORMAN H. MCALLISTER
JEANETTE K. WHITE*

Committee on the part of the Senate

*RONALD E. HUBERT
DONNA G. SWEANEY
MARK A. HIGLEY*

Committee on the part of the House

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate accept and adopt the report of the Committee of Conference?, was decided in the affirmative.

Recess

On motion of Senator Baruth the Senate recessed until 4:30 P.M.

Called to Order

The Senate was called to order by the President.

Rules Suspended; Third Readings Ordered,

H. 870.

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House bill entitled:

An act relating to the merger of the Town of Pittsford and the Pittsford Fire District No. 1.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator French, for the Committee on Government Operations, to which the bill was referred, reported that the bill ought to pass in concurrence.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, and third reading of the bill was ordered.

H. 892.

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House bill entitled:

An act relating to approval of the adoption and the codification of the charter of the Central Vermont Public Safety Authority.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Pollina, for the Committee on Government Operations, to which the bill was referred, reported that the bill ought to pass in concurrence.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, and third reading of the bill was ordered.

H. 893.

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House bill entitled:

An act relating to approval of the adoption and the codification of the charter of the North Branch Fire District No. 1.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator White, for the Committee on Government Operations, to which the bill was referred, reported that the bill ought to pass in concurrence.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, and third reading of the bill was ordered.

H. 894.

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House bill entitled:

An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the City of Montpelier and to merging the Montpelier Fire District No. 1 into the City of Montpelier.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Pollina, for the Committee on Government Operations, to which the bill was referred, reported that the bill ought to pass in concurrence.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Rules Suspended; Bills Messaged

On motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended, and the following bills were severally ordered messaged to the House forthwith:

S. 28, S. 221, H. 497, H. 699, H. 765.

**Rules Suspended; House Proposal of Amendment Not Concurred In;
Committee of Conference Requested; Committee of Conference
Appointed; Bill Messaged**

S. 220.

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House proposal of amendment to the Senate proposal of amendment to the House proposal of amendment to Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to furthering economic development.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

The House concurs in the Senate proposal of amendment to the House proposal of amendment with further amendment thereto as follows:

By striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * One-Stop Business Support Services * * *

Sec. 1. ONE-STOP SHOP WEB PORTAL

(a) Purpose. The State of Vermont seeks to simplify and expedite the process for business creation and growth by providing:

(1) a clear guide to resources and technical assistance for all phases of business development;

(2) a directory of financial assistance, including grants, funding capital, tax credits, and incentives;

(3) a directory of workforce development assistance, including recruiting, job postings, and training;

(4) a link to centralized business services available from the Secretary of State, the Department of Labor, the Department of Taxes, and others; and

(5) agency contacts and links for available services and resources.

(b) Administration. On or before June 30, 2015, the Secretary of State, Department of Taxes, Department of Labor, the Vermont Attorney General, the Agency of Commerce and Community Development, and the Agency of

Administration shall coordinate with other relevant agencies and departments within State government and outside partners, including regional development corporations, regional planning commissions, and small business development centers, to provide comprehensive business services, regional coaching teams, print materials, other outreach, and a “One-Stop Shop” website, consistent with the following timeline:

(1) Phase 1. Complete necessary partner outreach and collaboration and an inventory of existing websites, determine the appropriate content to be included on the One-Stop website, and update current websites to include links to State agencies and departments with regulatory oversight and authority over Vermont businesses.

(2) Phase 2. Edit and organize the content to be included on the One-Stop website.

(3) Phase 3. Complete the design and mapping of the One-Stop website.

(4) Phase 4. Complete a communications and outreach plan with a final funding proposal for the project.

* * * Vermont Enterprise Fund * * *

Sec. 2. VERMONT ENTERPRISE FUND

(a) There is created a Vermont Enterprise Fund, the sums of which may be used by the Governor, with the approval of the Emergency Board, for the purpose of making economic and financial resources available to businesses facing circumstances that necessitate State government support and response more rapidly than would otherwise be available from, or that would be in addition to, other economic incentives.

(b)(1) The Fund shall be administered by the Commissioner of Finance and Management as a special fund under the provisions of chapter 7, subchapter 5 of this title.

(2) The Fund shall contain any amounts transferred or appropriated to it by the General Assembly.

(3) Interest earned on the Fund and any balance remaining at the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the Fund.

(4) The Commissioner shall maintain records that indicate the amount of money in the Fund at any given time.

(c) The Governor is authorized to use amounts available in the Fund to offer economic and financial resources to an eligible business pursuant to this section, subject to approval by the Emergency Board as provided in subsection (e) of this section.

(d) To be eligible for an investment through the Fund, the Governor shall determine that a business:

(1) adequately demonstrates:

(A) a substantial statewide or regional economic or employment impact; or

(B) approval or eligibility for other economic development incentives and programs offered by the State of Vermont; and

(2) is experiencing one or more of the following circumstances:

(A) a merger or acquisition may cause the closing of all or a portion of a Vermont business, or closure or relocation outside Vermont will cause the loss of employment in Vermont;

(B) a prospective purchaser is considering the acquisition of an existing business in Vermont;

(C) an existing employer in Vermont, which is a division or subsidiary of a multistate or multinational company, may be closed or have its employment significantly reduced; or

(D) is considering Vermont for relocation or expansion.

(e)(1) Any economic and financial resources offered by the Governor under this section must be approved by the Emergency Board before an eligible business may receive assistance from the Fund.

(2) The Board shall invite the Chair of the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and the Chair of the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development to participate in Board deliberations under this section in an advisory capacity.

(3) The Governor or designee, shall present to the Emergency Board for its approval:

(A) information on the company;

(B) the circumstances supporting the offer of economic and financial resources;

(C) a summary of the economic activity proposed or that would be forgone;

(D) other State incentives and programs offered or involved;

(E) the economic and financial resources offered by the Governor requiring use of monies from the Fund;

(F) employment, investment, and economic impact of Fund support on the employer, including a fiscal cost-benefit analysis; and

(G) terms and conditions of the economic and financial resources offered, including:

(i) the total dollar amount and form of the economic and financial resources offered;

(ii) employment creation, employment retention, and capital investment performance requirements; and

(iii) disallowance and recapture provisions.

(4) The Emergency Board shall have the authority to approve, disapprove, or modify an offer of economic and financial resources in its discretion, including consideration of the following:

(A) whether the business has presented sufficient documentation to demonstrate compliance with subsection (d) of this section;

(B) whether the Governor has presented sufficient information to the Board under subdivision (3) of this subsection (e);

(C) whether the business has received other State resources and incentives, and if so, the type and amount; and

(D) whether the business and the Governor have made available to the Board sufficient information and documentation for the Auditor of Accounts to perform an adequate performance audit of the program, including the extent to which necessary information or documentation is or will be withheld under a claim that it is confidential, proprietary, or subject to executive privilege.

(f)(1) Proprietary business information and materials or other confidential financial information submitted by a business to the State, or submitted by the Governor to the Emergency Board, for the purpose of negotiating or approving economic and financial resources under this section shall not be subject to public disclosure under the State's public records law in 1 V.S.A. chapter 5, but shall be available to the Joint Fiscal Office or its agent upon authorization of the Chair of the Joint Fiscal Committee, and shall also be available to the Auditor of Accounts in connection with the performance of duties under 32 V.S.A. § 163 of this title; provided, however, that the Joint Fiscal Office or its agent and the Auditor of Accounts shall not disclose, directly or indirectly, to any person any proprietary business or other confidential information or any information which would identify a business except in accordance with a judicial order or as otherwise specifically provided by law.

(2) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit the publication of statistical information, rulings, determinations, reports, opinions, policies, or other information so long as the data are disclosed in a form that cannot identify or be associated with a particular business.

(g) On or before January 15 of each year following a year in which economic and financial resources were made available pursuant to this section, the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development shall submit to the House Committees on Commerce and Economic Development and on Ways and Means and to the Senate Committees on Finance and on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs a report on the resources made available pursuant to this section, including:

(1) the name of the recipient;

(2) the amount and type of the resources;

(3) the aggregate number of jobs created or retained as a result of the resources;

(4) a statement of costs and benefits to the State; and

(5) whether any offer of resources was disallowed or recaptured.

(h) This section shall sunset on June 30, 2016 and any remaining balance in the Fund shall be transferred to the General Fund.

Sec. 3. CONTINGENT FISCAL YEAR 2014 APPROPRIATION

After satisfying the requirements of 32 V.S.A. § 308, and after other reserve requirements have been met and prior to any funds reserved pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 308c, any remaining unreserved and undesignated end of fiscal year General Fund surplus up to \$5,000,000.00 shall be appropriated to the extent available, in the following order:

(1) \$500,000.00 to the Vermont Economic Development Authority for loan loss reserves within the Vermont Entrepreneurial Lending Program for the purposes specified in 10 V.S.A. § 280bb;

(2) \$4,500,000.00 to the Vermont Enterprise Fund for the purposes specified in Sec. E.100.5 of this act.

* * * Vermont Economic Development Authority * * *

Sec. 4. 10 V.S.A. chapter 12 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 12. VERMONT ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

* * *

Subchapter 12. ~~Technology Loan~~ Vermont Entrepreneurial Lending Program

§ 280aa. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE

(a)(1) ~~Technology-based companies~~ Vermont-based businesses in seed, start-up, and growth-stages are a vital source of innovation, employment, and economic growth in Vermont. The continued development and success of ~~this increasingly important sector of Vermont's economy~~ these businesses is dependent upon the availability of flexible, risk-based capital.

(2) Because the primary assets of ~~technology based companies~~ Vermont-based businesses in seed, start-up, and growth stages often consist almost entirely of intellectual property or insufficient tangible assets to support conventional lending, ~~such~~ these companies frequently ~~do~~ may not have access to conventional means of raising capital, such as asset-based bank financing.

(b) To support the growth of ~~technology based companies~~ Vermont-based businesses in seed, start-up, and growth stages and the resultant creation of high wage higher wage employment in Vermont, a ~~technology loan program is established under this subchapter~~ the General Assembly hereby creates in this subchapter the Vermont Entrepreneurial Lending Program.

§ 280bb. ~~TECHNOLOGY LOAN~~ VERMONT ENTREPRENEURIAL LENDING PROGRAM

(a) There is created a ~~technology (TECH) loan program~~ the Vermont Entrepreneurial Lending Program to be administered by the Vermont ~~economic development authority~~ Economic Development Authority. The ~~program~~ Program shall seek to meet the working capital and capital-asset financing needs of ~~technology-based companies~~ start-up, early stage, and growth-stage businesses in Vermont. The Program shall specifically seek to fulfill capital requirement needs that are unmet in Vermont, including:

(1) loans up to \$100,000.00 to manufacturing businesses and software developers with innovative products that typically reflect long-term, organic growth;

(2) loans up to \$1,000,000.00 in growth-stage companies who do not meet the underwriting criteria of other public and private entrepreneurial financing sources; and

(3) loans to businesses that are unable to access adequate capital resources because the primary assets of these businesses are typically intellectual property or similar nontangible assets.

(b) The economic development authority Authority shall establish such adopt regulations, policies, and procedures for the program Program as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this subchapter. The authority's lending criteria shall include consideration of in state competition and whether a company has made reasonable efforts to secure capital in the private sector increase the amount of investment funds available to Vermont businesses whose capital requirements are not being met by conventional lending sources.

(c) When considering entrepreneurial lending through the Program, the Authority shall give additional consideration and weight to an application of a business whose business model and practices will have a demonstrable effect in achieving other public policy goals of the State, including:

(1) The business will create jobs in strategic sectors such as the knowledge-based economy, renewable energy, advanced manufacturing, wood products manufacturing, and value-added agricultural processing.

(2) The business is located in a designated downtown, village center, growth center, industrial park, or other significant geographic location recognized by the State.

(3) The business adopts energy and thermal efficiency practices in its operations or otherwise operates in a way that reflects a commitment to green energy principles.

(4) The business will create jobs that pay a livable wage and significant benefits to Vermont employees.

(d) The Authority shall include provisions in the terms of an loan made under the Program to ensure that a loan recipient shall maintain operations within the State for a minimum of five years from the date on which the recipient receives the loan funds from the Authority or shall otherwise be required to repay the outstanding funds in full.

* * *

Sec. 5. VERMONT ENTREPRENEURIAL LENDING PROGRAM; LOAN LOSS RESERVE FUNDS; CAPITALIZATION

(a) The Vermont Economic Development Authority shall capitalize loan loss reserves for the Vermont Entrepreneurial Lending Program created in 10 V.S.A. § 280bb with the following funding from the following sources:

(1) up to \$1,000,000.00 from Authority funds or eligible federal funds currently administered by the Authority; and

(2) Fiscal Year 2014 funds appropriated to the Program pursuant to Sec. 1b of this act.

(b) The Authority shall use the funds in subsection (a) of this section solely for the purpose of establishing and maintaining loan loss reserves to guarantee loans made pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 280bb.

Sec. 6. 10 V.S.A. chapter 16A is amended to read:

CHAPTER 16A. VERMONT AGRICULTURAL CREDIT PROGRAM

§ 374a. CREATION OF THE VERMONT AGRICULTURAL CREDIT PROGRAM

* * *

(b) No borrower shall be approved for a loan from the corporation that would result in the aggregate principal balances outstanding of all loans to that borrower exceeding the then-current maximum Farm Service Agency loan guarantee limits, or \$2,000,000.00, whichever is greater.

§ 374b. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) “Agricultural facility” means land and rights in land, buildings, structures, machinery, and equipment which is used for, or will be used for producing, processing, preparing, packaging, storing, distributing, marketing, or transporting agricultural products which have been primarily produced in this ~~state~~ State, and working capital reasonably required to operate an agricultural facility.

(2) “Agricultural land” means real estate capable of supporting commercial farming or forestry, or both.

(3) “Agricultural products” mean crops, livestock, forest products, and other farm or forest commodities produced as a result of farming or forestry activities.

(4) “Farm ownership loan” means a loan to acquire or enlarge a farm or agricultural facility, to make capital improvements including construction, purchase, and improvement of farm and agricultural facility buildings that can be made fixtures to the real estate, to promote soil and water conservation and protection, and to refinance indebtedness incurred for farm ownership or operating loan purposes, or both.

(5) “Authority” means the Vermont ~~economic development authority~~ Economic Development Authority.

(6) “Cash flow” means, on an annual basis, all income, receipts, and revenues of the applicant or borrower from all sources and all expenses of the applicant or borrower, including all debt service and other expenses.

(7) “Farmer” means an individual directly engaged in the management or operation of an agricultural facility or farm operation for whom the agricultural facility or farm operation constitutes two or more of the following:

(A) is or is expected to become a significant source of the farmer’s income;

(B) the majority of the farmer’s assets; and

(C) an occupation in which the farmer is actively engaged ~~in~~, either on a seasonal or year-round basis.

(8) “Farm operation” shall mean the cultivation of land or other uses of land for the production of food, fiber, horticultural, silvicultural, orchard, maple syrup, Christmas trees, forest products, or forest crops; the raising, boarding, and training of equines, and the raising of livestock; or any combination of the foregoing activities. Farm operation also includes the storage, preparation, retail sale, and transportation of agricultural or forest commodities accessory to the cultivation or use of such land.

* * *

* * * Connecting Capital Providers and Entrepreneurs * * *

Sec. 7. NETWORKING INITIATIVES

(a) The Agency of Commerce and Community Development shall support networking events offered by one or more regional economic development providers designed to connect capital providers with one another or with Vermont entrepreneurs, or both, and shall take steps to facilitate outreach and matchmaking opportunities between investors and entrepreneurs.

(b) The Agency shall submit to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and to the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs:

(1) a status report on or before January 15, 2015 concerning the structure of networking initiatives, the relevant provisions of governing performance contracts, and the benchmarks and measures of performance; and

(2) a report on or before December 15, 2015 concerning the outcomes of and further recommendations for the program.

Sec. 8. 32 V.S.A. § 5930aa(3) is amended to read:

(3) “Qualified code or technology improvement project” means a project:

(A)(i) ~~To~~ to install or improve platform lifts suitable for transporting personal mobility devices, elevators, sprinkler systems, and capital

improvements in a qualified building, and the installations or improvements are required to bring the building into compliance with the statutory requirements and rules regarding fire prevention, life safety, and electrical, plumbing, and accessibility codes as determined by the ~~department of public safety~~. Department of Public Safety; or

(ii) to install or improve data or network wiring, or heating, ventilating, or cooling systems reasonably related to data or network installations or improvements, in a qualified building, provided that a professional engineer licensed under 26 V.S.A. chapter 20 certifies as to the fact and cost of the installation or improvement;

(B) ~~To~~ to abate lead paint conditions or other substances hazardous to human health or safety in a qualified building-; or

(C) ~~To~~ to redevelop a contaminated property in a designated downtown or village center under a plan approved by the Secretary of Natural Resources pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 6615a.

Sec. 9. 32 V.S.A. § 5930aa(7) is amended to read:

(7) “Qualified project” means a qualified code or technology improvement, qualified façade improvement, qualified technology infrastructure project, or qualified historic rehabilitation project as defined by this subchapter.

Sec. 10. 32 V.S.A. § 5930bb is amended to read:

§ 5930bb. ELIGIBILITY AND ADMINISTRATION

(a) Qualified applicants may apply to the State Board to obtain the tax credits provided by this subchapter for ~~qualified code improvement, façade improvement, or historic rehabilitation projects~~ a qualified project at any time before one year after completion of the qualified project.

* * *

Sec. 11. 32 V.S.A. § 5930cc(c) is amended to read:

(c) Code or technology improvement tax credit. The qualified applicant of a qualified code or technology improvement project shall be entitled, upon the approval of the State Board, to claim against the taxpayer’s State individual income tax, State corporate income tax, or bank franchise or insurance premiums tax liability a credit of 50 percent of qualified expenditures up to a maximum tax credit of \$12,000.00 for installation or improvement of a platform lift, a maximum tax credit of \$50,000.00 for installation or improvement of an elevator, a maximum tax credit of \$50,000.00 for installation or improvement of a sprinkler system, a maximum tax credit of

\$30,000.00 for the combined costs of installation or improvement of data or network wiring or a heating, ventilating, or cooling system, and a maximum tax credit of \$25,000.00 for the combined costs of all other qualified code improvements.

Sec. 12. 30 V.S.A. § 218e is added to read:

§ 218e. IMPLEMENTING STATE ENERGY POLICY;
MANUFACTURING

To give effect to the policies of section 202a of this title to provide reliable and affordable energy and assure the State's economic vitality, it is critical to retain and recruit manufacturing and other businesses and to consider the impact on manufacturing and other businesses when issuing orders, adopting rules, and making other decisions affecting the cost and reliability of electricity and other fuels. Implementation of the State's energy policy should:

(1) encourage recruitment and retention of employers providing high-quality jobs and related economic investment and support the State's economic welfare; and

(2) appropriately balance the objectives of this section with the other policy goals and criteria established in this title.

Sec. 13. INVESTIGATION; ELECTRICITY COSTS; MANUFACTURING

(a) The Commissioner of Public Service and the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development, in consultation with the Public Service Board, a private organization that represents the interests of manufacturers, a cooperative electric company, an efficiency utility, a shareholder-owned utility, the Vermont Public Power Supply Authority (VPPSA), a municipal utility that is not a member of VPPSA, and the Vermont Electric Power Company (VELCO), shall conduct an investigation of how best to advance the public good through consideration of the competitiveness of Vermont's industrial or manufacturing businesses with regard to electricity costs.

(b) In conducting the investigation required by this section, the Commissioner and Secretary shall consider:

(1) how best to incorporate into rate design proceedings the impact of electricity costs on business competitiveness and the identification of the costs of service incurred by businesses;

(2) with regard to the energy efficiency programs established under section 209 of this title, potential changes to their delivery, funding, financing, and participation requirements;

(3) the history and outcome of any evaluations of the Energy Savings Account or Customer Credit programs, as well as best practices for customer self-directed energy efficiency programs;

(4) the history and outcome of any evaluations of retail choice programs or policies, as related to business competitiveness, that have been undertaken in Vermont and in other jurisdictions;

(5) any other programs or policies the Commissioner and the Secretary deem relevant;

(6) whether and to what extent any programs or policies considered by the Commissioner and the Secretary under this section would impose cost shifts onto other customers, result in stranded costs (costs that cannot be recovered by a regulated utility due to a change in regulatory structure or policy), or conflict with renewable energy requirements in Vermont and, if so, whether such programs or policies would nonetheless promote the public good;

(7) whether and to what extent costs have shifted to residential and business ratepayers following the loss of large utility users, and potential scenarios for additional cost shifts of this type; and

(8) the potential benefits and potential cost shift to residential and business ratepayers if a large utility user undertakes efficiency measures and thereby reduces its share of fixed utility costs.

(c) In conducting the investigation required by this section, the Commissioner and Secretary shall provide the following persons and entities an opportunity for written and oral comments:

(1) consumer and business advocacy groups;

(2) regional development corporations and regional planning commissions; and

(3) any other person or entity as determined by the Commissioner and Secretary.

(d) On or before December 15, 2014, the Commissioner and Secretary shall provide a status report to the General Assembly of its findings and recommendations regarding regulatory or statutory changes that would reduce energy costs for Vermont businesses and promote the public good. On or before December 15, 2015, the Commissioner and Secretary shall provide a final report to the General Assembly of such findings and recommendations.

* * * Domestic Export Program * * *

Sec. 14. DOMESTIC MARKET ACCESS PROGRAM FOR VERMONT AGRICULTURE AND FOREST PRODUCTS

(a) The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets, in collaboration with the Agency of Commerce and Community Development and the Chief Marketing Officer, shall create a Domestic Export Program Pilot Project within the "Made in Vermont" designation program, the purpose of which shall be to:

(1) connect Vermont producers with brokers, buyers, and distributors in other U.S. state and regional markets,

(2) provide technical and marketing assistance to Vermont producers to convert these connections into increased sales and sustainable commercial relationships; and

(3) provide one-time matching grants of up to \$2,000.00 per business to attend trade shows and similar events to expand producers' market presence in other U.S. states, subject to available funding.

(b) The Secretary shall collect data on the activities and outcomes of the pilot project authorized under this section and shall report his or her findings and recommendations for further action on or before January 15, 2015, to the House Committees on Agriculture and Forest Products and on Commerce and Economic Development and to the Senate Committees on Agriculture and on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs.

* * * Criminal Penalties for Computer Crimes * * *

Sec. 15. 13 V.S.A. chapter 87 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 87. COMPUTER CRIMES

* * *

§ 4104. ALTERATION, DAMAGE, OR INTERFERENCE

(a) A person shall not intentionally and without lawful authority, alter, damage, or interfere with the operation of any computer, computer system, computer network, computer software, computer program, or data contained in such computer, computer system, computer program, or computer network.

(b) Penalties. A person convicted of violating this section shall be:

(1) if the damage or loss does not exceed \$500.00 for a first offense, imprisoned not more than one year or fined not more than ~~\$500.00~~ \$5,000.00, or both;

(2) if the damage or loss does not exceed \$500.00 for a second or subsequent offense, imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than ~~\$1,000.00~~ \$10,000.00, or both; or

(3) if the damage or loss exceeds \$500.00, imprisoned not more than 10 years or fined not more than ~~\$10,000.00~~ \$25,000.00, or both.

§ 4105. THEFT OR DESTRUCTION

(a)(1) A person shall not intentionally and without claim of right deprive the owner of possession, take, transfer, copy, conceal, or retain possession of, or intentionally and without lawful authority, destroy any computer system, computer network, computer software, computer program, or data contained in such computer, computer system, computer program, or computer network.

(2) Copying a commercially available computer program or computer software is not a crime under this section, provided that the computer program and computer software has a retail value of \$500.00 or less and is not copied for resale.

(b) Penalties. A person convicted of violating this section shall be:

(1) if the damage or loss does not exceed \$500.00 for a first offense, imprisoned not more than one year or fined not more than ~~\$500.00~~ \$5,000.00, or both;

(2) if the damage or loss does not exceed \$500.00 for a second or subsequent offense, imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than ~~\$1,000.00~~ \$10,000.00, or both; or

(3) if the damage or loss exceeds \$500.00, imprisoned not more than 10 years or fined not more than ~~\$10,000.00~~ \$25,000.00, or both.

§ 4106. CIVIL LIABILITY

A person damaged as a result of a violation of this chapter may bring a civil action against the violator for damages, costs, and fees, including reasonable attorney's fees, and such other relief as the court deems appropriate.

* * *

* * * Statute of Limitations to Commence Action for Misappropriation of
Trade Secrets * * *

Sec. 16. 12 V.S.A. § 523 is amended to read:

§ 523. TRADE SECRETS

An action for misappropriation of trade secrets under 9 V.S.A. chapter 143 ~~of Title 9~~ shall be commenced within three years after the cause of action accrues, and not after. The cause of action shall be deemed to accrue as of the

date the misappropriation was discovered or reasonably should have been discovered.

* * * Protection of Trade Secrets * * *

Sec. 17. 9 V.S.A. chapter 143 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 143. TRADE SECRETS

§ 4601. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) “Improper means” includes theft, bribery, misrepresentation, breach or inducement of a breach of a duty to maintain secrecy, or espionage through electronic or other means.

(2) “Misappropriation” means:

(A) acquisition of a trade secret of another by a person who knows or has reason to know that the trade secret was acquired by improper means; or

(B) disclosure or use of a trade secret of another without express or implied consent by a person who:

(i) used improper means to acquire knowledge of the trade secret; or

(ii) at the time of disclosure or use, knew or had reason to know that his or her knowledge of the trade secret was:

(I) derived from or through a person who had utilized improper means to acquire it;

(II) acquired under circumstances giving rise to a duty to maintain its secrecy or limit its use; or

(III) derived from or through a person who owed a duty to the person seeking relief to maintain its secrecy or limit its use; or

(iii) before a material change of his or her position, knew or had reason to know that it was a trade secret and that knowledge of it had been acquired by accident or mistake.

(3) “Trade secret” means information, including a formula, pattern, compilation, program, device, method, technique, or process, that:

(A) derives independent economic value, actual or potential, from not being generally known to, and not being readily ascertainable by proper means by, other persons who can obtain economic value from its disclosure or use; and

(B) is the subject of efforts that are reasonable under the circumstances to maintain its secrecy.

§ 4602. INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

(a) ~~Actual~~ A court may enjoin actual or threatened misappropriation ~~may be enjoined of a trade secret.~~ Upon application to the court, an injunction shall be terminated when the trade secret has ceased to exist, but the injunction may be continued for an additional reasonable period of time in order to eliminate commercial advantage that otherwise would be derived from the misappropriation.

(b) In exceptional circumstances, an injunction may condition future use upon payment of a reasonable royalty for no longer than the period of time for which use could have been prohibited. Exceptional circumstances include, ~~but are not limited to,~~ a material and prejudicial change of position prior to acquiring knowledge or reason to know of misappropriation that renders a prohibitive injunction inequitable.

(c) In appropriate circumstances, affirmative acts to protect a trade secret may be compelled by court order.

§ 4603. DAMAGES

(a)(1) Except to the extent that a material and prejudicial change of position prior to acquiring knowledge or reason to know of misappropriation renders a monetary recovery inequitable, a complainant is entitled to recover damages for misappropriation.

(2) Damages can include both the actual loss caused by misappropriation and the unjust enrichment caused by misappropriation that is not taken into account in computing actual loss.

(3) In lieu of damages measured by any other methods, the damages caused by misappropriation may be measured by imposition of liability for a reasonable royalty for a misappropriator's unauthorized disclosure or use of a trade secret.

(4) A court shall award a substantially prevailing party his or her costs and fees, including reasonable attorney's fees, in an action brought pursuant to this chapter.

(b) If malicious misappropriation exists, the court may award punitive damages.

§ 4605. PRESERVATION OF SECRECY

In an action under this chapter, a court shall preserve the secrecy of an alleged trade secret by reasonable means, which may include granting

protective orders in connection with discovery proceedings, holding in-camera hearings, sealing the records of the action, and ordering any person involved in the litigation not to disclose an alleged trade secret without prior court approval.

§ 4607. EFFECT ON OTHER LAW

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, this chapter displaces conflicting tort, restitutionary, and any other law of this ~~state~~ State providing civil remedies for misappropriation of a trade secret.

(b) This chapter does not affect:

(1) contractual remedies, whether or not based upon misappropriation of a trade secret;

(2) other civil remedies that are not based upon misappropriation of a trade secret; or

(3) criminal remedies, whether or not based upon misappropriation of a trade secret.

* * *

* * * Intellectual Property; Businesses and Government Contracting * * *

Sec. 18. 3 V.S.A. § 346 is added to read:

§ 346. STATE CONTRACTING; INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY, SOFTWARE DESIGN, AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

(a) The Secretary of Administration shall include in Administrative Bulletin 3.5 a policy direction applicable to State procurement contracts that include services for the development of software applications, computer coding, or other intellectual property, which would allow the State of Vermont to grant permission to the contractor to use or own the intellectual property created under the contract for the contractor's commercial purposes.

(b) The Secretary may recommend contract provisions that authorize the State to negotiate with a contractor to secure license terms and license fees, royalty rights, or other payment mechanism for the contractor's commercial use of intellectual property developed under a State contract.

(c) If the Secretary authorizes a contractor to own intellectual property developed under a State contract, the Secretary may recommend language to ensure the State retains a perpetual, irrevocable, royalty-free, and fully paid right to continue to use the intellectual property.

* * * Department of Financial Regulation * * *

Sec. 19. SMALL BUSINESS ACCESS TO CAPITAL

(a) Crowdfunding study. The Department of Financial Regulation shall study the opportunities and limitations for crowdfunding to increase access to capital for Vermont's small businesses. On or before January 15, 2015, the Department shall report its findings and recommendations to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs.

(b) Small business issuer education and outreach. On or before January 15, 2015, the Department of Financial Regulation shall conduct at least two educational events to inform the legal, small business, and investor communities and other interested parties, of opportunities for small businesses to access capital in Vermont, including, the Vermont Small Business Offering Exemption regulation and other securities registration exemptions.

(c) Vermont Small Business Offering Exemption. The Commissioner of Financial Regulation shall exercise his or her rulemaking authority under 9 V.S.A. chapter 150 to review and revise the Vermont Small Business Offering Exemption and any other state securities exemptions, specifically including those designed to complement exemptions from federal registration requirements available under Regulation D, in order to recognize and reflect the evolution of capital markets and to ensure that Vermont remains current and competitive in its securities regulations, particularly with respect to access to capital for small businesses.

Sec. 20. STUDY; DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL REGULATION;
LICENSED LENDER REQUIREMENTS; COMMERCIAL LENDERS

On or before January 15, 2015, the Department of Financial Regulation shall solicit public comment on, evaluate, and report to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and to the Senate Committees on Finance and on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs any statutory and regulatory changes to the State's licensed lender requirements that are necessary to open private capital markets and remove unnecessary barriers to business investment in Vermont.

* * * Licensed Lender Requirements; Exemption for De Minimis
Lending Activity * * *

Sec. 21. 8 V.S.A. § 2201 is amended to read:

2201. LICENSES REQUIRED

(a) No person shall without first obtaining a license under this chapter from the ~~commissioner~~ Commissioner:

(1) engage in the business of making loans of money, credit, goods, or things in action and charge, contract for, or receive on any such loan interest, a finance charge, discount, or consideration ~~therefore~~ therefor;

(2) act as a mortgage broker;

(3) engage in the business of a mortgage loan originator; or

(4) act as a sales finance company.

(b) Each licensed mortgage loan originator must register with and maintain a valid unique identifier with the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry and must be either:

(1) an employee actively employed at a licensed location of, and supervised and sponsored by, only one licensed lender or licensed mortgage broker operating in this ~~state~~ State;

(2) an individual sole proprietor who is also a licensed lender or licensed mortgage broker; or

(3) an employee engaged in loan modifications employed at a licensed location of, and supervised and sponsored by, only one third-party loan servicer licensed to operate in this ~~state~~ State pursuant to chapter 85 of this title. ~~For purposes of~~ As used in this subsection, “loan modification” means an adjustment or compromise of an existing residential mortgage loan. The term “loan modification” does not include a refinancing transaction.

(c) A person licensed pursuant to subdivision (a)(1) of this section may engage in mortgage brokerage and sales finance if such person informs the ~~commissioner~~ Commissioner in advance that he or she intends to engage in sales finance and mortgage brokerage. Such person shall inform the ~~commissioner~~ Commissioner of his or her intention on the original license application under section 2202 of this title, any renewal application under section 2209 of this title, or pursuant to section 2208 of this title, and shall pay the applicable fees required by subsection 2202(b) of this title for a mortgage broker license or sales finance company license.

(d) No lender license, mortgage broker license, or sales finance company license shall be required of:

(1) ~~a state~~ State agency, political subdivision, or other public instrumentality of the ~~state~~; State.

(2) ~~a~~ A federal agency or other public instrumentality of the United States;

(3) a A gas or electric utility subject to the jurisdiction of the ~~public service board~~ Public Service Board engaging in energy conservation or safety loans;

(4) a A depository institution or a financial institution as defined in 8 V.S.A. § 11101(32);

(5) a A pawnbroker;

(6) ~~an~~ An insurance company;

(7) a A seller of goods or services that finances the sale of such goods or services, other than a residential mortgage loan;

(8) ~~any~~ Any individual who offers or negotiates the terms of a residential mortgage loan secured by a dwelling that served as the individual's residence, including a vacation home, or inherited property that served as the deceased's dwelling, provided that the individual does not act as a mortgage loan originator or provide financing for such sales so frequently and under such circumstances that it constitutes a habitual activity and acting in a commercial context;

(9) ~~lenders~~ Lenders that conduct their lending activities, other than residential mortgage loan activities, through revolving loan funds, that are nonprofit organizations exempt from taxation under Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. § 501(c), and that register with the ~~commissioner of economic development~~ Commissioner of Economic Development under 10 V.S.A. § 690a;

(10) ~~persons~~ Persons who lend, other than residential mortgage loans, an aggregate of less than \$75,000.00 in any one year at rates of interest of no more than 12 percent per annum;

(11) a A seller who, pursuant to 9 V.S.A. § 2355(f)(1)(D), includes the amount paid or to be paid by the seller to discharge a security interest, lien interest, or lease interest on the traded-in motor vehicle in a motor vehicle retail installment sales contract, provided that the contract is purchased, assigned, or otherwise acquired by a sales finance company licensed pursuant to this title to purchase motor vehicle retail installment sales contracts or a depository institution;

(12)(A) a A person making an unsecured commercial loan, which loan is expressly subordinate to the prior payment of all senior indebtedness of the commercial borrower regardless of whether such senior indebtedness exists at the time of the loan or arises thereafter. The loan may or may not include the right to convert all or a portion of the amount due on the loan to an equity interest in the commercial borrower;

(B) ~~for purposes of~~ As used in this subdivision (12), “senior indebtedness” means:

(i) all indebtedness of the commercial borrower for money borrowed from depository institutions, trust companies, insurance companies, and licensed lenders, and any guarantee thereof; and

(ii) any other indebtedness of the commercial borrower that the lender and the commercial borrower agree shall constitute senior indebtedness;

(13) ~~nonprofit~~ Nonprofit organizations established under testamentary instruments, exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. § 501(c)(3), and which make loans for postsecondary educational costs to students and their parents, provided that the organizations provide annual accountings to the Probate Division of the Superior Court;

(14) ~~any~~ Any individual who offers or negotiates terms of a residential mortgage loan with or on behalf of an immediate family member of the individual;

(15) ~~a~~ A housing finance agency.

(16) A person who makes no more than three mortgage loans in any consecutive three-year period beginning on or after July 1, 2011.

(e) No mortgage loan originator license shall be required of:

(1) Registered mortgage loan originators, when employed by and acting for an entity described in subdivision 2200(22) of this chapter.

(2) Any individual who offers or negotiates terms of a residential mortgage loan with or on behalf of an immediate family member of the individual.

(3) Any individual who offers or negotiates terms of a residential mortgage loan secured by a dwelling that served as the individual’s residence, including a vacation home, or inherited property that served as the deceased’s dwelling, provided that the individual does not act as a mortgage loan originator or provide financing for such sales so frequently and under such circumstances that it constitutes a habitual activity and acting in a commercial context.

(4) An individual who is an employee of a federal, ~~state~~ State, or local government agency, or an employee of a housing finance agency, who acts as a mortgage loan originator only pursuant to his or her official duties as an employee of the federal, ~~state~~ State, or local government agency or housing finance agency.

(5) A licensed attorney who negotiates the terms of a residential mortgage loan on behalf of a client as an ancillary matter to the attorney's representation of the client, unless the attorney is compensated by a lender, a mortgage broker, or other mortgage loan originator or by any agent of such lender, mortgage broker, or other mortgage loan originator. To the extent an attorney licensed in this State undertakes activities that are covered by the definition of a mortgage loan originator, such activities do not constitute engaging in the business of a mortgage loan originator, provided that:

(A) such activities are considered by the State governing body responsible for regulating the practice of law to be part of the authorized practice of law within this State;

(B) such activities are carried out within an attorney-client relationship; and

(C) the attorney carries them out in compliance with all applicable laws, rules, ethics, and standards.

(6) A person who makes no more than three mortgage loans in any consecutive three-year period beginning on or after July 1, 2011.

(f) If a person who offers or negotiates the terms of a mortgage loan is exempt from licensure pursuant to subdivision (d)(16) or (e)(6) of this section, there is a rebuttable presumption that he or she is not engaged in the business of making loans or being a mortgage loan originator.

(g) Independent contractor loan processors or underwriters. A loan processor or underwriter who is an independent contractor may not engage in the activities of a loan processor or underwriter unless such independent contractor loan processor or underwriter obtains and maintains a mortgage loan originator license. Each independent contractor loan processor or underwriter licensed as a mortgage loan originator must have and maintain a valid unique identifier issued by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.

~~(g)~~(h) This chapter shall not apply to commercial loans of \$1,000,000.00 or more.

* * * Vermont State Treasurer; Credit Facilities; 10 Percent for Vermont * * *

Sec. 22. 2013 Acts and Resolves No. 87, Sec. 8 is amended to read:

Sec. 8. INVESTMENT OF STATE MONIES

The Treasurer is hereby authorized to establish a ~~short-term~~ credit facility for the benefit of the Vermont Economic Development Authority in an amount of up to \$10,000,000.00.

Sec. 23. VERMONT STATE TREASURER; CREDIT FACILITY FOR LOCAL INVESTMENTS

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the Vermont State Treasurer shall have the authority to establish a credit facility of up to 10 percent of the State's average cash balance on terms acceptable to the Treasurer consistent with the provisions of the Uniform Prudent Investor Act, 14A V.S.A. chapter 9.

(b) The amount authorized in subsection (a) of this section shall include all credit facilities authorized by the General Assembly and established by the Treasurer prior to or subsequent to the effective date of this section, and the renewal or replacement of those credit facilities.

Sec. 24. TREASURER'S LOCAL INVESTMENT ADVISORY COMMITTEE; REPORT

(a) Creation of committee. The Treasurer's Local Investment Advisory Committee is established to:

(1) advise the Treasurer on funding priorities for credit facilities authorized by current law; and

(2) address other mechanisms to increase local investment.

(b) Membership.

(1) The Committee shall be composed of the following members:

(A) the State Treasurer or designee, who shall serve as Chair of the Committee;

(B) the Commissioner of Financial Regulation or designee;

(C) the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development or designee;

(D) a senior officer of a Vermont bank, who shall be appointed by the Governor;

(E) a member of the public, who shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House;

(F) a member of the public, who shall be appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate;

(G) the executive director of a Vermont nonprofit organization that, as part of its mission, directly lends or services loans or other similar obligations, who shall be appointed by the Governor;

(H) the manager of the Vermont Economic Development Authority or designee;

(I) the executive director of the Vermont Housing Finance Agency or designee;

(J) the President of the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation or designee; and

(K) the executive director of the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank or designee.

(2) The State Treasurer shall be the Chair of the Advisory Committee and shall appoint a vice chair and secretary. The appointed members of the Advisory Committee shall be appointed for terms of six years and shall serve until their successors are appointed and qualified.

(c) Powers and duties. The Advisory Committee shall:

(1) meet regularly to review and make recommendations to the State Treasurer on funding priorities and using other mechanisms to increase local investment in the State of Vermont;

(2) invite regularly State organizations and citizens groups to Advisory Committee meetings to present information on needs for local investment, capital gaps, and proposals for financing; and

(3) consult with constituents and review feedback on changes and needs in the local and State investment and financing environments.

(d) Meetings.

(1) Meetings of the Advisory Committee shall occur at the call of the Treasurer.

(2) A majority of the members of the Advisory Committee who are physically present at the same location or available electronically shall constitute a quorum, and a member may participate and vote electronically.

(3) To be effective, action of the Advisory Committee shall be taken by majority vote of the members at a meeting in which a quorum is present.

(e) Report. On or before January 15, 2015, and annually thereafter, the Advisory Committee shall submit a report to the Senate Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs, on Finance, and on Government Operations and the House Committees on Commerce and Economic Development, on Ways and Means, and on Government Operations. The report shall include the following:

(1) the amount of the subsidies associated with lending through each credit facility authorized by the General Assembly and established by the Treasurer;

(2) a description of the Advisory Committee's activities; and

(3) any information gathered by the Advisory Committee on the State's unmet capital needs, and other opportunities for State support for local investment and the community.

Sec. 25. SUNSET

Secs. 23–24 of this act shall be repealed on July 1, 2015.

Sec. 26. 9 V.S.A. § 2481w is amended to read:

§ 2481w. UNLICENSED LOAN TRANSACTIONS

(a) In this subchapter:

(1) “Financial account” means a checking, savings, share, stored value, prepaid, payroll card, or other depository account.

(2) “Lender” means a person engaged in the business of making loans of money, credit, goods, or things in action and charging, contracting for, or receiving on any such loan interest, a finance charge, a discount, or consideration.

(3) “Process” or “processing” includes printing a check, draft, or other form of negotiable instrument drawn on or debited against a consumer's financial account, formatting or transferring data for use in connection with the debiting of a consumer's financial account by means of such an instrument or an electronic funds transfer, or arranging for such services to be provided to a lender.

(4) “Processor” means a person who engages in processing, as defined in subdivision (3) of this subsection. In this section, “processor” does not include an interbank clearinghouse.

(5) “Interbank clearinghouse” means a person that operates an exchange of automated clearinghouse items, checks, or check images solely between insured depository institutions.

(b) It is an unfair and deceptive act and practice in commerce for a lender directly or through an agent to solicit or make a loan to a consumer by any means unless the lender is in compliance with all provisions of 8 V.S.A. chapter 73 or is otherwise exempt from the requirements of 8 V.S.A. chapter 73.

(c) It is an unfair and deceptive act and practice in commerce for a processor, other than a federally insured depository institution, to process a check, draft, other form of negotiable instrument, or an electronic funds transfer from a consumer's financial account in connection with a loan solicited or made by any means to a consumer unless the lender is in compliance with all provisions of 8 V.S.A. chapter 73 or is otherwise exempt from the requirements of 8 V.S.A. chapter 73.

(d) It is an unfair and deceptive act and practice in commerce for any person, including the lender's financial institution as defined in 8 V.S.A. § 10202(5), but not including the consumer's financial institution as defined in 8 V.S.A. § 10202(5) or an interbank clearinghouse as defined in subsection (a) of this section, to provide substantial assistance to a lender or processor when the person or the person's authorized agent receives notice from a regulatory, law enforcement, or similar governmental authority, or knows from its normal monitoring and compliance systems, or consciously avoids knowing that the lender or processor is in violation of subsection (b) or (c) of this section, or is engaging in an unfair or deceptive act or practice in commerce.

Sec. 27. 30 V.S.A. § 248a is amended to read:

§ 248a. CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC GOOD FOR COMMUNICATIONS FACILITIES

* * *

(b) Definitions. ~~For the purposes of~~ As used in this section:

* * *

(4) "Telecommunications facility" means a communications facility that transmits and receives signals to and from a local, State, national, or international network used primarily for two-way communications for commercial, industrial, municipal, county, or State purposes and any associated support structure that is proposed for construction or installation which is primarily for communications purposes, and any ancillary improvements that are proposed for construction or installation and are primarily intended to serve the communications facilities or support structure. An applicant may seek approval of construction or installation of a telecommunications facility whether or not the telecommunications facility is attached to an existing structure.

(5) "Wireless service" means any commercial mobile radio service, wireless service, common carrier wireless exchange service, cellular service, personal communications service (PCS), specialized mobile radio service, paging service, wireless data service, or public or private radio dispatch service.

* * *

(c) Findings. Before the Public Service Board issues a certificate of public good under this section, it shall find that:

(1) The proposed facility will not have an undue adverse effect on aesthetics, historic sites, air and water purity, the natural environment, and the public health and safety, and the public's use and enjoyment of the I-89 and I-91 scenic corridors or of any highway that has been designated as a scenic road pursuant to 19 V.S.A. § 2501 or a scenic byway pursuant to 23 U.S.C. § 162, with due consideration having been given to the relevant criteria specified in 10 V.S.A. §§ 1424a(d) and 6086(a)(1) through (8) and (9)(K). However, with respect to telecommunications facilities of limited size and scope, the Board shall waive all criteria of this subdivision other than 10 V.S.A. § 6086(a)(1)(D)(floodways) and (a)(8)(aesthetics, scenic beauty, historic sites, rare and irreplaceable natural areas; endangered species; necessary wildlife habitat). Such waiver shall be on condition that:

(A) ~~The~~ the Board may determine, pursuant to the procedures described in subdivision (j)(2)(A) of this section, that a petition raises a significant issue with respect to any criterion of this subdivision; and

(B) ~~A~~ a telecommunications facility of limited size and scope shall comply, at a minimum, with the requirements of the Low Risk Site Handbook for Erosion Prevention and Sediment Control issued by the Department of Environmental Conservation, regardless of any provisions in that handbook that limit its applicability.

(2) Unless there is good cause to find otherwise, substantial deference has been given to the land conservation measures in the plans of the affected municipalities and the recommendations of the municipal legislative bodies and the municipal and regional planning commissions regarding the municipal and regional plans, respectively. Nothing in this section or other provision of law shall prevent a municipal body from basing its recommendations on an ordinance adopted under 24 V.S.A. § 2291(19) or bylaw adopted under 24 V.S.A. chapter 117 by the municipality in which the facility is located. A rebuttable presumption respecting compliance with the applicable plan shall be created by a letter from an affected municipal legislative body or municipal planning commission concerning compliance with the municipal plan and by a letter from a regional planning commission concerning compliance with the regional plan.

(3) If the proposed facility relates to the provision of wireless service, the proposed facility reasonably cannot be collocated on or at an existing telecommunications facility, or such collocation would cause an undue adverse effect on aesthetics.

* * *

(e) Notice. No less than 45 days prior to filing an application for a certificate of public good under this section, the applicant shall serve written notice of an application to be filed with the Board pursuant to this section to the legislative bodies and municipal and regional planning commissions in the communities in which the applicant proposes to construct or install facilities; the Secretary of Natural Resources; the Secretary of Transportation; the Division for Historic Preservation; the Commissioner of Public Service and its Director for Public Advocacy; the Natural Resources Board if the application concerns a telecommunications facility for which a permit previously has been issued under 10 V.S.A. chapter 151; and the landowners of record of property adjoining the project sites. In addition, at least one copy of each application shall be filed with each of these municipal and regional planning commissions.

(1) Upon motion or otherwise, the Public Service Board shall direct that further public or personal notice be provided if the Board finds that such further notice will not unduly delay consideration of the merits and that additional notice is necessary for fair consideration of the application.

(2) On the request of the municipal legislative body or the planning commission, the applicant shall attend a public meeting with the municipal legislative body or planning commission, or both, within the 45-day notice period before filing an application for a certificate of public good. The Department of Public Service shall attend the public meeting on the request of the municipality. The Department shall consider the comments made and information obtained at the meeting in making recommendations to the Board on the application and in determining whether to retain additional personnel under subsection (o) of this section.

* * *

(i) Sunset of Board authority. Effective on July 1, 2014 2017, no new applications for certificates of public good under this section may be considered by the Board.

* * *

(m) Municipal bodies; participation. The legislative body and the planning commission for the municipality in which a telecommunications facility is located shall have the right to appear and participate on any application under this section seeking a certificate of public good for the facility.

(n) Municipal recommendations. The Board shall consider the comments and recommendations submitted by the municipal legislative body and planning commission. The Board's decision to issue or deny a certificate of public good shall include a detailed written response to each recommendation of the municipal legislative body and planning commission.

(o) Retention; experts. The Department of Public Service may retain experts and other personnel as identified in section 20 of this title to provide information essential to a full consideration of an application for a certificate of public good under this section. The Department may allocate the expenses incurred in retaining these personnel to the applicant in accordance with section 21 of this title. The Department may commence retention of these personnel once the applicant has filed the 45-day notice under subsection (e) of this section. A municipal legislative body or planning commission may request that the Department retain these personnel. Granting such a request shall not oblige the Department or the personnel it retains to agree with the position of the municipality.

(p) Review process; guide. The Department of Public Service, in consultation with the Board, shall create, maintain, and make available to the public a guide to the process of reviewing telecommunications facilities under this section for use by local governments and regional planning commissions and members of the public who seek to participate in the process. On or before September 1, 2014, the Department shall complete the creation of this guide and make it publically available.

Sec. 28. PUBLIC SERVICE BOARD; ORDER REVISION

The Public Service Board (the Board) shall define the terms "good cause" and "substantial deference" for the purpose of 30 V.S.A. § 248a(c)(2) in accordance with the following process:

(1) Within 30 days of the effective date of this section, the Board shall provide direct notice to each municipal legislative body and planning commission, the Vermont League of Cities and Towns, the Department of Public Service, and such other persons as the Board considers appropriate, that it will be amending its procedures order issued under 30 V.S.A. § 248a(1) to include definitions of these terms. The notice shall provide an opportunity for submission of comments and recommendations and include the date and time of the workshop to be held.

(2) Within 60 days of giving notice under subdivision (1) of this section, the Board shall amend its procedures order to include definitions of these terms.

Sec. 29. REPORT; TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY REVIEW PROCESS

On or before October 1, 2015, the Department of Public Service shall submit to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Finance a report assessing the telecommunications facility review process under 30 V.S.A. § 248a. The report shall include the number of applications for the construction or installation of telecommunications facilities filed with the Board, the number of applications for which a certificate of public good was granted, the number of applications for which notice was filed but were then withdrawn, and the number of times the Department used its authority under 30 V.S.A. § 248(o) to allocate expenses incurred in retaining expert personnel to the applicant, during the year ending August 31, 2015.

Sec. 30. 10 V.S.A. § 1264(j) is amended to read:

(j) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if an application to discharge stormwater runoff pertains to a telecommunications facility as defined in 30 V.S.A. § 248a and is filed before July 1, ~~2014~~ 2017 and the discharge will be to a water that is not principally impaired by stormwater runoff:

(1) The Secretary shall issue a decision on the application within 40 days of the date the Secretary determines the application to be complete, if the application seeks authorization under a general permit.

(2) The Secretary shall issue a decision on the application within 60 days of the date the Secretary determines the application to be complete, if the application seeks or requires authorization under an individual permit.

Sec. 31. 10 V.S.A. § 8506 is amended to read:

§ 8506. RENEWABLE ENERGY PLANT; TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY; APPEALS

(a) Within 30 days of the date of the act or decision, any person aggrieved by an act or decision of the ~~secretary~~ Secretary, under the provisions of law listed in section 8503 of this title, or any party by right may appeal to the ~~public service board~~ Public Service Board if the act or decision concerns a renewable energy plant for which a certificate of public good is required under 30 V.S.A. § 248 or a telecommunications facility for which the applicant has applied or has served notice under 30 V.S.A. § 248a(e) that it will apply for approval under 30 V.S.A. § 248a. This section shall not apply to a facility that is subject to section 1004 (dams before the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission) or 1006 (certification of hydroelectric projects) or chapter 43 (dams) of this title. This section shall not apply to an appeal of an act or

decision of the secretary regarding a telecommunications facility made on or after July 1, ~~2014~~ 2017.

* * *

Sec. 32. REPEAL

2011 Acts and Resolves No. 53, Sec. 14d (repeal of limitations on municipal bylaws; municipal ordinances; wireless telecommunications facilities) is repealed.

Sec. 33. 3 V.S.A. § 2809 is amended to read:

§ 2809. REIMBURSEMENT OF AGENCY COSTS

(a)(1) The Secretary may require an applicant for a permit, license, certification, or order issued under a program that the Secretary enforces under 10 V.S.A. § 8003(a) to pay for the cost of research, scientific, programmatic, or engineering expertise provided by the Agency of Natural Resources, provided that the following apply:

(A) ~~the~~ The Secretary does not have such expertise or services and such expertise is required for the processing of the application for the permit, license, certification, or order; ~~or.~~

(B) ~~the~~ The Secretary does have such expertise but has made a determination that it is beyond the ~~agency's~~ Agency's internal capacity to effectively utilize that expertise to process the application for the permit, license, certification, or order. In addition, the Secretary shall determine that such expertise is required for the processing of the application for the permit, license, certification, or order.

(2) The Secretary may require an applicant under 10 V.S.A. chapter 151 to pay for the time of Agency of Natural Resources personnel providing research, scientific, or engineering services or for the cost of expert witnesses when ~~agency~~ Agency personnel or expert witnesses are required for the processing of the permit application.

(3) In addition to the authority set forth under 10 V.S.A. chapters 59 and 159 and § section 1283, the Secretary may require a person who caused the ~~agency~~ Agency to incur expenditures or a person in violation of a permit, license, certification, or order issued by the Secretary to pay for the time of ~~agency~~ Agency personnel or the cost of other research, scientific, or engineering services incurred by the ~~agency~~ Agency in response to a threat to public health or the environment presented by an emergency or exigent circumstance.

* * *

(g) Concerning an application for a permit to discharge stormwater runoff from a telecommunications facility as defined in 30 V.S.A. § 248a that is filed before July 1, ~~2014~~2017:

(1) Under subdivision (a)(1) of this section, the ~~agency~~ Agency shall not require an applicant to pay more than \$10,000.00 with respect to a facility.

(2) The provisions of subsection (c) (mandatory meeting) of this section shall not apply.

Sec. 34. JFO ACCD DEMOGRAPHIC STUDY

The Agency of Commerce and Community Development, with consultation and review by the legislative economist and the Joint Fiscal Office, shall conduct an economic impact analysis, including study of demographic and infrastructure impacts associated with recently announced development projects in the Northeast Kingdom of Vermont, and shall submit its findings to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development, the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs, and the Joint Fiscal Committee on or before December 1, 2014.

* * * Tourism Funding; Study * * *

Sec. 35. TOURISM FUNDING; PILOT PROJECT STUDY

On or before January 15, 2015, the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development shall submit to the House Committees on Appropriations and on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs a report that analyzes the results of the performance-based funding pilot project for the Department of Tourism and Marketing and recommends appropriate legislative or administrative changes to the funding mechanism for tourism and marketing programs.

* * * Land Use; Housing; Industrial Development * * *

Sec. 36. 10 V.S.A. chapter 12 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 12. VERMONT ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

* * *

§ 212. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

(6) “Eligible facility” or “eligible project” means any industrial, commercial, or agricultural enterprise or endeavor approved by the authority that meets the criteria established in the Vermont Sustainable Jobs Strategy

adopted by the Governor under section 280b of this title, including land and rights in land, air, or water, buildings, structures, machinery, and equipment of such eligible facilities or eligible projects, except that an eligible facility or project shall not include the portion of an enterprise or endeavor relating to the sale of goods at retail where such goods are manufactured primarily out of state, and except further that an eligible facility or project shall not include the portion of an enterprise or endeavor relating to housing. Such enterprises or endeavors may include:

* * *

(M) Sustainably Priced Energy Enterprise Development (SPEED) resources, as defined in 30 V.S.A. § 8002; ~~or~~

(N) any combination of the foregoing activities, uses, or purposes. An eligible facility may include structures, appurtenances incidental to the foregoing such as utility lines, storage accommodations, offices, dependent care facilities, or transportation facilities; or

(O) industrial park planning, development, or improvement.

* * *

§ 261. ADDITIONAL POWERS

In addition to powers enumerated elsewhere in this chapter, the authority may:

* * *

(6) provide loans and assistance under this subchapter for the planning, development, or improvement of an industrial park or an eligible project within an industrial park.

Sec. 37. 10 V.S.A. § 6001(35) is added to read:

(35) “Industrial park” means an area of land permitted under this chapter that is planned, designed, and zoned as a location for one or more industrial buildings, that includes adequate access roads, utilities, water, sewer, and other services necessary for the uses of the industrial buildings, and includes no retail use except that which is incidental to an industrial use, and no office use except that which is incidental or secondary to an industrial use.

Sec. 38. REVIEW OF MASTER PLAN POLICY

On or before January 1, 2015, the Natural Resources Board shall review its master plan policy and commence the policy’s adoption as a rule. The proposed rule shall include provisions for efficient master plan permitting and master plan permit amendments for industrial parks. The Board shall consult with affected parties when developing the proposed rule.

* * * Primary Agricultural Soils; Industrial Parks * * *

Sec. 39. 10 V.S.A. § 6093(a)(4) is amended to read:

(4) Industrial parks.

(A) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, a conversion of primary agricultural soils located in an industrial park ~~as defined in subdivision 212(7) of this title and~~ permitted under this chapter and in existence as of January 1, 2006, shall be allowed to pay a mitigation fee computed according to the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, except that it shall be entitled to a ratio of 1:1, protected acres to acres of affected primary agricultural soil. If an industrial park is developed to the fullest extent before any expansion, this ratio shall apply to any contiguous expansion of such an industrial park that totals no more than 25 percent of the area of the park or no more than 10 acres, whichever is larger; provided any expansion based on percentage does not exceed 50 acres. Any expansion larger than that described in this subdivision shall be subject to the mitigation provisions of this subsection at ratios that depend upon the location of the expansion.

(B) In any application to a ~~district commission for expansion of~~ District Commission to amend a permit for an existing industrial park, compact development patterns shall be encouraged that assure the most efficient and full use of land and the realization of maximum economic development potential through appropriate densities shall be allowed consistent with all applicable criteria of subsection 6086(a) of this title. Industrial park expansions and industrial park infill shall not be subject to requirements established in subdivision 6086(a)(9)(B)(iii) of this title, nor to requirements established in subdivision 6086(a)(9)(C)(iii).

* * * Affordable Housing * * *

Sec. 40. 10 V.S.A. § 6001 is amended to read:

§ 6001. DEFINITIONS

In this chapter:

* * *

(3)(A) “Development” means each of the following:

* * *

(iv) The construction of housing projects such as cooperatives, condominiums, or dwellings, or construction or maintenance of mobile homes or ~~trailer~~ mobile home parks, with 10 or more units, constructed or maintained on a tract or tracts of land, owned or controlled by a person, within a radius of

five miles of any point on any involved land, and within any continuous period of five years. However:

(I) A priority housing project shall constitute a development under this subdivision (iv) only if the number of housing units in the project is:

(aa) 275 or more, in a municipality with a population of 15,000 or more;

(bb) 150 or more, in a municipality with a population of 10,000 or more but less than 15,000;

(cc) 75 or more, in a municipality with a population of 6,000 or more but less than 10,000.

(dd) 50 or more, in a municipality with a population of 3,000 or more but less than 6,000;

(ee) 25 or more, in a municipality with a population of less than 3,000; and

(ff) notwithstanding subdivisions (aa) through (ee) of this subdivision (iv)(I), 10 or more if the construction involves the demolition of one or more buildings that are listed on or eligible to be listed on the State or National Register of Historic Places. However, demolition shall not be considered to create jurisdiction under this subdivision if the Division for Historic Preservation has determined the proposed demolition will have no adverse effect; no adverse effect provided that specified conditions are met; or will have an adverse effect but that adverse effect will be adequately mitigated. Any imposed conditions shall be enforceable through a grant condition, deed covenant, or other legally binding document.

(II) The determination of jurisdiction over a priority housing project shall count only the housing units included in that discrete project.

(III) Housing units in a priority housing project shall not count toward determining jurisdiction over any other project.

* * *

~~(B)(i) Smart Growth Jurisdictional Thresholds. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (3)(A) of this section, if a project consists exclusively of mixed income housing or mixed use, or any combination thereof, and is located entirely within a growth center designated pursuant to 24 V.S.A. 2793c or entirely within a downtown development district designated pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 2793, “development” means:~~

~~(I) Construction of mixed income housing with 200 or more housing units or a mixed use project with 200 or more housing units, in a municipality with a population of 15,000 or more.~~

~~(II) Construction of mixed income housing with 100 or more housing units or a mixed use project with 100 or more housing units, in a municipality with a population of 10,000 or more but less than 15,000.~~

~~(III) Construction of mixed income housing with 50 or more housing units or a mixed use project with 50 or more housing units, in a municipality with a population of 6,000 or more and less than 10,000.~~

~~(IV) Construction of mixed income housing with 30 or more housing units or a mixed use project with 30 or more housing units, in a municipality with a population of 3,000 or more but less than 6,000.~~

~~(V) Construction of mixed income housing with 25 or more housing units or a mixed use project with 25 or more housing units, in a municipality with a population of less than 3,000.~~

~~(VI) Historic Buildings. Construction of 10 or more units of mixed income housing or a mixed use project with 10 or more housing units where the construction involves the demolition of one or more buildings that are listed on or eligible to be listed on the State or National Register of Historic Places. However, demolition shall not be considered to create jurisdiction under this subdivision if the Division for Historic Preservation has determined the proposed demolition will have: no adverse effect; no adverse effect provided that specified conditions are met; or, will have an adverse effect, but that adverse effect will be adequately mitigated. Any imposed conditions shall be enforceable through a grant condition, deed covenant, or other legally binding document.~~

~~(ii) Mixed Income Housing Jurisdictional Thresholds. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (3)(A) of this section, if a project consists exclusively of mixed income housing and is located entirely within a Vermont neighborhood designated pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 2793d or a neighborhood development area as defined in 24 V.S.A. § 2791(16); “development” means:~~

~~(I) Construction of mixed income housing with 200 or more housing units, in a municipality with a population of 15,000 or more.~~

~~(II) Construction of mixed income housing with 100 or more housing units, in a municipality with a population of 10,000 or more but less than 15,000.~~

~~(III) Construction of mixed income housing with 50 or more housing units, in a municipality with a population of 6,000 or more and less than 10,000.~~

~~(IV) Construction of mixed income housing with 30 or more housing units, in a municipality with a population of 3,000 or more but less than 6,000.~~

~~(V) Construction of mixed income housing with 25 or more housing units, in a municipality with a population of less than 3,000.~~

~~(VI) Historic Buildings. Construction of 10 or more units of mixed income housing where the construction involves the demolition of one or more buildings that are listed on or eligible to be listed on the State or National Register of Historic Places. However, demolition shall not be considered to create jurisdiction under this subdivision if the Division for Historic Preservation has determined the proposed demolition will have: no adverse effect; no adverse effect provided that specified conditions are met; or will have an adverse effect, but that adverse effect will be adequately mitigated. Any imposed conditions shall be enforceable through a grant condition, deed covenant, or other legally binding document. [Repealed.]~~

(C) For the purposes of determining jurisdiction under subdivisions subdivision (3)(A) and (3)(B) of this section, the following shall apply:

~~(i) Incentive for Growth Inside Designated Areas. Notwithstanding subdivision (3)(A)(iv) of this section, housing units constructed by a person partially or completely outside a designated downtown development district, designated growth center, designated Vermont neighborhood, or designated neighborhood development area shall not be counted to determine jurisdiction over housing units constructed by that person entirely within a designated downtown development district, designated growth center, designated Vermont neighborhood, or designated neighborhood development area. [Repealed.]~~

~~(ii) Five Year, Five Mile Radius Jurisdiction Analysis. Within any continuous period of five years, housing units constructed by a person entirely within a designated downtown district, designated growth center, designated Vermont neighborhood, or designated neighborhood development area shall be counted together with housing units constructed by that person partially or completely outside a designated downtown development district, designated growth center, designated Vermont neighborhood, or designated neighborhood development area to determine jurisdiction over the housing units constructed by a person partially or completely outside the designated downtown development district, designated growth center, designated Vermont neighborhood, or designated neighborhood development area and within a~~

~~five-mile radius in accordance with subdivision (3)(A)(iv) of this section. [Repealed.]~~

~~(iii) Discrete Housing Projects in Designated Areas and Exclusive Counting for Housing Units. Notwithstanding subdivisions (3)(A)(iv) and (19) of this section, jurisdiction shall be determined exclusively by counting housing units constructed by a person within a designated downtown development district, designated growth center, designated Vermont neighborhood, or designated neighborhood development area, provided that the housing units are part of a discrete project located on a single tract or multiple contiguous tracts of land. [Repealed.]~~

* * *

(27) “Mixed income housing” means a housing project in which the following apply:

(A) Owner-occupied housing. At the option of the applicant, owner-occupied housing may be characterized by either of the following:

(i) at least 15 percent of the housing units have a purchase price which at the time of first sale does not exceed 85 percent of the new construction, targeted area purchase price limits established and published annually by the Vermont Housing Finance Agency; or

(ii) at least 20 percent of the housing units have a purchase price which at the time of first sale does not exceed 90 percent of the new construction, targeted area purchase price limits established and published annually by the Vermont Housing Finance Agency;

(B) ~~Affordable~~ Rental Housing. At least 20 percent of the housing units that is are rented by the occupants whose gross annual household income does not exceed 60 percent of the county median income, or 60 percent of the standard metropolitan statistical area income if the municipality is located in such an area, as defined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development for use with the Housing Credit Program under Section 42(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the total annual cost of the housing, as defined at Section 42(g)(2)(B), is not more than 30 percent of the gross annual household income as defined at Section 42(g)(2)(C), and with constitute affordable housing and have a duration of affordability of no less than ~~30~~ 20 years.

(28) “Mixed use” means construction of both mixed income housing and construction of space for any combination of retail, office, services, artisan, and recreational and community facilities, provided at least 40 percent of the gross floor area of the buildings involved is mixed income housing. “Mixed use” does not include industrial use.

(29) “Affordable housing” means either of the following:

(A) Housing that is owned by its occupants whose gross annual household income does not exceed 80 percent of the county median income, or 80 percent of the standard metropolitan statistical area income if the municipality is located in such an area, as defined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, and the total annual cost of the housing, including principal, interest, taxes, insurance, and condominium association fees, is not more than 30 percent of the gross annual household income.

(B) Housing that is rented by the occupants whose gross annual household income does not exceed 80 percent of the county median income, or 80 percent of the standard metropolitan statistical area income if the municipality is located in such an area, as defined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, and the total annual cost of the housing, including rent, utilities, and condominium association fees, is not more than 30 percent of the gross annual household income.

* * *

(36) “Priority housing project” means a discrete project located on a single tract or multiple contiguous tracts of land that consists exclusively of:

(A) mixed income housing or mixed use, or any combination thereof, and is located entirely within a designated downtown development district, designated growth center, or designated village center that is also a designated neighborhood development area under 24 V.S.A. chapter 76A; or

(B) mixed income housing and is located entirely within a designated Vermont neighborhood or designated neighborhood development area under 24 V.S.A. chapter 76A.

* * *

* * * Workforce Education and Training * * *

Sec. 41. 10 V.S.A. chapter 22A is amended to read:

CHAPTER 22A. WORKFORCE EDUCATION AND TRAINING

§ 540. WORKFORCE EDUCATION AND TRAINING LEADER

The Commissioner of Labor shall be the leader of workforce education and training in the State, and shall have the authority and responsibility for the coordination of workforce education and training within State government, including the following duties:

(1) perform the following duties in consultation with the State Workforce Investment Board:

(A) advise the Governor on the establishment of an integrated system of workforce education and training for Vermont;

(B) create and maintain an inventory of all existing workforce education and training programs and activities in the State;

(C) use data to ensure that State workforce education and training activities are aligned with the needs of the available workforce, the current and future job opportunities in the State, and the specific credentials needed to achieve employment in those jobs;

(D) develop a State plan, as required by federal law, to ensure that workforce education and training programs and activities in the State serve Vermont citizens and businesses to the maximum extent possible;

(E) ensure coordination and non-duplication of workforce education and training activities;

(F) identify best practices and gaps in the delivery of workforce education and training programs;

(G) design and implement criteria and performance measures for workforce education and training activities; and

(H) establish goals for the integrated workforce education and training system.

(2) Require from each business, training provider, or program that receives State funding to conduct workforce education and training a report that evaluates the results of the training. Each recipient shall submit its report on a schedule determined by the Commissioner and shall include at least the following information:

(A) name of the person who receives funding;

(B) amount of funding;

(C) activities and training provided;

(D) number of trainees and their general description;

(E) employment status of trainees; and

(F) future needs for resources.

(3) Review reports submitted by each recipient of workforce education and training funding.

(4) Issue an annual report to the Governor and the General Assembly on or before December 1 that includes a systematic evaluation of the accomplishments of the State workforce investment system and the performance of participating agencies and institutions.

(5) Coordinate public and private workforce programs to assure that information is easily accessible to students, employees, and employers, and that all information and necessary counseling is available through one contact.

(6) Facilitate effective communication between the business community and public and private educational institutions.

§ 541. WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT COUNCIL; STATE WORKFORCE INVESTMENT BOARD; MEMBERS, TERMS

~~(a) The Workforce education and training Council is created as the successor to and the continuation of the Governor's Human Resources Investment Council and shall be the State Workforce Investment Board under Public Law 105-220, the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, and any reauthorization of that act. The Council shall consist of the members required under the federal act and the following: the President of the University of Vermont or designee; the Chancellor of the Vermont State Colleges or designee; the President of the Vermont Student Assistance corporation or designee; the President of the Association of Vermont Independent Colleges or designee; a representative of the Abenaki Self Help Organization; at least two representatives of labor appointed by the Governor in addition to the two required under the federal act, who shall be chosen from a list of names submitted by Vermont AFL CIO, Vermont NEA, and the Vermont State Employees Association; one representative of the low income community appointed by the Governor; two members of the Senate appointed by the Senate Committee on Committees; and two members of the house appointed by the speaker. In addition, the Governor shall appoint enough other members who are representatives of business or employers so that one half plus one of the members of the council are representatives of business or employers. At least one third of those appointed by the Governor as representatives of business or employers shall be chosen from a list of names submitted by the regional technical centers. As used in this section, "representative of business" means a business owner, a chief executive operating officer, or other business executive, and "employer" means an individual with policy making or hiring authority, including a public school superintendent or school board member and representatives from the nonprofit, social services, and health sectors of the economy. If there is a dispute as to who is to represent an interest as required under the federal law, the Governor shall decide who shall be the member of the Council.~~

~~(b) Appointed members, except legislative appointees, shall be appointed for three year terms and serve at the pleasure of the Governor.~~

~~(c) A vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term in the same manner as the initial appointment.~~

~~(d) The Governor shall appoint one of the business or employer members to chair the council for a term of two years. A member shall not serve more than three consecutive terms as chair.~~

~~(e) Legislative members shall be entitled to compensation and expenses as provided in 2 V.S.A. § 406, and other members shall be entitled to compensation and expenses as provided in 32 V.S.A. § 1010.~~

~~(f) The Department of Labor shall provide the Council with administrative support.~~

~~(g) The Workforce education and training Council shall be subject to 1 V.S.A. chapter 5, subchapters 2 and 3, relating to public meetings and access to public records.~~

~~(h) [Repealed.]~~

~~(i) The Workforce education and training Council shall:~~

~~(1) Advise the Governor on the establishment of an integrated network of workforce education and training for Vermont.~~

~~(2) Coordinate planning and services for an integrated network of workforce education and training and oversee its implementation at State and regional levels.~~

~~(3) Establish goals for and coordinate the State's workforce education and training policies.~~

~~(4) Speak for the workforce needs of employers.~~

~~(5) Negotiate memoranda of understanding between the Council and agencies and institutions involved in Vermont's integrated network of workforce education and training in order to ensure that each is working to achieve annual objectives developed by the Council.~~

~~(6) Carry out the duties assigned to the State Workforce Investment Board, as required for a single service delivery state, under P.L. 105-220, the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, and any amendments that may be made to it. [Repealed.]~~

§ 541a. STATE WORKFORCE INVESTMENT BOARD

(a) Board established; duties. Pursuant to the requirements of 29 U.S.C. § 2821, the Governor shall establish a State Workforce Investment Board to assist the Governor in the execution of his or her duties under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 and to assist the Commissioner of Labor as specified in section 540 of this title.

(b) Additional duties; planning; process. In order to inform its decision-making and to provide effective assistance under subsection (a) of this section, the Board shall:

(1) conduct an ongoing public engagement process throughout the State at which Vermonters have the opportunity to provide feedback and information concerning their workforce education and training needs; and

(2) maintain familiarity with the federal Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CEDS) and other economic development planning processes, and coordinate workforce and education activities in the State, including the development and implementation of the state plan required under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, with economic development planning processes occurring in the State, as appropriate.

(c) Membership. The Board shall consist of the Governor and the following members who are appointed by the Governor and serve at his or her pleasure, unless otherwise indicated:

(1) two Members of the Vermont House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House;

(2) two Members of the Vermont Senate appointed by the Senate Committee on Committees;

(3) the President of the University of Vermont or designee;

(4) the Chancellor of the Vermont State Colleges or designee;

(5) the President of the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation or designee;

(6) a representative of an independent Vermont college or university;

(7) the Secretary of Education or designee;

(8) a director of a regional technical center;

(9) a principal of a Vermont high school;

(10) two representatives of labor organizations who have been nominated by State labor federations;

(11) two representatives of individuals and organizations who have experience with respect to youth activities, as defined in 29 U.S.C. § 2801(52);

(12) two representatives of individuals and organizations who have experience in the delivery of workforce investment activities, as defined in 29 U.S.C. § 2801(51);

(13) the lead State agency officials with responsibility for the programs and activities carried out by one-stop partners, as described in 29 U.S.C. § 2841(b), or if no official has that responsibility, a representative in the State with expertise relating to these programs and activities;

(14) the Commissioner of Economic Development;

(15) the Commissioner of Labor;

(16) the Secretary of Human Services or designee;

(17) two individuals who have experience in, and can speak for, the training needs of underemployed and unemployed Vermonters; and

(18) a number of appointees sufficient to constitute a majority of the Board who:

(A) are owners, chief executives, or operating officers of businesses, and other business executives or employers with optimum policymaking or hiring authority;

(B) represent businesses with employment opportunities that reflect the employment opportunities of the State; and

(C) are appointed from among individuals nominated by State business organizations and business trade associations.

(d) Operation of Board.

(1) Member representation.

(A) Members of the State Board who represent organizations, agencies, or other entities shall be individuals with optimum policymaking authority within the organizations, agencies, or entities.

(B) The members of the Board shall represent diverse regions of the State, including urban, rural, and suburban areas.

(2) Chair. The Governor shall select a chair for the Board from among the business representatives appointed pursuant to subdivision (c)(18) of this section.

(3) Meetings. The Board shall meet at least three times annually and shall hold additional meetings upon call of the Chair.

(4) Work groups; task forces. The Chair, in consultation with the Commissioner of Labor, may:

(A) assign one or more members to work groups to carry out the work of the Board; and

(B) appoint one or more members of the Board, or nonmembers of the Board, or both, to one or more task forces for a discrete purpose and duration.

(5) Quorum; meetings; voting.

(A) A majority of the sitting members of the Board shall constitute a quorum, and to be valid any action taken by the Board shall be authorized by a majority of the members present and voting at any regular or special meeting at which a quorum is present.

(B) The Board may permit one or more members to participate in a regular or special meeting by, or conduct the meeting through the use of, any means of communication, including an electronic, telecommunications, and video- or audio-conferencing conference telephone call, by which all members participating may simultaneously or sequentially communicate with each other during the meeting. A member participating in a meeting by this means is deemed to be present in person at the meeting.

(C) The Board shall deliver electronically the minutes for each of its meetings to each member of the Board and to the Chairs of the House Committees on Education and on Commerce and Economic Development, and to the Senate Committees on Education and on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs.

(6) Reimbursement.

(A) Legislative members of the Board shall be entitled to compensation and expenses as provided in 2 V.S.A. § 406.

(B) Unless otherwise compensated by his or her employer for performance of his or her duties on the Board, a nonlegislative member of the Board shall be eligible for per diem compensation of \$50.00 per day for attendance at a meeting of the Board, and for reimbursement of his or her necessary expenses, which shall be paid by the Department of Labor solely from funds available for that purpose under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998.

(7) Conflict of interest. A member of the Board shall not:

(A) vote on a matter under consideration by the Board:

(i) regarding the provision of services by the member, or by an entity that the member represents; or

(ii) that would provide direct financial benefit to the member or the immediate family of the member; or

(B) engage in any activity that the Governor determines constitutes a conflict of interest as specified in the State Plan required under 29 U.S.C. § 2822.

(8) Sunshine provision. The Board shall make available to the public, on a regular basis through open meetings, information regarding the activities of the Board, including information regarding the State Plan adopted pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 2822 and prior to submission of the State Plan to the U.S. Secretary of Labor, information regarding membership, and, on request, minutes of formal meetings of the Board.

§ 541b. WORKFORCE EDUCATION AND TRAINING; DUTIES OF OTHER STATE AGENCIES, DEPARTMENTS, AND PRIVATE PARTNERS

(a) To ensure the Workforce Investment Board and the Commissioner of Labor are able to fully perform their duties under this chapter, each agency and department within State government, and each person who receives funding from the State, shall comply within a reasonable period of time with a request for data and information made by the Board or the Commissioner in furtherance of their duties under this chapter.

(b) The Agency of Commerce and Community Development shall coordinate its work in adopting a statewide economic development plan with the activities of the Board and the Commissioner of Labor, including the development and implementation of the state plan for workforce education and training required under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998.

§ 542. REGIONAL WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION AND TRAINING

(a) The Commissioner of Labor, in coordination with the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development, and in consultation with the Workforce ~~education and training Council~~ Investment Board, is authorized to issue performance grants to one or more persons to perform workforce education and training activities in a region.

(b) Each grant shall specify the scope of the workforce education and training activities to be performed and the geographic region to be served, and shall include outcomes and measures to evaluate the grantee's performance.

(c) The Commissioner of Labor and the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development shall jointly develop a grant process and eligibility criteria, as well as an outreach process for notifying potential participants of the grant program. The Commissioner of Labor shall have final authority to approve each grant.

§ 543. WORKFORCE EDUCATION AND TRAINING FUND; GRANT PROGRAMS

(a) Creation. There is created a Workforce Education and Training Fund in the ~~department of labor~~ Department of Labor to be managed in accordance with 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5.

(b) Purposes. The Fund shall be used exclusively for the following ~~two~~ purposes:

(1) training ~~to improve the skills of~~ for Vermont workers, including those who are unemployed, underemployed, or in transition from one job or career to another; and

(2) internships to provide students with work-based learning opportunities with Vermont employers; and

(3) apprenticeship-related instruction.

(c) Administrative Support. Administrative support for the grant award process shall be provided by the ~~Departments~~ Department of Labor and of Economic Development. Technical, ~~administrative, financial, and other~~ support shall be provided whenever appropriate and reasonable by the Workforce ~~Development Council~~ Investment Board and all other public entities involved in ~~Economic Development, workforce development and training, and education~~ economic development and workforce education and training.

(d) Eligible Activities. Awards from the Fund shall be made to employers and entities that offer programs that require collaboration between employees and businesses, including private, public, and nonprofit entities, institutions of higher education, high schools, technical centers, and workforce education and training programs. Funding shall be for training programs and student internship programs that offer education, training, apprenticeship, mentoring, or work-based learning activities, or any combination; that employ innovative intensive student-oriented competency-based or collaborative approaches to workforce education and training; and that link workforce education and economic development strategies. Training programs or projects that demonstrate actual increased income and economic opportunity for employees and employers may be funded for more than one year. Student internships and training programs that involve the same employer may be funded multiple times, provided that new students participate.

(e) ~~Award Criteria and Process. The Workforce education and training Council, in consultation with the Commissioners of Labor and of Economic Development and the Secretary of Education, shall develop criteria consistent with subsection (d) of this section for making awards under this section. The~~

~~Commissioners of Labor and of Economic Development and the Secretary of Education, shall develop a process for making awards. [Repealed].~~

(f) Awards. ~~Based on guidelines set by the council, the~~ The Commissioner of labor, and the Secretary of Education Labor, in consultation with the Workforce Investment Board, shall jointly develop award criteria and may make awards to the following:

(1) Training Programs.

~~(A) Public, private, and nonprofit entities for existing or new innovative training programs. Awards may be made to programs that retrain incumbent workers that enhance the skills of Vermont workers and:~~

(i) train workers for trades or occupations that are expected to lead to jobs paying at least 200 percent of the current minimum wage or at least 150 percent if benefits are included; this requirement may be waived when warranted based on regional or occupational wages or economic reality;

(ii) do not duplicate, supplant, or replace other available programs funded with public money;

(iii) articulate clear goals and demonstrate readily accountable, reportable, and measurable results; and

(iv) demonstrate an integrated connection between training and specific new or continuing employment opportunities.

~~(B) Awards under this subdivision shall be made to programs or projects that do all the following:~~

~~(A)(i) offer innovative programs of intensive, student-centric, competency-based education, training, apprenticeship, mentoring, or any combination of these;~~

~~(B)(ii) address the needs of workers who are unemployed, underemployed, or are at risk of becoming unemployed due to changing workplace demands by increasing productivity and developing new skills for incumbent workers; or~~

~~(iii) in the discretion of the Commissioner, otherwise serve the purposes of this chapter.~~

~~(C) train workers for trades or occupations that are expected to lead to jobs paying at least 200 percent of the current minimum wage or at least 150 percent if benefits are included; this requirement may be waived when warranted based on regional or occupational wages or economic reality;~~

~~(D) do not duplicate, supplant, or replace other available programs funded with public money;~~

~~(E) articulate clear goals and demonstrate readily accountable, reportable, and measurable results;~~

~~(F) demonstrate an integrated connection between training and specific employment opportunities, including an effort and consideration by participating employers to hire those who successfully complete a training program; and~~

(2) Vermont Career Internship Program. Funding for eligible internship programs and activities under the Vermont Career Internship Program established in section 544 of this title.

(3) Apprenticeship Program. The Vermont Apprenticeship Program established under 21 V.S.A. chapter 13. Awards under this subdivision may be used to fund the cost of apprenticeship-related instruction provided by the Department of Labor.

(g) [Repealed.]

§ 544. VERMONT CAREER INTERNSHIP PROGRAM

(a)(1) The Department of Labor, in consultation with the Agency of Education, shall develop and implement a statewide Vermont Career Internship Program for Vermonters who are in high school or in college and for those who are recent graduates of 24 months or less.

(2) The Department of Labor shall coordinate and provide funding to public and private entities for internship programs that match Vermont employers with students from public and private secondary schools, regional technical centers, the Community High School of Vermont, colleges, and recent graduates of 24 months or less.

(3) Funding awarded through the Vermont Career Internship Program may be used to administer an internship program and to provide participants with a stipend during the internship, based on need. Funds may be made only to programs or projects that do all the following:

(A) do not replace or supplant existing positions;

(B) create real workplace expectations and consequences;

(C) provide a process that measures progress toward mastery of skills, attitude, behavior, and sense of responsibility required for success in that workplace;

(D) are designed to motivate and educate secondary and postsecondary students and recent graduates through work-based learning opportunities with Vermont employers that are likely to lead to real employment;

(E) include mechanisms that promote employer involvement with secondary and postsecondary students and curriculum and the delivery of education at the participating schools; and

(F) offer participants a continuum of learning, experience, and relationships with employers that will make it financially possible and attractive for graduates to continue to work and live in Vermont.

(4) ~~For the purposes of~~ As used in this section, “internship” means a learning experience working with an employer where the intern may, but does not necessarily, receive academic credit, financial remuneration, a stipend, or any combination of these.

(b) The Department of Labor, in collaboration with the Agencies of Agriculture, Food and Markets and of Education, ~~state-funded~~ State-funded postsecondary educational institutions, the Workforce ~~Development Council Investment Board~~, and other ~~state~~ State agencies and departments that have workforce education and training and training monies, shall:

(1) identify new and existing funding sources that may be allocated to the Vermont Career Internship Program;

(2) collect data and establish program goals and quantifiable performance measures for internship programs funded through the Vermont Career Internship Program;

(3) develop or enhance a website that will connect students and graduates with internship opportunities with Vermont employers;

(4) engage appropriate agencies and departments of the State in the Internship Program to expand internship opportunities with State government and with entities awarded State contracts; and

(5) work with other public and private entities to develop and enhance internship programs, opportunities, and activities throughout the State.

Sec. 42. 10 V.S.A. chapter 22 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 22. ~~EMPLOYMENT~~ THE VERMONT TRAINING PROGRAM

§ 531. ~~EMPLOYMENT~~ THE VERMONT TRAINING PROGRAM

(a)(1) The Secretary of Commerce and Community Development ~~may, in~~ consultation with the Workforce Investment Board, shall have the authority to design and implement a Vermont Training Program, the purpose of which shall be to issue performance-based grants to any employer, consortium of employers, or providers of training, either individuals or organizations, as necessary, to conduct training under the following circumstances: to employers and to education and training providers to increase employment opportunities in Vermont consistent with this chapter.

(2) The Secretary shall structure the Vermont Training Program to serve as a flexible, nimble, and strategic resource for Vermont businesses and workers across all sectors of the economy.

~~(1) when issuing grants to an employer or consortium of employers, the employer promises as a condition of the grant to where eligible facility is defined as in subdivision 212(6) of this title relating to the Vermont Economic Development Authority, or the employer or consortium of employers promises to open an eligible facility within the State which will employ persons, provided that for the purposes of this section, eligible facility may be broadly interpreted to include employers in sectors other than manufacturing; and~~

~~(2) training is required for potential employees, new employees, or long-standing employees in the methods, either singularly or in combination relating to pre-employment training, on-the-job training, upgrade training, and crossover training, or specialized instruction, either in plant or through a training provider.~~

(b) Eligibility for grant. The Secretary of Commerce and Community Development may award a grant to an employer if:

~~(1) the employer's new or expanded initiative will enhance employment opportunities for Vermont residents; the training is for preemployment, new employees, or incumbent employees in the methods, either singularly or in combination, relating to preemployment training, on-the-job training, upgrade training, crossover training, or specialized instruction, either on-site or through a training provider;~~

(2) the employer provides its employees with at least three of the following:

(A) health care benefits with 50 percent or more of the premium paid by the employer;

(B) dental assistance;

(C) paid vacation ~~and~~;

(D) paid holidays;

~~(D)~~(E) child care;

~~(E)~~(F) other extraordinary employee benefits;

~~(F)~~(G) retirement benefits; and

(H) other paid time off, including paid sick days;

(3) the training is directly related to the employment responsibilities of the trainee; and

(4) compensation for each trainee at the completion of the training program equals or exceeds the livable wage as defined in 2 V.S.A. § 505, provided that the Secretary shall have the authority to modify this requirement if he or she determines that the employer offers compensation or benefits, the value of which exceeds the compensation and benefit assumptions in the basic needs budget and livable wage calculated pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 505.

~~(c) The employer promises as a condition of the grant to:~~

~~(1) employ new persons at a wage which, at the completion of the training program, is two times the prevailing state or federal minimum wage, whichever is greater, reduced by the value of any existing health benefit package up to a limit of 30 percent of the gross program wage, or for existing employees, to increase the wage to two times the prevailing state and federal minimum wage, whichever is greater, reduced by the value of any existing health benefit package up to a limit of 20 percent of the gross program wage, upon completion of training; provided, however, that in areas defined by the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development in which the Secretary finds that the rate of unemployment is 50 percent greater than the average for the State, the wage rate under this subsection may be set by the Secretary at a rate no less than one and one half times the federal or state minimum wage, whichever is greater;~~

~~(2) employ persons who have completed the training provided for them and nominated as qualified for a reasonable period at the wages and occupations described in the contract, unless the employer reasonably finds the nominee is not qualified;~~

~~(3) provide its employees with at least three of the following:~~

~~(A) health care benefits with 50 percent or more of the premium paid by the employer;~~

~~(B) dental assistance;~~

~~(C) paid vacation and holidays;~~

~~(D) child care;~~

~~(E) other extraordinary employee benefits; and~~

~~(F) retirement benefits.~~

~~(4) submit a customer satisfaction report to the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development, on a form prepared by the Secretary for that purpose, no more than 30 days from the last day of the training program.~~

In the case of a grant to a training provider, the Secretary shall require as a condition of the grant that the provider shall disclose to the Secretary the name

of the employer and the number of employees trained prior to final payment for the training.

(d) In order to avoid duplication of programs or services and to provide the greatest return on investment from training provided under this section, the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development shall:

(1) ~~first~~ consult with the Commissioner of Labor regarding whether the grantee has accessed, or is eligible to access, other workforce education and training resources ~~offered by public or private workforce education and training partners;~~

(2) disburse grant funds only for training hours that have been successfully completed by employees; provided that a grant for on-the-job training shall either provide not more than 50 percent of wages for each employee in training, or not more than 50 percent of trainer expense, but not both, and further provided that training shall be performed in accordance with a training plan that defines the subject of the training, the number of training hours, and how the effectiveness of the training will be evaluated; and

(3) use funds under this section only to supplement training efforts of employers and not to replace or supplant training efforts of employers.

~~(e) The Secretary of Commerce and Community Development shall administer all training programs under this section, may select and use providers of training as appropriate, and shall adopt rules and may accept services, money, or property donated for the purposes of this section. The Secretary may promote awareness of, and may give priority to, training that enhances critical skills, productivity, innovation, quality, or competitiveness, such as training in Innovation Engineering, "Lean" systems, and ISO certification for expansion into new markets. [Repealed.]~~

(f) Upon completion of the training program for any individual, the secretary of Commerce and Community Development shall review the records and shall award to the trainee, if appropriate, a certificate of completion for the training.

~~(g) None of the criteria in subdivision (a)(1) of this section shall apply to a designated job development zone under chapter 29, subchapter 2 of this title. [Repealed.]~~

~~(h) The Secretary may designate the Commissioner of Economic Development to carry out his or her powers and duties under this chapter. [Repealed.]~~

(i) ~~Program Outcomes.~~

~~(1) On or before September 1, 2011, the Agency of Commerce and Community Development, in coordination with the department of labor, and in consultation with the Workforce education and training Council and the legislative Joint Fiscal Office, shall develop, to the extent appropriate, a common set of benchmarks and performance measures for the training program established in this section and the Workforce Education and Training Fund established in section 543 of this title, and shall collect employee-specific data on training outcomes regarding the performance measures; provided, however, that the Secretary shall redact personal identifying information from such data.~~

~~(2) On or before January 15, 2013, the Joint Fiscal Office shall prepare a performance report using the benchmarks and performance measures created pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection. The Joint Fiscal Office shall submit its report to the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development.~~

~~(3) The Secretary shall use information gathered pursuant to this subsection and customer satisfaction reports submitted pursuant to subdivision (c)(4) of this section to evaluate the program and make necessary changes that fall within the Secretary's authority or, if beyond the scope of the Secretary's authority, to recommend necessary changes to the appropriate committees of the General Assembly. [Repealed.]~~

~~(j) Consistent with the training program's goal of providing specialized training and increased employment opportunities for Vermonters, and notwithstanding provisions of this section to the contrary, the Secretary shall canvas apprenticeship sponsors to determine demand for various levels of training and classes and shall transfer up to \$250,000.00 annually to the regional technical centers to fund or provide supplemental funding for apprenticeship training programs leading up to certification or licensing as journeyman or master electricians or plumbers. The Secretary shall seek to provide these funds equitably throughout Vermont; however, the Secretary shall give priority to regions not currently served by apprenticeship programs offered through the Vermont Department of Labor pursuant to 21 V.S.A. chapter 13. [Repealed].~~

~~(k) Annually on or before January 15, the Secretary shall submit a report to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs summarizing. In addition to the reporting requirements under section 540 of this title, the report shall identify:~~

~~(1) all active and completed contracts and grants;~~

(2) the types of training activities provided, from among the following, the category the training addressed:

(A) preemployment training or other training for a new employee to begin a newly created position with the employer;

(B) preemployment training or other training for a new employee to begin in an existing position with the employer;

(C) training for an incumbent employee who, upon completion of training, assumes a newly created position with the employer;

(D) training for an incumbent employee who upon completion of training assumes a different position with the employer;

(E) training for an incumbent employee to upgrade skills;

(3) for the training identified in subdivision whether the training is onsite or classroom-based;

(4) the number of employees served, and ;

(5) the average wage by employer, and addressing;

(6) any waivers granted;

(7) the identity of the employer, or, if unknown at the time of the report, the category of employer;

(8) the identity of each training provider; and

(9) whether training results in a wage increase for a trainee, and the amount of increase.

Sec. 43. REPEAL

2007 Acts and Resolves No. 46, Sec. 6(a), as amended by 2009 Acts and Resolves No. 54, Sec. 8 (workforce education and training leader) and 2013 Acts and Resolves No. 81, Sec. 2, is repealed.

Sec. 44. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR; AGENCY OF COMMERCE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT; STATUTORY PROPOSALS

On or before November 1, 2014:

(1) The Commissioner of Labor shall submit to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs a proposal to amend the language of 10 V.S.A. § 543 to reflect best practices and improve clarity in the administration of, and for applicants to, the grant program from the Workforce Education and Training Fund under that section.

(2) The Secretary of Commerce and Community Development shall submit to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs a proposal to amend the language of 10 V.S.A. § 531 to reflect best practices and improve clarity in the administration of, and for applicants to, the Vermont Training Program under that section.

Sec. 45. INTERNSHIP OPPORTUNITIES FOR YOUNG PERSONS

On or before January 15, 2015, the Commissioner of Labor shall submit to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs a report that details the internship opportunities available to Vermonters between 15 and 18 years of age and recommends one or more means to expand these opportunities through the Vermont Career Internship Program, 10 V.S.A. § 544, or through other appropriate mechanisms.

* * * Vermont Strong Scholars Program * * *

Sec. 46. 16 V.S.A. chapter 90 is redesignated to read:

CHAPTER 90. FUNDING OF POSTSECONDARY ~~INSTITUTIONS~~
EDUCATION

Sec. 47. 16 V.S.A. § 2888 is added to read:

§ 2888. VERMONT STRONG SCHOLARS AND INTERNSHIP INITIATIVE

(a) Creation.

(1) There is created a postsecondary loan forgiveness and internship initiative designed to forgive a portion of Vermont Student Assistance Corporation loans of students employed in economic sectors identified as important to Vermont's economy and to build internship opportunities for students to gain work experience with Vermont employers.

(2) The initiative shall be known as the Vermont Strong Scholars and Internship Initiative and is designed to:

(A) encourage students to:

(i) consider jobs in economic sectors that are critical to the Vermont economy;

(ii) enroll and remain enrolled in a Vermont postsecondary institution; and

(iii) live in Vermont upon graduation;

(B) reduce student loan debt for postsecondary education in targeted fields;

(C) provide experiential learning through internship opportunities with Vermont employers; and

(D) support a pipeline of qualified talent for employment with Vermont's employers.

(b) Vermont Strong Loan Forgiveness Program.

(1) Economic sectors; projections.

(A) Annually, on or before November 15, the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development and the Commissioner of Labor, in consultation with the Vermont State Colleges, the University of Vermont, the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation, the Secretary of Human Services, and the Secretary of Education, shall identify economic sectors, projecting at least four years into the future, that are or will be critical to the Vermont economy.

(B) Based upon the identified economic sectors and the number of students anticipated to qualify for loan forgiveness under this section, the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development shall annually provide the General Assembly with the estimated cost of the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation's loan forgiveness awards under the loan forgiveness program during the then-current fiscal year and each of the four following fiscal years.

(2) Eligibility. A graduate of a public or private Vermont postsecondary institution shall be eligible for forgiveness of a portion of his or her Vermont Student Assistance Corporation postsecondary education loans under this section if he or she:

(A) was a Vermont resident, as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 2822(7), at the time he or she was graduated;

(B) enrolled in a postsecondary institution on or after July 1, 2015 and completed an associate's degree within three years, or a bachelor's degree within six years;

(C) becomes employed in Vermont within 12 months of graduation in an economic sector identified by the Secretary and Commissioner under subdivision (1) of this subsection;

(D) remains employed in Vermont throughout the period of loan forgiveness in an economic sector identified by the Secretary and Commissioner under subdivision (1) of this subsection; and

(E) remains a Vermont resident throughout the period of loan forgiveness.

(3) Loan forgiveness. An eligible individual shall have a portion of his or her Vermont Student Assistance Corporation loan forgiven as follows:

(A) for an individual awarded an associate's degree, in an amount equal to the comprehensive in-state tuition rate for 15 credits at the Vermont State Colleges during the individual's final semester of enrollment, to be prorated over the three years following graduation; and

(B) for an individual awarded a bachelor's degree, in an amount equal to the comprehensive in-state tuition rate for 30 credits at the Vermont State Colleges during the individual's final year of enrollment, to be prorated over the five years following graduation.

(C) Loan forgiveness may be awarded on a prorated basis to an otherwise eligible Vermont resident who transfers to and is graduated from a Vermont postsecondary institution.

(4) Management.

(A) The Secretary of Commerce and Community Development shall develop all organizational details of the loan forgiveness program consistent with the purposes and requirements of this section.

(B) The Secretary shall enter into a memorandum of understanding with the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation for management of the loan forgiveness program.

(C) The Secretary may adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 necessary to implement the Program.

(c) Vermont Strong Internship Program.

(1) Internship program management.

(A) The Commissioner of Labor and the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development shall jointly develop and implement the organizational details of the internship program consistent with the purposes and requirements of this section and may adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 necessary to implement the internship program.

(B) The Commissioner, in consultation with the Secretary, shall issue a request for proposals for a person to serve as an Internship Program Intermediary, who shall perform the duties and responsibilities pursuant to the terms of a performance contract negotiated by the Commissioner and the Intermediary.

(C) The Department of Labor, the Agency of Commerce and Community Development, the regional development corporations, and the Intermediary, shall have responsibility for building connections within the business community to ensure broad private sector participation in the internship program.

(D) The Program Intermediary shall:

(i) identify and foster postsecondary internships that are rigorous, productive, well-managed, and mentored;

(ii) cultivate relationships with employers, employer-focused organizations, and state and regional government bodies;

(iii) build relationships with Vermont postsecondary institutions and facilitate recruitment of students to apply for available internships;

(iv) create and maintain a registry of participating employers and associated internship opportunities;

(v) coordinate and provide support to the participating student, the employer, and the student's postsecondary institution;

(vi) develop and oversee a participation contract between each student and employer, including terms governing the expectations for the internship, a work plan, mentoring and supervision of the student, reporting by the employer and student, and compensation terms; and

(vii) carry out any additional activities and duties as directed by the Commissioner.

(2) Qualifying internships.

(A) Criteria. To qualify for participation in the internship program an internship shall at minimum:

(i) be with a Vermont employer as approved by the Intermediary in consultation with the Commissioner and Secretary;

(ii) pay compensation to an intern of at least the prevailing minimum wage; and

(iii) meet the quality standards and expectations as established by the Intermediary.

(B) Employment of interns. Interns shall be employed by the sponsoring employer except, with the approval of the Commissioner on a case-by-case basis, interns may be employed by the Intermediary and assigned to work with a participating Vermont employer, in which case the sponsoring employer shall contribute funds as determined by the Commissioner.

(3) Student eligibility. To participate in the internship program an individual shall be:

(A) a Vermont resident enrolled in a post-secondary institution in or outside Vermont;

(B) a student who graduated from a postsecondary institution within 24 months of entering the program who was classified as a Vermont resident during that schooling or who is a student who attended a post-secondary institution in Vermont; or

(C) a student enrolled in a Vermont post-secondary institution.

(d) Funding.

(1) Loan forgiveness program.

(A) Loan forgiveness; State funding.

(i) There is created a special fund to be known as the Vermont Strong Scholars Fund pursuant to 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5, which shall be used and administered by the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development solely for the purposes of loan forgiveness pursuant to this section.

(ii) The Fund shall consist of sums to be identified by the Secretary from any source accepted for the benefit of the Fund and interest earned from the investment of Fund balances.

(iii) Any interest earned and any remaining balance at the end of the fiscal year shall be carried forward in the Fund.

(iv) The availability and payment of loan forgiveness awards under this subdivision is subject to State funding available for the awards.

(B) Loan forgiveness; Vermont Student Assistance Corporation.

The Vermont Student Assistance Corporation shall have the authority to grant loan forgiveness pursuant to this section by using the private loan forgiveness capacity associated with bonds issued by the Corporation to raise funds for private loans that are eligible for forgiveness under this section, if available.

(2) Internship program. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the Commissioner of Labor shall have the authority to use funds allocated to the Workforce Education and Training Fund established in 10 V.S.A. § 543 to implement the internship program created in this section.

Sec. 48. VERMONT STRONG INTERIM REPORT

On or before November 1, 2014, the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development shall report to the Joint Fiscal Committee on the

organizational and economic details of the Vermont Strong Scholars Initiative, including:

(1) the economic sectors selected for loan forgiveness;

(2) the projected annual cost of the Initiative,

(3) the proposed funding sources;

(4) programmatic proposals and economic projections on the feasibility and impacts of expanding eligibility for the loan forgiveness program to include Vermont residents who attend postsecondary institutions outside of Vermont and out-of-state residents who attend Vermont postsecondary institutions; and

(5) the projected balance of the Vermont Strong Scholars Fund for each fiscal year through fiscal year 2018.

Sec. 49. VERMONT PRODUCTS PROGRAM; STUDY; REPORT

(a) The Secretary of Commerce and Community Development, the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets, and the Vermont Attorney General, shall collaborate to identify the issues, stakeholders, and processes necessary to consider whether and how to:

(1) provide Vermont businesses with a means of promoting and marketing products and services that are manufactured, designed, engineered, or formulated in Vermont and to avoid confusion by consumers when the Vermont brand is used in marketing products or services; and

(2) harmonize the Vermont origin rule, the Made in Vermont initiative, the proposed Vermont Products Program or similar initiative, and any other programs or initiatives the Secretaries and the Attorney General determine would be appropriate for such consideration.

(b) On or before September 1, 2015, the Secretaries and the Attorney General shall submit a report to the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development on their findings and recommendations including:

(1) a licensing system, including the potential for self-certification, for products and services that are manufactured, designed, engineered, or formulated in Vermont;

(2) branding and marketing guidelines that concern whether and how qualifying products or services manufactured, designed, engineered, or formulated in Vermont can be properly claimed so as to be licensed;

(3) an appropriate annual fee for the issuance of a license;

(4) an application process; and

(5) a dispute resolution process.

* * * Workers' Compensation * * *

Sec. 50. 21 V.S.A. § 632 is amended to read:

§ 632. COMPENSATION TO DEPENDENTS; ~~DEATH BENEFITS~~
BURIAL AND FUNERAL EXPENSES

If death results from the injury, the employer shall pay to the persons entitled to compensation or, if there is none, then to the personal representative of the deceased employee, the actual burial and funeral expenses ~~in the amount of \$5,500.00~~ not to exceed \$10,000.00 and the actual expenses for out-of-state transportation of the decedent to the place of burial ~~not to exceed \$1,000.00~~ \$5,000.00. Every two years, the Commissioner of Labor shall evaluate the average burial and funeral expenses in the State and make a recommendation to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Finance as to whether an adjustment in compensation is warranted. The employer shall also pay to or for the benefit of the following persons, for the periods prescribed in section 635 of this title, a weekly compensation equal to the following percentages of the deceased employee's average weekly wages. The weekly compensation payment herein allowed shall not exceed the maximum weekly compensation or be lower than the minimum weekly compensation:

* * *

Sec. 51. 21 V.S.A. § 639 is amended to read:

§ 639. DEATH, PAYMENT TO DEPENDENTS

In cases of the death of a person from any cause other than the accident during the period of payments for disability or for the permanent injury, the remaining payments for disability then due or for the permanent injury shall be made to the person's dependents according to the provisions of sections 635 and 636 of this title, or if there are none, the remaining amount due, but ~~not exceeding \$5,500.00 for burial and funeral expenses~~ no more than the actual burial and funeral expenses not to exceed \$10,000.00 and the actual expenses for out-of-state transportation of the decedent to the place of burial ~~not to exceed \$1,000.00~~ \$5,000.00, shall be paid in a lump sum to the proper person. Every two years, the Commissioner of Labor shall evaluate the average burial and funeral expenses in the State and make a recommendation to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Finance as to whether an adjustment in compensation is warranted.

Sec. 52. 21 V.S.A. § 640c is added to read:

§ 640c. OPIOID USAGE DETERRENCE

(a) In support of the State's fundamental interest in ensuring the well-being of employees and employers, it is the intent of the General Assembly to protect employees from the dangers of prescription drug abuse while maintaining a balance between the employee's health and the employee's expedient return to work.

(b) As it pertains to workers' compensation claims, the Commissioner of Labor, in consultation with the Department of Health, the State Pharmacologist, the Vermont Board of Medical Practice, and the Vermont Medical Society, shall adopt rules, consistent with the best practices, governing the prescription of opioids, including patient screening and drug screening for patients prescribed opioids for chronic pain. In adopting rules, the Commissioner shall consider guidelines and standards published by the American College of Occupational and Environmental Medicine and other medical authorities with expertise in the treatment of chronic pain. The rules shall be consistent with the standards and guidelines provided under 18 V.S.A. § 4289 and any rules adopted by the Department of Health pursuant to 18 V.S.A § 4289.

Sec. 53. 21 V.S.A. § 641 is amended to read:

§ 641. VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION

* * *

(e)(1) In support of the State's fundamental interest in ensuring the well-being of employees and employers, it is the intent of the General Assembly that, following a workplace accident, an employee returns to work as soon as possible but remains cognizant of the limitations imposed by his or her medical condition.

(2) The Commissioner shall adopt rules promoting development and implementation of cost-effective, early return-to-work programs.

Sec. 54. 21 V.S.A. § 643a is amended to read:

§ 643a. DISCONTINUANCE OF BENEFITS

Unless an injured worker has successfully returned to work, an employer shall notify both the Commissioner and the employee prior to terminating benefits under either section 642 or 646 of this title. The notice of intention to discontinue payments shall be filed on forms prescribed by the Commissioner and shall include the date of the proposed discontinuance, the reasons for it, and, if the employee has been out of work for 90 days, a verification that the

employer offered vocational rehabilitation screening and services as required under this chapter. All relevant evidence, including evidence that does not support discontinuance in the possession of the employer ~~not already filed, shall be filed with the notice~~ shall be provided to the injured worker. With the notice of discontinuance, the employer shall file only evidence relevant to the discontinuance, including evidence that does not support the discontinuance, with the Commissioner. The liability for the payments shall continue for seven days after the notice is received by the Commissioner and the employee. If the claimant disputes the discontinuance, the claimant may file with the Commissioner an objection to the discontinuance and seek an extension of the seven-day limit. The Commissioner may grant an extension up to seven days. The request for an extension shall be specific as to the reason for the extension and must be received by the Commissioner prior to the end of the seven-day limit. A copy of the request for an extension shall be provided to the employer at the time the request is made to the Commissioner. Those payments shall be made without prejudice to the employer and may be deducted from any amounts due pursuant to section 648 of this title if the Commissioner determines that the discontinuance is warranted or if otherwise ordered by the Commissioner. Every notice shall be reviewed by the Commissioner to determine the sufficiency of the basis for the proposed discontinuance. If, after review of all the evidence in the file, the Commissioner finds that a preponderance of all the evidence in the file does not reasonably support the proposed discontinuance, the Commissioner shall order that payments continue until a hearing is held and a decision is rendered. Prior to a formal hearing, an injured worker may request reinstatement of benefits by providing additional new evidence to the Department that establishes that a preponderance of all evidence now supports the claim. If the Commissioner's decision, after a hearing, is that the employee was not entitled to any or all benefits paid between the discontinuance and the final decision, upon request of the employer, the Commissioner may order that the employee repay all benefits to which the employee was not entitled. The employer may enforce a repayment order in any court of law having jurisdiction.

Sec. 55. 21 V.S.A. § 691a is added to read:

§ 691a. POSTING OF SAFETY RECORDS

(a) In support of the State's fundamental interest in ensuring the well-being of employees and employers, it is the intent of the General Assembly to improve the safety experience in the workplace.

(b) An employer subject to the provisions of this chapter shall post a notice in the employer's place of business to advise employees of where they may review the employer's record of workplace safety, including workplace injury

and illness data, in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner. The employer's record of workplace safety, including workplace injury and illness data, shall be available for review by employees at the employer's place of business and the Commissioner, but shall not otherwise be public information. The posting shall be in a format approved by the Commissioner. The posting may be in a format provided by the Commissioner.

Sec. 56. 21 V.S.A. § 696 is amended to read:

§ 696. CANCELLATION OF INSURANCE CONTRACTS

A policy or contract shall not be cancelled within the time ~~limited specified~~ in the policy or contract for its expiration, until at least 45 days after a notice of intention to cancel the policy or contract, on a date specified in the notice, has been filed in the office of the ~~commissioner~~ Commissioner and provided to the employer. The notice shall be filed with the Commissioner in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner and provided to the employer by certified mail ~~or certificate of mailing~~. The cancellation shall not affect the liability of an insurance carrier on account of an injury occurring prior to cancellation.

Sec. 57. 21 V.S.A. § 697 is amended to read:

§ 697. NOTICE OF INTENT NOT TO RENEW POLICY

An insurance carrier who does not intend to renew a workers' compensation insurance policy ~~of workers' compensation insurance~~ or guarantee contract covering the liability of an employer under the provisions of this chapter, ~~45 days prior to the expiration of the policy or contract,~~ shall give notice of ~~the its~~ intention to the ~~commissioner of labor~~ Commissioner and ~~to the covered employer~~ at least 45 days prior to the expiration date stated in the policy or contract. The notice shall be given to the employer by certified mail ~~or certificate of mailing~~. An insurance carrier who fails to give notice shall continue the policy or contract in force beyond its expiration date for 45 days from the day the notice is received by the ~~commissioner~~ Commissioner and ~~the employer.~~ However, ~~this latter provision shall not apply if, prior to such expiration date, on or before the expiration of the existing insurance or guarantee contract the insurance carrier has, by delivery of a renewal contract or otherwise, offered to continue the insurance beyond the date by delivery of a renewal contract or otherwise,~~ or if the employer notifies the insurance carrier in writing that the employer does not wish the insurance continued beyond the expiration date, or if the employer complies with the provisions of section 687 of this title, ~~on or before the expiration of the existing insurance or guarantee contract~~ then the policy will expire upon notice to the Commissioner.

Sec. 58. ROBERT H. WOOD CRIMINAL JUSTICE AND FIRE SERVICE TRAINING CENTER STUDY

The Department of Labor and the Office of Risk Management, in consultation with the Vermont League of Cities and Towns and any other interested parties, shall conduct a study, to be submitted to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Finance on or before January 15, 2015, to:

(1) analyze existing and frequently occurring injuries suffered by individuals while attending the Robert H. Wood Criminal Justice and Fire Service Training Center;

(2) analyze preventive measures to avoid injuries;

(3) recommend who should bear the financial burden of the workers' compensation premiums; and

(4) recommend preventive measures necessary to reduce injuries.

Sec. 59. WORKPLACE SAFETY RANKING STUDY

The Department of Labor and the Department of Financial Regulation, in consultation with the *National Council on Compensation Insurance*, shall study whether information may be made available to employers to allow an employer to compare its workplace safety and workers' compensation experience with that of employers in similar industries or *North American Industry Classification System* codes.

Sec. 60. 2013 Acts and Resolves No. 75, Sec. 14 is amended as follows:

Sec. 14. UNIFIED PAIN MANAGEMENT SYSTEM ADVISORY COUNCIL

* * *

(b) The Unified Pain Management System Advisory Council shall consist of the following members:

* * *

(4) the Commissioner of Labor or designee;

(5) the Director of the Blueprint for Health or designee;

~~(5)~~(6) the Chair of the Board of Medical Practice or designee, who shall be a clinician;

~~(6)~~(7) a representative of the Vermont State Dental Society, who shall be a dentist;

~~(7)~~(8) a representative of the Vermont Board of Pharmacy, who shall be a pharmacist;

~~(8)~~(9) a faculty member of the academic detailing program at the University of Vermont's College of Medicine;

~~(9)~~(10) a faculty member of the University of Vermont's College of Medicine with expertise in the treatment of addiction or chronic pain management;

~~(10)~~(11) a representative of the Vermont Medical Society, who shall be a primary care clinician;

~~(11)~~(12) a representative of the American Academy of Family Physicians, Vermont chapter, who shall be a primary care clinician;

~~(12)~~(13) a representative from the Vermont Board of Osteopathic Physicians, who shall be an osteopath;

~~(13)~~(14) a representative of the Federally Qualified Health Centers, who shall be a primary care clinician selected by the Bi-State Primary Care Association;

~~(14)~~(15) a representative of the Vermont Ethics Network;

~~(15)~~(16) a representative of the Hospice and Palliative Care Council of Vermont;

~~(16)~~(17) a representative of the Office of the Health Care Ombudsman;

~~(17)~~(18) the Medical Director for the Department of Vermont Health Access;

~~(18)~~(19) a clinician who works in the emergency department of a hospital, to be selected by the Vermont Association of Hospitals and Health Systems in consultation with any nonmember hospitals;

~~(19)~~(20) a member of the Vermont Board of Nursing Subcommittee on APRN Practice, who shall be an advanced practice registered nurse;

~~(20)~~(21) a representative from the Vermont Assembly of Home Health and Hospice Agencies;

~~(21)~~(22) a psychologist licensed pursuant to 26 V.S.A. chapter 55 who has experience in treating chronic pain, to be selected by the Board of Psychological Examiners;

~~(22)~~(23) a drug and alcohol abuse counselor licensed pursuant to 33 V.S.A. chapter 8, to be selected by the Deputy Commissioner of Health for Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs;

~~(23)~~(24) a retail pharmacist, to be selected by the Vermont Pharmacists Association;

~~(24)~~(25) an advanced practice registered nurse full-time faculty member from the University of Vermont's Department of Nursing; and

~~(25)~~(26) a consumer representative who is either a consumer in recovery from prescription drug abuse or a consumer receiving medical treatment for chronic noncancer-related pain;

(27) a clinician who specializes in occupational medicine or physical medicine and rehabilitation; and

(28) a consumer representative who is or has been an injured worker and has been prescribed opioids.

* * *

* * * Prevailing Wages; State Construction Projects * * *

Sec. 61. 29 V.S.A. § 161 is amended to read:

§ 161. REQUIREMENTS ON STATE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

* * *

(b) Each contract awarded under this section for ~~any State project with a construction cost exceeding \$100,000.00 and~~ construction projects which are authorized or funded in whole or in part by a capital construction act pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 701a, including such a project of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College and of the Vermont State Colleges, shall provide that all construction employees working on the project shall be paid no less than the ~~mean~~ prevailing wage ~~published periodically by the Department of Labor in its occupational employment and wage survey determinations as have been made by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act, 40 U.S.C. § 276a, as may be amended. The Commissioner of Labor, in consultation with the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services, may adopt rules as necessary, pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25, to implement this subsection. This section does not require that the federal Davis-Bacon Act reporting requirements be applied to State construction projects.~~

* * *

Sec. 62. STATE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS; CONTRACTS SUBJECT TO STATE PREVAILING WAGE

(a) It is the intent of the General Assembly that the transition to the use of the prevailing wage determinations as have been made by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act, 40 U.S.C.

§ 276a, as may be amended, in State construction projects shall not change the scope of State construction projects that are subject to the requirements of 29 V.S.A. § 161(b).

(b) Notwithstanding Sec. 1 of this act, the following contracts shall remain subject to the mean prevailing wage published periodically by the Vermont Department of Labor in its occupational employment and wage survey:

(1) contracts for State construction projects executed prior to July 1, 2015;

(2) any change orders or amendments to contracts for State construction projects executed prior to July 1, 2015; and

(3) contracts for State construction projects that result from instructions to bidders posted by the State of Vermont prior to July 1, 2015.

Sec. 63. PREVAILING WAGE; UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT AND VERMONT STATE COLLEGES

The University of Vermont and State Agricultural College and the Vermont State Colleges shall pay no less than the prevailing wage determinations as have been made by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act, 40 U.S.C. § 276a, as may be amended, for any new construction or major renovation project that receives funding in any capital construction act.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 64. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section, Secs. 20a (Public Service Board; order revision), 52, 53, 58, 59, and 60 (certain workers' compensation provisions) shall take effect on passage.

(b) 16 V.S.A. § 2888(b)(3) (Vermont Strong loan forgiveness) in Sec. 47 and Secs. 61-63 shall take effect on July 1, 2015.

(c) The remainder of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2014.

Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment? On motion of Senator Mullin, the Senate refused to concur in the House proposal of amendment and requested a Committee of Conference.

Thereupon, pursuant to the request of the Senate, the President announced the appointment of

Senator Mullin
Senator Baruth
Senator Bray

as members of the Committee of Conference on the part of the Senate to consider the disagreeing votes of the two Houses.

Thereupon, on motion of Senator Campbell, the rules were suspended and the bill was ordered messaged to the House forthwith.

Message from the House No. 77

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Melissa Kucserik, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered bills originating in the Senate of the following title:

S. 263. An act relating to the authority of assistant judges in child support contempt proceedings.

S. 264. An act relating to technical corrections to civil and criminal procedure statutes.

And has passed the same in concurrence with proposal of amendment in the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House bill of the following title:

H. 413. An act relating to the Uniform Collateral Consequences of Conviction Act.

And has severally concurred therein with a further proposal of amendment thereto, in the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House bill of the following title:

H. 578. An act relating to administering State funds for loans to individuals for replacement of failed wastewater systems and potable water supplies.

And has severally concurred therein with a further proposal of amendment thereto, in the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House bill of the following title:

H. 646. An act relating to unemployment insurance.

And has severally concurred therein with a further proposal of amendment thereto, in the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Adjournment

On motion of Senator Campbell, the Senate adjourned until ten o'clock in the morning.