Journal of the Senate

TUESDAY, MARCH 11, 2014

The Senate was called to order by the President.

Devotional Exercises

Devotional exercises were conducted by the Reverend Lisa Ramson of Barre.

Pledge of Allegiance

The President then led the members of the Senate in the pledge of allegiance.

Bills Referred to Committee on Finance

Senate bills of the following titles, appearing on the Calendar for notice, and affecting the revenue of the state, under the rule were severally referred to the Committee on Finance:

- **S. 220.** An act relating to amending the workers' compensation law, establishing a registry of sole contractors, increasing the funds available to the Department of Tourism and Marketing for advertising, and regulating legacy insurance transfers.
- **S. 314.** An act relating to miscellaneous amendments to laws related to motor vehicles.

Bill Referred to Committee on Appropriations

S. 293.

Senate bill of the following title, appearing on the Calendar for notice and carrying an appropriation or requiring the expenditure of funds, under the rule was referred to the Committee on Appropriations:

An act relating to reporting on population-level outcomes and indicators and on program-level performance measures.

Joint Senate Resolution Adopted on the Part of the Senate

Joint Senate resolution of the following title was offered, read and adopted on the part of the Senate, and is as follows:

By Senators Baruth and Benning,

J.R.S. 48. Joint resolution relating to weekend adjournment.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives:

That when the two Houses adjourn on Friday, March 14, 2014, it be to meet again no later than Tuesday, March 18, 2014.

Bills Passed

Senate bills of the following titles were severally read the third time and passed:

- **S. 211.** An act relating to permitting of sewage holding and pumpout tanks for public buildings.
 - **S. 247.** An act relating to the regulation of medical marijuana dispensaries.
- **S. 281.** An act relating to vision riders and a choice of providers for vision and eye care services.

Bills Amended; Third Readings Ordered

S. 237.

Senator Ashe, for the Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to civil forfeiture proceedings in cases of animal cruelty.

Reported recommending that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 354 is amended to read:
- § 354. ENFORCEMENT; POSSESSION OF ABUSED ANIMAL; SEARCHES AND SEIZURES; FORFEITURE

* * *

(c) A humane officer shall provide suitable care at a reasonable cost for an animal seized under this section, and have a lien on the animal for all expenses incurred. A humane officer may arrange for the euthanasia of a severely injured, diseased, or suffering animal upon the recommendation of a licensed veterinarian. A humane officer may arrange for euthanasia of an animal seized under this section when the owner is unwilling or unable to provide necessary medical attention required while the animal is in custodial care or when the animal cannot be safely confined under standard housing conditions. An animal not destroyed by euthanasia shall be kept in custodial care and provided with necessary medical care until final disposition of the criminal charges except as provided in subsections (d) through (h) of this section. The custodial caregiver shall be responsible for maintaining the records applicable to all animals seized, including identification, residence, location, medical treatment, and disposition of the animals.

- (d) If an animal is seized under this section, the <u>state</u> may institute a civil proceeding for forfeiture of the animal in the territorial unit of the Criminal Division of the Superior Court where the offense is alleged to have occurred. The proceeding shall be instituted by a motion for forfeiture, which shall be filed with the Court and served upon the animal's owner. <u>The civil forfeiture proceeding is intended to run independently from any criminal prosecution and shall not be delayed pending disposition of any criminal proceeding.</u>
- (e)(1) The Court shall set a hearing to be held within 21 days after institution of a forfeiture proceeding under this section A preliminary hearing shall be held within 21 days of institution of the civil forfeiture proceeding. If the defendant requests a hearing on the merits, the Court shall schedule a final hearing on the merits to be held within 21 days of the date of the preliminary hearing. Time limits under this subsection shall not be construed as jurisdictional.
- (2) If the defendant fails to respond to the notice for preliminary hearing, the Court shall enter a default judgment ordering the immediate forfeiture of the animal in accordance with the provisions of subsection 353(c) of this title. A motion to reopen a default judgment shall be filed in writing with the Court no later than 30 days after entry of a default judgment. A default judgment shall not be reopened unless good cause is shown.
- (f)(1) At the hearing on the motion for forfeiture, the State shall have the burden of establishing by clear and convincing evidence that the animal was subjected to cruelty, neglect, or abandonment in violation of section 352 or 352a of this title. The Court shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law and shall issue a final order. If the State meets its burden of proof, the motion shall be granted and the court Court shall order the immediate forfeiture of the animal in accordance with the provisions of subsection 353(c) of this title.
- (2) Affidavits of law enforcement officers, humane officers, animal control officers, veterinarians, or expert witnesses of either party shall be admissible evidence which may be rebutted by witnesses called by either party. The affidavits shall be delivered to the other party at least five days prior to the hearing. The Court may allow any witness to testify by telephone in lieu of a personal appearance and shall adopt rules with respect to such testimony.
- (3) No testimony or other information presented by the defendant in connection with a forfeiture proceeding under this section or any information directly or indirectly derived from such testimony or other information may be used for any purpose, including impeachment and cross-examination, against the defendant in any criminal case, except a prosecution for perjury or giving a false statement.

- (g)(1) If the defendant is convicted of criminal charges under this chapter or if an order of forfeiture is entered against an owner under this section, the defendant or owner shall be required to repay all reasonable costs incurred by the custodial caregiver for caring for the animal, including veterinary expenses. The Restitution Unit within the Center for Crime Victim Services is authorized to collect the funds owed by the defendant or owner on behalf of the custodial caregiver or a governmental agency that has contracted or paid for custodial care in the same manner as restitution is collected pursuant to section 7043 of this title. The restitution order shall include the information required under subdivision 7043(e)(2)(A) of this title. The Court shall make findings with respect to the total amount of all costs incurred by the custodial caregiver.
- (2)(A) If the defendant is acquitted of criminal charges under this chapter and a civil forfeiture proceeding under this section is not pending, an animal that has been taken into custodial care shall be returned to the defendant unless the <u>state</u> institutes a civil forfeiture proceeding under this section within seven days of the acquittal.
- (B) If the Court rules in favor of the owner in a civil forfeiture proceeding under this section and criminal charges against the owner under this chapter are not pending, an animal that has been taken into custodial care shall be returned to the owner unless the State files criminal charges under this section within seven days after the entry of final judgment.
- (C) If an animal is returned to a defendant or owner under this subdivision, the defendant or owner shall not be responsible for the costs of caring for the animal.
- (h) An order of the Criminal Division of the Superior Court A forfeiture order issued under this section may be appealed as a matter of right to the Supreme Court. The order shall not be stayed pending appeal.
- (i) The provisions of this section are in addition to and not in lieu of the provisions of section 353 of this title.
- (j) It is unlawful for a person to interfere with a humane officer or the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets engaged in official duties under this chapter. A person who violates this subsection shall be prosecuted under section 3001 of this title.
- Sec. 2. 26 V.S.A. § 2404 is amended to read:

§ 2404. IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY FOR REPORTING SUSPECTED; CASES OF ANIMAL CRUELTY

* * *

(b) There shall be no monetary liability on the part of, and no cause of action for damages against, a veterinarian licensed to practice in this <u>state State</u> who accompanies a humane officer during the execution of a warrant pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 354, or evaluates the health of and provides medical attention to, including a decision for euthanasia, an animal brought to that veterinarian for health assessment <u>or necessary medical care</u>, pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 354.

* * *

Sec. 3. COMMISSIONER OF CORRECTIONS; CARE OF ANIMALS

- (a) Many states operate some kind of animal training or adoption program within their correctional system. These programs benefit local communities, teach the offenders responsibility, and provide an incentive to maintain positive behavior while incarcerated.
- (b) The Commissioner of Corrections shall examine the feasibility of beginning an animal training or adoption program in Vermont and, specifically, a program that would permit qualified offenders to care for animals that have been relinquished or seized pursuant to a cruelty or neglect investigation. The Commissioner shall consider similar programs in other states and consult with local humane organizations in determining what type of program would be appropriate for Vermont and which facilities would be most appropriate to sponsor such a program. The Commissioner shall report his or her recommendations to the Joint Committee on Corrections Oversight on or before November 1, 2014.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2014.

And that when so amended the bill ought to pass.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, the recommendation of amendment was agreed to, and third reading of the bill was ordered.

S. 264.

Senator Sears, for the Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to technical corrections to civil and criminal procedure statutes.

Reported recommending that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- Sec. 1. 1 V.S.A. § 317(c)(41) is amended to read:
- (41) documents reviewed by the Victim's Compensation Board for purposes of approving an application for compensation pursuant to 13 V.S.A. chapter 167, except as provided by 13 V.S.A. §§ 5360 5358a(b) and 7043(c).
- Sec. 2. 4 V.S.A. § 1111 is added to read:

§ 1111. CIVIL VIOLATION; FAILURE TO PRODUCE IDENTIFICATION

- (a) A law enforcement officer is authorized to detain a person if:
- (1) the officer has reasonable grounds to believe the person has committed a civil violation of Title 7, 13, 18, or 23; and
- (2) the person refuses to identify himself or herself satisfactorily to the officer when requested by the officer.
- (b) The person may be detained under this section only until the person identifies himself or herself satisfactorily to the officer or is properly identified. If the officer is unable to obtain the identification information, the person shall forthwith be brought before a judge in the Criminal Division of the Superior Court for that purpose. A person who refuses to identify himself or herself to the Court on request shall immediately and without service of an order on the person be subject to civil contempt proceedings pursuant to 12 V.S.A. § 122.
- Sec. 2a. 18 V.S.A. § 4230a(e) is amended to read:
- (e)(1) Upon request by a law enforcement officer who reasonably suspects that a person has committed or is committing a violation of this section, the person shall give his or her name and address to the law enforcement officer and shall produce a motor vehicle operator's license, an identification card, a passport, or another suitable form of identification.
 - (2) A law enforcement officer is authorized to detain a person if:
- (A) the officer has reasonable grounds to believe the person has violated this section; and
- (B) the person refuses to identify himself or herself satisfactorily to the officer when requested by the officer.
- (3)(2) The person may be detained only until the person identifies himself or herself satisfactorily to the officer or is properly identified. If the officer is unable to obtain the identification information, the person shall forthwith be brought before a judge in the Criminal Division of the Superior Court for that purpose. A person who refuses to identify himself or herself to the Court on request shall immediately and without service of an order on the person be subject to civil contempt proceedings pursuant to 12 V.S.A. § 122.

Sec. 2b. 24 V.S.A. § 1983(b) is amended to read as follows:

(b) The person may be detained only until the person identifies himself or herself satisfactorily to the officer or is properly identified. If the officer is unable to obtain the identification information, the person shall forthwith be brought before a Criminal Division of the Superior Court judge for that purpose. A person who refuses to identify himself or herself to the Court on request shall immediately and without service of an order on the person be subject to civil contempt proceedings pursuant to 12 V.S.A. § 122.

Sec. 3. 9 V.S.A. § 2292 is amended to read:

§ 2292. DEFENSES; LIABILITY AND PROTECTION OF TRANSFEREE

* * *

- (e) A transfer is not voidable under subdivision 2288(a)(2) or section 2289 of this title if the transfer results from:
- (1) termination of a lease upon default by the debtor when the termination is pursuant to the lease and applicable law;
- (2) enforcement of a security interest in compliance with Article 9 of Title 9A; or
- (3) foreclosure of a mortgage in compliance with subchapter 6 of chapter 163 or subchapter 1 of chapter 172 of Title 12.

* * *

Sec. 4. 12 V.S.A. § 2794 is amended to read:

§ 2794. EXECUTION UPON REAL ESTATE; HOMESTEAD A PART

When an execution is levied upon real estate of which the debtor's homestead is a part or upon that part of a homestead in excess of \$75,000.00 \$125,000.00 in value, the location and boundaries of the homestead shall be ascertained before the sale and set out in the manner provided for the levy of execution upon real estate whereof a homestead forms a part.

Sec. 5. 13 V.S.A. § 2651(3) is amended to read:

(3) "Commercial sex act" means any sex sexual act, sexual conduct, or sexually explicit performance on account of which anything of value is promised to, given to, or received by any person.

Sec. 6. 18 V.S.A. § 4474(b) is amended to read:

(b) Prior to acting on an application, the department Department shall obtain from the Vermont eriminal information center Crime Information Center a Vermont criminal record, an out-of-state criminal record, and a

criminal record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the applicant. For purposes of this subdivision As used in this subsection, "criminal record" means a record of whether the person has ever been convicted of a drug-related crime. Each applicant shall consent to release of criminal records to the department Department on forms substantially similar to the release forms developed by the center pursuant to 20 V.S.A. § 2056c Center. department Department shall comply with all laws regulating the release of criminal history records and the protection of individual privacy. The Vermont eriminal information center Crime Information Center shall send to the requester any record received pursuant to this section or inform the department of public safety Department of Public Safety that no record exists. If the department disapproves an application, the department Department shall promptly provide a copy of any record of convictions and pending criminal charges to the applicant and shall inform the applicant of the right to appeal the accuracy and completeness of the record pursuant to rules adopted by the Vermont eriminal information center Crime Information Center. No person shall confirm the existence or nonexistence of criminal record information to any person who would not be eligible to receive the information pursuant to this subchapter.

Sec. 7. 18 V.S.A. § 4474g(b) is amended to read:

(b) Prior to acting on an application for a registry identification card, the department of public safety Department of Public Safety shall obtain with respect to the applicant a Vermont criminal history record, an out-of-state criminal history record, and a criminal history record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Each applicant shall consent to the release of criminal history records to the department Department on forms substantially similar to the release forms developed in accordance with 20 V.S.A. § 2056e by the Vermont Crime Information Center.

Sec. 8. 20 V.S.A. § 2056e(a) is amended to read:

(a) The department of buildings and general services Department of Buildings and General Services shall obtain from the Vermont eriminal information center Crime Information Center a Vermont criminal record, an out-of-state criminal record, and a record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation for any applicant for a state State security personnel position who has given written authorization, on a release form prescribed under section 2056c of this chapter by the Center, pursuant to the provisions of this subchapter and the user's agreement filed by the commissioner of buildings and general services Commissioner of Buildings and General Services with the center Center. The user's agreement shall require the department Department to comply with all federal and state State statutes, rules, regulations, and

policies regulating the release of criminal history records and the protection of individual privacy. The user's agreement shall be signed and kept current by the commissioner Commissioner. Release of interstate and Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history records is subject to the rules and regulations of the Federal Bureau of Investigation's National Crime Information Center.

Sec. 9. 20 V.S.A. § 2056h is amended to read:

§ 2056h. DISSEMINATION OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORDS TO THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL REGULATION

(a) The Department of Financial Regulation shall obtain from the Vermont Criminal Crime Information Center a Vermont criminal record, an out-of-state criminal record, and a record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) or any applicant for a banking division examiner position who has given written authorization, on a release form prescribed under section 2056c of this chapter by the Center, pursuant to the provisions of this subchapter and the user's agreement filed by the Commissioner of Financial Regulation with the center Center. The user's agreement shall require the Department to comply with all federal and State statutes, rules, regulations, and policies regulating the release of criminal history records, and the protection of individual privacy. The user's agreement shall be signed and kept current by the Commissioner. Release of interstate and F.B.I. FBI criminal history records is subject to the rules and regulations of the F.B.I.'s FBI's National Crime Information Center.

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Sec. 10. 27 V.S.A. § 145 is amended to read:

§ 145. EFFECT OF SPOUSE JOINING IN MORTGAGE

If the homestead or lands included therein are mortgaged by the joint deed of husband and wife, the joining of the wife or husband in the mortgage shall have no other effect than to bar her or his claim to the homestead as against the mortgage. If the mortgage includes lands other than the homestead, and the owner thereof dies, the other lands shall be first sold by the executor or administrator and applied on the mortgage and the residue only shall rest on the homestead. When the probate division of the superior court Probate Division of the Superior Court orders the whole to be sold, the balance of the proceeds after the payment of the mortgage, not exceeding \$75,000.00 \$125,000.00 shall be under the control of the court Court as in case of the sale of a homestead under this chapter.

Sec. 11. 27 V.S.A. § 182 is amended to read:

§ 182. APPLICATION TO SUPERIOR COURT FOR RELIEF

When a dwelling house, outbuildings, and lands in which a homestead right exists, exceed in value \$75,000.00, \$125,000.00 and a severance of the homestead would greatly depreciate the value of the residue of the premises or be of great inconvenience to the parties interested either in the residue or in the homestead, either party may apply for relief to the superior court Superior Court by a complaint setting forth the facts.

Sec. 12. 27 V.S.A. § 183 is amended to read:

§ 183. TRANSFER OR SALE IN LIEU OF SEVERANCE

When it appears upon hearing that such homestead cannot be occupied in severalty without great inconvenience to the parties interested therein or in such residue, the court Court may order such homestead to be transferred to such other parties and the payment of \$75,000.00 \$125,000.00 to the owner thereof, or, at the option of the owner, such court the Court may order the parties to transfer such residue to him or her and order him or her thereupon to pay such other parties the value thereof to be fixed by the court Court. If the case requires, the court Court may order a sale of the whole premises and apportion the proceeds between the parties, and the court Court may make such orders in the premises as are equitable. If such homestead is sold, the court Court may control the investment of the proceeds of the sale in a new homestead or make such disposition thereof as equity requires.

Sec. 13. 2009 Acts and Resolves No. 58, Sec. 14, as amended by 2010 Acts and Resolves No. 66, Sec. 3, is further amended to read:

Sec. 14. 13 V.S.A. § 5411a is amended to read:

§ 5411a. ELECTRONIC POSTING OF THE SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY

* * *

- (b) The <u>department Department</u> shall electronically post the following information on <u>regarding</u> sex offenders designated in subsection (a) of this section:
 - (1) the offender's name and any known aliases;
 - (2) the offender's date of birth;
 - (3) a general physical description of the offender;
 - (4) a digital photograph of the offender;
 - (5) the offender's town of residence;

- (6) the date and nature of the offender's conviction;
- (7) <u>except as provided in subsection (l) of this section, the offender's address or, if the offender does not have a fixed address, other information about where the offender habitually lives, if:</u>
- (A) the offender has been designated as high risk by the Department of Corrections pursuant to section 5411b of this title;
 - (B) the offender has not complied with sex offender treatment;
 - (C) there is an outstanding warrant for the offender's arrest;
- (D) the offender is subject to the Registry for a conviction of a sex offense against a child under 13 years of age; or
- (E) the offender's name has been electronically posted for an offense committed in another jurisdiction which required the person's address to be electronically posted in that jurisdiction;
- (8) if the offender is under the supervision of the Department of Corrections, the name and telephone number of the local Department of Corrections office in charge of monitoring the sex offender;
- (8)(9) whether the offender complied with treatment recommended by the Department of Corrections;
- (9)(10) a statement that there is an outstanding warrant for the offender's arrest, if applicable;
- $\frac{(10)(11)}{(11)}$ the reason for which the offender information is accessible under this section;
- (11)(12) whether the offender has been designated high risk high risk by the Department of Corrections pursuant to section 5411b of this title; and
- (12)(13) if the offender has not been subject to a risk assessment, a statement that the offender has not been so assessed and that such a person is presumed to be high risk, provided that the Department of Corrections shall permit a person subject to this subdivision to obtain a risk assessment at the person's own expense.

* * *

(d) An offender's street address shall not be posted electronically. The identity of a victim of an offense that requires registration shall not be released.

* * *

Sec. 14. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

And that when so amended the bill ought to pass.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, the recommendation of amendment was agreed to, and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Adjournment

On motion of Senator Campbell, the Senate adjourned until one o'clock and thirty minutes in the afternoon on Wednesday, March 12, 2014.