Journal of the House

Thursday, April 4, 2013

At one o'clock in the afternoon the Speaker called the House to order.

Devotional Exercises

Devotional exercises were conducted by Zack's Place, of the Community Enrichment Center, Woodstock, Vt.

Message from the Senate No. 36

A message was received from the Senate by Mr. Marshall, its Assistant Secretary, as follows:

Mr. Speaker:

I am directed to inform the House that:

The Senate has on its part passed Senate bill of the following title:

S. 129. An act relating to workers’ compensation liens.

In the passage of which the concurrence of the House is requested.

House Bill Introduced

H. 534

Reps. Bissonnette of Winooski, Cross of Winooski introduced a bill, entitled

An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the City of Winooski

Which was read the first time and referred to the committee on Government Operations.

Senate Bill Referred

S. 129

Senate bill, entitled

An act relating to workers’ compensation liens

Was read and referred to the committee on Commerce and Economic Development.
Bill Referred to Committee on Appropriations

H. 270

House bill, entitled
An act relating to providing access to publicly funded prekindergarten education

Appearing on the Calendar, carrying an appropriation, under rule 35a, was referred to the committee on Appropriations.

Committee Relieved of Consideration
and Bill Committed to Other Committee

H. 115

Rep. Pugh of South Burlington moved that the committee on Human Services be relieved of House bill, entitled
An act relating to the Mental Health Resource and Referral Registry
And that the bill be committed to the committee on Health Care, which was agreed to.

Committee Relieved of Consideration
and Bill Committed to Other Committee

H. 328

Rep. Pugh of South Burlington moved that the committee on Human Services be relieved of House bill, entitled
An act relating to improving the oral health of Vermonters
And that the bill be committed to the committee on Health Care, which was agreed to.

Third Reading; Bill Passed

H. 531

House bill, entitled
An act relating to Building 617 in Essex
Was taken up, read the third time and passed.

Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered

H. 50

Rep. Bartholomew of Hartland, for the committee on Agriculture and Forest Products, to which had been referred House bill, entitled
An act relating to the sale, transfer, or importation of pets

Reported in favor of its passage when amended by striking all after the
enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 20 V.S.A. § 3541 is amended to read:

§ 3541. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

(6) “Owner” means any person who owns a domestic pet or wolf-hybrid
and includes any person who has actual or constructive possession of the pet or
wolf-hybrid. The term also includes those persons who provide feed or shelter
to a domestic pet or wolf-hybrid. However, it is not the intent of the general
assembly to require a person to be responsible under this chapter for feral
animals that take up residence in a building other than the person’s home, even
if the person occasionally provides feed to the animal.

* * *

(10) “Pet dealer” means any person who sells or exchanges or who
offers to sell or exchange cats, dogs, or wolf-hybrids, or any combination
thereof, from three or more litters of cats, dogs, or wolf-hybrids in any
12-month period to consumers. This definition shall not apply to pet shops,
animal shelters, or rescue organizations as those terms are defined in
section 3901 of this title.

Sec. 2. 20 V.S.A. § 3541a is added to read:

§ 3541a. FERAL ANIMALS; RESPONSIBILITY

It is not the intent of the General Assembly to require a person to be
responsible under this chapter for a feral animal that takes up residence in a
building other than the person’s home, even if the person occasionally provides
feed to the animal.

Sec. 3. 20 V.S.A. § 3550 is amended to read:

§ 3550. PENALTIES; ENFORCEMENT; MUNICIPAL LEGISLATIVE

BODY; COMMISSIONER SECRETARY

(a) A municipal legislative body or an officer designated by the
commissioner Secretary may impose a civil penalty of up to $500.00 per
violation in accordance with the provisions of this section.
(b) A municipal legislative body may impose penalties for violation of any provisions of subchapter 1 or 2, refusal to obtain a kennel pet dealer permit under subchapter 3, or a refusal to comply with an order issued by a municipal officer under subchapter 5 of this chapter.

(c) An officer designated by the commissioner Secretary may impose penalties for violation of a rule adopted by a state agency under subchapter 5 of this chapter, violation of a quarantine order issued under subchapter 5 of this chapter, or refusal to comply with an order issued by a state officer under subchapter 5 of this chapter.

* * *

(e) When the legislative body or officer has reasonable grounds to believe that a person has violated a provision of this chapter under its purview, the legislative body or officer may issue a notice of the alleged violation, which shall be delivered to the respondent in person or mailed to the respondent by registered mail. The notice of violation shall include:

* * *

(3) A statement that the respondent has a right to a hearing before the legislative body or a hearing officer designated by the commissioner Secretary at no cost to the respondent, a description of the procedures for requesting a hearing and a statement that failure to request a hearing within 21 days of the date of mailing of the notice shall result in a final decision with no right of appeal.

* * *

(f) A person who receives a notice of violation shall be offered an opportunity for a hearing before the legislative body or hearing officer, provided that the request for hearing is made in writing to the clerk of the municipality or the commissioner Secretary no later than 21 days after the date of mailing of the notice of violation. If the respondent does not request a hearing in a timely fashion, the decision shall be final and the penalty shall be payable within 35 days following mailing of the notice of violation. If the respondent does make a timely request for a hearing, the legislative body or hearing officer shall hold a hearing within 14 days of receipt of the request. After the hearing, the legislative body or hearing officer may affirm, reduce or eliminate the penalty. The decision shall be delivered or mailed to the respondent in the same manner as the notice of violation and shall be effective five days following mailing of the decision or immediately following delivery of the decision.

* * *
(h) The civil penalty shall be paid to the enforcing agency or enforcing legislative body. If the respondent fails to pay the penalty within the time prescribed, the legislative body or commissioner Secretary may bring a collection action in small claims court or the superior court Civil Division of the Superior Court.

* * *

(j) On application of a municipality or the commissioner Secretary, the Civil Division of the superior court Superior Court shall have jurisdiction to enjoin the violation of any provision of this chapter. The court Court may also authorize the seizure and disposition of domestic pets or wolf-hybrids when owners refuse to have the pets or wolf-hybrids inoculated or licensed, or when the court Court determines that there is a threat to the public welfare.

Sec. 4. 20 V.S.A. § 3681 is amended to read:

§ 3681. PET DEALER PERMIT

The owner or keeper of two or more domestic pets or wolf-hybrids four months of age or older kept for sale or for breeding purposes, except for his or her own use, A pet dealer shall apply to the municipal clerk of the town or city in which the domestic pets cats, dogs, or wolf-hybrids are kept for sale or for breeding purposes, except for his or her own use, A pet dealer shall apply to the municipal clerk of the town or city in which the domestic pets cats, dogs, or wolf-hybrids are kept on forms prescribed by the commissioner Secretary and pay the clerk a fee of $10.00 $25.00 for the same. A pet dealer who acquires a pet dealer permit shall allow inspections of the pet dealer’s premises pursuant to section 3682 of this title as a condition of receiving and retaining the permit. The provisions of subchapters 1, 2, and 4 of this chapter not inconsistent with this subchapter, shall apply to the pet dealer permit which shall be in addition to other permits required. A kennel pet dealer permit shall expire on March 31 next after issuance, and shall be displayed prominently on the premises on which the domestic pets cats, dogs, or wolf-hybrids are kept. If the permit fee is not paid by April 1, the owner or keeper may thereafter procure a permit for that license year by paying a fee of 50 percent in excess of that otherwise required. Municipal clerks shall maintain a record of the type of animals being kept by the permit holder. Upon issuance of the pet dealer permit, the municipal clerk shall provide the pet dealer with a copy of Part 3 (Standards) of the Animal Welfare Regulations adopted by the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets relating to cats, dogs, and wolf-hybrids. The municipal clerk shall also provide the pet dealer with contact information for the Animal Health Section within the Division of Food Safety and Consumer Protection of the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets and with information from the Department of Taxes on sales tax obligations for the sale of pets.
Sec. 5. 20 V.S.A. § 3682 is amended to read:

§ 3682. INSPECTION OF PREMISES

These premises may be inspected at any reasonable time by a law enforcement officer, a representative of the agency of agriculture, food and markets, or an officer or agent of an incorporated humane society and a veterinarian licensed to practice in Vermont, designated by such officer, agent or agency

(a) The pet dealer’s premises may be inspected upon the issuance of the pet dealer permit or at any time the pet dealer permit is in effect. Inspections may be conducted by a municipal animal control officer, a law enforcement officer as that term is defined in 23 V.S.A. § 4(11), or a representative of the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets. The inspector may, at his or her discretion and with the approval of the municipality, be accompanied by a veterinarian or an officer or agent of a humane society incorporated in Vermont. This section shall not create an obligation on the part of any municipal legislative body to conduct inspections.

(b) Inspections shall be scheduled in advance with the pet dealer or pet dealer’s agent. Inspections shall be conducted to facilitate compliance with the applicable standards in Part 3 (Standards) of the Animal Welfare Regulations adopted by the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets relating to cats, dogs, and wolf-hybrids. The person or persons authorized to inspect the pet dealer’s premises shall be accompanied by the pet dealer or pet dealer’s agent. If the pet dealer’s premises are also used for human habitation, the inspection may occur only in those areas of the premises used for animal housing, animal care, birthing, and storage of food and bedding. Photographs or videos of the pet dealer’s premises or property shall not be taken during an inspection and while on the pet dealer’s premises without the written consent of the permit holder. Repeated failure to consent to an inspection may result in a revocation of the pet dealer permit.

(c) If an inspector, during the course of an inspection under this section, has reason to believe that a criminal animal welfare violation exists on the pet dealer’s premises, nothing in this chapter shall preclude a criminal investigation into the suspected violation or shall preclude seeking the remedies available under 13 V.S.A. chapter 9. Assessment of an administrative penalty under this chapter shall not prevent assessment of a criminal penalty under 13 V.S.A. chapter 9.

(d) The inspector shall record the results of each inspection in a log and sign and date each entry. The entries shall be submitted to the municipality.
which shall maintain records of all pet dealer inspections. A copy of the
inspection results shall be provided to the permit holder.

Sec. 6. 20 V.S.A. chapter 194 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 194. WELFARE OF ANIMALS; SALE OF ANIMALS

   Subchapter 1. General provisions

§ 3901. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

(1) “Adequate feed” means the provision at suitable intervals, not exceeding 24 hours, of a quantity of wholesome foodstuff suitable for the species and age, sufficient to maintain a reasonable level of nutrition in each animal. All foodstuff shall be served in a clean and sanitary manner.

(2) “Adequate water” means a constant access to a supply of clean, fresh, potable water provided in a sanitary manner or provided at suitable intervals for the species and not to exceed 24 hours at any interval.

(3) “Ambient temperature” means the temperature surrounding the animal.

(4) “Animal” means any dog or cat, rabbit, rodent, bird, or other warm-blooded vertebrate but shall not include horses, cattle, sheep, goats, swine, and domestic fowl. [Repealed.]

(5) “Animal shelter” means a facility which is used to house or contain animals and is owned, operated, or maintained by a duly incorporated humane society, animal welfare society, society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, or other nonprofit organization devoted to the welfare, protection, and humane treatment of animals.

(6) “Secretary” means the secretary of agriculture, food and markets Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets.

(7) “Dealer” “Pet dealer” means any person who sells, or exchanges, or donates, or who offers to sell, or exchange, or donate animals, but shall not include a person who makes disposition only of offspring from animals maintained by him only as household pets cats, dogs, or wolf-hybrids, or any combination thereof, from three or more litters of cats, dogs, or wolf-hybrids in any 12-month period to consumers. This definition shall not apply to pet shops, animal shelters, or rescue organizations as those terms are defined in this section.

(8) “Euthanize” means to humanely destroy an animal by a method producing instantaneous unconsciousness and immediate death, or by
anesthesia produced by an agent which causes painless loss of consciousness and death during the loss of consciousness. “Euthanasia” means the humane destruction of animals in accordance with this subdivision.

(9) “Housing facility” means any room, building, or area used to contain a primary enclosure or enclosures.

(10) “Person” means any individual, partnership, firm, joint stock company, corporation, association, trust, estate, or other legal entity.

(11) “Pet shop” means a place of retail or wholesale business, including a flea market, that is not part of a private dwelling where cats, dogs, wolf-hybrids, rabbits, rodents, birds, fish, reptiles, or other vertebrates are bought, sold, exchanged, or offered for sale or exchange to the general public.

(12) “Primary enclosure” means any structure used to immediately restrict an animal or animals, excluding household pets, to a limited amount of space, such as a room, pen, cage, compartment, or hutch.

(13) “Public auction” means any place or establishment where dogs or cats are sold at auction to the highest bidder whether individually, as a group, or by weight.

(14) “Fair” means any public or privately operated facility where animals are confined for the purpose of display and/or sale or for viewing.

(15) “Pet merchant” means any person who operates a pet shop or who acts as a dealer. “Consumer” means an individual who purchases or receives an animal from any person permitted, licensed, or registered under this chapter. A permit holder, licensee, or registrant under this chapter is not a consumer.

(16) “Rescue organization” means any organization that accepts more than five animals in a calendar year for the purpose of finding adoptive homes for the animals, and that:

(A) holds a license as a pet shop;

(B) is recognized and approved as a nonprofit organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, but is not registered as an animal shelter; or

(C) is registered as an animal shelter with the agency of agriculture, food and markets under section 3903 of this title.

§ 3901a. SCOPE

This chapter shall not apply to horses or livestock, including cattle, sheep, goats, swine, and domestic fowl.
Subchapter 2. Animal welfare

§ 3902. REGISTRATION OF FAIRS

No person may operate a fair as defined under section 3901 of this title unless a certificate of registration for the fair has been granted by the secretary. Application for the certificate shall be made in a manner provided by the secretary. No fee shall be required for the certificate. Certificates of registration shall be valid for a period of one year or until revoked, and may be removed for like periods upon application in the manner provided.

§ 3903. REGISTRATION OF ANIMAL SHELTERS AND RESCUE ORGANIZATIONS

(a) No person may operate an animal shelter or rescue organization unless a certificate of registration for the animal shelter or rescue organization has been granted by the secretary. Application for the certificate shall be made in the manner provided by the secretary. No fee shall be required for the certificate. Certificates of registration shall be valid for a period of one year or until revoked, and may be renewed for like periods upon application in the manner provided.

(b) An animal shelter or rescue organization registered under this chapter shall not accept an animal unless the person transferring the animal to the shelter provides the following information: the name and address of the person transferring the animal and, if known, the name of the animal, its vaccination history, and other information concerning the background, temperament, and health of the animal.

(c) A rescue organization registered under this chapter shall be recognized and approved as a nonprofit organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

§ 3905. PUBLIC AUCTIONS

No person may operate a public auction as defined in this chapter after the expiration of six months following the effective date of this chapter unless a license to operate the auction has been granted by the secretary. The license period shall be April 1 to March 31 and the license fee shall be $10.00 for each license period or part thereof.

§ 3906. LICENSING OF PET MERCHANTS PET SHOPS

(a) No person may transact business as a pet merchant pet shop, as defined in this chapter, unless a license for that purpose has been granted by the
secretary Secretary to that person. Application for the license shall be made in the manner provided by the secretary Secretary. The license period shall be April 1 to March 31 and the license fee shall be $150.00 for each license period or part thereof.

(b) [Repealed.]

§ 3907. DENIAL OR REVOCATION OF REGISTRATION OR LICENSE

Issuance of a certificate of registration may be denied to any animal shelter, rescue organization, or fair, or a license may be denied to any public auction, or pet merchant, or pet shop or any certificate or license previously granted under this chapter, may be revoked by the secretary Secretary if, after public hearing, it is determined that the housing facilities or primary enclosures are inadequate for the purposes of this chapter; or if the feeding, watering, sanitizing, and housing practices of the animal shelter, rescue organization, fair, public auction, pet merchant or pet shop, as the case may be, are not consistent with this chapter or with rules adopted under this chapter.

§ 3908. ADOPTION OF REGULATIONS

The secretary Secretary may as he or she deems necessary adopt, amend, revise, and repeal rules consistent with this chapter for the purpose of carrying out its purposes. The rules may include, but need not be limited to, provisions relating to humane transportation to and from registered or licensed premises, records of purchase and sale, identification of animals, primary enclosures, housing facilities, sanitation, euthanasia, ambient temperatures, feeding, watering, and adequate veterinary medical care, with respect to animals kept or cared for at premises licensed or registered under this chapter. The secretary Secretary may at his or her discretion, adopt in whole or in part those portions of the rules of the secretary of agriculture Secretary of Agriculture under Public Law 89-544, commonly known as the Laboratory Animal Welfare Act, which are consistent with the purposes of this chapter.

§ 3909. SALE OF ANIMALS BY HUMANE SOCIETY

The board of directors of an incorporated humane society shall determine the method of disposition of animals released by it. Any proceeds derived from the sale of animals by the society shall be paid to the clerk or treasurer of the humane society, and no part of the proceeds shall accrue to any individual. Proceeds from the sale of animals by any person authorized by a municipality to dispose of such animals shall revert to the treasury of the municipality.
§ 3910. EXCEPTIONS

This chapter shall not apply to any place or establishment operated as an animal hospital under the supervision of a duly licensed veterinarian in connection with the treatment, alleviation, or prevention of diseases.

§ 3911. PENALTIES

(a) Any person licensed or registered under this chapter, who fails to provide animals under the person’s care or custody with adequate food or adequate water, as defined in section 3901 of this title, or who fails to house animals in the person’s care or custody in a manner which is adequate for their welfare, shall be fined not more than $500.00.

(b) Any person who operates a fair or public auction, or who transacts business as a pet merchant shop, animal shelter, or rescue organization without being duly licensed or without possessing a proper certificate of registration, as the case may be, as required under this chapter, or who violates any provision of this chapter or of any rule lawfully adopted under its authority for which no other penalty is provided, shall be fined not more than $300.00 or imprisoned for not more than six months, or both.

(c) The secretary Secretary may assess administrative penalties under 16 V.S.A. §§ 15-17, not to exceed $1,000.00, for violations of this chapter.

§ 3912. COMMITMENT OF ANIMALS TO AGENCY OF AGRICULTURE, FOOD AND MARKETS

The secretary Secretary or any officer of the agency Agency designated by the secretary Secretary may file with the court in which a person was convicted of violating the preceding section, a petition for custody of animals in the possession of the person convicted. If the court, on due notice to that person and to any other person owning or having any interest in the animals, finds that the welfare of any of the animals so requires, the court shall order the animals committed to the agency of agriculture, food and markets Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets. Animals committed to the agency of agriculture, food and markets Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets may be sold or euthanized, or kept in the custody of the agency Agency, as the secretary Secretary determines.

§ 3913. EUTHANASIA CERTIFICATION

(a) The secretary of agriculture, food and markets Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall establish rules for a euthanasia training program and certification process for persons completing the program.
(b) The secretary of agriculture, food and markets Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall establish rules for the possession and use of euthanasia solutions by registered animal shelters that utilize certified euthanasia technicians. The rules shall identify euthanasia solutions which may be used, techniques for the proper handling and storage of solutions and requirements for recordkeeping, and address any other matter deemed necessary by the secretary Secretary.

(c) The secretary of agriculture, food and markets Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets may revoke or suspend certification upon violation of the rules adopted under this section.

(d) The rules shall comply with all applicable federal drug enforcement standards.

(e) The secretary of agriculture, food and markets Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets has no responsibility to enforce any other statute relating to the abuse of narcotics or other regulated substance unless specifically authorized by such statute.

§ 3914. SPECIAL FUNDS
Fees collected under this chapter subchapter shall be credited to a special fund and shall be available to the agency of agriculture, food and markets Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets to offset the cost of providing the services.

§ 3915. HEALTH CERTIFICATE FOR TRANSPORT INTO STATE
(a) A dog, cat, ferret, or wolf-hybrid imported into the state State for sale, resale, exchange, or donation shall be accompanied by an official health certificate or similar certificate of inspection for the dog, cat, ferret, or wolf-hybrid issued by a veterinarian licensed in the state or country of origin. The certificate shall certify that:

1. the dog, cat, ferret, or wolf-hybrid has been inspected and is free of visible signs of infections or contagious or communicable disease; and

2. if the dog, cat, ferret, or wolf-hybrid is more than three months of age, the dog, cat, ferret, or wolf-hybrid has a current rabies vaccination or is a specific breed for which a rabies vaccination is not age-appropriate.

(b) The agency of agriculture, food and markets Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets may adopt rules regarding the issuance and contents of any certificate required under subsection (a) of this section.
Subchapter 3. Sale of cats, dogs, and wolf-hybrids

§ 3921. SALE OF A CAT, DOG, OR WOLF-HYBRID; RESTITUTION

(a) If, within seven days following the sale of a cat, dog, or wolf-hybrid by a pet dealer or pet shop, a licensed veterinarian of the consumer’s choosing certifies the cat, dog, or wolf-hybrid to be unfit for purchase due to illness or the presence of signs of contagious or infectious disease or if within one year the veterinarian certifies the existence of congenital malformation or hereditary disease, the consumer may act under subdivision (1) of this subsection or, if mutually agreed upon, under subdivision (2) or (3) of this subsection. The consumer shall have the right:

(1) to return the cat, dog, or wolf-hybrid to the pet dealer or pet shop and receive a full refund of the purchase price, including sales tax and reasonable veterinary fees related to certification under this section. A veterinary finding of intestinal parasites is not grounds for declaring a cat, dog, or wolf-hybrid unfit, nor is an injury or illness sustained subsequent to the consumer taking possession of a cat, dog, or wolf-hybrid; or

(2) to return the cat, dog, or wolf-hybrid to the pet dealer or pet shop and receive an exchange cat, dog, or wolf-hybrid of the consumer’s choice of equivalent value and reasonable veterinary costs related to certification under this subsection; or

(3) to retain the cat, dog, or wolf-hybrid and receive reimbursement from the pet dealer or pet shop for reasonable veterinary service for the purpose of curing or attempting to cure the cat, dog, or wolf-hybrid. In no case shall this service exceed the purchase price of the cat, dog or wolf-hybrid. Value of service is reasonable if it compares to similar service rendered by other veterinarians in the area, but in no case may it cover costs not directly related to the certification of unfitness.

(b) The Secretary shall prescribe a form for and the content of the certificate to be used under subsection (a) of this section. The form shall include an identification of the type of cat, dog, or wolf-hybrid, the owner, date and diagnosis, the treatment recommended, if any, and an estimated cost of the treatment. The form shall also include notice of the provisions of subsection (a) of this section.

(c) Every pet dealer or pet shop who sells a cat, dog, or wolf-hybrid to a consumer shall provide the consumer at the time of sale with the written form prescribed by the Secretary. The notice may be included in a written contract, a certificate of the history of the cat, dog, or wolf-hybrid, or another separate document.
(d) The Secretary shall prescribe by rule other information which shall be provided in writing by the pet dealer or pet shop to the consumer at the time of sale. The information shall include a description of the cat, dog, or wolf-hybrid, including breed and date of purchase; the name, address, and telephone number of the consumer; and the purchase price. Certification of this document occurs when signed by the pet dealer or pet shop.

(e) Refund or reimbursement required under subsection (a) of this section shall be made within ten business days following receipt of the signed veterinary certification. The certification shall be presented to the pet dealer or pet shop within three business days by the consumer.

§ 3922. CHALLENGE BY PET DEALER OR PET SHOP

A pet dealer or pet shop may contest a demand for reimbursement, refund, or exchange under section 3921 of this title by requiring the consumer to produce the cat, dog, or wolf-hybrid for examination by a licensed veterinarian of the pet dealer or pet shop’s designation. If the consumer and the pet dealer or pet shop are unable to reach an agreement under the provisions of this section within ten business days of an examination, the consumer may initiate an action in a court of competent jurisdiction in the locality where the consumer resides to obtain a refund, exchange, or reimbursement. Nothing in this section shall limit the rights or remedies which are otherwise available to the consumer under any other law.

§ 3923. ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES

The Secretary may assess administrative penalties under 6 V.S.A. §§ 15–17 not to exceed $1,000.00 for violations of this subchapter.

§ 3924. EXEMPTIONS

Duly incorporated humane societies, rescue organizations, or animal shelters that make animals available for adoption are exempt from the requirements of this subchapter.

Sec. 7. 20 V.S.A. chapter 199 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 199. SALE OF DOGS AND CATS

§ 4301. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) “Animal” means a dog or cat.

(2) “Consumer” means an individual who purchases an animal from any licensee or registrant under chapter 194 of this title. A licensee or registrant under this section is not a consumer.
(3) “Pet dealer” means any person, firm, partnership or corporation, or a representative or agent, who engages in the sale of more than one litter of animals per year or two or more animals over six months of age to consumers for monetary consideration. Breeders of animals who sell animals to the public are included in this definition; except that duly incorporated humane societies or animal shelters which make animals available for adoption are exempt.

§ 4302. SALE OF AN ANIMAL; RESTITUTION

(a) If, within seven days following the sale of an animal, a veterinarian of the consumer’s choosing certifies the animal to be unfit for purchase due to illness or the presence of signs of contagious or infectious disease, or within one year the veterinarian certifies the existence of congenital malformation or hereditary disease, the consumer may act under subdivision (1) of this subsection, or if mutually agreed upon, under subdivision (2) or (3) of this subsection. The consumer may have:

(1) the right to return the animal and receive a full refund of the purchase price, including sales tax, and reasonable veterinary fees related to certification under this section. A veterinary finding of intestinal parasites is not grounds for declaring an animal unfit, nor is an injury or illness sustained subsequent to the consumer taking possession of an animal;

(2) the right to return the animal and receive an exchange animal of the consumer’s choice of equivalent value, and reasonable veterinary costs related to certification under this subsection;

(3) the right to retain the animal and receive reimbursement from the pet dealer for reasonable veterinary service for the purpose of curing or attempting to cure the animal. In no case shall this service exceed the purchase price of the animal. Value of service is reasonable if it compares to similar service rendered by other veterinarians in the area, but in no case may it cover costs not directly related to the certification of unfitness.

(b) The commissioner shall prescribe a form for and the content of the certificate to be used under subsection (a) of this section. The form shall include, but not be limited to, an identification of the type of animal, the owner, date and diagnosis, the treatment recommended, if any, and an estimated cost of the treatment. The form shall also include notice of the provisions of subsection (a) of this section.

(c) Every pet dealer who sells an animal to a consumer shall provide the consumer at the time of sale with the written form prescribed by the commissioner. The notice may be included in a written contract, an animal history certificate or other separate document.
(d) The commissioner shall prescribe by rule other information which shall be provided in writing by the pet dealer to the consumer at the time of sale. Such information shall include, but not be limited to, a description of the animal, including breed and date of purchase, the name, address and telephone number of the consumer and the purchase price. Certification of this document occurs when signed by the pet dealer.

(e) Refund or reimbursement required under subsection (a) of this section shall be made within ten business days following receipt of the signed veterinary certification. The certification shall be presented to the pet dealer within three business days by the consumer.

§ 4303. CHALLENGE BY PET DEALER

A pet dealer may contest a demand for reimbursement, refund or exchange under section 4302 of this title by requiring the consumer to produce the animal for examination by a licensed veterinarian of the dealer’s designation. If the consumer and the dealer are unable to reach an agreement under provisions of this section within ten business days of an examination, the consumer may initiate an action in a court of competent jurisdiction in the locality where the consumer resides to obtain a refund, exchange or reimbursement. Nothing in this section shall limit the rights or remedies which are otherwise available to the consumer under any other law.

§ 4304. ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES

The commissioner may assess administrative penalties under sections 15-17 of Title 6, not to exceed $1,000.00, for violations of this chapter.

Sec. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2013.

Rep. Johnson of Canaan, for the committee on Ways and Means, recommended that the bill ought to pass when amended as recommended by the committee on Agriculture and Forest Products.

The bill, having appeared on the Calendar one day for notice, was taken up and read the second time.

Pending the question, Shall the report of the committees on Agriculture and Forest Products and Ways and Means be agreed to? Rep. Bartholomew of Hartland moved to amend the bill as follows:

First: In Sec. 1, 20 V.S.A. § 3541, in subsection (10), by striking “to consumers” in the first sentence
Second: In Sec. 6, 20 V.S.A. § 3901, in subsection (7), by striking “to consumers” in the first sentence.

Which was agreed to.

Thereupon, the report of the committees on Agriculture and Forest Products, as amended, and Ways and Means was agreed to and third reading was ordered.

Bill Read Second Time; Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered

H. 101

Rep. McCullough of Williston, for the committee on Fish, Wildlife & Water Resources, to which had been referred House bill, entitled

An act relating to the clarification of provisions regarding the posting of land and access to land and water for hunting, fishing, and trapping

Reported in favor of its passage when amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. § 4047a is added to read:

§ 4047a. RAFFLES; DEPARTMENT AUTHORITY

(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of 13 V.S.A. chapter 51, the Department may organize and execute raffles to dispose of property, and a person may participate in raffles executed by the Department, provided that the proceeds of raffles executed under this section shall be used solely to fund actions fulfilling or consistent with the purposes of the Department.

(b) All moneys received by the Department under this section shall be deposited in the Fish and Wildlife Fund to be used for the purposes of that fund.

Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. § 4081 is amended to read:

§ 4081. POLICY

* * *

(g) If the board finds that an antlerless season is necessary to maintain the health and size of the herd, the Department shall administer an antlerless deer program. Any open season on antlerless deer shall be held following the regular deer season held pursuant to section 4741 of this title, except as provided in section 4086 of this title. Annually, the board shall determine how many antlerless permits to issue in each deer management district. For a nonrefundable fee of $10.00 for residents and $25.00 for nonresidents a person may apply for a permit. Each person may
submit only one application for a permit. The department Department shall allocate the permits in the following manner:

(1) A Vermont landowner, as defined in section 4253 of this title, who owns 25 or more contiguous acres and who applies shall receive a permit for antlerless hunting in the management unit on which the land is located before any are given to people eligible under subdivision (2) of this subsection. If the land is owned by more than one individual, corporation or other entity, only one permit shall be issued. Landowners applying for antlerless permits under this subdivision shall not, at the time of application or thereafter during the regular hunting season, post their lands except under the provisions of section 4710 of this title. As used in this section, “post” means any signage that would lead a reasonable person to believe that hunting is restricted on the land. If the number of landowners who apply exceeds the number of permits for that district, the department Department shall award all permits in that district to landowners by lottery.

* * *

Sec. 3. 10 V.S.A. § 4082 is amended to read:

§ 4082. VERMONT FISH AND WILDLIFE REGULATIONS

(a) The board Board may adopt rules, under 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 of Title 3, to be known as the “Vermont fish and wildlife regulations” for the regulation of fish and wild game and the taking thereof except as otherwise specifically provided by law. The rules shall be designed to maintain the best health, population, and utilization levels of the regulated species and of other necessary or desirable species which are ecologically related to the regulated species. The rules shall be supported by investigation and research conducted by the department Department on behalf of the board Board.

(b) The board Board annually may adopt temporary rules relating to the management of migrating wild birds, and shall follow the procedures for rulemaking contained in 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 of Title 3 to the extent reasonably possible. For each such rule, the board Board shall conduct a hearing but, when necessary, may schedule the hearing for a day before the terms of the rule are expected to be determined.

(c) The board Board may set by procedure the annual number of antlerless deer that can be harvested in each wildlife management unit and the annual number of moose that can be harvested in each wildlife management unit without following the procedures for rulemaking contained in 3 V.S.A. chapter 25. The annual numbers of antlerless deer and moose that can be harvested shall be supported by investigation and research conducted by the Department on
behalf of the Board. Prior to setting the antlerless deer and moose permit numbers, the Board shall provide a period of not less than 30 days of public notice and shall conduct at least three public informational hearings. The public informational hearings may be conducted simultaneously with the regional antlerless deer meetings required by 10 V.S.A. App. § 2b. The final annual antlerless deer and moose harvest permit numbers shall be enforceable by the Department under its enforcement authority in part 4 of this title. The final annual antlerless deer and moose harvest permit numbers shall be reported to the House Committee on Fish, Wildlife and Water Resources and the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy as part of the annual deer report required under section 4084 of this title.

Sec. 4. 10 V.S.A. § 4084 is amended to read:

§ 4084. GAME

(a) Rules concerning wild game may:

(1) Establish open seasons; however, rules regarding taking of deer adopted under this subdivision shall make provision for a regular rifle hunting season pursuant to section 4741 of this title and for an archery season and a muzzle loader season unless there is a scientific reason not to do so;

(2) Establish daily, season, and possession limits;

(3) Establish territorial limits for any rule under this subchapter;

(4) Prescribe the manner and means of taking any species or variety, and including reporting and tagging of game;

(5) Establish restrictions on taking based upon sex, maturity, or other physical distinction of the species or variety pursued; and

(6) Designate wildlife management districts units for various species or varieties.

(b)(1) On or before July 1 of each year, the commissioner shall publish a report showing all the wildlife management districts units and proposed deer seasons. The reports shall include supporting data for the proposed actions.

(2) Each January, the commissioner shall publish an annual deer report showing the specific programs, plans, and operational goals of the department and shall include a progress report of each deer management district.
(c) After management districts have been established by the board under the authority of this section, the districts shall not thereafter be altered. The Board may alter the outer boundary of a wildlife management unit no more frequently than every ten years without approval of the general assembly. General Assembly; however, the board Board shall have authority to subdivide established districts wildlife management units. This subsection shall not apply to special management zones created under section 4086 of this title.

Sec. 5. 10 V.S.A. 4251 is amended to read:

§ 4251. TAKING WILD ANIMALS AND FISH; LICENSE

(a) Except as provided in section 4253 sections 4253 and 4254b of this title, a person shall not take wild animals or fish without first having procured a license therefor; provided, however, that a person under 15 years of age may take fish in accordance with this part and regulations of the board Board, without first having procured a license therefor.

(b) The commissioner of fish and wildlife Commissioner of Fish and Wildlife may designate one day two days each calendar year as a “free fishing day” days” for which no license shall be required. One day shall occur in the open water fishing season and one day shall occur during the ice fishing season.

Sec. 6. 10 V.S.A. § 4252 is amended to read:

§ 4252. ACTIVITIES PERMITTED UNDER LICENSES

(a) Subject to provisions of this part and regulations of the board Board:

* * *

(5) An archery license shall entitle the holder to take one deer by bow and arrow pursuant to section 4744 of this title.

(6) A muzzle loader license shall entitle the holder to take deer with a muzzle loading firearm pursuant to section 4743 of this title.

* * *

(9) A second muzzle loader license, which may only be purchased by a holder of a muzzle loader license, shall entitle the holder to take one wild deer, in addition to the number allowed to a holder of a muzzle license, with a muzzle loading firearm pursuant to section 4743 of this title.

(10) A second archery license, which may only be purchased by a holder of an archery license, shall entitle the holder to take one deer, in addition to the number allowed to a holder of an archery license, with a bow and arrow pursuant to section 4744 of this title.
(12) A super sport license shall entitle the holder to take fish, shoot pickerel, take wild animals pursuant to chapter 113 of this title, take wild animals as allowed under a combination hunting and fishing license and the following big game licenses: archery, muzzle loader, turkey, second archery, and second muzzle loader. The commissioner may establish procedures to encourage purchasers of a super sport license to make a stewardship donation of $10.00 to the fish and wildlife fund for the purpose of habitat improvement.

(b) In addition to the activities authorized under subsection (a) of this section and the rules authorized thereunder, the holder of an archery license, second archery license, or super sport license may possess a handgun while archery hunting, provided that the license holder shall not take game by firearm while archery hunting. As used in this section, “handgun” means a pistol or revolver which will expel a projectile by the action of an explosive.

Sec. 7. 10 V.S.A. § 4254(i)(1) is amended to read:

(i)(1) If the board establishes a moose hunting season, up to five moose permits shall be set aside to be auctioned. The moose permits set aside for auction shall be in addition to the number of annual moose permits authorized by the board. The board shall adopt rules necessary for the department to establish, implement, and run the auction process. The Commissioner annually may establish a minimum dollar amount of not less than $1,500.00 for any winning bid for a moose permit auctioned under this subdivision. Proceeds from the auction shall be deposited in the fish and wildlife fund and used for conservation education programs run by the department. Successful bidders must have a Vermont hunting or combination license in order to purchase a moose permit.

Beginning with the 2006 hunting season, the five moose permits set aside for auction shall be in addition to the number of annual moose permits authorized by the board.

Sec. 8. 10 V.S.A. § 4254b is added to read:

§ 4254b. THERAPEUTIC GROUP FISHING LICENSE

(a) As used in this section:

(1) “Health care professional” means an individual licensed or certified or otherwise authorized by Vermont law to provide professional health services.
(2) “Health service” means any treatment or procedure delivered by a health care professional to maintain an individual’s physical or mental health or to diagnose or treat an individual’s physical or mental health condition, including services ordered by a health care professional, chronic care management, preventive care, wellness services, and medically necessary services to assist in activities of daily living.

(3) “Individual representing a long-term care facility” means an employee of a long-term care facility or a person recognized as an official volunteer by the long-term care facility.

(4) “Long-term care facility” means any facility required to be licensed under 33 V.S.A. chapter 71.

(b) The Commissioner may issue an annual therapeutic group fishing license to a health care professional or an individual representing a long-term care facility. A therapeutic group fishing license shall allow up to four persons per day to fish at one time provided that:

(1) the persons are under the care of a health care professional or are residing in a long-term care facility; and

(2) while fishing the persons are supervised by the health care professional or the individual representing a long-term care facility who was issued the therapeutic group fishing license.

(c) A person fishing under a therapeutic group fishing license shall not be required to obtain a fishing license under section 4251 of this title but shall be required to comply with all other requirements of this chapter, chapter 111 of this title, and the rules of the Board. When a person or group of persons is fishing under a therapeutic group fishing license, the person or group shall be accompanied at all times by the health care professional or the individual representing a long-term care facility to which the license was issued. The health care professional or individual representing a long-term care facility may assist persons fishing under the license with all aspects of fishing activity. The health professional or individual representing a long-term care facility shall carry the license at all times while a person is fishing under the license and shall produce the license on demand by any fish and wildlife warden.

Sec. 9. 10 V.S.A. § 4255 is amended to read:

§ 4255. LICENSE FEES

* * *

(j) If the board Board determines that a moose season will be held in accordance with the rules adopted under sections 4082 and 4084 of this title,
the commissioner annually may issue three no-cost moose licenses to a child or young adult age 21 years or under person who has a life threatening disease or illness and who is sponsored by a qualified charitable organization, provided that at least one of the no-cost annual moose licenses awarded each year shall be awarded to a child or young adult age 21 years of age or under who has a life-threatening illness. The child or young adult must comply with all other requirements of this chapter and the rules of the board. Under this subsection, a person may receive only one no-cost moose license in his or her lifetime. The commissioner shall adopt rules in accordance with 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 of Title 3 to implement this subsection. The rules shall define the child or young adult qualified to receive the no-cost license, shall define a qualified sponsoring charitable organization, and shall provide the application process and criteria for issuing the no-cost moose license.

* * *

(m) The fee for a therapeutic group fishing license issued under section 4254b of this title shall be $50.00 per year, provided that the Commissioner may waive the fee under this section if the applicant for a therapeutic group fishing license completes instructor certification under the Department’s Let’s Go Fishing Program. The Commissioner may, at his or her discretion, issue a free therapeutic fishing license to an applicant.

Sec. 10. 10 V.S.A. § 4278 is amended to read:

§ 4278. FALCONRY LICENSE

(a) In this section, “raptor” means species of the orders Strigiformes, Falconiformes, and Accipitriformes.

(b)(1) A Vermont resident may obtain, sell, transport, possess, and train raptor species allowable under state and federal laws and regulations for hunting, provided the person has first obtained a state falconry license from the commissioner. Possession of a federal license is required to validate a state license. Applicants for the Commissioner may issue a state falconry license shall receive a license, provided that the applicant:

(1)(A) pays an initial licensing fee of $250.00 for a license valid for three years, or a renewal fee of $50.00 for a license valid for each year thereafter, as appropriate, to the department;

(2)(B) meets the minimum age and experience requirements for each of apprentice, general, or master falconry licenses;
(3)(C) has completed a supervised examination relating to basic biology, care, and handling of raptors, has correctly answered a minimum of 80–85 percent of the questions; and

(4)(D) possesses raptor housing facilities and falconry equipment that meet state and federal standards.

(2) The commissioner shall adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 that will establish requirements for ensuring that holders of falconry licenses will be properly qualified and that the birds will be legally acquired and appropriately cared for. Such rules shall further define required raptor housing facilities and falconry equipment, legal means of taking, lawful species, ages, and numbers of raptors to be taken and possessed, banding requirements, and any other further restrictions on taking and possession.

* * *

Sec. 11. 10 V.S.A. § 4280 is amended to read:

§ 4280. TAKING WILDLIFE DURING A PERIOD OF LICENSE SUSPENSION

A person shall not hunt, fish, or trap while a license or right to obtain a license is under suspension, including those persons who could otherwise hunt, fish, or trap pursuant to section 4253 of this title.

Sec. 12. 10 V.S.A. § 4701 is amended to read:

§ 4701. USE OF GUN, BOW AND ARROW, AND CROSSBOW; LEGAL DAY; DOGS

(a) A person shall not take game except with:

(1) a gun fired at arm’s length or with;

(2) a bow and arrow unless otherwise provided; or

(3) a crossbow as authorized under section 4711 of this title or as authorized by the rules of the Board.

(b) A person shall not take game between one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour before sunrise unless otherwise provided by statute or by the rules of the Board.

(c) A person may take game and fur-bearing animals during the open season therefor, with the aid of a dog, unless otherwise prohibited by statute or by the rules of the Board.
Sec. 13. 10 V.S.A. § 4502(b) is amended to read:

(b) A person violating provisions of this part shall receive points for convictions in accordance with the following schedule (all sections are in Title 10 of Vermont Statutes Annotated):

(1) Five points shall be assessed for any violation of statutes or rules adopted under this part except those listed in subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection.

(2) Ten points shall be assessed for:

* * *

(HH) § 4827. A black bear doing damage

* * *

(MM) § 4827a. Feeding a black bear.

(3) Twenty points shall be assessed for:

* * *

(G) § 4743(c). Muzzle loader deer season [Repealed.]

* * *

Sec. 14. DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE WORKING GROUP ON ILLEGAL TAKING OF GAME FROM VEHICLES OR PUBLIC HIGHWAY

(a) The Commissioner of Fish and Wildlife shall convene a working group to review and recommend methods for addressing illegal taking of game from motor vehicles or public highways in Vermont. The working group shall consist of the Commissioner or his or her designee and the following members to be appointed by the Commissioner:

(1) two members of the Fish and Wildlife Board;
(2) two State Game Wardens, Deputy State Game Wardens, other appropriate law enforcement officers, or a combination thereof; and
(3) two persons who hold a valid Vermont hunting license.

(b) On or before December 15, 2013, the Commissioner shall report to the House Committee on Fish, Wildlife and Water Resources and the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy with the recommendations of the working group.
(c) The report shall include a summary, based on the number of citations issued and on the number complaints tabulated by the Department, of the incidence of illegal taking of game from motor vehicles or public highways in Vermont and shall make recommendations on potential measures by which to reduce such incidents. The report shall include recommendations regarding:

1. increasing the distance from the traveled portion of public highways or other roadways at which hunters may take or attempt to take game;

2. a prohibition on shooting of a firearm or bow and arrow over or across the traveled portion of a public highway or other roadways;

3. increasing enforcement, increasing fines, or both; and

4. any other appropriate measures supporting the purpose of the working group.

Sec. 15. 10 V.S.A. § 4709 is amended to read:

§ 4709. IMPORTATION, STOCKING WILD ANIMALS; POSSESSION OF WILD BOAR

(a) A person shall not bring into the state or possess any live wild bird or animal of any kind, unless, upon application in writing therefor, the person obtains from the commissioner a permit to do so. The importation permit may be granted under such regulations therefor as the board shall prescribe and only after the commissioner has made such investigation and inspection of the birds or animals as she or he may deem necessary. The department may dispose of unlawfully imported wildlife as it may judge best, and the state may collect treble damages from the violator of this subsection for all expenses incurred.

(b) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the commissioner or duly authorized agents of the fish and wildlife department from bringing into the state for the purpose of planting, introducing, or stocking, or from planting, introducing, or stocking in the state, any wild bird or animal.

(c) Applicants shall pay a permit fee of $100.00.

(d)(1) The Commissioner shall not issue a permit under this section for the importation or possession of the following live species, a hybrid or genetic variant of the following species, offspring of the following species, or offspring or a hybrid of a genetically engineered variant of the following species: wild boar, wild hog, wild swine, feral pig, feral hog, feral swine, old
world swine, razorback, Eurasian wild boar, or Russian wild boar (Sus scrofo Linnaeus).

(2) This subsection shall not apply to the domestic pig (Sus domesticus) involved in domestic hog production and shall not restrict or limit the authority of the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets to regulate the importation or possession of the domestic pig as livestock or as a domestic animal under Title 6 of the Vermont Statutes Annotated.

Sec. 16. 10 V.S.A. § 4827 is amended to read:

§ 4827. BLACK BEAR DOING DAMAGE

(a) A (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection and in subsection 4827a(b) of this title, a person, an authorized member of the person’s family, or the person’s authorized regular on-premise employee may, after attempting reasonable nonlethal measures to protect his or her property, take a bear which he or she can prove was doing damage to the following:

(1)(A) livestock, a pet, or another domestic animal;
(2)(B) bees or bee hives;
(3)(C) a vehicle, building, shed, or any dwelling; or
(4)(D) a crop or crop-bearing plant other than grass.

(2)(A) The requirements of subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not apply in exigent circumstances. As used in this subdivision, “exigent circumstances” means the need for immediate protection of a person, livestock, pet, domestic animal, or occupied dwelling.

(B) Landowners or lessees subject to bear damage in unharvested cornfields shall be exempt from having to first use nonlethal control measures prior to taking a black bear doing damage under subdivision (a)(1) of this section.

(b) A person authorized to take a bear under subsection (a) of this section may designate one individual who holds a resident Vermont hunting license as an agent to take a bear doing damage on his or her behalf. The person may not offer or accept any form of payment to or from the agent under this subsection except as allowed in subsection (e) of this section.

* * *

(f) If a person has intentionally placed bait or food, which may include fruit, grain, salt, or other materials, including within a bird feeder, to entice or lure wildlife onto the property within the past 30 days:
(1) the person may not kill a bear causing damage pursuant to this section; and

(2) the commissioner is authorized to issue an order requiring the person to remove the bait or food if the luring may result in harm to a person, a domestic animal, a crop, or property [Repealed.]

* * *

(h) A person who shoots a bear in violation of subsection (f) or (g) of this section or subsection 4827a(b) of this title may be fined up to $2,000.00. A person who does not remove bait or contain food following an order issued under subsection (f) or (g) of this section or subsection 4827a(b) may be fined up to $500.00.

Sec. 17. 10 V.S.A. § 4827a is added to read:

§ 4827a. FEEDING BEAR; PROHIBITION

(a) A person shall not knowingly feed a bear and shall not knowingly give, place, expose, deposit, distribute, or scatter any bait, food, or other edible material in a manner intended to lure a bear to feed except:

(1) under a license or permit issued under section 4152 of this title by the Commissioner for bona fide scientific research, mitigation of wildlife damage, nuisance problems, or wildlife population reduction program;

(2) by planting, cultivating, or harvesting of crops directly associated with bona fide agricultural practices, including planted wildlife food plots; or

(3) by distribution of feed material for livestock directly associated with bona fide agricultural practices.

(b) A person who has intentionally placed bait, food, or other edible material, including placing food within a bird feeder, to lure wildlife onto the property within the past 30 days shall be prohibited from taking a bear doing damage under the authority set forth in section 4827 of this title. The Commissioner or his or her designee may issue an order requiring a person to remove or contain the bait, food, or edible material if the placing of bait or food results in the feeding of a bear.

(c) As used in this section, “bait, food, or other edible material” means fruit, grain, salt, grease, garbage, or other materials intended to feed or lure wildlife.

Sec. 18. 10 V.S.A. § 4829 is amended to read:

§ 4829. PERSON SUFFERING DAMAGE BY DEER OR BLACK BEAR
A person who suffers damage by deer to the person’s crops, fruit trees, or crop-bearing plants on land not posted against the hunting of deer, or a person who suffers damage by black bear to the person’s cattle, sheep, swine, poultry, or bees or bee hives on land not posted against hunting or trapping of black bear is entitled to reimbursement for the damage, and may apply to the department of fish and wildlife within 72 hours of the occurrence of the damage for reimbursement for the damage. As used in this section, “post” means any signage that would lead a reasonable person to believe that hunting is prohibited on the land. [Repealed.]

Sec. 19. 10 V.S.A. § 4830 is amended to read:

§ 4830. REGULATIONS

The state fish and wildlife board shall adopt rules and regulations relating to application for reimbursement, examination by state fish and wildlife wardens of damage and reimbursement therefor. [Repealed.]

Sec. 20. 10 V.S.A. § 4831 is amended to read:

§ 4831. REIMBURSEMENT

Reimbursement under this subchapter shall be made by the state treasurer, on the voucher of the commissioner of fish and wildlife, from money received by the state treasurer under the provisions of this part. [Repealed.]

Sec. 21. 10 V.S.A. § 4832 is amended to read:

§ 4832. APPEAL

A person who is denied reimbursement under this subchapter or who is dissatisfied with the amount of the reimbursement granted may appeal to the superior court of the county in which he resides. [Repealed.]

Sec. 22. 10 V.S.A. § 5001 is amended to read:

§ 5001. HUNTING DOGS; FIELD TRAINING

(a) While accompanying the dog, a person without a firearm may train a hunting dog to hunt and pursue:

(1) Bear during the period from June 1 to September 15 and then only from sunrise to sunset;

(2) Rabbits and game birds during the period from June 1 to the last Saturday in September and then only from sunrise to sunset;

(3) Raccoon during the period from June 1 to the last Saturday in September at any time of the day or night;
(4) Bobcat and fox during the period June 1 to March 15, except during regular deer season as prescribed in 10 V.S.A. § section 4741 of this title.

(b) The commissioner Commissioner may permit a person without a gun to train and condition a hunting dog between the second Monday in March and June 1. The board Board may adopt rules as it considers necessary to control the training and conditioning of hunting dogs.

(c) A person training a hunting dog under this section may possess a handgun while training the hunting dog, provided that the person shall not take game by any method while training the hunting dog. As used in this section, “handgun” means a pistol or revolver which will expel a projectile by the action of an explosive.

Sec. 23. 10 V.S.A. § 5201 is amended to read:

§ 5201. NOTICES; POSTING

(a) An owner, or a person having the exclusive right to take fish or wild animals upon land or the waters thereon, who desires to protect his or her land or waters over which he or she has exclusive control, may maintain notices stating, if he or she wishes to prohibit the taking of game and wild animals, that the shooting and trapping are that:

(A) the shooting, trapping, or taking of game or wild animals is prohibited , or, if he or she wishes to prohibit the taking of fish, that or is by permission only;

(B) fishing or the taking of fish is prohibited , or, if he or she wishes to prohibit the taking of fish and wild animals, that or is by permission only;

(C) fishing, hunting, and trapping, and taking of wild animals and fish are prohibited or are by permission only.

(2) “Permission only signs” authorized under this section shall contain the owner’s name and a legitimate method by which to contact the property owner or a person authorized to provide permission to hunt, fish, or trap on the property.

Sec. 24. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Sec. 15 (importation, stocking wild animals; possession of wild boar) of this act shall take effect on passage.

(b) Sec. 10 (falconry license) of this act shall take effect on January 1, 2014, provided that the Fish and Wildlife Board may, prior to January 1, 2014, adopt rules to implement 10 V.S.A. § 4278 as effective on January 1, 2014.
(c) All other sections of the act shall take effect on July 1, 2013.

and that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: “An act relating to hunting, fishing, and trapping”

**Rep. Masland of Thetford,** for the committee on Ways and Means, recommended that the bill ought to pass when amended as recommended by the committee on Fish, Wildlife and Water Resources.

The bill, having appeared on the Calendar one day for notice, was taken up and read the second time.

Pending the question, Shall the report of the committees on Fish, Wildlife and Water Resources and Ways and Means be agreed to? **Reps. Johnson of Canaan, Malcolm of Pawlet, Smith of New Haven and Winters of Williamstown,** moved to amend the report of the committee on Fish, Wildlife and Water Resources as follows:

**First:** In Sec. 14, by striking subdivision (c)(1) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(1) whether and to what extent the State should regulate the distance from the traveled portion of public highways or other roadways at which hunters may take or attempt to take game;

**Second:** By striking Secs. 18, 19, and 20 in their entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 18. 10 V.S.A. § 4829 is amended to read:

§ 4829. PERSON SUFFERING DAMAGE BY DEER OR BLACK BEAR

(a) A person engaged in the business of farming who suffers damage by deer to the person’s crops, fruit trees, or crop-bearing plants on land not posted against the hunting of deer, or a person engaged in the business of farming who suffers damage by black bear to the person’s cattle, sheep, swine, poultry, or bees or bee hives on land not posted against hunting or trapping of black bear is entitled to reimbursement for the damage, and may apply to the **Department of Fish and Wildlife** within 72 hours of the occurrence of the damage for reimbursement for the damage. As used in this section, “post” means any signage that would lead a reasonable person to believe that hunting is prohibited on the land.

(b) As used in this section, a person is “engaged in the business of farming” if he or she earns at least one-half of the farmer’s annual gross income from the business of farming, as that term is defined in the Internal Revenue Code, 26 C.F.R. § 1.175-3.
and by renumbering the subsequent section numbers of the bill to be numerically correct
Which was agreed to.

Thereupon, the report of the committees on Fish, Wildlife and Water Resources, as amended and Ways and Means was agreed to and third reading was ordered.

**Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered**

**H. 297**

Rep. Young of Glover, for the committee on Commerce and Economic Development, to which had been referred House bill, entitled

An act relating to duties and functions of the Department of Public Service

Reported in favor of its passage when amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Participation in Federal Proceedings * * *

Sec. 1. 30 V.S.A. § 2(b) is amended to read:

(b) In cases requiring hearings by the board Board, the department Department, through the director for public advocacy Director for Public Advocacy, shall represent the interests of the people of the state State, unless otherwise specified by law. In any hearing, the board Board may, if it determines that the public interest would be served, request the attorney general Attorney General or a member of the Vermont bar Bar to represent the public or the state State. In addition, the Department may intervene, appear, and participate in Federal Energy Regulatory Commission proceedings, Federal Communications Commission proceedings, or other federal administrative proceedings on behalf of the Vermont public.

* * * Coordination of Energy Planning * * *

Sec. 2. 30 V.S.A. § 202 is amended to read:

§ 202. ELECTRICAL ENERGY PLANNING

(a) The department of public service Department of Public Service, through the director for regulated utility planning Director for Regulated Utility Planning, shall constitute the responsible utility planning agency of the state State for the purpose of obtaining for all consumers in the state State proper utility service at minimum cost under efficient and economical management consistent with other public policy of the state State. The director Director
shall be responsible for the provision of plans for meeting emerging trends related to electrical energy demand, supply, safety, and conservation.

(b) The department, through the director, shall prepare an electrical energy plan for the state. The plan shall be for a 20-year period and shall serve as a basis for state electrical energy policy. The electric energy plan shall be based on the principles of “least cost integrated planning” set out in and developed under section 218c of this title. The plan shall include at a minimum:

(1) an overview, looking 20 years ahead, of statewide growth and development as they relate to future requirements for electrical energy, including patterns of urban expansion, statewide and service area economic growth, shifts in transportation modes, modifications in housing types and design, conservation and other trends and factors which, as determined by the director, will significantly affect state electrical energy policy and programs;

(2) an assessment of all energy resources available to the state for electrical generation or to supply electrical power, including, among others, fossil fuels, nuclear, hydro-electric, biomass, wind, fuel cells, and solar energy and strategies for minimizing the economic and environmental costs of energy supply, including the production of pollutants, by means of efficiency and emission improvements, fuel shifting, and other appropriate means;

(3) estimates of the projected level of electrical energy demand;

(4) a detailed exposition, including capital requirements and the estimated cost to consumers, of how such demand shall be met based on the assumptions made in subdivision (1) of this subsection and the policies set out in subsection (c) of this section; and

(5) specific strategies for reducing electric rates to the greatest extent possible in Vermont over the most immediate five-year six-year period, for the next succeeding five-year six-year period, and long-term sustainable strategies for achieving and maintaining the lowest possible electric rates over the full 20-year planning horizon consistent with the goal of maintaining a financially stable electric utility industry in Vermont.

(c) In developing the plan, the department shall take into account the protection of public health and safety; preservation of environmental quality; the potential for reduction of rates paid by all retail electricity customers; the potential for reduction of electrical demand through conservation, including alternative utility rate structures; use of load management technologies; efficiency of electrical usage; utilization of waste
heat from generation; and utility assistance to consumers in energy conservation.

(d) In establishing plans, the director Director shall:

(1) Consult with:

(A) the public;

(B) Vermont municipal utilities;

(C) Vermont cooperative utilities;

(D) Vermont investor-owned utilities;

(E) Vermont electric transmission companies;

(F) environmental and residential consumer advocacy groups active in electricity issues;

(G) industrial customer representatives;

(H) commercial customer representatives;

(I) the public service board Public Service Board;

(J) an entity designated to meet the public’s need for energy efficiency services under subdivision 218c(a)(2) of this title;

(K) other interested state agencies; and

(L) other energy providers.

(2) To the extent necessary, include in the plan surveys to determine needed and desirable plant improvements and extensions and coordination between utility systems, joint construction of facilities by two or more utilities, methods of operations, and any change that will produce better service or reduce costs. To this end, the director Director may require the submission of data by each company subject to supervision, of its anticipated electrical demand, including load fluctuation, supplies, costs, and its plan to meet that demand and such other information as the director Director deems desirable.

(e) The department Department shall conduct public hearings on the final draft and shall consider the evidence presented at such hearings in preparing the final plan. The plan shall be adopted no later than January 1, 2016 and readopted in accordance with this section by every sixth January 1 thereafter, and shall be submitted to the General Assembly each time the plan is adopted or readopted. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the submission to be made under this subsection.
(f) After adoption by the department of a final plan, any company seeking authority to make investments, to finance, to site or construct a generation or transmission facility or to purchase electricity or rights to future electricity, shall notify the department of the proposed action and request a determination by the department whether the proposed action is consistent with the plan. In its determination whether to permit the proposed action, the board shall consider the department’s determination of its consistency with the plan along with all other factors required by law or relevant to the board’s decision on the proposed action. If the proposed action is inconsistent with the plan, the board may nevertheless authorize the proposed action if it finds that there is good cause to do so. The department shall be a party to any proceeding on the proposed action, except that this section shall not be construed to require a hearing if not otherwise required by law.

(g) The director shall annually review that portion of a plan extending over the next six years. The department, through the director, shall annually extend the plan by one two additional year years; and from time to time, but in any event less than every five years sixth year, institute proceedings to review a plan and make revisions, where necessary. The five year six-year review and any interim revisions shall be made according to the procedures established in this section for initial adoption of the plan. The six-year review and any revisions made in connection with that review shall be performed contemporaneously with readoption of the comprehensive energy plan under section 202b of this title.

(h) The plans adopted under this section shall be submitted to the energy committees of the general assembly and shall become the electrical energy portion of the state energy plan.

(i) It shall be a goal of the electrical energy plan to assure, by 2028, that at least 60 MW of power are generated within the state by combined heat and power (CHP) facilities powered by renewable fuels or by nonqualifying SPEED resources, as defined in section 8002 of this title. In order to meet this goal, the plan shall include incentives for development and strategies to identify locations in the state that would be suitable for CHP. The plan shall include strategies to assure the consideration of CHP potential during any process related to the expansion of natural gas services in the state.
Sec. 3. 30 V.S.A. § 202b is amended to read:

§ 202b. STATE COMPREHENSIVE ENERGY PLAN

(a) The department of public service Department of Public Service, in conjunction with other state agencies designated by the governor Governor, shall prepare a comprehensive state energy plan covering at least a 20-year period. The plan shall seek to implement the state energy policy set forth in section 202a of this title. The plan shall include:

1. A comprehensive analysis and projections regarding the use, cost, supply, and environmental effects of all forms of energy resources used within Vermont.

2. Recommendations for state State implementation actions, regulation, legislation, and other public and private action to carry out the comprehensive energy plan.

(b) In developing or updating the plan’s recommendations, the department Department of Public Service shall seek public comment by holding public hearings in at least five different geographic regions of the state State on at least three different dates, and by providing notice through publication once a week and at least seven days apart for two or more successive weeks in a newspaper or newspapers of general circulation in the regions where the hearings will be held, and by delivering notices to all licensed commercial radio and television stations with transmitting facilities within the state State, plus Vermont Public Radio and Vermont Educational Television.

(c) The department Department shall adopt a state energy plan by no later than January 1, 1994 2016 and shall readopt the plan by every sixth January 1 thereafter. On adoption or readoption, the plan shall be submitted to the General Assembly. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to such submission.

1. Upon adoption of the plan, analytical portions of the plan may be updated annually and published biennially.

2. Every fourth year after the adoption or readoption of a plan under this section, the Department shall publish the manner in which the Department will engage the public in the process of readopting the plan under this section.

3. The publication requirements of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection may be met by inclusion of the subject matter in the Department’s biennial report.
The plan’s implementation recommendations shall be updated by the Department no less frequently than every five six years. These recommendations shall be updated prior to the expiration of five six years if the General Assembly passes a joint resolution making a request to that effect. If the Department proposes or the General Assembly requests the revision of implementation recommendations, the Department shall hold public hearings on the proposed revisions.

Any distribution of the plan to members of the General Assembly shall be in accordance with the provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20 (a)–(c).

Sec. 4. INTENT; RETROACTIVE APPLICATION

In enacting Secs. 2 (20-year electric plan) and 3 (comprehensive energy plan) of this act, the General Assembly intends to set the readoption of these plans by the Department of Public Service on a regular six-year cycle.

** USF; Prepaid Wireless; Provider Assessment **

Sec. 5. 30 V.S.A. § 7521 is amended to read:

§ 7521. CHARGE IMPOSED; WHOLESALE EXEMPTION

(a) A universal service charge is imposed on all retail telecommunications service provided to a Vermont address. Where the location of a service and the location receiving the bill differ, the location of the service shall be used to determine whether the charge applies. The charge is imposed on the person purchasing the service, but shall be collected by the telecommunications provider. Each telecommunications service provider shall include in its tariffs filed at the Public Service Board a description of its billing procedures for the universal service fund charge.

(b) The universal service charge shall not apply to wholesale transactions between telecommunications service providers where the service is a component part of a service provided to an end user. This exemption includes, but is not limited to, network access charges and interconnection charges paid to a local exchange carrier.

(c) In the case of mobile telecommunications service, the universal service charge is imposed when the customer’s place of primary use is in Vermont. The terms “customer,” “place of primary use,” and “mobile telecommunications service” have the meanings given in 4 U.S.C. § 124. All provisions of 32 V.S.A. § 9782 shall apply to the imposition of the universal service charge under this section.
(d)(1) In the case of prepaid wireless telecommunications services, the universal service charge shall be imposed on the provider based on its gross operating revenue.

(2) For purposes of this subsection:

(A) “Gross operating revenue” means the gross operating revenue received by the provider from the sale of prepaid wireless telecommunications service in Vermont, as reported to the Department of Public Service under section 22 of this title.

(B) “Prepaid wireless telecommunications service” means a telecommunications service as defined in section 203(5) of this title that a consumer pays for in advance and that is sold in predetermined units or dollars which decline with use.

* * * Effective Date * * *

Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

Rep. Wilson of Manchester, for the committee on Ways and Means, recommended that the bill ought to pass when amended as recommended by the committee on Commerce and Economic Development.

The bill, having appeared on the Calendar one day for notice, was taken up, read the second time, report of the committees on Commerce and Economic Development and Ways and Means agreed to and third reading ordered.

Bill Read Second Time; Bill Amended and Third Reading Ordered; Rules Suspended; Bill Read a Third Time and Passed; Rules Suspended and the Bill was Ordered Messaged to the Senate Forthwith

H. 533

Rep. Emmons of Springfield spoke for the committee on Corrections and Institutions.

House bill entitled

An act relating to capital construction and state bonding

Rep. Winters of Williamstown, for the committee on Appropriations, recommended that the bill ought to pass.

Having appeared on the Calendar one day for notice, was taken up and read the second time.

Pending the question, Shall the bill be read the third time? Rep. Emmons of
Springfield moved to amend the bill as follows:

**First:** In Sec. 17, Vermont Veterans’ Home, at the end of sentence in subsection (c), by inserting the following:

The independent third party shall review and consider the findings of the Veterans’ Home management and operations review required by 2013 Acts and Resolves No. 1, Sec. B.1109 when conducting the facilities conditions analysis. Upon completion of the facilities conditions analysis, the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services shall submit a copy of the analysis to the Veterans’ Home Board of Trustees, the Vermont State Employees’ Association (VSEA), the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions, and the Senate Committee on Institutions.

**Second:** In Sec. 6, Commerce and Community Development, by striking subsections (c) and (d) in their entirety and inserting in lieu thereof:

(c) The following sums are appropriated in FY 2014 to the Agency of Commerce and Community Development for the following projects:

1. Underwater preserves: $25,000.00
2. Placement and replacement of roadside historic site markers: $15,000.00

(d) The following sums are appropriated in FY 2015 to the Agency of Commerce and Community Development for the following projects:

1. Underwater preserves: $35,000.00
2. Placement and replacement of roadside historic site markers: $15,000.00

Which was agreed to.

Pending the question, Shall the bill be read the third time? Rep. Browning of Arlington moved to amend the bill as follows:

In Sec. 2, State Buildings, by striking out subdivision (b)(15) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subdivision (b)(15) to read:

(15) Renovation and replacement of state-owned assets, Tropical Storm Irene:

(A) Vermont State Hospital, related projects: $8,700,000.00
(B) Waterbury State Office Complex: $21,200,000.00
(C) National Life: $4,100,000.00
(D) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, allocations in this subdivision shall be used only to fund the projects described in this subdivision (15).

(E) A special committee consisting of the Joint Fiscal Committee and the Chairs of the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Institutions (“Special Committee”) is hereby established. If there are any material changes to the planning or funding of the Waterbury State Office Complex, the Special Committee shall meet to review and approve these changes at the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Joint Fiscal Committee or at an emergency meeting called by the Chairs of the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions, the Senate Committee on Institutions, and the Joint Fiscal Committee. The Special Committee shall be entitled to per diem and expenses as provided in 2 V.S.A. § 406.

(F) The Commissioner of Buildings and General Services shall notify the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Institutions at least monthly of updates to the planning process for the projects described in this subdivision (b)(15).

(G) As used in this subdivision (b)(15), a “material change” means a change to the planning or funding of the Waterbury State Office Complex that:

(i) increases the total project cost estimate by 10 percent; or

(ii) constitutes a change in plan or design.

(H) On or before July 1, 2014, the Department of Buildings and General Services shall present to the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Institutions a modified design proposal for the Waterbury State Office Complex that locates the heating plant outside the fluvial erosion hazard area.

(i) The FY 2014 capital funding allocated for the Waterbury State Office Complex in this subdivision (b)(15) shall only be appropriated to the Department of Buildings and General Services after the modified design is presented to the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Institutions.

(ii) As used in this subdivision, “fluvial erosion hazard area” means the fluvial erosion hazard area map prepared by the Agency of Natural Resources as part of the Act 250 permit application for demolition at the Waterbury State Office Complex.

(I) To the extent that additional funding amounts for the Waterbury State Office Complex from the Federal Emergency Management Agency and
any insurance funds are not confirmed upon passage of this act, the Department of Buildings and General Services shall only be authorized to proceed with asbestos abatement, demolition, and the renovation of the historic core buildings at the Waterbury State Office Complex until these funding amounts are confirmed.

Thereupon, Rep. Browning of Arlington asked and was granted leave of the House to withdraw her amendment.

Pending the question, Shall the bill be read the third time? Rep. Manwaring of Wilmington moved to amend the bill as follows:

By inserting a new Sec. 26a to read as follows:

* * * Commerce and Community Development * * *

Sec. 26a. REGIONAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT GRANT PROGRAM

(a) The Commissioner of Buildings and General Services, in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development and the Regional Development Corporations of Vermont, shall evaluate the goals and administration of the Regional Economic Development Grant Program set out in 24 V.S.A. § 5607, whether the grants are being awarded to projects appropriately for the purpose of funding capital expenses, and whether catastrophic situations should qualify for grants.

(b) On or before September 15, 2013, the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services shall report to the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions, the Senate Committee on Institutions, the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development, and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs with the results of the evaluation.

Which was agreed to.

Pending the question, Shall the bill be read a third time? Rep. Jewett of Ripton demanded the Yeas and Nays, which demand was sustained by the Constitutional number. The Clerk proceeded to call the roll and the question, Shall the bill be read a third time? was decided in the affirmative. Yeas, 135. Nays, 0.

Those who voted in the affirmative are:

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Those who voted in the negative are: none

Those members absent with leave of the House and not voting are:

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On motion of Rep. Turner of Milton, the rules were suspended and the bill placed on all remaining stages of passage. The bill was read the third time and passed and, on motion of Rep. Turner of Milton the rules were suspended and the bill was ordered messaged to the Senate forthwith.

Adjournment

At three o'clock and thirty minutes in the afternoon, on motion of Rep. Turner of Milton, the House adjourned until tomorrow at nine o'clock and thirty minutes in the forenoon.