# Senate Calendar

## MONDAY, MAY 13, 2013

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#### **ACTION CALENDAR**

#### **UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF FRIDAY, MAY 10, 2013**

#### **Third Reading**

#### H. 107.

An act relating to health insurance, Medicaid, and the Vermont Health Benefit Exchange.

## AMENDMENT TO SENATE PROPOSAL OF AMENDMENT TO H. 107 TO BE OFFERED BY SENATOR MULLIN BEFORE THIRD READING

Senator Mullin moves that the Senate Proposal of Amendment be further amended in Sec. 53, effective dates, in subsection (a), by striking out "<u>3</u> (prescription drug deductibles)" and inserting in lieu thereof "<u>3(d) (8 V.S.A.</u> § 4089i(d); prescription drug deductibles)"; by redesignating the existing subsection (g) to be subsection (h); and by adding a new subsection (g) to read as follows:

(g) Sec. 3(e)–(g) (8 V.S.A. § 4089i(e)–(g); step therapy) shall take effect on September 1, 2013 and shall apply to all health insurers on and after September 1, 2013 on such date as a health insurer offers, issues, or renews a health insurance policy, but in no event later than September 1, 2014.

#### AMENDMENT TO SENATE PROPOSAL OF AMENDMENT TO H. 107 TO BE OFFERED BY SENATORS SNELLING AND FLORY BEFORE THIRD READING

Senators Snelling and Flory move that the Senate Proposal of Amendment be further amended by adding Secs. 30a–30c to read as follows:

\* \* \* Participation in the Exchange to be Voluntary \* \* \*

Sec. 30a. 33 V.S.A. § 1811 is amended to read:

## § 1811. HEALTH BENEFIT PLANS FOR INDIVIDUALS AND SMALL EMPLOYERS

(a) As used in this section:

(1) "Health benefit plan" means a health insurance policy, a nonprofit hospital or medical service corporation service contract, or a health maintenance organization health benefit plan offered through the Vermont health benefit exchange and issued to an individual or to an employee of a

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small employer. The term does not include coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, liability insurance, coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance, workers' compensation or similar insurance, automobile medical payment insurance, credit-only insurance, coverage for on-site medical clinics, or other similar insurance coverage in which benefits for health services are secondary or incidental to other insurance benefits as provided under the Affordable Care Act. The term also does not include stand-alone dental or vision benefits; long-term care insurance; specific disease or other limited benefit coverage, Medicare supplemental health benefits, Medicare Advantage plans, and other similar benefits excluded under the Affordable Care Act.

(b) No person may provide a health benefit plan to an individual or small employer unless the plan is offered through the Vermont health benefit exchange and complies with the provisions of this subchapter. [Deleted.]

\* \* \*

Sec. 30b. 2011 Acts and Resolves No. 48, Sec. 2 is amended to read:

## Sec. 2. STRATEGIC PLAN; UNIVERSAL AND UNIFIED HEALTH SYSTEM

(a) Vermont must begin to plan now for health care reform, including simplified administration processes, payment reform, and delivery reform, in order to have a publicly financed program of universal and unified health care operational after the occurrence of specific events, including the receipt of a waiver from the federal Exchange requirement from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. A waiver will be available in 2017 under the provisions of existing law in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148) ("Affordable Care Act"), as amended by the federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (Public Law 111-152), and may be available in 2014 under the provisions of two bills, H.R. 844 and S.248, introduced in the 112th Congress. In order to begin the planning efforts, the director of health care reform in the agency of administration Director of Health Care Reform in the Agency of Administration shall establish a strategic plan, which shall include time lines and allocations of the responsibilities associated with health care system reform, to further the containment of health care costs, to further Vermont's existing health care system reform efforts as described in 3 V.S.A. § 2222a and to further the following:

\* \* \*

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<sup>\* \* \*</sup> 

(2)(A)As provided in Sec. 4 of this act, no later than November October 1, 2013, the Vermont health benefit exchange Health Benefit Exchange established in 33 V.S.A. chapter 18, subchapter 1 shall begin enrolling individuals and small employers with 50 or fewer employees for coverage beginning January 1, 2014. Beginning January 1, 2014, the Commissioner of Financial Regulation may require qualified health benefit plans to be sold to individuals and small groups through the Vermont Health Benefit Exchange, provided that the Commissioner shall also allow qualified and nonqualified plans that comply with the required provision of the Affordable Care Act to be sold to individuals and small groups outside the The intent of the general assembly General Assembly is to Exchange. establish the Vermont health benefit exchange Health Benefit Exchange in a manner such that it may become the foundation for Green Mountain Care.

\* \* \*

(3) As provided in Sec. 4 of this act, no No later than October 1, 2015, the Vermont Health Benefit Exchange established in 33 V.S.A. chapter 18, subchapter 1 shall make plans available to employers with 100 or fewer employees for coverage beginning January 1, 2016. No later than November October 1, 2016, the Vermont health benefit exchange established in 33 V.S.A. chapter 18, subchapter 1 Health Benefit Exchange shall begin enrolling make plans available to large employers for coverage beginning January 1, 2017.

\* \* \*

Sec. 30c. 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 171, Sec. 41a is amended to read:

Sec. 41a. TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS; IMPLEMENTATION

\* \* \*

(c) Notwithstanding Sec. 41(i) of this act, repealing 8 V.S.A. §§ 4080a and 4080b, the department of financial regulation and the Green Mountain Care board may continue to approve rates and forms for nongroup and small group health insurance plans under the statutes and rules in effect prior to the date of repeal if the Vermont health benefit exchange is not operational by January 1, 2014 and the department of Vermont health access or a health insurer is unable to facilitate enrollment in health benefit plans through another mechanism, including paper enrollment. In the alternative, the department of financial regulation may allow individuals and small employers to extend coverage under an existing health insurance plan. The department of financial regulation and the Green Mountain Care board shall maintain their authority pursuant to this subsection until the exchange is able to enroll all qualified individuals and small employers who apply for coverage through the exchange. [Deleted.]

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(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of 8 V.S.A. §§ 4080a(d)(1) and 4080b(d)(1), a health insurer shall not be required to guarantee acceptance of any individual, employee, or dependent on or after January 1, 2014 for a small group plan offered pursuant to 8 V.S.A. § 4080a or a nongroup plan offered pursuant to 8 V.S.A. § 4080b except as required by the department of financial regulation or the Green Mountain Care board, or both, pursuant to subsection (c) of this section.

\* \* \*

#### **NEW BUSINESS**

#### **Third Reading**

#### H. 295.

An act relating to technical tax changes.

#### H. 534.

An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the City of Winooski.

#### H. 535.

An act relating to the approval of the adoption and to the codification of the charter of the Town of Woodford.

#### Second Reading

#### **Favorable with Proposal of Amendment**

#### Н. 523.

An act relating to jury questionnaires, the filing of foreign child custody determinations, court fees, and judicial record keeping.

#### Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator Ashe for the Committee on Judiciary.

The Committee recommends that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 4 V.S.A. § 955 is amended to read:

§ 955. QUESTIONNAIRE

The clerk shall send a jury questionnaire prepared by the <del>court administrator</del> <u>Court Administrator</u> to each person selected. When returned, it shall be retained in the <del>superior court clerk's office</del> <u>Office of the Superior Court Clerk</u>.

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The questionnaire shall at all times during business hours be open to inspection by the court and attorneys of record of the state of Vermont. Pursuant to section 952 of this title, the Court Administrator shall promulgate rules governing the inspection and availability of the juror questionnaires and the information contained in them.

Sec. 2. 15 V.S.A. § 1085 is amended to read:

#### § 1085. REGISTRATION OF CHILD CUSTODY DETERMINATION

\* \* \*

(b) On receipt of the documents required by subsection (a) of this section, the court administrator Family Division shall:

(1) cause the determination to be filed send the certified copy of the determination to the Court Administrator who shall file it as a foreign judgment, together with one copy of any accompanying documents and information, regardless of their form; and

\* \* \*

Sec. 3. 32 V.S.A. § 1431 is amended to read:

§ 1431. FEES IN SUPREME AND SUPERIOR COURTS

\* \* \*

(2) Prior to the entry of any divorce or annulment proceeding in the superior court Superior Court, there shall be paid to the clerk of the court Clerk of the Court for the benefit of the state a fee of \$250.00 in lieu of all other fees not otherwise set forth in this section. If the divorce or annulment complaint is filed with a stipulation for a final order acceptable to the court, the fee shall be \$75.00 if one or both of the parties are residents, and \$150.00 if neither party is a resident, except that if the stipulation is not acceptable to the Court or if a matter previously agreed to becomes contested, the difference between the full fee and the reduced fee shall be paid to the Court prior to the issuance of a final order.

(3) Prior to the entry of any parentage or desertion and support proceeding brought under <u>15 V.S.A.</u> chapter 5 of Title 15 in the superior court <u>Superior Court</u>, there shall be paid to the elerk of the court <u>Clerk of the Court</u> for the benefit of the state <u>State</u> a fee of \$100.00 in lieu of all other fees not otherwise set forth in this section; however, if. If the parentage or desertion and support complaint is filed with a stipulation for a final order acceptable to the <u>court Court</u>, the fee shall be \$25.00 except that if the stipulation is not acceptable to the Court or if a matter previously agreed to becomes contested,

the difference between the full fee and the reduced fee shall be paid to the Court prior to the issuance of a final order.

(4) Prior to the entry of any motion or petition to enforce an a final order for parental rights and responsibilities, parent-child contact, property division, or maintenance in the superior court Superior Court, there shall be paid to the elerk of the court Clerk of the Court for the benefit of the state State a fee of \$75.00 in lieu of all other fees not otherwise set forth in this section. Prior to the entry of any motion or petition to vacate or modify an a final order for parental rights and responsibilities, parent-child contact, or maintenance in the superior court Superior Court, there shall be paid to the clerk of the court Clerk of the Court for the benefit of the state State a fee of \$100.00 in lieu of all other fees not otherwise set forth in this section. However, if the motion or petition is filed with a stipulation for an order acceptable to the court, the fee shall be \$25.00. All motions or petitions filed by one party at one time shall be assessed one fee except that if the stipulation is not acceptable to the Court or if a matter previously agreed to becomes contested, the difference between the full fee and the reduced fee shall be paid to the Court prior to the issuance of a final order. All motions or petitions filed by one party under this subsection at one time shall be assessed one fee equal to the highest of the filing fees associated with the motions or petitions involved. There are no filing fees for prejudgment motions or petitions filed before a final divorce, legal separation, dissolution of civil union, parentage, desertion, or nonsupport judgment issued.

(5) Prior to the entry of any motion or petition to vacate or modify an order for child support in the superior court Superior Court, there shall be paid to the elerk of the court Clerk of the Court for the benefit of the state State a fee of \$35.00 in lieu of all other fees not otherwise set forth in this section; however, if. If the motion or petition is filed with a stipulation for an order acceptable to the court, there shall be no fee except that if the stipulation is not acceptable to the Court or if a matter previously agreed to becomes contested, the difference between the full fee and the reduced fee shall be paid to the Court prior to the issuance of a final order. A motion or petition to enforce an order for child support shall require no fee. All motions or petitions filed by one party at one time shall be assessed one fee; if a simultaneous motion is filed by a party under subdivision (4) of this subsection, the fee under subdivision (4) shall be the only fee assessed. There are no filing fees for prejudgment motions or petitions filed before a final divorce, legal separation, dissolution of civil union, parentage, desertion, or nonsupport judgment has issued.

(6) Prior to the registration in Vermont of a child custody determination issued by a court of another state, there shall be paid to the Clerk of the Court for the benefit of the State a fee of \$75.00 unless the request for registration is filed with a simultaneous motion for enforcement, in which event the fee for registration shall be \$30.00 in addition to the fee for the motion as provided in subdivision (4) of this subsection.

\* \* \*

(d) Prior to the entry of any subsequent pleading which sets forth a claim for relief in the supreme court or the superior court, there shall be paid to the clerk of the court for the benefit of the state a fee of \$100.00 for every appeal, cross-claim, or third-party claim and a fee of \$75.00 for every counterclaim in the superior court in lieu of all other fees not otherwise set forth in this section. The fee for an appeal of a magistrate's decision in the superior court shall be \$100.00. The filing fee for civil suspension proceedings filed pursuant to 23 V.S.A § 1205 shall be \$75.00, which shall be taxed in the bill of costs in accordance with sections 1433 and 1471 of this title. This subsection does not apply to filing fees in the Family Division, except with respect to the fee for an appeal of a magistrate's decision.

(e) Prior to the filing of any postjudgment motion in the superior court Civil, Criminal, or Environmental Division of the Superior Court, including motions to reopen civil suspensions and motions for sealing or expungement in the criminal division pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 7602, there shall be paid to the elerk of the court Clerk of the Court for the benefit of the state State a fee of \$75.00 except for small claims actions.

\* \* \*

(h) Pursuant to Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure 3.1 or Vermont Rules of Appellate Procedure 24(a), part or all of the filing fee may be waived if the court Court finds that the applicant is unable to pay it. The elerk of the court Clerk of the Court or the clerk's designee shall establish the in forma pauperis fee in accordance with procedures and guidelines established by administrative order of the supreme court Supreme Court. If, during the course of the proceeding and prior to a final judgment, the Court determines that the applicant has the ability to pay all or a part of the waived fee, the Court shall require that payment be made prior to issuing a final judgment. If the applicant fails to pay the fee within a reasonable time, the Court may dismiss the proceeding.

Sec. 4. 32 V.S.A. § 1434 is amended to read:

§ 1434. PROBATE CASES

\* \* \*

(b) For economic cause, the probate judge may waive this fee. Pursuant to Rule 3.1 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure, part of the filing fee may be

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waived if the Court finds the applicant is unable to pay it. The Court shall use procedures established in subsection 1431(h) of this title to determine the fee. No fee shall be charged for necessary documents pertaining to the opening of estates, trusts, and guardianships, including the issuance of two certificates of appointment and respective letters. No fee shall be charged for the issuance of two certified copies of adoption decree and two certified copies of instrument changing name.

\* \* \*

Sec. 5. 4 V.S.A. § 657 is amended to read:

#### § 657. TRANSCRIBING DAMAGED RECORDS

When records in the court clerk's office Office of the Superior Court Clerk become faded, defaced, torn, or otherwise injured, so as to endanger the permanent legibility or proper preservation of the same, by an order in writing recorded in the court clerk's office, the court administrator shall the Court Administrator may direct the court clerk Court Clerk to provide suitable books and transcribe such records therein. At the end of a transcript of record so made, the clerk Clerk shall certify under official signature and the seal of the court Court that the same is a true transcript of the original record. Such transcript or a duly certified copy thereof shall be entitled to the same faith and credit and have the same force as the original record. The expense of making such transcript shall be paid by the state State.

Sec. 6. 4 V.S.A. § 659 is amended to read:

#### § 659. PRESERVATION OF COURT RECORDS

(a) The supreme court Supreme Court by administrative order may provide for permanent preservation of all court records by any photographic or electronic <u>or comparable</u> process <del>which will provide compact records in</del> reduced size, in accordance with standards established by the secretary of state which that shall be no less protective of the records than the standards established by the state archives and records administration programs that take into account the quality and security of the records, and ready access to the record of any cause so recorded.

(b) After preservation in accordance with subsection (a) of this section, the supreme court Supreme Court by administrative order may provide for the disposition of original court records by destruction or in cases where the original court record may have historical or intrinsic value by transfer to the archives of the secretary of state, the Vermont historical society, or the University of Vermont Secretary of State.

Sec. 7. 4 V.S.A. § 732 is amended to read:

#### § 732. LOST WRIT OR COMPLAINT FILING OF NEW PAPERS DOCUMENT OR RECORD

When the writ or complaint a court document, record, or file in an action pending in court is lost, mislaid, or destroyed, the court, on written motion for that purpose, may order a writ or a complaint for the same cause of action duplicate document, record, or file to be filed under such regulations conditions as the court prescribes, and the same proceedings shall be had thereon as though it were the original writ or complaint. If the plaintiff refuses to file such writ or complaint, the court shall direct a nonsuit in the action, and tax costs for the defendant. A duplicate document or record shall have the same validity and may be used in evidence in the same manner as the original document, record, or file.

Sec. 8. 4 V.S.A. § 740 is amended to read:

#### § 740. COURT RECORDS; DOCKETS; CERTIFIED COPIES

The supreme court Supreme Court by administrative order or directive shall provide for the preparation, maintenance, recording, indexing, docketing, preservation, and storage of all court records and the provision, subject to confidentiality requirements of law or court rules, of certified copies of those records to persons requesting them.

Sec. 9. 12 V.S.A. § 5 is amended to read:

#### § 5. DISSEMINATION OF ELECTRONIC CASE RECORDS

(a) The court shall not permit public access via the Internet to criminal or family case records. The court may permit criminal justice agencies, as defined in 20 V.S.A. § 2056a, Internet access to criminal case records for criminal justice purposes, as defined in section 2056a.

(b) This section shall not be construed to prohibit the court from providing electronic access to:

(1) court schedules of the superior court, or opinions of the criminal division of the superior court;  $\sigma$ 

(2) state agencies in accordance with data dissemination contracts entered into under Rule 6 of the Vermont Rules of Electronic Access to Court Records<u>; or</u>

(3) decisions, recordings of oral arguments, briefs, and printed cases of the Supreme Court.

Sec. 10. 4 V.S.A. § 908 is amended to read:

#### § 908. ATTORNEYS' ADMISSION, LICENSING, AND PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITY SPECIAL FUND

There is established the attorneys' admission, licensing, and professional responsibility special fund which shall be managed in accordance with 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5. Fees collected for licensing of attorneys, administration of the bar examination, admitting attorneys to practice in Vermont, and administration of mandatory continuing legal education shall be deposited and credited to this fund. This fund shall be available to the judicial branch Judicial Branch to offset the cost of operating the professional responsibility board Professional Responsibility Board, the board of bar examiners Board of Bar Examiners, the judicial conduct board Judicial Conduct Board, the committee on character and fitness Committee on Character and Fitness, the mandatory continuing legal education program for attorneys and, at the discretion of the supreme court Supreme Court, to make grants for access to justice programs or to the Vermont bar foundation Bar Foundation to be used to support legal services for the disadvantaged.

Sec. 11. 13 V.S.A. § 7030 is amended to read:

#### § 7030. SENTENCING ALTERNATIVES

(a)(1) In determining which of the following should be ordered, the court shall consider the nature and circumstances of the crime, the history and character of the defendant, the need for treatment, and the risk to self, others, and the community at large presented by the defendant:

(1)(A) A <u>a</u> deferred sentence pursuant to section 7041 of this title.

(2)(B) Referral referral to a community reparative board pursuant to 28 V.S.A. chapter 12 in the case of an offender who has pled guilty to a nonviolent felony, a nonviolent misdemeanor, or a misdemeanor that does not involve the subject areas prohibited for referral to a community justice center under 24 V.S.A. § 1967. Referral to a community reparative board pursuant to this subdivision does not require the court to place the offender on probation. The offender shall return to court for further sentencing if the reparative board does not accept the case or if the offender fails to complete the reparative board program to the satisfaction of the board in a time deemed reasonable by the board- $\frac{1}{2}$ 

(3)(C) Probation probation pursuant to 28 V.S.A. § 205-;

(4)(D) Supervised supervised community sentence pursuant to 28 V.S.A. § 352-; or

(5)(E) Sentence sentence of imprisonment.

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(2)(A) In determining a sentence upon conviction for a nonviolent misdemeanor or a nonviolent felony, in addition to the factors identified in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the court shall consider the approximate financial cost of available sentences.

(B) The Department of Corrections shall develop and maintain a database on the approximate costs of sentences, including incarceration, probation, deferred sentence, supervised community sentence, participation in the Restorative Justice Program, and any other possible sentence. The database information shall be made available to the courts for the purposes of this subdivision (2).

(b) When ordering a sentence of probation, the court may require participation in the restorative justice program <u>Restorative Justice Program</u> established by 28 V.S.A. chapter 12 as a condition of the sentence.

Sec. 12. 13 V.S.A. § 15 is added to read:

#### <u>§ 15. NONVIOLENT MISDEMEANOR AND NONVIOLENT FELONY</u> DEFINED

As used in this title:

(1) "Nonviolent felony" means a felony offense which is not a listed crime as defined in section 5301 of this title or an offense listed in chapter 64 of this title (sexual exploitation of children).

(2) "Nonviolent misdemeanor" means a misdemeanor offense which is not a listed crime as defined in section 5301 of this title or an offense listed in chapter 64 of this title (sexual exploitation of children) or section 1030 of this title (violation of a protection order).

Sec. 13. 13 V.S.A. § 353 is amended to read:

#### § 353. DEGREE OF OFFENSE; SENTENCING UPON CONVICTION

(a) Penalties.

\* \* \*

(4)(A) Except as provided in subdivision (B) of this subdivision (4), a person found in violation of subdivision 352(3), (4), or (9) of this title pursuant to this subdivision shall be imprisoned not more than one year or fined not more than \$2,000.00, or both. Second and subsequent convictions shall be punishable by a sentence of imprisonment of not more than two years or a fine of not more than \$5,000.00, or both.

(B) A In lieu of a criminal citation or arrest, a law enforcement officer shall  $\underline{may}$  issue a civil citation to a person who violates subdivision

352(3), (4), or (9) of this title if the person has not been previously adjudicated in violation of this chapter. A person adjudicated in violation of subdivision 352(3), (4), or (9) of this title pursuant to this subdivision shall be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$500.00. At any time prior to the person admitting the violation and paying the assessed penalty, the state's attorney may withdraw the complaint filed with the judicial bureau Judicial Bureau and file an information charging a violation of subdivision 352(3), (4), or (9) of this title in the eriminal division of the superior court Criminal Division of the Superior Court.

(C) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to require that a civil citation be issued prior to a criminal charge of violating subdivision 352(3), (4), or (9) of this title.

\* \* \*

Sec. 14. 13 V.S.A. § 354 is amended to read:

§ 354. ENFORCEMENT; POSSESSION OF ABUSED ANIMAL; SEARCHES AND SEIZURES; FORFEITURE

\* \* \*

(a) The secretary of agriculture, food and markets <u>Secretary of Agriculture</u>, <u>Food and Markets</u> shall be consulted prior to any enforcement action brought pursuant to this chapter which involves livestock and poultry.

(b) Any humane officer as defined in section 351 of this title may enforce this chapter. As part of an enforcement action, a humane officer may seize an animal being cruelly treated in violation of this chapter.

(1) Voluntary surrender. A humane officer may accept animals voluntarily surrendered by the owner anytime during the cruelty investigation. The humane officer shall have a surrendered animal examined and assessed within 72 hours by a veterinarian licensed to practice in the state <u>State</u> of Vermont.

(2) Search and seizure using a search warrant. A humane officer having probable cause to believe an animal is being subjected to cruel treatment in violation of this subchapter may apply for a search warrant pursuant to the Rules of Criminal Procedure to authorize the officer to enter the premises where the animal is kept and seize the animal. The application and affidavit for the search warrant shall be reviewed and authorized by an attorney for the state State when sought by an officer other than an enforcement officer defined in 23 V.S.A. § 4(11). A veterinarian licensed to practice in Vermont must accompany the humane officer during the execution of the search warrant.

(3) Seizure without a search warrant. If the humane officer witnesses a situation in which the humane officer determines that an animal's life is in jeopardy and immediate action is required to protect the animal's health or safety, the officer may seize the animal without a warrant. The humane officer shall immediately take an animal seized under this subdivision to a licensed veterinarian for medical attention to stabilize the animal's condition and to assess the health of the animal.

(c) A humane officer shall provide suitable care at a reasonable cost for an animal seized under this section, and have a lien on the animal for all expenses incurred. A humane officer may arrange for the euthanasia of a severely injured, diseased, or suffering animal upon the recommendation of a licensed veterinarian. A humane officer may arrange for euthanasia of an animal seized under this section when the owner is unwilling or unable to provide necessary medical attention required while the animal is in custodial care or when the animal cannot be safely confined under standard housing conditions. An animal not destroyed by euthanasia shall be kept in custodial care until final disposition of the criminal charges except as provided in subsections (d) through (h) of this section. The custodial caregiver shall be responsible for maintaining the records applicable to all animals seized, including identification, residence, location, medical treatment, and disposition of the animals.

(d) If an animal is seized under this section, the state may <u>State shall</u> institute a civil proceeding for forfeiture of the animal in the territorial unit of the criminal division of the superior court <u>Criminal Division of the Superior</u> <u>Court</u> where the offense is alleged to have occurred. The proceeding shall be instituted by a motion for forfeiture, which shall be filed with the <u>court</u> <u>Court</u> and served upon the animal's owner.

(e) The court shall set a hearing to be held within 21 days after institution of a forfeiture proceeding under this section <u>A</u> preliminary hearing shall be held within 21 days of institution of the civil forfeiture proceeding. If the defendant requests a hearing on the merits, the Court shall schedule a final hearing on the merits to be held within 21 days of the date of the preliminary hearing. In no event shall a final hearing occur more than 42 days after the date of the commencement of the civil forfeiture proceeding. Time limits under this subsection shall not be construed as jurisdictional.

(f)(1) At the hearing on the motion for forfeiture, the state State shall have the burden of establishing by clear and convincing evidence a preponderance of the evidence that the animal was subjected to cruelty, neglect, or abandonment in violation of section 352 or 352a of this title. The court Court shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law and shall issue a final order.

If the state meets its burden of proof, the motion shall be granted and the court shall order the immediate forfeiture of the animal in accordance with the provisions of subsection 353(c) of this title If the Court finds for the petitioner by a preponderance of the evidence, the Court shall order immediate forfeiture of the animal to the petitioner.

(2) No testimony or other information presented by the defendant in connection with a forfeiture proceeding under this section or any information directly or indirectly derived from such testimony or other information may be used for any purpose, including impeachment and cross-examination, against the defendant in any criminal case, except a prosecution for perjury or giving a false statement.

(g)(1) If the defendant is convicted of criminal charges under this chapter or if an order of forfeiture is entered against an owner under this section, the defendant or owner shall be required to repay all reasonable costs incurred by the custodial caregiver for caring for the animal, including veterinary expenses.

(2)(A) If the defendant is acquitted of criminal charges under this chapter and a civil forfeiture proceeding under this section is not pending, an animal that has been taken into custodial care shall be returned to the defendant unless the state <u>State</u> institutes a civil forfeiture proceeding under this section within seven days of the acquittal.

(B) If the <u>court Court</u> rules in favor of the owner in a civil forfeiture proceeding under this section and criminal charges against the owner under this chapter are not pending, an animal that has been taken into custodial care shall be returned to the owner unless the <u>state State</u> files criminal charges under this section within seven days after the entry of final judgment.

(C) If an animal is returned to a defendant or owner under this subdivision, the defendant or owner shall not be responsible for the costs of caring for the animal.

(h) An order of the criminal division of the superior court <u>Criminal</u> <u>Division of the Superior Court</u> under this section may be appealed as a matter of right to the supreme court <u>Supreme Court</u>. The order shall not be stayed pending appeal.

(i) The provisions of this section are in addition to and not in lieu of the provisions of section 353 of this title.

(j) It is unlawful for a person to interfere with a humane officer or the secretary of agriculture, food and markets <u>Secretary of Agriculture</u>, Food and <u>Markets</u> engaged in official duties under this chapter. A person who violates this subsection shall be prosecuted under section 3001 of this title.

Sec. 15. INCIDENT REPORTS OF ANIMAL CRUELTY

(a) The Commissioner of Public Safety, in consultation with the Vermont Center for Justice Research, shall collect data on:

(1) the number and nature of complaints or incident reports to law enforcement based on a suspected violation of 13 V.S.A. chapter 8 (humane and proper treatment of animals); and

(2) how such complaints or incidents are generally addressed, such as referral to others, investigation, civil penalties, or criminal charges.

(b) Based upon examination of the data requested in subsection (a) of this section, the Commissioner shall make recommendations to the Senate and House Committees on Judiciary on or before November 15, 2013 for improving the statewide response to complaints of animal cruelty.

Sec. 16. 4 V.S.A. § 36 is amended to read:

§ 36. COMPOSITION OF THE COURT

(a) Unless otherwise specified by law, when in session, a superior court <u>Superior Court</u> shall consist of:

(1) For cases in the civil <u>Civil</u> or family division <u>Family Division</u>, one presiding superior judge and two assistant judges, if available.

(2)(A) For cases in the family division Family Division, except as provided in subdivision (B) of this subdivision (2), one presiding superior judge judicial officer and two assistant judges, if available.

(B) The family court <u>Family Division</u> shall consist of one presiding superior judge judicial officer sitting alone in the following proceedings:

(i) All juvenile proceedings filed pursuant to <u>33 V.S.A.</u> chapters 51, 52, and 53 of Title 33, including proceedings involving "youthful offenders" pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 5281, whether the matter originated in the criminal or family division of the superior court.

(ii) All protective services for developmentally disabled persons proceedings filed pursuant to <u>18 V.S.A.</u> chapter 215 of Title 18.

(iii) All mental health proceedings filed pursuant to <u>18 V.S.A.</u> chapters 179, 181, and 185 of Title 18.

(iv) All involuntary sterilization proceedings filed pursuant to <u>18 V.S.A.</u> chapter 204 of Title 18.

(v) All care for mentally retarded persons proceedings filed pursuant to <u>18 V.S.A.</u> chapter 206 of Title 18.

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(vi) All proceedings specifically within the jurisdiction of the office of magistrate except child support contempt proceedings pursuant to subdivision 461(a)(1) of this title.

\* \* \*

#### Sec. 17. 23 V.S.A. § 1607 is added to read:

## § 1607. AUTOMATED LICENSE PLATE RECOGNITION SYSTEMS

#### (a) Definitions. As used in this section:

(1) "Active data" is distinct from historical data as defined in subdivision (3) of this subsection and means data uploaded to individual automated license plate recognition system units before operation as well as data gathered during the operation of an ALPR system. Any data collected by an ALPR system shall be considered collected for a legitimate law enforcement purpose.

(2) "Automated license plate recognition system" (ALPR) means a system of one or more mobile or fixed high-speed cameras combined with computer algorithms to convert images of registration plates into computer-readable data.

(3) "Historical data" means any data collected by an ALPR system and stored on the statewide ALPR server operated by the Vermont Justice Information Sharing System of the Department of Public Safety. Any data collected by an ALPR system shall be considered collected for a legitimate law enforcement purpose. Entry of any data into the system other than data collected by the ALPR system itself must be approved by a supervisor and shall have a legitimate law enforcement purpose.

(4) "Law enforcement officer" means a state police officer, municipal police officer, motor vehicle inspector, capitol police officer, constable, sheriff, or deputy sheriff certified by the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council as having satisfactorily completed the approved training programs required to meet the minimum training standards applicable to that person under 20 V.S.A. § 2358.

(5) "Legitimate law enforcement purpose" applies to access to active or historical data and means crime investigation, detection, and analysis or operation of AMBER alerts or missing or endangered person searches.

(6) "Vermont Information and Analysis Center Analyst" means any sworn or civilian employee who through his or her employment with the Vermont Information and Analysis Center (VTIAC) has access to secure databases that support law enforcement investigations. (b) Operation. A Vermont law enforcement officer shall be certified in ALPR operation by the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council in order to operate an ALPR system.

(c) Confidentiality and access to ALPR data.

(1)(A) Active ALPR data may only be accessed by a law enforcement officer operating the ALPR system who has a legitimate law enforcement purpose for the data. Entry of any data into the system other than data collected by the ALPR system itself must be approved by a supervisor and shall have a legitimate law enforcement purpose.

(B) Deployment of ALPR equipment is intended to provide access to stolen and wanted files and to further legitimate law enforcement purposes. Use of ALPR systems and access to active data are restricted to these purposes.

(C)(i) Requests to review active data shall be in writing and include the name of the requester, the law enforcement agency the requester is employed by, and the law enforcement agency's Originating Agency Identifier (ORI) number. The request shall describe the legitimate law enforcement purpose. The written request and the outcome of the request shall be transmitted to VTIAC and retained for not less than three years.

(ii) In each department operating an ALPR system, access to active data shall be limited to designated personnel who have been provided account access by the department to conduct authorized ALPR stored data queries. Access to active data shall be restricted to data collected within the past seven days.

(2) Requests for historical data, whether from Vermont or out-of-state law enforcement officers, shall be made in writing to an analyst at VTIAC. The request shall include the name of the requester, the law enforcement agency the requester is employed by, and the law enforcement agency's ORI number. The request shall describe the legitimate law enforcement purpose. VTIAC shall retain all requests as well as the outcome of the request and shall record in writing any information that was provided to the requester or why the request was denied or not fulfilled. ALPR requests shall be retained by VTIAC for not less than three years.

## (d) Retention.

(1) Any ALPR information gathered by a Vermont law enforcement agency shall be sent to the Department of Public Safety to be retained pursuant to the requirements of subdivision (2) of this subsection. The Department of Public Safety shall maintain the ALPR storage system for Vermont law enforcement agencies. (2) Except as provided in section 1608 of this title, information gathered through use of an ALPR system shall only be retained for 18 months after the date it was obtained. When the permitted 18-month period for retention of the information has expired, the Department of Public Safety and any local law enforcement agency with custody of the information shall destroy it and cause to have destroyed any copies or back-ups made of the original data. Data may be retained beyond the 18-month period pursuant to a preservation request made or disclosure order issued under section 1608 of this title, or pursuant to a warrant issued under Rule 41 of the Vermont or Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

(e) Oversight; rulemaking.

(1) The Department of Public Safety shall establish a review process to ensure that information obtained through the use of ALPR systems is used only for the purposes permitted by this section. The Department shall report the results of this review annually on or before January 15 to the Senate and House Committees on Judiciary and on Transportation. The report shall contain the following information based on prior calendar year data:

(A) the total number of ALPR units being operated in the State and the number of units submitting data to the statewide ALPR database;

(B) the total number of ALPR reads each agency submitted to the statewide ALPR database;

(C) the 18-month accumulative number of ALPR reads being housed on the statewide ALPR database;

(D) the total number of requests made to VTIAC for ALPR data;

(E) the total number of requests that resulted in the release of information from the statewide ALPR database;

(F) the total number of out-of-state requests; and

(G) the total number of out-of-state requests that resulted in the release of information from the statewide ALPR database.

(2) The Department of Public Safety may adopt rules to implement this section.

Sec. 18. 23 V.S.A. § 1608 is added to read:

§ 1608. PRESERVATION OF DATA

(a) Preservation request.

(1) A law enforcement agency or the Department of Motor Vehicles may apply to the Criminal Division of the Superior Court for an extension of

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up to 90 days of the 18-month retention period established under subdivision 1607(d)(2) of this title if the agency or Department offers specific and articulable facts showing that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the captured plate data are relevant and material to an ongoing criminal or missing persons investigation, or to a pending proceeding in the Judicial Bureau. Requests for additional 90-day extensions or for longer periods may be made to the Superior Court subject to the same standards applicable to an initial extension request under this subdivision.

(2) A governmental entity making a preservation request under this section shall submit an affidavit stating:

(A) the particular camera or cameras for which captured plate data must be preserved, or the particular license plate for which captured plate data must be preserved; and

(B) the date or dates and time frames for which captured plate data must be preserved.

(b) Captured plate data shall be destroyed on the schedule specified in section 1607 of this title if the preservation request is denied, or 14 days after the denial of the application for disclosure, whichever is later.

Sec. 19. 12 V.S.A. § 5784 is added to read:

#### § 5784. VOLUNTEER ATHLETIC OFFICIALS

(a) A person providing services or assistance without compensation, except for reimbursement of expenses, in connection with the person's duties as an athletic coach, manager, or official for a sports team that is organized as a nonprofit corporation, or which is a member team in a league organized by or affiliated with a county or municipal recreation department, shall not be held personally liable for damages to a player, participant, or spectator incurred as a result of the services or assistance provided. This section shall apply to acts and omissions made during sports competitions, practices, and instruction.

(b) This section shall not protect a person from liability for damages resulting from reckless or intentional conduct, or the negligent operation of a motor vehicle.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the liability of any nonprofit or governmental entity with respect to harm caused to any person.

(d) Any sports team organized as described in subsection (a) of this section shall be liable for the acts and omissions of its volunteer athletic coaches, managers, and officials to the same extent as an employer is liable for the acts and omissions of its employees.

Sec. 20. 23 V.S.A. § 800 is amended to read:

#### § 800. MAINTENANCE OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

(a) No owner of a motor vehicle required to be registered, or operator required to be licensed or issued a learner's permit, shall operate or permit the operation of the vehicle upon the highways of the state <u>State</u> without having in effect an automobile liability policy or bond in the amounts of at least \$25,000.00 for one person and \$50,000.00 for two or more persons killed or injured and \$10,000.00 for damages to property in any one accident. In lieu thereof, evidence of self-insurance in the amount of \$115,000.00 must be filed with the commissioner of motor vehicles <u>Commissioner of Motor Vehicles</u>, and shall be maintained and evidenced in a form prescribed by the commissioner <u>Commissioner</u>. The commissioner <u>Commissioner</u> may require that evidence of financial responsibility be produced before motor vehicle inspections are performed pursuant to the requirements of section 1222 of this title.

(b) A person who violates this section shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than \$250.00 and not more than \$500.00, and such violation shall be a traffic violation within the meaning of chapter 24 of this title.

#### Sec. 21. CHIEF DEPUTY STATE'S ATTORNEY; DESIGNATION

<u>The designation of chief deputy state's attorney is created.</u> A state's attorney may appoint a deputy state's attorney as the chief deputy in any state's attorney's office where there are three or more full-time deputies. A chief deputy shall be compensated at his or her existing step level or at step 9, whichever is greater.

#### Sec. 22. REPEAL

<u>4</u> V.S.A. §§ 652 (records of judgments and other proceedings; dockets; certified copies), 655 (court accounts), 656 (index of records), 658 (Supreme Court records), 695 (accounts of court officer and reporter), 734 (copy of lost petition), 735 (record of proceedings), 736 (lost records or judgment files; recording of copy), 737 (appeal or exception), and 738 (costs for recording); 2009 Acts and Resolves No. 4, Sec. 121 (transitional provisions for merger of Bennington and Manchester probate courts); and 2009 Acts and Resolves No. 4, Sec. 125 (transitional provisions of the consolidated probate court system) are repealed.

#### Sec. 23. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Secs. 2 (registration of child custody determination) and 16 (limitations of prosecutions for certain crimes) of this act shall take effect on passage.

(b) Secs. 11 (sentencing alternatives) and 12 (definition of nonviolent misdemeanor and nonviolent felony) of this act shall take effect on March 1, 2014.

(c) The rest of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2013.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: "An act relating to court administration and procedure"

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

(No House amendments.)

Reported favorably by Senator Ashe for the Committee on Finance when amended as recommended by the Committee on Judiciary.

(Committee vote: 5-0-2)

#### NOTICE CALENDAR

#### Second Reading

#### **Favorable with Proposal of Amendment**

#### H. 226.

An act relating to the regulation of underground storage tanks.

Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator MacDonald for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy.

The Committee recommends that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill as follows:

First: Prior to Sec. 1, by inserting the following reader assistance line:

\* \* \* Underground Storage Tanks; Petroleum Cleanup Fund \* \* \*

<u>Second</u>: By striking out Sec. 10 (effective dates) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof five new sections to read:

\* \* \* Brownfields; Redevelopment \* \* \*

Sec. 10. LEGISLATIVE INTENT

For the purposes of Secs. 10 through 13 of this act, it is the intent of the General Assembly that:

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(1) It is appropriate to confer a limited defense to liability for hazardous material cleanup when a municipality, regional development corporation, or regional planning commission conforms to the requirements of 10 V.S.A.  $\S$  6615(d)(3), in the case of municipalities, and 10 V.S.A  $\S$  6615(d)(4).

(2) It is of vital importance for purchasers of commercial properties to conduct environmental site assessments that conform to statutorily recognized standards.

(3) In construing the defense to liability established pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 6615(f), the courts of this State shall be guided by the construction of similar terms contained in 42 U.S.C. § 9601(35)(A)(i) and (B), as amended, and the courts of the United States.

(4) It is appropriate to confer limited defense to liability for secured lenders and fiduciaries under state law that is equivalent to liability under federal law.

(5) In construing the defense to liability established pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 6615(g), the courts of this State will be guided by the construction of similar terms contained in 42 U.S.C. §§ 9601(20)(F) and 9607(n), as amended, and the courts of the United States.

Sec. 11. 10 V.S.A § 6602 is amended to read:

#### § 6602. DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this chapter:

(1) "Secretary" means the secretary of the agency of natural resources Secretary of Natural Resources, or his or her duly authorized representative.

\* \* \*

(4) "Hazardous waste" means any waste or combination of wastes of a solid, liquid, contained gaseous, or semi-solid form, including but not limited to those which are toxic, corrosive, ignitable, reactive, strong sensitizers, or which generate pressure through decomposition, heat, or other means, which in the judgment of the secretary Secretary may cause, or contribute to, an increase in mortality or an increase in serious irreversible or incapacitating reversible illness, taking into account the toxicity of such waste, its persistence and degradability in nature, and its potential for assimilation, or concentration in tissue, and other factors that may otherwise cause or contribute to adverse acute or chronic effects on the health of persons or other living organisms, or any matter which may have an unusually destructive effect on water quality if discharged to ground or surface waters of the state State. All special nuclear, source, or by-product material, as defined by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954

and amendments thereto, codified in 42 U.S.C. § 2014, is specifically excluded from this definition.

\* \* \*

(6) "Person" means any individual, partnership, company, corporation, association, unincorporated association, joint venture, trust, municipality, the state <u>State</u> of Vermont or any agency, department or subdivision of the state <u>State</u>, federal agency, or any other legal or commercial entity.

\* \* \*

(10) "Facility" means all contiguous land, structures, other appurtenances, and improvements on the land, used for treating, storing, or disposing of waste. A facility may consist of several treatment, storage, or disposal operational units.

\* \* \*

(13) "Waste" means a material that is discarded or is being accumulated, stored, or physically, chemically, or biologically treated prior to being discarded or has served its original intended use and is normally discarded or is a manufacturing or mining by-product and is normally discarded.

\* \* \*

(16)(A) "Hazardous material" means all petroleum and toxic, corrosive, or other chemicals and related sludge included in any of the following:

(i) any substance defined in section 101(14) of the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980;

(ii) petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof; or

(iii) hazardous wastes, as determined under subdivision (4) of this section;

(B) "Hazardous material" does not include herbicides and pesticides when applied consistent with good practice conducted in conformity with federal, state, and local laws and regulations and according to manufacturer's instructions. Nothing in this subdivision shall affect the authority granted and the limitations imposed by section 6608a of this title.

(17) "Release" means any intentional or unintentional action or omission resulting in the spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, dumping, or disposing of hazardous materials into the surface or groundwaters, or onto the lands in the state State, or into waters outside the

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jurisdiction of the state <u>State</u> when damage may result to the public health, lands, waters, or natural resources within the jurisdiction of the state <u>State</u>.

\* \* \*

(23) "Secured lender" means a person who holds indicia of ownership in a facility, furnished by the owner or person in lawful possession, primarily to assure the repayment of a financial obligation. Such indicia include interests in real or personal property which are held as security or collateral for repayment of a financial obligation such as a mortgage, lien, security interest, assignment, pledge, surety bond, or guarantee and include participation rights, held by a financial institution solely for legitimate commercial purposes, in making or servicing loans. The term "secured lender" includes a person who acquires indicia of ownership by assignment from another secured lender.

\* \* \*

(34) "Participation in management" means, for the purpose of subsection 6615(g) of this title, a secured lender's or fiduciary's actual participation in the management or operational affairs of a facility. It does not mean a secured lender's or fiduciary's mere capacity to influence, or unexercised right to control, facility operations. A secured lender or fiduciary shall be considered to have participated in management if the secured lender or fiduciary:

(A) exercises decision-making control over environmental compliance related to the facility, such that the secured lender or fiduciary has undertaken responsibility for hazardous materials handling or disposal practices related to the facility; or

(B) exercises control at a level comparable to that of a manager of the facility, such that the secured lender or fiduciary has assumed or manifested responsibility:

(i) for the overall management of the facility encompassing day-to-day decision making with respect to environmental compliance; or

(ii) over all or substantially all of the operational functions, as distinguished from financial or administrative functions, of the facility other than the function of environmental compliance.

(35) "Regional development corporation" means a nonprofit corporation organized in this State whose principal purpose is to promote, organize, or accomplish economic development, including providing planning and resource development services to local communities, supporting existing industry, assisting the growth and development of new and existing small businesses, and attracting industry or commerce to a particular economic region of the State.

(36) "Regional planning commission" means a planning commission created for a region established under 24 V.S.A. chapter 117, subchapter 3.

Sec. 12. 10 V.S.A. § 6615 is amended to read:

§6615. LIABILITY

(a) Subject only to the defenses set forth in subsections (d) and (e) of this section:

(1) the owner or operator of a facility, or both;

(2) any person who at the time of release or threatened release of any hazardous material owned or operated any facility at which such hazardous materials were disposed of;

(3) any person who by contract, agreement, or otherwise arranged for disposal or treatment, or arranged with a transporter for transport for disposal or treatment, of hazardous materials owned or possessed by such person, by any other person or entity, at any facility owned or operated by another person or entity and containing such hazardous materials; and

(4) any person who accepts or accepted any hazardous materials for transport to disposal or treatment facilities selected by such persons, from which there is a release, or a threatened release of hazardous materials shall be liable for:

(A) abating such release or threatened release; and

(B) costs of investigation, removal, and remedial actions incurred by the state <u>State</u> which are necessary to protect the public health or the environment.

\* \* \*

(d)(1) There shall be no liability under this section for a person otherwise liable who can establish by a preponderance of the evidence that the release or threat of release of hazardous material and the damages resulting therefrom were caused solely by any of the following:

(A) an act of God;

(B) an act of war;

(C) an act or omission of a third party other than an employee or agent of the defendant, or other than one whose act or omission occurs in connection with a contractual relationship, existing directly or indirectly, with

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the defendant. If the sole contractual arrangement arises from a published tariff and acceptance for carriage by a common carrier by rail, for purposes of this section, there shall be considered to be no contractual relationship at all. This subdivision (d)(1)(C) shall only serve as a defense if the defendant establishes by a preponderance of the evidence:

(i) that the defendant exercised due care with respect to the hazardous material concerned, taking into consideration the characteristics of that hazardous material, in light of all relevant facts and circumstances; and

(ii) that the defendant took precautions against foreseeable acts or omissions of any such third party and the consequences that could foreseeably result from those acts or omissions; or

(D) any combination of the above.

\* \* \*

(3) A municipality shall not be liable under <u>subdivision (a)(1) of</u> this section <u>as an owner</u> provided that the municipality can show all the following:

(A) The property was acquired by virtue of its function as sovereign through bankruptcy, tax delinquency, abandonment, or other similar circumstances.

(B) The municipality did not cause or, contribute to the contamination of, or worsen a release or threatened release of a hazardous material at the property.

(C)(i) The municipality has entered into an agreement with the secretary regarding sale of the property acquired or has undertaken abatement, investigation, remediation, or removal activities as required by subchapter 3 of this chapter Secretary, prior to the acquisition of the property, requiring the municipality to conduct a site investigation with respect to any release or threatened release of a hazardous material and an agreement for the municipality's marketing of the property acquired.

(ii) The Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development on the plan related to the marketing of the property.

(iii) The municipality may only assert a defense to liability after implementing a site investigation at the property acquired and taking reasonable steps defined by the agreement with the Secretary to market the property.

(iv) In developing an agreement regarding site investigation, the Secretary shall consider: the degree and extent of the known releases of

hazardous materials at the property; the financial ability of the municipality; and the availability of state and federal funding when determining what is required by the agreement for the investigation of the site.

(4) A regional development corporation or regional planning commission shall not be liable under subdivision (a)(1) of this section as an owner provided that the regional development corporation or regional planning commission can show all the following:

(A) The regional development corporation or regional planning commission did not cause, contribute, or worsen a release or threat of release at the property.

(B) The regional development corporation received, in the 12 months preceding the acquisition of the property, a performance contract for economic development pursuant to 24 V.S.A. chapter 76. The requirement of this subdivision (d)(4)(B) shall not apply to regional planning commissions.

(C)(i) The regional development corporation or regional planning commission has entered into an agreement with the Secretary, prior to the acquisition of the property, requiring the regional development corporation or regional planning commission to conduct a site investigation with respect to any release or threatened release of a hazardous material and an agreement for the regional development corporation's or regional planning commission's marketing of the property acquired.

(ii) The Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development on the plan related to the marketing of the property.

(iii) The regional development corporation or regional planning commission may only assert a defense to liability after implementing a site investigation at the property acquired and taking reasonable steps defined by the agreement to market the property.

(iv) In developing an agreement regarding site investigation, the Secretary shall consider: the degree and extent of the known releases of hazardous materials at the property; the financial ability of the regional development corporation or the regional planning commission; and the availability of state and federal funding when determining what is required by the agreement for the investigation of the site.

(e) Any person who is the owner or operator of a facility where a release or threatened release existed at the time that person became owner or operator shall be liable unless he or she can establish by a preponderance of the evidence that after making, based upon a diligent and appropriate investigation of the facility, in conformance with the requirements of section 6615a of this

<u>title, that</u> he or she had no knowledge or reason to know that said the release or threatened release was located on the facility.

\* \* \*

(g)(1) A secured lender or a fiduciary, as that the term fiduciary is defined in 14 V.S.A.  $\frac{204(b)}{204(2)}$ , shall not, absent other circumstances resulting in liability under this section, be liable as either an owner or operator under this section merely because of any one or any combination of more than one of the following:

\* \* \*

(J) in an emergency, requiring or undertaking activities to prevent exposure of persons to hazardous materials or to contain a release; <del>or</del>

(K) requiring or conducting abatement, investigation, remediation, or removal activities in response to a release or threatened release, provided that:

(i) prior notice of intent to do any such activity is given to the secretary Secretary in writing, and, unless previously waived in writing by the secretary Secretary, no such activity is undertaken for 30 days after receipt of such notice by the secretary Secretary;

(ii) a workplan is prepared by a qualified consultant prior to the commencement of any such activity;

(iii) if the <u>secretary Secretary</u>, within 30 days of receiving notice as provided in subdivision (i) of this subdivision (K), elects to undertake a workplan review and gives written notice to the secured lender or fiduciary of such election, no such activity is undertaken without prior workplan approval by the <u>secretary Secretary</u>;

(iv) appropriate investigation is undertaken prior to any abatement, remediation, or removal activity;

(v) regular progress reports and a final report are produced during the course of any such activity;

(vi) all plans, reports, observations, data, and other information related to the activity are preserved for a period of 10 years and, except for privileged materials, produced to the secretary Secretary upon request;

(vii) persons likely to be at or near the facility are not exposed to unacceptable health risk; and

(viii) such activity complies with all rules, procedures, and orders of the secretary; or

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(L) foreclosing on the facility and after foreclosure: selling; winding up operations; undertaking an investigation or corrective action under the direction of the state or federal government with respect to the facility; or taking any other measure to preserve, protect, or prepare the facility prior to sale or disposition, provided that:

(i) a secured lender shall be liable as an operator if the secured lender participated in the management of the facility; and

(ii) a secured lender shall be liable as an owner if during the course of any transaction of the property, the secured lender fails to disclose any known release or threat of release.

(2) There shall be no protection from liability for a secured lender or a fiduciary under subsections (g) and (h) of this section this subsection if the secured lender or fiduciary causes, worsens, or contributes to a release or threat of release of hazardous material. A secured lender or fiduciary who relies on subdivision (g)(1)(K) of this section, or an agreement with the secretary entered into under subsection (h) of this section shall bear the burden of proving compliance with this subdivision.

(h)(1) Subject to the provisions of this subsection, the secretary may enter into an agreement with a secured lender or a fiduciary regarding a facility from which there is a release or threat of release of hazardous materials. Upon entering into an agreement with the secretary, a secured lender or fiduciary, to the extent allowed by the agreement and in compliance with the terms and conditions of the agreement, may:

(A) in the case of a secured lender, take possession, foreclose or otherwise take full title to the facility; and

(B) undertake other activities at the facility in addition to those of subdivisions (g)(1)(A)-(K) of this section, including use of the facility and new development.

(2) Such an agreement may be entered into only when the secretary has determined, in the secretary's sole discretion, that there exists a release or threat of release, that there will be a substantial benefit to the public health or the environment that would not otherwise be realized and that the proposed activity will not cause, worsen or contribute to a release or threat of release of hazardous materials at the facility or expose persons likely to be at or near the facility to unacceptable health risk. Prior to entering into an agreement which provides for any abatement, investigation, remediation, or removal activities to be taken by a secured lender or fiduciary in response to a release or threatened release, the secretary shall cause notice to be published in a local newspaper generally circulated in the area where the facility is located. The notice shall set forth the abatement, investigation, remediation, and removal activities proposed, shall state that the secretary is considering entering into an agreement providing for such activities, and shall request public comment on the proposed activities within 15 days after publication. The decision of the secretary as to whether an agreement should be entered into and the terms and conditions of any agreement shall be final.

(3) Such an agreement, if previously approved by the attorney general, may provide for the payment, in whole or in part, of past or future costs described in subdivision (a)(4)(B) of this section and may limit, in whole or in part, the secured lender's or the fiduciary's liability under this section.

(4) A proposal by a secured lender or fiduciary to enter into such an agreement shall be accompanied by a fee of \$1,000.00. If the secretary's costs related to the proposal exceed the fee paid, then any agreement shall provide for the secured lender or fiduciary to reimburse the secretary for the additional costs incurred. The fee and any excess costs paid to the secretary under this subsection shall be deposited into the contingency fund established under subsection 1283(a) of this title.

(5) If the secured lender or fiduciary enters into an agreement with the secretary, complies with the agreement and does not cause, worsen or contribute to a release or threat of release of a hazardous material, the maximum liability of such person under this section to the state for costs or injunctive relief shall be as provided in the agreement or, in the absence of such a provision, the fair market value of the property at the time of the agreement, estimated as if there were no release or threatened release of any hazardous materials, less any costs reasonably incurred by the person for any abatement, investigation, remediation or removal activity undertaken in compliance with subdivision (g)(1)(K) of this section or incurred in compliance with the agreement.

\* \* \*

#### Sec. 13. 10 V.S.A. § 6615a is added to read:

## <u>§ 6615a. DILIGENT AND APPROPRIATE INVESTIGATION FOR</u> <u>HAZARDOUS MATERIALS</u>

(a) Except as provide for in subsection (b) of this section, a diligent and appropriate investigation, as that term is used in subsection 6615(e) of this title, means, for all properties, an investigation where an owner or operator of a property conforms to the standard developed by the Secretary by rule for a diligent and appropriate investigation. If no standard exists, the owner or operator of a property shall conform to one of the following:

(1) the all appropriate inquiry standard set forth in 40 C.F.R. Part 312, as amended; or

(2) the current standard for phase I environmental site assessments established by the American Society for Testing and Materials.

(b) In the case of residential property used for residential purposes, diligent and appropriate investigation shall mean a facility inspection and title search that:

(1) reveal no basis for further investigation; and

(2) do not reveal that the property was used for or was part of a larger parcel that was used for commercial or industrial purposes.

\* \* \* Effective Dates \* \* \*

#### Sec. 14. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Secs. 1 through 9 (underground storage tanks; Petroleum Cleanup Fund) of this act shall take effect on passage, except Sec. 5 (petroleum tank assessment) of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2014.

(b) Secs. 10 through 13 (brownfields) of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2013.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

(For House amendments, see House Journal for April 23, 2013, pages 802 and 810.)

Reported favorably by Senator MacDonald for the Committee on Finance when amended as recommended by the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy.

(Committee vote: 6-0-1)

Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator Snelling for the Committee on Appropriations.

The Committee recommends that the proposal of amendment of the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy be amended as follows:

<u>First</u>: In Sec. 12, 10 V.S.A. § 6615, in subdivision (d)(3)(B), by striking out the following: "to the contamination of" and inserting in lieu thereof: to the contamination of

and in subdivision (d)(3)(C)(iii), by striking out the following: "<u>The</u> <u>municipality may only assert a defense to liability after</u>" and inserting in lieu thereof: <u>The municipality may assert a defense to liability only after</u>

and in subdivision (d)(4)(A), by striking out the word "<u>contribute</u>," and inserting in lieu thereof: <u>contribute to</u>,

and in subdivision (d)(4)(C)(iii), by striking out the following: "<u>regional</u> <u>planning commission may only assert a defense to liability after</u>" and inserting in lieu thereof: <u>regional planning commission may assert a defense to liability</u> <u>only after</u>

<u>Second</u>: In Sec. 13, 10 V.S.A. § 6615a, by striking out the following: "<u>Except as provide for in subsection (b) of this section</u>" and inserting in lieu thereof: <u>Except as provided for in subsection (b) of this section</u>

(Committee vote: 7-0-0)

#### H. 262.

An act relating to establishing a program for the collection and recycling of paint.

#### Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator Snelling for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy.

The Committee recommends that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. chapter 159, subchapter 4 is added to read:

#### Subchapter 4. Paint Stewardship Program

#### <u>§ 6671. PURPOSE</u>

The purpose of this subchapter is to establish an environmentally sound, cost-effective paint stewardship program in the State that will undertake responsibility for the development and implementation of strategies to reduce the generation of postconsumer paint; promote the reuse of postconsumer paint; and collect, transport, and process postconsumer paint, including reuse, recycling, energy recovery, and disposal. The paint stewardship program will follow the waste management hierarchy for managing and reducing postconsumer paint in the order as follows: reduce consumer generation of postconsumer paint, reuse, recycle, provide for energy recovery, and dispose. The paint stewardship program will provide more opportunities for consumers to manage properly their postconsumer paint; provide fiscal relief for local government in managing postconsumer paint; keep paint out of the waste stream; and conserve natural resources.

#### § 6672. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

(1) "Architectural paint" means interior and exterior architectural coatings, including interior or exterior water- and oil-based coatings, primers, sealers, or wood coatings, that are sold in containers of five gallons or less. "Architectural paint" does not mean industrial coatings, original equipment coatings, or specialty coatings.

(2) "Distributor" means a company that has a contractual relationship with one or more producers to market and sell architectural paint to retailers in Vermont.

(3) "Energy recovery" means recovery in which all or a part of the solid waste materials are processed in order to use the heat content or other forms of energy of or from the material.

(4) "Environmentally sound management practices" means policies to be implemented by a producer or a stewardship organization to ensure compliance with all applicable laws and also addressing such issues as adequate record keeping, tracking and documenting the fate of materials within the State and beyond, and adequate environmental liability coverage for professional services and for the operations of the contractors working on behalf of the producer organization.

(5) "Municipality" means a city, town, or a village.

(6) "Paint stewardship assessment" means a one-time charge that is:

(A) added to the purchase price of architectural paint sold in Vermont;

(B) passed from the producer to the wholesale purchaser to the retailer and then to a retail consumer; and

(C) necessary to cover the cost of collecting, transporting, and processing the postconsumer paint managed through the statewide program.

(7) "Postconsumer paint" means architectural paint and its containers not used and no longer wanted by a purchaser.

(8) "Producer" means a manufacturer of architectural paint who sells, offers for sale, or distributes that paint in Vermont under the producer's own name or brand.

(9) "Recycling" means any process by which discarded products, components, and by-products are transformed into new usable or marketable materials in a manner in which the original products may lose their identity but does not include energy recovery or energy generation by means of combusting discarded products, components, and by-products with or without other waste products. (10) "Retailer" means any person that offers architectural paint for sale at retail in Vermont.

(11) "Reuse" means the return of a product into the economic stream for use in the same kind of application as originally intended, without a change in the product's identity.

(12) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Natural Resources.

(13) "Sell" or "sale" means any transfer of title for consideration, including remote sales conducted through sales outlets, catalogues, or the Internet or any other similar electronic means.

(14) "Stewardship organization" means a nonprofit corporation or nonprofit organization created by a producer or group of producers to implement the paint stewardship program required under this subchapter.

## § 6673. PAINT STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM

(a) A producer or a stewardship organization representing producers shall submit a plan for the establishment of a paint stewardship program to the Secretary for approval by December 1, 2013. The plan shall address the following:

(1) Provide a list of participating producers and brands covered by the program.

(2) Provide specific information on the architectural paint products covered under the program, such as interior or exterior water- and oil-based coatings, primers, sealers, or wood coatings.

(3) Describe how the program proposed under the plan will collect, transport, recycle, and process postconsumer paint for end-of-life management, including recycling, energy recovery, and disposal, using environmentally sound management practices.

(4) Describe the program and how it will provide for convenient and available statewide collection of postconsumer architectural paint in urban and rural areas of the State. The producer or stewardship organization shall use the existing household hazardous waste collection infrastructure when selecting collection points for postconsumer architectural paint. A paint retailer shall be authorized as a paint collection point of postconsumer architectural paint for a paint stewardship program if the paint retailer volunteers to act as a paint collection point and complies with all applicable laws and regulations.

(5) Provide geographic information modeling to determine the number and distribution of sites for collection of postconsumer architectural paint based on the following criteria:
(A) at least 90 percent of Vermont residents shall have a permanent collection site within a 15-mile radius; and

(B) one additional permanent site will be established for every 10,000 residents of a municipality and additional sites shall be distributed to provide convenient and reasonably equitable access for residents within each municipality, unless otherwise approved by the Secretary.

(6) Establish goals to reduce the generation of postconsumer paint, to promote the reuse of postconsumer paint, and for the proper management of postconsumer paint as practical based on current household hazardous waste program information. The goals may be revised by the producer or stewardship organization based on the information collected for the annual report.

(7) Describe how postconsumer paint will be managed in the most environmentally and economically sound manner, including following the waste-management hierarchy. The management of paint under the program shall use management activities that promote source reduction, reuse, recycling, energy recovery, and disposal.

(8) Describe education and outreach efforts to inform consumers of collection opportunities for postconsumer paint and to promote the source reduction and recycling of architectural paint for each of the following: consumers, contractors, and retailers.

(b) The producer or stewardship organization shall submit a budget for the program proposed under subsection (a) of this section, and for any amendment to the plan that would affect the program's costs. The budget shall include a funding mechanism under which each architectural paint producer remits to a stewardship organization payment of a paint stewardship assessment for each container of architectural paint it sells in this State. Prior to submitting the proposed budget and assessment to the Secretary, the producer or stewardship organization shall provide the budget and assessment to a third-party auditor agreed upon by the Secretary. The third-party auditor shall provide a recommendation as to whether the proposed budget and assessment is cost-effective, reasonable, and limited to covering the cost of the program. The paint stewardship assessment shall be added to the cost of all architectural paint sold in Vermont. To ensure that the funding mechanism is equitable and sustainable, a uniform paint stewardship assessment shall be established for all architectural paint sold. The paint stewardship assessment shall be approved by the Secretary and shall be sufficient to recover, but not exceed, the costs of the paint stewardship program.

(c) Beginning no later than July 1, 2014, or three months after approval of the plan for a paint stewardship program required under subsection (a) of this section, whichever occurs later, a producer of architectural paint sold at retail or a stewardship organization of which a producer is a member shall implement the approved plan for a paint stewardship program.

(d) A producer or a stewardship organization of which a producer is a member shall promote a paint stewardship program and provide consumers with educational and informational materials describing collection opportunities for postconsumer paint statewide and promotion of waste prevention, reuse, and recycling. The educational and informational program shall make consumers aware that the funding for the operation of the paint stewardship program has been added to the purchase price of all architectural paint sold in the State.

(e) A plan approved under this section shall provide for collection of postconsumer architectural paint at no cost to the person from whom the architectural paint is collected.

(f) When a plan or amendment to an approved plan is submitted under this section, the Secretary shall make the proposed plan or amendment available for public review and comment for at least 30 days.

(g) A producer or paint stewardship organization shall submit to the Secretary for review, in the same manner as required under subsection 6675(a) of this title, an amendment to an approved plan when there is:

(1) a change to a paint stewardship assessment under the plan;

(2) an addition to or removal of a category of products covered under the program; or

(3) a revision of the product stewardship organization's goals.

(h) A plan approved by the Secretary under section 6675 of this title shall have a term not to exceed five years, provided that the producer remains in compliance with the requirements of this chapter and the terms of the approved plan.

(i) In addition to the requirements specified in subsection (a) of this section, a stewardship organization shall notify the Secretary in writing within 30 days of any change to:

(1) the number of collection sites for post-consumer architectural paint identified under this section as part of the plan;

(2) the producers identified under this section as part of the plan;

(3) the brands of architectural paint identified under this section as part of the plan; and

(4) the processors that manage post-consumer architectural paint identified under this section as part of the plan.

(j) Upon submission of a plan to the Secretary under this section, a producer or a stewardship organization shall pay the fee required by 3 V.S.A. \$ 2822(j)(31). Thereafter, the producer or stewardship organization shall pay the fee required by 3 V.S.A. \$ 2822(j)(31) annually by July 1 of each year.

## <u>§ 6674. RETAILER RESPONSIBILITY</u>

(a) A producer or retailer may not sell or offer for sale architectural paint to any person in Vermont unless the producer of that architectural paint brand or a stewardship program of which the producer of that architectural paint brand is a member is implementing an approved plan for a paint stewardship program as required by section 6673 of this title. A retailer complies with the requirements of this section if, on the date the architectural paint was ordered from the producer or its agent, the producer or paint brand is listed on the Agency of Natural Resources' website as a producer or brand participating in an approved plan for a paint stewardship program.

(b) At the time of sale to a consumer, a producer, a stewardship organization, or a retailer selling or offering architectural paint for sale shall provide the consumer with information regarding available management options for postconsumer paint collected through the paint stewardship program or a brand of paint being sold under the program.

## § 6675. AGENCY RESPONSIBILITY

(a)(1) Within 90 days of receipt of a plan submitted under section 6673 of this title, the Secretary shall review the plan and make a determination whether or not to approve the plan. The Secretary shall issue a letter of approval for a submitted plan if:

(A) the submitted plan provides for the establishment of a paint stewardship program that meets the requirements of subsections 6673(a); and

(B) the Secretary determines that the plan:

(i) achieves convenient collection for consumers;

(ii) educates the public on proper paint management;

(iii) manages waste paint in a manner that is environmentally safe and promotes reuse and recycling; and

(iv) is cost-effective.

(2) If the Secretary does not approve a submitted plan, the Secretary shall issue to the paint stewardship organization a letter listing the reasons for the disapproval of the plan. If the Secretary disapproves a plan, a paint stewardship organization intending to sell or continue to sell architectural paint in the State shall submit a new plan within 60 days of receipt of the letter of disapproval.

(b)(1) The Secretary shall review and approve the stewardship assessment proposed by a producer pursuant to subsection 6673(b) of this title. The Secretary shall only approve the program budget and any assessment if the applicant has demonstrated that the costs of the program and any proposed assessment are reasonable and the assessment does not exceed the costs of implementing an approved plan.

(2) If an amended plan is submitted under subsection 6673(g) of this title that proposes to change the cost of the program or proposes to change the paint stewardship assessment under the plan, the disapproval of any proposed new assessment or the failure of an approved new assessment to cover the total costs of the program shall not relieve a producer or stewardship organization of its obligation to continue to implement the approved plan under the originally approved assessment.

(c) Facilities solely collecting paint for the paint stewardship program that would not otherwise be subject to solid waste certification requirements shall not be required to obtain a solid waste certification. Persons solely transporting paint for the paint stewardship program that would not otherwise be subject to solid waste hauler permitting requirements shall not be required to obtain a solid waste hauler's permit.

## § 6676. ANTICOMPETITIVE CONDUCT

(a) A producer or an organization of producers that manages postconsumer paint, including collection, transport, recycling, and processing of postconsumer paint, as required by this subchapter may engage in anticompetitive conduct to the extent necessary to implement the plan approved by the Secretary and is immune from liability for the conduct relating to antitrust, restraint of trade, unfair trade practices, and other regulation of trade or commerce.

(b) The activity authorized and the immunity afforded under subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to any agreement among producers or paint stewardship organizations:

(1) establishing or affecting the price of paint, except for the paint stewardship assessment approved under subsection 6675(b) of this title;

(2) setting or limiting the output or production of paint;

(3) setting or limiting the volume of paint sold in a geographic area;

(4) restricting the geographic area where paint will be sold; or

(5) restricting the customers to whom paint will be sold or the volume of paint that will be sold.

## § 6677. PRODUCER REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

<u>No later than October 15, 2015, and annually thereafter, a producer or a stewardship program of which the producer is a member shall submit to the Secretary a report describing the paint stewardship program that the producer or stewardship program is implementing as required by section 6673 of this title. At a minimum, the report shall include:</u>

(1) a description of the methods the producer or stewardship program used to reduce, reuse, collect, transport, recycle, and process postconsumer paint statewide in Vermont;

(2) the volume and type of postconsumer paint collected by the producer or stewardship program at each collection center in all regions of Vermont;

(3) the volume of postconsumer paint collected by the producer or stewardship program in Vermont by method of disposition, including reuse, recycling, energy recovery, and disposal;

(4) an independent financial audit of the paint stewardship program implemented by the producer or the stewardship program;

(5) the prior year's actual direct and indirect costs for each program element and the administrative and overhead costs of administering the approved program; and

(6) samples of the educational materials that the producer or stewardship program provided to consumers of architectural paint.

## § 6678. CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION

Data reported to the Secretary by a producer or stewardship organization under this subchapter shall be a trade secret exempt from public inspection and copying under 1 V.S.A. § 317(c)(9), provided that the Secretary may use and disclose such information in summary or aggregated form that does not directly or indirectly identify individual producers, distributors, or retailers. The Secretary may require, as a part of the report submitted under section 6677 of this title, that the manufacturer or stewardship organization provide a report that does not contain trade secret information and is available for public inspection and review.

#### § 6679. RULEMAKING; PROCEDURE

<u>The Secretary may adopt rules or procedures to implement the requirements</u> of this subchapter.

## <u>§ 6680. UNIVERSAL WASTE DESIGNATION FOR WASTE</u> <u>ARCHITECTURAL PAINT</u>

(a) The requirements of Subchapter 9 of the Vermont Hazardous Waste Management Rules apply to persons managing waste architectural paint provided that:

(1) the waste architectural paint is collected as a part of a stewardship plan approved under this subchapter; and

(2) the collected waste architectural paint is or includes paint which is a hazardous waste as defined and regulated by the Vermont Hazardous Waste Management Rules.

(b) Architectural paint becomes a waste on the date that the handler decides to discard it (i.e., when architectural paint is initially collected for the purpose of later being disposed).

(c) Small and large quantity handlers must manage universal waste architectural paint in a manner that prevents releases of any universal waste or component of the universal waste to the environment. Universal waste architectural paint shall be managed in one of the following manners:

(1) A container that remains closed, structurally sound, and compatible with the architectural paint, and the container lacks evidence of leakage, spillage, or damage that could cause leakage under reasonably foreseeable conditions; or

(2) A container that does not meet the requirements of subdivision (1) of this subsection, provided that the unacceptable container is overpacked in a container that meets the requirements of subdivision (1).

(d) Containers holding universal waste architectural paint shall be clearly labeled "Universal Waste Paint," "Used Paint," or "Waste Paint."

Sec. 2. 3 V.S.A. § 2822(j) is added to read:

(j) In accordance with subsection (i) of this section, the following fees are established for permits, licenses, certifications, approvals, registrations, orders, and other actions taken by the agency of natural resources.

\* \* \*

(31) For continuing review of plans required by 10 V.S.A. § 6673: \$15,000.00.

# Sec. 3. AGENCY OF NATURAL RESOURCES REPORT ON PAINT STEWARDSHIP ASSESSMENT

On or before January 15, 2014, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall report to the House and Senate Committees on Natural Resources and Energy, the House Committee on Ways and Means, and the Senate Committee on Finance regarding the paint stewardship assessment proposed by architectural paint producers or stewardship organizations under 10 V.S.A. § 6673. The report shall include:

(1) a summary of the number of paint producers or stewardship organizations submitting plans;

(2) the paint stewardship assessment proposed in any submitted plan;

(3) a recommendation from the Secretary as to whether a proposed paint stewardship assessment is adequate or should be modified; and

(4) a recommendation from the Secretary whether and at what amount to establish a statutory maximum cap on the amount of a paint stewardship assessment.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

(For House amendments, see House Journal for April 9, 2013, page 705.)

Reported favorably by Senator Galbraith for the Committee on Finance when amended as recommended by the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy.

(Committee vote: 6-0-1)

### **House Proposal of Amendment**

## **S. 20.**

An act relating to increasing the statute of limitations for certain sex offenses against children.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 4501 is amended to read:

§ 4501. LIMITATION OF PROSECUTIONS FOR CERTAIN CRIMES

(a) Prosecutions for aggravated sexual assault, aggravated sexual assault of a child, human trafficking, aggravated human trafficking, murder, arson

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causing death, and kidnapping may be commenced at any time after the commission of the offense.

(b) Prosecutions for manslaughter, sexual assault, lewd and lascivious conduct, sexual exploitation of children <u>under chapter 64 of this title</u>, sexual abuse of a vulnerable adult, grand larceny, robbery, burglary, embezzlement, forgery, bribery offenses, false claims, fraud under 33 V.S.A. § 141(d), and felony tax offenses shall be commenced within six years after the commission of the offense, and not after.

(c) Prosecutions for <u>any of the following offenses alleged to have been</u> <u>committed against a child under 18 years of age may be commenced at any</u> <u>time after the commission of the offense:</u>

(1) sexual assault;

(2) lewd and lascivious conduct;

(3) sexual exploitation of a minor as defined in subsection  $\frac{3258(b)}{3258(c)}$  of this title; and

(4) lewd or lascivious conduct with a child, alleged to have been committed against a child under 18 years of age shall be commenced within the earlier of the date the victim attains the age of 24 or 10 years from the date the offense is reported, and not after. For purposes of this subsection, an offense is reported when a report of the conduct constituting the offense is made to a law enforcement officer by the victim.

(d) Prosecutions for arson shall be commenced within 11 years after the commission of the offense, and not after.

(e) Prosecutions for other felonies and for misdemeanors shall be commenced within three years after the commission of the offense, and not after.

## Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

#### **House Proposal of Amendment**

# S. 129.

An act relating to workers' compensation liens.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 21 V.S.A. § 7 is added to read:

#### § 7. POWERS OF COMMISSIONER

In addition to all other powers granted the Commissioner by this title, the Commissioner or designee may, upon presenting appropriate credentials, at reasonable times and without disrupting critical business operations, enter and inspect any place of business or employment, question any employees, and investigate any facts, conditions, or matters necessary and material to the administration of chapters 9 and 17 of this title. The Commissioner shall inform the employer of his or her right to refuse entry. If entry is refused, the Commissioner may apply to the Civil Division of the Superior Court of Washington County for an order to enforce the rights given the Commissioner under this section.

## Sec. 2. 21 V.S.A. § 397 is added to read:

## § 397. WORKPLACE POSTINGS AND EMPLOYER REQUIREMENTS

(a) The Department of Labor shall develop and include in its workplace posters information regarding the rights of employees to unemployment compensation, workers compensation, wages and overtime pay, workplace safety and protections, and misclassification of employees. The information shall also contain contact information for individuals to inquire about their rights and obligations and to file complaints or inquire about employment classification status. This information shall be provided in English or other languages required by the Commissioner. The posters shall be posted by employers in a conspicuous location at the worksite.

(b) Employers who violate this section shall be subject to an administrative penalty of up to \$100.00 per violation.

Sec. 3. 21 V.S.A. § 643a is amended to read:

# § 643a. DISCONTINUANCE OF BENEFITS

Unless an injured worker has successfully returned to work, an employer shall notify both the commissioner Commissioner and the employee prior to terminating benefits under either section 642 or 646 of this title. The notice of intention to discontinue payments shall be filed on forms prescribed by the commissioner Commissioner and shall include the date of the proposed discontinuance, the reasons for it, and, if the employee has been out of work for 90 days, a verification that the employer offered vocational rehabilitation screening and services as required under this chapter. All relevant evidence, including evidence that does not support discontinuance in the possession of the employer not already filed, shall be filed with the notice. The liability for the payments shall continue for seven days after the notice is received by the commissioner Commissioner and the employee. If the claimant disputes the discontinuance, the claimant may file with the Commissioner an objection to the discontinuance and seek an extension of the seven-day limit. The

Commissioner may grant an extension up to seven days. The request for an extension shall be specific as to the number of days needed and the reason for the extension and must be received by the Commissioner prior to the end of the seven-day limit. A copy of the request for an extension shall be provided to the employer at the time the request is made to the Commissioner. Those payments shall be made without prejudice to the employer and may be deducted from any amounts due pursuant to section 648 of this title if the commissioner Commissioner determines that the discontinuance is warranted or if otherwise ordered by the commissioner Commissioner. Every notice shall be reviewed by the commissioner Commissioner to determine the sufficiency of the basis for the proposed discontinuance. If, after review of all the evidence in the file, the commissioner Commissioner finds that a preponderance of all the evidence in the file does not reasonably support the proposed discontinuance, the commissioner Commissioner shall order that payments continue until a hearing is held and a decision is rendered. Prior to a formal hearing, an injured worker may request reinstatement of benefits by providing additional new evidence to the department Department that establishes that a preponderance of all evidence now supports the claim. If the commissioner's Commissioner's decision, after a hearing, is that the employee was not entitled to any or all benefits paid between the discontinuance and the final decision, upon request of the employer, the commissioner Commissioner may order that the employee repay all benefits to which the employee was not entitled. The employer may enforce a repayment order in any court of law having jurisdiction.

Sec. 4. 21 V.S.A. § 655 is amended to read:

# § 655. PROCEDURE IN OBTAINING COMPENSATION; MEDICAL EXAMINATION; VIDEO AND AUDIO RECORDING

After an injury and during the period of disability, if so requested by his or her employer, or ordered by the commissioner Commissioner, the employee shall submit to examination, at reasonable times and places, by a duly licensed physician or surgeon designated and paid by the employer. The employee may make a video or audio recording of any examination performed by the insurer's physician or surgeon or have a licensed health care provider designated and paid by the employee present at the examination. The employer may make an audio recording of the examination. The right of the employee to record the examination shall not be construed to deny to the employer's physician the right to visit the injured employee at all reasonable times and under all reasonable conditions during total disability. If an employee refuses to submit to or in any way obstructs the examination, the employee's right to prosecute any proceeding under the provisions of this chapter shall be suspended until the refusal or obstruction ceases, and - 2159 -

compensation shall not be payable for the period which the refusal or obstruction continues. <u>The physician shall provide a report of the examination</u> to the employee at the same time any report is provided to the employer.

Sec. 5. 21 V.S.A. § 678 is amended to read:

### § 678. COSTS; ATTORNEY FEES

(a) Necessary costs of proceedings under this chapter, including deposition expenses, subpoena fees, and expert witness fees, shall be assessed by the commissioner Commissioner against the employer or its workers' compensation carrier when the claimant prevails. The commissioner Commissioner may allow the claimant to recover reasonable attorney attorney's fees when the claimant prevails. Costs shall not be taxed or allowed either party except as provided in this section.

(b) In appeals to the superior or supreme courts Superior or Supreme Court, if the claimant prevails, he or she shall be entitled to reasonable attorney attorney's fees as approved by the court Court, necessary costs, including deposition expenses, subpoena fees, and expert witness fees, and interest at the rate of 12 percent per annum on that portion of any award the payment of which is contested. Interest shall be computed from the date of the award of the commissioner Commissioner.

\* \* \*

#### Sec. 6. 21 V.S.A. § 692 is amended to read:

## § 692. PENALTIES; FAILURE TO INSURE; STOP-WORK STOP-WORK ORDERS

(a) Failure to insure. If after a hearing under section 688 of this title, the commissioner Commissioner determines that an employer has failed to comply with the provisions of section 687 of this title, the employer shall be assessed an administrative penalty of not more than \$100.00 for every day for the first seven days the employer neglected to secure liability and not more than \$150.00 for every day thereafter. In addition to any other remedies and proceedings authorized by this chapter, the Commissioner may bring an action in the Civil Division of the Superior Court. The remedies available in a civil action, including attachment and trustee process, shall be available for the collection of any fines, penalties, and amounts assessed under this chapter

(b) Stop-work orders. If an employer fails to comply with the provisions of section 687 of this title after investigation by the commissioner Commissioner, the commissioner Commissioner shall issue an emergency order to that employer to stop work until the employer has secured workers' compensation insurance. If the commissioner Commissioner determines that issuing a stop-

work order would immediately threaten the safety or health of the public, the commissioner Commissioner may permit work to continue until the immediate threat to public safety or health is removed. The commissioner Commissioner shall document the reasons for permitting work to continue, and the document shall be available to the public. In addition, the employer shall be assessed an administrative penalty of not more than \$250.00 for every day that the employer fails to secure workers' compensation coverage after the commissioner Commissioner issues an order to obtain insurance and may also be assessed an administrative penalty of not more than \$250.00 for each employee for every day that the employer fails to secure workers' compensation coverage as required in section 687 of this title. When a stop-work order is issued, the commissioner Commissioner shall post a notice at a conspicuous place on the work site of the employer informing the employees that their employer failed to comply with the provisions of section 687 of this title and that work at the work site has been ordered to cease until workers' compensation insurance is secured. The stop-work order shall be rescinded as soon as the commissioner Commissioner determines that the employer is in compliance with section 687 of this title. An employer against whom a stop-work order has been issued is prohibited from contracting, directly or indirectly, with the state State or any of its subdivisions for a period of up to three years following the date of the issuance of the stop-work order, as determined by the commissioner Commissioner in consultation with the commissioner of buildings and general services or the secretary of transportation Commissioner of Buildings and General Services or the Secretary of Transportation, as appropriate. Either the secretary or the commissioner Secretary or Commissioner, as appropriate, shall be consulted in any contest of the prohibition of the employer from contracting with the state State or its subdivisions.

(c) The Commissioner may issue an order of conditional release from a stop-work order upon a finding that the employer has secured the required workers' compensation coverage and has agreed to remit periodic payments to satisfy any penalties assessed under this chapter pursuant to a written payment arrangement approved by the Commissioner. If the Commissioner issues an order of conditional release, the employer's failure to meet any term or condition of the order or to make periodic payments shall result in the immediate reinstatement of the stop-work order and the entire unpaid balance of the penalty shall become due immediately.

(d) A stop-work order issued against an employer shall apply to any successor employer that has substantially common ownership, management, or control as the employer on whom the stop-work order was issued and is engaged in the same or similar trade or activity.

(e) The Commissioner may bring an action in the Civil Division of the Superior Court of Washington County or in the county in which the employer has its principal office or is continuing to work in violation of the stop-work order to enjoin any employer from violating a stop-work order until the employer establishes that it is in compliance with this chapter and has paid any penalty assessed by the Commissioner.

(f) Penalty for violation of stop-work order. In addition to any other penalties, an employer who violates a stop-work order described in subsection (b) of this section is subject to:

(1) A civil penalty of not more than \$5,000.00 for the first violation and a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000.00 for a second or subsequent violation; or

(2) A criminal fine of not more than \$10,000.00 or imprisonment for not more than 180 days, or both.

Sec. 7. 4 V.S.A. § 1102 is amended to read:

§ 1102. JUDICIAL BUREAU; JURISDICTION

\* \* \*

(b) The judicial bureau Judicial Bureau shall have jurisdiction of the following matters:

\* \* \*

(20) Violations of 21 V.S.A. § 692(c)(1). [Deleted.]

\* \* \*

Sec. 8. 21 V.S.A. § 1253 is amended to read:

## § 1253. ELIGIBILITY

The commissioner <u>Commissioner</u> shall make all determinations for eligibility under this chapter. An individual shall be eligible for up to 26 weekly payments when the commissioner <u>Commissioner</u> determines that the individual voluntarily left work due to circumstances directly resulting from domestic and sexual violence, provided the individual:

(1) Leaves employment for one of the following reasons:

\* \* \*

(D) The individual is physically or emotionally unable to work as a result of experiencing domestic or sexual violence as certified by a medical professional. The certification shall be reviewed by the Commissioner every

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six weeks and may be renewed until the individual is able to work or the benefits are exhausted.

\* \* \*

Sec. 9. 21 V.S.A. § 1254 is amended to read:

## § 1254. CONDITIONS

An individual shall be eligible to receive payments with respect to any week, only if the commissioner <u>Commissioner</u> finds that the individual complies with all of the following requirements:

(1) Files <u>files</u> a claim certifying that he or she did not work during the week-<u>:</u>

(2) Is is not eligible for unemployment compensation benefits-; and

(3) Is taking steps to become employed is working with the Department to determine work readiness and taking reasonable steps as determined by the Commissioner to become employed.

Sec. 10. 21 V.S.A. § 1255 is amended to read:

§ 1255. PROCEDURES

(a) The commissioner <u>Commissioner or designee</u> shall review all claims for payment and shall promptly provide written notification to the individual of any claim that is denied and the reasons for the denial.

(b) Within 30 days after receipt of a denial, the individual may appeal the determination to the commissioner Commissioner by requesting a review of the decision. On appeal to the Commissioner the individual may provide supplementary evidence to the record. The commissioner Commissioner shall review the record within seven working days after the notice of the appeal is filed and promptly notify the individual in writing of the commissioner's Commissioner's decision. The decision of the commissioner Commissioner shall become final unless an appeal to the supreme court Supreme Court is taken within 30 days of the date of the commissioner's Commissioner's decision.

Sec. 11. 21 V.S.A. § 1314a is amended to read:

# § 1314a. QUARTERLY WAGE REPORTING; MISCLASSIFICATION; PENALTIES

\* \* \*

(g) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, the commissioner Commissioner may where practicable require of employing units with 25 or

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more employees that the reports required to be filed pursuant to subsections (a) through (d) of this section be filed in an electronic media form.

Sec. 12. 21 V.S.A. § 1325 is amended to read:

## § 1325. EMPLOYERS' EXPERIENCE-RATING RECORDS; DISCLOSURE TO SUCCESSOR ENTITY; EMPLOYEE PAID \$1,000.00 OR LESS DURING BASE PERIOD

\* \* \*

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the following shall apply to assignment of rates and transfers of experience:

(1) If an employer transfers its trade or business, or a portion thereof, to another employer and, at the time of the transfer, there is substantially common ownership, management, or control of the two employers, the employment <u>unemployment</u> experience attributable to the transferred trade or business shall be transferred to the employer to whom such business is so transferred. The rates of both employers shall be recalculated and made effective immediately upon the date of the transfer of trade or business.

\* \* \*

Sec. 13. 21 V.S.A. § 1451 is amended to read:

## §1451. DEFINITIONS

#### For the purpose of this subchapter As used in this subchapter:

(1) "Affected unit" means a specific plan, department, shift, or other definable unit consisting of not less than five employees to which an approved short-time compensation plan applies.

(2) "Defined benefit plan" means a plan described in 26 U.S.C. § 414(j).

(3) "Defined contribution plan" means a plan described in 26 U.S.C. <u>§ 414(i).</u>

(4) "Short-time compensation" or "STC" means the unemployment benefits payable to employees in an affected unit under an approved short-time compensation plan as distinguished from the unemployment benefits otherwise payable under the conventional unemployment compensation provisions of this chapter.

(3)(5) "Short-time compensation plan" means a plan of an employer under which there is a reduction in the number of hours worked by employees of an affected unit rather than temporary layoffs. The term "temporary layoffs" for this purpose means the total separation of one or more workers in

the affected unit for an indefinite period expected to last for more than two months but not more than six months.

(4)(6) "Short-time compensation employer" means an employer who has one or more employees covered by an approved "Short-Time Compensation Plan." "Short-time compensation employer" includes <u>means</u> an employer with experience rating records an experience rating record and or an employer who makes payments in lieu of tax contributions to the unemployment compensation trust fund and that meets <u>all of</u> the following <u>criteria</u>:

(A) Has <u>has</u> five or more employees covered by an approved short-time compensation plan-:

(B) Is is not delinquent in the payment of contributions or reimbursement, or in the reporting of wages: and

(C) Is is not a negative balance employer. For the purposes of this section, a negative balance employer is an employer who has for three or more consecutive calendar years <u>immediately</u> prior to applying for the STC plan paid more in unemployment benefits to its employees than it has contributed to its unemployment insurance account. In the event that an employer has been a negative balance employer for three consecutive years, the employer shall be ineligible for participation unless the <u>commissioner Commissioner</u> grants a waiver based upon extenuating economic conditions or other good cause.

(5)(7) "Usual weekly hours of work" means the normal hours of work for full-time and regular or part-time employees in the affected unit when that unit is operating on its normally full-time basis not less than 30 hours and regular basis not to exceed 40 hours and not including hours of overtime work.

(6)(8) "Unemployment compensation" means the unemployment benefits payable under this chapter other than short-time compensation and includes any amounts payable pursuant to an agreement under any federal law providing for compensation, assistance, or allowances with respect to unemployment.

(7)(9) "Fringe benefits" means benefits, including health insurance, retirement benefits, paid vacations and holidays, sick leave, and similar benefits that are incidents of employment.

(8)(10) "Intermittent employment" means employment that is not continuous but may consist of intervals of weekly work and intervals of no weekly work.

(9)(11) "Seasonal employment" means employment with an employer who experiences at least a 20-percent difference between its highest level of

employment during a particular season and its lowest level of employment during the off-season in each of the previous three years as reported to the department <u>Department</u>, or employment with an employer on a temporary basis during a particular season.

Sec. 14. 21 V.S.A. § 1452 is amended to read:

#### § 1452. CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL

(a) An employer wishing to participate in an STC program shall submit a department of labor Department of Labor electronic application or a signed written short-time compensation plan to the commissioner Commissioner for approval. The commissioner Commissioner may approve an STC plan only if the following criteria are met:

\* \* \*

(3) the plan outlines to the commissioner the extent to which fringe benefits, including health insurance, of employees participating in the plan may be reduced, which shall be factored into the evaluation of the business plan for resolving the conditions that lead to the need for the STC plan provides that if the employer provides fringe benefits, including health benefits and retirement benefits under a defined benefit plan or contributions under a defined contribution plan, to any employee whose workweek is reduced under the program, that the benefits will continue to be provided to employees participating in the short-time compensation program under the same terms and conditions as though the workweek had not been reduced. However, reductions in the benefits of short-time compensation plan participants are permitted to the extent that the reductions also apply to nonparticipant employees;

(5) the plan certifies that the aggregate reduction in work hours is in lieu of temporary total layoffs of one or more workers which would have resulted in an equivalent reduction in work hours and which the commissioner <u>Commissioner</u> finds would have caused an equivalent dollar amount to be payable in unemployment compensation;

\* \* \*

\* \* \*

(7) the identified workweek reduction is applied consistently throughout the duration of the plan unless otherwise approved by the <del>department</del> <u>Department</u>. The plan shall not subsidize seasonal employers during the off-season;

\* \* \*

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(11) the plan certifies that the collective bargaining agent or agents for the employees, if any, have agreed to participate in the program. If there is no bargaining unit, the employer specifies how he or she will notify the employees in the affected group and work with them to implement the program once the plan is approved; and

(12) in addition to subdivisions (1) through (11) of this section, the commissioner shall take into account any other factors which may be pertinent to the approval and proper implementation of the plan the plan describes the manner in which the requirements of this section will be implemented and where feasible how notice will be given to an employee whose workweek is to be reduced and an estimate of the number of layoffs that would have occurred absent the ability to participate in the short-time compensation program and any other information that the U.S. Secretary of Labor determines is appropriate; and

(13) the employer certifies that the plan is consistent with employer obligations under applicable state and federal laws.

(b) In the event of any conflict between any provisions of sections 1451–1460 of this title, or the regulations implemented pursuant to these sections, and applicable federal law, the federal law shall prevail and the provision shall be deemed invalid.

Sec. 15. 21 V.S.A. § 1457 is amended to read:

#### §1457. ELIGIBILITY

(a) An individual is eligible to receive STC benefits with respect to any week only if, in addition to eligibility for monetary entitlement, the commissioner Commissioner finds that:

(1) the individual is employed during that week as a member of an affected unit under an approved short-time compensation plan which was in effect for that week;

(2) the individual is able to work and is available for the normal work week with the short-time employer;

(3) notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter to the contrary, an individual is deemed unemployed in any week for which remuneration is payable to him or her as an employee in an affected unit for less than his or her normal weekly hours of work as specified under the approved short-time compensation plan in effect for the week;

(4) notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter to the contrary, an individual shall not be denied STC benefits for any week by reason of the

application of provisions relating to availability for work and active search for work with an employer other than the short-time employer.

(b) Eligible employees may participate, as appropriate, in training, including employer-sponsored training or worker training funded under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, to enhance job skills if the program has been approved by the Department.

Sec. 16. 21 V.S.A. § 601 is amended to read:

#### § 601. DEFINITIONS

Unless the context otherwise requires, words and phrases used in this chapter shall be construed as follows:

\* \* \*

(14) "Worker" and "employee" means an individual who has entered into the employment of, or works under contract of service or apprenticeship with, an employer. Any reference to a worker who has died as the result of a work injury shall include a reference to the worker's dependents, and any reference to a worker who is a minor or incompetent shall include a reference to the minor's committee, guardian, or next friend. The term "worker" or "employee" does not include:

\* \* \*

(I) An individual who receives foster care payments excluded from the definition of gross income under Section 131 of Title 26 of the Internal Revenue Code.

\* \* \*

## Sec. 17. INFORMATION AND EDUCATION; INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR STATUS

The Commissioner shall conduct a comprehensive information and education campaign regarding independent contractor status. The campaign shall address the tests for determining independent contractor status under Vermont law, the rights and responsibilities of employers and employees under Vermont law, including wage and hour laws, workers' compensation and unemployment compensation requirements, information regarding the misclassification and miscoding laws, including the requirements for employers to comply with those laws and the penalties for failing to do so, and other information the Commissioner determines is necessary and appropriate.

# Sec. 18. STUDY; UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION; WORKERS' COMPENSATION; JOB TRAINING

(a) The Department of Labor in consultation with interested parties shall evaluate and make recommendations regarding:

(1) whether the principles of fairness, equity, proportionality, affordability, and fiscal responsibility embodied in 2010 Acts and Resolves No. 124 would be affected if any changes are made to the act. Specifically, the Department shall study the potential impacts to employers, employees, and the trust fund if changes are made to certain aspects of the unemployment compensation system, including the earnings disregard, the one-week waiting period, the weekly benefit amount, and the taxable wage base. The Department shall study these potential impacts as they relate to paying off the trust fund debt and establishing the fund's solvency.

(2) whether the annual report on trust fund solvency required by 21 V.S.A. § 1309 is providing appropriate and sufficient information regarding the long-term health and solvency of the unemployment compensation trust fund, or whether further measures are required to provide information necessary to achieve and maintain solvency.

(3) whether any structural, administrative, or procedural changes should be made to the workers' compensation system, including changes that would increase the affordability and regional competitiveness of workers' compensation insurance for employers while ensuring fairness for beneficiaries.

(4) whether the agencies and departments of state government are in compliance with required workers' compensation and unemployment compensation coverage related to their contracts with designated agencies and other subcontractors.

(5) whether the current workers' compensation system can better incentivize and promote healthy and safe work environments through information, education, and collaboration with employers, insurers, and employees; and whether private and public training programs and enforcement divisions could be better utilized to achieve improved safety in workplaces.

(6) the benefits and feasibility of developing and implementing a job training program for persons collecting unemployment benefits in Vermont that allows the Department to place persons collecting unemployment into job sites for job training and skill development in order to enhance the individual's job prospects and career development. The Department shall examine conformity issues with federal and state unemployment and wage and hour laws. The Commissioner shall solicit public input and engage interested parties from the business and labor communities in determining the benefits of a job training program.

(7) how workers' compensation cases are resolved under 21 V.S.A.  $\S$  624(e), including whether the operation of workers' compensation liens may or may not result in an equitable distribution of third party payments to the employer and employee, and the equities and appropriateness of using third party payments as an advance on any future workers' compensation benefits.

(8) whether there should be any limitations placed on how independent medical examinations are conducted, including their timing and location.

(9) whether school district employees who are not federally exempted from unemployment compensation should be included in Vermont's unemployment compensation system and be eligible for benefits during periods of layoff.

(b) The Department shall examine whether existing state and federal laws would allow a student who is under the age of 18 and enrolled at a regional technical center to gain practical working experience outside the classroom setting. The Department shall make recommendations to enhance the learning experience of students enrolled at regional technical centers by providing practical work experiences while also maintaining adequate health and safety protections.

(c) The Department, in consultation with the Agency of Commerce and Community Development and interested parties, shall evaluate and make recommendations regarding whether the current workers' compensation system and other relevant employment laws are suited to the needs of an evolving workforce. As part of the evaluation, the Department shall consider Vermont's growing knowledge-based economic sector, the future of the Vermont economy, and changing workforce habits. The Department shall make recommendations regarding how to modernize the employment laws to meet employee needs while maintaining employee protections.

(d) The Department shall report its findings and any recommendations to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Finance on or before December 15, 2013.

## Sec. 19. WORKERS' COMPENSATION PREMIUMS

<u>The Department of Financial Regulation in consultation with the</u> <u>Department of Labor shall study the issue of workers' compensation premiums</u> <u>increasing as a result of an employee completing a job-related safety course.</u> <u>The Department of Financial Regulation shall investigate how workers'</u> <u>compensation premiums can be decreased or kept at a steady rate for</u> employers who are providing approved safety and health training to employees. The Department of Financial Regulation shall report its findings and any recommendations to the House Committees on Agriculture and Forest Products and on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committees on Agriculture and on Finance on or before January 15, 2014.

# Sec. 20. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2013.

## **House Proposal of Amendment**

# **S. 130.**

An act relating to encouraging flexible pathways to secondary school completion.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

\* \* \* Flexible Pathways Initiative; Dual Enrollment \* \* \*

Sec. 1. 16 V.S.A. chapter 23, subchapter 2 is added to read:

## Subchapter 2. Flexible Pathways to Secondary School Completion

## <u>§ 941. FLEXIBLE PATHWAYS INITIATIVE</u>

(a) There is created within the Agency a Flexible Pathways Initiative:

(1) to encourage and support the creativity of school districts as they develop and expand high-quality educational experiences that are an integral part of secondary education in the evolving 21st Century classroom;

(2) to promote opportunities for Vermont students to achieve postsecondary readiness through high-quality educational experiences that acknowledge individual goals, learning styles, and abilities; and

(3) to increase the rates of secondary school completion and postsecondary continuation in Vermont.

(b) The Secretary shall develop, publish, and regularly update guidance, in the form of technical assistance, sharing of best practices and model documents, legal interpretations, and other support designed to assist school districts:

(1) to identify and support secondary students who require additional assistance to succeed in school and to identify ways in which individual students would benefit from flexible pathways to graduation;

(2) to work with every student in grade seven through grade 12 in an ongoing personalized learning planning process that:

(A) identifies the student's emerging abilities, aptitude, and disposition;

(B) includes participation by families and other engaged adults;

(C) guides decisions regarding course offerings and other high-quality educational experiences; and

(D) is documented by a personalized learning plan;

(3) to create opportunities for secondary students to pursue flexible pathways to graduation that:

(A) increase aspiration and encourage postsecondary continuation of training and education;

(B) are an integral component of a student's personalized learning plan; and

(C) include:

(i) applied or work-based learning opportunities, including career and technical education and internships;

(ii) virtual learning and blended learning;

(iii) dual enrollment opportunities as set forth in section 944 of this title:

(iv) early college programs as set forth in subsection 4011(e) of this title;

(v) the High School Completion Program as set forth in section 943 of this title; and

(vi) the Adult Diploma Program and General Educational Development Program as set forth in section 946 of this title; and

(4) to provide students, beginning no later than in the seventh grade, with career development and postsecondary planning resources to ensure that they are able to take full advantage of the opportunities available within the flexible pathways to graduation and to achieve their career and postsecondary education and training goals.

(c) Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed as discouraging or limiting the authority of any school district to develop or continue to provide educational opportunities for its students that are otherwise permitted, including the provision of Advanced Placement courses.

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(d) An individual entitlement or private right of action shall not arise from creation of a personalized learning plan.

# § 942. DEFINITIONS

As used in this title:

(1) "Accredited postsecondary institution" means a postsecondary institution that has been accredited by the New England Association of Schools and Colleges or another regional accrediting agency recognized by the U.S. Department of Education.

(2) "Approved provider" means an entity approved by the Secretary to provide educational services that may be awarded credits or used to determine proficiency necessary for a high school diploma.

(3) "Blended learning" means a formal education program in which content and instruction are delivered both in a traditional classroom setting and through virtual learning.

(4) "Career development" means the identification of student interests and aptitudes and the ability to link these to potential career paths and the training and education necessary to succeed on these paths.

(5) "Carnegie unit" means 125 hours of class or contact time with a teacher over the course of one year at the secondary level.

(6) "Contracting agency" means an entity that enters into a contract with the Agency to provide "flexible pathways to graduation" services itself or in conjunction with one or more approved providers in Vermont.

(7) "Dual enrollment" means enrollment by a secondary student in a course offered by an accredited postsecondary institution and for which, upon successful completion of the course, the student will receive:

(A) secondary credit toward graduation from the secondary school in which the student is enrolled; and

(B) postsecondary credit from the institution that offered the course if the course is a credit-bearing course at that institution.

(8) "Early college" means full-time enrollment, pursuant to subsection 4011(e) of this title, by a 12th grade Vermont student for one academic year in a program offered by a postsecondary institution in which the credits earned apply to secondary school graduation requirements.

(9) "Flexible pathways to graduation" means any combination of high-quality academic and experiential components leading to secondary school completion and postsecondary readiness, which may include

assessments that allow the student to apply his or her knowledge and skills to tasks that are of interest to that student.

(10) "Personalized learning plan" and "PLP" mean documentation of an evolving plan developed on behalf of a student in an ongoing process involving a secondary student, a representative of the school, and, if the student is a minor, the student's parents or legal guardian and updated at least annually by November 30; provided, however, that a home study student and the student's parent or guardian shall be solely responsible for developing a plan. The plan shall be developmentally appropriate and shall reflect the student's emerging abilities, aptitude, and disposition. The plan shall define the scope and rigor of academic and experiential opportunities necessary for a secondary student to complete secondary school successfully, attain postsecondary readiness, and be prepared to engage actively in civic life. While often less formalized, personalized learning and personalized instructional approaches are critical to students in kindergarten through grade 6 as well.

(11) "Postsecondary planning" means the identification of education and training programs after high school that meet a student's academic, vocational, financial, and social needs and the identification of financial assistance available for those programs.

(12) "Postsecondary readiness" means the ability to enter the workforce or to pursue postsecondary education or training without the need for remediation.

(13) "Virtual learning" means learning in which the teacher and student communicate concurrently through real-time telecommunication. "Virtual learning" also means online learning in which communication between the teacher and student does not occur concurrently and the student works according to his or her own schedule.

# <u>§ 943. [RESERVED.]</u>

# § 944. DUAL ENROLLMENT PROGRAM

(a) Program creation. There is created a statewide Dual Enrollment Program to be a potential component of a student's flexible pathway. The Program shall include college courses offered on the campus of an accredited postsecondary institution and college courses offered by an accredited postsecondary institution on the campus of a secondary school. The Program may include online college courses or components.

(b) Students.

(1) A Vermont resident who has completed grade 10 but has not received a high school diploma is eligible to participate in the Program if:

(A) the student:

(i) is enrolled in:

(I) a Vermont public school, including a Vermont career technical center;

(II) a public school in another state or an approved independent school that is designated as the public secondary school for the student's district of residence; or

(III) an approved independent school in Vermont to which the student's district of residence pays publicly funded tuition on behalf of the student;

(ii) is assigned to a public school through the High School Completion Program; or

(iii) is a home study student;

(B) dual enrollment is an element included within the student's personalized learning plan; and

(C) the secondary school and the postsecondary institution have determined that the student is sufficiently prepared to succeed in a dual enrollment course, which can be determined in part by the assessment tool or tools identified by the participating postsecondary institution.

(2) An eligible student may enroll in up to two dual enrollment courses prior to completion of secondary school for which neither the student nor the student's parent or guardian shall be required to pay tuition. A student may enroll in courses offered while secondary school is in session and during the summer.

(c) Public postsecondary institutions. The Vermont State Colleges and the University of Vermont shall work together to provide dual enrollment opportunities throughout the State.

(1) When a dual enrollment course is offered on a secondary school campus, the public postsecondary institution shall:

(A) retain authority to determine course content; and

(B) work with the secondary school to select, monitor, support, and evaluate instructors.

(2) The public postsecondary institution shall maintain the postsecondary academic record of each participating student and provide transcripts on request.

(3) To the extent permitted under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, the public postsecondary institution shall collect and send data related to student participation and success to the student's secondary school and the Secretary and shall send data to the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation necessary for the Corporation's federal reporting requirements.

(4) The public postsecondary institution shall accept as full payment the tuition set forth in subsection (f) of this section.

(d) Secondary schools. Each school identified in subdivision (b)(1) of this section that is located in Vermont shall:

(1) provide access for eligible students to participate in any dual enrollment courses that may be offered on the campus of the secondary school;

(2) accept postsecondary credit awarded for dual enrollment courses offered by a Vermont public postsecondary institution under this section as meeting secondary school graduation requirements;

(3) collect enrollment data as prescribed by the Secretary for longitudinal review and evaluation;

(4) identify and provide necessary support for participating students and continue to provide services for students with disabilities; and

(5) provide support for a seamless transition to postsecondary enrollment upon graduation.

(e) Program management. The Agency shall manage or may contract for the management of the Dual Enrollment Program in Vermont by:

(1) marketing the Dual Enrollment Program to Vermont students and their families;

(2) assisting secondary and postsecondary partners to develop memoranda of understanding, when requested;

(3) coordinating with secondary and postsecondary partners to understand and define student academic readiness;

(4) convening regular meetings of interested parties to explore and develop improved student support services;

(5) coordinating the use of technology to ensure access and coordination of the Program;

(6) reviewing program costs;

(7) evaluating all aspects of the Dual Enrollment Program and ensuring overall quality and accountability; and

(8) performing other necessary or related duties.

(f) Tuition and funding.

(1) Tuition shall be paid to public postsecondary institutions in Vermont as follows:

(A) For any course for which the postsecondary institution pays the instructor, the student's school district of residence shall pay tuition to the postsecondary institution in an amount equal to the tuition rate charged by the Community College of Vermont (CCV) at the time the dual enrollment course is offered; provided however, that tuition paid to CCV under this subdivision (A) shall be in an amount equal to 90 percent of the CCV rate.

(B) For any course that is taught by an instructor who is paid as part of employment by a secondary school, the student's school district of residence shall pay tuition to the postsecondary institution in an amount equal to 20 percent of the tuition rate charged by the Community College of Vermont at the time the dual enrollment course is offered.

(2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection requiring the district of residence to pay tuition, the State shall pay 50 percent of the tuition owed to public postsecondary institutions under subdivision (1)(A) of this subsection from the Next Generation Initiative Fund created in section 2887 of this title; provided, however, that the total amount paid by the State in any fiscal year shall not exceed the total amount of General Fund dollars the General Assembly appropriated from the Fund in that year for dual enrollment purposes plus any balance carried forward from the previous fiscal year; and further provided that, notwithstanding subdivision (b)(2) of this section, the cumulative amount to be paid by school districts under this subsection in any fiscal year shall not exceed the amount available to be paid by General Fund dollars in that year.

(3) If it agrees to the terms of subsection (c) of this section, an accredited private postsecondary institution in Vermont approved pursuant to section 176 of this title shall receive tuition pursuant to subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection (f) for each eligible student it enrolls in a college-level course under this section.

(g) Private and out-of-state postsecondary institutions. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit a school district's authority to enter into a contract for dual enrollment courses with an accredited private or public

postsecondary institution not identified in subsection (c) of this section located in or outside Vermont. The school district may negotiate terms different from those set forth in this section, including the amount of tuition to be paid. The school district may determine whether enrollment by an eligible student in a course offered under this subsection shall constitute one of the two courses authorized by subdivision (b)(2) of this section.

(h) Number of courses. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit a school district's authority to pay for more than the two courses per eligible student authorized by subdivision (b)(2) of this section; provided, however, that payment under subdivision (f)(2) of this section shall not be made for more than two courses per eligible student.

(i) Other postsecondary courses. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit a school district's authority to award credit toward graduation requirements to a student who receives prior approval from the school and successfully completes a course offered by an accredited postsecondary institution that was not paid for by the district pursuant to this section. The school district shall determine the number and nature of credits it will award to the student for successful completion of the course, including whether the course will satisfy one or more graduation requirements, and shall inform the student prior to enrollment. Credits awarded shall be based on performance and not solely on Carnegie units; provided, however, that unless the school district determines otherwise, a three-credit postsecondary course shall be presumed to equal one-half of a Carnegie unit. A school district shall not withhold approval or credit without reasonable justification. A student may request that the superintendent review the district's determination regarding course approval or credits. The superintendent's decision shall be final.

(j) Reports. Notwithstanding 2 V.S.A. § 20(d), the Secretary shall report to the House and Senate Committees on Education annually in January regarding the Dual Enrollment Program, including data relating to student demographics, levels of participation, marketing, and program success.

## § 945. [RESERVED.]

# Sec. 2. DUAL ENROLLMENT; TRANSITION; FUNDING; NONOPERATING DISTRICTS

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of Sec. 1, 16 V.S.A. § 944(f), to the contrary, the State shall pay 100 percent of the tuition owed to postsecondary institutions under subdivision (f)(1) for courses offered in fiscal years 2014 and 2015; provided, however, that the total amount paid by the State in either fiscal year shall not exceed the total amount of General Fund dollars the General Assembly appropriated from the Fund in that year for dual enrollment purposes

plus any balance carried forward from the previous fiscal year. Any balance carried forward from fiscal year 2015 shall be used to satisfy the financial obligations of school districts under subsection (f) in fiscal year 2016.

(b)(1) The Secretary shall analyze issues relating to providing dual enrollment opportunities pursuant to Sec. 1 of this act to publicly funded students enrolled in Vermont approved independent schools. Specifically, the analysis shall include:

(A) the anticipated utilization of dual enrollment opportunities;

(B) the anticipated financial impact on sending school districts;

(C) the ways in which sending school districts will ensure student participation in a personalized learning planning process and inclusion of dual enrollment in the student's plan; and

(D) other financial and programmatic issues related to dual enrollment access by publicly funded students enrolled in approved independent schools.

(2) On or before February 1, 2014, the Secretary shall report the results of the analysis to the House and Senate Committees on Education together with any recommendations for amendment to statutes or rules, including whether it would be advisable to amend or repeal Sec. 1, 16 V.S.A. § 944(b)(1)(A)(i)(III) (eligibility of publicly funded student enrolled in Vermont approved independent school).

Sec. 3. REPEAL

16 V.S.A. § 913 (secondary credit; postsecondary course) is repealed.

\* \* \* Flexible Pathways: High School Completion Program \* \* \*

Sec. 4. 16 V.S.A. § 1049a is redesignated to read:

§ 1049a 943. HIGH SCHOOL COMPLETION PROGRAM

Sec. 5. 16 V.S.A. § 943 is amended to read:

§ 943. HIGH SCHOOL COMPLETION PROGRAM

(a) In this section:

(1) "Graduation education plan" means a written plan leading to a high school diploma for a person who is 16 to 22 years of age and has not received a high school diploma, who may or may not be enrolled in a public or approved independent school. The plan shall define the scope and rigor of services necessary for the student to attain a high school diploma, and may describe educational services to be provided by a public high school, an approved independent high school, an approved provider, or a combination of these.

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(2) "Approved provider" means an entity approved by the commissioner to provide educational services which may be counted for credit toward a high school diploma.

(3) "Contracting agency" means an agency that has entered into a contract with the department of education to provide adult education services in Vermont.

There is created a High School Completion Program to be a potential component of a flexible pathway for any Vermont student who is at least 16 years old, who has not received a high school diploma, and who may or may not be enrolled in a public or approved independent school.

(b) If a person who wishes to work on a graduation education plan personalized learning plan leading to graduation through the High School <u>Completion Program</u> is not enrolled in a public or approved independent school, then the commissioner <u>Secretary</u> shall assign the prospective student to a high school district, which shall be the district of residence whenever possible. The school district in which a student is enrolled or to which a non-enrolled student is assigned shall work with the contracting agency and the student to develop a graduation education personalized learning plan. The school district shall award a high school diploma upon successful completion of the plan.

(c) The commissioner <u>Secretary</u> shall reimburse, and net cash payments where possible, a school district that has agreed to a graduation education personalized learning plan <u>developed under this section</u> in an amount:

(1) established by the commissioner <u>Secretary</u> for <u>the</u> development <u>and</u> <u>ongoing evaluation and revision</u> of the graduation <u>education</u> <u>personalized</u> <u>learning</u> plan and for other educational services typically provided by the assigned district or an approved independent school pursuant to the plan, such as counseling, health services, participation in cocurricular activities, and participation in academic or other courses; provided, however, that this amount shall not be available to a <u>school</u> district that provides services under this section to an enrolled student; and

(2) negotiated by the commissioner <u>Secretary</u> and the contracting agency, with the approved provider, for services and outcomes purchased from the approved provider on behalf of the student pursuant to the graduation education personalized learning plan.

\* \* \* Flexible Pathways: Adult Diploma Program; GED \* \* \*

Sec. 6. 16 V.S.A. § 1049 is redesignated to read:

## <u>§ 1049. PROGRAMS</u> <u>§ 945. ADULT DIPLOMA PROGRAM; GENERAL</u> EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

Sec. 7. 16 V.S.A. § 945 is amended to read:

# § 945. ADULT DIPLOMA PROGRAM; GENERAL EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

(a) The commissioner of education may provide programs designed to fit the individual needs and circumstances of adult students. Programs authorized under this section shall give priority to those adult persons with the lowest levels of literacy skills.

(b)(1) Fees for general educational development shall be \$3.00 for a transcript.

(2) The <u>Secretary shall maintain an</u> adult diploma program (ADP) means, which shall be an assessment process administered by the <del>Vermont department of education</del> <u>Agency</u> through which an <del>adult</del> <u>individual who is at least 20 years old</u> can receive a local high school diploma granted by one of the program's participating high schools.

(3) General (b) The Secretary shall maintain a general educational development (GED) means a testing program administered jointly by the Vermont department of education, program, which it shall administer jointly with the GED testing service, and approved local testing centers and through which an adult individual who is at least 16 years old and who is not enrolled in secondary school can receive a secondary school equivalency certificate based on successful completion of the <u>GED</u> tests of general educational development.

(c) Fees collected under this section shall be credited to a special fund established and managed pursuant to chapter 7, subchapter 5 of Title 32, and shall be available to the department to offset the costs of providing those services The Secretary may provide additional programs designed to address the individual needs and circumstances of adult students, particularly students with the lowest levels of literacy skills.

\* \* \* Flexible Pathways: Early College \* \* \*

Sec. 8. 16 V.S.A. § 4011(e) is amended to read:

(e) Early college.

(1) The commissioner For each 12th grade Vermont student enrolled, the Secretary shall pay an amount equal to 87 percent of the base education amount to: (A) the Vermont Academy of Science and Technology for each Vermont resident, 12th grade student enrolled (VAST); and

(B) an early college program other than the VAST program that is developed and operated or overseen by one of the Vermont State Colleges, by the University of Vermont, or by an accredited private postsecondary school located in Vermont and that is approved for operation by the Secretary; provided, however, when making a payment under this subdivision (B), the Secretary shall not pay more than the tuition charged by the institution.

(2) The Secretary shall make the payment pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection directly to the postsecondary institution, which shall accept the amount as full payment of the student's tuition.

(3) A student on whose behalf the Secretary makes a payment pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection:

(A) shall be enrolled as a full-time student in the institution receiving the payment for the academic year for which payment is made;

(B) shall not be enrolled concurrently in a secondary school operated by the student's district of residence or to which the district pays tuition on the student's behalf; and

(C) shall not be included in the average daily membership of any school district for the academic year for which payment is made; provided, however, that if more than five percent of the 12th grade students residing in a district enroll in an early college program, then the district may include the number of students in excess of five percent in its average daily membership; but further provided that a 12th grade student enrolled in a college program shall be included in the percentage calculation only if, for the previous academic year, the student was enrolled in a school maintained by the district or was a student for whom the district paid tuition to a public or approved independent school.

(4) A postsecondary institution shall not accept a student into an early college program unless enrollment in an early college program was an element of the student's personalized learning plan.

Sec. 9. 16 V.S.A. § 1545(c) is amended to read:

(c) For any <u>resident 12th grade</u> student <u>attending the Vermont academy for</u> science and technology <u>enrolled in the Vermont Academy of Science and</u> <u>Technology</u> pursuant to subsection 4011(e) of this title <u>or in another early</u> <u>college program pursuant to that subsection</u>, the credits and grades earned shall, upon request of the student or the student's parent or guardian, be applied toward graduation requirements at the Vermont high school which <u>secondary school that</u> the student attended prior to enrolling in the academy early college program.

Sec. 10. 16 V.S.A. § 4011a is added to read:

# § 4011a. EARLY COLLEGE PROGRAM; REPORT; APPROPRIATION

(a) Notwithstanding 2 V.S.A. § 20(d), any postsecondary institution receiving funds pursuant to subsection 4011(e) of this title shall report annually in January to the Senate and House Committees on Education regarding the level of participation in the institution's early college program, the success in achieving the stated goals of the program to enhance secondary students' educational experiences and prepare them for success in college and beyond, and the specific outcomes for participating students relating to programmatic goals.

(b) In the budget submitted annually to the General Assembly pursuant to 32 V.S.A. chapter 5, the Governor shall include the recommended appropriation for all early college programs to be funded pursuant to subsection 4011(e) of this title, including the VAST program, as a distinct amount.

### Sec. 11. EARLY COLLEGE; ENROLLMENT; CAPS; REPORTS; SUNSET

(a) A postsecondary institution receiving funds in connection with an early college program pursuant to Sec. 8, 16 V.S.A. § 4011(e), of this act shall not enroll more than 18 Vermont students in the program in one academic year; provided, however, that:

(1) the Vermont Academy of Science and Technology shall not enroll more than 60 Vermont students in one academic year; and

(2) there shall be no limitations on enrollment in any early college programs offered by the Community College of Vermont.

(b) Annually in January of 2014 through 2017, the Vermont State Colleges and the University of Vermont shall report to the House and Senate Committees on Education regarding the expansion of the early college program in public and private postsecondary institutions as provided in Sec. 2 of this act, including data regarding actual enrollment, expected enrollment, unmet demand, if any, and marketing efforts for the purpose of considering whether it would be advisable to consider legislation repealing or amending the limit on the total number of students who may enroll.

(c) This section is repealed on July 1, 2017.

\* \* \* Implementation and Transitional Provisions; Effective Dates \* \* \*

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# Sec. 12. FLEXIBLE PATHWAYS IMPLEMENTATION PROJECT ON POSTSECONDARY PLANNING

<u>To assist implementation of the Flexible Pathways Initiative established in</u> Sec. 1 of this act, the Secretary of Education is authorized to enter into an agreement with the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation and one or more elementary or secondary schools to design and implement demonstration projects related to career planning and planning for postsecondary education and training.

# Sec. 13. PERSONALIZED LEARNING PLAN PROCESS; IMPLEMENTATION; WORKING GROUP

(a) The process of developing and updating a personalized learning plan reflects the discussions and collaboration of a student and involved adults. When students engage in the personalized learning plan process, they assume an active role in the planning, assessment, and reflection required to identify developmentally appropriate academic, social, and career goals.

(b) On or before July 15, 2013, the Secretary of Education shall convene a working group to consist of teachers and principals of elementary and secondary schools, superintendents, and other interested parties to support implementation of the personalized learning plan process, particularly in those schools that do not already have a process in place. The working group shall consider ways in which effective personalized learning plan processes enhance development of the evolving academic, career, social, transitional, and family engagement elements of a student's plan and shall identify best practices that can be replicated in other schools. The working group also shall consider ways in which the personalized learning that should occur in kindergarten through grade six can be used to reinforce and enhance the personalized learning plan process in grade seven through grade 12.

(c) By January 20, 2014, the working group shall develop and the Secretary shall publish on the Agency website guiding principles and practical tools for the personalized learning plan process and for developing personalized learning plans. The Secretary shall provide clarity regarding the differences in form, purpose, and function of personalized learning plans, educational support teams, plans created pursuant to section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and individualized education programs (IEPs). The Agency shall provide further guidance and support to schools as requested.

Sec. 14. EFFECTIVE DATE; IMPLEMENTATION DATES

(a) This act shall take effect on July 1, 2013.

(b)(1) By November 30, 2015, a school district shall ensure development of a personalized learning plan for:

(A) each student then in grade seven or nine; and

(B) for each student then in grade 11 or 12 who wishes to enroll in a dual enrollment pursuant to Sec. 1 of this act.

(2) By November 30, 2016, a school district:

(A) shall ensure development of a personalized learning plan for:

(i) each student then in grade seven or nine; and

(ii) each student then in grade 11 or 12 who wishes to enroll in a dual enrollment course; and

(B) shall ensure that the personalized learning plan process continues for enrolled students for whom plans were developed in previous years.

(3) By November 30, 2017 and by that date in each subsequent year, a school district:

(A) shall ensure development of a personalized learning plan for:

(i) each student then in grade seven; and

(ii) each student then in grade 11 or 12 who wishes to enroll in a dual enrollment course for whom a plan was not previously developed; and

(B) shall ensure that the personalized learning plan process continues for enrolled students for whom plans were developed in previous years.

(4) During academic years 2013–14 and 2014–15, a student who has not developed a personalized learning plan may enroll in a dual enrollment course pursuant to Sec. 1 of this act or an early college program pursuant to Sec. 8 of this act upon receiving prior approval of participation from the postsecondary institution and the principal or headmaster of the secondary school in which the student is enrolled. The principal or headmaster shall not withhold approval without reasonable justification. A student may request that the superintendent review a decision of the principal or headmaster to withhold approval. The superintendent's decision shall be final.

(5) Upon the recommendation of the working group created in Sec. 13 of this act, the Secretary of Education may extend by one year any of the implementation dates required under this subsection (b).

(c) Funds for new early college programs pursuant to Sec. 8, 16 V.S.A. § 4011(e)(1)(B), of this act shall be available to students beginning in the 2014–2015 academic year.
#### **House Proposal of Amendment**

#### S. 152.

An act relating to the Green Mountain Care Board's rate review authority.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

\* \* \* Health Insurance Rate Review \* \* \*

Sec. 1. 8 V.S.A. § 4062 is amended to read:

§ 4062. FILING AND APPROVAL OF POLICY FORMS AND PREMIUMS

(a)(1) No policy of health insurance or certificate under a policy filed by an insurer offering health insurance as defined in subdivision 3301(a)(2) of this title, a nonprofit hospital or medical service corporation, health maintenance

organization, or a managed care organization and not exempted by subdivision 3368(a)(4) of this title shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this state <u>State</u>, nor shall any endorsement, rider, or application which becomes a part of any such policy be used, until:

(A) a copy of the form, and of the rules for the classification of risks has been filed with the Department of Financial Regulation and a copy of the premium rates, and rules for the classification of risks pertaining thereto have has been filed with the commissioner of financial regulation Green Mountain Care Board; and

(B) a decision by the Green Mountain Care board <u>Board</u> has been applied by the commissioner as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection issued a decision approving, modifying, or disapproving the proposed rate.

(2)(A) Prior to approving a rate pursuant to this subsection, the commissioner shall seek approval for such rate from the Green Mountain Care board established in 18 V.S.A. chapter 220. The commissioner shall make a recommendation to the Green Mountain Care board about whether to approve, modify, or disapprove the rate within 30 days of receipt of a completed application from an insurer. In the event that the commissioner does not make a recommendation to the board within the 30 day period, the commissioner shall be deemed to have recommended approval of the rate, and the Green Mountain Care board shall review the rate request pursuant to subdivision (B) of this subdivision (2).

(B) The Green Mountain Care board <u>Board</u> shall review rate requests forwarded by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision (A) of this subdivision (2) and shall approve, modify, or disapprove a rate request within  $\frac{30 \ 90}{\text{calendar}}$  days of receipt of the commissioner's recommendation or, in the absence of a recommendation from the commissioner, the expiration of the 30 day period following the department's receipt of the completed application. In the event that the board does not approve or disapprove a rate within 30 days, the board shall be deemed to have approved the rate request after receipt of an initial rate filing from an insurer. If an insurer fails to provide necessary materials or other information to the Board in a timely manner, the Board may extend its review for a reasonable additional period of time, not to exceed 30 calendar days.

(C) The commissioner shall apply the decision of the Green Mountain Care board as to rates referred to the board within five business days of the board's decision.

(B) Prior to the Board's decision on a rate request, the Department of Financial Regulation shall provide the Board with an analysis and opinion on the impact of the proposed rate on the insurer's solvency and reserves.

(3) The commissioner <u>Board</u> shall review policies and rates to determine whether a policy or rate is affordable, promotes quality care, promotes access to health care, <u>protects insurer solvency</u>, and is not unjust, unfair, inequitable, misleading, or contrary to the laws of this <u>state</u> <u>State</u>. The commissioner shall notify in writing the insurer which has filed any such form, premium rate, or rule if it contains any provision which does not meet the standards expressed in this section. In such notice, the commissioner shall state that a hearing will be granted within 20 days upon written request of the insurer. In making this determination, the Board shall consider the analysis and opinion provided by the Department of Financial Regulation pursuant to subdivision (2)(B) of this <u>subsection</u>.

(b) The commissioner may, after a hearing of which at least 20 days' written notice has been given to the insurer using such form, premium rate, or rule, withdraw approval on any of the grounds stated in this section. For premium rates, such withdrawal may occur at any time after applying the decision of the Green Mountain Care board pursuant to subdivision (a)(2)(C) of this section. Disapproval pursuant to this subsection shall be effected by written order of the commissioner which shall state the ground for disapproval and the date, not less than 30 days after such hearing when the withdrawal of approval shall become effective.

(c) In conjunction with a rate filing required by subsection (a) of this section, an insurer shall file a plain language summary of any requested rate increase of five percent or greater. If, during the plan year, the insurer files for rate increases that are cumulatively five percent or greater, the insurer shall file a summary applicable to the cumulative rate increase the proposed rate. All summaries shall include a brief justification of any rate increase requested, the

information that the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) requires for rate increases over 10 percent, and any other information required by the commissioner <u>Board</u>. The plain language summary shall be in the format required by the Secretary of HHS pursuant to the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010, Public Law 111-148, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Public Law 111-152, and shall include notification of the public comment period established in subsection (d)(c) of this section. In addition, the insurer shall post the summaries on its website.

(d)(c)(1) The commissioner <u>Board</u> shall provide information to the public on the <u>department's Board's</u> website about the public availability of the filings and summaries required under this section.

(2)(A) Beginning no later than January 1, 2012 2014, the commissioner Board shall post the rate filings pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and summaries pursuant to subsection (c)(b) of this section on the department's Board's website within five calendar days of filing. The Board shall also establish a mechanism by which members of the public may request to be notified automatically each time a proposed rate is filed with the Board.

(B) The department Board shall provide an electronic mechanism for the public to comment on proposed rate increases over five percent all rate filings. The public shall have 21 days from the posting of the summaries and filings to provide Board shall accept public comment on each rate filing from the date on which the Board posts the rate filing on its website pursuant to subdivision (A) of this subdivision (2) until 15 calendar days after the Board posts on its website the analyses and opinions of the Department of Financial Regulation and of the Board's consulting actuary, if any, as required by subsection (d) of this section. The department Board shall review and consider the public comments prior to submitting the policy or rate for the Green Mountain Care board's approval pursuant to subsection (a) of this section. The department shall provide the Green Mountain Care board with the public comments for its consideration in approving any rates issuing its decision.

(3)(A) In addition to the public comment provisions set forth in this subsection, the Office of the Health Care Advocate established in 18 V.S.A. chapter 229 may, within 30 calendar days after the Board receives an insurer's rate request pursuant to this section, submit questions regarding the filing to the insurer and to the Board's contracting actuary, if any.

(B) The Office of the Health Care Advocate may also submit to the Board written comments on an insurer's rate request. The Board shall post the comments on its website and shall consider the comments prior to issuing its decision.

(e)(d)(1) No later than 60 calendar days after receiving an insurer's rate request pursuant to this section, the Green Mountain Care Board shall make available to the public the insurer's rate filing, the Department's analysis and opinion of the effect of the proposed rate on the insurer's solvency, and the analysis and opinion of the rate filing by the Board's contracting actuary, if any.

(2) The Board shall post on its website, after redacting any confidential or proprietary information relating to the insurer or to the insurer's rate filing:

(A) all questions the Board poses to its contracting actuary, if any, and the actuary's responses to the Board's questions;

(B) all questions the Office of the Health Care Advocate poses to the Board's contracting actuary, if any, and the actuary's responses to the Office's questions; and

(C) all questions the Board, the Board's contracting actuary, if any, the Department, or the Office of the Health Care Advocate poses to the insurer and the insurer's responses to those questions.

(e) Within 30 calendar days after making the rate filing and analysis available to the public pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, the Board shall:

(1) conduct a public hearing, at which the Board shall:

(A) call as witnesses the Commissioner of Financial Regulation or designee and the Board's contracting actuary, if any, unless all parties agree to waive such testimony; and

(B) provide an opportunity for testimony from the insurer, the Office of the Health Care Advocate, and members of the public;

(2) at a public hearing, announce the Board's decision of whether to approve, modify, or disapprove the proposed rate; and

(3) issue its decision in writing.

(f)(1) The insurer shall notify its policyholders of the Board's decision in a timely manner, as defined by the Board by rule.

(2) Rates shall take effect on the date specified in the insurer's rate filing.

(3) If the Board has not issued its decision by the effective date specified in the insurer's rate filing, the insurer shall notify its policyholders of its pending rate request and of the effective date proposed by the insurer in its rate filing. (g) An insurer, the Office of the Health Care Advocate, and any member of the public with party status, as defined by the Board by rule, may appeal a decision of the Board approving, modifying, or disapproving the insurer's proposed rate to the Vermont Supreme Court.

(h)(1) The following provisions of this This section shall apply only to policies for major medical insurance coverage and shall not apply to policies for specific disease, accident, injury, hospital indemnity, dental care, vision care, disability income, long-term care, or other limited benefit coverage: to Medicare supplemental insurance; or

(A) the requirement in subdivisions (a)(1) and (2) of this section for the Green Mountain Care board's approval on rate requests;

(B) the review standards in subdivision (a)(3) of this section as to whether a policy or rate is affordable, promotes quality care, and promotes access to health care; and

(C) subsections (c) and (d) of this section.

(2) The exemptions from the provisions described in subdivisions (1)(A) through (C) of this subsection shall also apply to benefit plans that are paid directly to an individual insured or to his or her assigns and for which the amount of the benefit is not based on potential medical costs or actual costs incurred.

(3) Medicare supplemental insurance policies shall be exempt only from the requirement in subdivisions (a)(1) and (2) of this section for the Green Mountain Care board's approval on rate requests and shall be subject to the remaining provisions of this section.

(i) Notwithstanding the procedures and timelines set forth in subsections (a) through (e) of this section, the Board may establish, by rule, a streamlined rate review process for certain rate decisions, including proposed rates affecting fewer than a minimum number of covered lives and proposed rates for which a de minimis increase, as defined by the Board by rule, is sought.

Sec. 2. 8 V.S.A. § 4062a is amended to read:

# § 4062a. FILING FEES

Each filing of a policy, contract, or document form or premium rates or rules, submitted pursuant to section 4062 of this title, shall be accompanied by payment to the commissioner Commissioner or the Green Mountain Care Board, as appropriate, of a nonrefundable fee of \$50.00 \$150.00.

Sec. 3. 8 V.S.A. § 4089b(d)(1)(A) is amended to read:

(d)(1)(A) A health insurance plan that does not otherwise provide for management of care under the plan, or that does not provide for the same degree of management of care for all health conditions, may provide coverage for treatment of mental health conditions through a managed care organization provided that the managed care organization is in compliance with the rules adopted by the commissioner Commissioner that assure that the system for delivery of treatment for mental health conditions does not diminish or negate the purpose of this section. In reviewing rates and forms pursuant to section 4062 of this title, the commissioner Commissioner or the Green Mountain Care Board established in 18 V.S.A. chapter 220, as appropriate, shall consider the compliance of the policy with the provisions of this section.

Sec. 4. 8 V.S.A. § 4512(b) is amended to read:

(b) Subject to the approval of the commissioner <u>Commissioner or the</u> <u>Green Mountain Care Board established in 18 V.S.A. chapter 220, as</u> <u>appropriate</u>, a hospital service corporation may establish, maintain, and operate a medical service plan as defined in section 4583 of this title. The commissioner <u>Commissioner or the Board</u> may refuse approval if the eommissioner <u>Commissioner or the Board</u> finds that the rates submitted are excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory, <u>fail to protect the hospital</u> <u>service corporation's solvency</u>, or fail to meet the standards of affordability, promotion of quality care, and promotion of access pursuant to section 4062 of this title. The contracts of a hospital service corporation which operates a medical service plan under this subsection shall be governed by chapter 125 of this title to the extent that they provide for medical service benefits, and by this chapter to the extent that the contracts provide for hospital service benefits.

Sec. 5. 8 V.S.A. § 4513(c) is amended to read:

(c) In connection with a rate decision, the commissioner Green Mountain Care Board may also make reasonable supplemental orders to the corporation and may attach reasonable conditions and limitations to such orders as he the Board finds, on the basis of competent and substantial evidence, necessary to insure ensure that benefits and services are provided at minimum cost under efficient and economical management of the corporation. The commissioner Commissioner and, except as otherwise provided by 18 V.S.A. §§ 9375 and 9376, the Green Mountain Care Board, shall not set the rate of payment or reimbursement made by the corporation to any physician, hospital, or other health care provider.

Sec. 6. 8 V.S.A. § 4515a is amended to read:

§ 4515a. FORM AND RATE FILING; FILING FEES

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Every contract or certificate form, or amendment thereof, including the rates charged therefor by the corporation shall be filed with the commissioner Commissioner or the Green Mountain Care Board established in 18 V.S.A. chapter 220, as appropriate, for his or her the Commissioner's or the Board's approval prior to issuance or use. Prior to approval, there shall be a public comment period pursuant to section 4062 of this title. In addition, each such filing shall be accompanied by payment to the commissioner Commissioner or the Board, as appropriate, of a nonrefundable fee of \$50.00 \$150.00 and the plain language summary of rate increases pursuant to section 4062 of this title.

Sec. 7. 8 V.S.A. § 4584(c) is amended to read:

(c) In connection with a rate decision, the commissioner Green Mountain Care Board may also make reasonable supplemental orders to the corporation and may attach reasonable conditions and limitations to such orders as he or she the Board finds, on the basis of competent and substantial evidence, necessary to insure ensure that benefits and services are provided at minimum cost under efficient and economical management of the corporation. The commissioner Commissioner and, except as otherwise provided by 18 V.S.A. §§ 9375 and 9376, the Green Mountain Care Board, shall not set the rate of payment or reimbursement made by the corporation to any physician, hospital, or other health care provider.

Sec. 8. 8 V.S.A. § 4587 is amended to read:

# § 4587. FILING AND APPROVAL OF CONTRACTS

A medical service corporation which has received a permit from the commissioner of financial regulation Commissioner of Financial Regulation under section 4584 of this title shall not thereafter issue a contract to a subscriber or charge a rate therefor which is different from copies of contracts and rates originally filed with such commissioner Commissioner and approved by him or her at the time of the issuance to such medical service corporation of its permit, until it has filed copies of such contracts which it proposes to issue and the rates it proposes to charge therefor and the same have been approved by such commissioner the Commissioner or the Green Mountain Care Board established in 18 V.S.A. chapter 220, as appropriate. Prior to approval, there shall be a public comment period pursuant to section 4062 of this title. Each such filing of a contract or the rate therefor shall be accompanied by payment to the commissioner Commissioner or the Board, as appropriate, of a nonrefundable fee of \$50.00 \$150.00. A medical service corporation shall file a plain language summary of rate increases pursuant to section 4062 of this title.

Sec. 9. 8 V.S.A. § 5104 is amended to read:

## § 5104. FILING AND APPROVAL OF RATES AND FORMS; SUPPLEMENTAL ORDERS

(a)(1) A health maintenance organization which has received a certificate of authority under section 5102 of this title shall file and obtain approval of all policy forms and rates as provided in sections 4062 and 4062a of this title. This requirement shall include the filing of administrative retentions for any business in which the organization acts as a third party administrator or in any other administrative processing capacity. The commissioner Commissioner or the Green Mountain Care Board, as appropriate, may request and shall receive any information that the commissioner Commissioner or the Board deems In addition to any other information necessary to evaluate the filing. requested, the commissioner Commissioner or the Board shall require the filing of information on costs for providing services to the organization's Vermont members affected by the policy form or rate, including Vermont claims experience, and administrative and overhead costs allocated to the service of Vermont members. Prior to approval, there shall be a public comment period pursuant to section 4062 of this title. A health maintenance organization shall file a summary of rate filings pursuant to section 4062 of this title.

(2) The commissioner <u>Commissioner or the Board</u> shall refuse to approve, or to seek the Green Mountain Care board's approval of, the form of evidence of coverage, filing, or rate if it contains any provision which is unjust, unfair, inequitable, misleading, or contrary to the law of the state <u>State</u> or plan of operation, or if the rates are excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory, <u>fail to protect the organization's solvency</u>, or fail to meet the standards of affordability, promotion of quality care, and promotion of access pursuant to section 4062 of this title. No evidence of coverage shall be offered to any potential member unless the person making the offer has first been licensed as an insurance agent in accordance with chapter 131 of this title.

(b) In connection with a rate decision, the commissioner Board may also, with the prior approval of the Green Mountain Care board established in 18 V.S.A. chapter 220, make reasonable supplemental orders and may attach reasonable conditions and limitations to such orders as the commissioner Board finds, on the basis of competent and substantial evidence, necessary to insure ensure that benefits and services are provided at reasonable cost under efficient and economical management of the organization. The commissioner Commissioner and, except as otherwise provided by 18 V.S.A. §§ 9375 and 9376, the Green Mountain Care Board, shall not set the rate of payment or reimbursement made by the organization to any physician, hospital, or health care provider.

Sec. 10. 18 V.S.A. § 9375(b) is amended to read:

(b) The board <u>Board</u> shall have the following duties:

\* \* \*

(6) Approve, modify, or disapprove requests for health insurance rates pursuant to 8 V.S.A. § 4062 within 30 days of receipt of a request for approval from the commissioner of financial regulation, taking into consideration the requirements in the underlying statutes, changes in health care delivery, changes in payment methods and amounts, protecting insurer solvency, and other issues at the discretion of the board Board;

\* \* \*

Sec. 11. 18 V.S.A. § 9381 is amended to read:

## §9381. APPEALS

(a)(1) The Green Mountain Care board Board shall adopt procedures for administrative appeals of its actions, orders, or other determinations. Such procedures shall provide for the issuance of a final order and the creation of a record sufficient to serve as the basis for judicial review pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

(2) Only decisions by the board shall be appealable under this subsection. Recommendations to the board by the commissioner of financial regulation pursuant to 8 V.S.A. § 4062(a) shall not be subject to appeal.

(b) Any person aggrieved by a final action, order, or other determination of the Green Mountain Care board Board may, upon exhaustion of all administrative appeals available pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, appeal to the supreme court Supreme Court pursuant to the Vermont Rules of Appellate Procedure.

(c) If an appeal or other petition for judicial review of a final order is not filed in connection with an order of the Green Mountain Care board Board pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, the chair Chair may file a certified copy of the final order with the clerk of a court of competent jurisdiction. The order so filed has the same effect as a judgment of the court and may be recorded, enforced, or satisfied in the same manner as a judgment of the court.

(d) A decision of the Board approving, modifying, or disapproving a health insurer's proposed rate pursuant to 8 V.S.A. § 4062 shall be considered a final action of the Board and may be appealed to the Supreme Court pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

Sec. 12. 33 V.S.A. § 1811(j) is amended to read:

(j) The commissioner <u>Commissioner or the Green Mountain Care Board</u> established in 18 V.S.A. chapter 220, as appropriate, shall disapprove any rates filed by any registered carrier, whether initial or revised, for insurance policies unless the anticipated medical loss ratios for the entire period for which rates are computed are at least 80 percent, as required by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111 148).

\* \* \* Office of the Health Care Advocate \* \* \*

Sec. 13. 18 V.S.A. chapter 229 is added to read:

## CHAPTER 229. OFFICE OF THE HEALTH CARE ADVOCATE

#### § 9601. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) "Green Mountain Care Board" or "Board" means the Board established in chapter 220 of this title.

(2) "Health insurance plan" means a policy, service contract, or other health benefit plan offered or issued by a health insurer and includes beneficiaries covered by the Medicaid program unless they are otherwise provided with similar services.

(3) "Health insurer" shall have the same meaning as in section 9402 of this title.

§ 9602. OFFICE OF THE HEALTH CARE ADVOCATE; COMPOSITION

(a) The Agency of Administration shall establish the Office of the Health Care Advocate by contract with any nonprofit organization.

(b) The Office shall be administered by the Chief Health Care Advocate, who shall be an individual with expertise and experience in the fields of health care and advocacy. The Advocate may employ legal counsel, administrative staff, and other employees and contractors as needed to carry out the duties of the Office.

# § 9603. DUTIES AND AUTHORITY

(a) The Office of the Health Care Advocate shall:

(1) Assist health insurance consumers with health insurance plan selection by providing information, referrals, and assistance to individuals about means of obtaining health insurance coverage and services. The Office shall accept referrals from the Vermont Health Benefit Exchange and Exchange navigators created pursuant to 33 V.S.A. chapter 18, subchapter 1, to assist consumers experiencing problems related to the Exchange.

(2) Assist health insurance consumers to understand their rights and responsibilities under health insurance plans.

(3) Provide information to the public, agencies, members of the General Assembly, and others regarding problems and concerns of health insurance consumers as well as recommendations for resolving those problems and concerns.

(4) Identify, investigate, and resolve complaints on behalf of individual health insurance consumers, and assist those consumers with filing and pursuit of complaints and appeals.

(5) Provide information to individuals regarding their obligations and responsibilities under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148).

(6) Analyze and monitor the development and implementation of federal, state, and local laws, rules, and policies relating to patients and health insurance consumers.

(7) Facilitate public comment on laws, rules, and policies, including policies and actions of health insurers.

(8) Suggest policies, procedures, or rules to the Green Mountain Care Board in order to protect patients' and consumers' interests.

(9) Promote the development of citizen and consumer organizations.

(10) Ensure that patients and health insurance consumers have timely access to the services provided by the Office.

(11) Submit to the General Assembly and the Governor on or before January 1 of each year a report on the activities, performance, and fiscal accounts of the Office during the preceding calendar year.

(b) The Office of the Health Care Advocate may:

(1) Review the health insurance records of a consumer who has provided written consent. Based on the written consent of the consumer or his or her guardian or legal representative, a health insurer shall provide the Office with access to records relating to that consumer.

(2) Pursue administrative, judicial, and other remedies on behalf of any individual health insurance consumer or group of consumers.

(3) Represent the interests of the people of the State in cases requiring a hearing before the Green Mountain Care Board established in chapter 220 of this title.

(4) Adopt policies and procedures necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

(5) Take any other action necessary to fulfill the purposes of this chapter.

(c) The Office of the Health Care Advocate shall be able to speak on behalf of the interests of health care and health insurance consumers and to carry out all duties prescribed in this chapter without being subject to any retaliatory action; provided, however, that nothing in this subsection shall limit the authority of the Agency of Administration to enforce the terms of the contract.

# § 9604. DUTIES OF STATE AGENCIES

<u>All state agencies shall comply with reasonable requests from the Office of the Health Care Advocate for information and assistance. The Agency of Administration may adopt rules necessary to ensure the cooperation of state agencies under this section.</u>

# § 9605. CONFIDENTIALITY

In the absence of written consent by a complainant or an individual using the services of the Office or by his or her guardian or legal representative or the absence of a court order, the Office of the Health Care Advocate, its employees, and its contractors shall not disclose the identity of the complainant or individual.

# § 9606. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

The Office of the Health Care Advocate, its employees, and its contractors shall not have any conflict of interest relating to the performance of their responsibilities under this chapter. For the purposes of this chapter, a conflict of interest exists whenever the Office of the Health Care Advocate, its employees, or its contractors or a person affiliated with the Office, its employees, or its contractors:

(1) have a direct involvement in the licensing, certification, or accreditation of a health care facility, health insurer, or health care provider;

(2) have a direct ownership interest or investment interest in a health care facility, health insurer, or health care provider;

(3) are employed by or participating in the management of a health care facility, health insurer, or health care provider; or

(4) receive or have the right to receive, directly or indirectly, remuneration under a compensation arrangement with a health care facility, health insurer, or health care provider.

#### Sec. 14. 18 V.S.A. § 9374(f) is amended to read:

(f) In carrying out its duties pursuant to this chapter, the board Board shall seek the advice of the state health care ombudsman established in 8 V.S.A. § 4089w from the Office of the Health Care Advocate. The state health care ombudsman Office shall advise the board Board regarding the policies, procedures, and rules established pursuant to this chapter. The ombudsman Office shall represent the interests of Vermont patients and Vermont consumers of health insurance and may suggest policies, procedures, or rules to the board Board in order to protect patients' and consumers' interests.

## Sec. 15. 18 V.S.A. § 9377(e) is amended to read:

(e) The board <u>Board</u> or designee shall convene a broad-based group of stakeholders, including health care professionals who provide health services, health insurers, professional organizations, community and nonprofit groups, consumers, businesses, school districts, the state health care ombudsman <u>Office of the Health Care Advocate</u>, and state and local governments, to advise the board <u>Board</u> in developing and implementing the pilot projects and to advise the Green Mountain Care board <u>Board</u> in setting overall policy goals.

Sec. 16. 18 V.S.A. § 9410(a)(2) is amended to read:

(2)(A) The program authorized by this section shall include a consumer health care price and quality information system designed to make available to consumers transparent health care price information, quality information, and such other information as the commissioner <u>Commissioner</u> determines is necessary to empower individuals, including uninsured individuals, to make economically sound and medically appropriate decisions.

(B) The commissioner <u>Commissioner</u> shall convene a working group composed of the commissioner of mental health, the commissioner of Vermont <u>health access</u> <u>Commissioner of Mental Health</u>, the Commissioner of Vermont <u>Health Access</u>, health care consumers, the <u>office of the health care ombudsman</u> <u>Office of the Health Care Advocate</u>, employers and other payers, health care providers and facilities, the Vermont <u>program for quality in health care</u> <u>Program for Quality in Health Care</u>, health insurers, and any other individual or group appointed by the <u>commissioner</u> <u>Commissioner</u> to advise the <u>commissioner</u> <u>Commissioner</u> on the development and implementation of the consumer health care price and quality information system.

\* \* \*

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Sec. 17. 18 V.S.A. § 9440(c) is amended to read:

(c) The application process shall be as follows:

\* \* \*

(9) The health care ombudsman's office Office of the Health Care Advocate established under 8 V.S.A. chapter 107, subchapter 1A chapter 229 of this title or, in the case of nursing homes, the long term care ombudsman's office Long-Term Care Ombudsman's Office established under 33 V.S.A. § 7502, is authorized but not required to participate in any administrative or judicial review of an application under this subchapter and shall be considered an interested party in such proceedings upon filing a notice of intervention with the board Board.

Sec. 18. 18 V.S.A. § 9445(b) is amended to read:

(b) In addition to all other sanctions, if any person offers or develops any new health care project without first having been issued a certificate of need or certificate of exemption therefore for the project, or violates any other provision of this subchapter or any lawful rule or regulation promulgated thereunder adopted pursuant to this subchapter, the board Board, the commissioner Commissioner, the state health care ombudsman Office of the Health Care Advocate, the state long term care ombudsman State Long-Term Care Ombudsman, and health care providers and consumers located in the state State shall have standing to maintain a civil action in the superior court Superior Court of the county wherein in which such alleged violation has occurred, or wherein in which such person may be found, to enjoin, restrain, or prevent such violation. Upon written request by the board Board, it shall be the duty of the attorney general of the state Vermont Attorney General to furnish appropriate legal services and to prosecute an action for injunctive relief to an appropriate conclusion, which shall not be reimbursed under subdivision (a)(2) of this subsection section.

Sec. 19. 33 V.S.A. § 1805 is amended to read:

#### § 1805. DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Vermont health benefit exchange <u>Health Benefit Exchange</u> shall have the following duties and responsibilities consistent with the Affordable Care Act:

\* \* \*

(16) Referring consumers to the office of health care ombudsman Office of the Health Care Advocate for assistance with grievances, appeals, and other issues involving the Vermont health benefit exchange Health Benefit Exchange.

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\* \* \*

Sec. 20. 33 V.S.A. § 1807(b) is amended to read:

(b) Navigators shall have the following duties:

\* \* \*

(4) Provide referrals to the office of health care ombudsman Office of the Health Care Advocate and any other appropriate agency for any enrollee with a grievance, complaint, or question regarding his or her health benefit plan, coverage, or a determination under that plan or coverage;

\* \* \*

#### \* \* \* Allocation of Expenses \* \* \*

Sec. 21. 18 V.S.A. § 9374(h) is amended to read:

(h)(1) Expenses Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, expenses incurred to obtain information, analyze expenditures, review hospital budgets, and for any other contracts authorized by the board Board shall be borne as follows:

(A) 40 percent by the state <u>State</u> from state monies;

(B) 15 percent by the hospitals;

(C) 15 percent by nonprofit hospital and medical service corporations licensed under 8 V.S.A. chapter 123 or 125;

(D) 15 percent by health insurance companies licensed under 8 V.S.A. chapter 101; and

(E) 15 percent by health maintenance organizations licensed under 8 V.S.A. chapter 139.

(2) <u>The Board may determine the scope of the incurred expenses to be</u> <u>allocated pursuant to the formula set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection</u> <u>if, in the Board's discretion, the expenses to be allocated are in the best</u> <u>interests of the regulated entities and of the State.</u>

(3) Expenses under subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be billed to persons licensed under Title 8 based on premiums paid for health care coverage, which for the purposes of this section shall include major medical, comprehensive medical, hospital or surgical coverage, and comprehensive health care services plans, but shall not include long-term care or limited benefits, disability, credit or stop loss, or excess loss insurance coverage.

(4) Financial support for the Office of the Health Care Advocate established pursuant to chapter 229 of this title for services related to the Board's regulatory and supervisory duties shall be considered expenses incurred by the Board under this subsection and shall be an acceptable use of the funds realized pursuant to this subsection.

Sec. 22. 18 V.S.A. § 9415 is amended to read:

## § 9415. ALLOCATION OF EXPENSES

(a) <u>Expenses Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this section,</u> <u>expenses</u> incurred to obtain information and to analyze expenditures, review hospital budgets, and for any other related contracts authorized by the <u>commissioner Commissioner</u> shall be borne as follows:

(1) 40 percent by the state <u>State</u> from state monies;

(2) 15 percent by the hospitals;

(3) 15 percent by nonprofit hospital and medical service corporations licensed under 8 V.S.A. chapter 123 or  $125_{\frac{1}{2}}$ 

(4) 15 percent by health insurance companies licensed under 8 V.S.A. chapter  $101_{\frac{1}{2}}$  and

(5) 15 percent by health maintenance organizations licensed under 8 V.S.A. chapter 139.

(b) <u>The Commissioner may determine the scope of the incurred expenses to</u> <u>be allocated pursuant to the formula set forth in subsection (a) of this section if,</u> <u>in the Commissioner's discretion, the expenses to be allocated are in the best</u> <u>interests of the regulated entities and of the State.</u>

(c) Expenses under subsection (a) of this section shall be billed to persons licensed under Title 8 based on premiums paid for health care coverage, which for the purposes of this section include major medical, comprehensive medical, hospital or surgical coverage, and any comprehensive health care services plan, but does shall not include long-term care, limited benefits, disability, credit or stop loss or excess loss insurance coverage

(d) Financial support for the Office of the Health Care Advocate established pursuant to chapter 229 of this title for services related to the Department's regulatory and supervisory duties shall be considered expenses incurred by the Department under this subsection and shall be an acceptable use of the funds realized pursuant to this subsection.

## Sec. 23. BILL-BACK REPORT

(a) Annually on or before September 15, the Green Mountain Care Board and the Department of Financial Regulation shall report to the House Committee on Health Care, the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Finance, and the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations the total amount of all expenses eligible for allocation pursuant to 18 V.S.A. §§ 9374(h) and 9415 during the preceding state fiscal year and the total amount actually billed back to the regulated entities during the same period.

(b) The Board and the Department shall also present the information required by subsection (a) of this section to the Joint Fiscal Committee annually at its September meeting.

\* \* \* Prior Authorizations \* \* \*

Sec. 24. 18 V.S.A. § 9377a is added to read:

## § 9377a. PRIOR AUTHORIZATION PILOT PROGRAM

(a) The Green Mountain Care Board shall develop and implement a pilot program or programs for the purpose of measuring the change in system costs within primary care associated with eliminating prior authorization requirements for imaging, medical procedures, prescription drugs, and home care. The program shall be designed to measure the effects of eliminating prior authorizations on provider satisfaction and on the number of requests for and expenditures on imaging, medical procedures, prescription drugs, and home care. In developing the pilot program proposal, the Board shall collaborate with health care professionals and health insurers throughout the State or regionally.

(b) The Board shall submit an update regarding implementation of prior authorization pilot programs as part of its annual report under subsection <u>9375(d) of this title.</u>

Sec. 25. 18 V.S.A. § 9375(d) is amended to read:

(d) Annually on or before January 15, the board Board shall submit a report of its activities for the preceding state fiscal calendar year to the house committee House Committee on health care Health Care and the senate committee Senate Committee on health and welfare Health and Welfare. The report shall include any changes to the payment rates for health care professionals pursuant to section 9376 of this title, any new developments with respect to health information technology, the evaluation criteria adopted pursuant to subdivision (b)(8) of this section and any related modifications, the results of the systemwide performance and quality evaluations required by subdivision (b)(8) of this section and any resulting recommendations, the process and outcome measures used in the evaluation, an update regarding implementation of any prior authorization pilot programs under section 9377a of this title, any recommendations for modifications to Vermont statutes, and any actual or anticipated impacts on the work of the board Board as a result of modifications to federal laws, regulations, or programs. The report shall identify how the work of the board <u>Board</u> comports with the principles expressed in section 9371 of this title.

Sec. 26. 18 V.S.A. § 9414b is added to read:

# <u>§ 9414b. ANNUAL REPORTING BY THE DEPARTMENT OF VERMONT</u> <u>HEALTH ACCESS</u>

(a) The Department of Vermont Health Access shall annually report the following information, in plain language, to the House Committee on Health Care and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare, as well as posting the information on its website:

(1) the total number of Vermont lives covered by Medicaid;

(2) the total number of claims submitted to the Department for services provided to Medicaid beneficiaries;

(3) the total number of claims denied by the Department;

(4) the total number of denials of service by the Department at the preauthorization level, the total number of denials that were appealed, and of those, the total number overturned;

(5) the total number of adverse determinations made by the Department;

(6) the total number of claims denied by the Department because the service was experimental, investigational, or an off-label use of a drug; was not medically necessary; or involved access to a provider that is inconsistent with the limitations imposed by Medicaid;

(7) the total number of claims denied by the Department as duplicate claims, as coding errors, or for services or providers not covered;

(8) the Department's legal expenses related to claims or service denials during the preceding year; and

(9) the effects of the Department's policy of allowing automatic approval of certain prior authorizations on the number of requests for imaging, medical procedures, prescription drugs, and home care.

(b) The Department may indicate the extent of overlap or duplication in reporting the information described in subsection (a) of this section.

(c) To the extent practicable, the Department shall model its report on the standardized form created by the Department of Financial Regulation for use by health insurers under subsection 9414a(c) of this title.

(d) The Department of Financial Regulation shall post on its website, in the same location as the forms posted under subdivision 9414a(d)(1) of this title, a link to the information reported by the Department of Vermont Health Access under subsection (a) of this section.

Sec. 27. 18 V.S.A. § 9414a(a)(5) is amended to read:

(5) <u>data regarding the number of denials of service by the health insurer</u> <u>at the preauthorization level, including:</u>

(A) the total number of denials of service by the health insurer at the preauthorization level, including:

(A)(B) the total number of denials of service at the preauthorization level appealed to the health insurer at the first-level grievance and, of those, the total number overturned;

(B)(C) the total number of denials of service at the preauthorization level appealed to the health insurer at any second-level grievance and, of those, the total number overturned;

(C)(D) the total number of denials of service at the preauthorization level for which external review was sought and, of those, the total number overturned;

\* \* \* Additional Provisions \* \* \*

Sec. 28. OFFICE OF THE HEALTH CARE ADVOCATE BUDGET; INTENT

(a) Beginning with the 2014 annual report filed pursuant to 18 V.S.A. <u>§ 9603(a)(11)</u>, the Office of the Health Care Advocate shall specify the sums expended by the Office in carrying out its duties, including identifying the specific amount expended for actuarial services.

(b) It is the intent of the General Assembly that the Office of the Health Care Advocate shall maximize the amount of federal and grant funds available to support the activities of the Office.

Sec. 29. REPEAL

8 V.S.A. § 4089w (Health Care Ombudsman) is repealed.

Sec. 30. APPLICABILITY AND EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) Secs. 1–12 (rate review) of this act shall take effect on January 1, 2014 and shall apply to all insurers filing rates and forms for major medical insurance plans on and after January 1, 2014, except that the Green Mountain Care Board and the Department of Financial Regulation may amend their rules and take such other actions before that date as are necessary to ensure that the revised rate review process will be operational on January 1, 2014.

(b) Secs. 13–20 (Office of the Health Care Advocate) and 28 (budget) of this act shall take effect on January 1, 2014.

(c) The remaining sections of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2013.

#### **House Proposal of Amendment**

## S. 156.

An act relating to home visiting standards.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

## Sec. 1. PURPOSE

In recognition of the significant positive contribution that home visiting services make with regard to enhancing family stability, family health, and child development; fostering parenting skills; reducing child maltreatment; promoting social and emotional health; improving school readiness; and promoting economic self-sufficiency, the General Assembly seeks to ensure that home visiting services to Vermonters are of the highest quality by establishing standards for their administration, delivery, and utilization review that foster the contributions of diverse practice models.

## Sec. 2. RULEMAKING

(a) As used in this section, "home visiting services" means regular, voluntary visits with a pregnant woman or a family with a young child for the purpose of providing a continuum of services that improves maternal and child health; prevents child injuries, abuse, or maltreatment; promotes social and emotional health; improves school readiness; reduces crime or domestic violence; improves economic self-sufficiency; or enhances coordination and referrals among community resources and supports, such as food, housing, and transportation.

(b) The Secretary of Human Services, in consultation with interested providers and other stakeholders, shall develop rules establishing standards for the delivery of home visiting services throughout Vermont to be adopted by the Secretary on or before July 1, 2014.

(c) In developing standards for the delivery of home visiting services, the Secretary shall be guided by best family-centered and family-directed practices and evidence-based models. The standards adopted by rule shall address the following:

(1) creation of a system of home visiting services that can respond to diverse family needs;

(2) service provider training and supervision;

(3) a structure for coordinating services at the state and local levels with respect to outreach efforts, family intake methods, referrals, and transitions;

(4) access to supports, resources, and information to address short- and long-term family needs;

(5) criteria identifying which home visiting models and home visiting programs are eligible for funding;

(6) the contributions of organizations that use trained volunteers; and

(7) performance evaluation and quality improvement measures, including mechanisms for tracking funding, utilization, and outcomes for families and children at the state, community, and program levels.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

## **House Proposal of Amendment**

## S. 157.

An act relating to modifying the requirements for hemp production in the State of Vermont.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 6 V.S.A. chapter 34 is amended to read:

#### CHAPTER 34. INDUSTRIAL HEMP

§ 561. <u>FINDINGS;</u> INTENT

(a) Findings.

(1) Hemp has been continuously cultivated for millennia, is accepted and available in the global marketplace, and has numerous beneficial, practical, and economic uses, including: high-strength fiber, textiles, clothing, bio-fuel, paper products, protein-rich food containing essential fatty acids and amino acids, biodegradable plastics, resins, nontoxic medicinal and cosmetic products, construction materials, rope, and value-added crafts.

(2) The many agricultural and environmental beneficial uses of hemp include: livestock feed and bedding, stream buffering, erosion control, water and soil purification, and weed control.

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(3) The hemp plant, an annual herbaceous plant with a long slender stem ranging in height from four to 15 feet and a stem diameter of one-quarter to three-quarters of an inch is morphologically distinctive and readily identifiable as an agricultural crop grown for the cultivation and harvesting of its fiber and seed.

(4) Hemp cultivation will enable the State of Vermont to accelerate economic growth and job creation, promote environmental stewardship, and expand export market opportunities.

(b) Purpose. The intent of this act chapter is to establish policy and procedures for growing industrial hemp in Vermont so that farmers and other businesses in the Vermont agricultural industry can take advantage of this market opportunity when federal regulations permit.

# § 562. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) "Grower" means any <u>a</u> person or business entity licensed under this chapter by the secretary as an industrial hemp grower. [Deleted.]

(2) "Hemp products" means all products made from industrial hemp, including but not limited to cloth, cordage, fiber, food, fuel, paint, paper, particle board construction materials, plastics, seed, seed meal, seed oil, and certified seed for cultivation if such seeds originate from industrial hemp varieties.

(3) "Industrial hemp" means varieties of the plant cannabis sativa having no more than 0.3 percent tetrahydrocannabinol, whether growing or not, that are cultivated or possessed by a licensed grower in compliance with this chapter. "Hemp" means the plant Cannabis sativa L. and any part of the plant, whether growing or not, with a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis.

(4) "Secretary" means the secretary of agriculture, food and markets <u>Secretary of Agriculture</u>, Food and Markets.

## § 563. INDUSTRIAL HEMP: AN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCT

Industrial hemp <u>Hemp</u> is an agricultural product which may be grown <u>as a</u> <u>crop</u>, produced, possessed, and commercially traded in Vermont pursuant to the provisions of this chapter. <u>The cultivation of hemp shall be subject to and</u> <u>comply with the requirements of the accepted agricultural practices adopted</u> <u>under section 4810 of this title.</u>

#### § 564. LICENSING; APPLICATION REGISTRATION;

#### **ADMINISTRATION**

(a) Any person or business entity wishing to engage in the production of industrial hemp must be licensed as an industrial hemp grower by the secretary. A license from the secretary shall authorize industrial hemp production only at a site or sites specified by the license.

(b) A license from the secretary shall be valid for 24 months from the date of issuance and may be renewed but shall not be transferable.

(c)(1) The secretary shall obtain from the Vermont criminal information center a record of convictions in Vermont and other jurisdictions for any applicant for a license who has given written authorization on the application form. The secretary shall file a user's agreement with the center. The user's agreement shall require the secretary to comply with all statutes, rules, and policies regulating the release of criminal conviction records and the protection of individual privacy. Conviction records provided to the secretary under this section are confidential and shall be used only to determine the applicant's eligibility for licensure.

(2) A person who has been convicted in Vermont of a felony offense or a comparable offense in another jurisdiction shall not be eligible for a license under this chapter.

(d) When applying for a license from the secretary, an applicant shall provide information sufficient to demonstrate to the secretary that the applicant intends to grow and is capable of growing industrial hemp in accordance with this chapter, which at a minimum shall include:

(1) Filing with the secretary a set of classifiable fingerprints and written authorization permitting the Vermont criminal information center to generate a record of convictions as required by subdivision (c)(1) of this section.

(2) Filing with the secretary documentation certifying that the seeds obtained for planting are of a type and variety compliant with the maximum concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol set forth in subdivision 560(3) of this chapter.

(3) Filing with the secretary the location and acreage of all parcels sown and other field reference information as may be required by the secretary.

(e) To qualify for a license from the secretary, an applicant shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the secretary that the applicant has adopted methods to ensure the legal production of industrial hemp, which at a minimum shall include:

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(1) Ensuring that all parts of the industrial hemp plant that do not enter the stream of commerce as hemp products are destroyed, incorporated into the soil, or otherwise properly disposed of.

(2) Maintaining records that reflect compliance with the provisions of this chapter and with all other state laws regulating the planting and cultivation of industrial hemp.

(f) Every grower shall maintain all production and sales records for at least three years.

(g) Every grower shall allow industrial hemp crops, throughout sowing, growing season, harvest, storage, and processing, to be inspected by and at the discretion of the secretary or his or her designee.

(a) A person who intends to grow hemp shall register with the Secretary and submit on a form provided by the Secretary the following:

(1) the name and address of the person;

(2) a statement that the seeds obtained for planting are of a type and variety that do not exceed the maximum concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol set forth in subdivision 562(3) of this title; and

(3) the location and acreage of all parcels sown and other field reference information as may be required by the Secretary.

(b) The form provided by the Secretary pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall include a notice statement that, until current federal law is amended to provide otherwise:

(A) cultivation and possession of hemp in Vermont is a violation of the federal Controlled Substances Act; and

(B) federal prosecution for growing hemp in violation of federal law may include criminal penalties, forfeiture of property, and loss of access to federal agricultural benefits, including agricultural loans, conservation programs, and insurance programs.

(c) A person registered with the Secretary pursuant to this section shall allow hemp crops, throughout sowing, growing season, harvest, storage, and processing, to be inspected and tested by and at the discretion of the Secretary or his or her designee.

(d) The Secretary may assess an annual registration fee of \$25.00 for the performance of his or her duties under this chapter.

§ 565. REVOCATION AND SUSPENSION OF LICENSE;

**ENFORCEMENT** 

(a) The secretary may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew the license of any grower who:

(1) Makes a false statement or misrepresentation on an application for a license or renewal of a license.

(2) Fails to comply with or violates any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted under it.

(b) Revocation or suspension of a license may be in addition to any civil or criminal penalties imposed on a grower for a violation of any other state law. [Repealed.]

#### § 566. RULEMAKING AUTHORITY

The secretary shall Secretary may adopt rules to provide for the implementation of this chapter, which shall may include rules to allow require for the industrial hemp to be tested during growth for tetrahydrocannabinol levels and to allow for require inspection and supervision of the industrial hemp during sowing, growing season, harvest, storage, and processing. The Secretary shall not adopt under this or any other section a rule that would prohibit a person to grow hemp based on the legal status of hemp under federal law.

Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. § 4201(15) is amended to read:

(15) "Marijuana" means any plant material of the genus cannabis <u>Cannabis</u> or any preparation, compound, or mixture thereof except:

(A) sterilized seeds of the plant-and;

(B) fiber produced from the stalks; or

(C) hemp or hemp products, as defined in 6 V.S.A. § 562.

Sec. 3. 18 V.S.A. § 4241(b) is amended to read:

(b) This subchapter shall not apply to any property used or intended for use in an offense involving two ounces or less of marijuana <u>or in connection with hemp or hemp products as defined in 6 V.S.A. § 562</u>.

Sec. 4. 2008 Acts and Resolves No. 212, Sec. 3 is amended to read:

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect upon passage, except that the secretary shall not issue a license to grow industrial hemp pursuant to Chapter 34 of Title 6 until the United States Congress amends the definition of "marihuana" for the purposes of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802(16)) or the United States drug enforcement agency amends its interpretation of the existing definition in a manner affording an applicant a reasonable expectation that a

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permit to grow industrial hemp may be issued in accordance with part C of chapter 13 of Title 21 of the United States Code Annotated, or the drug enforcement agency takes affirmative steps to approve or deny a permit sought by the holder of a license to grow industrial hemp in another state.

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

#### House Proposal of Amendment to Senate Proposal of Amendment

#### **H. 240**.

An act relating to Executive Branch fees

The House concurs in the Senate proposal of amendment with further amendment thereto as follows:

<u>First</u>: By striking out Secs. 36 and 37 and the internal caption in their entirety

<u>Second</u>: In Sec. 35, UNIFORM DISPATCH FEES, by adding a sentence at the end of the section to read: <u>The Commissioner shall report to the House</u> <u>Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Finance on or</u> <u>before January 15, 2014, regarding the adoption and implementation of the uniform dispatch fee rules.</u>

And by renumbering the remaining sections to be numerically correct

## House Proposal of Amendment to Senate Proposal of Amendment

#### H. 515.

An act relating to miscellaneous agricultural subjects

The House concurs in the Senate proposal of amendment with further amendment thereto as follows:

By adding Sec. 13a to read:

\* \* \* H-2A Payments \* \* \*

#### Sec. 13a. H-2A PAYMENTS

The Department of Taxes shall not enforce the provisions of 32 V.S.A. chapter 151, including any associated penalties or interest, for any person who received payments while working under an H-2A temporary agricultural visa for any return period prior to December 31, 2011. The Department of Taxes also shall not enforce the provisions of 32 V.S.A. chapter 151, subchapter 4, including any associated penalties or interest, for any person who fails to withhold taxes for payments made to an employee under an H-2A temporary agricultural visa for any return period prior to December 31, 2011. Any

liability, interest, or penalty imposed for a return period specified in this section shall be refunded upon request, provided the person provides documentation of his or her claim to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Taxes.

## House Proposal of Amendment to Senate Proposal of Amendment

#### H. 522.

An act relating to strengthening Vermont's response to opioid addiction and methamphetamine abuse

The House concurs in the Senate proposal of amendment with further amendment thereto as follows:

<u>First</u>: In Sec. 11, 18 V.S.A. § 4289, by striking subsections (d) and (e) in their entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(d) Health care providers shall query the VPMS with respect to an individual patient in the following circumstances:

(1) at least annually for patients who are receiving ongoing treatment with an opioid Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance;

(2) when starting a patient on a Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance for nonpalliative long-term pain therapy of 90 days or more;

(3) the first time the provider prescribes an opioid Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance written to treat chronic pain; or

(4) when starting a patient on nonpalliative long-term pain therapy of 90 days or more.

(e) The Commissioner of Health shall, after consultation with the Unified Pain Management System Advisory Council, adopt rules necessary to effect the purposes of this section. The Commissioner and the Council shall consider additional circumstances under which health care providers should be required to query the VPMS, including whether health care providers should be required to query the VPMS when a patient requests renewal of a prescription for an opioid Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance written to treat acute pain.

<u>Second</u>: In Sec. 14b, in subdivision (d)(2), after "<u>Human Services</u>" by inserting "<u>and on Judiciary</u>"

<u>Third</u>: By striking Sec. 22c in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 22c to read:

# Sec. 22c. INTERIM STUDY COMMITTEE ON THE REGULATION OF PRECIOUS METAL DEALERS

(a) Creation of committee. There is created an Interim Study Committee on the Regulation of Precious Metal Dealers, the purpose of which shall be to examine the current practices in the trade of precious metals in Vermont and the nexus of that trade to drug-related and other illegal activity, and to provide recommendations to the General Assembly on the most effective means of regulating the trade to decrease the amount of related illegal activity and promote the recovery of stolen property.

(b) Membership. The Committee shall be composed of the following members:

(1) three members of the House of Representatives, not all of the same party, appointed by the Speaker of the House, one each from the Committees on Judiciary, on Commerce and Economic Development, and on Government Operations; and

(2) three members of the Senate, not all of the same party, appointed by the Committee on Committees, one each from the Committees on Judiciary, on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs, and on Government Operations.

(c) Powers and duties.

(1) The Committee shall study methods for increasing cooperation between law enforcement and dealers in precious metals and other secondhand items in an effort to prevent the theft of these items and retrieve stolen property, including the following:

(A) the types of items that should be included in a regulatory scheme;

(B) the advisability, cost, and effectiveness of creating and maintaining a stolen property database and website for the purpose of posting pictures and information about stolen items;

(C) the creation of a licensing system for precious metal dealers and others, including what information would be required of applicants, who would be eligible for a license, and how the licensing program would be implemented;

(D) the appropriate recordkeeping requirements for precious metal dealers and others, including the possibility of requiring sales of a certain volume to be recorded electronically; and

(E) any other related issues that the Committee deems appropriate.

(2) The Committee shall consult with the following people during its deliberations:

(A) a Vermont-based representative from the New England Jewelers Association;

(B) a representative from the Vermont Antique Dealers Association;

(C) Vermont-based coin dealers;

(D) Vermont-based auctioneers;

(E) a private citizen who has been affected by the theft of precious metals;

(F) a representative from a Vermont-based business that uses precious metals for manufacturing or industrial purposes;

(G) a representative from the jewelry manufacturing industry;

(H) a representative from the Vermont Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs;

(I) a representative of local law enforcement from the Vermont Police Association;

(J) the Commissioner of Public Safety; and

(K) the Vermont Attorney General.

(3) For purposes of its study of these issues, the Committee shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Office of Legislative Council and the Joint Fiscal Office.

(d) Report. On or before January 15, 2014, the Committee shall report its findings and any recommendations for legislative action to the Senate Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs, on Judiciary, and on Government Operations, and the House Committees on Commerce and Economic Development, on Judiciary, and on Government Operations.

(e) Meetings.

(1) Four members of the Committee shall be physically present at the same location to constitute a quorum.

(2) Action shall be taken only if there is both a quorum and an affirmative vote of the majority of members physically present and voting.

(3) The Committee may meet no more than five times and shall cease to exist on January 16, 2014.

Fourth: By adding Secs. 22d–22f to read as follows:

Sec. 22d. Sec. 1 of H.200 of 2013, as enacted, is amended in 18 V.S.A. § 4230(a), in subdivision (2), after "two ounces or more of marijuana" by adding "<u>or 10 grams or more of hashish</u>" and in subdivision (3), after "one pound or more of marijuana" by adding "<u>or 2.8 ounces or more of hashish</u>" and in subdivision (4), after "10 pounds or more of marijuana" by adding "<u>or one pound or more of hashish</u>"

Sec. 22e. Sec. 1 of H.200 of 2013, as enacted, is amended in 18 V.S.A. § 4230 by striking "\* \* \*" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(b) Selling or dispensing.

(1) A person knowingly and unlawfully selling marijuana <u>or hashish</u> shall be imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than \$10,000.00, or both.

(2) A person knowingly and unlawfully selling or dispensing marijuana in an amount consisting of one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances of an aggregate weight of one-half ounce or more containing any <u>of</u> marijuana <u>or 2.5 grams or more of hashish</u> shall be imprisoned not more than five years or fined not more than \$100,000.00, or both.

(3) A person knowingly and unlawfully selling or dispensing marijuana in an amount consisting of one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances of an aggregate weight of one pound or more containing any of marijuana or 2.8 ounces of hashish shall be imprisoned not more than 15 years or fined not more than \$500,000.00, or both.

(c) Trafficking. A person knowingly and unlawfully possessing marijuana in an amount consisting of one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances of an aggregate weight of 50 pounds or more containing any of marijuana or five pounds or more of hashish with the intent to sell or dispense the marijuana or hashish shall be imprisoned not more than 30 years or fined not more than \$1,000,000.00, or both. There shall be a permissive inference that a person who possesses marijuana in an amount consisting of one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances of an aggregate weight of 50 pounds or more containing any of marijuana or five pounds or more of hashish intends to sell or dispense the marijuana or hashish.

Sec. 22f. Sec. 13 of H.200 of 2013, as enacted, is amended in subsection (a) (effective dates) by striking "Secs. 12 and 13" where it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "Sec. 11" and in subsection (b) by striking "Sec. 6" and inserting in lieu thereof "Sec. 5"

<u>Fifth</u>: In Sec. 23 in subsection (a) by striking "<u>and 22c (interim study;</u> <u>precious metal dealers)</u>" and inserting in lieu thereof "<u>22c (interim study;</u> <u>precious metal dealers)</u>, and 22f (H.200 effective dates)" and by adding a subsection (d) to read as follows:

(d) Secs. 22d (possession of marijuana) and 22e (selling or dispensing marijuana) shall take effect on July 2, 2013.

## **ORDERED TO LIE**

## S. 55.

An act relating to increasing efficiency in state government finance and lending operations.

#### **PENDING ACTION:** Second reading of the bill.

#### S. 165.

An act relating to collective bargaining for deputy state's attorneys.

**PENDING ACTION:** Third reading of the bill.

## CONFIRMATIONS

The following appointments will be considered by the Senate, as a group, under suspension of the Rules, as moved by the President *pro tempore*, for confirmation together and without debate, by consent thereby given by the Senate. However, upon request of any senator, any appointment may be singled out and acted upon separately by the Senate, with consideration given to the report of the Committee to which the appointment was referred, and with full debate; <u>and further</u>, all appointments for the positions of Secretaries of Agencies, Commissioners of Departments, Judges, Magistrates, and members of the Public Service Board shall be fully and separately acted upon.

Jason Gibbs of Duxbury – Member, Community High School of Vermont Board – By Sen. Doyle for the Committee on Education. (5/14/13)