Senate Calendar

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 2013

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ACTION CALENDAR

NEW BUSINESS

Second Reading

Favorable

H. 41.

An act relating to civil forfeiture of retirement payments to public officials convicted of certain crimes.

Reported favorably by Senator French for the Committee on Government Operations.

(Committee vote: 4-0-1)

(For House amendments, see House Journal of February 14, 2013, page 152)

Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment

S. 25.

An act relating to public advocacy in utility matters.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Hartwell for the Committee on Finance.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 30 V.S.A. § 2 is amended to read:

§ 2. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SERVICE; POWERS

- (a) The department of public service Department of Public Service shall supervise and direct the execution of all laws relating to public service corporations and firms and individuals engaged in such business, including the:
- (1) Formation formation, organization, ownership, and acquisition of facilities of public service corporations under chapter 3 of this title;
- (2) <u>Participation participation</u> in planning for proper utility service as provided in section 202 of this title through the <u>director for regulated utility planning</u> <u>Director for Regulated Utility Planning</u>;
- (3) <u>Supervision supervision</u> and evaluation under chapters 5 and 77 of this title of the quality of service of public utility companies;

- (4) <u>Interconnection interconnection</u> and interchange of facilities of electric companies under sections 210, 213, and 214 of this title;
- (5) Representation representation of the state State in the negotiations and proceedings for the procurement of electric energy from any source outside of this state State and from any generation facility inside the state State under sections 211 and 212 of this title;
- (6) Review review of proposed changes in rate schedules and petition to the public service board Public Service Board, and representation of the interests of the consuming public in proceedings to change rate schedules of public service companies under chapter 5 of this title;
- (7) Siting siting of electric generation and transmission facilities under section 248 of this title:
- (8) Consolidations consolidations and mergers of public service corporations under chapter 7 of this title;
- (9) <u>Supervision</u> <u>supervision</u> and regulation of cable television systems under chapter 13 of this title;
- (10) <u>Supervision supervision</u> and regulation of telegraph and telephone companies under chapters 71, 73, and 75 of this title;
- (11) <u>Supervision</u> <u>supervision</u> and regulation of the organization and operation of municipal plants under chapter 79 of this title;
- (12) <u>Supervision</u> <u>supervision</u> and regulation of the organization and operation of electric cooperatives under chapter 81 of this title.
- (b) In cases requiring hearings by the board Board, the department Department, through the director for public advocacy Director for Public Advocacy shall represent the interests of the people of the state State, unless otherwise specified by law. In any hearing, the board Board may, if it determines that the public interest would be served, request the attorney general Attorney General or a member of the Vermont bar Bar to represent the public or the state State.
- (c) The department Department may bring proceedings on its own motion before the public service board Public Service Board, with respect to any matter within the jurisdiction of the public service board Board, and may initiate rule-making proceedings before that board the Board. The public service board Public Service Board, with respect to any matter within its jurisdiction, may issue orders on its own motion and may initiate rule-making proceedings.
- (d) In any proceeding where the decommissioning fund Decommissioning Fund for the Vermont Yankee nuclear facility is involved, the department

<u>Department</u> shall represent the consuming public in a manner that acknowledges that the general public interest requires that the consuming public, rather than either the <u>state's State's</u> future consumers who never obtain benefits from the facility or the <u>state's State's</u> taxpayers, ought to provide for all costs of decommissioning. The <u>department Department</u> shall seek to have the <u>decommissioning fund Decommissioning Fund</u> be based on all reasonably expected costs.

(e) In performing its duties under this section, the Department shall affirmatively represent the interests of ratepayer classes who are not independently represented parties in proceedings before the Board, including residential, low-income, and small business consumers.

Sec. 2. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SERVICE; REPORT ON CONSUMER REPRESENTATION

On or before July 1, 2014, the Commissioner shall submit a report to the General Assembly which includes an analysis of how the Department, in performing its duties under 30 V.S.A. § 2, determines the interests of the consuming public and of the State and ensures adequate representation of the interests of those consumers whose interests might not otherwise be adequately represented in matters before the Board, including residential, low income, and small business consumers. The report shall include a description of how the Department assesses whether the interests of different ratepayer classes – such as residential, low income, and small business - are in conflict and, if so, how such conflicts are resolved. In addition, the Commissioner shall evaluate how representation of the interests of residential, low income, and small business consumers has occurred in past proceedings and describe ways in which the Department might more effectively represent those interests in future proceedings. The report also shall describe improvements in the Department's processes related to the integration of the roles and responsibilities of the Director for Public Advocacy and the Director for Consumer Protection and Education, particularly with respect to representation of the consuming public and the interests of the State. In conducting this analysis, the Commissioner shall consult with residential and small business ratepayers, advocacy groups for low income, residential, and small business ratepayers, and any other person or entity as determined by the Commissioner.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 7-0-0)

NOTICE CALENDAR

Second Reading

Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment

S. 30.

An act relating to siting of electric generation plants.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Snelling for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Findings * * *

Sec. 1. FINDINGS

The General Assembly finds that:

- (1) Climate change from the emission of greenhouse gases such as carbon dioxide (CO₂) is one of the most serious issues facing Vermont today. In this State, the change in climate already has resulted in significant damage from increased heavy rain events and flooding and in fundamental alterations to average annual temperatures and the length and characteristics of the seasons. As climate change accelerates, the hazards to human health and safety and the environment in Vermont will rise, including an increased frequency of violent storm events, heat waves, and one- to two-month droughts; threats to the productivity of cold-weather crops and dairy cows and to cold-water fish and wildlife species; reduced seasons for skiing, snowmobiling, and sugaring; and increasing risks to infrastructure such as roads and bridges near streams and rivers.
- (2) Vermont currently encourages the in-state siting of renewable electric generation projects in order to contribute to reductions in global climate change caused by greenhouse gas emissions. Yet significant controversy exists over whether in-state development of renewable energy actually reduces Vermont's greenhouse gas emissions, since these projects typically sell renewable energy credits to utilities in other states, and those credits are netted against the greenhouse gas emissions of those states.
- (3) Vermont's electric energy consumption does not contribute significantly to the State's carbon footprint. In 2010, CO₂ and equivalent emissions from Vermont energy consumption totaled approximately eight million metric tons (MMTCO₂). Of this total, transportation fuel use accounted for approximately 3.5, nonelectric fuel use by homes and businesses for approximately 2.5 and, in contrast, electric energy use for approximately 0.04 MMTCO₂.

- (4) The in-state siting of renewable electric generation projects carries the potential for significant adverse impacts. For example, in Vermont, developers site industrial wind generation projects and wind meteorological stations on ridgelines, which often contain sensitive habitat and important natural areas. Vermont's ridgelines also define and enhance the State's natural and scenic beauty. Vermont has invested substantial time and effort to develop regulatory policy and programs to protect its ridgelines.
- (5) Ridgeline wind generation plants have potential impacts on natural resources, scenic beauty, and quality of life, including effects on endangered and threatened species, wildlife habitat, and aesthetics and impacts from blasting and turbine noise. Residents near installed wind generation plants have raised concerns about health impacts, including sleep loss. Significant controversy has arisen over whether the Public Service Board review process adequately protects the public and the environment from the negative impacts caused by these and other electric generation projects.
- (6) Vermont has a long history of supporting community-based land use planning. Under 24 V.S.A. chapter 117, Vermont's 11 regional planning commissions and its municipal planning commissions are enabled and encouraged to adopt plans to guide development, including energy and utility facilities. These plans are adopted through a public hearing and comment process after substantial effort by the regions and the municipalities, often with extensive involvement of citizens in the affected communities. Yet under current law, the Public Service Board when reviewing an electric generation project may set aside the results of this planning process for any reason the Board considers to affect the general good of the State, even if the project is not needed for reliability of the electric system.
- (7) No statewide analysis and planning is performed to address the environmental, land use, and health impacts of siting wind generation projects in Vermont. Instead, the Public Service Board examines the impacts on a case-by-case basis only.
- (8) The current case-by-case system of regulating electric generation projects must be revised to ensure the best possible siting of these projects. To achieve this goal, the siting of electric generation projects must be directed by community-based land use planning. Each electric generation project must comply with the same environmental and land use criteria as other development projects unless the generation project is for the purpose of system reliability. A statewide assessment must be made and a process must be developed that integrates and strengthens the role of community-based land use planning and supports effective review and optimal siting of all electric generation projects. This assessment also must evaluate whether encouraging

in-state siting of renewable electric generation is the most appropriate means at Vermont's disposal to reduce its carbon footprint.

* * * Assessment; Report * * *

Sec. 2. ELECTRIC GENERATION SITING; ASSESSMENT; REPORT

(a) Charge. On or before November 15, 2013, the Department of Public Service, in consultation with and assisted by the Agencies of Commerce and Community Development and of Natural Resources, the Natural Resources Board, and the state's regional planning commissions, shall conduct and complete the assessment and submit the report to the General Assembly required by this section.

(b) Definitions. In this section:

- (1) "ACCD" means the Agency of Commerce and Community Development.
 - (2) "ANR" means the Agency of Natural Resources.
 - (3) "Board" means the Natural Resources Board.
 - (4) "Department" means the Department of Public Service.
- (5) "Electric generation plant" means a plant that produces electricity and has a plant capacity that exceeds 500 kilowatts.
- (6) "Plant" and "plant capacity" shall have the same meaning as in 30 V.S.A. § 8002, except that they shall not be limited to renewable energy.
- (7) "Regional planning commission" shall have the meaning as in 24 V.S.A. § 4303.
- (8) "Wind generation plant" means an electric generation plant that captures the energy of the wind and converts it into electricity. The term includes all associated facilities and infrastructure such as wind turbines, towers, guy wires, power lines, roads, and substations.
- (9) "Wind meteorological station" means any tower, and associated guy wires and attached instrumentation, constructed to collect and record wind speed, wind direction, and atmospheric conditions.
- (c) Governor's Siting Policy Commission. In performing its tasks under this section, the Department shall use the information and data collected by the Governor's Energy Siting Policy Commission (the Siting Policy Commission) created by Executive Order No. 10-12 dated October 2, 2012 (the Executive Order) and shall consider the recommendations of that Commission.
- (d) Assessment. The Department, assisted by ACCD, ANR, the Board, and the regional planning commissions, shall assess each of the following:

- (1) the appropriateness and economic efficiency of investing or encouraging investment in renewable electric generation plants to reduce Vermont's greenhouse gas emissions in comparison to other measures to reduce those emissions such as transportation fuel efficiency and thermal energy efficiency;
- (2) the current policy and practice of selling renewable energy credits from renewable electric generation plants in Vermont to utilities in other jurisdictions and the effect of this policy and practice on reducing Vermont's greenhouse gas emissions;
- (3) methods to integrate state energy planning and local and regional land use planning as they apply to electric generation plants;
- (4) methods to strengthen the role of local and regional plans in the siting review process for electric generation plants and to assure that the siting review process reflects the outcome of the local and regional planning processes;
- (5) methods to fund intervenors in the siting review process for electric generation projects; and
- (6) with respect to wind generation plants and wind meteorological stations:
- (A) health impacts of plants and stations located in and outside Vermont;
- (B) sound and infrasound emitted from plants and stations located in and outside Vermont as they affect public health and quality of life;
- (C) setback requirements on such plants and stations adopted by other jurisdictions in and outside the United States;
- (D) the impacts on the environment, natural resources, and quality of life of the plants and stations in Vermont in existence or under construction as of the effective date of this section; and
- (E) the economic and environmental costs and benefits of such plants and stations, including the value of any ecosystem services affected by them.
- (e) Report; proposed legislation. On or before November 15, 2013, the Department, assisted by ACCD, ANR, the Board, and the regional planning commissions, shall submit a report to the House and Senate Committees on Natural Resources and Energy and the Electric Generation Oversight Committee created under subsection (g) of this section that contains each of the following:
- (1) The results of each assessment to be conducted under subsection (d) of this section.

(2) Recommendations and proposed legislation to:

- (A) establish a comprehensive planning process for the siting of electric generation plants that integrates state energy and local and regional land use planning;
- (B) ensure that the outcome of this integrated planning process directs the siting review process for electric generation plants and that local and regional land use plans have a determinative role in this siting review process;
- (C) establish a method to fund intervenors participating in the siting review process for electric generation plants;
- (D) maximize the reductions in Vermont's greenhouse gas emissions supported by revenues raised from Vermont taxpayers and ratepayers;
- (E) establish standards applicable to all wind generation plants and wind meteorological stations to address their impacts on the public health, environment, land use, and quality of life, including standards to protect natural areas and wildlife habitat and to establish noise limits and setback requirements applicable to such plants and stations; and
- (F) establish a procedure to measure a property owner's loss of value, if any, due to proximity to a wind generation plant and to propose a method to compensate the property owner for the loss in value, including a determination of who shall pay for such loss.

(f) Public notice and participation.

- (1) The Department shall give widespread public notice of the assessment and report required by this section and shall maintain on its website a prominent page concerning this process that provides notice of all public meetings held and posts relevant information and documents.
- (2) In performing the assessment and developing the report required by this section, the Department shall provide an opportunity for local legislative bodies, local planning commissions, affected businesses and organizations, and members of the public to submit relevant factual information, analysis, and comment. This opportunity shall include meetings conducted by the DPS at locations that are geographically distributed around the State to receive such information, analysis, and comment.
- (g) Oversight committee. There is created the Electric Generation Oversight Committee (the Committee). The purpose of the Committee shall be to perform legislative oversight of the conduct of the assessment and report required by this section and to discuss potential legislation on planning for and siting of electric generation plants.

- (1) Membership. The Committee shall be composed of six members who shall be appointed within 30 days of this section's effective date. Three of the members shall be members of the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy appointed by the Committee on Committees of the Senate. Three of the members shall be members of the House Committee on Natural Resources and Energy appointed by the Speaker of the House.
- (2) Meetings. During adjournment of the General Assembly, the Committee shall be authorized to conduct up to three meetings. at which meetings the Committee may:
- (A) direct the Department, ACCD, ANR, the Board, and one or more regional planning commissions to appear and provide progress reports on the assessment and report required by this section and discuss proposals of draft legislation on planning for and siting of electric generation plants; and
- (B) direct members of the Siting Policy Commission to appear and provide information and testimony related to the Commission's report and recommendations issued pursuant to the Executive Order and to the siting of electric generation plants in Vermont. This authority shall continue for the duration of the Committee's term whether or not the Siting Policy Commission ceases to exist prior to the end of the Committee's term.
- (3) Reimbursement. For attendance at authorized meetings during adjournment of the General Assembly, members of the Committee shall be entitled to compensation and reimbursement for expenses as provided in 2 V.S.A. § 406.
- (4) For the purpose of its tasks under this subsection, the Committee shall have the administrative and legal assistance of the Office of Legislative Council.
- (5) Term of committee. The Committee shall cease to exist on February 1, 2014.

Sec. 3. APPROPRIATION

For fiscal year 2014, the sum of \$75,000.00 is appropriated to the Department of Public Service from the General Fund for the purpose of Sec. 2 of this act (electric generation siting; assessment; report).

* * * Regional Planning for Electric Generation Plants * * *

Sec. 4. 24 V.S.A. § 4348a is amended to read:

§ 4348a. ELEMENTS OF A REGIONAL PLAN

(a) A regional plan shall be consistent with the goals established in section 4302 of this title and shall include but need not be limited to the following:

- (3) An energy element, which:
- (A) may include an analysis of energy resources, needs, scarcities, costs, and problems within the region, a statement of policy on the conservation of energy and the development of renewable energy resources, and a statement of policy on patterns and densities of land use and control devices likely to result in conservation of energy; and
- (B) shall include the electric energy siting plan under section 4348c of this title;

* * *

Sec. 5. 24 V.S.A. § 4348c is added to read:

§ 4348c. ELECTRIC ENERGY SITING PLAN

(a) In this section:

- (1) "Electric generation plant" means a plant that produces electricity and has a plant capacity that exceeds 500 kilowatts.
- (2) "Plant" and "plant capacity" shall have the same meaning as in 30 V.S.A. § 8002, except that they shall not be limited to renewable energy.
- (b) Each regional planning commission shall adopt a plan concerning the siting of electric generation plants within the region. This plan shall be adopted as part of or an amendment to the regional plan.
- (c) The plan shall state the region's specific policies on the siting of electric generation plants and identify the appropriate locations within the region, if any, for the siting of electric generation plants.
- (d) In developing the siting plan, the regional planning commission shall apply the resource maps developed by the Secretary of Natural Resources under 10 V.S.A. § 127, protect the resources under 10 V.S.A. § 6086(a), and consider the energy policy set forth in 30 V.S.A. §§ 202a and 8001 and the state energy plans adopted under 30 V.S.A. §§ 202 and 202b.
- (e) Notwithstanding section 4350 of this title, the plan for a municipality shall not be considered incompatible with the regional plan for the reason that the municipal plan prohibits the siting of an electric generation plant that the regional plan would allow within the municipality.

Sec. 6. IMPLEMENTATION

On or before December 15, 2014, each regional planning commission shall adopt a renewable electric energy siting plan under Sec. 5 of this act, 24 V.S.A. § 4348c.

* * * Municipal Officers; Ethics Disclosure * * *

Sec. 7. 24 V.S.A. § 873 is added to read:

§ 873. DISCLOSURE; FINANCIAL INTEREST; WIND GENERATION

PLANTS

A member of a municipality's legislative body or other municipal officer shall not participate in any meeting or proceeding or take any official action concerning a wind generation plant proposed to be located within the municipality the member or officer may have in the construction or operation of the plant, including the retention of the member or officer by the plant developer an agreement under which the plant developer will compensate the member or officer for potential impacts to land of the member or officer.

- (1) In this section, a financial interest of a member or officer shall include a financial interest in the construction or operation of the plant of any natural person to which the member or officer is related within the fourth degree of consanguinity or affinity or of any corporation of which an officer, director, trustee, or agent is related to the member or officer within such degree.
- (2) This section shall not require disclosure of a financial interest shared generally by the residents of the municipality such as the municipality's receipt of property taxes or other payments from the plant.
- Sec. 8. 24 V.S.A. § 4461 is amended to read:

§ 4461. DEVELOPMENT REVIEW PROCEDURES

- (a) Meetings; rules of procedure and ethics. An appropriate municipal panel shall elect its own officers and adopt rules of procedure, subject to this section and other applicable state statutes, and shall adopt rules of ethics with respect to conflicts of interest.
- (1) Meetings of any appropriate municipal panel shall be held at the call of the chairperson and at such times as the panel may determine. The officers of the panel may administer oaths and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of material germane to any issue under review. All meetings of the panel, except for deliberative and executive sessions, shall be open to the public. The panel shall keep minutes of its proceedings, showing the vote of each member upon each question, or, if absent or failing to vote, indicating this, and shall keep records of its examinations and other official actions, all of which shall be filed immediately in the office of the clerk of the municipality as a public record. For the conduct of any hearing and the taking of any action, a quorum shall be not less than a majority of the members of the panel, and any action of the panel shall be taken by the concurrence of a majority of the panel.

(2) The provisions of section 873 of this title (disclosure; financial interest; wind generation plant) shall apply to each member of an appropriate municipal panel.

* * *

- * * * Electric Generation Siting Jurisdiction; Public Service Board * * *
- Sec. 9. 30 V.S.A. § 248 is amended to read:
- § 248. NEW GAS AND ELECTRIC PURCHASES, INVESTMENTS, AND FACILITIES; CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC GOOD
 - (a)(1) No company, as defined in section 201 of this title, may:
- (A) In any way purchase electric capacity or energy from outside the <u>state State</u>:
- (i) for a period exceeding five years, that represents more than three percent of its historic peak demand, unless the purchase is from a plant as defined in subdivision 8002(14) of this title that produces electricity from renewable energy as defined under subdivision 8002(17); or
- (ii) for a period exceeding ten years, that represents more than ten percent of its historic peak demand, if the purchase is from a plant as defined in subdivision 8002(14) of this title that produces electricity from renewable energy as defined under subdivision 8002(17); or
- (B) invest in an electric generation or transmission facility located outside this state <u>State</u> unless the <u>public service board Public Service Board</u> first finds that the same will promote the general good of the <u>state State</u> and issues a certificate to that effect.
- (2) Except for the replacement of existing facilities with equivalent facilities in the usual course of business, and except for electric generation facilities that are operated solely for on-site electricity consumption by the owner of those facilities:
- (A) no company, as defined in section 201 of this title, and no person, as defined in 10 V.S.A. § 6001(14), may begin site preparation for or construction of an electric generation facility or electric transmission facility within the state State which is designed for immediate or eventual operation at any voltage; and
- (B) no such company may exercise the right of eminent domain in connection with site preparation for or construction of any such transmission or generation facility, unless the public service board Public Service Board first finds that the same will promote the general good of the state State and issues a certificate to that effect.

- (b) Before the <u>public service board Public Service Board</u> issues a certificate of public good as required under subsection (a) of this section, it shall find that the purchase, investment, or construction:
- (1)(A) with respect to an in-state electric generation facility exceeding 500 kilowatts, will be in conformance with the duly adopted plans under 24 V.S.A. chapter 117 for the municipality and region in which the facility is located, and due consideration has been given to the land conservation measures contained in the plan of any other affected municipality. Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, the Board shall not issue a certificate under this section for such an in-state facility without finding that this subdivision (1)(A) is met. However, this subdivision (1)(A) shall not apply to an electric generation facility the principal effect of which, if approved, would be to remediate a constraint in the electric transmission or distribution system;
- (B) with respect to an any other in-state facility subject to this section, will not unduly interfere with the orderly development of the region with due consideration having been given to the recommendations of the municipal and regional planning commissions, the recommendations of the municipal legislative bodies, and the land conservation measures contained in the plan of any affected municipality. However, with respect to a natural gas transmission line subject to board review, the line shall be in conformance with any applicable provisions concerning such lines contained in the duly adopted regional plan; and, in addition, upon application of any party, the board Board shall condition any certificate of public good for a natural gas transmission line issued under this section so as to prohibit service connections that would not be in conformance with the adopted municipal plan in any municipality in which the line is located;

* * *

- (5) with respect to an in-state facility, will not have an undue adverse effect on esthetics, historic sites, air and water purity, the natural environment, the use of natural resources, and the public health and safety, with and:
- (A) with respect to an in-state electric generation facility exceeding 500 kilowatts, will comply with the criteria of 10 V.S.A. § 6086(a)(1)–(9)(L). Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, the Board shall not issue a certificate under this section for such an in-state facility without finding that this subdivision (5)(A) is met. However, this subdivision (5)(A) shall not apply to an electric generation facility the principal effect of which, if approved, would be to remediate a constraint in the electric transmission or distribution system;

(B) with respect to any other in-state facility subject to this section, due consideration having has been given to the criteria specified in 10 V.S.A. \$\$ 1424a(d) and 6086(a)(1) through (8) and (9)(K) and greenhouse gas impacts.

* * *

(q) When reviewing a facility under this section pursuant to the criteria of 10 V.S.A. § 6086(a), the Public Service Board shall consider the relevant precedents of the former Environmental Board and of the Environmental Division of the Superior Court and shall apply the relevant precedents of the Vermont Supreme Court.

Sec. 10. RETROACTIVE APPLICATION

Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. §§ 213 and 214, Sec. 9 (new gas and electric purchases, investments, and facilities; certificate of public good) of this act shall apply to applications that are filed on and after March 1, 2013 and are pending as of this section's effective date.

* * * State Lands * * *

Sec. 11. 10 V.S.A. chapter 88 is added to read:

CHAPTER 88. PROHIBITION; COMMERCIAL CONSTRUCTION; CERTAIN PUBLIC LANDS

§ 2801. POLICY

Vermont's state parks, state forests, natural areas, wilderness areas, wildlife management areas, and wildlife refuges are intended to remain in a natural or wild state forever and shall be protected and managed accordingly.

§ 2802. PROHIBITION

- (a) Construction for any commercial purpose, including the generation of electric power, shall not be permitted within any state park or forest, wilderness area designated by law, or natural area designated under section 2607 of this title.
 - (b) This section shall not prohibit:
- (1) the construction of a concession or other structure for the use of visitors to state parks or forests;
- (2) a modification or improvement to a dam in existence as of the effective date of this section, if the modification or improvement is:
 - (A) to ensure public safety; or

- (B) to allow the dam's use for the generation of electricity, and the construction of any power lines and facilities necessary for such use;
- (3) the construction of telecommunications facilities, as defined in 30 V.S.A. § 248a(b) (certificate of public good; communications facilities), in accordance with all other applicable state law;
- (4) a temporary structure or road for forestry purposes as may be permitted on a state land;
- (5) tapping of maple trees and associated activities on state forestland authorized under a license pursuant to section 2606b of this title; or
- (6) construction on state land that is permitted under a lease or license that was in existence on this act's effective date and, in the case of a ski area, the renewal of such a lease or license or its modification to allow expansion of the ski area.

Sec. 12. REPEAL

10 V.S.A. § 2606(c) (state forests; parks; leases for mining or quarrying) is repealed.

* * * Effective Date * * *

Sec. 13. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage, except Sec. 3 (appropriation) of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2013.

(Committee vote: 4-1-0)

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS FOR NOTICE

H.C.R. 39-51 (For text of Resolutions, see Addendum to House Calendar for February 28, 2013)

PUBLIC HEARINGS

Tuesday, March 12, 2013, - Room 11 - 6:00 P.M. - 8:00 P.M. - Re H.223 Lake Shore Protection by House Fish, Wildlife and Water Resources Committee

REPORTS ON FILE

Reports 2013

Pursuant to the provisions of 2 V.S.A. §20(c), one (1) hard copy of the following reports is on file in the office of the Secretary of the Senate. Effective January 2010, pursuant to Act No. 192, Adj. Sess. (2008) §5.005(g) some reports will automatically be sent by electronic copy only and can be found on the State of Legislative webpage.

- 1. Military Department Vermont National Guard Biennial Report. (January 2013)
 - 2. Vermont Long Term Care Ombudsman Project. (January 2013)

FOR INFORMATION ONLY CROSSOVER DEADLINES

The following bill reporting deadlines are established for the 2013 session:

- (1) From the standing committee of last reference (excluding the Committees on Appropriations and Finance), all Senate bills must be reported out of committee on or before March 15, 2013.
- (2) Senate bills referred pursuant to Senate Rule 31, must be reported out of the Committees on Appropriations and Finance on or before March 22, 2013.
- (3) These deadlines may be waived for any bill or committee **only** by consent given by the Committee on Rules.